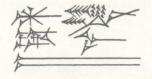
THE ASSYRIAN DICTIONARY

OF THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

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1992

PUBLISHED BY THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, U.S.A. AND J.J. AUGUSTIN VERLAGSBUCHHANDLUNG, GLÜCKSTADT, GERMANY

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD BOOK NUMBER ISBN-13: 978-0-918986-79-5 ISBN-10: 0-918986-79-6

(SET: 978-0-918986-05-4, 0-918986-05-2)

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS CATALOG CARD NUMBER: 56-58292

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The Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago

Second Printing 2008

THE ASSYRIAN DICTIONARY VOLUME 17

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The following compilation brings up to date the list of abbreviations given in volumes A, B, D, E, G, H, I/J, K, L, M, N, Q, S, S, S Parts I and II, and Z includes the titles previously cited according to the lists of abbreviations in Archiv für Orientforschung, W. von Soden, Grundriß der akkadischen Grammatik, and Zeitschrift für Assyriologie. Complete bibliographical references will be given in a later volume. The list also includes titles of lexical series; those that remain unpublished are quoted from manuscripts prepared by or in collaboration with Benno Landsberger.

A	lexical series á A = nâqu, pub. Civil, MSL 14	Ai.	lexical series ki.ki.kal.bi.šè = ana ittišu, pub. Landsberger, MSL 1
A	tablets in the collections of the Oriental Institute, University of Chicago	AIPHOS	Annuaire de l'Institut de Philo- logie et d'Histoire Orientales et Slaves (Brussels)
A-tablet	lexical text, see MSL 13 10 ff.	Aistleitner	J. Aistleitner, Wörterbuch der
AAA	Annals of Archaeology and Anthro- pology	Wörter- buch	ugaritischen Sprache
AAAS	Annales Archéologiques Arabes Syriennes	AJA AJSL	American Journal of Archaeology American Journal of Semitic Lan-
AASF	Annales Academiae Scientiarum		guages and Literatures
	Fennicae	AKA	E. A. W. Budge and L. W. King,
AASOR	The Annual of the American Schools of Oriental Research		The Annals of the Kings of Assyria
AB	Assyriologische Bibliothek	Ali Sumerian	F. A. Ali, Sumerian Letters: Two
ABAW	Abhandlungen der Bayerischen Akademie der Wissenschaften	Letters	Collections from the Old Baby- lonian Schools (Ph. D. diss., Univ.
\mathbf{AbB}	Altbabylonische Briefe in Um-		of Pennsylvania 1964)
	schrift und Übersetzung	Alp Beamten-	S. Alp, Untersuchungen zu den Beamtennamen im hethitischen
Abel-Winckler	L. Abel and H. Winckler, Keilschrifttexte zum Gebrauch bei	namen	Festzeremoniell
	Vorlesungen	Altmann, ed.,	A. Altmann, ed., Biblical and Other
ABIM	A. al-Zeebari, Altbabylonische Briefe des Iraq-Museums	Biblical and Other Studies	Studies (= Philip W. Lown In- stitute of Advanced Judaic Stud-
ABL	R. F. Harper, Assyrian and Baby- lonian Letters		ies, Brandeis University, Studies and Texts: Vol. 1)
ABoT	Ankara Arkeoloji Müzesinde	AMI	Archäologische Mitteilungen aus
	Boğazköy Tabletleri		Iran
AbS-T	field numbers of Pre-Sar. tablets	AMSUH	Abhandlungen aus dem mathema-
	excavated at Tell Abū Şalābīkh		tischen Seminar der Universität
ACh	C. Virolleaud, L'Astrologie chaldé-	4 a em	Hamburg
4 4 0	enne	AMT	R. C. Thompson, Assyrian Medical Texts
Acta Or.	Acta Orientalia Actes du 8º Congrès International	An	synonym list AN = $\delta am\hat{u}$
Actes du 8° Congrès	des Orientalistes, Section Sémi-	An = Anum	list of gods
International		$An = Anum \delta a$	
ADD	C. H. W. Johns, Assyrian Deeds	amēli	
1100	and Documents	Anatolian	Anatolian Studies Presented to
AfK	Archiv für Keilschriftforschung	Studies	Hans Gustav Güterbock
AfO	Archiv für Orientforschung	Güterbock	
AGM	Archiv für Geschichte der Medizin	AnBi	Analecta Biblica
AHDO	Archives d'histoire du droit oriental	Andrae	W. Andrae, Die Festungswerke
AHw.	W. von Soden, Akkadisches Hand-	Festungs-	von Assur (= WVDOG 23)
	wörterbuch	werke	

	TT		
Andrae	W. Andrae, Die Stelenreihen in		urkunden aus der Regierungszeit
Stelen-	Assur (= WVDOG 24)		Artaxerxes I. und Darius II.
reihen		Aynard Asb.	JM. Aynard, Le Prisme du Louvre
ANES	Journal of the Ancient Near Eastern		AO 19.939
	Society of Columbia University	$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{A}$	Beiträge zur Assyriologie
Angim	epic Angim dimma, cited from	Bab.	Babyloniaca
	MS. of A. Falkenstein (line nos. in	Bagh. Mitt.	Baghdader Mitteilungen
	parentheses according to Cooper		K. Balkan, Kassitenstudien (= AOS
	Angim)	Stud.	37)
AnOr	Analecta Orientalia	Balkan Letter	K. Balkan, Letter of King Anum-
\mathbf{AnSt}	Anatolian Studies		Hirbi of Mama to King Warshama
Antagal	lexical series antagal = $\delta aq\hat{u}$, pub.		of Kanish
Ŭ	M. T. Roth, MSL 17	Balkan	K. Balkan, Observations on the
AO	tablets in the collections of the	Observations	Chronological Problems of the
	Musée du Louvre		Kārum Kaniš
AOAT	Alter Orient und Altes Testament	Balkan	K. Balkan, Eine Schenkungsur-
AÖAW	Anzeiger der Österreichischen	Schenkungs-	kunde aus der althethitischen
	Akademie der Wissenschaften	urkunde	Zeit, gefunden in İnandik 1966
AOB	Altorientalische Bibliothek	Barton	G. A. Barton, Haverford Library
AoF	Altorientalische Forschungen	Haverford	Collection of Cuneiform Tablets or
AOS	American Oriental Series		Documents from the Temple
AOTU	Altorientalische Texte und Unter-		Archives of Telloh
	suchungen	Barton MBI	G. A. Barton, Miscellaneous Baby-
APAW	Abhandlungen der Preußischen		lonian Inscriptions
111 111	Akademie der Wissenschaften	Barton RISA	G. A. Barton, The Royal Inscrip-
Arkeologya	Türk Tarih, Arkeologya ve Ethno-		tions of Sumer and Akkad
Dergisi	grafya Dergisi	BASOR	Bulletin of the American Schools
ARM	Archives royales de Mari (1-10 =	2120021	of Oriental Research
1114111	TCL 22-31; 14, 18, 19, 21 = Textes	Bauer Asb.	T. Bauer, Das Inschriftenwerk As-
	cunéiformes de Mari 1-3, 5)	2007 11001	surbanipals
ARMT	Archives royales de Mari (texts in	Bauer	
ARMT	Archives royales de Mari (texts in transliteration and translation)	Bauer Lagasch	J. Bauer, Altsumerische Wirt-
_	transliteration and translation)	Bauer Lagasch	J. Bauer, Altsumerische Wirtschaftstexte aus Lagasch (= Stu-
Arnaud	transliteration and translation) D. Arnaud, Recherches au pays	Lagasch	J. Bauer, Altsumerische Wirt- schaftstexte aus Lagasch (= Stu- dia Pohl 9)
Arnaud Emar 6	transliteration and translation) D. Arnaud, Recherches au pays d'Aštata: Emar 6	Lagasch Baumgartner	J. Bauer, Altsumerische Wirt- schaftstexte aus Lagasch (= Stu- dia Pohl 9) Hebräische Wortforschung, Fest-
Arnaud	transliteration and translation) D. Arnaud, Recherches au pays d'Aštata: Emar 6 J. Aro, Glossar zu den mittel-	Lagasch	J. Bauer, Altsumerische Wirtschaftstexte aus Lagasch (= Studia Pohl 9) Hebräische Wortforschung, Festschrift zum 80. Geburtstag von
Arnaud Emar 6 Aro Glossar	transliteration and translation) D. Arnaud, Recherches au pays d'Aštata: Emar 6 J. Aro, Glossar zu den mittel- babylonischen Briefen (= StOr 22)	Lagasch Baumgartner	J. Bauer, Altsumerische Wirtschaftstexte aus Lagasch (= Studia Pohl 9) Hebräische Wortforschung, Festschrift zum 80. Geburtstag von Walter Baumgartner (= VT
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BM	tablets in the collections of the British Museum	Brockelmann Lex. Syr. ²	C. Brockelmann, Lexicon syria- cum, 2nd ed.
BMAH	Bulletin des Musées Royaux d'Art et d'Histoire	BSAW	Berichte der Sächsischen Akademie der Wissenschaften
BMFA BMMA	Bulletin of the Museum of Fine Arts Bulletin of the Metropolitan Mu-	BSGW	Berichte der Sächsischen Gesell- schaft der Wissenschaften
DMO	seum of Art	BSL	Bulletin de la Société de Linguis-
BMQ BMS	The British Museum Quarterly L. W. King, Babylonian Magic and Sorcery	BSOAS	tique de Paris Bulletin of the School of Oriental and African Studies
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CHD	The Hittite Dictionary of the Orien-	CTN	Cuneiform Texts from Nimrud
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Layard	tia 1) A. H. Layard, Inscriptions in the	LKA	(= OLA 5 and 6) E. Ebeling, Literarische Keil-
J	Cuneiform Character		schrifttexte aus Assur
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Discoveries	the Ruins of Nineveh and Baby- lon	Lorotz Chagan	schrifttexte aus Uruk
LB	tablet numbers in the de Liagre	Bazar	O. Loretz, Texte aus Chagar Bazar und Tell Brak (= AOAT 3)
	Böhl Collection, Leiden	Loretz-Mayer	O. Loretz and W. R. Mayer, Šu-ila
LBAT	Late Babylonian Astronomical and	Šu-ila	Gebete (= AOAT 34)
	Related Texts, copied by T. G. Pinches and J. N. Strassmaier,	Löw Flora LSS	I. Löw, Die Flora der Juden
	prepared for publication by A. J.	LTBA	Leipziger semitistische Studien Die lexikalischen Tafelserien der
			Was and a series a

	Babylonier und Assyrer in den Berliner Museen	Meissner Supp	B. Meissner, Supplement zu den assyrischen Wörterbüchern
Lu	lexical series $1\acute{u} = \emph{s}a$, pub. Civil, MSL 12 87-147	Meissner- Rost	B. Meissner and P. Rost, Die Bau- inschriften Sanheribs
Lugale	epic Lugale u melambi nergal, cited from MS. of A. Falkenstein	Senn. Mél. Dussaud	Mélanges syriens offerts à M. René Dussaud
	(line nos. in parentheses according to van Dijk Lugale)	Mélanges	Miscellanea Babylonica: Mélanges
Lyon Sar.	D. G. Lyon, Keilschrifttexte Sargon's	Birot Mélanges	offerts à Maurice Birot Mélanges bibliques et orientaux en
MAD	Materials for the Assyrian Dictionary	Cazelles	l'honneur de M. Henri Cazelles (= AOAT 212)
MAH	tablets in the collections of the Musée d'Art et d'Histoire, Geneva	Mélanges Finet	Reflets des deux fleuves: Volume de mélanges offerts à André Finet
Malku	synonym list malku = šarru (Malku I	Mélanges	Florilegium Anatolicum: Mélanges
	pub. A. D. Kilmer, JAOS 83 421 ff.; Malku II pub. W. von Soden, ZA	Laroche Meloni Saggi	offerts à Emmanuel Laroche Gerardo Meloni, Saggi di filologia
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MAOG	Mitteilungen der Altorientalischen	Slavery	cient Near East
Maqlu	Gesellschaft G. Meier, Maqlû (= AfO Beiheft 2)	Menzel Tempel	B. Menzel, Assyrische Tempel (= Studia Pohl: Series Maior 10)
MARI	Mari, Annales de Recherches In-	MEOL	Mededelingen en Verhandelingen
	terdisciplinaires		van het Vooraziatisch-Egyptisch
Matouš	Festschrift Lubor Matouš		Genootschap "Ex Oriente Lux"
Festschrift	I Mataux and M Matauxana Dai	Met. Museum	tablets in the collections of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, N.Y.
Matouš KK	L. Matouš and M. Matoušová-Raj- mová, Kappadokische Keil-	MIO	Mitteilungen des Instituts für
	schrifttafeln mit Siegeln aus den		Orientforschung
	Sammlungen der Karlsuniversität	MJ	Museum Journal
Mataux	in Prag	MKT	O. Neugebauer, Mathematische Keilschrifttexte
Matouš Kultepe	L. Matouš, Inscriptions cunéifor- mes du Kultépé, Vol. 2 (= ICK 2)	MLC	tablets in the collections of the
	W. R. Mayer, Untersuchungen zur		J. Pierpont Morgan Library
beschwörun-	Formensprache der babylonischen	MM	tablets in the collections of the
gen	"Gebetsbeschwörungen" (= Stu-	Maldaula	Monserrat Museum
MBGT	dia Pohl: Series Maior 5) Middle Babylonian Grammatical	Moldenke	A. B. Moldenke, Babylonian Contract Tablets in the Metropolitan
MDG1	Texts, pub. Civil and Kennedy,		Museum of Art
	MSL SS 1 72-91	Moore	E. W. Moore, Neo-Babylonian
McEwan LB	G. J. P. McEwan, The Late Baby-	Michigan	Documents in the University of
Tablets	lonian Tablets in the Royal On-	Coll. Moran EA	Michigan Collection W. L. Moran, Les lettres d'El-
	tario Museum (= Royal Ontario Museum Cuneiform Texts 2)	MOI all EA	Amarna
MCS	Manchester Cuneiform Studies	Moran Temple	W. L. Moran, Sumero-Akkadian
MCT	O. Neugebauer and A. Sachs,	Lists	Temple Lists (in MS.)
	Mathematical Cuneiform Texts (=	MRS	Mission de Ras Shamra
MDOG	AOS 29) Mitteilungen der Deutschen Orient-	MSL	Materialien zum sumerischen Lexi- kon; Materials for the Sumerian
MDOG	Gesellschaft		Lexicon
MDP	Mémoires de la Délégation en Perse	MSL SS	Materials for the Sumerian Lexicon
MEE Mark AW	Materiali Epigrafici di Ebla	MCD	Supplementary Series
Meek AV	The Seed of Wisdom: Essays in Honour of T. J. Meek	MSP	J. J. M. de Morgan, Mission scientifique en Perse
Meissner BAP	B. Meissner, Beiträge zum alt-	Mullo Weir	C. J. Mullo Weir, A Lexicon of
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LIONSHOT BUIL	syrien		sumerico

N	tablets in the collections of the University Museum of the Uni- versity of Pennsylvania, Phila-	OLA OLP OLZ	Orientalia Lovaniensia Analecta Orientalia Lovaniensia Periodica Orientalistische Literaturzeitung
Nabnitu	delphia lexical series $sig_7 + ALAM = nabn\overline{i}tu$, pub. Finkel, MSL 16	Oppenheim Beer	L. F. Hartman and A. L. Oppen- heim, On Beer and Brewing Tech- niques in Ancient Mesopotamia
NABU	Nouvelles Assyriologiques Brèves	Onnonhoim	(= JAOS Supp. 10)
NBC	et Utilitaires tablets in the Babylonian Collec- tion, Yale University Library	Oppenheim Glass Oppenheim	A. L. Oppenheim, Glass and Glass- making in Ancient MesopotamiaL. Oppenheim, Untersuchungen
NBGT	Neobabylonian Grammatical Texts, pub. Hallock and Landsberger,	Mietrecht	zum babylonischen Mietrecht (= WZKM Beiheft 2)
Nbk.	MSL 4 129-178 J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von	Doc. jur.	t J. Oppert et J. Ménant, Documents juridiques de l'Assyrie
Nbn.	Nabuchodonosor J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von Nabonidus	Or. Oriental Laws of Succession	Orientalia Essays on Oriental Laws of Succession (= Studia et documenta ad
NCBT	tablets in the collections of Yale University	OT Succession	iura orientis antiqui pertinentia 9) Old Testament
ND	field numbers of tablets excavated at Nimrud (Kalhu)	Otten AV Owen Lewis	Festschrift Heinrich Otten D. Owen, The John Frederick
Nemet-Nejat LB Field	K. R. Nemet-Nejat, Late Baby- lonian Field Plans in the British	Coll. Owen Loan	Lewis Collection (= MVN 3)
Plans	Museum (= Studia Pohl: Series Maior 11)	Documents Documents	D. Owen, The Loan Documents from Nuzu (Ph.D. diss., Brandeis Univ. 1969)
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Ni	tablets excavated at Nippur, in the collections of the Archaeological		University Museum, the Oriental Institute, and the Iraq Museum
Nies UDT	Museum of Istanbul J. B. Nies, Ur Dynasty Tablets	Pallis Akîtu	S. A. Pallis, The Babylonian Akîtu Festival
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Nötscher Ellil	F. Nötscher, Ellil in Sumer und Akkad	Parrot Documents	A. Parrot, Documents et Monuments (= Mission archéologique
NPN	I. J. Gelb, P. M. Purves, and A. A. MacRae, Nuzi Personal Names	PBS	de Mari II, Le palais, tome 3) Publications of the Babylonian
NΤ	(= OIP 57) field numbers of tablets excavated		Section, University Museum, University of Pennsylvania
141	at Nippur by the Oriental Insti- tute and other institutions	PEF	Quarterly Statement of the Palestine Exploration Fund
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	des Archäologischen Museums zu Florenz	Peiser Verträge	F. E. Peiser, Babylonische Verträge des Berliner Museums
Oberhuber IKT	K. Oberhuber, Innsbrucker Keilschrifttexte	PEQ Perry Sin	Palestine Exploration Quarterly E. G. Perry, Hymnen und Gebete
OB Lu	Old Babylonian version of Lu, pub.	-	an Sin (= LSS 2/4)
OBGT	Civil, MSL 12 151-219 Old Babylonian Grammatical Texts, pub. Hallock and Landsberger, MSL 4 47-128	Petschow MB Rechts- urkunden Petschow	 H. Petschow, Mittelbabylonische Rechts- und Wirtschaftsurkunden der Hilprecht-Sammlung Jena H. Petschow, Neubabylonisches
OBT Tell Rimah	S. Dalley, C. B. F. Walker, J. D. Hawkins, Old Babylonian Texts	Pfandrecht	Pfandrecht (= ASAW PhilHist. Kl. 48/1)
OECT OIC OIP	from Tell Rimah Oxford Editions of Cuneiform Texts Oriental Institute Communications Oriental Institute Publications	Pettinato Untersuchungen Photo. Ass.	G. Pettinato, Untersuchungen zur neusumerischen Landwirtschaft field photographs of tablets ex- cavated at Assur

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Taxation	Conscription in the Assyrian Em-	RHR	Revue de l'histoire des religions
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locaux	en Mésopotamie et dans les ré-	pacht-	denpachtformulare
	gions adjacentes. Colloque orga- nisé par l'Institut des Hautes Etudes de Belgique 28 et 29 jan- vier 1980	formulare Riftin	A. P. Riftin, Staro-Vavilonskie iuridicheskie i administrativnye dokumenty v sobraniiakh SSSR
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$\mathbf{S}^{\mathbf{a}}$	lexical series Syllabary A, pub. Landsberger and Hallock, MSL 3 3-45	Saporetti Ono-	Verwaltungsurkunden C. Saporetti, Onomastica Medio- Assira (= Studia Pohl 6)
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WZJ	Wissenschaftliche Zeitschrift der Friedrich - Schiller - Universität	ZDMG	Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgen- ländischen Gesellschaft
	Jena	ZDPV	Zeitschrift des Deutschen Palä-
WZKM	Wiener Zeitschrift für die Kunde		stina-Vereins
	des Morgenlandes	$\mathbf{Z}\mathbf{E}$	Zeitschrift für Ethnologie
YBC	tablets in the Babylonian Col-	Zimmern	H. Zimmern, Akkadische Fremd-
	lection, Yale University Library	Fremdw.	wörter, 2nd ed.
Ylvisaker	S. C. Ylvisaker, Zur babylonischen	Zimmern	H. Zimmern, Ištar und Şaltu, ein
Grammatik	und assyrischen Grammatik (=	Ištar und	altakkadisches Lied (= BSGW
	LSS 5/6)	Şaltu	Philhist. Kl. 68/1)
YOR	Yale Oriental Series, Researches	Zimmern	H. Zimmern, Zum babylonischen
YOS	Yale Oriental Series, Babylonian	Neujahrsfest	Neujahrsfest (= BSGW Philhist.
	Texts	·	Kl. 58/3); zweiter Beitrag (= ibid.
ZA	Zeitschrift für Assyriologie		70/5)
ZAW	Zeitschrift für die alttestamentliche	ZK	Zeitschrift für Keilschriftforschung
	Wissenschaft	$\mathbf{z}\mathbf{s}$	Zeitschrift für Semitistik

#### Other Abbreviations

abbreviated, abbreviation extispicy abbr. ext. fact. factitive accusative acc. feminine Achaem. Achaemenid fem. addition(al) fig. figure add. fragment(ary) adj. adjective fragm. administrative (texts) genitive, general adm. gen. geographical Adad-nīrārī geogr. Adn. adverb Gilg. Gilgāmeš adv. Greek Akk. Akkadian Gk. gloss. glossary Šumma ālu Alu geographical name ĞN apod. apodosis gramm. grammatical (texts) appendix app. Aram. Aramaic Heb. Hebrew hemerology Assurbanipal hemer. Asb. Aššur-nāşir-apli II historical (texts) hist. Asn. Assyrian Hitt. Hittite Ass. astrological (texts) Hurr. Hurrian astrol. astronomical (texts) ΙE Indo-European astron. imperative Av. Avestan imp. incantation (texts) Babyl. Babylonian inc. incl. bilingual (texts) including bil. indeclinable Bogh. Boghazkeui indecl. inf. infinitive bus. business inscription Camb. Cambyses inser. chemical (texts) interj. interjection chem. chron. chronicle interr. interrogative intransitive col. column intrans. coll. collation, collated inv. inventory Šumma izbu commentary (texts) Izbu comm. lament. lamentation conj. conjunction Late Babylonian LBcorr. corresponding legal (texts) Cyr. Cyrus leg. letter Dar. Darius let. lexical (texts) dat. dative lex. literally, literary (texts) dem. demonstrative lit. logogram, logographic log. denom. denominative Ludlul Ludlul bēl nēmeqi det. determinative loan word diagnostic (texts) diagn. lw. discussion MA Middle Assyrian disc. masculine DNdivine name masc. mathematical (texts) document doc. math. duplicate Middle Babylonian dupl. MB medical (texts) El-Amarna med. EA meteorology, meteorological economic (texts) econ. meteor. edition (texts) ed. month name Early Dynastic MN ED mng. Elamite meaning Elam. Esarhaddon note Esarh. n. Neo-Assyrian especially NA esp. Etana myth Neo-Babylonian NB Etana Nebuchadnezzar II etymology, etymological etym. Nbk.

#### $Other\ Abbreviations$

Ner. Neue Folge s. substantive No. number Sar. Sargon II nom. nominative SB Standard Babylonian NS New Series, Nova Series Sel. Seleucid num. numeral Sem. Semitic OA Old Assyrian Sem. Semacherib OAkk. Old Akkadian Shalm. Shalmaneser OB Old Babylonian sing. singular obv. obverse Skt. Sanskrit occ. occurrence, occurs stat. const. Old Pers. Old Persian str. strophe orpp. opposite (of) (to) Sum. Sumerian orig. original(ly) supp. supplement pp. page(s) syll. syllabically pl. palmyrene syn. synn. synnym(ous) part. participle Syr. Syriac pharm. pharmaceutical (texts) Tigl. Tiglathpileser phon. phonetic Th. Tukulti-Ninurta I physiogn. plysiognomic (omens) trans. transitive pl. plural, plate translat. translation plurale tantum translit. transliteration pres. present unkn. unknown preps. present unpub. unpublished pret. preterit v. verb pron. pronoun, pronominal var. variant prot. protasis voc. vocabulary pub. published vol. volume r. reverse redupl. reduplicated, reduplication ref. reference x number of tansliterated rel. religious (texts) x illegible sign in Akk. rit. ritual (texts) x illegible sign in Sum.	Nbn.	Nabonidus	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{N}$	royal name
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## THE ASSYRIAN DICTIONARY VOLUME 17



#### PART THREE

šimāgu s.; (mng. uncert.); NB.

X MA.NA AN.BAR KI.LÁ 2-ta patri parzilli 2 ši-ma-a-ga parzilli ša immeri x minas of iron, the weight of two iron daggers (and) two iron š.-s for sheep Nbn. 707:3.

Probably to be emended to \$i-ma-a-ta, "branding irons," see \$imtu\$ mng. 3.

šimahu (šemahu) s.; boxthorn (Lycium depressum); SB, NA(?).

ıš ši-ma-hu-um Proto-Izi I 294.

- a) in pharm.: Ú šè-ma-ha tam-šil Ú x x [...] GIŠ.TUKUL-šú [GIM ...] the š. resembles the [...] plant, its thorn is like [...] Uruanna II 313a-b; Ú alluzu, Ú dususu (var. [Ú šamm] i miqit libbi), Ú abulīli, Ú šammu miqit libbi, Ú tegilû, Ú dukdumu, Ú UD^û.ME.DA: Ú ši-ma-hu ibid. 306ff.; Ú ši-ma-hu: Ú eddetu ibid. 314; Ú alluzi: AŠ ši-ma-hu Uruanna III 113; Ú ši-ma(text-GIŠ)-hu: [...] STT 92 iv 9; [Ú] du-uk-du-mu-ú: Ú ši-ma-hu (and several other broken equivalents) CT 14 37 81-2-4,264:6ff. (Uruanna); Ú ši-[m]a-hu Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 ii 39 (pharm. inv.).
- b) in med.: Ú [ak] tam Ú ši-ma-ha Ú.UD ištēniš tasāk ina mē tuballal qaqqassu tesēr you crush together aktam, š., and ..., mix them in water, and smear his head (with it) (against hair loss) CT 23 34 iii 23, parallel: Ú aktam Ú ši-ma-ha ina mê tušabšal Köcher BAM 3 ii 14, (against tooth loss) ibid. 543 i 17 and dupl. ND 5505/75:4' (courtesy D. J. Wiseman); Ú ši-ma-hu (among

five medications for §A.MI disease) Köcher BAM 164:12, replaced by  $\mathring{v}$  alluzi in parallel ibid. 431 v 48;  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA GIŠ  $\acute{s}i$ -ma- $[\rlap/hu]$  (for a poultice) ibid. 394:27;  $\mathring{v}$   $\acute{s}e$ -ma- $\rlap/ha$  (in list of 75 ingredients for a lotion) ibid. 253:32;  $\mathring{v}$   $\acute{s}i$ -ma- $\rlap/ha$  tasâk (for a potion) ibid. 92 ii 38, cf. (to put in the nostrils) ibid. 543 iv 22 (= AMT 26,1:3); note the seed: NUMUN  $\mathring{v}$   $\acute{s}i$ -ma- $\rlap/hi$  AMT 55,1 r. 4 (= Köcher BAM 558 iv 4).

c) other occ.: uncert.: 1 ANŠE 5 BÁN &a(-)&i-mah-ha-te LÚ.&im.me&ina&i &i[u] the brewers provide &im:mah=im (parallel: &im:mah=im) Postgate Royal Grants No. 42-44:29, see ibid. p. 89 and 91.

The identification with boxthorn is based on the occurrence of *šimahu* together with *abulīlu* and *alluzu* (see discussions s.vv.) in plant lists.

Thompson DAB 185.

šimanu see simanu.

šimānu A s.; (mng. uncert.); NB.*

me-kir pi-it ru-da-a ù ši-ma-nu ša Bēltiša-Uruk šiq irrigate the . . . . and water the š. of the Lady of Uruk YOS 3 30:21 (NB let.).

For ABL 885 r. 2 see šīmu in ša šīmi.

šimānu B in rab šimāni s.; (mng. uncert.); NA.*

PN GAL ši-ma-ni (witness) Postgate Palace Archive No. 4:15.

šīmānu šīmātu

Possibly NA variant form of (i)sim= mānu, see Postgate Palace Archive p. 32, or short for rab ša šīmāni, see šīmu in ša šīmi.

šīmānu s.; property acquired by purchase; lex.*; cf. šâmu A.

kù.ta.šám = ši-ma-a-nu Nabnitu S 214.

Possibly error for šīmātu, q.v.

šimarātu s. pl.; (mng. unkn.); SB.*

dūru šuātu ištu asa'itte rabīte... adi šima-ra-a-te that wall from the big tower to the š.-s (for context see asītu mng. 1a) AfO 18 344:39 (Tigl. I).

For a suggestion that the word is a variant of *sigaru* see Landsberger apud Weidner, AfO 18 346 n. 19.

šīmātu s. pl. tantum; purchase, property acquired by purchase; OAkk., OB, RS, EA, MA; wr. syll. (šám-ma-at MAD 5 69:3 and 10, OAkk.), and šám.MEŠ (MRS 12 6:34, MRS 6 16 RS 15.33:24); cf. šâmu A.

lú kù.ta.[šám.a(?)] = [ša ši-ma-ti] OB Lu B vi 46, cf. kù.ta.šám = ši-ma-tu Ai. II iv 20; [a.šà.a.gàr.šám].ma = MIN (=  $\acute{u}$ -ga-ri) ši-maa-[ti] Hh. XX Section 2:3.

tuppi, kanīk šīmāti(m) purchase document (OB): the judges reviewed the cases, and tuppāt ši-ma-tim ša eqlim bītim u kirîm išmûma ša ina mīšari waşiā uhep:  $p\hat{u}$  (see  $m\tilde{i}\tilde{s}aru$  mng. 1) Studies Landsberger 234:8 (= Kraus, AbB 7 153); X A.ŠÀ Ši-ma-at PN . . . ana pī tuppi ši-ma-a-tim ša PN2 u PN3 ana PN₄ u PN₅ mārišu ana kaspim iddinū x field, bought by PN, according to the wording of the purchase document (stating) that PN2 and PN3 had sold (the field) to PN₄ and his son PN₅ Meissner BAP 42:14 and 28; tuppi ši-ma-ti-ša(var. -šu) īmuru (var. adds x x) dīnam ušāhizušunūtima (the judges) studied the tablet of her purchase, and they admitted their case to litigation CT 47 24a: 5 (case) and 24: 20 (tablet); tuppi šima-tim u ţuppāt ummātim labīrātim ana mahar abija lušābilam I will send to my father the sales contract as well as the old documents attesting rightful ownership PBS 7 118:25 (let.); 2 tuppāt ši-matim 9 tuppāt šurdê van Lerberghe OB Texts 63 CBS 1388:14, and passim;  $\bar{u}m$  tuppi šima-tim iššattaruma ikkannaku when the sales document is drawn up and sealed CBS 1222:9, cf. [tu]ppi ši-ma-tim ikannak CBS 1257 r. 1 (both courtesy M. Stol), also RA 69 113 No. 3:7, TCL 1 221:17, cf. Szlechter TJA p. 45 UMM B 2:11; PN . . . qadu kanīkāt ši-ma-tim ša bēlī īrišušu ana maḥar bēlija ittalkam bēlī kanīkātišu līmur PN has arrived before my lord with the sealed purchase documents which my lord had requested from him, my lord should inspect his sealed documents PBS 7.78:5 (let.);  $k[a]n\bar{i}k \, \dot{s}i$ -ma-t[im]lu e lge I have received the purchase document TCL 1 157:17, cf. k[a]nik & ima-tim iknukam (who) sealed for me a purchase document ibid. 21; kanīkāt šima-at bītim ana PN iddin he handed PN a sealed document concerning the purchase of the house PBS 7 117:21 (let.);  ${}^{m}\overline{\langle}...\rangle$ -Sin tuppāt ši-ma-tim ša eqlim u bītātim is-súuk(?)-ma itti numātim annītim ana GN ana bītišu ušābil PN has removed (?) the tablets concerning the purchase of field and houses and together with the aforementioned belongings (of mine) he has sent them over to Babylon to his house CT 2 1a: 18 (= CT 2 6: 25, court deposition); tuppi ši-ma-tim ša PN ša itti PN, illiamma ķepi UD.KÚR.ŠÈ ana numātim ša mahrat u tuppi PN Iltani ana PN₂ ul iraggum tablet concerning PN's purchase which may appear with(?) PN2 is (considered) broken, henceforth Iltani will not lay claims against PN2 with regard to the belongings she received and to the tablet of PN CT 8 32c:1, cf. ana pīhat tuppi šima-tim ša IGI PN  $hep\hat{e}$  . . . PN₂ izzaz PBS 8/2 226 r. 2'; kanīk ši-ma-tim ša abišu ukal= limma qāti PN issuhuma he produced the sealed purchase document of his father, and (the judges) declared PN's claims null

šīmātu šīmātu

and void RA 14 95:12, cf. ibid. 2, see Leemans, BiOr 12 120f.

b) property acquired by purchase: 6 GÁN [1+]1 MU ŠÁM-ma-at PN PN, ENSÍ itbal 1 šah.še 2 (bur) 12 gán šám-maat PN 2 MU AB $\times$ [AŠ]-um i[tba]l MAD 5 69:3 and 10 (OAkk.);  $\times$  A.ŠÀ ši-ma-ti-ka... ana itûtija ana puhhim idnamma ina A.ŠA ši-ma-ti-ia . . . x A.ŠA pūham luddinakkum give me in exchange your x purchased field of my choice and I will give you x field as exchange from my purchased field CT 45 60: 6f., cf. ibid. 12, 15, 28; x field exchanged for x field and x orchard ši-ma-ti-ša ša ina GN išāmuma iddû itti šarrim PN . . . išām her property acquired by purchase which she had bought in GN and then had left fallow, Belessunu has bought from the king Waterman Bus. Doc. 28:9; fields šima-at PN Scheil Sippar 100:4, 5, cf. ibid. r. 5 (OB division of property), cf. x field adjoining A.ŠA ši-ma-at PN Gautier Dilbat 19:2; kīma tīdû A.ŠÀ ši-ma-tu-ia ina GN as you know, the field I bought is in GN PBS 7 67:11; kīma tīdû ina GN A.ŠÀ ši-ma-a- $[t]im \quad ma-dam-ma \quad i-[\check{s}]u-[\acute{u}(?)]$ as you know, they have(?) a great supply of fields for sale in Sippar CT 52 146:8, see Kraus, AbB 7 146; aššum x eqlim ša PN . . . ša PN, išāmu simdat šarrim kīma tīdûma eqlum ši-ma-tum turra regarding PN's x field which PN2 had bought, there is an edict of the king - purchased real estate, as you well know, has to be returned TCL 7 56:11; x field ši-ma-at PN ša itti PN2 mutiša išāmu which PN had acquired by purchase from PN2, her husband BE 6/1 50:7 (= case 9), cf. (in Sum. formulation) é kislah . . . kù.ta ki dumu.me PN  $PN_2$  kù.šè in.sa₁₀.a BE 6/2 64:4, and passim in Nippur, see Poebel, ibid. p. 14; ina annītimma ši-ma-tum iššimma ABIM 8:51; (a field) šà ši-ma-at PN YOS 13 496:3; NI-[...] ší-ma-at PN ... itti PN₂ u PN₃ ¹PN₄ išām  $^{f}PN_{4}$  bought from  $PN_{2}$  and  $PN_{3}$  [...] property, acquired by PN MDP 22 77:2; bīt PN ši-ma-a-at PN, ša šarrum ana . . . mārī PN utirru PN's house which PN2 had acquired by purchase, (but) which the king had returned to PN's children BE 6/1 78:2, cf. (a house) ši-ma-at PN CT 48 14:6, cf. (he told me) kīma bītum ši-ma-at PN TCL 18 105:10 (let.), cf. bītum ši-ma-tum jattum VAS 22 28:8; gamir eqlim qadum ú(!).SAL. HI.A ša PN ezub 7 GÁN A.ŠÀ ši-ma-tim total of the field, including meadows, of PN, not counting seven iku of field that is the object of a purchase deed RT 17 33 r. 10 (round tablet with field plan); i štu ina ši-ma-tim1 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR tamhaşanni since you deducted one mina of silver from the purchases VAS 22 86:8, see Kraus and Klengel, AoF 10 56; note as a Flurname: A.GAR ši-ma-a-tum (see Hh. XX, in lex. section) JCS 29 150 No. 9:7, x še ša ši-ma-tum A. GAR GN YOS 13 411:6 (all OB); uncert.: 1 meat KÙ.BABBAR ina ši-ma-at GN atru kīma KÙ.BABBAR ša LÚ.MEŠ šarrākī Wiseman Alalakh 368: 2 (OB); u PN ittašīšu qadu eqli ša ši-ma-ti u iddinšu ana PN2 mārišu thereafter PN transferred (the house) including the field acquired by purchase to his son PN₂ MRS 6 82 RS 16.143:9.

- c) šīmāti epēšu to make purchases: anumma PN [...] qadum kīsim... ana GN ana ši-ma-tim epē[šim a]ṭṭardaš[šu ši-m]a-tim līpuš I am herewith sending PN with capital to Halab to make purchases, let him make purchases (there) CT 52 1:7ff. (OB let.); anāku itti aḥija šām.meš mimma ēteneppuš I have made many other deals with (you) my brother MRS 12 6:34 (let.); for other RS and EA refs. see epēšu mng. 2c (šīmāti).
- d) other occs.: x silver ana ší-ma-a-ti for purchases MDP 23 199:2, x kù.BABBAR ší-ma-a-tu (borrowed) ibid. 192:1; la watar ibaqqar ši-ma-tum-ma šūlā he must not go on making claims, all purchases having been declared null and void TCL 7 69:38, cf. ši-ma-at šE.GIŠ.[ì x] ul[...] (in broken context) VAS 16 110 r. 4 (both OB letters); inanna tamkārūa ša itti PN tebû ina māt Kinahhi ana ši-ma-a-ti ittaklū now my

šimbizidû šimeššalû

merchants who had started out with Ahuṭābu were delayed in Canaan on business EA 8:15 (let. of Burnaburiaš); [û] l DUG tarīhu ana ši-ma-te [ta]-ad-nu one tarīhu pot was also sold (along with? the slave girl) KAJ 169 left edge; for KAJ 179:10 see ši'a= mātu.

**šimbizidû** s.; antimony paste; lex.*; Sum. lw.

šim.bi.zi.da = šim-bi-zi-du-u,  $eg\hat{u}$ ,  $am\bar{a}m\hat{u}$  Hh. XI 305 ff.; še-em-bi-zi šim = še-[im-bi-zi-du-u] A V/1:194; še-em-bi šim×sig₇ = šim-[bi-zi-du-u] ibid. 202; [ $\dot{u}$ ].  $\breve{s}$ im.Bi.zi.da:  $\dot{u}$   $\breve{s}$ im-bi-zi-du-u (var.  $\breve{s}$ u-u),  $\dot{u}$   $am\bar{a}$ m $\hat{u}$ ,  $\dot{u}$  gubu Uruanna III 493 ff.

For refs. wr. (NA₄.)ŠIM.BI.ZI.DA, see guhlu.

šimdu see šimţu.

šimertu s.; (an ailment); SB, NA.

ana ši-me-er-te kališu šūṣê amēla bulluţi to expel all š. and heal the patient Köcher BAM 158 iv 26 and parallels ibid. 171:44, AMT 82,1 r. 10; SIM.[...] ana ši-mer-ti x [...] ADD 1042 r. 2.

šimeru see šimru.

šimešlu see šimeššalû.

šimeššalû (šimiššalû, šimšalû, šimšallu, šimešlu) s.; (a tree, possibly the box); from OB on; wr. syll. and (GIŠ.)ŠIM.ŠAL.

giš. šim. šal, giš. šim. meš.li(var. .la) = šim-sa-lu-u (var. si-mes-sá-lu-u) Hh. III 95 f.; še-me-sá-al (var. [še-i]m-šal)  $sim \times sal = si$ -mes-sá-lu-u Sb I 73, see MSL 9 152; šem-meš-la  $sim \times sal = si$ -[mes-sá-lu-u] A V/1:203, cf. Ea V 48.

a) the tree: GIŠ.ḤAŠḤUR GIŠ.PÈŠ GIŠ ši-mi-iš-ša-lu GIŠ urzinnu apple tree, fig tree, š., sycamore(?) VAS 12 193:29 (= EA 359) (šar tamḥāri); (I brought back from my travels and planted in the royal garden) erēnu šurmēnu GIŠ.ŠIM.ŠAL GIŠ.ŠIM.LI cedar, cypress, š., juniper (etc.) Iraq 14 33:42 (Asn.).

b) the aromatic resin(?) — 1' used to perfume oil: [3]sìla Numun daparānim u ši-mi-i[š]-ša-la-a[m] ana 10 awīlī u suḥārīšunu Telmunî three silas of daprānu juniper seeds and š. for ten (messengers) from Telmun and their servants ARM 1 17:18; [x] GIŠ [a]su [x] ši-me-ša-lu-ú [x] GI.DùG.GA bē[lī] ana GN lišābilam let my lord send to Šubat-Enlil x myrtle, x š., x sweet reed (and other aromatics for perfumed oil) Aror 17/1 328:14 (Mari let.); [x šī]m.šal (for making perfumed oil) GCCI 2 61:2 (NB).

2' in med.: 1 [Sìla] 4 [GÍN] šim-šalla PBS 2/2 107:22 (MB list of apothecary's supplies); [ŠIM.GÍ]R ŠIM.BAL ŠIM.ŠEŠ ŠIM. SAL (among ingredients for an enema) Köcher BAM 106:5 and dupls. 107:2, 108 r. 10, 109:5, cf. ibid. 3 iv 39, 49:25, 52:74, 168:55, 169b: 5, AMT 41,1 iv 1, 13, 56,1: 4, and passim in med.; (various aromatics and) SIM. SAL GIŠ.ERIN 15 Ú.HI.A lappi ša qāt eţemmi š., cedar, (these are) 15 medicinal substances for a tampon against "hand of the ghost" (to be placed in the ears) Köcher BAM 3 iv 18, also RA 53 16 r. 23; ŠIM.ŠAL (in a poultice applied to the head) CT 23 37 iv 12 (= Köcher BAM 480); note (in similar context) weighed: 10 gin sim. sal CT 23 45 iii 7 (= Köcher BAM 482 iii 41), cf. [X GIN] ŠIM.ŠAL (as ingredient for a potion) Köcher BAM 556 ii 61, and passim, cf. also ibid. 394:30; ŠIM.BULUG ŠIM.MEŠ.LA ŠIM.GÚG. gúg ∥ šim.mug šim.šal (see ballukku lex. section) BRM 4 32:14 (med. comm.); SIM. SAL (and other aromatics, for a lotion) AMT 52,5:7, Köcher BAM 253:17.

3' for use in rituals: GIŠ.ERIN GIŠ. ŠUR.MAN GIŠ.ŠIM.ŠAL GI.DÙG.GA IM. BABBAR NAGA_x.SI MUN.ḤI.A kibir-ÍD ŠIM. LI CT 55 378:3; 1 MA.NA ŠIM.ŠAL (among aromatics) ibid. 374:4, cf. ibid. 376:6, 422:2', UCP 9 93 No. 27:9, (among aromatics for the egubbû basin for holy water) YOS 6 75:9, 1 GUN ši-meš-lu GCCI 2 358:4 (all NB); you set out cedar, cypress ŠIM.ŠAL (and other aromatics) Or. NS 36 287:6 (nam-

šimēta šimētān

burbi); [XMA.NA ŠI]M.ŠAL (among aromatics for fumigation) RAcc. 18 iv 4; 1 GfN SIM.ŠAL (among other aromatics) ADD 1074:5.

4' other occs.: 12 MA.NA ŠIM.ŠAL ana 13 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR CT 55 382:6, cf. 1 GUN ŠIM.GÍR u ŠIM.ŠAL ana 5 GÍN [KÙ. BABBAR] BIN 1 162:9 (both NB).

The identification of *šimeššalû* as *Buxus longifolia* (box), is based solely on the cognates Syr. *šemšārā*, Arab. *šamsād*, *šamšār*, *šamšār*, Pers. *šamšād*, Pahlavi *šamšār*, see Löw Flora 1 316 ff., Thompson DAB 348, but is not confirmed by the context references.

#### šimēta see šimētān.

šimētān (šimītān, šimēta, šimītu, šiwītu) adv.; (in the) evening, at nightfall; OB, MB, Bogh., SB, NB; šimītu AfO 27 75 Sm. 365:6, BE 17 32:8, šiwītu Proto-Izi I Bil. Section B 10; wr. syll. and (AN.)USAN/USAN.

an.usán.an.na máš.hul.dúb.ba su lú.  $u_x(GISGAL)$ .lu dumu dingir.ra.na ù.mu.un. na.an.t[e.gá]: ina ŝi-mi-tan mašhultuppê a[na] zumur amēli mār ilišu tuh[hi] in the evening put a scapegoat next to the body of the man, son of his god CT 16 35:30 ff. and dupls., see Gurney, AAA 22 86:115 f., cf. an.usan.an.na.ta: ina ši-me(var.-mi)-tan CT 17 26:74; gašan.an.na an. na an(var. omits).usan.na mèn: dIštar ilat ši-mi(var.-me)-tan anāku I am Ištar, the goddess of the evening SBH 98 No. 53 r. 38 f., dupls. BRM 4 10:19 f., Delitzsch AL 3 135:37 f., cf. an an. usan.na.ka gu[b.ba].mu.[dè]: ina šamē ina ši-mi-ta-an ina uzuzz[ija] SBH 105 f. No. 56:8 f. and 60 f.; an.usán mul ur5.re gù mu.ra.an.dé.e:  $\dot{s}i$ -mi(var.-me)-ta-an kakkaba bābil awat kabatti

in the evening, the star (is) the bearer of the heart's desire BA 5 707 No. 60 r. 6f. and dupls., see Borger, BiOr 32 71; gú.šu.nigin.na nam. mi.in.dib an.usán.gin_x(GIM) mu.un.dù: napḥar māti ikammi kīma ši-me-tan elâti it (the oath) binds the entire country, like the twilight above Šurpu p. 52:26f.

 $\dot{si}$ -mi(var. -me)-tan = nubattu LTBA 2 1 vi 29, dupl. 2:365.

a) in relation to other parts of the day: ina šēri ana [Ninurta Gul]a ina muşlali ana dingir.mah ina ka-si(text -la) ūmi ana Adad ina an.usán ana Ištar liškên let him (the king) prostrate himself in the morning before Ninurta (and) Gula, at midday before Bēlet-ilī, in the afternoon before Adad, and in the evening before Istar 4R 33* ii 47 (hemer.); you recite the incantation *šēru muşlala ši-me-tan* 4R 55 No. 1 r. 24 (Lamaštu III); šēra muşlala u AN. USÁN  $/\!\!/ ur-ra$  [...] ACh Adad 25:6 (comm.); šēra muşlala u An.usan tapaššassu you anoint him morning, noon, and evening Hunger Uruk 46:14, cf. šērti muşlala u šime-tan tapaššassu AMT 86,1 iii 12; ša UD. ZAL.LIM (for šāt urri?) UD muşlala u AN. USAN (Wr. MAŠ.GÚ.GÀR) ana muhhišu illak she(?) walks over it (the buried figurine) at dawn, noon, and evening KAR 61:19, see Biggs Šaziga 70; (ritual to be performed) lu ina ši-mi-tan lu ina qiddat ūmi either in the evening or in the late afternoon STT 69:23; niš-rat mursišu ina ud.2.kam adi ud.saq.àm ina ud.3.kam adi kinsigi ina ud.4.kam adi ši-mi(var. -me-e)-tan ina ud.5.kam adi adannišu ina ud.6.kam adi massarti ina ud.7.kam adi massarti qablīti ina ud.8.kam adi šāt urri ina ud.9. KAM adi namir the . . . . of his illness (lasts) on the second day until noon, on the third day until late afternoon, on the fourth day until evening, on the fifth day until the established time, on the sixth day until the (first) watch (of the night), on the seventh day until the middle watch, on the eighth day until the morning watch, on the ninth day until dawn (on the tenth day he will get up) Labat TDP 166:97, var. from LKU 100:8, parallel Syria 33

šimētān šimittu

122:11; ERÍN.MEŠ maṣṣartu ša ina idi dnāri ultu USAN adi namā[ri] elišunu izzizū (see nāru A mng. 11-2') CT 46 45 iv 8 (NB lit.), see Iraq 27 6; šumma ina šērti īmim ina AN.USÁN ikaṣṣi if he has a fever in the morning but has chills at night KAR 211:12.

b) other occs.: fpn [ina] ši-mi-ti umm[u] [iş]şabassima [in]a namāri šamma aš [qīši] fever seized PN at dusk, at dawn I gave her a potion of herbs BE 17 32:8 (MB let.); šumma ina ši-mi-tan murussu şa: bissu if his illness affects him in the evening Labat TDP 166:82, cf. ibid. 83 and 86f., 240 C 8, Wr. AN.USÁN ibid. 214:13, cf. murussu ina ši-mi-ta-a-an [...] KUB 37 193:4; [šumma] kīma AN.USÁN sibtu isbas= suma STT 89:180; nakru ālka ina AN. USÁN ina sūmi isabbat the enemy will capture your city at nightfall through the thirst (of its inhabitants) CT 30 45 83-1-18,415 r. 8, cf. ibid. r. 7, 11, 44 obv. 9 (SB ext.); ina An.usán ana nāri [tallak] you go to the river at dusk (to perform the ritual) CT 38 20 r. 78 (namburbi); ina šimi-tan arki LÚ.ME.TAG.NUN (obscure) A II/1 Comm. B 15; šumma ūmu kīma AN. USÁN ibašši if the day is (as dark) as dusk. with comm. gabbišu irrimma eclipse) covers it (the moon) entirely ACh Adad 33:18.

c) referring to the evening star: 9 nig=nakkē ana MUL AN.USÁN tašakkan you set up nine censers (for Anu, Enlil, Ea, Sin, Šamaš, Adad, Marduk, Gula, and Ninsianna) toward(?) the evening star (parallel: ilī mušīti ii 17) BBR No. 31-37 ii 12; see also CT 25, in lex. section; [...ul iṣr]ur kakkab ši-mi-ti the evening star did not glow AfO 27 75 Sm. 365:6 (SB lit.).

Despite its adverbial formation, *šimē*  $t\bar{a}n$  is construed mostly with prepositions, occurring alone only in the enumeration *šēra muṣlala šimētān* (see usage a) and in the bil. text BA 5 707 No. 60. The form that seems to be the base from which the

adverb is derived — possibly by analogy with  $l\bar{\imath}l\hat{a}t\bar{a}n$ , etc. — occurs as  $\check{s}iw\bar{\imath}tu$  in Proto-Izi and in the phrase  $kakkab\ \check{s}im\bar{\imath}ti$  (see usage c), though the genitive construction  $ilat\ \check{s}im\bar{\imath}t\bar{a}n$  is also attested in SBH 98 No. 53 and dupls. For EN.NUN. (AN.)USAN/USÂN see  $bar\bar{a}r\bar{\imath}tu$ . For  $\check{s}izm(\bar{\imath})t\bar{a}n$  with Sum. equivalent zib see  $\check{s}imtu$ .

šimgu see šingu B.

šimgû see šigû.

šimguštu see šigguštu.

šimikapšu s.; (a mark on sheep); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

inanna kīma igrīšu ša PN 1 UDU.SAL 1 ANŠE ŠE ana PN attadinmi šiddu ša udu uznu ša imitti ši-mi-kap-[š]u ša GÙB ina panīšu še-pu-a now I have given one ewe and one homer of barley to PN as his wages, the marking of the sheep is: its right ear is (marked with) s., its left is .... in front HSS 15 332:8, cf. (same person) 1 ANŠE.NITA 1 UDU.NITA 1 UDU. SAL uzun imittišunu ši-mi-k $a_4$ -ap(!)-šu... ana PN ittadin (parallel: uzun imittišu ap: pašu nakis uzun šumēlišu panīšu ri-x-ri lines 5f.) HSS 16 327:3 (translit. only, emendation K. Deller); (my household gods) UDU ši-mi-ka₄-ap-[šu ana] kitri ana PN [attadin] and a sheep (marked with) §. I gave to PN as his preferential share RA 23 143 No. 5:21.

šimiššalû see šimeššalû.

šimitān see šimtu.

šimītān see šimētān.

šimittu s.; (a precious object or ornament); MB, NB.

tu-un TÙN = šim-tum, ši-mit-tum A VIII/1:119 f.

X KÙ.GI tēširtum ana ši-mit-ti PN . . . naphar tēširtum ša ana ši-mit-ti ina qāt

šimittu šimmatu

PN₂ u PN₃ LÚ.KÙ.DÍM.MEŠ maḥru x gold, additional delivery, for (making) š.-s (for) PN, total additional delivery which the goldsmiths PN₂ and PN₃ received for (making) š.-s Sumer 9 34 ff. No. 8:2 and 5, cf. napḥar x KÙ.[GI(?)] ana ašīti u ši-mit-ti ina qāt PN u PN₂ maḥru ibid. No. 12:6 (both MB); 56 shekels of gold ḥāṭu maḥrû ša GN adi 1 gín ši-mit-ti first installment from Kullab, including one shekel for š.-s GCCI 2 343:3 (NB).

In BIN 4 1:18 and 20, *i-mi-tum is obscure, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 175. If the A VIII/1 ref. indeed belongs to the same word as the MB and NB refs., *i: mittu may be an ax-shaped ornament.

šimittu see šumuttu.

šimītu see šimētān.

šimmājātu see šamājātu.

**šimmallu (AHw. 1238a) is a Hittite word, see Hoffner Alimenta 139 f.

šimmatu s.; paralysis; Bogh., SB; cf. šamāmu.

a) symptoms and diagnosis: šumma amīlu šim-mat maruş if a man suffers from §. AMT 91,1 r. 1, with §im-mat zu: qaqipi paralysis caused by a scorpion (sting) ibid. 4; šumma amīlu zumuršu (wr. šim-ma-tum ukallu ītenem= SU.MEŠ- $\delta \hat{u}$ ) mim[ma] [uzu].meš-šú ūtabbatu u ana sinništi alākam la ile'i if a man's body is afflicted with paralysis, he is constantly feverish, his flesh collapses(?) and he cannot have intercourse with a woman LKA 160:7 (= Köcher BAM 140), cf. Labat TDP 34:19, AMT 21,2:7, UZU.MEŠ- $\langle \check{s}\acute{u} \rangle \ \check{s}i-im$ ma-ta [ukallu] KUB 37 3:4; zumuršu šimma-tam irtanašši Jastrow, Transactions of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia 1913 399: 37, cf. kala šīrūšu šim-ma-tú irtanaššû KAR 26:8 and dupl. AMT 96,7:9; šumma amīlu šim-mat kal uzu.meš-šú iltap[pat] if š.

affects a man's entire body AMT 91,1:4, *šumma amīlu šim-ma-at* UZU *maru*ş Köcher BAM 398 r. 42, also AMT 92,4 r. 10, 12, šimma-at SA.MEŠ maruş Köcher BAM 398 r. 49; šumma amīlu tīb nakkapti irši u šim-ma-tu irši if a man has a migraine and paralysis Köcher BAM 11:34, ibid. 482 i 54, and passim beside zi sag.ki; šumma amīlu panūšu kišāssu u šapassu šim-mat irtanaššâ if a man's face, neck, and lip are paralyzed Hunger Uruk 46:6, cf. šēpāšu šim-ma-tú iršā Köcher BAM 122: 8, cf. ibid. 16, dupl. AMT 70,7 ii 7 and iii 1, cf. also RA 69 45 r. (!) i 33, cf. (referring to various parts of the body) A-šú šimma-ti irtanašši Köcher BAM 323:90, cf. ibid. 228:25, 229:19, AMT 21,2:5, bamassu šimma-[tum . . .] AMT 86,1 ii 5; [ana &] im-mat qabli šūṣî to remove the paralysis of the hips AMT 52,6:11; šim-ma-tú ri-mu-tú ir= tanašši he is beset by continual paralysis and flaccidity LKA 88: 3, cf. AMT 52.5: 4, Labat TDP 42 r. 40, cf.  $[\delta]im-ma-ti \ ri[m\hat{u}ti]$  STT 69:10, Maqlu II 63, and passim beside rimûtu; the medication ana šib[iţ šāri] himiţ ṣēti šimma-tum šaššatu . . . u kal mursi d[amiq] Köcher BAM 216:27, cf. ibid. 52:36, 68:1, 168:18, 189 i 7, 226:8, 228:15 and dupl. 229:9: ana šipir mišitti šim-ma-ti AMT 76,3:2, cf. šipir šim-mat rimûti u SA.GAL KAR 44 r. 9 (exorcist's manual); himītu ţimītu šim-mat šīri (var. šim-ma-tum) sīdānu gooseflesh, vertigo, paralysis of the muscles (var. paralysis), Saint Vitus's dance Köcher BAM 323:29, var. from dupl. Schollmeyer No. 29:8, cf. KAR 387 i 11 (namburbi).

b) incantations: £N šim-m[a-t]um [šim-ma-tum] šim-mat šīrī š[im-mat] šer'āni šim-mat [qātē] [šim-ma]t šēpē šim-mat s[ēr]i šim-mat zuqaqīpi šim-mat mū[t]i tabbanî ina zumri t[a]'aldi ina šīrī incantation: O paralysis, paralysis, paralysis of the flesh, paralysis of the tendons, paralysis of the hands, paralysis of the feet, paralysis from snake (bite), paralysis from scorpion (sting), fatal paralysis, you were created in the body, you were born in the flesh STT 136 i 1ff., see von Soden, JNES

šimmugallu šimru

33 341, parallel Arnaud Emar 6 735:1ff., also Köcher BAM 141:7, note šim-ma-tum mār Ea apkallu STT 136 i 28, cf. ši-im-ma-tum... šim-mat zuqaqīpi [t]azquti zuqaqīpāniš (see zuqaqīpu mng. 1b) BE 31 56 (= Köcher BAM 398) r. 5ff., cf. £N šim-ma-tum šim-ma-tum (incipit of a tablet of the series muššu'u "rubbing") AfO 21 14:26, also (catch line) Hunger Uruk 14:4, and the subscripts KA.INIM.MA ša šim-ma-ti BE 31 60 ii 24, cf. AMT 91,3:7, 93,3:17, KA.INIM.MA šim-ma-tum.KAM Köcher BAM 398 r. 23, KA.INIM.MA šá šim-mat qāt šumēli.KA BE 31 60 r. i 16.

c) medications and magical treatment: Ú.KUR.GI.RÍN.NA: Ú šim-ma-ti nasāķi the kurkānû plant is for removing paralysis Köcher BAM 423 i 13, cf. ibid. 422 iii 7, 159 vi 51; (the plant) and šim-ma-te na: sāhi damiq is good for removing paralysis Köcher Pflanzenkunde 33:7 (series šammu šikinšu), ef. AMT 29,2:5; napharu annû naş= matti šim-mat all these are poultices for paralysis AMT 98,3:12; for several sections of prescriptions see Köcher BAM 398 passim; [x šammū qut]ār šim-mat šiptu šim-mat MIN (= šimmat) tamannu x ingredients as fumigants for paralysis, you recite the incantation "paralysis, paralysis" Oefele Keilschriftmedizin pl. 2 Rm. 265:5, cf. ibid. 11, AMT 91,1:15, 92,9 ii 2; 41 abnē šu. GIDIM. MA šim-mat qātē u šēpē 41 stones against (the disease called) "hand of the ghost," (in case of) paralysis of hands and feet UET 4 150:10, cf. BE 31 60 r. i 3, and passim in this text, also Köcher BAM 354 iv 11, 22, 349 r. 4, AMT  $abn\bar{e}$  šim-ma-tum(var. -tú) š $\bar{e}p$ imitti . . . abnē šim-ma-ti šēp šumēli AfO 21 17:26 f. (rit. tablet of the series muššu'u).

šimmugallu s.; chief exorcist; SB*; Sum. lw.

PN LÚ  $\dot{sim}$ - $m\acute{u}$ -gal-lu (colophon) Rm. 2,585 iv 22 (group voc.).

Cf. Šim. musar = āšipu Lu IV 151, šim. mú.gal.la: āšipu rabû šurpu VII 71f. ** $\sin qu$  (AHw. 1238a) see  $\sin gu$ ; for Ugaritica 5 74 No. 20 r. 28, see  $\sin \bar{q}u$  A mng. 1a-4'.

šimrānu s.; (a plant, lit. the šimru-like plant); plant list*; cf. šimru.

Ú ḤA: šim-ra-nu tamšīl Ú ši-im-rum the... plant (see šimru disc. section) is š., it looks like the šimru plant (among equivalents of šimru, q.v.) Uruanna I 327.

šimriš s.; (mng. unkn.); MB; Kassite(?) word.

- a) in gen.: 3 sìla ši-im-ri-iš 1 sìla ši-it-rum 2 sìla si-ra-hum (in list of items issued EN še-ra until morning) Ni. 2895:17, cf. ibid. r. 2', also (preceded by x sìla PN x sìla asû bārû) ibid. r. 13' (courtesy J. A. Brinkman); 3 sìla ši-im-ri-iš three silas (of oil? for) š. (parallel: naptanu, PN, sellu, ukultu) BE 14 152:5.
- b) as a name of horses: 1 sA₅ u sirpi DUMU Šim-ri-iš one (pair of horses, one) red and one chestnut(?), foal of (the horse) Šimriš BE 14 12:39; [1] sA₅ DU[MU Šim]-ri-iš PBS 2/2 98:20, cf. (in broken context) šim-r[i]-iš (signs now broken) Balkan Kassit. Stud. 23 No. 15:7 (coll. J. A. Brinkman).

In the refs. cited usage a, the word is used in the context of a nocturnal ceremony.

Balkan Kassit. Stud. 141.

šimru (*šimeru*, *simru*) s.; fennel; Nuzi, SB; cf. *šimrānu*.

še.zi.bi.bi.tum = s[i-im(?)-ru(?)] Nabnitu Fragm. 4 ii 7'.

a) in Uruanna: Ú šim-ru, Ú su-nuuš: Ú TÁL.TÁL, Ú šá-mi ḤA.ḤI.MEŠ: Ú MIN (= Ú.TÁL.TÁL) ina KUR.URI.KI Uruanna I 323 ff., Ú ḤA: ú-ra-nu, Ú ḤA: šim-ra-nu tam-šil Ú ši-im-rum ibid. 326 f., Ú ḤA: Ú ḤA.ḤI.A: Ú sim-rum, Ú ḤA: Ú MIN ibid. 328 f.; Ú ši-ib-ru, Ú šim-ru: Ú zi-bu-u Uruanna I 316 f. šimšallu šimtu

b) in Nuzi: 4 (BÁN) ši-me-ru.MEŠ (among aromatics delivered to a physician) HSS 14 213 (= 539):1; 2 (BÁN) ši-mi-ru (beside kasû and other spices delivered by gardeners) ibid. 239 (= 601):1, 6, 11, and passim in this text, see Zaccagnini Rural Landscape 128f.

The reading of the log. Ú.ḤA (RA 54 175 r. 9, Köcher BAM 434 v 11, 494 iii 5, see also Biggs Šaziga p. 84 s.v. Ú.KU₆, etc.) is unknown; it may be *šimru* or *urānu*.

See also šibru.

šimšallu see šimeššalû.

šimšalû see šimeššalû.

šimtān see šimtu.

šimtu (šindu, simtu) s. fem.; 1. paint, glue, varnish, 2. mark, marking, 3. branding iron; from OAkk.(?), OB on; dual(?) šim(i)tān (see lex. section); wr. syll. (simtu in Mari, MA, NA) and (KUŠ.)ŠE.GÍN (in Mari KUŠ.ŠE.GIM); cf. šamātu.

[za-ag] [zAG] =  $\delta i$ -im-[tum] S^a Voc. AE 22';  $[x]-x z[IG] = [\delta im-t]um A VII/2:203; zi-ib ziB =$ šim-tum Sb I 189, also Sa Voc. T 18; zi-ib zib = šiim-ta-an Ea II 224, zi-ba(text -zu) zib = ši-mita-a-an Ea II Excerpt iii 19 (MA); zi(text KI)ib zfB = \(\delta i - mi - ta - a - a n\) Ea VII Excerpt ii 17 (MA);  $zib = (note in preceding section an.usan = $im\bar{e}t\bar{a}n$ IV 350)  $\delta im$ -tan (vars.  $\delta i$ -im-t[a-an],  $\delta i$ -mi-t[an]) Nabnitu IV 374; zag. šú, zigzi-ib-di-ib DIB, zag. dib, gi, izi.sìg.ge, šim.tum, zi-ibzig = ši-im-tum (vars. ši-im-tú, šim-tum) Nabnitu IV 354 ff., še. gi-ingín = MIN (var. ši-in-du) ibid. 361; izi.sìg.ge = MIN (= 121) ši-im-tu Izi I 83; urudu.níg.izi.tag.ga = šim-[tum] Hh. XI 360, in MSL 9 202; izi. tar.tar.re = \$i-mit [1]z1 Antagal VII 234; [zag.  $\check{\mathbf{s}}\check{\mathbf{u}}$ ] =  $\check{\mathbf{s}}e$ -im-du = (Hitt.) wa-a $\check{\mathbf{s}}$ - $\check{\mathbf{s}}i$  Izi Bogh. A 256; še.be.da =  $\delta i$ -in-du = (Hitt.) pu-wa-at-ti-iš ibid.

 $\S[e]$ . [si]-in gfn(var. gim) = \$i-mat(var. -ma-a-at) naggāri, zag.  $\S ú = \min bu$ -lim  $(var. u_8.udu. gi.A)$  Erimhuš II 159 f., also Erimhuš Bogh.  $B_4$  right col. 3'f. and Antagal F 280 f., cf. udu. zag.  $\S ú = udu$  [\$im-ti] Hh. XIII 181; ku $\S$ .  $\S e^{\S e - gi$ -in gfn = \$i-in-du, ku $\S$ .  $\S e$ .  $gfn. sig_5$ .  $ga = \min da$ -mi-iq-ti, ku $\S$ .  $\S e$ .  $gfn. zalag. ga = \min na$ -mir-tum, ku $\S$ .  $\S e$ . gfn.

KÙ.GI = MIN hu-ra-şu Hh. XI 284 ff., [ku]š.še. gín.KÙ.GI = sin-du hu-ra-şu = [. . .] Hg. A II 190a, in MSL 7 153, im.sim.KÙ.GI = si-i-pu = sin-di KÙ.GI, im.sim.na₄.sahar = li-e-ru = sin-di N[A₄. sahar] Hg. A II 140 f., in MSL 7 114.

u-gu-nu U-gun $\hat{u} = t\bar{e}q\bar{i}tu$ , &im-[tum(?)] A II/4:222 f.; tu-un  $T\hat{U}N = \&im$ -tum, &i-mit-tum A VIII/1:119 f., with comm.: &i-mit-[ $t\acute{u}$ ] # a&-&im a&-im a-im a-im a

1. paint, glue, varnish -a) in gen.: ši-im-tum ana Lú.nagar ul ibašši 1 ma. na *ši-im-tam šūbilam* giš.gán.ùr *ištu* mahrika gamerma ina la ši-im-tim nadi inanna giš.Apin.hi.A nissabat ši-im-tam lirahunim there is no glue for the carpenter, send me one mina of glue, the harrow was completed long ago(?) but is unusable without glue, we now have started the plowing, let them bring us glue promptly OI 1978.4.65 (= A 35204) r. 3'ff., in R. D. Freedman, Cuneiform Tablets in St. Louis (Ph.D. diss., Columbia Univ. 1975) 152 No. 196 (OB let.); X ŠE. GIM ana šamāt halli ša Anše.nitá (see šamātu usage b) ARM 21 304:2, cf. (ana šipir 1 pāštim) ARMT 23 173:1 and passim, see ibid. p. 134 ff., cf. *ši-im-tam šūbilam* TIM 2 148:33 (OB let.), also 1 bilat 30 ma.na ši-im-tum VAS 8 81:2, cf. UCP 10 110 No. 35:18, 15 SE ŠÁM *ši-im-tum* TCL 10 78:19, *ša* 1GI.6.GÁL kaspim ši-im-tam tušābilam VAS 16 43:7;  $\&i-in-da \&a ma\&ki \dots \&ibilam CT 52 118:30$ (all OB); 15 MA.NA ŠE.GÍN ana 30 GIŠ. MAR.GÍD.DA.MEŠ (beside tanned and untanned hides) PBS 2/2 140:5 and 17,  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA KUŠ.ŠE.GÍN ana magarri ibid. 30:1, 32:1, cf. (ana dalti) BE 14 67:1, (ana kušarti) PBS 2/2 28:1; note: \(\frac{1}{3}\) ma.na kuš.še.gín ana erši ša PN DUMU PN, GIŠ.HUR ana nadê PN, naggāru imhur PN3, the carpenter, received one-third mina of s. to make designs on the bed of PN, son of PN, BE 14 74:1; 2 MA KUŠ.ŠE.GÍN (beside tallow) PBS 2/2 29:1, cf. (beside oil, ZAG.SA, ZAG.DIB) BE 15 172:4; [X] DUG huttu ša KUŠ.ŠE. Gf[N] BE 14 163:38 (all MB); 1 MA.NA  $\delta i$ im-tum HSS 13 492:21, note: x MA.NA ZIim-du HSS 15 144: 10 (Nuzi); note the writing 10 MA.NA ŠE.ŠEN SIG, KAJ 217: 1 and 7 (MA);  $\frac{5}{6}$  MA.NA ŠE.ŠEN  $\frac{5}{6}$  MA.NA  $g\bar{\imath}du$  nap- $\check{s}u$ - $\acute{u}$ -

šimtu

tu 1 NÍG.LÁ GIŠ mugirru Donbaz Ninurta-Tukulti-Aššur pl. 11 A.1828:1 (MA); you close the opening of the kettledrum ina SE. GÍN KÙ.GA RAcc. 14 ii 29, cf. ŠE.GÍN ZALÁG. GA taşappīma RAcc. 22 KAR 60 r. 11, cf. also RAcc. 18 iv 12, 21; 1 GUN KUŠ gi[ldu] ana &i-in-du (for the  $\&a\&k\bar{a}pu$ 's) CT 56 11:1 (NB), cf. 38 gildi gud 4 gun ki.lá- $\check{s}[\acute{u}$ -nu] ana &i-in-di ibid. 12:3, cf. ibid. 9:4, 30 GUN KUŠ. TAB.BA.ME ana KUŠ ši-in-du YOS 17 65:2. 15 KUŠ.TAB.BA *ši-in-du nam-mar* Nbn. 617:2f.; (silver?) [an]a(?) §i-in-du u burānê CT 56 744:6; huṣābi ina pan aškāpi ana ši-in-du jānu CT 55 2:14 (let.); 6 MA.NA *ši-in-di ina pan* PN LÚ.NAGAR CT 56 16:1, 19:1, cf. Nbk. 126:1, 130:1, 222:1, Nbn. 416:2; 1 (BÁN) qēmu ša ana šen-du ša dalāti iddinu GCCI 1 300:2 (all NB).

- b) in med.:  $\dot{s}i\text{-}im\text{-}ta\text{-}am$  emmetam  $ta\dot{s}ak$ = kanma  $ine^{\dot{\gamma}}a\dot{s}$  you place hot  $\dot{s}$ . (on the wound) and he will get well Köcher BAM 393:17 (OB), cf.  $\dot{s}i\text{-}im\text{-}tam$   $\dot{s}i\text{-}im\text{-}tam$   $up\bar{\imath}tam$   $ta\text{-}\dot{s}a\text{-}K\text{I-}ma$  ibid. r. 17; uncert.: you pour into it  $\dot{s}i\text{-}in\text{-}ta$   $ba\dot{s}ilta$  cooked (?)  $\dot{s}$ . AMT 15.3:6.
- e) in comparisons: if a man's urine is  $k\bar{\imath}ma$  SE.GÍN he-li-ti like light-colored  $\delta$ . Köcher BAM 112 i 16.
- 2. mark, marking a) in gen.: bania ši-im-ta-à-ša her (Ištar's) colors(?) are beautiful RA 22 172:12 (OB lit.); a priest [ša]k-na šim-ta bunnannė la išarūtu (Sum. broken) who has a (birth)mark, (or) abnormal features (may not enter the Enlil temple) BiOr 30 165 i 42; ana mannu annū ši-mi-is-su for whom (i.e., for which deity) is this sign on it (the temple)? BHT pl. 9 v 20 (Nbn. Verse Account); uncert.: ina ši-in-di-ka indaḥḥaranni CT 22 63:28 (NB).
- b) ownership mark 1' on animals: the boat transporting cattle *iţbûma ši-im-tum ištu anūmišu iḥtaliq* (see *anūmišu*) TCL 17 8:6 (OB let.), cf. ibid. 9, also *ši-ma-at ṣēnim ša la nukkurim lu šakna* ibid. 14, cf. (in broken context) Kraus AbB 1 114:9 and 18; *šumma rē'ûm* . . . *ši-im-tam uttakkir* CH §

265:67; ANŠE.HI.A-šu ši-im-ta-am tašta: kan TIM 2 16:74, cf. (the lambs) ši-imtam aškun Kraus, AbB 5 230:12; 2 MÁŠ.GA . . . *ša ši-im-tam la šaknu* VAS 13 86 r. 2 (OB econ.); one cow ši-ma-at išāti ul išu PBS 2/2 27:2, one ox  $\sin -in - da \sin -mit$ ? BE 14:119:9, cf. (a cow) ša ši-ma-at uzni pa-al-tu ibid. 99:48 (all MB);  $k\bar{\imath}m\hat{e}\;n\bar{a}din\bar{a}nu\;$ LÚ.MEŠ mu=  $d\bar{e}\check{s}u\ \grave{u}\ \check{s}i$ -in-ta- $\check{s}u\ la\ ubla$  since the seller (of the lamb in dispute) did not bring witnesses who knew his brand JEN 672:40, cf. ibid. 15 and 16, LÚ.MEŠ mudēka ù a-na šii[n-ti] ništaparšunu ibid. 29; ši-in-du-šunu ša enzu.meš BM 85517:4 (Nuzi, courtesy M. P. Maidman); (a brown donkey) ša ši-indu ina muhhišu ja'nu Camb. 1:1, also (a horse) [ $\delta i$ -i]n-ta-a- $\delta u$  $j\bar{a}nu$  HSS 15 280C, also 280A 4, 14, B 5, 10 (Nuzi); ši-id-du ša UDU ibid. 332:8: *sēnu ši-im-tum ša* PN YOS 8 1:13. also 25, cf.  $\delta i$ -ma-at  $b\bar{e}l$   $\delta e\bar{e}ni$  ibid. 29 (OB);  $\delta im$ tum ša PN ana muhhi alpē lillik CT 22 131:25 (NB let.), cf. AB.GUD.HI.[A . . .] ši-in-du ša LUGAL [...] CT 54 516:3; a cow ša šiin-du ana šumi ša PN našâta BE 9 20:2, cf. VAS 6 135:2, PBS 2/1 15:8, a donkey ša ši-in-du ina muhhi uznišu OECT 10 182:2,  $\S{i-in-du}$   $\S{a}$   $lahrati\S{u}$  . . . iltemitšamātu) YOS 7 15:9 (all NB); note in Mari and MA simtu: sheep ša si-im-tam (la) *šaknu* T. 264:3, T. 182:7, and passim, see Durand, MARI 3 267f.; si-im-ta-am ša DN UDU.HI.A šina x immahhaşa those sheep should be marked with the mark of DN ARM 24 260:43;  $l\bar{e}t\bar{a}ti\check{s}unu$  . . . 2.TA.ÀM  $\check{s}a$ si-ma-a-te šaknu their (the sheep's) cheeks bear two marks each KAJ 192:7.

- 2' on slaves: \$\side \bar{b}alq\bar{u}tu \section{i-in-du LU} \section{\sigma} \simit (see \$\sigma amt\bar{u}tu\$) YOS 3 125:38 (NB let.), cf. \$\sinit i-in-du \section{a} amt\bar{u}tu\$ Cyr. 307:9; GAL. MEŠ ERÍN.MEŠ \$\sinit a si-im-ta \section{a} \sinit akn\bar{u}ni\$ (list of) officers over men who bear a mark(?) VAS 19 5:22 (MA leg.), cf. \$\sinit a si-im-ta la \section{a} \sinit akn\bar{u}ni\$ ibid. 29.
- 3' on other objects: 6 mašku ša alpē ša (la) ši-in-tum HSS 15 194:5, 7 (Nuzi); obscure: šukūsī ši-im-ta-am la išakkanu BIN 7 25:16, see Stol, AbB 9 212; si-im-tú

šimtu šīmtu

[šu]kna (in broken context, referring to building activities) ABL 1178:7 (NA); difficult: ši-mat mūte u ši-ma-ta šapā īnāša her eyes are clouded(?) with the mark of death and marks(?) Iraq 31 31:42 (MA inc.).

3. branding iron: ina šin-du AN.BAR ša dBēlti ša Uruk išemmiti (see šamātu) Durand Textes babyloniens pl. 64:14, see Joannès Textes économiques 137, also YOS 6 11:14, 150:20; 6 šin-du AN.BAR ša GUD.MEŠ 3 KI.MIN ša UDU.NITĀ.MEŠ (sent to the blacksmith ana suppuru for sharpening?) GCCI 1 194:1 (all NB); uncert.: open the containers ši-im-tam sehertam ša AMAR. HI.A šūli and take out the small branding iron(?) for the calves CT 52 74:7 (OB let.), cf. ibid. 12; 1 ganūnum ana rišūti 1 si-im-ti KĀ.GAL (obscure, see ganūnu B) PBS 9 21 r. 6 (OAkk.).

Although the const. *simat* (PBS 2/2 27, BE 14 99, Iraq 31 31) and the pl. *simāte* (KAJ 192, possibly also ADD 869 and Iraq 31 31), all cited mng. 2b, indicate that *simtu* was sometimes understood as a derivative of a primae *w* root that is not productive in Akkadian (cf. Arabic *wasama* and see Ungnad, OLZ (1908) Beiheft 2 23 and Langdon, OLZ 1909 113 n. 1), the use of *simtu* in NB and in Mari as the object of *samātu*, "to mark," shows that the noun and the verb belong to the same triconsonantal root.

For Sum. refs. to §e.gín see Salonen Möbel 259 ff. and Salonen Türen 117, Sigrist, JCS 33 157 ff. For Mari refs. see Joannès, ARMT 23 134 ff.

For *simat pani* Or. NS 23 214:13 see *simtu* mng. 4b.

San Nicolò, Or. NS 17 288 f.; Dougherty Shirkutu 83 ff.

šimtu see simtu.

simtu s.; 1. determined order, nature of things, divine decree, 2. lot, portion, personal fate, 3. (in idioms) death, 4. legal disposition, will, testament, 5.

original amount, principal; from OAkk. on; stat. const. ši-mit KAR 50:8 and 14, pl. šīmātu; wr. syll. (also with det. DINGIR, ši-mu-ti HSS 19 3:1) and NAM, NAM.TAR; cf. šâmu B.

na-am NAM =  $\delta i$ -im-tu Ea II 300; na-am NAM =  $\delta im$ -t[u] S^b I 65b, see MSL 9 151, also Recip. Ea B 13; na-am NAM =  $\delta i$ -im-tu Idu II 60; nam =  $\delta i$ -im-tum Hh. I 125, also Antagal B 228; nam =  $\delta im$ -tum Nabnitu IV 348; nam =  $\delta i$ -im-tu Izi G catch line; na.  $\delta m$  = nam =  $\delta i$ -im-tum Emesal Voc. III 52.

na.ám.tar = nam.tar =  $\delta i$ -im-tum Emesal Voc. III 53; nam.tar = MIN (=  $\delta im$ -tum)  $\delta \delta mu$  Nabnitu IV 349, cf. nam.tar =  $\delta im$ -tu x-[x] Izi Q 276; note: nam.dar.ki =  $\delta i$ -in-tum Hh. XXI RS Recension A iii 7; [nam].tar.tar =  $[\delta]im$ -tu MIN (=  $\delta \delta mu$ ) Nabnitu Fragm. 7:6; ta- $\delta t$  TAR =  $[\delta \delta -a$ -mu  $\delta \delta \delta \delta i$ ]m-ti A III/5:163; lú nam.tar. ra =  $\delta a \delta i$ -ma-tim,  $\delta a \delta i$ -ma-tim  $\delta i$ -a-mi, lú nam.tar. gig.ga =  $\delta a \delta i$ -ma-tu- $\delta u mar$ - $\delta u$  OB Lu A 483 ff., also OB Lu C₇ 11 and 13, lú nam.tar. dú₇.du₇ =  $\delta a \delta i$ -ma-[tu- $\delta u$  . .] ibid. 14; [lú] nam.ta. lèl.a =  $\delta a \delta i$ -i-[m-..] OB Lu C₄1; [ki.n] am.tar.  $\delta u$ - $\delta$ 

nám (TÚG) = ši-im-tum MSL 9 134:534 (Proto-Aa); a.šà.nam.mah = MIN (= eq-lu) ši-im-tum, nam.mah = šim-tum MSL 11 172:27 f. (Hh. XX); GI = šim-[tum] CT 12 29 iii 35 (text similar to Idu).

ì.ne.šè nam.tar.ra.dnin.urta.ka.ta: inan= na ina ši-ma-a-ti ša dmin now, according to the decrees of Ninurta Lugale XI 49 (= 511), also IX 21 (= 395), X 17 (= 433); dnin.urta dug₄.ga.zu nu.kúr.ra nam.tar.ra.zu šu sum bí.[...] (var. zi.de.éš gar): dmin qibitka ul uttakkar ši-ma-tu-ka šutlu[ma] (see nakāru lex. section) Lugale I 25, also PBS 10/48:3, see Wilcke, WO 5 2:4; ur.sag nam.tar.den.ki.kex(KID) mè.huš gin me.en: qarrādu ša ina ši-mat dEa [ana tā] hazi ezzi illaku anāku I am the hero who by the decree of Ea goes into the fierce battle Angim IV 15 (= 167); nam.bi.šè gi₆.pàr ki. kù.ga im.ma.da.an.tu.tu: ana šim-[ti] (var. aššatti) ana gipāri elli ērubma (see gipāru mng. 1b) CT 16 16 vi 14, var. from dupl. RA 65 146 iii 1, cf. den.líl.lá nu.še.ga nam.bi.šè bí.in.tar. re.eš.àm: dmin la šemā ana šim-ti i-šim-šú-nu-ti CT 17 7 iv 11f. and dupl. STT 173:33f.; na. ám.tar.ra egir.ra ta.àm.ma.ra gi4.a.šè: aššum šim-ti arki mīna imhuranni RA 33 104:6f.; é.an.na urú na.ám.tar gig.ga lú.zu nu.húl : bītu ša ina ši-ma-a-ti marṣātu ša idû ul iḥaddu (see hadû v. lex. section) SBH 101 No. 54:56f., cf. urú na. ám. tar bil. bil. lá. ri lú. zu (nu. húl): šīmtu la šīmtu la

ana  $\bar{a}li$  §i-ma-a-ti hum(!)-mu-ța-a-ti §a  $id\hat{u}$   $\langle ul$ ihaddu> ibid. 58 f., dupl. 116 No. 63 r. 1 ff.; nam. tar.mu ù.ra bi.si ama.mu mu.si.si : ši-ma-tiia ālu ittahdar ummu ittahdaranni VAS 10 179:13 f. (OB); den.líl.le nam.tar.ra.zu mi.ni.íb.gal: dEnlil ši-ma-[t]i-ka ušarbi RA 63 34:73 (Samsuiluna C); na.ám.tar.tar.re.[e.ne] [...]: mušimmu ši-ma-tum Or. NS 47 432:5 f. (SB lit.); nam.tar.re.e.da.na: šim-tum (vars. -ta, -ti) ina šá-a-[mi-šú] Lugale I 21; na.ám zé.eb ba.an. tar.re dmu.zé.eb.ba.sa4.a: šim-tam tābtam išīmšu šuma tāba imbīšu (see šâmu B mng. 1b-2') Studies Albright 346:16, also 345 r. 6; En.me. dùg.ga lú nam.dùg.tar.ra.bi: MIN ša šim-tum tābti ši-mat-su 4R 21* No. 1 C iii 55 f. (bīt mēsiri, join courtesy R. Borger) and dupl. von Weiher Uruk 8 i 5f.; an.ne.tar.tar.ra mu.un. mah.àm ka.aš.bar.bar.ra bí.i[n.zu.zu(?)]: šim-tum rabîš išīmušu pursâ parāsu u['addûšu] Or. NS 47 438:13f.; [an.ki].bi.ta lugal.bi za.e. me.en nam.bi ì.tar.[r]e: šamê u erşetu bēlšunu attama ši-ma-ti-šu-nu tašiam (see šâmu B lex. section) Sjöberg Mondgott 105:16f., cf. [šu.d] u₇ na. am. an. ki. a: mukīl ši-mat šamê erseti KAR 128 r. 14 (coll. W. G. Lambert); u₄ an. den. líl. lá den.ki dnin.mah nam dingir.gal [...]: inu dmin dmin dmin u dmin ši-mit ilī rabūti [išīmu] KAR 50:7 f., see RAcc. 22, cf. (Anu, Enlil, and Ea) nam ba.an.tar.re.en : šim-ti ilī išīmu BiOr 30 179:61 f.

1. determined order, nature of things, determined order. divine decree -a) nature of things (in mythological contexts) - 1'with *sâmu* to determine: mahriš itti dEnlil išâm ši-im-ta ušteššir uşurāt ilī rabûti kīma dAnu before the symbol of Enlil she determines destiny, she correctly executes, like Anu, the designs of the great gods Lambert, Kraus AV 202 IV 16 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn); ana ilī mārēšu ši-ma-ta ištīmu En. el. I 160, II 46, III 50 and 108, cf. ultu ši-mat ilī Sibitti napharšunu išīmu Cagni Erra I 39; note the writing: išīmšunūtu nam-mat šūt Bābili saḥar u ra[bi] he determined lots for them, the people of Babylon, young and old JTVI 29 51 Sp. II 987:5 (Kedorlaomer text), see MVAG 21 92; (precious stones) ša Ea ana šipir  $b\bar{e}l\bar{u}$ : ti ši-mat melammī rabîš išīmšunūti Borger Esarh. p. 83 r. 31; du₆.kù ki nam.tar. re.e.ne um.ta.è.na.zu.šè: ištu šadî (var. DU₆.KÙ) ašar ši-ma-a-tum iššimma

ina aşīk[a] when you (Šamaš) come out of the mountain (var. Duku), the place where destinies are decreed 5R 50 i 5f. and dupls., see Borger, JCS 21 3:3, see also šâmu B mng. 4; den.líl níg.nam.šè nam mu.un.tar.ra.šè: min ana šim-ti ša tašīmu JRAS 1919 191 r. 6f., also ibid. 7f., see Behrens Enlil und Ninlil 28:61 f., cf. also BA 5 638 No. 7 r. 17 f.; (Enlil) mu-ši-im ši-mat[im] CT 42 32:2 (OB inc.), see von Soden, BiOr 18 71, cf. Enlil abu ilī mušīm NAM. MEŠ muşşir uşurāt [šamê erşe]ti 3R 7 i 1 (Shalm. III), Enlil bēlu šurbû mušīm NAM. MEŠ šamê u erşeti Borger Esarh. 79:3, cf. JCS 19 121:2 (Simbar-Šipak); Aššur abi ilī  $mu\check{sim} \check{si}$ -ma-[a-ti] ABL 1105 r. 5 (text of the adû), cf. mušīm NAM.MEŠ OECT 6 pl. 2 K.8664:4, BA 5 652 No. 16:10, wr. ši-ma-a-ti ibid. 2, 4;  $Eab\bar{e}lu\,mu$ -&im&i-ma-a-ti-ku-[nu] $\dots$  i-ši-mu-ku-nu-ši ši-im-ta KAR 38:33 (namburbi), see Caplice, Or. NS 39 125;  $Ea\ b\bar{a}n$ ilī mušīm ši-ma-a-ti Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 538:29, cf. PBS 12/1 7:1; (Marduk) [n]am tar.tar.e.dè: mušīm ši-ma-at[i] JCS 21 129:25, cf. PSBA 20 155:4, (Papsukkal) RA 24 31:7; Ea, Šamaš, and Asalluhi ilū rabûti [dā'i]nu dīnu ša šamê u erşeti mušimmu [NAM.MEŠ] Iraq 18 pl. 14:2, restored from Or. NS 40 157:2 (namburbi),  $il\bar{u}$ rabûti gāmirūt purussê mušimmu dnam. MEŠ KAH 2 84:5 (Adn. II), also ibid. 89:14 (Tn. II): ilū rabûti kališunu mušimmu šimti Borger Esarh. 96:11, Wr. dNAM.MEŠ WO 2 28 i 9 (Shalm. III), and see šâmu B mng. 2, Tallqvist Götterepitheta 222 f.; beside usurtu: NAM.TAR.MEŠ šâmu GIŠ.HUR.MEŠ us: suru ša gātikunuma it is in your (pl.) power to decree destinies, to draw the cosmic designs JRAS 1929 285:5, and see BMS No. 62, Or. NS 36 273 No. 25:4, cited šâmu B mng. 2b.

2' with other verbs:  $\bar{u}$ šibuma ina puhzrišunu inambû ši-ma-a-te they convened in their assembly to decree the order of things En. el. VI 165, for other refs. see nabû A v. mng. 4a; [atti sa]ssūru bāniat ši-ma-ti you, birth goddess (addressing Nintu), creatress of destinies Lambert-Mil-

šīmtu la

lard Atra-hasīs 102 III vi 47 (OB), cf. [ša]s=sūru bānāt ši-im-tu ibid. 62 iii 11 (SB), cf. Mammītu bānāt šim-ti ittišunu ši-ma-tú i-ši[m-(x)] Gilg. X vi 37; [ina balika?] manama DINGIR.MEŠ la i-šak-kan ši-ma-tu K.2540:3; ellet Ištar munammerat šim-ti Maqlu III 180; šim-ta-ka ša abnūni «[it]» tattanaḥḥaranni Craig ABRT 1 5:16 (NA oracles for Asb.).

3' šīmat māti, nišī customs, norms, cultural conventions: na.ám zu ka. nag.[gá]: mudū ši-mat māti BA 10/1 97 No. 18:6f.; šikaram šiti ši-im-ti māti drink the beer (Enkidu), it is the custom of the land Gilg. P. iii 14 (OB), ef. ši-ma-a-at nišīma ibid. iv 23, but [lūr]umma ši-ma-tú unakkar I will enter (Uruk) and change the customs Gilg. I v 2; MUL.ŠU.PA dEnlil ša ši-mat māti išimmu Arcturus is Enlil, who determines the way(?) of the land CT 33 1 i 12, restored from Weidner Handbuch p. 142 (MUL.APIN I); see also šâmu B mng. 2c.

4' in divine epithets: ilū rabûti ham: šassunu ūšibuma ilī nam.meš sibittišunu ana purussi uktinnu the great gods, the fifty of them, sat down and appointed the gods of the decrees, the seven of them, to (render) decisions En. el. VI 81, cf. dìm.me.er gal.gal.la 50.ne.ne dim.me.er nam.tar.ra imina.ne. ne: DINGIR.MEŠ GAL.MEŠ hamšassunu DINGIR.MEŠ ši-ma-a-tim sibittišunu SBH 139 No. IV 153 f.: dAšaru ša kīma šumišuma išuru dingir.meš ši-ma-a-t[e] (vars. šima-a-tum, NAM.MEŠ) Ašaru who according to his name has organized the gods of the decrees En. el. VII 122, cf.  $[il\bar{u}]$   $b\bar{e}l$   $\check{s}i$ -ma-a-[ti]AnSt 10 112 ii 5 (Nergal and Ereškigal); šunūtima ilū rabûti EN.MEŠ  $\dot{s}i$ -ma-a-ti VAB 4 150 A iii 6 (Nbk.); Enlil MAN dNAM. [MEŠ] AKA 160 i 1 (Asn.), cf. ana ilāni dnam.meš ištarāti 3 2 and 3 (Sar.); rubâtu rabītu ilat ši-ma-a-ti (Ninlil) great princess, goddess of the decrees BMS 19:34 and dupl. PBS 1/1 17:37; EN NAM.MEŠ U E[Š.B]AR anākuma I am the lord of decrees and decisions BiOr

28 7 i 19 (Marduk Prophecy); Ea bel NAM. Maqlu VI 60, cf. Šamaš En šimat KUR attama Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 506:113, cf. Šamaš u Marduk En.meš nam. MEŠ (by) Šamaš and Marduk, lords of destinies TCL 9 138:18 (NB let.); beside uşurtu: bēl nam.meš u giš.hur.meš gāmir dīni muma'ir šamê u erşeti bēl mātāti attama you (Enlil) are the lord of destinies and designs, who settles the law case, who governs heaven and earth, lord of the lands KAR 68:15 and dupl. PBS 1/1 17:8, see Ebeling Handerhebung 20; umun nam.tar. tar.ra gašan hur.hur.ra me.en: bēlet nam.meš šarrat usurāte anā[ku] I am the lady of the fates, the queen of the cosmic designs KAR 100 ii 13 f.

qualifying another noun -1' in b) tuppi šīmāti: išânimma maltar anūtija liltassû ina mahrija ... ittašûnimma iltanassû dub nam.meš ilī rabûti šimta išīmšuma bring me (Ea) the manuscript written with my divine pronouncements, let them read it to me - they brought him the great gods' tablet of destinies, read it (to him), and he (Ea) assigned to him (Nabû) (his) character LKA 146:9, see Lambert, AnSt 30 78; lulqēma DUB ši-ma-a-ti ilī an[āku] I (Anzû) will take the gods' tablet of destinies JCS 31 82 iii 14, cf. tuppi nam.meš ša ina puhri [. . .] dEnlil itekim he (Anzû) has snatched from Enlil the tablet of destinies which [...] in the assembly ibid. 88 iv 10, cf. also dub ši-ma-a-ti ša qātēšu iii 9, and passim; īkimšuma dub nam. meš la simātišu ina kišibbi iknukamma irtuš itmuh (Marduk) took from him (Kingu) the tablet of destinies which was not rightfully his, sealed it with a seal, and fastened (it) on his own breast En. el. IV 121, cf. En. el. I 157, cf. [DUB] NAM.MEŠ ša dKingu itmuhu gātuššu STC 2 pl. 67:4, Wr. [DUB N]AM.TAR.MEŠ En. el. V 69; u'a Bābili ša kīma DUB NAM.MEŠ ina qātēja aşbatušuma la umaššarušu ana mamma woe, O Babylon, that I held

šīmtu 1b šīmtu 2a

in my hands like the tablet of destinies, handing it over to no one Cagni Erra dub nam.tar.ra dim.me. er.e.ne [...] : DUB ši-mat ilī ana qāti [...] BA 5 634 No. 6 r. 5f.; 4 šumka nāši dub nam.meš ilī kullat Igigī šū[tu= your fourth name is "Bearer of the tablet of destinies of the gods, of all the exceedingly great Igigi" 16:12, see Ebeling, WO 1 478, cf. (Nabû) našīma tup-pi nam.meš ana kala ilī za 53 238:13,  $n\bar{a}\check{s}i\ tup-pi\ {
m NAM.ME}\check{s}\ ilar{i}\ rab\hat{u}ti$ āšir kalama AfO 18 387:26, sābit gan tuppi elli nāši DUB ši-mat ilī Unger Bel-harranbeli-ussur 3, cf. also Levine Stelae 16:4, Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 473:3, sābit qan tup-pi NAM.MEŠ Hunger Kolophone No. 328:2, āhiz DUB ši-mat  $\lceil il\bar{i} \rceil$  RA 27 16:6.

2' designating a holy place: *iterbuma* ana bīt ši-im-ti they (Ea and Mami) entered the house of destiny (to create man) Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 60 I 249, cf. Marduk was conceived ina kişşi NAM.MEŠ (var.  $[\check{s}i-m]a-a-ti$ ) atman uşurāte in the sanctuary of destinies, the abode of (cosmic) designs En. el. I 79; Nintu is counting the months (of pregnancy) [ina bīt] šima-ti issû ešra arha in the house of destinies they now have proclaimed the tenth month Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 62 I 280; ina Ekur é nam.meš š $aq\hat{a}$   $r[\bar{e}š\bar{a}ka]$  you (Adad) are exalted in Ekur, the house of destinies BMS 21:60; BÁRA NAM.MEŠ parakku sīru ša Aššur ina gerbišu erammu ši-mat šamê u erseti išimmu the shrine of destinies, the lofty shrine, wherein Aššur takes up his residence and decrees the destinies of heaven and earth Borger Esarh. 87 r. 1; for other refs. see parakku; ki.nam.tar.ra. na KIŠ.BARšėi nam.bí.in.tuku.a: ašar ši-ma-a-tum kišda ē taršî you (Ištar) must have no restrictions in the place where the fates are decreed RA 12 74:25 f. (Exaltation of Ištar), see Hruška, ArOr 37 489, cf. [...]: ina Eridu ašar ši-ma-a-ti BA 5 648 No. 14:8.

- 3' other occ.: ina amat ši-im-tim  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}\acute{u}$ -ur-tim Kraus AV 274:13 and 277:20 (OB ext. prayer).
- c) (divine) decree: den.ki rubûm ra: bium ša ši-ma-tu-šu ina mahra illaka Ea, the great prince, whose decrees take precedence CH xlii 99, cf. ši-mat-ka bēlu lu maḥrat ilīma En. el. IV 21; ši-mat-ka la šanān segarka Anu your decree has no rival, your command is Anu En. el. IV 4 and 6: in the month of Simānu ša ina šimat Ani Enlil u Ea niššīku ana labān lib: nāti epēš āli u bīti 1T1. ds1G4 nabû šumšu which, according to the decree of Anu, Enlil, and Ea the prince, was named Month of the Brick god for the making of bricks, the building of cities and houses Lyon Sar. 6:58; [ša] NAM.MEŠ ilī rabûti ušatmehu rittukka (Ea) who handed over to you (Marduk) the decrees of the great gods Craig ABRT 1 29:10, cf. ši-ma-at mim= mami qātišša tamhat she (Ištar) holds in her hand the decrees of all things RA 22 170: 14 (OB); (Bēlet-ilī holds) nam.an. nam.dingir.re.e.ne.kex: šimat šamê u erşeti ši-mat ilāni BIN 2 22:72 f.
- 2. lot, portion, personal fate -a) in gen.: na.ám.tar gig.ga.ke, i.bí a.lù. lù : ši-ma-tu-šá marşa panūša dīmtu dul: luhu her lot is harsh, her face is convulsed with tears ASKT p. 119:12f.; šēdu muttaggišu ana ší-im-ti amēli iššakkan a roving spirit will be determined as the man's lot Labat Suse 6 i 36, cf. amēlu šû šikara la išattīma mê magal išatti ana NAMšú GAR-šú Labat TDP 172 r. 8; eţlu ša ina šimti-šú šaqummatu raksat (see šaqummatu) JTVI 26 153 i 5f., see RA 65 124; ki.sikil. la na.nam : ardatu la še-im-ta Bab. 4 pl. 3 A i 3, see RA 65 131; GIŠ.TUKUL ši-im-tim ša awīlim "weapon-mark" concerning the man's lot YOS 1046 ii 51 (OB ext.), cf. (an evil sign) ša ana ši-mat amēlūti [. . .] Or. NS 40 159 ii 9 (namburbi); mimmū tēpuši jāši u šimti-ia Maglu VI 70; amahhah atabbak ana qaqqad raggati šim-ti-ki I will dissolve (slag from a kiln, soot from a pot) and drip

šīmtu 2a šīmtu 2b

it on the head of your evil character Maglu III 117; note (elliptic?): *§umma it=* tenmidu ši-im-tum innahhazu if they (the two drops of oil) run together, (their?) lot(?) is: they (the man and woman) will marry CT 3 2:14, cf. ši-im-tum marsum imât ibid. 3 ff.; [ši]-im-tú lú // ki-mil-tú (or qí-iš-tú) i-bar (var. ši-im-tum // kimil-tum Lú i-[x]) (see  $b\hat{a}ru$  B usage a) Labat Calendrier § 41': 22, var. from Boissier DA 50:20; ilu ša ina bališu ina apsî ši-mat nišī la iššimmu (Marduk) the god without whom, in the deep, the fate of people would not be fixed BA 5 385: 9 and dupl. Scheil Sippar No. 7, see Ebeling Handerhebung 92; tabbi ši-ma-as-sú u kalušunu ittabiu decreed his fate and they all decreed (it) too JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 6 ii 3 (OB lit.); šim-ti  $u \leq [im-ta-ka...]$  my (the Horse's) lot and your lot Lambert BWL 178 r. 2 (Fable of Ox and Horse); den.líl.le uru nam.tar.áš. dug4.ga.šè ha.ba.an.ši.íb.íl.e:  $^{
m d}Enlil$  ana  $ar{a}li$  ša ši-ma-tu-šú a[rra] lippa[lis] may Enlil look upon the city whose fate is cursed Lambert BWL 263 r. 7; referring to gods: jattum nissassu[nu] lu ši-im-ti-i-ma may their sorrow be my own lot Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 98 III v 49 dnu.dím.mud nam.tar.zu bulùg.gá [...]: dEa ši-ma-tú ušarbīka ina ilī [rabûti] Schollmeyer No. 20:7f., see Laessøe Bit Rimki 53; išimmuma ša bēli (var.  ${}^{
m d}Bar{e}l$ ) ši-ma-tuš $({
m var.}$  -tu-uš)  $ilar{u}$   $abbar{u}$ šu En. el. IV 33. cf. ana Anšar mutīr gimillišunu išimmu šim-[ta] ibid. III 138, also III 10; difficult: aššāt ši-ma-tim irahhi Gilg. P. iv 32; in proper names: Si-im-ti (personal name) MAD 1 116: x+2, Si-ma-zu ibid. 145: x+1, fD  $\S{i}$ -ma-at- ${}^{d}Irra$  ZA 51 47 iv 25 f. (Ur III), GÁN Si-im-tum MDP 2 pl. 9 ix 12 (OAkk.):  $\acute{S}i$ -ma-at- $\acute{A}\check{s}\check{s}ur$  CCT 5 41b: 19, TCL 4 5:3, ICK 2 89:3, 310:13 (OA);  $\S{i}$ -ma-at-Nunu TIM 3 12:8,  $\check{S}i$ -ma-at-DN YOS 8 144:3, RA 73 123 No. 51:3, UET 5 234:14, 672:34, Si $ma-as-s\grave{a}$  ibid. 511:10 (all OB), ARMT 13 1 v 75, viii 33, x 58, ^fŠi-ma-tum, ^fŠi-ma-tim ARM 10 32 r. 20', 33:6, ARM 9 291 iv 24, see ARMT 16/1 p. 197.

b) with ref. to good or bad fortune: Enlil u Ninlil ina Ekur ši-mat ti.la li: šīmušu may Enlil and Ninlil in the Ekur decree for him a destiny of life 5R 33 vii 37 (Agum-kakrime), cf. nam.tar nam. ti.la tar.[...]: ša ši-mat bal $[\bar{a}ti...]$  BA  $10/1\ 103\ No.\ 23:1f.\ and\ 3f.,\ see\ also\ balatu\ s.$ mng. 1d, šâmu B mng. 1b-2'; hūd libbi u namār kabatti lišīm ši-ma-ti Winckler Sar. pl. 25:79, cf. ša ilāni rabûti ši-mat damigti išīmuš Streck Asb. 30 iii 88, ši-mat la dumqi dummuqu baši ittik[i] it is in your power (Ištar) to transform an unfortunate lot into a fortunate one Perry Sin pl. 4:12, see Ebeling Handerhebung p. 128; šim-ti lemutti šupėlu to turn (someone's) bad lot into good Šurpu IV 19, cf. [tu] štepelli ši-matam-ma (var. ši-mat-am-ma) idammig lemnu you invert the lots, what is bad becomes good Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 15:24 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 60:14, var. from Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 14:14; qabûm [u] ma=  $g\bar{a}[rum]$  lu ši-ma-tu-ka TCL 17 37:9 (OB let.); ši-mat RN . . . ana damigti liššak[in] (when Marduk sits upon this throne) may the lot of Simbar-Šipak be determined as a fortunate one JCS 19 122 r. 26; DN napluska ši-ma-at nahāši your (favorable) glance, Marduk, is a fate of prosperity RA 60 171:2 (MB seal); mimma gig lu ši-mat-ku-nu (may) whatever is bad be your lot Wiseman Treaties 490:  $[Mar]duk \dots [šim]-tum$ damiqti li-lam-min-ma may Marduk turn his fortunate lot into an unfortunate one Iraq 44 74:29 (NB lit.), cf.  $Nab\hat{u} u^{d}AMA[R]$ . UD (x)] MAN ši-ma-ti li-lu-min-šum RA 66 173:72 (Kudur-Enlil kudurru), Ea šar ši-im-tim ši-im-ta-šu lilemmin Syria 32 17 v 23 f. (Jahdunlim), cf. BBSt. No. 4 iii 11 (MB); Ningirsu u Bau alāla ṭāba ana ši-im-ti-šú la imannû (see alāla) BBSt. No. 3 vi 7; Aššur bēl ši-maa-ti ši-ma-ti-šú līrur may DN, lord of destinies, curse his destiny AKA 252 v 90 (Asn.), (Anu) ši-ma-ti-šu līrur CH xlii 52; šanāt hušahhim iklet la nawārim mūt niţil īnim ana ši-im-tim lišīmšum CH xlii 71, cf. CH xliii 62, cf. ikletu la namāri ana šim-tiku-nu lišīmu Wiseman Treaties 486; ši-ma-at

la naṭāli sakāk uzni . . . lišīmušu MDP 2 pl. 23 vii 35, and passim in curses, see also BBSt. No. 4 iv 11, Hinke Kudurru iv 6, Wiseman Treaties 434, Borger Esarh. 76:24, KAR 1 r. 18, RAcc. 131:61, all cited šâmu B mngs. 1b, 1c, and 2b.

c) referring to the king's function: ša Sin u Ningal ina libbi ummišu ana ši-maat šarrūti i-ši-mu ši-ma-at-su (Nabonidus) to whom Sin and Ningal assigned royal function from (the time) he was in his mother's womb VAB 4 218 No. 1 i 5 (Nbn.), cf. [ša Aššur] abu ilāni ina libbi  $ummija \ \check{s}i\text{-}mat \ \check{s}arr\bar{u}[ti \ i\check{s}\bar{\imath}mu \ (\check{s}\bar{\imath}m\bar{a}t\bar{\imath})]$ Streck Asb. 254 i 5, Ea eršu mudû mu-šim NAM.MEŠ-ia Borger Esarh. 96 § 65:4; ina bīt ridûti ašri šugluddi ša ši-mat šarrūti ina libbišu bašû (I entered) the house of succession, an awesome place wherein resides the nature of kingship Borger Esarh. p. 41 i 22; ši-ma-a-te(var. adds.meš) annâte ina pî ilāni rabûti ūṣânimma ana ši-im-tiia(var. -a) kīniš ukinnu these (royal) attributes were decreed by the great gods, they established (them) duly as my lot AKA 266 i 36 (Asn.); šim- $t\acute{u}$   $t\bar{a}btu$  šim- $t\acute{u}$ damiqtu...liššakin ina pīšun Borger Esarh. p. 27 viii 35 f., cf. OECT 6 pl. 26 K.3233:15, see Borger, BiOr 30 179:55 f., cf. ši-ma-at bēlūtišu ana kiššūti . . . ana dāriš tasgura AKA 31 i 24 (Tigl. I),  $Nusku \ldots ša \ldots ši$  $mat \ kišš[\bar{u}]t[i\check{s}u] \ ina \ libbi \ Ekur \ [\ldots]$ Weidner Tn. 36 No. 24:4: note ši-mat šulum šangûtija . . . ina pīšu kabti . . . littasgar AOB 1 124 iv 32 (Shalm. I); ultu şehērija ilāni rabûti āšib šamê u erşeti ši-ma-ti išīmu the great gods dwelling in heaven and on earth have determined my lot ever since I was a child Bauer Asb. 2 87:24, šatti= šamma ši-im-ta-šu wuttur mātātim šukni: šam šēpiššu increase(?) his lot yearly, subjugate the foreign lands under his feet CT 15 4 ii 15 (OB hymn to Adad), see Römer, Studien Falkenstein 186, cf. ši-ma-at dār pala'i nuhši BiOr 30 362:55 (OB lit.); Ea šar NAM.MEŠ šim-ta-šu ušannīma (if the king does not heed the law of his own land)

Ea, king of destinies, will alter his lot Lambert BWL 112:3 (SB Fürstenspiegel); note  $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$  Šamaš ša ittasi ina muhhi mātāti ...  $k\bar{i}ma$  ši-ma-at Šamaš abušu damqu my lord is the sun which rises (day after day) over all the lands as is the nature of the sun, his gracious father EA 147:8 (let. of Abimilki); difficult: ina šim-ti ša šarri  $b\bar{e}lija$ . .. 4  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}$ . ..  $idd\bar{u}ku$  according(?) to the š. of the king, my lord, they killed four soldiers (of the Babylonian king) ABL 259:11, also 262:16, 350:11 (all NB letters to Asb.).

- d) personified or deified: §i-ma-a-tu ^dNAM.MEŠ *māti lu ḥadâ limmellu bēlē parşi* kališunu let the fates of the land rejoice, let all the officeholders(?) play KAR 107:49 and dupl. 358:36; [lib]bi ilika libbi NAM-ka qāt ilika qāt ištarika lippa[tir] may the heart of your god, the heart of your fate, the hand of your god, the hand of your goddess be loosed No. 61 r. 7 and parallel 62 r. 5;  $\bar{u}m\bar{e}$ -ell $\bar{u}$ te  $ni\check{s}\bar{e}\lceil ru\rceil$ - $q\acute{u}$ (text - $\check{s}u$ ) -u-te  $n\bar{a}r\bar{a}$ te ihriu nam.tar.meš puhra iškunu ilāni *mātāti* in former days, faraway(?) peoples dug canals, the fates (and?) the gods of the lands (Anu, Enlil, and Ea) convened an assembly Lambert BWL 162:2 (MA fable); ša zenât nam-šú tusallam ittišu he whose fate is angry with him, you (Nabû) reconcile (his fate) with him KAR 25 i 10, wr. ^[d]NAM.MEŠ-Šú STT 55:37, see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 470; for dNAM.MES worshiped in Assyrian temples see Frankena Tākultu 114 No. 213.
- 3. (in idioms) death (as fulfillment of one's destiny) a) ana šīmti alāku to die: he was swept overboard ana ši-im-ti-šu illik ARM 14 4:12, cf. ana ši-ma-ti-šu ittalak ARM 1119:7, cf. also ARM 2 101:15, etc.; šumma nādinānum ana ši-im-tim ittalak if the seller has died (the purchaser will collect damages from the estate of the seller) CH § 12:5, and passim in CH, cf. šumma ina kilallīn ištēn ana ši-im-tim ittalak if one of the two dies Goetze LE § 17 A ii 4 and B i 14; warki PN mārušu ana ši-im-ti-šu illiku

šīmtu 3a

after his son PN died (he brought back the tablet) PSBA 33 pl. 29:27, see Iraq 42 67, cf. warki PN ana ši-ma-ti-š[a] ilku BE 6/1 58:6, cf. also Speleers Recueil 238:9; ištu PN ana ši-im-tim illiku u PN2 arkišu ana *ši-im-ti-šu illiku* BA 5 503 No. 33:18 and 20 (= Scheil Sippar 68), cf. YOS 5 222:22; ištu PN ana ši-ma-ti-ša illiku CT 6 47b: 13, also ibid. 6:27, x silver ana DAM PN inūma ana ši-im-tim(!) TCL 10 39 r. 11; ištu tuppi la ragāmim ušēzibūšināti u PN ana ši-mati-ša illiku after they made out to them the tablet renouncing claims and PN died (the adoption document was given to PN2) CT 47 63:52, cf. PBS 7 90:24, fPN ana ši-im-tim illik ARM 10 2:7; ištu abī ana ši-im-tim illiku ahhūja nudunnām ša pī tuppija ul iddinunim (see nudunnû mng. 2a) Fish Letters 6:22; abuja arki ši-im-ti-šu kî illiku after my father died (and I ascended the throne of my father) KUB 3 14:12 (let.), ef.  $k\bar{\imath}m\bar{e}$  RN a[rki]  $\delta i$ -im-ti- $\delta u$  illiku KBo 1 8:16, [ahu]ja RN ana ši-i-im-ti-i-šu kî il=liku when my brother RN died (I wept) EA 29:55 (let. of Tušratta), cf. also KBo 1 27:11; kīma RN . . . ana šim-ti ittalak Esarhaddon dies Wiseman Treaties 46 and passim in this text; [šar]ru pūhi ana šim-ti [lill]iki let the substitute king die ABL 362:8, cf., wr.  $\sin -t[e]$  ABL 594 edge 2, see Parpola LAS Nos. 166 and 249; UD. 16.KAM ana šim(!)-te lillik ABL 359 r. 2, also ABL 437:12, see Parpola LAS Nos. 135 and 280; itti ^fPN mārtišu ana nudunnê ittanni arkāniš ^fPN ana ši-mit tallikma ^fPN₂ aḥātka ana aššūtu aršēma minû itti 'PN2 ahātika ana nudunnê taddini he gave me (two slaves and ten minas of silver) as dowry with his daughter fPN, later on fPN died, and I took ^fPN₂ your sister as wife – what did you give me as dowry with PN2 your sister? TCL 12 32:12 (NB); PN mutūa ana šim-tum ittalak YOS 6 154:6; ina ūmu ana šim-tum tattalku VAS 5 43:13, ina ūmu fPN ana ši*im-ti ittalku* Nbk. 283:17, also Nbn. 380:5 (joined to Hebraica 3 15 f. = Moldenke 2 54); ina ūmu PN ina ši-ma-ti ittalku YOS 6 2:18, cf. ultu muhhi ša abūa RN ina ši-im-it

illiki Herzfeld API pl. 13 Na 15:25; note in lit.: ana šim-te i-ta-lak iqabbi (the exorcist) exclaims: He died! LKA 79:19, dupl. KAR 245:19, see TuL p. 68; note illikma ana šima-tu awīlūtim (Enkidu) has gone to the fate of man Gilg. M. ii 4 (OB); for other refs. see alāku mng. 4c-6'.

- b) as subject of verbs with the meaning "to take away": kīmu abu aššassu šim-ti ub-bil DAM arkīti ītahzuma when the father, his wife having died, has married a second wife SPAW 1889 829 (pl. 7) iii 17 (NB laws), cf. if a wife whose dowry her husband has taken has no son or daughter and mussu ši-im-ti ublu her husband dies (a dowry of the same value as her dowry is given to her from her husband's property) ibid. iv 12; for other refs. see abālu A mng. 4b; (PN gave a slave girl to her mother PN₂) adi baltat ittanaššīšima ūm ši-ma-tu-ša itarrâši PN2 AMA.A.NI ana PN DUMU.SAL mala išû . . . PN ileqqe as long as she (PN₂) lives, she (the slave girl) will maintain her, the day she (PN₂) dies (lit. when her fates lead her away), whatever PN2, her mother, owns, PN the daughter will take UCP 10 173 No. 105:7.
- c)  $m\bar{u}t$  š $\bar{i}mti$ :  $m\bar{u}t$  š $\bar{i}$ -im-ti-šu  $im\hat{a}t$  Labat Suse 4:17 (ext.), cf. tatbal  $umm\bar{a}n\bar{a}t$  Aš $\bar{s}ur$  . . . ina  $m\bar{u}t$  la ši-im-ti  $kaj\bar{a}na$  suk: kupu [. . .] (see  $sak\bar{a}pu$  B mng. 2) Tn.-Epic "iv" 7 and 17; for other refs. see  $m\bar{u}tu$  usage f-1'.
- d)  $\bar{u}m \ \bar{s}\bar{i}mti \ (\bar{s}\bar{i}m\bar{a}ti)$  dying day, day of (natural) death:  $\bar{s}alam \ annanna \ m\bar{a}r$  annanna  $lit\bar{u}r \ kullassu \ [ana \ \bar{u}\ ]m \ \bar{s}im-ti-\bar{s}\acute{u}$  liblut may the figurine of so-and-so, son of so-and-so, (which was used in black magic) return to the clay (whence it came), may (the man) live until his natural death Farber Istar und Dumuzi 230:39;  $k\hat{i}$  ina libbi  $\bar{s}atti$  ann $\bar{i}ti$   $\bar{u}m$  NAM- $\bar{s}\acute{u}$  uşurti  $q\bar{i}t$   $\bar{u}m\bar{i}\bar{s}u$  lemni  $\bar{s}a$  ittanamdaru . . . la ika $\bar{s}\bar{s}ada\bar{s}\bar{s}umma$  so that in this very year the day of his fate, the destiny of the unfortunate end of his days, which he

šīmtuf 3e šīmtuf 4a

fears, not reach him IM 67692:328 (tamītu. courtesy W. G. Lambert); ina ūm šim-ti-ia (in broken context) ZA 43 15:33 (SB lit.); adi umi nam.meš-šú aj ibib may he never be clean (of leprosy) to his dying day BBSt. No. 7 ii 17 (NB); note  $adi \ \bar{u}mi \ \check{s}i$ -DIM-ti- $\check{s}\acute{u}$ nu tūdu la iptūma to their dying day they did not come out (of hiding) (lit. did not open a path) OIP 2 83:42 (Senn.);  $\bar{u}m \ \check{s}i$ -im-tim  $\check{s}a \ nadiatim$  the memorial day of the nadītu's PBS 8/2 183:35, see Harris. Studies Oppenheim 110 ff.; cf. mimma annîm ina ūm ši-im-tim all these on the determined day Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 153:24, cf. ina šanîm ūmim ša ši-im-tim ibid. 27, but ilšu u ištaršu ūmšu u šim-ta-šu umašši: rušuma his god and his goddess, his day and his natural death have abandoned him (he is going on a road of no return) STT 73:37, see JNES 19 32; as Akkadogram in Hitt.: nutta ud-um ši-im-ti-ka ari when the day of your fate arrives KBo 4 10:5.

- e)  $\bar{u}m$  la  $\bar{s}im\bar{a}ti$  premature death (lit. the day not (in accordance with) the destinies):  $girri\bar{s}$  ina  $\bar{u}m$  la  $\bar{s}i$ -ma-ti(var.  $-t\hat{u}$ )  $iqamm\bar{e}\bar{s}u$  malku the king will burn him before his time Lambert BWL 74:64 (Theodicy), cf. (in broken context) ina  $\bar{u}m$  la  $\bar{s}i$ -ma-ti(var.  $-tu\bar{s}$ ) ibid. 130:89 (hymn to  $\bar{s}ama\bar{s}$ ); the king of Elam 3  $arh\bar{e}$  ul umal-lima ina  $\bar{u}me$  la  $\bar{s}i$ -im-ti- $\bar{s}u$   $urruhi\bar{s}$   $imt\bar{u}t$  suddenly died an untimely death before three months were up OIP 2 41 v 13 (Senn.); ina  $\bar{u}m$  NU NAM- $\bar{s}[u]$  imat] LBAT 1543:10, see Biggs, Iraq 29 129; [...]  $qur\bar{a}dika$  ina UD-um la  $\bar{s}i$ -[ma-ti...] KAR 303+ r. 6, see AfO 7 281 (Tn.-Epic).
- f) other idioms: ištu ūm imlû iṣbatu uruḥ ši-im-ti VAB 4 276 iv 36 (Nbn.).
- g) ina (pani) šīmti/šīmāti: nipūtum ina bīt nēpīša ina ši-ma-ti-ša imtūt (if) the pledge dies a natural death in the house of her distrainer CH § 115:33; ^fPN of her own free will and in full command of her faculties ina pani ší-im-ti-šà kirbāna ša PN₂ DUMU-šà iḥpīma anticipating her

death, broke the clod in regard to her son PN₂ MDP 22 137:5, cf. PN... ina pani ší-im-ti-šu Níg.GA-šu ālišu u ṣēršu... ša itti fPN₂ u fPN₃ ikkalu ina pani ší-im-ti-šu kirbāna ša pani u warki iḥpīma ana fPN₄ mārtišu iddišši (see kirbānu mng. 1e-2'b') MDP 23 285:4 and 10, also MDP 24 381:4 and 34, cf. i.bí na.ám.tar.mu.ka: ina pani šim-ti-ia BA 10/1 92 No. 14:10f.; ina ši-im-ti abija 1 me-at udu.ḤI.A u gud.ḤI.A ul aplu Wiseman Alalakh 9:3 (OB); difficult: what god has put this upon me midde ina ši-im-ti-ia ub-lam TIM 2 129:20 (OB lit.?); bēlī ina la šim-ti-ia la amât Köcher BAM 458:13.

- h)  $\delta i m \bar{a} t i$  alone: (he said) RN  $\delta i ma a t i$ Sennacherib is dead AfO 17 7 VAT 4923:6 (NB); Wr. NAM.MEŠ: 21 šanāti RN šarrūt Bābili īpuš ina MN ud. 8. kam nam. meš for 21 years Nabopolassar ruled Babylon, on the 8th of Abu he died Grayson Chronicles 99:10, cf. ibid. 72 i 24, cf. ina MN UD.7.KAM RN šar māt Elamti nam.meš ibid. 81 iii 25, cf. 74 i 38; MU.14 RN imrașma ina ekallišu NAM.MEŠ the 14th year: Nabonassar became ill and died in his palace ibid. 71 i 11, ina harrāni imraşma ina MN UD.10. KAM NAM.MEŠ ibid. 86 iv 31; LUGAL NAM. MEŠ King (Alexander) died LBAT 209:8, cf. (Antiochus) LBAT 1408 ii 12, cf. also šarru  $rab\hat{u}$  NAM.MEŠ Iraq 16 203f.: 10 and r. 9 (Sel. king list).
- 4. legal disposition, will, testament a) referring to the last will: PN ši-im-ti bītišu ša GN išīmma PN drew up a will (for the disposition) of his estate in Kaniš BIN 6 222:1, also ICK 1 12b:1, see von Soden, WO 8 212 ff., cf. PN mēt ší-im-tù-šu ula išīm BIN 6 2:4 (all OA); ši-im-ti bītišu aššatišu  $m\bar{a}ri\check{s}u\;i\check{s}\bar{i}m\;$  RA 77 21 No. 4:1, cf. ibid. 17 No. 2:4 (Emar), also ší-im-ti PN mārtiša išīm MDP 22 137:34; šittam... ammala ší-ma-at abišunu izuzzu the rest (of the inheritance) they will divide in accordance with the disposition (i.e., will) of their father Tum 1 22a:21, cf. ana bītim ša Kaniš (ša) PN wašbu u ší-ma-at abišunu u ana mimma šumšu PN₂ ana PN u ahišu . . . u'a ituar

šīmtu 4b šīmtu 5b

Jankowska KTK 103:8; PN . . . u PN₂  $b\bar{e}l$ &i-ma-ti-a PN and PN₂ are the witnesses (?) to my will RA 60 133:52, cf. ša bēl šíma-tí-a ana māmītim iraddiu ICK 1 12b: 34, see Wilcke, ZA 66 196 n. 1; tuppum ša šíma-at PN ina GN išti PN₂ . . . ibašši HUCA 39 33 L29-574: 28 (all OA); [P]N(?) i[prus]a(?)ši-im-ti ša mārīšu PN has determined(?) the disposition for his sons MRS 6 56 RS 15.120:4; tuppi ši-im-ti ša PN ši-im-ta ana aššatišu PN2 išīmu tablet with the will of PN, he drew up a will in favor of his wife ^fPN₂ HSS 13 366:1ff., also ibid. 465:1f., cf. tuppi ši-im-ti [ša] PN ši-im-ta ana PN₂ ana PN₃ [u] ana PN₄ [iši]mmuššunūti HSS 19 17:1 ff., see Speiser, JCS 17 65 ff., also RA 23 143 No. 5:1, JEN 443:1, 444:1, HSS 5 70:1, 72-74, and passim in Nuzi, see Speiser, AASOR 10 49 ff., wr. [tuppi š] i-mu-ti HSS 193:1, see šâmu B mng. 3b, wr. tuppi si-im-ti HSS 571:1;  $\delta an\hat{u}$  $\delta i - im - t \hat{u} j \bar{a} n u$  (for context see  $\delta i m u m a k u$ ) HSS 19 46:49.

b) other occs.: ina Ālim ammala ší-ma-tí-šu-nu izuzzu and they will divide (the estate) in the City in accordance with their decisions TCL 14 21:11; see also BIN 4 106, cited šâmu B mng. 3a.

5. original amount, principal (OA) a) referring to silver: kaspam ina ší-imtim ša kalā'im akallāma adi 5 ūmī kaspam u sibassu ašaggalakkunūti CCT 3 12b:6; şibtam anāku ašaggal šūt ší-im-tám išag: galma I will pay the interest, he will pay the original amount KTS 40:28, cf. AnOr 6 pl. 8 No. 22:28; kaspam ší-im-tám u uttatam šaddinašuma sibtam u uttatam sibtam illibbišu id'ama collect the silver, the principal amount, and the barley from him, and charge the interest and the interest on the barley to him ICK 1 13:15, cf. kīma lagā' kaspim ší-im-tí-a u uṭṭitim ší-im-tí-a epšama u ana sibat kaspim u sibat uttitim isurtušu esra ibid. 22; 2 mana kaspam ší-im-tám mer'ū PN ana «ana» PN2 išaqqulu PN's sons will pay two minas of silver, the principal, to PN2 RA 59 32 MAH 15876:20;  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mana kaspam ší-im-tám ša 9 iti.kam sibtam  $4\frac{1}{2}$  gín.ta . . . ašqulCCT 5 37a:16, ef. ICK 1 175:7, ef. [...] šíim-tám utarrakkum BIN 6 66:10, also ibid. 213:25; x silver ištu sibtī ākulu i-ší-im-tí-a  $ar\bar{i}ham \text{ ICK 2 127:7}; ana 7\frac{1}{2} \text{ GÍN KÙ.GI } q\bar{a}tija$ ana ½ mana kù.BABBAR ší-im-tim am: tagarkunu I reached an agreement with you concerning seven and one-half shekels of gold, my share (equivalent to an investment share) of one-half mina of silver, the original amount Kültepe a/k 1411:8, cited Or. NS 36 398; ana x KÙ.BABBAR &i-im-tim PN  $t\bar{a}pul$  HUCA 39 20 L29-564:12; ší-ma-sú-nu lilge'u TCL 20 84:25; 16 mana ší-im-tám ilge KT Hahn 15:20; x kaspam şarrupam ina ší-im-tim irīhma işşēr PN  $tamk\bar{a}rum \ i\check{s}u \ \text{TuM 1 14d+ A 3(= MVAG 33)}$ No. 101), also AnOr 6 pl. 6 No. 17:31; miššu... KÙ.BABBAR ší-im-tám la kašdu how is it (that for two years you have charged me with transportation costs so that) the silver falls short of the original amount? CCT 2 26b:16; note ší-ma-at kaspim tušēbi= lâm CCT 4 32b:6.

b) referring to other commodities: šīm 40 narug aršāt ší-im-tí-a 4½ GÍN.TA akkar: pitim 12 mana kaspum šīmša the price of forty sacks of wheat of my s., at a rate of four and one-half shekels of silver per karpatu measure, is twelve minas of silver Kienast ATHE 12:23; TÚG.HI.A anniūtum šíim-tum ša PN ICK 1 81:25; annakka ší $ma-at-k\grave{a}$  ibašši TCL 14 42:10 and 22, cf. BIN 4 124:7; difficult: ana warhim şuhārī šíim-tám tutarram (when I return the two oxen and the lamb to you) you will return to me in a month my employee, the &. OIP 27 18a:10, cf. ibid. 7 and 16; why do you seize me? amur mera' tamkārika šíim-tám ukallim şabassu see, your agent has produced the s., seize him! OIP 272:12.

For KBo 1 35 ii 18 (= Erimhuš Bogh. B 20') see MSL 17 118 note to line. In the ref. (do not linger where there is a dispute) ina ṣaltimma iraššūka šim-ta (or: BI-iš-ta) they will get you as arbiter(?) in the dis-

šimţātu šīmu la

pute(?) Lambert BWL 100:33, the word pīštu may occur.

Oppenheim Ancient Mesopotamia 201 f. Ad mng. 3a: Wilcke, ZA 66 196 ff. Ad mng. 3d: Wilcke, Isin—Išān Baḥrīyāt 3 105 n. 1. Ad mng. 5: Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade note 92.

šimţātu (šindātu, šindētu) s. pl.; (mng. uncert.); OB, SB.

KU.bi.a =  $\delta i$ -in-ta- $[tu \, \delta a \, x]$ , ba.si.ga = min  $\delta a \, [x]$ , e.Ku.ba.sur.sur.ra = min  $\delta a \, me$ - $e \, x$ -[x-x], ir.sur.sur.ra = min  $\delta a \, [zu^*ti]$ ,  $\delta a \, u \, u \, v$ .  $\delta u \, u \, v$ . ra = min  $\delta [a \, x]$ ,  $\delta u \, u \, u \, u$ . ba = min  $[\delta a \, x]$ ,  $[\delta u]$ . gur₅. gur₅.ru =  $[min \, \delta a \, x]$  Nabnitu Q 91 ff. (= XXIII 76 ff.); kuš.ka.dù =  $\delta in$ (var.  $\delta im$ )-de-e-tum (var.  $\delta i$ -in-de-e from N 952+) Hh. XI 166 f.; tu₇.ar.za. na.sig₅.ga =  $\delta in$ -de-e-tum Hg. B VI 98, in MSL 11 89.

Ú A.KAL šim-ţa-te: Ú hīl harūbi Uruanna I 188 (= II 108); Ú A.KAL šim-ţa-te šIM ŠEŠ: Ú KI.MIN (= ZÚ.MEŠ unnušāti): KI.MIN (= ana muḥḥi šinnī šakānu) Köcher BAM 1 i 13 and dupls.; [x].MEŠ šim-ţa-a-ti (in broken context) AMT 84,6:2; uncert. (possibly to šimtu): ana ši-im-ţa-tim [nī]di ahim la tarašši Kraus, AbB 10 69:10.

The first three entries in Nabnitu have to do with canals, and the next four with rubbing and polishing; see *šamāṭu* lex. section. The relation between these meanings, if any, and even the referent of MIN, which may be *šinṭātu* or *šimṭu*, q.v., are not known. The entries *šindētu* (a leather cover) in Hh. XI and *ḥīl šimṭāte* in Uruanna most likely also represent different words.

šimţu (šinţu, or šimdu, šindu) s.; plucked wool; OB, Nuzi; cf. šamāţu.

níg.al.ùr.ra, bar.síg.ùr.ra = ši-in-[tú] Nabnitu Q 89 f. (= XXIII 74 f.); síg.ùr = ši-in-tu Hh. XIX 98, also (followed by šutů) ibid. 45. ši-in-tu = ši-pat kur-ri Malku VI 193.

ana ši-im-di-im ašpurakkum ši-im-daam ul tušābi[lam] I wrote you for š., but you did not send me any š. Kraus, AbB 5 267:21 f., cf. (in broken context) 1 ši-im-da-[am] 5 MA.NA šu-tu-um ibid. 123:5, also 1 GÚ ši-im-da-am šūbilam CT 52 156:12 (all OB letters); 30 MA.NA ši-in-tum HSS 14 520:30 (Nuzi); uncert.: ši-im-ṭam ši-im-tam ú-pí-tam ta-ša-KI-ma (see šimtu mng. 1b) Köcher BAM 393 r. 17 (OB).

For sig.ùr see Waetzoldt Textilindustrie 60.

Deller, Or. NS 54 327 ff.

šīmu s. masc. and fem.; 1. price (paid or fetched), proceeds of a sale, value, 2. goods, merchandise, 3. purchase, sales opportunity, market; from OAkk. on; in OAkk., OA, NB often pl. šīmū, fem. rarely in NB, see usage 1g-2'; wr. syll. and šám(NINDÁ׊E.A.AN), šàm(NINDÁ×AN) (MA, RS) (NINDÁ׊E CT 32 7 ii 7', JCS 19 27 No. 2:6, Pre-Sar.), Níg. šám; cf. šâmu A.

šá-am nindáךe.a.an = ši-i-mu Sb II 201; [saam]  $[NINDA \times SE(+A.AN)] = \delta i - i - [mu] A VII/1:18;$ é. šám. ma =  $b\bar{\imath}t$  š[i-i-mi] Proto-Kagal Bil. Section A 9;  $\delta \Delta m = \delta i - im - [x]$  KUB 3 94 ii 6', parallel KBo 26 50:2'; šám (var. sa-amšám) = ši- $\vec{i}$ -mu,  $\vec{s}$   $\vec{a}$  m.  $\vec{b}$  i =  $\vec{s}$ i-im- $\vec{s}$ u (vars.  $\vec{s}$ im- $\vec{s}$ ú,  $\vec{s}$ i-in- $\vec{s}$ u), šám. bi. šè = a-na ši-mi(var. -me) -šu, šám. bi. šè in.gar = ana ši-mi-šu iš-kun, šám.(nu.) til.la = ši-mu (var. ši-i-mu) (la) ga-am-ru, šám. (nu.) til. la.bi = ši-im-šu (la-a) ga-am-ru, šám.til.la.bi. šè = ana ši-mi-šu (vars. ši-i-mu, ši-me-šu) gam-ruti, egir.šám.nu.til.la.bi.šè = ana ár-kàt šimi(var. -me)-šu la-a min (= gam-ru-ti) Ai. II iii 36'-45', vars. from Hh. I 297-304; ní[g.šám.  $[x] = [x]a \ \text{$i$-mi-im} \ \text{Nigga Bil. B 64}; \ \text{$i$-$e.$im} = [x]a \ \text{$i$-mi-im} \ \text{Nigga Bil. B 64}; \ \text{$i$-$e.$im} = [x]a \ \text{$i$-mi-im} \ \text{Nigga Bil. B 64}; \ \text{$i$-$e.$im} = [x]a \ \text{$i$-$mi-im} \ \text{Nigga Bil. B 64}; \ \text{$i$-$e.$im} = [x]a \ \text{$i$-$mi-im} \ \text{Nigga Bil. B 64}; \ \text{$i$-$e.$im} = [x]a \ \text{$i$-$mi-im} \ \text{Nigga Bil. B 64}; \ \text{$i$-$e.$im} = [x]a \ \text{$i$-$mi-im} \ \text{Nigga Bil. B 64}; \ \text{$i$-$e.$im} = [x]a \ \text{$i$-$mi-im} \ \text{Nigga Bil. B 64}; \ \text{$i$-$e.$im} = [x]a \ \text{$i$-$mi-im} \ \text{Nigga Bil. B 64}; \ \text{$i$-$e.$im} = [x]a \ \text{$i$-$mi-im} \ \text{Nigga Bil. B 64}; \ \text{$i$-$mi-im} \ \text{$i$-$$ MIN (=  $\delta e - im$ )  $\delta i - i - me$  Hh. II 114; udu.  $\delta \Delta m = \delta \Delta d$ &i-i-mu Hh. XIII 174, &i = &a &i-i-[me]ibid. 339s; síg.šám = šá ši-i-mu Hh. XIX 88;  $[a.\check{s}\grave{a}].\check{s}\acute{a}m = \min(=eq-lu)\check{s}i-i-mu$  (all followed by KI.LAM =  $\delta a \ mah \bar{i}ri$ ) MSL 11 172:31' (Hh. XX); [x].x.a.sè.ke = MIN (= sa-na-qu) šá ši-[i]-[m]i Nabnitu N 111.

níg.šám.ma.ninda.diš.a.kam lú.na. [me] mu.mu nu.mu.un.pà: i-na ši-im ištēn NINDA ma-am-ma-an šu-mi ú-ul i-za-kar no one remembers me with even the price of one loaf of bread PBS 1/2 135:28f.

1. price (paid or fetched), proceeds of a sale, value — a) in OAkk. (usually pl.): (four persons) šībūt enma PN ana PN₂ in bītim ši uš-tá-a-Bſ-la ana šittim šAM-

šīmu 1 b

me lušqulkum are witnesses to (the fact that) PN said to PN₂: In (or: Concerning?) the house which I ..., for the rest (of it?), I will pay you the price Gelb OAIC 10:9; (list of objects brought by PN for five persons) kù.gi (space) šám-mu-su gold (was) the price (paid) for it ibid. 33:62; barley ana šám-me GÉ[ME(?)] MAD 1 140:5', cf. ibid. 7'; field SAx(NINDÁ׊E)sù 30 še gur.sag.gál [...] its price is x barley CT 32 7 ii 7'; 33 UDU.HI.A 4 (PI) 2 (BÁN) ŠÁM-su-nu ŠE 28 (GUR) 3(PI) GUR - 33 sheep (worth) four PI two seahs (each), their (total) value is 28 gur three PI of barley MAD 4 16 i 2, cf. ibid. 5 and 7 (list of barley expenditures), cf. (a field) ŠÁMsu x kù.babbar mad 1 67 ii' 4, 74 i' 2; ana ŠÁM-me ŠIM PN Ì.RÁ.RÁ im[hur] PN, the perfume maker, received (silver) as the price of perfume MAD 1 37:2, cf. 15 KÙ. BABBAR GÍN ana NÍG. ŠÁM 2 KÙ. GI GÍN PN tamkārum ište PN2 imhur MAD 4 4:2; for other refs. see Gelb, MAD 3 259f.; note in sing.: (a donkey) itti PN PN2 išām si-im- $[s\dot{u}(?)]$  6 GUR  $\S[E]$  (var.  $\S AM_x(NIND\acute{A} \times \S E)$ . BI SE.BI 6 GUR) PN, bought from PN, its price (is) six gur of barley JCS 1927 No. 2:6 (case), var. from tablet (Ur III).

b) in OA - 1' in gen.:  $10\frac{2}{3}$  GÍN KÙ. BABBAR ana ší-im 1 alpim ašqul I paid x silver as the price of one ox BIN 4 157:35; x silver ana ší-im bītim u kī= dā[tim] iššiqil 5 ma.na ana ší-im bītim nakirim iššigil has been paid as the price of a house and . . . ., (and) five minas (of silver) has been paid as the price of another house CCT 5 8a: 29 ff.; ina alākija ší-im-ša awwabrim [aš]aqqal come, I will pay the price for it to the wabrum ibid. 1b: 30; (seals of seven perša x kù.babbar liti ší-im PN PN, ana PN, mutiša tašqulunima (certifying) that PN2 paid to PN3, her (PN's) husband, x... silver, the purchase price of PN ICK 1 19a:8 (case) and 19b:2 (tablet);  $4\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN i-ší-mì-šu ahhur he is in arrears by x silver of the purchase price Contenau Trente tablettes cappadociennes 16:5; ŠÀ. BA x kaspum ší-im hurāşim tahi in it has been included x silver, the price of the gold BIN 4 148:35; ina  $14\frac{2}{3}$  GÍN 15 ŠE KÙ. BABBAR ša ana GN ublu 19(!) GÍN KÙ. BABBAR ší-im 4 dug aršāti ša ina GN algeu from 14 shekels and 135 grains of silver which I took to GN (and) 19 shekels of silver, the price of four karpatu measures of wheat which I bought in GN CCT 123:3; 5  $narug \ GIG \ldots 4\frac{1}{2} \ GÍN.TA \ 1\frac{1}{2} \ mana \ KÙ.$ BABBAR ší-im-ší-na five sack-loads of wheat, at  $4\frac{1}{2}$  shekels each (karpatu), their (the twenty karpatu's) price is one and one-half minas of silver CCT 5 37a:7; 63 pirikannum ša lubūš suhārī  $1\frac{5}{6}$  mana  $\frac{1}{4}$ GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ší-im-šu-nu — 63 pirikan= nu textiles for the employees' clothing,  $110\frac{1}{4}$  shekels of silver is the price paid for them BIN 4 162:3, cf. ibid. 5, 7, 10, etc. (inv.), cf. OIP 27 55:54, cf. kaspam šíim-šu kunukma ana amtija dinma TCL 19 kaspam ší-im luqūtika TCL 49:8, also ší-im luqūtim ša libbišu ibid. 96:18; I paid x silver for textiles ina ší-im weri'im u uttitim from the proceeds of the sale of copper and barley BIN 4 188:17; lu kaspam ša bīt kārim...lu ša ší-im emārē šaddinma have paid out either the silver from the office of the  $k\bar{a}ru$  or (silver) from the price of the donkeys CCT 4 13a:40, cf. 2 mana kaspam şarrupam ša ší-im 2  $em\bar{a}r\bar{e}$  . . . PN šabbu ICK 1 102:2; šumma ana ší-mìim (ša) emmerī isahhiunikku if they make trouble for you regarding the price of the sheep OIP 27 6:18; 5 mana AN.NA ku: nukkija PN ublakkum ší-im annikija kas: pam šēbilam PN has brought you 5 minas of tin under my seal, send me the proceeds of the sale of my tin in silver VAT 9285:8, cited J. Lewy, HUCA 27 33 n. 115; 280 mana urudu(?) ina ší-im kutānī išti šā: pirim ēzib I lent to the overseer 280 minas of copper(?) from the sales price of the kutānu textiles ICK 1 92:12, cf., wr. ší-i-im 1 TÚG  $kut[\bar{a}nim]$  ibid. 191:2;  $di\tilde{s}=$ šunu u ana ší-im-šu-nu (for šīmišunu) sap= tinnī damqūtim ša-a-ma sell them (the textiles) and for their price buy fine  $saptinnu \text{ textiles } KTS 36c:8; \frac{1}{2} mana \text{ KU}.$ BABBAR ší-im ir pn ša pn, pn, ana ší-[mì]-im ana PN4 iddiššunu ší-mì-šu ilge onehalf mina of silver, price of the slave PN (property) of PN2, PN3 has sold him (text: them) to PN₄ and has received the price for him CCT 5 20a: 4 ff., see Kienast Altass. Kaufvertragsrecht 124 No. 14; šumma ina gamār warhim annîm 15 gin kù.babbar ší-mì-ša ittablunim u itarru'uši if by the end of this month they should bring the 15 shekels of silver, her (the pledged slave girl's) price, they may take her away TCL 21 252:23; allān kaspim annîm mimma ší-im şubātī ša-NIM illibbija la ibašši apart from this silver, I owe no other price for textiles Kienast ATHE 66:32; šumma 2 emārī PN u PN, ērišuka ší-im-šu-nu kīma ubbulūni gumur: ma emārī waššeršunuma if PN and PN2 ask you for two donkeys, release to them the donkeys only at the best price they can fetch CCT 4 35a: 20, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 439, cf. şubātī ša tašpuranni šíim-šu gumurma išti PN šēbilaššuma ší-im şubātīka weriaka u hurāşam lušēbilakkum as regards the textiles about which you wrote me, send the full price with PN, and I will send you the proceeds from the textiles, your copper and the gold BIN 4 62:15ff.; 17 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ší-im am-té-e PN talqe PN2 išām PN has received 17 shekels of silver, the slave girl's price, PN₂ has bought (her) ICK 1 123:2; x silver ší-im amtim TCL 20 176:2, cf. ší-im 4 amātim u 9 suhrim ibid. 183:4; lu ší-im maškī ša alpī lu ša emmerī (copper) the price of ox or sheep hides CCT 5 28b:12; 10 mana KÙ. BABBAR ší-im 5 mana NA₄-tí ZA.GÌN. DURU, ten minas of silver, the price of five minas of greenish(?) lapis lazuli CCT 5 24b:1; ší-im 130 samruātim 2 gín. ta  $4\frac{1}{3}$ mana AN.NA (see samrūtu) TCL 20 157:6; ší-im emārī mala taš'amāni the price for the donkeys, as many as you (pl.) may have bought for me HUCA 39 33 L29-574:18; amtam PN ana ší-mì-im ana 6 gín kù.

BABBAR išti PN2 u PN3 PN4 u PN5 iš'umuši PN₄ and PN₅ have bought the slave girl PN from PN2 and PN3 for six shekels of silver BIN 4 209 case 6; šumma ana šími-im taddiššu kaspam ší-im kunukkišu dissum if you have sold it (PN's seal), give him the silver, the proceeds from his seal KTS 33b:12; (buy for me various articles of clothing) annakam ší-imšu(text -ku)-nu laddinakkum I will give you their price here VAT 9237:14, cf. umma  $n\bar{e}numa \, \delta i-im-\delta u-nu \, al\bar{e}$  we said: Where are the proceeds from them (the garments)? (cf. ale kaspum line 15) ICK 1 81:28; difficult: kaspam ší-im-ší-na ul matīssina laddimma ana ší-im matītišina kaspam maššilam BIN 626:12 ff., see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 160; see also mahāşu mng. 3d.

2' referring to the Anatolian palace's right of pre-emption -a' and  $\tilde{simim}$ lagā'um: şubātū ana ekallim ēliuma šà. BA 12 subātī nishātim ekallum ilge 22 şubātī [a]na ší-mì-im ekallum ilqe the textiles went up to the palace, and from them the palace took twelve textiles as tax, (and) the palace bought 22 textiles CCT 3 28b: 10f., cf. BIN 4 65: 8, cf. also 17 TÚG makūhī ša PN 3 Túg kuwāūtim ekallum 20 MA.NA.TA ana ší-mì-im ilqe KTS 18:7f., mimma annîm ana ší-mì-im ekallum ilqe VAT 13514:13, cited Hecker Grammatik p. 253 § 153a, and passim; ina 4 subātīšu ša ēliū: ninni 3 gín kù.babbar nishātušu[nu] 6 GÍN ina şubātī ša a-ší-mì-im ekallum ilqeu ikšussu of four textiles of his that have come up here, three shekels of silver are the nisihtu tax on them, six shekels resulted for him from the textiles which the palace has bought TCL 19 34:19, cf. lu nishātum lu a-ší-mì-im CCT 4 13a:22; note: 23 TÚG 10-tum ištēn ekallum ana šími-im ilqe the palace bought 23 textiles as tithe (on the 239 textiles) ATHE 62:12, see Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 157 ff.

šīmu 1c šīmu 1c

b' šīmum, ša šīmim: ištu nishātum u ša ší-mì-im işhirūni 89¼ Túg izku'unim after the nisihtu tax and the (textiles subject to) pre-emption have been deducted,  $89\frac{1}{4}$ textiles have been cleared for me ICK 1 see also nisihtu mng. 4a; ší-mì-im [i]kšudam the pre-emption amounted (to x silver) ICK 2 280:4; 6 kutānū ša ší-mì-im (beside nishātum) TCL 19 24:9; difficult: the copper ana bit PN errabma ša ší-mì-im uštenerrabma will come into the house of Uşur-ša-Aššur, and he will gradually bring in the respective (lots subject to) pre-emption(?) Berytus 3 p. 82:26.

c) in OB, Mari, Elam, Alalakh -1' in gen.: ši-im alpim balţim u uzu alpim mītim bēl alpim kilallān izuzzu the two owners of the oxen divide between them the value of the live ox and the carcass of the dead OX Goetze LE § 53 A iv 14; subātī addiš: šumma . . . ana maţîm ilgēma ina ši-im şubātim ½ GÍN 20 ŠE KÙ.BABBAR iktala I sold him a garment of mine, he bought it for very little (money) and (still) he kept back 110 grains of the price of the garment Kraus AbB 1 34:11; ši-ma-am mahrāku I have received the purchase price (for a house plot) VAS 16 126:16 (let.); šam-šu ullānumma bišmamma ina tuppim šuţramma šūbilam (see bašāmu C) Sumer 14 73 No. 47: 24 (Harmal let.); PN bought from PN₂ a slave níg.šám.ma.ni 10 gín kù. BABBAR whose price is ten shekels of silver PBS 8/2 157:3; the witnesses testified  $k\bar{\imath}ma$  15 gín kừ.babbar šám 1 sar É.[DÙ.A] PN ilqû that PN had taken 15 shekels of silver, the price of a one-sar house TCL 1 157:42; 1 šušši PÉŠ.A.ŠÀ. GA abī ši-ma-am marşussu liddinma . . . ši*im-šu-nu ina* GN . . . *luddin* let my father pay any price for sixty harriru mice, I will reimburse their price in Babylon CT 29 20:12 ff., also CT 33 24:15, cf. PBS 7 20:14; KÙ.BABBAR ŠÁM 3 SAG.GÉME.MEŠ ana PN tamkārim . . . addin I gave to PN the merchant the silver for purchasing

three slave girls PBS 7 100:13; kaspam mala š[AM] amtim išaggal he will pay silver corresponding to the value of the slave girl Goetze LE § 22 A ii 18; mišil šám-šu išaggal he will pay half of his (the slave's) value (as compensation) CH § 199:64, cf. §§ 220:94, 225:33, 238:60, 247:25, 248:34; aššum subātī ša ši-im-šu-nu la nadnu as for the textiles whose price has not (vet) been handed over CT 33 23:4; šumma sābītum ana šám šikarim še'am la imtahar if the tavern keeper does not accept barley in payment for beer CH § 108:16; ina panītim šêm ana ši-im aban kišādim addinakkumma aban kišā<di>ja ul tašāmam previously I gave you barley to purchase a pendant, but you did not buy me my pendant ARM 10 109:7; kaspam ana ši-mi-šu tukillamma ul amgurka OECT 3 77:10, see Kraus, AbB 4 155; kaspum ul ibšīšumma ana ēnim paga[ršu] [a]na šimi-im i['il] he had no silver (to repay his debt), so he contracted himself to the  $\bar{e}nu$ JCS 9 99 No. 88:8 (OB Diyala); two gur one PI of barley šám x zú.lum ki PN PN2 ù PN3 šu ba.an.ti the price of seven gur three PI of dates, PN2 and PN3 have received from PN (at harvest time they will deliver the dates) BIN 2 88:2, and passim in business transactions contracting for future delivery, cf. (dates and oil received, barley to be delivered) Boyer Contribution 196:3, cf. also 10 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ana ŠÁM ŠE KI PN PN2 ilge (in MN he will pay the barley) MDP 23 191:1, x silver ana šám še. Giš.ì YOS 13 22:2, cf. ibid. 33:2, 195:2, 209:2; x î.GIŠ KÙ. BI  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA  $\frac{2}{3}$  GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ana ŠÁM SAG.ÌR.MEŠ Gutî namrūtim x oil, worth  $20\frac{2}{3}$  shekels of silver, for the purchase of fine Gutian slaves Meissner BAP 4:3; 8 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR . . . ana ši-im 2 gín hurāşim ARM 18 67:6, cf. ibid. 68:6, ARMT 22 260:7 and passim; 168 shekels of silver ana ši-im 7 GÚ URUDU KUR-i ina mahīrāt 2½ MA. NA.AM for buying seven talents of copper ore(?), at the rate of two and one-half minas (of copper per shekel of silver) ARM 7 135:2; 1 (BÁN) 8 (SÌLA) ana šīmu 1c šīmu 1c

šám(copy gú.ša) 3 guggurātim x (barley) for the purchase of three *quaguru* vessels TCL 11 237:8; ŠÀ.BA 12 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR Ša ana šám A. šá ša GN in this (amount) is included twelve shekels of silver which is (earmarked) for the purchase price of a field in GN MDP 28 540:8; x silver SAM SAG.GÉME Boyer Contribution 109:1, 4, etc., ten shekels of silver SA 1/3 MA.NA KÙ. BABBAR ŠAM SAG.ARAD YOS 13 279:2, cf. ibid. 316:3, 321:2, 476:2, cf. (of fish) Boyer Contribution 137: 2, 266: 1, Pinches Berens Coll. 95: 2, (of barley) BIN 2 73:2, 5, 8, (of wool) Szlechter Tablettes 41 MAH 16.343:6 and 11, (of oil) ibid. 38 MAH 16.376:2, (of garlie) ibid. 39 MAH 16.621:2; I SAR É.DÙ.A ša ŠÀM.BI  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA. NA KÙ.BABBAR ana harrānišu iškuššum he assigned to him a one-sar built-up plot, whose value is one-third mina of silver, for his "road" YOS 8 125:17; 2 (PI) 3 (BÁN) 6 SÌLA Ì.GIŠ ŠÁM 13 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR YOS 13 31:2: 1 TÚG ŠÀM 4 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ibid. 356:1; 2 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ŠÀ ŠÁM PN two shekels of silver, from the proceeds of selling (the slave) PN BE 6/2 26 i 14, cf. ibid. iv 5 (division of inheritance), cf. ŠÀ ŠÁM É PN PBS 8/1 78:8; ša níg. ŠÁM kitum (for kittim) la i-hu(text -AH)-zu-ú Šamaš lišāhissu (see ahāzu mng. 9a-3') MDP 28 p. 5:8; note matima ina šám 15 še kù. BABBAR *šumī ul tahsusi* you never remembered me with anything worth (even) 15 grains of silver YOS 2 15:10, and see PBS 1/2 135:28f., in lex. section; referring to equivalent in commodities other than silver: 2 (BÁN) ZÚ.LUM ŠÀM 5 GUR IN. NU.DA two seahs of dates, equivalent of five gur of straw Birot Tablettes 20:6, cf. ibid. 16:6, 17:8, 13, and passim, see p. 152b; 2 SÌLA Ì.X ŠÁM 3 SÌLA Ì.SAG YOS 12 305:1; (barley) ší-im udu.nitá MDP 23 308:8, 11: ši-im-šu apil zaku Wiseman Alalakh 66:7, ef. mi-im-mu-sú ši-im-šu . . . lu apil JCS 8 8 No. 98a: 4 (both OB Alalakh); in math.: 1 ŠÁM SAHAR.BI MCT 91 ff. 0:3, 5, and passim, see ibid. p. 97.

2' šīmu gamru, šīmū gamrūtu full price - a' in OA (atypical): şuhāram...ana ½ MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR ana ší-im ga-me-er taddinam UF 7 316 No. 2:7, also ibid. 15.

in OB: u ana 40 sar gán.ki 3 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ŠÁM.TIL.LA.BI.ŠÈ PN «ŠÁM.TIL.LA.BI.ŠÈ» iddin and for forty SAR of .... field Balmunamhe gave three shekels of silver as its full price Riftin 28:13, PN ana gamirtim išām ana šimi-šu gamrim kaspam išqul PN bought (a house) for the full (price), he paid the silver as its full price Meissner BAP 35:10f., and passim, ana ŠAM.TIL.LA.BI.ŠÈ YOS 13 322:9; in Sum. formulation: šám.til.la. ni.šè in.na.lá he paid to him (x silver) as his full price (for the house) TCL 10 1:10, and passim in OB purchase docs., Wr. šám.til.la.an.ni.šè TCL 10 44:8, šàm. til.la.bi.šè YOS 13 39:8, 244:8, etc.; note: IN.ŠI.IN.ŠÁM ga-am-ri x KÙ.BABBAR . . . išqul ibid. 379:6; aššum kirîm ša baqrāta ištu mu.10.kam awat šarrim iššakinma  $b[\bar{\imath}t]um\ u\ kir\hat{\imath}m\ \check{s}i$ -mu-um gamrum i $t\bar{u}r$ as regards the orchard which you are claiming, already ten years ago there was a royal decree and - (concerning both) the house and the orchard — the full price (was) returned ABIM 8:7; the mayor and the kāru of Sippar tuppāt ši-im ga-meer ša PN išāmu īmuru CT 48 3:17; note ši-im eqliš[un]u kaspam gamram libbašunu  $t\bar{u}b$  they are satisfied with regard to the price of their field, the full (amount of) silver BE 6/1 5:13, cf. kaspam gamram šiim bītišunu libbašunu tūb ibid. 8:29, ša . . . ŠÁM GIŠ.MAR.GÍD.DA kaspam gamram PN mahru Greengus Ishchali 33:8; u ŠÁMša la gamru ABIM 35:17; for discussion see Wilcke, Sumer 41 74ff.

c' in Elam: ana ší-mi-šu gamrūti x kaspam išqul MDP 28 421:4, also MDP 23 223:5, wr. ana ší-mi-i-šu gamrūti MDP 23 215:7, 228:5, MDP 22 62:8; in sing., often in the absolute state: aššum £.D $\dot{v}$ .A ša... PN ana PN₂ ana ší-mi gamri iddinu MDP 24 393:4; fields ša ana ší-mi-im gamrim išāmuma MDP 23 282:8, a-ší-[i]m gamir šU BA.AN.TI MDP 24 363:8, x silver ana

šīmu 1 d šīmu 1 e

SÁM gamrim SU.TI.A ibid. 361:4f.; ul ipṭirū ul mazzazānu ší-mu gamrūtu (the silver is) neither redemption price nor payment of a debt, but the full purchase price MDP 28 416:13, and passim, but [u]l ipṭirū [u]l [m]unzazānu ší-mu-um gamrum (beside ana ší-mi-šu gamrūti x kaspam išqul line 6) MDP 22 58:16, also ibid. 67:7 and 16, MDP 23 234:7 and 11, and passim, Wr. ší-mu ga-am-ru-ú MDP 23 205:8; eqla ana ší-mi ana PN u PN2 iddin ana ší-mi-šu gamrūti x kaspam išqulma išām ul ipṭirū ul manzazānūtu ší-mu gamrūtu MDP 22 72:9, 11, 15 (= MDP 4 p. 173 No. 3), and see gamru adj. usage a-1'.

d' in OB Alalakh: a vineyard ana šimi-im gamri išām JCS 8 7 No. 62:5; for other refs. see gamru adj. usage a-1', and Kienast, WO 11 35ff.

d) in MB, early NB -1' in gen.: kunuk šám egli the sealed document concerning the purchase price of the field BBSt. No. 3 iii 9 (Melišipak); PN ŠÁM 10 GÍN KÙ.GI PN (a slave), worth ten shekels of gold (bought) BE 14 7:1, also ibid. 2-9, Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 2:1 f.; PN, the governor, measured out barley SAM 23 MA.NA KÙ. GI kî kaspišunu the equivalent of two and two-thirds minas of gold, according to their (the minas') value BBSt. No. 3 iii 21; šitti šám-šu imahhar Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 5:21; 20 SE.GUR . . . SÁM 5 GÍN KÙ.GI twenty gur of barley, equivalent of five shekels of gold BE 14 1:11; in all 716 (shekels) of silver  $\delta a \text{ PN } ina \ q\bar{a}t \text{ PN}_2 \dots$ ana šám 5 gur še.numun mitahhuru which PN has been receiving from PN2 as the equivalent of five gur of arable land BBSt. No. 7 i 30 (Marduk-nādin-ahhē), cf. ana šám imhur ibid. 12; 1 GUN SÍG ÙZ ŠÁM 4 GUR be-'-ti BE 14 72:2.

2' šīmū gamrūtu: a slave girl [k]î 12 GÍN KÙ.GI BABBAR . . . [i-ša]-am-šima ana ši-mi-ša gamrūti he bought her for the full price of twelve shekels of white gold UET 7 24:5, (a cow) išām ana šimi-ša gamrūti ibid. 33:9, cf. ilqe ana šAM. TIL.LA.BI.ŠÈ ibid. 34:5, Wr. a-na ŠÁM.TIL. LA.[BI.ŠÈ] BE 14 128a:8, ŠÁM.TIL.LA.BI. ŠÈ PBS 2/2 49:6, ŠÁM.TIL.LA.NE.NE.BI.ŠÈ Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 2:9.

e) in EA, RS, Emar, Bogh., Nuzi: u ahuja šam.meš u [idinanni] my brother, [give me] the equivalent (of the wood taken) EA 35:29 (let. from Alašia); ŠAM-Šu anaddin I will give (you) its price MRS 9 214 RS 17.152:17; 40 KÙ.BABBAR ŠÁM SAL. DÉ.MEŠ (see Š $\bar{a}q\hat{u}$  usage b) RA 31 127:14 (= EA 369, let. from Egypt);  $u \, k\hat{i} \, ahuja \, ta spura \, m\bar{a}$ šumma sibûteja annûti tušebbalammi u anāku šam-šu-nu ušebbal[akku] anāku itti ahija šam.meš mimma ēteneppuš and as you, my brother, wrote to me saying, "If you send me these things which I desire then I will send you corresponding (gifts)," am I supposed to have a business relation with my brother? MRS 12 amminî šàm ša anše.kur.ra annīti la tumtettâ why did you not set the value of this horse lower? MRS 12 7 r. 10; X kaspu annû šam-ia ša taltaqûmi this x silver is my payment that you have received MRS 6 170 RS 8.279:8, cf. SAM-šu TIL.LA . . . umalla ibid. 103 RS 15.109+:17, šÁM.TIL.LA ibid. 169 RS 16.145:15, note tattašīšu u taddinšu ana PN i-na šam.til. LA.BI.ŠÈ ibid. 49 RS 16.263:18, for other refs. see samātu usage b; note ina šám. TIL.LA gamri Arnaud Emar 6 109: 14; 3 MA.NA annaku ša PN ana ši-mi ša A.šà labīru PN, ilqe PN, has received three minas of tin from PN as the price of the previously (pledged) field JAOS 55 pl. 4 (after p. 431) No. 3:3 (Nuzi), also JEN 491:2; ša 6 ANŠE.KUR. RA.MEŠ ši-im-šu ašar PN elteqe I received from PN the price for six horses (I have handed over three horses to PN and I still owe three horses) HSS 9 36:5; u anāku 6 ANŠE ŠE *ši-ma ša kaspi ša hurāsi ša* PN *ša* mimma šumšu níg ašar PN2 elteqe I received from PN2 six homers of barley, equivalent to the silver, the gold, or any other property of PN's JEN 118:13; PN ana ši-mi ilge [u] ši-im-šu la iddin PN bought

šīmu 1f šīmu 1g

(one sheep), but did not pay the price for it AASOR 168:61, cf. x wool ana ši-im kirê ana PN nadin HSS 13 373:5, also ibid. 2f., cf. also Lacheman AV 385 No. 5:4; PN 1 TÚG ana ši-mi ana eqlāti ana nadāni iqtabi u la inandin PN promised to pay one garment for the fields but did not pay it ibid. 388 No. 8:6; 1 TÚG *eššu ša ši-mi damgu* HSS 9 98:16; tin, barley, and sheep annûtu KÙ. BABBAR.MEŠ ši-mu ana mārtija ^fPN ašar PN, eltege I received from PN, these (commodities valued) in silver as the price for my daughter ^fPN RA 23 155 No. 52:12; X barley ša PN ana ši-me 16 udu.sal.meš ilgeu HSS 974:18; we have received thirty shekels of silver ana ši-im 1 ìR PN JEN 115:5 (all Nuzi); as Akkadogram in Hitt.: *ŠI-IM-ŠU* Friedrich Gesetze II § 63 ff.

f) in MA, NA -1' in gen.: ina muhhi tādināni ša SAL ŠAM SAL išallim he (a former creditor) is reimbursed from the value of the woman by the man who had given the woman (in marriage) KAV 1 v 31 (Ass. Code § 39), cf. ibid. 40, kasap ŠAM ba= $t\bar{u}lte$  ibid. viii 34 (§ 55), cf. ibid. 46 (§ 56); annaka šam eqlišunu mahru they have received the tin, the price of their field KAJ 12:15, cf., wr.  $\S AM - im$  KAJ 27:19, 155:15, wr. ší-im eqlišu KAJ 153:14, 150:8; 5 GUN AN.NA ša PN PN, ina ši-im bītišu ša GN mahir PN2 has received five talents of tin from PN, (part) of the price of his house in Assur KAJ 145:7, cf. annaka annia ana šam(!) bītišu ... maķir KAJ 144:11, ef. KAJ 257:2 ff.;  $annaka \& i-im \& apr\bar{a}$ : tišunu the tin equivalent to their pledges KAJ 66:26; the tin SAM unūte ša . . . halgutuni the value of the implements that were lost Iraq 30 181 (pl. 60) TR 3011: 6 (MA Tell Rimah), see Deller and Saporetti, Oriens Antiquus annuku anniu ana ši-im 1 sal tadnaššu sal uballatu šam sal-šu isassiu rihte annikišu ilagge (see šasû mng. 5b) KAJ 168:11ff., cf. ŠAM l SAL pirsi KAJ 251:5;  $ana \, \check{s} Am \, s \bar{\imath} s \hat{\imath} \, MU \, 5 \, KAJ \, 171:5$ , cf.  $k \hat{\imath}$ šam sīsî i[ttidin] ibid. 16; hadīma mussa 3 GUN 30 MA.NA AN.NA ŠÀM-ša iddan if it pleases him, the husband (of the guilty woman) pays x tin as her equivalent (i.e., to save her from corporal punishment) KAV 1 iii 59 (Ass. Code § 24); x copper x AN.NA abāru ŠAM-šu-nu equivalent to x lead Studies Diakonoff 65: 15, and passim in these texts (all MA); 34 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR šaPN šaPN2 ša ŠÁM «NÍG» PN3 bēl qātāte ana PN4 ittannu illak ana PN5 iddan (see qātātu in bēl qātāti usage b) TCL 9 62:4 (tablet) and (omitting Níg) case 2' (NA).

2' šīm gamir: PN PN aššassu ana šīmi ana ší-im gamer ana PN3 ittidin PN has sold fPN2, his wife, at the full price AfO 20 123:5 (translit. only), cf.  $ana \, \check{si}$ -me  $ana \, \check{si}$ im gamer ana 30 mana an.na iddinma  $u[\check{s}a]ppi$  he has sold and transferred (the field) at the full price, (i.e.) at thirty minas of tin KAJ 147:9f., cf. 148:13, 149:7, etc., see Cardascia, RLA 5 515f., wr. ŠAM KAJ 151:8, ana šam-im KAJ 153:8, 155:8; šumma aššurāju u šumma aššurājītu ša kî šaparte ammar šam-šu ina bīt a'īli usbūni ana šàm gamer laqiuni inattu ibaqqan uz: nīšu uhappa upallaš if a male or female Assyrian citizen who has been living in (another) citizen's house as a pledge (for the sum) corresponding to his value (and, in default of payment) is (considered) bought at his full price, he (the creditor) may whip (him), pluck his hair, (and) mutilate (and) pierce his ears KAV 1 vi 43 (Ass. Code § 44); eqlu u bītu ša kî ukullāiša ana šam gamer ana kīdi taddinuni the field and the house which she had sold for her maintenance at full price to (someone) out of town ibid. 80 (§ 45).

g) in NB – 1' in gen.: 4 GfN KÙ. BABBAR ŠÁM 5 KÙŠ qaqqar... ša PN PN₂ u  f PN₃ ina muḥḥi PN₄ ina MN inandin four shekels of silver, the price of five cubits of land, (payable) to PN, PN₂, and  f PN₃, charged against PN₄, he will pay it in MN TCL 12 55:1; note: x silver kaspa  $\bar{a}$  x ŠÁM  $sinzer\hat{a}$  sa umu the aforementioned x silver, price for one twelfth of a day (of a  $t\bar{a}bih\bar{u}tu$  prebend) TCL 13 237:13; 10

šīmu 1g šīmu 1g

GÍN KÙ.BABBAR babtu  $\frac{5}{6}$  mana 5 GÍN KÙ. BABBAR ŠÁM mê ša GN ten shekels of silver, amount outstanding of 55 shekels of silver, the price for the water for Al-Šamaš PSBA 17 278:2; ŠÁM isqišu kî kasap gamirti ețeru (PN) has been paid the price for his prebend, representing the total amount of silver Bagh. Mitt. 5 207 No. 6:14, cf. ibid. 209 ff. No. 7:10, 8:11, 9:12, 10:9, 11:10, AnOr 9 4 v 21, ii 17, ši-i-mi eqlišu kasap ga= mirti mahir TCL 13 190:19; ina kaspi šám eglišu išallim he will be compensated from the silver paid for his field Nbn. 1132:6; х кù.ваввав *rīḥit* šáм *umalla* he will pay in full x silver, the rest of the price UCP 9 73 No. 74:12, cf. TuM 2-3 114:1, rīḥit ši-me isqi Pinches Berens Coll. 107:2; x silver šii-mi [PN] gallišu the price of PN, his slave VAS 5 93:10, cf. ši-me alpišu VAS 6 135:6; elat kaspi ši-i-mi ebūr eqli apart from the silver, the value of the crop of the field TCL 13 141:10; two-thirds mina of silver ŠÁM ZÚ.LUM imitti egli ša MU.4.KAM value of the dates, the estimated yield of the grove for the year 4 (of Darius) BE 10 90:1, cf. KÙ.BABBAR ŠÁM SUM.SAR Durand Textes babyloniens pl. 82 MNB 1855:6,  $\frac{1}{2}$ MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR ŠÁM 20 dannu KAŠ DÙG RA 10 68 No. 30:1 (= RA 26 17), cf., wr. ši-mi CT 49 111:6, 116:3; ana kūmu kaspija šám pattīšu aktelīš instead of my silver I withheld the value of his bucket BIN 173:25 (let.):  $k\bar{u}m$  4 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR šám kù.gi ša ultu quppi ša fpn aššatišu iššú (a field) in place of four minas of silver, the price (i.e., the equivalent) of the gold which he had taken from the private purse of his wife 'PN VAS 5 43:4, dupl. ibid. 44:4, cf. VAS 6 90:7 and dupl. 91:6; kaspu šám hurāşi arkû u [mahrû] silver, equivalent of the formerly and subsequently (delivered) gold VAS 6 90:13 and dupl. 91:12; parukāti kutummu ša mašku ša *ši-mi-šú-nu ana* 1 ma.na kù.babbar manû sails (and) a leather cover (for a boat), whose price is calculated as one mina of silver Nbn. 776: 3, and passim in the pl., see Landsberger, ZA 39 279; for other refs. see Ungnad NRV Glossar 150f.; note referring to equivalents in commodities: x kitinnê ŠÁM ištēn UDU.NITÁ CT 56 2:2, and passim,  $20~{
m GUR}$  ZÚ.LUM.MA ŠÁM  $\frac{1}{3}~{
m GÍN}$  kaspi ana 10 vz gadî twenty gur of dates, the equivalent of one-third mina (text: shekel) of silver, for (buying) ten kids CT 55 463:1; suluppū šām kaspi ša ana ilki . . . nadnu dates, corresponding to the silver which was given for ilku delivery BE 9 95:10, cf. ibid. 96:11; 40 GUR ZÚ.LUM.MA ŠÁM 1 MA.  $\langle NA \rangle$  KÙ. BABBAR BE 10 68:1,  $\frac{1}{2}$  MA. NA KÙ.BABBAR ŠÁM 15 GUR suluppī BE 9 28a:1, dates šám kasija TCL 13 227:38; 6 GÍN AN.NA ši-me 3 GUR ŠE.BAR CT 49 150:8 and dupl. BRM 1 99:5, cf. x musīptu . . . šime X MA.N[A KÙ.BABBAR] CT 49 193:10 and passim in this text, added up as  $k\grave{v}$ . BABBAR uši-me kù. Babbar ibid. 14; obscure: suddir id-di-nu ši-i-mu šupur CT 22 39:16 (let.).

2' šīmū gamrūtu (šīmu gamru, gamirtu): PN itti PN, mahīra imbēma išām šám isqišu gamrūtu PN, having agreed with PN₂ on the equivalent (of the share of the prebend being six shekels of silver), bought his (PN2's) share for the total price Bagh. Mitt. 5 205 No. 5:7, cf. šám bītišu til.meš ibid. 200 No. 2:14, Wr. ŠÁM.MEŠ-šú gamrūtu ibid. 207 No. 6:8f., wr. ši-mi-šú gamrūtu ibid. 198 No. 1:15, CT 55 128:11, and passim, and see nabû A mng. 4c, note: ina edēli  $b\bar{a}bi$  ša GN  $mah\bar{i}ri$  ša BÁN.TA.ÀM ŠÁM mārišunu gamrūtu ina hūd libbi[šun]u [itt] ašâ during the siege of Nippur, when the equivalent (of one shekel of silver) was one seah (of barley), they accepted, of their own free will, the full price for their son Iraq 17 89 2N-T301:12; kî la it= tannu qaqqaru ana 1½ MA.NA ana ŠÁM gamrūtu PN iddaggal if he fails to give (the silver), the land will belong to PN (the creditor) at its full price of x minas Moore Michigan Coll. 9:10f., see Petschow Pfandrecht 120 n. 374; u'ilti ša šám gamrūti promissory note for the full price AJSL 27 226 No. 22 r. 3; ana ši-i-mu gamrūtu . . . [iddin] Camb. 143:4, cf. AnOr 819:8, McEwan LB Tablets

šīmu 1 h

35:6, Wr. ana ŠÁM.TIL.LA.BI.ŠÈ VAS 5 3:13, 4:14, Coll. de Clercq 2 pl. 26 No. 2:22; note with sing. concord: ana ŠÁM gam-ru-ú TCL 12 116:5, ana ŠÁM gam-ru Nbn. 243:14, ana ŠÁM gam-mar-ru Revillout, Revue égyptologique 3 185:3, ŠÁM . . . TIL-ri BRM 2 37:11 (Sel.), cf. ŠÁM É.MEŠ gam-ru (beside ana ŠÁM TIL.MEŠ line 10) VAS 15 12:12 (Sel.), note ši-i-mi-šú gamirtu (beside ši-i-mi-šú gamrūtu line 27) Nbn. 293:30, also VAS 5 6:20, ši-im-ti gamarti (beside ana ŠÁM-šú gamrūtu line 16) UET 4 12:13.

3' with harşu:  $k\hat{\imath}$  la ittannu  $k\hat{\imath}$  SAM hariş PN pan PN₂ iddaggal CT 55 92:3, wr. ana Si-me VAS 4 27:8, TCL 12 27:5, ana Si-mi Dar. 537:6, for other refs. see harişu adj.

h) in lit.: á.gál ì.kú.e šám á.bi ù á.nu.gál.la šám gina(TUR.DIŠ).bi. e.še: ikkal lē'û ši-im idīšu u la lē'û šiim [še] rrīšu they say: the skilled man lives off his wages, but the unskilled man off the price of his children Lambert BWL 242 iii 8ff.; giš.gi [...] šám g[i.b]i ù šà. túm.ma šá[m ú.b]i e.ne.e.[še]: itbalmi apu ši-im qanîšu u qerbetum šiim šammiša did, one may ask, the canebrake (ever) receive the price of its reed, or the meadow the price of its grass? ibid. 4ff.; you throw offerings into the clay pit and say ki.gar šám.zu šu te.ma.ab Clay pit, receive the price due you BiOr 30 178:5 (SB rit.); nišū šám mārīšina ikkala Leichty Izbu XVI 39', ACh Ištar 26:25, also K.11324+ ii 4, cf. ŠÁM matâ mātu ikkal K.3072:8; mātu suhuš.meš-šá ana šám inaddin ACh Supp. 2:30; obscure: amīla *ši-im-šu* MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR *u idīšu* 4 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR [. . .] milka ši-i-im a-am-mela KUB 4 3:19ff., parallel: [...] ŠAM  $idi\check{s}[u]$   $\frac{2}{3}(?)$  KÙ.BABBAR  $[\ldots -k]a$  ŠÀM a- $\delta ab$ -ti- $\delta \acute{u}$  Ugaritica 5 163 iii 15 f., see ibid. p. 289.

2. goods, merchandise – a) in OA: lu babtam ša nuā'ē lu ší-ma-am ēzibakkum

whether he left you assets of the natives or merchandise Hecker Giessen 12:8; šímu-um ana bīt PN lērub BIN 6 75:16; šímu ibašši HUCA 39 30 L29-572:32, ší-mu laššu CCT 4 44a: 19, TCL 4 31:25; they said ší-mu-um ina mahīrim laššu ūmam ašam: mēma ší-mu-um ina maḥīrim mād there is no merchandise on the market, but today, as I hear, there is much merchandise on the market TCL 20 111:15ff.: ší-mu-um liliamma let the merchandise come here (to Assur) CCT 2 35:29; ší-ma-am ša ta= šapparanni irraminija laš'amma I will personally make the purchase that you will instruct me (to do) TCL 4 26:24; lu emāram [lu] §i-ma-am mala i§'umu CCT 4 12a:9; [u] ana Kaniš ší-ma-am [n]ušerrabma kaspam ištu Kaniš nušessām Jankowska KTK 17:9. cf. ší-mì-i ana kaspim utârma ina alākika kasapka iddamiqtim addanakkum I will turn my merchandise into silver, and on your arrival I will give you your silver willingly ibid. 15; ula ší-ma-am addinak: kum ula qiptam aqipka (see qiptu mng. 3a-2') BIN 6 38:9; ša kaspim 1 mana u 2 mana ší-ma-am naši ammakam şabassuma (if) he is carrying merchandise worth one or two minas, get hold of him over there Hecker Giessen 48:27; kaspum ana šumi PN eglam ettiq u ší-mu-um uşşiamma aššumi PN-ma eqlam ettiq the silver will go overland under PN's name, and when the merchandise leaves it will also go overland under PN's name ICK 2 78:7; tuppam ša šiamātim šitammeama ší-ma-am dinama kaspam mišlīšu kunkama (see šia: mātu mng. 1) HUCA 39 24 L29-568:22, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 388; difficult: 4 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ina ší-im-šu ša PN u PN2 ana PN3 iddinūni PN4 ilqe four shekels of silver of his merchandise(?) which PN and PN2 have sold to PN3, PN4 has received (declaring: PN and PN, are indebted to me) ICK 1 127:2; see also  $\hat{s}\hat{a}mu$  A mng. 1b-3'.

b) in OB: [t]amkārī ša [x x x] ù šima-am mali naš[û] ittikunu šūbiranim bring over with you (pl.) the merchants šīmu 2b

of [...] and all the goods they are transporting A 7545:10 (let.); elippašu ši-ma-am ula tumalliamma kaspam mala ušašqalanni ... ušaddanka ši-ma-am mala tanaddi: nušu mehir kunukkī šūbilam if you do not load his boat with merchandise, I will collect from you the silver that he will make me pay, send me under seals the (proceeds from? the) merchandise that you will sell UET 5 52:28 and 33 (let.); kaspam anniam ša tušamharanni ul ši-ma-am anaddin I cannot give merchandise for this silver that you would have me receive PBS 7 16:16:  $\delta i$ -mu-um  $[x \ x]$  [x] ithiam  $\delta i$ ma-am [x x] ša 5 ma.na kù.babbar ana libbi  $m\bar{a}tim$  attarad u and [x(x)] 5 §imu-um maruşma UCP 9 360 No. 28:7 ff., see Stol, AbB 11 192;  $\delta i$ -mu-um ina  $q\bar{a}tim$   $[\delta]a$ = didma adīni ul ašām ina ēribtim ša irrubam ši-ma-am mali e'ēlim e'ilamma arhiš attallakam the merchandise has been delayed so that until now I could not make any purchases, (but) from the next caravan I will contract to buy as much as possible and I will set out toward you promptly Stol, AbB 9 130:7; summa tam:  $k\bar{a}rum\ ša\ \check{s}i$ -[ma]- $a[m\ \check{s}]\ a\ ekallim\ ipa\check{s}\check{s}aru$ ina ribbāt nāši biltim ana kīma ši-mi-im ša ina ekallim ilgû kanīkam ana ekallim īzibu u kanīk nāši biltim ilgēma ši-mu-um ša pī kanīkišu ina ekallim la innadinšu ulu itti nāši biltim la ilge (see nāši bilti) Kraus Edikt § 9': 32 ff. (= Kraus Verfügungen § 11), cf. (two slave girls) ŠÁM  $7\frac{5}{6}$  GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ŠÀ ŠÁM É.GAL bought for 7 5 shekels of silver, from the merchandise of the palace Edzard Tell ed-Der 45:3f., cf. BE 6/2 120:3, PBS 8/2 241:2, VAS 7 78:2; ina ši-mi-im kīma K[I. LA]M ālimma ina ekallim inna[dd]inšunūši they will be given (goods) from the merchandise from the palace according to the price equivalent of that (particular) town Kraus Verfügungen § 10:30, cf. ibid. 28; (the caravan will come in and) x ši-ma-am namram [l]ušāmma I will buy for myself first-rate merchandise Kraus, AbB 5 220:17, cf. ši-ma-am la namram la tašâm ABIM 20:75: see also šâmu A mng. 1c-3'.

3. purchase, sales opportunity, market bīt abija ší-mu-um with *§âmu*: išši'imma ina bāb abullim ša kīma jâti illuqūtim qāssunu iškunu (see šâmu A mng. 3a) OIP 27 57:28 and dupl. Matouš, ArOr 37 172 I 633:22: ší-mu-um ina bīt PN išša'am RA 59 32 MAH 16468:10; ina Alim ší-ma-am i-ša-u-mu-ni-ma luqūtum aš: šumi PN eqlam ettiq (my representatives and PN's) will make the purchase for me in the city (Assur), and then the merchandise will be transported overland under PN's name TCL 14 70:7; ší-ma-am qātī liš'amma CCT 2 38:23, cf. ší-ma-am ni-ša-am Or. NS 50 101 No. 2:27; ši-[ma-am] [ša] balātišu...PN liš'amma let PN make a purchase that yields profit BIN 6 31:14; šumma . . . ší-mu-um ša balāţika ibašši ni-ša-a-ma-ku-um VAT 9249:10, cf. BIN 6 259:15, see also šâmu A mng. 1b-3' and balāţu s. mng. 5, cf. ší-im libbišu ša-ma Contenau Trente tablettes cappadociennes 23:28, and see libbu mng. 3b-2' (all OA); šībū ša maḥ= rišunu ši-mu-um iššāmu the witnesses before whom the purchase was made CH § 9:31; ši-ma-am a-ša-ma-am-ma attal= lakam I will make purchases and set out to see you VAS 16 8:20; ša awīlim šuāti ana ši-mi-im ša-a-mi alge'am I received (x silver) from that man for making purchases TCL 18 151:10 (both OB letters).

b) ana šīmi nadānu to sell: šumma am: tum işşēriki la ṭābat ana ší-mì-im dinišima ší-im-ša leqe ICK 1 69:10 ff.; šumma mimma arnam u šillatam teppaša PN ašar libbiša ana ší-mì-im taddašša if (the slave girl) should behave aggressively or insolently, PN may sell her wherever she (PN) pleases ICK 1 27a:12 (case) and 27b:15 (tablet), cf. ibid. 3:16;  $b\bar{\imath}tum\ \&a\ PN$ ...  $\&a\ PN_2\ ana\ PN_3\ ana\ \&i$ mì-im iddinuma ší-im bītim PN2 u awīlū anniūtim šabbu ArOr 47 34 I 568:11f.; exceptionally in a commercial context: subātī ana ší-mì-im ittanaddinušunu they will sell the textiles little by little(?) CCT 3 28b:35 (all OA), for other refs. see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 366; PN ana PN₂ (ana) šíšīmu 3 c šīmu

mi-im iddin ana dūr u pala 1 me.ru giš. SAR [i]ddin [šá]m 15 gín kừ.babbar MDP 22 41:3 (= MDP 18 230); qaqqara šuātu ana ši-mi «ana ši-mi x» PN u PN, ana PN, iddinuma ušappi[u] this area PN and PN2 have sold and transferred to PN₃ KAJ 175:27 (MA); PN ana PN₂ A.ŠÀ a-ší-mi id= dinuma MDP 28 425:19; PN ana ši-i-mi inan=  $din[\check{s}un\bar{u}t]i$  PN may sell them JEN 457:13, cf. ana ši-mi-im gamrim iddin Wiseman Alalakh 77:10, also 76:9 (OB), ana šám.[MEŠ] iddinšunu šám.meš-šu ub-[lu?] JCS 8 7 No. 75:4 ff. (MB Alalakh); u šumma ana ši-ima inandin [...] if he sells (a man from Kizzuwatna) MIO 1 118:39 (Bogh. treaty); for other refs. from OAkk. on, see nadānu mngs. 1h-2' and 7b.

c) ana šīmi leqû to buy: if he claims ana ši-mi-im-mi elqēšumi "I bought him" Wiseman Alalakh 2:34 (treaty); for other refs. see leqû mng. 2e; for OA refs. see mng. 1b-2'a'; note 1 DUB ŠAM ša PN ša itti PN₂ leqû one tablet concerning a purchase of PN's that he made from PN₂ PBS 2/2 25:1 (MB).

d) other occs. -1' in OA: annakam kaspum ana ší-mì-im ula ibašši there is no silver here for making purchases CCT 4 4b:20; la taštanammê kīma kaspū dannūni u ana túg ší-mu-um la ibaššiu do you not hear from all sides that silver is high (in price) and so there is no market for textiles? KTS 18:23, cf. ší-mu-um annakam ana emārī la ibašši ibid. 32, ší-mu-um ana annikim . . . laššuma BIN 4 15:15; ana šími-im hurāşum izzaz there is gold available as payment KTS 18:27; kīma ší-muum ša akkidiē laptuni la ušēbilakkum I did not send you (textiles for the silver) because the commerce in Akkadian (textiles) has been affected TCL 4 11:11, cf. šumma . . . ší-mu-um ša akkidiē la ītašram ibid. 15; šumma ší-mu-um ammakam batiq if the market is deficient over there BIN 4 12:22, ší-mu batguma CCT 4 10a:24; ikkaspim ša PN ša PN2 ublanni lu ana šími-im še-im išqulu lu ana sītika mimma išqulu VAT 9224:24.

2' in OB: akal ši-mi-im nikkal we live on purchased bread VAS 16 50:21; ana hubullim u melqētim [ul]ami addin še'am [u] kaspam ša addinakkum an[a] š[i]-mi ana tadmiqtim ulu an[a]  $idi[m] \delta[a]n\hat{\imath}[m]$ : m[a] addin (if he says) "It is not as a loan that I gave it, the barley or the silver that I gave you I gave for purchases, as an investment(?), or for some different purpose" Kraus Verfügungen § 7:33, cf. ša še'am kaspam u bīšam ana ši-mi-im ana harrānim ana TAB.BA u tadmiqtim ilqû ibid. § 8:3, cf. § 9:8; šê ši-mi-im u takšītim kīma mikis labīrtim immakkus barley (raised) for trade(?) or (other) profit will be taxed according to the old tax schedule ibid.  $\S$  15 v 3, see ibid. p. 248; kaspum ul  $k\bar{\imath}ma$ KI.LAM-šu ana ši-mi-im (in case he should ask you for silver, do not give him any) the silver is not . . . . , it is for purchase Kraus AbB 1 139:11, cf. ibid. r. 12, (in broken context) ibid. 17f., r. 17; note the Sum. formulation: šám.kúr.šè nu.gá.gá.dè not to use the silver for it for any other purchase PBS 8/2 151:6; obscure: PN...35 ši-ma-am 1.40 am(?) da-HA-am ša karšim ištiat naruggam ša šadânim . . . iddinam PN gave me 35 s., one hundred . . . . of karašu-stone, one sack of hematite ABIM 20:58.

The word \$\tilde{s}\tilde{i}mu\$ means either "price to be paid for" or "proceeds from" depending on whether a transaction is viewed from the buyer's or from the seller's side. The distinction between \$\tilde{s}\tilde{m}u\$ and \$mahiru\$ is often difficult to determine.

Landsberger, ZA 39 279ff.; Kraus Edikt 75; Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 358ff.; Edzard Telled-Dēr p. 89.

šīmu in bēl šīmi s.; person who has received the price; OA*; cf. šâmu A.

lu tusinnum lu be-el ší-mì-šu lu mamman aššumi PN ana PN $_2$  la ituar no one, neither

šīmu šimumaku

a tusinnu (a seller with an option of preemption), nor one who had received his (the sold slave's) price, nor anyone else may raise a claim against PN₂ (the owner) concerning (the slave) PN BIN 6 226 tablet 14, see Kienast Altass. Kaufvertragsrecht 147 No. 29, cf. [lu t]us[innum lu] tamkāršu lu bēlšu lu mamman KBo 9 23:7 ff., see Kienast Altass. Kaufvertragsrecht 65.

šīmu in ša šīmi s.; man bought (as slave); MA, NA; wr. syll. and Lú šīmi, Lú/DUMU.ŠÁM; pl. Lú šīmānu; cf. šâmu A.

1 ú . § á m = \$i\$-[(\$i\$-)\$ mu] MSL 12 226 A 2 (Lu App.).

x lead ana šam 5 lú.meš ši-i-m[e] to buy five men for sale Studies Diakonoff 65:18 (MA); kunuk PN tamkāri bēl lú šime tadāni seal of PN the merchant, the owner of the person sold ADD 197:2 (coll.); šumma attunu . . . lu ina urdāni lu ina Lt. ŠÁM.MEŠ lu ina mār Aššur . . . issēn ina libbikunu kussiu tušaşbatani (you swear that) none of you will induce someone to usurp the throne - be he from among slaves or "bought people" or from among Assyrian citizens Wiseman Treaties 222; PN LÚ.ŠÀM (witness) Postgate Palace Archive 3:26 and 29, cf. IGI PN LÚ.DUMU.ŠÁM Iraq 15 141 (pl. 12) ND 3426: 30, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 9; LÚ.ÌR ša PN PN2 LÚ.ŠAM ša [SU(?)] PN₃ (among creditors) Postgate Palace Archive 93:7; 3 LÚ.ŠÁM.MEŠ 10 MA. NA UD.KA.BAR.MEŠ Ša PN ina muhhi PN2 three "bought men" (and) ten minas of bronze, belonging to PN, owed by PN, ibid. 103:1, cf. also pl. 61 No. 161 A 3, B 6; PN LÚ.ŠÁM urdušu ša PN₂ (bought) ADD 182:3, cf. (PN buys) mār šīmi ša urdi-šú Iraq 15 141 ND 3427 (translit. only); note the pl. kīma anāku la ēpuš mannumma lēpuš ana mār šarri li-id-din lú ši-ma-né-e lú (šakrul-te lēpušu if I do not do (the work), who will do it (and) deliver it to the son of the king? Should bought slaves and drunkards do it? ABL 885 r. 2 (coll. S. Parpola); DUMU.MEŠ ŠÁM.MEŠ-e iqabbûnišunu ula zakûte ša rab ekalli annurig lē u ša

DUMU.MEŠ LÚ.ŠÁM.MEŠ Ša DUMU.MEŠ GÉME É.GAL assatar are they "bought men" as they are called, or (men) exempted by the chief of the palace? -Ihave now made a list of the "bought men" (and) of the sons of the palace concubines ABL 99 r. 10 and 12, cf. DUMU.MEŠ ŠÁM.MEŠ (in broken context) ibid. obv. 11, see Postgate Taxation 253; memēni [LÚ.ŠÁM].MEŠ ana kāri lu la ú-ši-la [at]â atta lú.šám.meš [ina b]a-ba-a-a tušēli (the crown prince has ruled) "Nobody may take 'bought men' to a trading post" - why have you taken "bought men" to my gate(?) CT 53 59:12f., cf. [LÚ.Š]ÁM ana URU  $k\bar{a}ri$  [ $uss\bar{e}li$ ] ibid. 17; PN LÚ.DAM.GÀR [LÚ.ŠÁ]M.MEŠ ibid. r. 7'; ina ugu lú.šá[m] ša šarru bēlī išpuranni CT 53 160:46; LÚ.ŠÁM.MEŠ . . . ussahhira (in broken context) CT 53 242 r. 9; LÚ.DUMU.ŠÁM.MEŠ (in broken context) ABL 1276:3, r. 8, cf. LÚ.ŠÁM (sold) Iraq 16 43 ND 2328, 2330 (summaries only).

## šimumaku s.; testamentary dispositions; Nuzi.

umma PN-ma ina ūmi annî ši-mu-ma-qa ētepuš u tuppu annûmma tuppu u šanû tuppu la tuppu PN said: On this day I have established my testamentary dispositions, and this tablet is the (valid) tablet, any other tablet is not a (valid) tablet (cf. šīmta išīm line 4) HSS 5 72:47; minum[mê ţuppu] ša šīmti . . . ţuppu annû iheppēšunūti [u] tuppu šanû jānu annûm: ma tuppu ù ši-mu(text -bu)-ma-ku annûm= ma ši-mu-ma-ku u šanû šīmtu jānu this tablet invalidates any (former or subsequent) will, there is no other (valid) tablet, this is the (valid) tablet, and these testamentary dispositions are the valid ones, and there is no other will HSS 19 46:48f.: minummê [ši]-mu-ma-ku ša ippanānu ašīmu u tuppu annû ahappi muššer tuppu ši-mu-ma-ku ša fPN with this tablet I am herewith invalidating whatever testamentary dispositions I may have made formerly, with the exception of the tablet

šimurrû šina

containing the testamentary dispositions made in favor of PN HSS 19 2:28 and 30, see Cassin, RA 63 124 n. 3, cf. minu[mm]ê ši-mu-ma-ku ša ana fpn nadnu A.šA É u [...] nadnuma ana fPN nadnu whatever testamentary dispositions have been made concerning (lit. deeded to) PN (same person), field, house, and [...] remain deeded to PN HSS 19 4:34; minummê ša ina panānu ši-mu-ma-ku ša-a-a[r] utuppu annûmma šūt any former testamentary dispositions are superseded (lit. false) and this tablet is the (valid) one RA 23 143 No. 5:51, see Koschaker, ZA 48 191; minummê ši-mu-[ma-ki-i]a mimma šunšu mutija PN ana jāši ša išīmu (I gave to PN₂) all the testamentary dispositions PN my husband had bequeathed me HSS 1911:3, cf. tuppu ša ši-m[u-ma-ki] PN ša jāši iltur[u] PN has written for me the tablet containing the testamentary dispositions ibid. 16, cf. the judges heard tuppāti ša  $\delta i$ -mu-m[a]-ki  $\delta a$   f PN JEN 333:38; tuppu  $\delta a$ ši-mu-<ma>-ki ša PN abija ana PN2 attadin= mi I gave PN, the tablet containing the testamentary dispositions of my father PN HSS 13 143:28; [in]a tuppi annî ša ši-mum[a]-[ki(?)] HSS 19 55:14, cf. ibid. 16 and 21; šumma ši-mu-ma-ku [š]a pī tuppi ana aš= šatija . . . addinu pāgirāna irtašu HSS 19 mannummê aššum ši-mu-ma-ki annûti ina arkišu ša ^fPN išassi 1 ma.na KÙ.BABBAR u 1 MA.NA KÙ.GI umalla whoever would raise claims against fPN concerning these testamentary dispositions will pay one mina of silver and one mina of gold HSS 5 70:13.

The word *šimumaku* is derived from Akk. *šīm*- with the Hurrian suffix -maku, which is used in the derivation of other legal terms such as *hiššumaku*, *išumaku*, *širumaku*, see Speiser, Or. NS 25 6 ff., E. von Schuler, ZA 53 185 ff.

Cassin, RA 63 124.

šimurrû (simurrû) adj.; from the land or city of Šimurru; OB, Mari.

a) said of pigs: \$ah si.mur.ra = \$U-u Hh. XIV 171.

b) said of a grinding slab: na₄.HAR si.mu.ru = [erû šimurrû] Hh. XVI RS Recension 193, cf. Hh. XVI 246, cf. also na₄. HAR níg.mur.ra (var. na₄.HAR giš. mu.sur.ra) MSL 10 58:108 (Nippur Forerunner); l NA₄.HAR ši-mu-ru-um (rented for one year) YOS 12 120:2; l NA₄.HAR si-mu-rum l NA₄ zi-bi YOS 8 98:57, also 28.

c) as gentilic: 3 DUMU.MEŠ šipri Šimu-ra-ju.KI Huršītaju.KI u Qabaraju.KI ARM 3 81:12.

Stol On Trees 84 f.

šin see šina.

šina (šin, šena, fem. šitta) num.; two; from OA, OB on; wr. syll. and 2 with phon. complements or (in OA) glosses (2^{5i-na} and 2^{5i-ta}); cf. šana, šinašan, šināšu, šinnū, šinšeret, šinšerū, šittān, šunāja, šunu'tu, šunu'ū.

mi-in tab = \$i-na Ea II 67, also A II/2 Section C 2, Section D-E 14; min aš+aš = \$i-na, maan aš+aš = KI.MIN, i-ku min aš+aš = \$i-na i-ki-i Ea II 126 ff., cf. Ea II 67a; ma-an u+u = \$i-na, min u+u = KI.MIN Ea II 162 f., also A II/4:155 and 161; mi-in man (wr. with two oblique wedges) = \$i-na Ea II 219; [i.i] m.ma = 2 = \$i-na Emesal Voc. III 132.

geš u me-na DIS+U.DIS+U =  $\delta i$ -na KI.MIN (= ni-ir) Ea II 262, cf. ibid. 245 f.; ba-an-mi-in PA (i.e., 2 BÅN) =  $\delta it$ -ti sa- $\alpha$ -ti two seahs Ea I 320; [(x)-x]-[Sa-mìn  $\frac{2}{3}$  =  $\delta i$ -in  $\delta i$ -zi-i, [. . . m]a-na-mìn  $\frac{2}{3}$  =  $\delta i$ -in (var.  $\delta i$ -na) ma-an sa-ab-ru ibid. 361 f.; e-se-mìn  $\frac{8}{3}$ D =  $\delta i$ -na KI.MIN (= e-be-el) Ea II 88; bur mi-in U+U =  $20^{\delta i$ -in-MIN(= bu-ur) GÅN A II/4:151; ki. 2(text .20) sar-2 sar = min (=  $a\delta ar$ )  $\delta i$ -na [min] (= [mu-sar-ri]) Izi C ii 28; ki.  $^{me-en}$ min =  $\delta i$ -na Izi C iii 17, cf. Kagal C iii 127; u₄. 2. ka m =  $\delta i$ -na (vars.  $\delta i$ -nu,  $\delta i$ -nu-u) UD-mu Hh. I 179; mu s. sag. 2. bi =  $\delta e$ -er  $\delta i$ -na (var. 2-ta)  $qaqqada \delta u$  Hh. XIV 16; em e. sid. ku n. min. na = ( $\delta ur ar u$ )  $\delta ar$   $\delta i$ -na  $\delta i$ -na  $\delta i$ -ar  $\delta ur$  ilzard with two tails ibid. 214.

sag.tab.me (var. sag.sag.aš.ni) sag i. im.mėn na.nam me.ri.me 4 na.[nam]: kilallūnima qaqqadātuni ši-it (var. ši-it-ti) šēpāni erbi the two of us, our heads are two, our feet are four SBH 96 No. 53:1ff., vars. from dupls. 155 No. 55 r. 28ff. and TCL 16 95:1; lú.

šina šina

še.túm.a 2.àm ha.ra.gub: bābil še'e ši-na lizzizuma two barley carriers should be present CBS 1354 iv 4, cf. lú.še.túm.a 2.àm ha.ra.gub: lbābil še'im ši-na lizzizuma ibid. 16 (Farmer's Instructions, courtesy M. Civil); a.rá 2.kam.ma. šè ù.ub.dug4: adi ši-na iqbīšumma he said to him for the second time Šurpu V-VI 23f., cf. RA 65 138 iii 5, a.rá.2.kam: adi ši-na CT 17 26:53; 7 a.rá min.na.meš: sebet adi ši-na šunu they are twice seven CT 16 15 v 56f.; 7 a.rá 2.àm: sebet adi ši-na CT 17 6 iii 7f., also STT 200:79 f.

MAŠ.TAB.BA = ši-na Izbu Comm. 49.

a) in independent usage -1' in gen.: šalaštišunu illegû ši-na ūtašširu three of them were taken but two were set free TCL 17 59:25 (OB let.), cf.  $[nip] \hat{a}tu \dots \hat{s}i-it-ta$ kalia Kraus AbB 1 137:11; 2 ší-na ša ana Ālim illukūninni išti PN šeriba have (pl.) the two (persons) who go to the City enter (PN2's house) with PN (cf. ištīn ištišunu line 18) RA 59 151 MAH 10823+: 30, cf. mahar  $2^{\delta i-na}$ qibisumma speak to him before two (witnesses) BIN 48:25 (both OA letters); šumma ūmam anniam wardum mūṣê ša ší-na 1/3 GÍN.TA la išqul if today PN(?) does not pay the exit dues, two at one-third shekel each BIN 4 179:8, see Kienast Altass. Kaufvertragsrecht 89; sibat kaspim ší-na 12½ GÍN KÙ.BABBAR kunukkija TCL 21 210:3 (OA); še-na illaku urham š[e-n]a i[ll]aku  $ha[rr]\bar{a} \ll na na$  two go on the road, two go on the journey ZA 71 63 r. 16f. (OB inc.); [šumma] şēr ubānim šalaštušunu ši-na ipturu if all three parts of the back of the "finger" are split in two YOS 10 33 v 26, ubān hašî qablītum imittam u šumēlam šina putturat ibid. 39:29, šumma sippi šumēl bāb ekallim ana ši-na paţer if the "doorframe" at the left of the "gate of the palace" is split in two ibid. 26 iii 21, cf. ibid. 33 v 11 (all OB ext.), adi 2 pațir KAR 423 iii 33, and passim, see adi A mng. 4a; see also bêšu usage b, parāsu; muhhašunu ištēnma išissunu ana ši-na itūr (if) their top (of the two tallu's) is one and their base reverts to two YOS 10 42 ii 53 (OB ext.), cf. ibid. 50 and passim in OB and SB ext.; ši-na (var. ana 2-na) tişbuta (if) two (ribs) are attached YOS 10 48:33, var. from dupl. 49:5 (OB

ext.), cf. 2.TA.ÀM tişbuta TCL 6 5 r. 49 (SB); ana še-na zūzama divide in two TCL 7 23:20 (OB let.), for other refs. see zâzu; 1,17 ana ši-na eṣip 2,34 multiply 1,17 by 2, (the result:) 2,34 Sumer 10 59 § 7:11 and passim in math.; for ana ši-na ḥepū, eṣēpu to divide, multiply by two in math. see Neugebauer and Sachs, MCT 172 s.v., Thureau-Dangin, TMB 229, Neugebauer, MKT 2 23 and MKT 3 69.

- 2' followed by an independent pronoun: the "beer bread" and the malt which I left behind for you (fem. pl.) ana šíta kināti la maṣi is not enough for the two of you Jankowska KTK 67:14 (OA).
- 3' followed by a suffixed pronoun: PN PN₂ 2- $\delta u$ -nu qanni GN pan abulli [k]am=musu PN (and) PN₂, the two of them are encamped outside Assur before the city gate ABL 419:13 (NA); obscure:  $\delta i$ -na- $\delta u$   $\delta u$ mam mahrika  $la\delta kun$  VAT 9301:32 (unpub. OA).
- 4' followed by a genitive: kīma šīmum la namru ši-in šīmišu kaspam ikallū ul tīdē do you not know that the merchandise is not of good quality (and) that he is withholding silver twice (lit. two of) the value of his merchandise? ABIM 20:72; kīma urāšika ši-in kaspika teleqqe you should take twice (the amount of) your silver in lieu of your property CT 29 7b:13 (both OB letters); mali PI-ia 1 ši-in PI-ia 2 šalušti PI-ia 20 mali PI-ia ši-in PI-ia u šalušti PI-ia kīmaṣi MCT 99 Q 2 and 4, cf. mali PI-ia 18 ši-in [PI]-ia 36 šalušti PI-ia 6 ibid. 6 (OB math.).
- b) in predicative use: tuppāka lu 2^{si-na} your tablets should be two TCL 4 18:17 (OA); padānu ši-na the paths were two YOS 10 7:9 (OB ext. report), also ibid. 11 i 3, šumma kakki imittim ši-na-a-ma if the right "weapon-mark" is (divided into) two ibid. 46 iv 11 and passim in this text (OB ext.); šumma padān šumēl marti še-na-ma KAR 423 ii 75, šumma ekal tīrāni 2-na BRM 4 15:18, šumma padānu 2-ma CT 20 2:2 ff., and passim in SB ext.; šumma izbu 2-ma if the malformed animal is double Leichty

šina šina

Izbu VI 1ff.; šumma ubānātum ši-it-ta if there are two "fingers" YOS 10 11 iii 31 (OB ext.), wr. 2-ta BRM 4 12:82 (SB); ši-it-ta īnū aḥātu šinama the eyes are two, they are sisters AMT 10,1 iii 25 (SB inc.), ši-it-ta šina mārāt Ani they are two, the daughters of Anu ibid. iii 18, see Landsberger, JNES 14 16 and JNES 17 57, also Maqlu III 31, IX 42, Iraq 31 31:59; in personal names: Ši-na-a-ḥu-ú-ia My-Brothers-Are-Two YOS 14 123:16; Ši-na-be-la-šu VAS 16 144:1, Ši-na-be-la-nu Birot Tablettes p. 120 v 31 (all OB), for other refs. see Stamm Namengebung 296.

c) in attributive use -1' preceding the objects counted: ší-na tuppān two tablets TCL 14 19:6,  $2^{\delta i-na}$  tuppēn VAT 9219:25; ana ší-ta elītīn ša tibnim for two top packs with straw TCL 20 176:13, cf. ší-ta īlīn ša URUDU two containers of copper OIP 27 57:12 and 19, for other refs. see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 41; ší-ta issabtān ša NA4.ZA.GÌN two rings of lapis lazuli BIN 6 179:5, 2(!) nēpišān 40 mana kaspum ICK 1 120:1, and passim with dual in OA; harrānī ana ší-na ūmē uşşiam my caravan will leave in two days CCT 5 4a:32, cf. adi ší-na ūmē TuM 1 1b:10;  $2^{\delta i-na}$   $n\bar{e}pi\delta\bar{i}$  kaspim CCT 5 15c:5 and 9, also Hecker Giessen 13:46; ší-na TÚG kutānīšunu PN naši BIN 6 202:36; mahar  $2^{\delta i-na}$  mer'  $\bar{e}$  ummi $\bar{a}n\bar{i}$  CCT 2 23:11;  $\delta i-na$ mulūhī ší-ta šinunuātim CCT 1 42a:10; X silver ana ší-ta hamšātika for your two one-fifth shares CCT 5 32c:2; ší-ta gabliā= tum BIN 4 90:10; 25%-ta qarnātim PN naš'ak= kunūti PN is bringing you two horns Jankowska KTK 19:12 (= Golénischeff 20, all OA); for *šitta qātēn* (*qātāti*) two parts, two thirds, see  $q\bar{a}tu$  mngs. 11, 12b; note: 2-ta 3-ta ina libbi eqli ša PN u ina libbi eqli ša ina qātē PN2 utirra . . . 3-ta šu^{II}. MEŠ PN ikkal 2-ta ŠU^{II}.MEŠ PN₃ . . . ikkal AnOr 8 1:2 and 6 (NB); ši-na taklūtim YBC 5476:25, cited Goetze, JNES 5 189 (OB); še-na itbārī two friends Lambert-Millard Atrahasīs 82 II v 24 and 26, see von Soden, MDOG 111 32; I dammed up the GN canal ina ši-na ūmī in two days CT 36 4 ii 18 (Ašduni-

erim of Kiš); 2 athû qišīršu ši-na qišīrija sebe x-ra-ti ša ištēn qišīri (for translat. see qišīru) Sumer 10 57 IM 31210 ii § 3:2f. (OB math., coll. H. Hunger); anumma ši-ta na: ruggātim PN uštābilam Sumer 14 67 No. 42:3 (Harmal let.); ana ši-it-ta išāt[ātim] for two fire signals ARM 4 32:17, and see išātu mng. 3b; ši-it-ta ubānātija ana libbi ubbal (if) I can put two of my fingers into (the fissure) YOS 10 25:13 (OB ext.); *ši-it-ta* ubānātim la tehiam less than two fingers away ibid. 46 i 29, wr. ši-it-ta-a ibid. 25 and 33. cf. 2 ŠU.SI NU TE LBAT 1557:5; šita-at(?) ammat igartum kabrat a wall two cubits thick TCL 10 3:2, see Goetze, JNES 5 195 n. 43; 1 SAL ša š[i-n]a-ma-ti u ki-ṣad[u] one girl two cubits and (one) kimsu (tall) HSS 13 259:1, cf. ši-ta ma-ti šanāti JEN 442: 4 (both Nuzi): adi ši-it-ta tamirāti ša harpi išaqqû until they irrigate the two irrigation districts of the early (sowing) BE 17 40:4 (MB let.);  $\bar{u}mu \ kal \ m\bar{u} \delta u \dots t\bar{u}ra \delta i$ it-ta ūmāti one full day and night, and again two days ABL 5 r. 3, see Parpola LAS No. 143 and LAS 2 129f.; ši-na nadabāku two courses of bricks CT 22 217:22 (NB let.); as "Flurname": 80 sar a.šā uštu ši-ni i-ki-i eighty sar of field from the "two ikû" (field) RA 72 143 No. 43:2, 7 GÁN A.ŠÀ ina ši-ni e-eb-li-[e] seven iku of field from two eblu (i.e., twelve  $ik\hat{u}$ ) CT 33 48a:1 (both OB leg.).

2' following the objects counted: adi tuppam ša šībē 2^{ši-na} etamdūtim alaqqean: nima until I obtain a tablet with two witnesses in agreement BIN 4 70:18; suḥārī 2^{ši-na} ana GN turda send two of my employees to GN ibid. 48:33 (both OA); alpī še-na šām[a]m[ma] buy me two oxen AJSL 32 287 No. 11:8, see Stol, AbB 11 144; ina mātini ilū ši-na ḥalquma from our land two gods have disappeared EA 356:23 (Adapa), also, wr. še-e-na ibid. 43, wr. še-na ibid. 24; šumma . . . kakkū ši-na šaknu ina libbi mātim ši-na nēšu innaddaruma if there are two "weapon-marks," two lions will prey in the open country YOS 10 42 iv 25 f.;

šina šina

ina napšat martim tikiptān 2-ta-ma surrupa qarrādān 2-na imuttanim (if) there are two spots at the opening of the gall bladder and they are colored red, two warriors will die ibid. 31 ix 26; šumma marrātum 2-ta dikšum šumma marrātum 3-aš dikšān ši-na (see dikšu mng. 1a-3') ibid. x 51, šumma ina sēr birītim kakkum ši-na ittaṭlu if on the central area (of the "finger") two "weapon-marks" point towards each other ibid. 33 ii 28, and passim in OB ext., also tutturū ši-na CT 5 4:4 (OB oil omens).

d) in idiomatic phrases -1' ištēn ušina: awīlū ištīn u ší-na lamnūtum one or two wicked men CCT 2 33:9; rīhti kas: pišu tuppum ištīn u ší-na ša tamkārē ibašši for the rest of his silver there are one or two tablets (held) by agents TCL 19 22:32; kīma ištīn u ší-na ilgeūni since he took one or two CCT 4 31b:12; ištīn u ší-na ša išhutuni one or two which(?) they have cleared(?) TCL 4 15:27; TÚG ištīn u ší-na kabtūtim ana narkabtim ētapaš narkabtu mng. 1a) CCT 3 20:18; ištīn u šína TÚG.HI.A liddinu CCT 5 1a: 29; wašbūtim ištēn u ší-na nigrīma LB 1204:9 (courtesy K. Veenhof); harrānam ištêt u ší-ta lukaš: šidam I will make one or two (more) trips Kienast ATHE 65:38; ITI.KAM ištīn u ší-na la tušeggara do not attach too much importance to (the fact that the loan runs for) another month or two CCT 5 5a: 22, cf. TCL 14 15:13, KT Blanckertz 6:5, 12 and 20, CCT 2 4a:17, TCL 4 26:27, BIN 4 25:17, Wr. 1 u 2 ITI.KAM KTS 28:18, Wr. ITI.1.KAM u ITI. 2.KAM TCL 14 22:46, and passim in OA; for other OA and OB refs. see also išten mngs. 1d and e.

2' šina u šalāš: kaspī ITI.KAM (erasure)  $2^{\delta i-na}$  u šalāšat libbe'il my silver should be... for two or three months TCL 19 46 r. 13, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 410 ff.; kirrātim  $2^{\delta i-ta}$  u 3 šuk(u) nima make ready a few casks of beer CCT 4 35b:5 (both OA); šīmam ši-na ša-la-ša-at e'illamma arhiš attallakam I will secure two or three

(items of) merchandise and leave promptly van Soldt, AbB 12 58:8; for other refs. see *šalāš* usage c.

3' in partitive constructions:  $i-2^{\delta i-ta}$  ištėt tanassaqma you select one from the two (talents of tin) TCL 20 92:10 (OA let.), cf. (referent unknown, possibly idiomatic) ammīni ina ši-it-ta ištāt la ikšudanni why did one of the two not reach me? Kraus, AbB 5 42 r. 4.

Goetze, JNES 5 187 ff.

šina (šini, šin) pron.; 1. they (fem. pl.), 2. those, the aforementioned (fem. pl.); from OA, OB on; cf. iššini.

1. they (fem. pl.): ši-na ana PN mu: tišina ul mutni atta i-qá-bi-i-ma (if) they say to PN their husband "You are not our husband" Meissner BAP 89:36 (OB leg.); ši-na akanna igtabā they have spoken thus BE 17 95:8 (MB let.); the king should give instructions kî ša dullu neppašuni kî ša ši-na ina £ alākunni illakani kî ša tarişuni how we should perform the ritual, how they (the women) should go where they are to go, and what is appropriate ABL 378 r. 9 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 195; u ši-na muššurama ramanuššin ittanallaka as for them (the horse-drawn chariots whose drivers had been slain), left to themselves, they were running about loose OIP 2 46:21 (Senn.); ši-na-ma palhaka ištammara zikirka they (mankind) revere you, they praise your name Lambert BWL 136:165 (hymn to Šamaš); in personal names:  ${}^{\mathrm{f}}\check{S}i ext{-}na ext{-}ban\hat{a}$  VAS 6 79:3, wr.  $\check{S}i ext{-}i ext{-}ni ext{-}ban\hat{a}$ Camb. 68:4, *Si-in-banâ* Cyr. 284:3 and 8, and passim in NB; umma ší-na-ma CCT 5 8b:17 (OA), also MDP 23 320:8, umma ši-na-ma PBS 5 100 ii 28 (OB leg.), and passim in OA, OB, wr. *ši-na-a-ma* TCL 18 123:7; used as predicate: 1 ME ši-na they are one hundred (in broken context) Kraus, AbB 5 29 r. 10'; šarru bēlī uda kî ūmāte ša dulli ši-na-ni the king, my lord, knows that these are days for the ritual CT 53 149 r. 2, see Parpola

šina šinahilu

LAS No. 310; ittāte lu ša šamê lu ša erşeti lu ša *šumma izbi ammar ši-na-ni assaţar* I have written down all the signs, whether celestial, terrestrial, or of malformed births, as many as were (observed) ABL 223:7; nēmel ma'dāti ši-na-a-ni because they (the women) are numerous ABL 378 r. 2; GIŠ.ŠÚ.A.MEŠ . . . gabbu ša mehri  $ši-na \dots ša er\bar{e}ni ši-na all (the logs) are$ of fir, they are of cedar ABL 467:25 and r. 2, see Fales, RA 75 67; la simāti ša māt they (the amulet stones) Aššur ši-na are not fit for Assyria ABL 19 r. 9; *ši-na-a-ma ši-na dullātešu la išnia* his acts were the same, they did not change ABL 1042 r. 2 (all NA); gapša têrētuša la  $mah\bar{a}r$  &i-na-a-[ma]her orders are mighty, they brook no resistance En. el. III 35, also I 145, II 31, III 93; 2-ta ši-na mārāt Ani ša šamê two are the daughters of the sky god Anu Maqlu III 31 and 32, also IX 42, cf. JNES 14 21 n. 29; U₈.MEŠ an= nat[u] šulmānu [š] i-i-n[a] these ewes are gifts Iraq 30 160 TR 2028:10, also KAJ 94:8 (MA); bītāte raspāte ši-na the houses are (already) built ABL 190:6 and 14 (NA); \$\bar{e}nu\$ attūnu ši-ni the sheep are ours YOS 7 41:9,  $s\bar{e}nu \, sa \, PN \, si-ni \, ibid. 17$ , (the debt notes) ša PN ši-na Nbn. 260:10; ÁB.GAL. ME  $\delta a$  DN  $\delta i$ -i-ni the cows belong to the Lady-of-Uruk YOS 6 120:10, cf. ibid. 6 (all NB);  $pirs\bar{a}tu \ \check{s}i-na$  VAB 3 63:100 (Dar.); obscure: ūmam āmurma awâtum la ší-na CCT 2 31a:12 (OA).

2. those, the aforementioned (fem. pl.): liātum u ṣēnu ši-na la iṣeḥḥira those cattle and flocks must not diminish in number LIH 74:17 (OB let.), cf. GIŠ.MÁ.ḤI.A ši-na ARM 1 6:48; tuppātum ši-na adi kašādija maḥriki liššakna let those tablets remain with you until my arrival ARM 10 12:10, cf. CT 47 63:59 (OB leg.); tudinātum ši-na ul inneppiša those fibulas cannot be made ARM 10 109:13; aššum meserrē ša bēlī išpura meserrē ši-na kî ilqūni ana bēlīja ul šarku (see miserru mng. 1a) CT 43 59:18 (MB let.); šumma eqlāti ši-na pāqirāna ir tašū] if

those fields have a claimant JENu 225+:6' (Nuzi): qulqullāte ši-na . . . nušēribā ina qirsi (see qirsu A) ABL 21:7 (NA); asu: minēti ši-na ša galāla šaṭrēti . . . šukun: šinētu deposit those inscribed stelas made of *galālu*-stone (in the temple) YOS 3 4:6; your fishermen there entered the house of PN TUG muşīpēti ši-i-na ultu libbi it: taš[û] and took away from it those garments CT 22 56:9: amēlūtu ši-i-ni terramma innaššu return those people to him BIN 1 87:14, cf. bābāti ši-i-ni TCL 9 106:11 (all NB letters); note used for šināti: ina silli ša DN  $m\bar{a}t\bar{a}te \ \tilde{s}i-in \ an\bar{a}ku \ ad\hat{u}k$  by the favor of Ahuramazda I defeated those countries Herzfeld API p. 30 No. 14:27 (Xerxes Ph).

šinahilu s.; 1. second-in-command, 2. second quality; OA, Nuzi, Akkadogram in Hitt.; Hurr. word; wr. syll. and 2-hi-lu; cf. šinahiluhli, šinahilūtu.

- 1. second-in-command: adi 10 ana ru=  $b\bar{a}$ 'im u ší-na-hi-li-im  $n\bar{\imath}l\bar{\imath}ma$  we went to the (local) ruler and (his) second-incommand as many as ten times TCL 1975:7 (OA let.); PN appointed his son PN₂ A-NA LÚ TAR-TE-EN-NU-UT-TI-ŠU «NU» / ŠI-NA-HI-LA to be his second-in-command KBo 3 3 ii 7 and dupl. KUB 1941 ii 10 (Muršiliš II), see Klengel, Or. NS 32 35, cf. (in broken context) šI-NA-A-HI-LA [...] KUB 32 41:3 (Hurr. inc.); (beer and cereals) [ana] šarri ana ši-na-hi-la ana 2  $\bar{u}m\bar{i}$  for the king (and) for the §. for two days HSS 14 78:5, also ana ekalli ana  $\xi i$ -na-hi-la ana 2  $\bar{u}m\bar{i}$  ibid. 84:6, 89:7, 117:4, HSS 16 143:4, wr. ši-na-hi-lu ibid. 173:2, HSS 14 88:6.
- 2. second quality (Nuzi, Emar) a) said of textiles: 5 TÚG.GÚ.È.MEŠ SIG.MEŠ ... 30 TÚG.GÚ.È.MEŠ ši-na-hi-lu five fine cloaks, thirty second quality cloaks HSS 14 7:2, and passim in this text, also, wr. 2-hi-lu ibid. 247:17, and passim, cf. 1-nu-tum GÚ.È ši-na-hi-lu (beside GÚ.È tuttupu) HSS 15 159:3, cf. also ibid. 139:7, 10 tapalu GÚ.È.MEŠ ši-na-hi-lu ša ekalli AASOR 16 78:2, 1-nu-tum GÚ.È(!) ši(!)-na-hi-lu 1-nu-tum

šinahilu šinamu

 $n\bar{e}behu\ \check{s}i-na-\dot{h}i-lu\ \ \mathrm{HSS}\ 14\ 523:11\ (=\ 249),$ cf. 5 TÚG.MEŠ 2-hi-lu 5 GÚ.È 2-hi-lu 5 hullannu KI.MIN five second quality garments, five second quality cloaks, five second quality wraps HSS 14 118:4, 3 TÚG 2-hi-lu 3 tapalu gú.è 2-hi-lu . . . 1 túg ša majāli ki.min HSS 15 181:1ff.; 1-nutum hullannu ši-na-hi-lu.meš HSS 14 643:3 (= 248), wr. 2-hi-l[u] ibid. 22, HSS 15 166:15 ff., 320 G 3 f.; 1 TÚG ši-na-hi-lu (note 3 Túg terdennu line 16) HSS 14 620:25, cf. HSS 15 138 C 5 and 8, 8 MA.NA SÍG.ME ana 2 TÚG.MEŠ ana ši-na-hi-li eight minas of wool for two garments, second quality HSS 14 121:7, cf. 10 TÚG. меš 2-hi-lu 10 narî [síg.меš] ten second quality textiles (weighing) ten narû's of wool HSS 13 288:4; 1 TÚG aštuzzi 1 TÚG ši-na-hi-lu 1-nu-tum gú. È ši-na-hi-lu HSS 15 172:2 and 3, cf. ibid. 171:6f., 3 TÚG.MEŠ also (beside other textiles) HSS 14 147:1; 1nu-tum túg.meš ši-na-hi-lu HSS 13 45:2, 112:3: 1 TÚG 2-hi-lu palila HSS 15 169:21, cf. ibid. 25; see also kusītu usage f, nēbeļu A mng. 1c.

- b) said of furniture and implements: 33 GIŠ.NÁ.MEŠ ši-na-hi-lu ša pitilta še-i-du 33 second quality beds stuffed with palm fiber HSS 15 130:7 (= RA 36 138); 12 GIŠ.NÁ.MEŠ ši-na-hi-lu-ú ibid. 132:17 (= RA 36 136); 31 GIŠ.BANŠUR [ša(?)] [2]-hi-lu 31 second quality tables HSS 13 435:49 (= RA 36 157); 16 GIŠ sussulkan[nu] ši-na-hi-lu-ú HSS 15 132:11 (= RA 36 136).
- c) said of cereals: [x] ANŠE GIG šina-hi-lu [x ANŠE] GIG damqu x homers of second quality wheat, x homers of good quality wheat HSS 14 145:1, and passim in this text; 2 ANŠE [x] ŠE 2-hi-l[u] two and [x] homers of second quality barley HSS 16 189:18, cf. ibid. 186:23; x ZÍD ši-na-hi-lu Arnaud Emar 6 452:7, and passim in Nos. 457-477, etc.

For morphological analysis of the Hurrian word as  $\bar{sin}$ -a(h)-he-(lla) see Diakonoff Hurrisch und Urartäisch 106. For other

compounds with Hurr.  $\bar{s}in$ - "two" see  $\dot{s}i$ : namu,  $\dot{s}inamuna$ ,  $\dot{s}inamunu$ ,  $\dot{s}inarpu$ ,  $\dot{s}inatu$ .

Laroche Glossaire 233. Ad mng. 1: Wilhelm, UF 2 277 f. Ad mng. 2: Speiser, AASOR 16 133 ff.

šinahiluhli s.; person attached to(?) the šinahilu; Nuzi; Hurr. word; cf. šinahilu.

PN PN₂ PN₃ 3-mu-nu LÚ  $\delta[i-na-hi]$ -lu-uh-[li] PN₄ PN₅ PN₆ 3-mu-nu LÚ.MEŠ  $\delta i$ -na-hi-lu-uh-li HSS 15 52:5 and 7; x barley  $k\bar{\imath}ma$   $p\bar{\imath}hhi$  $\delta unu$   $\delta a$  LÚ.MEŠ  $\delta i$ -na-hi-lu-uh-li as their substitute (delivery) for the staff of the  $\delta inahilu$  HSS 14 48:43.

W. Mayer Nuzi-Studien 1 200.

šinahilūtu s.; office of šinahilu; OA*; cf. šinahilu.

ani parṣē šina rubā'um ušaṣbatanni alaḥḥinūtam u ší-na-ḥi-lu-tám u irbam ana rubā'im ma'dam aqbi now, the (local) ruler will give me two offices, the office of alaḥḥinu and the office of second-in-command, and I promised the ruler a substantial gift C 1:17, cited Bilgiç, AfO 15 19 n. 144.

šinamašan see šinašan.

**šinamātu (AHw. 1241a) to be interpreted as *šina ammati*, see *šina* num. usage c-1'.

**šinamu** in **šinamumma epēšu** v.; to pay back double; Nuzi; Hurr. word; wr. syll. and 2-(na)-mu-um-ma.

šumma PN ibbalakkatu kusītu ši-na-muum-⟨ma⟩ DÙ šumma PN₂ ibbalakkatu hu= bulšu ši-na-mu-um-ma DÙ if PN (the satisfied creditor) violates (this agreement), he will return double the kusītu garment, if PN₂ violates (the agreement), he will pay double his debt HSS 5 30:28 ff., cf. šumma PN ibbalakkatu 23 UDU.MEŠ 2-mu-um-ma DÙ-šu u šumma PN₂ u PN₃ ibbalakkatu 23 UDU.MEŠ 2-mu-um-ma DÙ-šu HSS 16 šinamû

šinarpu

452:14 ff., cf. also A.ŠÀ.MEŠ-šu 2-na-muum-ma DÙ-šú HSS 19 41:39.

For other compounds with Hurr.  $\bar{s}in$ "two" see šinahilu, šinamuna, šinamunu, šinarpu, šinatu.

šinamû s.; (an official); NB.*

PN LÚ  $\delta i$ -na-mu-u  $\delta a$  PN₂ PN, the  $\delta$ . of PN₂ Nbn. 640:3; PN LÚ  $\delta i$ -na-mu-u  $\delta a$  URU Ha-mu-ru Camb. 394:4.

**šinamuna** adv.; twice, twofold; Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

šumma PN ša ibbalakkatu u kaspa ša pī tuppi ši-na-mu-na ana PN₂ umalla if PN acts against this agreement, he will pay twofold the silver (specified) in the tablet JEN 634:23, cf. šumma PN ibbalakkat... URUDU.MEŠ ana ši-na-mu-na ana PN₂ umalla Sumer 32 115:6.

For other compounds with Hurr.  $\bar{s}in$ "two" see  $\dot{s}ina\dot{p}ilu$ ,  $\dot{s}inamu$ ,

**šinamunu** (*šinamušu*) s.; substitute; Nuzi*; Hurr. word; wr. syll. and 2-mu-nu.

[4 L]Ú.MEŠ annûti ši-na-mu-nu Š[U. NIGIN] 8 LÚ.MEŠ nakkuššu these four men are š., total (including two charioteers and two ālik-ṣēri) eight men of the nakkuššu-group JEN 665:10, cf. 3 LÚ.MEŠ ālik ilki ši-na-mu-nu-ú ibid. 19; PN PN₂ 2-mu-nu LÚ.MU HSS 15 71:10, cf. ibid. 11, 17; PN DUMU PN₂ 5-mu-nu PN₃ 2-mu-nu PN₄ LÚ.UŠ.BAR edēnu PN₅ DUMU PN₆ 2-mu-nu HSS 15 57:2 and 4; 25 LÚ.MEŠ tarkumassāti ìR.MEŠ ekalli...u 33 itti ši-na-mu-[ši-šu-nu] ŠU. NIGIN 58 tarkumassāti HSS 15 64:31, restored from ibid. 15, Wr. ši-na-mu-mi-šu-nu (translit. only) SMN 2480:21, cited AASOR 16 p. 133.

For other compounds with Hurr.  $\bar{s}in$ "two" see  $\dot{s}ina\dot{h}ilu$ ,  $\dot{s}inamu$ ,  $\dot{s}inamu$ ,  $\dot{s}i$ : narpu,  $\dot{s}inatu$ .

For HSS 13 262:15 see *§umu* mng. 5. Speiser, AASOR 16 p. 133; H. Lewy, Or. NS 10 205; von Soden, WZKM 55 160.

šinamušu see šinamunu.

šinapšu in šinapšumma epēšu v.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

The judges asked PN (the defendant) to produce witnesses u awâ[tiš]unu ša [šī] būti ana pani dajānī ši-na-[ap-šumm]a dù-šu kīmē awâtišunu [ša] šībūti ši-x]  $ittabluni ... PN_2$   $ina d\bar{i}ni ilte'\bar{e}ma$  and the witnesses' deposition before the judges was false(?) (or: the witnesses recanted their deposition), and because the witnesses' deposition was false(?) and the witnesses which PN (the defendant) brought to [...], (and because PN confessed that he owed the emmer), PN2 won the case SMN 3102:50 ff. (= EN 9/1 434), cf.  $k\bar{i}m\bar{e}$  awâtišu ša [PN(?)] ši-na-ap-šu-umma [ $\bar{i}pu\check{s}u$ ]  $k\hat{i}$  ANŠE.KUR.RA- $\check{s}u$  PN₂ [ $a\check{s}a$ ]rPN₃ i[lqe] . . . PN₃ ina  $d\bar{i}ni$   $ilte'\bar{e}ma$  SMN  $3109:20 \ (= EN \ 9/1 \ 396), \ also \ k\bar{i}m\bar{e} \dots PN$  $[\hat{u}]aw\hat{a}ti\check{s}u[\check{s}a]PN_{2}[\check{s}i]-n[a-ap-\check{s}u-um]-ma$ ippušu ina dī[ni] PN ilte'e JEN 668:37; kīmē awâtišu ša PN [š]i-na-ap-šu-um-ma *ītepuš ina dīni* PN2 ilte'ēma because PN's deposition was false, PN2 won the case HSS 98:31, also BM 102360:22 (courtesy M. P. Maidman).

Possibly connected with the Hurrian word *šinapši* (a building); see Haas and Wilhelm, AOATS 3 36 ff.

**šinarpu** adj.; two-year-old; Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

1 ANŠE.KUR.RA-ia atānu [š]i-na-ar-pu imtūtmi my two-year-old mare died JEN 360:6, ef., wr. ši-n[a-a]r-pu ibid. 51.

For the noun formation see Speiser, AASOR 16 p. 131ff. and see kikarpu, tum=narpu, šintarpu. For other compounds

šinašan šināti

with Hurr.  $\bar{s}in$ - "two" see  $\check{s}inahilu$ ,  $\check{s}ina=mu$ ,  $\check{s}inamunu$ ,  $\check{s}inamunu$ ,  $\check{s}inatu$ .

Laroche Glossaire 234.

šinašan (šinamašan) adv.; both(?), each of the two(?); OB, SB*; cf. šina num.

ši-na-šan^{šá-na} ukallala šina ši-na-šan^{šá-na} ukallala maḥrušša they (the twice seven birth goddesses), each of the two (groups), will veil (themselves), each of the two (groups) will veil (themselves) in her (Mami's) presence Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 62 iii 12 f. (SB); Mama ši-e-na ulidma ši-e-na-ma-ša-an zāriqān ekallim Mama bore two, both were . . . . of the palace CT 15 1 i 10 f. (OB lit.), see Römer, WO 4 12.

***Sinašilu (AHw. 1241b) In HSS 15 104:2 read (a foal) SIG₅  $\hat{u}$ .

šinatena see šinītu A mng. 1b.

**šināti** pron.; **1.** they (fem. pl.), **2.** those, the aforementioned (fem. pl. oblique); from OB on.

kìd.kìd.bi [ba].an.zu.a ki.bi.šè ba.an. gi₄.gi₄: epšēti [ši]-na-a-ti kullumimma ana ašriz šina turru (see kullumu) BIN 2 22: 86 f., see Gurney, AAA 22 82.

- 1. they (fem. pl.): kaspum şibtam ul išu ši-na-ti igra NU.TUK-ma . . . ašar libbišina illak the silver bears no interest and they (PN and his wife) receive no wages, they may go wherever they please (after they pay their debt) Wiseman Alalakh 47:10 (MB), see Eichler Indenture at Nuzi 76.
- 2. those, the aforementioned (fem. pl. oblique) a) in OB, Mari: nipâtim šina-ti barāri šūṣi release those distresses by evening CT 52 2:7 (OB let.); amāti ši-na-ti kīma rabūtika uṣṣirma as your status allows you, interrogate those slave girls VAS 7 202:29, see Frankena, AbB 6 219; elippātim ši-na-ti ul uwaššeru they did not release those boats Fish Letters 26:8, also

ibid. 13, cf. ARM 3 27: 20, ARM 6 71 r. 10'; assum · . . . ṣēnī ši-na-ti šullumim uwa'eršunūti (see  $s\bar{e}nu$  mng. 1a) TCL 14:10, cf. U₂.UDU. HI.A ši-na-ti kīma uwa erušunūti ina šadîm ašar rītum ibaššû lizziz ibid. 22: atta ul tīdê kīma ṣēnī ši-na-ti anākûma našiāku do you not know that I myself have to take care of those sheep and goats? TCL 17 57:50, cf. VAS 16 157:21, ina rītim mamman irti ṣēnī ši-na-ti la utâr YOS 2 76:9; PN itti AB.GA šina-ti lišālik have PN go with those calves YOS 2 89:17, see Stol, AbB 9 89; SfG.HI.A šina-ti ana PN idin give that wool to PN VAS 16 189:19, cf. ibid. 28; [id]i MÁ.HI.A šina-ti BE 6/1 110:15;  $tupp\bar{a}[tim \& i]-na-ti$ *šuddin* PBS 7 104:17, cf. [ana p] $\bar{i}$  tupp $\bar{a}$ : tim ši-na-ti TCL 7 26:8; kanīk riksāti šina-ti PN šû naši PN himself was carrying those sealed agreements PBS 7 90:21:  $\delta \bar{\imath} b \bar{u}$ ša awâtim ši-na-ti idû LIH 11:11, cf. VAS 16 21:14; SAL.MEŠ ši-na-ti ana  $s\bar{e}rija$  š $\bar{u}$ = rêm bring those women to me ARM 18:33; anumma têrētim ši-na-ti [ana s]ēr bēlija [ušt]ābilam now I am sending those omens to my lord ARM 6 75:8.

b) in kudurrus and hist.: aššum errētim ši-na-ti šaniamma uštāhiz (if) because of these curses he incites someone else CH xlii 36, cf. MDP 10 pl. 12 iv 6, and passim in curse formulas; ša... epšēti ši-na-ti ušpel= luma ţēma šuātu innû he who would alter the above dispositions and reverse that order MDP 10 pl. 11 iii 30, cf. eqlēti ši-na-ti ana nakkamti mê la šakāni not to expose those fields to an overflow of water ibid. ii 5; ša kirâti ši-na-a-ti nukaribbīšina ana ilik šarri la babāli not to take the gardeners of those orchards for royal corvée work ibid. pl. 12 viii 26; ša...ina muhhi eqlētim ši-na-a-tim idabbubu whoever makes a claim against those fields MDP 2 pl. 17 iii 12 (both MB kudurrus);  $\delta a \dots$ eqlēti ši-na-ti ana pīhatišina utarru BBSt. No. 7 ii 2 (Marduk-nādin-ahhē), cf. (with var. šâtina) Borger Esarh. 52 iii 67, aššu epšēti ši-na(var. adds -a)-ti ana ašrišina turri ibid. 16 Ep. 11:11, var. from BiOr 21 144;  $ub\bar{a}n\bar{a}t$  šināti šīnātu

šadê ši-na-ti 1R 30 ii 51 (Šamši-Adad V); abullāti ši-na-a-ti adkēma I removed those gates VAB 4 132 v 64, cf. ibid. vi 19, 192 No. 26:6; ina  $s\bar{u}q\bar{a}ti$  ši-na-a-ti in those streets ibid. 196 No. 29:5 (all Nbk.); ina kisê  $b\bar{a}b\bar{a}ti$  ši-na-a-ti at the retaining wall of those gates ibid. 210:30 (Ner.).

- c) in NB: mišihti eqlēti ši-na-a-ti Nbn. 687:18, cf. eqlēti ši-na-a-ta ul nadna those fields were not sold ibid. 31.
- d) in SB: ina šanāti ši-na-a-ti in those years BRM 4 3:5 (Adapa); you put the ingredients in a leather bag itti IGI. MEŠ ši-na-te with the above mentioned (fish) eyes AMT 78,1:8 + 28,7:5.

For the MA form šinātina see šâtina. In YOS 3 173:17 read IGI-e-tum = maḥrêtu.

šināti in la šināti s.; improper actions or words, falsehoods; OB, Mari, SB; cf. šināti.

- a) in gen.: anumma PN ana la ši-nati panūšu šaknu now PN is intent on improper things YOS 2 1:28 (OB let.), cf. Tuzrukkū ana la ši-na-tim panam iškun ARM 2 63:29; la ši-na-ti ina qātišu [īpuš]ma ARM 1 3 r. 9' (let. to a god), see MARI 4 339.
- b) with verba dicendi: do you not know kīma PN la ši-na-ti idabbubam that PN is telling me lies? TLB 4 20:7 (OB let.), cf. la ši-na-ti-ma a[na] šāpirija idbub JCS 5 85 MAH 15914:20, see JCS 7 97, also ana la ši-na-ti qabê TIM 2 158 r. 11' (all OB), cf. la(text ma) ši-na-ti [...] (parallel: ma[grāti], taslimtu) AfO 19 53:175 (SB lit.); abī la ši-na-tim [i]špuram my father wrote me false statements ARM 10 46:10; why are they slandering me [û] ana la ši-na-tim [ina] qāt bēlija [i]r-ta-na-ag-ga-mu and continually complaining to my lord for false reasons? ARM 2 115:12.
- c) attributive to awâtum: pīqat PN awâtim la ši-na-ti ušallakkama perhaps PN will try to get you to go along with falsehoods

A 7548:13 (OB let.); awâtim la ši-na-ti ina ṣērija ušaṭṭar ARM 5 75 r. 2'.

šinātina see šâtunu pron.

šinatu in šinatumma epēšu v.; to repeat; Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

kīmē dīna PN ši-na-du-ma īpušu ù ana 1 alpi . . . ittadūš kīmē dīna ši-[na]-du-ma īpušu because PN appealed the verdict, therefore (the judges) sentenced him (to pay) one ox (to each judge) because he appealed the verdict AASOR 16 71:27 and 33; obscure: kīnannama ši-nu-[x]-um-ma e-pu-uš (end of text) HSS 14 11:19.

For other compounds with Hurr.  $\bar{s}in$ "two" see  $\dot{s}ina\dot{n}ilu$ ,  $\dot{s}inamu$ ,  $\dot{s}inamuna$ ,  $\dot{s}iz$   $\dot{s}inamunu$ ,  $\dot{s}inamu$ .

Speiser, AASOR 16 p. 133.

šīnātu s. pl. tantum; urine; OAkk., OB, Bogh., SB; wr. syll. and kAš(.MEŠ); cf. šânu.

ka-áš uš×a =  $\delta i$ -na-a-tu S^b II 227; [kàš.mu] = [ $\delta i$ ]-[i]-na-tu-u-[a] Ugumu Bil. Section E 3; dug. ki-si uš×a, dug. a. sur. ra = kar-pat  $\delta i$ -na-a-ti (var.  $\delta i$ -na-tu) Hh. X 334 f.; [...] [DUG. UŠ×A] = kar-pat  $\delta i$ -[na]-a-t[e] Diri V 267.

tabāštānu: zû ši-na-tum Lambert BWL 44:107 (Ludlul II Comm.), also, wr. ze-e ù κλš LBAT 1577 r. iv 13.

a) in ref. to urinating -1' of humans: if a man and a woman are lying in bed and zikaru KAŠ-Šú it-[bu]-[uk] the man discharges his urine AMT 66,2:7, cf. AfO 18 74 K.8821:11 and ibid. n. 32; šumma amēlu itti aššatišu ina aštammi kaš.meš-šú izzi (see  $nez\hat{u}$ ) CT 39 45:22 (SB Alu), cf. [ $\dot{s}i$  $n]a-ti-\check{s}\acute{u}$  izzi Labat TDP 154 r. 24, from RA 14 125; if in the king's dream zikaru kaš ana muhhišu [...] a man urinates on him (followed by a woman, a dog, a pig) Dream-book 337 r. 14 ff., cf. ibid. 310 r. i and ii; itarraku libbūšunu ši-na-te-šu-un uşarrapu . . . umaššerūni zûšun (see zû A mng. 1a) OIP 2 47 vi 30 (Senn.); for other refs. see šatānu, nezû usage a.

šīnātu šīnātu

2′ of animals: [kalb]u annû kaš-šú isluhanni this dog has spattered me with his urine KAR 64 r. 8 and dupls. (namburbi), ef. ibid. obv. 12, also kalbu annû ša KAŠ. MEŠ-šú ana muhhija ištinu ibid. 29, see Or. NS 36 2 ff.; A *itbuk* // aššu ši-na-a-t[i] it discharges water - it refers to urine (commenting on šumma šahû ana bīt amēli *īrubma mê itbuk* CT 38 47:43) CT 41 31 r. 27 (Alu Comm.); šumma lahru ina erši amēli  $lu \ piqqanna \ lu \ [k] \ if a \ sheep$ discharges its dung or urine in a man's bed CT 28 38 K.4079a: 12, cf. [šumma šu= rānu] ana muḥḥi amēli kāš-šú itbuk CT 39 48 BM 64295:18.

b) in descriptions of symptoms in med. and physiogn.: šumma amīlu kaš.meš-šú uttanattak kalâ la ila'i if a man lets his urine continually dribble and is unable to retain it Köcher BAM 111 ii 21, cf. AMT 62,1 ii 9, 63,1:14, [ $\check{s}umma\ am\bar{e}lu\ .\ .\ .ta$ ] $tt\bar{i}k\bar{a}te\ \check{s}a$ kàš.meš irtaši if a man is suffering from dribbling of urine KAR 73:3 and 19, cf. *šumma amēlu tattīkam ša* KAŠ *marus* Köcher BAM 396 i 10; šumma amēlu ina KAŠ-šú dama utabbakam if a man discharges blood in his urine JNES 33 337:31; šumma... [KAŠ]. MEŠ-šú tabāka la ile'e if he is unable to discharge his urine Labat TDP 78:70, also ibid. 124 iii 20; šumma amēlu ana kaš-šú magal ittenebbi Köcher BAM 161 v 15, wr. ana KAŠ.MEŠ-Š $\acute{u}$  ibid. 116 r. 8, ana UŠ.MEŠ-Š $\acute{u}$ ibid. 164:20; šumma KAŠ.MEŠ-šú itteneskira (see sekēru A mng. 5b) Labat TDP 136 ii 43, also kaš.meš-šú subbuta ibid. 138 ii 70, AMT 61,1:14, KAŠ-šú usabbat Köcher BAM 396 ii 19, wr. DIB.DIB-at AMT 48,1:10 + 78,3:7; [šumma kaš-šú  $k\bar{\imath}$ ] ma kaš anše if his urine looks like donkey urine Köcher BAM 114:1, cf. (kīma šuršumme šikari like beer foam, kīma šuršumme karāni like wine foam, kīma šimti helīti like bright paint(?), kīma mê kasî like kasû juice) ibid. 2 ff.,  $(k\bar{\imath}ma \text{ NA}_4(\text{var. KUŠ}).\text{DU}_8.\text{ŠI}-e)$ ibid. 8, (kīma ša ginā as usual) ibid. 9, also SIG7 if (his urine) is green BABBAR-ma ebâ white and thick ibid. 7.

restored from dupls. ibid. 112 i 13-16, 161 iv 1ff., AMT 58,4:1ff.; KÀŠ-Šú kīma KÀŠ ANŠE BABBAR Köcher BAM 396 i 23, cf. also (with various colors and likened to water, kasû juice, wine, milk) Labat TDP 134 ff. ii 39 ff., note šumma KAŠ.MEŠ-šú tammarma lipištu È.MEŠ-ni (see lipištu) ibid. 52 f.

c) as carrier for materia medica and in magic operations: 21 šammī annûti ina kaš amēli u šikari ina tinūri tesekkir you heat these 21 ingredients in an oven in (a mixture of) human urine and beer AMT 98,3:4, cf. AMT 83,2 ii 10 (= Köcher BAM 520), 75,1 iv 23, cf. ina šikari u kaš ina tinūri tesekkir AMT 94,2:10, KAŠ.MEŠ ina talli ina tinūri [. . .] AMT 61,2:9; various ingredients ina KAŠ tušabšal AMT 94,2:8; (various ingredients) ina kaš amīlūte tubal: lal you mix in human urine AMT 84,4 iii 7 (= Köcher BAM 580 v 15), cf. KAŠ mu: sukkati ša zikara uldu Köcher BAM 476 K.8080:11; ana muruş kabbarti piqqanna arqa ina kaš ruššėti ina tangussi ina is: qūqi tuballal taşammid you mix greenish sheep droppings in red urine with  $isq\bar{u}qu$ flour in a stewpot, and make a poultice with it Köcher BAM 124 ii 36, cf. KAS. MEŠ ruššėte ibid. 253:37, cf. also AMT 74,1 ii 12, AMT 78,4 r. 1, 94,2 i 2 and ii 11 (= Köcher BAM 471), Köcher BAM 52:8, see also ibid. 221 iii 5 and dupl. cited sāhiru A adj. usage a; ina patārika ina kaš emmēti temessi when you remove (the bandage) you wash (his head) with hot urine Köcher BAM 494 iii 35, parallel CT 23 50:15; [...] [Ú].KU6 ina šizib litti: KAŠ litti tamahhaş qaqqassu temessi you stir ....-plant into cow's milk, variant: cow's urine, and wash his head with it Köcher BAM 494 ii 73, cf. ibid. iii 31, cf. kàš alpi (with other ingredients) AMT 31,2 r. 5, KAŠ kalbi peşî urine of a white dog AMT 17,5:1; various ingredients iš= tēniš tasāk ina kaš umāme : mê kasî tubal= lal you crush together and mix in animal urine, variant: kasû juice AMT 44,1 ii 2 (= Köcher BAM 580 iii 14); ina KAŠ ramanišu tuballal you mix in his own urine AMT

šinbiltu šingu B

63,2:7; ina KAŠ U₈ la petīti tuballal you mix in the urine of an unmated ewe Or. NS 40 138:10 (namburbi); ši-na-at imēri ina tīdi . . . tuballal you mix donkey urine with clay (for a donkey figurine) ZA 45 200 i 4, cf. ibid. 2 (Bogh. rit.), cf. (the figurines) ina KAŠ ramanišu imhuhuma [. . .] (see mahāhu mng. 1c) AfO 18 293:50.

- d) in comparisons: leave, paralysis  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}i-na-a-ti\ ina\ bir\bar{\imath}t\ pur\bar{\imath}d\bar{\imath}$  as urine from the crotch Köcher BAM 398 r. 14;  $abnu\ \check{s}ikin\check{s}u\ k\bar{\imath}ma\ KA\check{s}\ [AN\check{s}E]$  the stone whose appearance is like ass's urine (is called [...]) STT 108:69 and dupl. Köcher BAM 378 iv 7 (series  $abnu\ \check{s}ikin\check{s}u$ );  $ki-ma\ \check{s}i-na-ti-k[a]$  (parallel:  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ z\bar{e}ka$ ) Biggs Šaziga 22:9.
- other occs.: I seized your mouth, I seized your eyes āḥuz ūrki ša ši-na-tim I seized your pudenda, (the place) of urine MAD 58:16 (OAkk. inc.), see Westenholz, Or. NS 46 201, cf. ina ūrija ša ši-i-na-tim ZA 75 198:17 (OB lit.), ina  $p\bar{\imath}ka$  u ši-na-ti-ka ib= talişka TIM 9 53:5 (OB riddle); šāru ša birīt  $z\hat{e} \ u \ \check{s}i$ -na-a-ti attu (see  $\check{s}\bar{a}ru$  mng. 3b) Küchler Beitr. pl. 4 iii 63 (inc.); may dust be their food, may bitumen be their ointment KAŠ imēri ana šatīšunu . . . liššakin may ass's urine be their drink AfO 8 25 iv 15 (Aššur-nīrārī V treaty), cf. KAŠ ANŠE.NITÁ lu mašqītkunu Wiseman Treaties 491; šumma KAŠ-šú išti if he drinks his (own) urine Dream-book 319 K.11841:y+5, cf. šumma A KAŠ.MEŠ [išti] ibid. y+1f.; šumma ina KAŠšú ramanšu isluh if (in his dream) he spatters himself with his (own) urine ibid. 311 r. ii K.6267:y+2 and passim in this text, see salāhu mngs. 1b-2', 5b; if a well opens and KÀŠ ittanmar urine is found CT 39 22:13 (SB Alu).

For BVW (= Ebeling Wagenpferde) see  $\delta in\bar{\imath}tu$  B.

## šinbiltu s.; (a plant); lex.*

g i š $_{\text{MUS}}^{\text{MUS}}$  $\times$ A.  $\langle$ NA $\rangle$ ^{e-r₁-in} = šuršu, g i š.  $_{\text{MUS}}^{\text{MUS}}$  $\times$ A. NA $^{\text{giš MIN}}$  = ši-in-bil-tum Hh. III 493 f., see Civil, JCS 15 126.

Cf. Syr. *šebbeltā* "nard, spikenard." Landsberger, MSL 1 224. šinburratu see šibburratu.

šindātu see šimţātu.

šindētu see šimţātu.

**šindilippu** ( $\dot{s}indissu$ ) (AHw. 1242a) The lex. refs.  $\dot{s}in$ -díli-ma KU₇ =  $\dot{s}in$ -dí-is-[su] Ea IV 191,  $\dot{s}in$ -díli-ma (var.  $\dot{s}in$ -di-lib) KU₇. KI =  $\dot{s}in$ (var.  $\dot{s}i$ -in) -di-x-[x] Diri I 246, refer to geographic names;  $ana \, \dot{s}a$ -an-da-lap-pi (var.  $\dot{s}a$ -an-di-lap-pu) TuL 15 iii 17 and dupl. K.9886 in AfO 16 pl. 14 most likely refers to the same locality.

šindissu see šindilippu.

šindu see šendu, šimtu, and šimtu.

šinētu see šini'tu.

šingallu see šengallu.

šingu A s.; (a small settlement); SB, NB.

[ina š]i-in-gi u ṣūṣê lištēšer atmanšu may his temple prosper in the š. and the reed thicket ZA 61 60:211 (SB hymn), see p. 71; ašar sīḥu ši-in-gu te-[...] ašar argānu it=buka terinnī[šu] where the sīḥu tree [...] the š., where the argānu conifer shed its cones STT 36:21 (SB lit.); (a garden) tēḥ ši-in-gu u DU6.MEŠ bordering the village and the mounds AnOr 9 19:37, cf. (as proper name) URU Ši-in-gu qaqqar ša Bēlti ša Uruk YOS 7 186:6, cf. ibid. 22, see Cocquerillat Palmeraies 21 n. 41; obscure: zab=bilu ša ši-in-gu a basket of(?) š. Nbn. 1119:3.

šingu B (šimgu) s.; (mng. uncert.); MA, NA; pl. šingāte.

6 MA.NA šipātu a-na ši-in-gi a-na PN ú-sta-erl he returned six minas of wool as (?) š. to PN VAS 19 54:2; pāḥassunu eppuluma qaqqad kaspi u še'i ši-im-ga-amma iddunu they will fulfill their responsar

sibility and deliver the original amount of silver and barley as (?) §. KAJ 47:21, see Koschaker NRUA 164; uncert.: §umma attunu turtu tutarra[ni] ... §i-in-ga(var. adds -a)-te [...] Wiseman Treaties 378.

šini see šina pron.

šiniānu (fem. šiniāntu) adj.; (mng. uncert.); OB.*

7 KUŠ UDU.NITÁ I KUŠ UDU Ši-ni-a-nu UCP 10 88 No. 12:4, cf. I KUŠ U₈ BAR. SUD.A I KUŠ U₈ 2 KUŠ Ši-ni-an-tum ibid. 10, also ibid. 7 (coll. J. J. Finkelstein).

Possibly referring to the number of times the sheep has been sheared.

## šinintu s.; (mng. uncert.); SB.*

(Ilu-bi'di of Hamat) la bēl kussî la šinin-ti ekalli not the (rightful) holder of the throne, not fit(?) for the palace Winckler Sammlung 2 1:18 (Sar., Charter of Assur), see Saggs, Iraq 37 14.

**Sinīnu (AHw. 1242a) In CT 49 144:21 read ina 1G1-ni-ni (= ina panīni).

šinipu (fem. šinipiat, šinipât, šinipêt, šinipât, šinippat, šinippiat, šinippat) num.; two thirds; from OAkk. on; Sum. lw.(?); wr. syll. and ša.na.bi,  $\frac{2}{3}$  with phon. complement (in OAkk.  $\frac{2}{3}$ .ša MAD 1 37:1,  $\frac{2}{3}$  KÙ.BABBAR ŠA.PI MAD 1 188 i 4).

 $\frac{2}{3}$ . bi =  $\delta i$ -ni-pa-tum Hh. I 334;  $\delta a$ -na-bi  $\frac{2}{3}$  =  $\delta i$ -ni-pu(var. -i-pi) Ea I 360;  $\delta a$ -na-bi  $\frac{2}{3}$  =  $\delta i$ -i-ni-pu S^b II 50; [ $\delta a$ -na-bi] [ $\delta a$ -ni- $\delta i$  Ea II 174;  $\delta a$ -na-bi  $\delta a$ -ni- $\delta i$  H/4: 198 f.

á. $\frac{2}{3}$  = \$i-ne-pa-at i-di Proto-Izi II Bil. Section A iii 16; giš.sìla.  $\frac{34-na-ba}{3}$  = MIN (=  $q\hat{u}$ ) \$i-ni-pi Hh. VIIA 240; giš. $\frac{2}{3}$ .sìla = MIN (=  $q\hat{e}$ ) \$i-ni-p[a-at] =  $q\hat{u}$  naḥb[alim] Hg. B II 113, in MSL 6 111;  $\frac{5}{6}$ . na. bi gin = \$i-ni-pu // 40 gin Arnaud Emar 6 553:230 (Hh. XVI); note 1 ma.na urudu, 2  $\frac{5}{3}$  \$a_4.na.bi urudu,  $\frac{1}{2}$  ma.na urudu Deimel Fara 3 20 v 23 (Pre.-Sar. list), see Civil, Oriens Antiquus 21 5.

u₄.hi.in gar.gar.ra zú.lum. $\frac{2}{3}$ .bi:  $u_4$ -hi-in kimri ši-ni-pat suluppī Ai. IV iii 45, cf. [zú.lum. x.x] = ši-ni-pu Hh. XXIV 246c.

4.kam.ma Lú. dNanna  $\frac{2}{3}$ .bi(var. omits.bi) abgal(var. adds. ke_x(KID)): rebû MIN ši-ni-pat (var. ši-in-ni-pat) apkalli the fourth is Lu-Nanna who was two thirds a sage Or. NS 30 3:24 ff., vars. from dupl. von Weiher Uruk No. 8 i 24 f. (bīt mēsiri).

a) in math.: 15 ši-ne-pí-at 20 u samnat ši-ne-pí-at [2]0 two thirds of 20 plus one eighth of two thirds of 20 equals 15 JNES 5 205: 17 f., cf. ibid. 25 f.; ši-ni-ip-pi-at 15 le= qēma 10 tammar take two thirds of 15 and you get 10 Sumer 6 134 r. 16, see Gundlach and von Soden, AMSUH 26 253; [ši-n]i*ip-pa-a-at* ERÍN.HI.A MKT 1 112 iv 20 (= TMB 70 No. 143:4); ši-ni-ip mahīr nāhim two thirds of the price equivalent of lard Sumer 7 43 No. 9:3; ana ši-ni-ip ši-ni-pi-ia ME SÌLA ŠE *ù ši-ni-pí uṣimma* [1 GU]R-um ittagmar... §A.NA.BI u §A.NA.[BI]  $\check{s}ut\bar{a}$ : kilma 26,40 tammar to two thirds of my two thirds I added one hundred silas of barley and my two thirds, and a full gur was reached, (to solve the problem) multiply two thirds by two thirds and you will get 26,40 Sumer 7 37 No. 5:2f. and 7, see von Soden, Sumer 8 52; ši-ni-ip kumurrî pūtim elîtim u šaplîtim two thirds of the sum of the upper and lower edges Sumer 6 133 Problem 2:16, *ši-ni-ip šiddim elîm* two thirds of the upper side (of a triangle) Sumer 7 31 No. 2:2, cf. ibid. 41 No. 8:2, Wr. **ŠA.NA.BI** ibid. **31** No. 2:5, 41 No. 8:5; atta ina epēšika igī erbē ši-ni-i-pí puṭurma 15 tammar when you proceed, take the reciprocal of forty, the two thirds, and you get 15 Sumer 7 38 No. 6:5, cf. igī 40 ši-nipi-tim putur Sumer 6 133:21 and 24, cf. ibid. 20, see Gundlach and von Soden, AMSUH 26 252 f.; (I added the surfaces of two of my squares) mithartum ši-ni-pa-at mithartim square was two thirds of the (other) square TMB 6 No. 14:2, wr. ši-ni-pa-a-at ibid. 3 No. 6:2, 9 No. 21:2, ši-ni-pa-at ubānim Sumer 43 194 ii 39; a clay wall  $\dot{s}i$ -ni-pi-it(?) ammatim rupšum ammat mēlium

šinīšu šinīšu

thirds of a cubit wide, one cubit high Sumer 7 35 No. 4:2 (all OB).

b) other occs.: ša ší-ni-pè-e ša subā: tika 4 meat 87 mana urudu bīt kārim laptāti vou are credited for two thirds of your textiles with 487 minas of copper in the office of the kāru (cf. ša šalšat subātika line 27) CCT 2 24:24, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 56f.; ši-ni-pé-et 6 MA.NA AN.NA ARMT 22 207 ii 1 and 8, cf. ibid. 276 iv 27; gir má+muk.meš ittabbalu eliš u  $\S{apli\S}$  [...]-li-ku  $\S{i}$ -ni-pat-su Gilg. XI 79, see Gurney, RA 73 90, cf. (in broken context) Gilg. V i 12; AN.MI EN.NUN.AN.USÁN kî iškunu ina šà 3-su (= šalussu) ša EN. NUN.AN.USÁN [...] ina šà-ma uzakki šini-ip-šá (possibly dittography, or error for ši-ni-ip-pat) šá en.nun.an.usán am= TA.ÀM  $mak[am(?) \dots]-ti(?)$ iqtibi (comm. on  $\frac{1}{3}$  (var.  $\frac{2}{3}$ ) TA.ÀM maşşarti uh= huratma AfO 17 82:8) ACh Supp. 2 Sin 24:20; ši-ni-pat lilli Lambert BWL 144:33 (Dialogue); 1 UD  $\frac{2}{3}$ -u one and two-thirds days Freydank Wirtschaftstexte 6 r. 12,  $5\frac{2}{3}$ -u ša  $\bar{u}mu$  ibid. 122:6 and passim; and bera. TA. AM and zūza. TA.ÀM ana ši-ni-pa.TA.ÀM ittanallaku they go (around the city) at every double hour, at every half (of a double hour), every two thirds (of a double hour) IM 67692:112 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); note: ekal RN šar māt Aššur  $\frac{2}{3}$  MA.NA ša property of Shalmaneser, king of Assyria, two-thirds royal mina (with on the base,  $\frac{2}{3}$  (in Aramaic script) on the left side) CIS II/1 p. 8 No. 7 (= ADD 2 p. 260, Shalm. V bronze weight); uncert.: 7 ME GI  $\S{i-in-ni-pi-tum}$   $\S{im}$   $\frac{1}{3}$  GÍN KÙ. BABBAR seven hundred two-thirds reeds worth one third of a shekel of silver Camb. 417:1 (NB); for \(\frac{2}{3}\). BI referring to dates see *šittān* usage a-1'.

For a suggested etymology from sina "two" +  $p\hat{u}$  "mouth" see Goetze, JNES 5 202 n. 81. For the use of  $\Delta$  following fractions in Pre-Sar. texts see M. Powell, ZA 63 103.

šinišhu (sinišhe) s.; (a topographical term); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

Field given in exchange ina GN-ma ina si-ni-iš-hé in GN in the s. JEN 137:12, cf. (in exchange for an irrigated field of one homer) 1 ANŠE [A.ŠA] la šīqa ašar ši-ni-iš-hi JEN 235:8.

šinīšu adv.; twice, a second time, (with ana) in two; from OA, OB on; wr. syll. (šinīši CCT 3 5b:6, 14, TCL 4 29:8, šinīša CT 37 11 ii 24, 14 ii 50) and 2 with phon. complement; cf. šina num.

ki.2.[sè] = a- $\lceil na si$ -ni]- $\lceil su \rceil$ , ki.2.en.[t] a = adi [MIN] Kagal C 228f.; ki.2.ku $^{se(text \ KUR)}$  = ana 2-su Izi C iii 18; a.rá 1 a.rá 2 = adi 1-tu adi 2-su for the first time, for the second time Ai. IV iv 28; gi.pisan.kud.da.2.dù.a = sa ana (var. omits ana) 2-su MIN (= parsu) Hh. IX 65, cf. ibid. 123; udu.[si.2].lá = udu sa 2-su baqnu Hh. XIII 66.

a)  $\sin i \delta u - 1'$  alone:  $i \delta t \bar{e} n i \delta t \bar{i} \delta \delta u i giam$ šanûm ši-ni-šu . . . iššiam (for context and translat. see *šalāšīšu*) MKT 1 111 iii 36, see TMB 69 No. 141:10 (OB math.); x silver ša PN ana PN2 iddinuma kaspum ana Alim šíni-šu illukuma that PN gave to PN, and (which) silver was supposed to go to the City twice (i.e., in two business trips) Hecker Giessen 11:5, also HUCA 39 6 L29-555:11; (list of investments and investors) 1 GÍN. ta kù.babbar pn $u tapp \bar{a}$ 'uš $u ši-ni-\bar{s}u$ one shekel of silver each (for) PN and his co-investor, a second time BIN 4 145:23; ana išātim ší-ni-šu ta'eršu refine (the gold which was paid to you) twice HUCA 39 29 L29-572:23; (the interest came to 25 shekels) šà.BA ina  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA 5 GÍN ší-ni-šu kīma PN PN2 sibtam ana PN3 išqul from it (the debt), from (?) the 25 shekels, PN₂, as representative of PN, paid the interest twice to PN3 (the lender) ICK 1 107:10; URUDU ší-ni-šu ibteri BIN 4 34:11, see Veenhof, Figurative Language 63 (all OA); 1 (PI) ŠE.TA.ÀM ši-ni-šu 2 (PI) ŠE ilqe twice he took one PI of barley, (in all) two PI of barley VAS 7 202:18 (OB let.); ana awatim ištiat ina mahar PN ši-ni-šu itūr

šinīšu šinīšu

he went (lit. returned) a second time before PN concerning the first decision ABIM 35:24; ši-ni-šu nakrum illikamma damqūtika ina qāti\ka\ u\ste\si\(\ext{e}\si\) (see damqu mng. 4) YOS 2 140:5; (real estate) ša PN EGIR abišu ši-ni-i-šu ina awat šarri ušēşû: ma which PN after the death of his father had obtained for a second time (i.e., as a second transfer of property) upon a royal order YOS 8 141:23, see Kraus Edikt 205 f.; GIŠ.SAR melqēt PN ana PN₂ ši-ni-šu innadnu the orchard, the income of PN, was given to PN₂ for the second time VAS 7 156:29, see Kraus Edikt 205 f. note 8; tuppī ši-ni-šu uštābilakkum I have written to you twice already TCL 1 31:4, cf. Kraus AbB 1 37 r. 4, *ši-ni-šu tuppī ušābilam* CT 2 10a:15, TCL 18 87:21 (all OB letters); ši-ni-šu šamûm iznun it rained twice ARM 67:27; [ši]-ni-šu girrašu habt[at] [i]ltêt PN ih= taba[t] [u &]  $an\bar{\imath}ta$  girra&u  $PN_2 \dots ihtab[at]$ his caravans were robbed twice, PN robbed the first and PN2 his second caravan EA 7:74 (let. of Burnaburiaš); kaspa ša innadnu 2-šu umallû (if they go back on the agreement) they will pay double the silver that they have been given AASOR 16 37:26; 2-ni-šú HA.LA ileqqe (the heir) will take a double share HSS 5 67:9, cf. šú 2-*šu-ma* HA.LA *ileqqe* HSS 9 24:13 (all Nuzi); 2 UDU.SAL ša 2-ni-šu baqnu two ewes which were plucked twice Sumer 36 134 IM 70882:12, cf. 4 UDU.SAL 2-ni-šu baqnu SMN 1067:9 (= EN 9/1 165), see Eichler Indenture at Nuzi 130, cf. also 1 enzu SAL 2ni-šu gazzu ibid. 13, and passim in Nuzi, wr. šini-šu JEN 300:15 ff.; 2-šú mași ina muhhi bēlija assapara twice at least I have sent messages to my lord Iraq 21 175 No. 64:10 (NA let.); ina šatti 2-šú ana panīja alka come before me twice a year ABL 276 r. 16, ef. 2-šú kî nillika ABL 771 r. 14 (both NB); 2-šú massartušu . . . ninassar we will watch it (the sun, to see whether there is an eclipse) twice (on the 26th of Arahsamna and the 26th of Kissilimu) ABL 687 r. 5, see Parpola LAS No. 41;  $\delta i_7 - ni - \delta u_4$  in  $i \delta \bar{a}ti$ tetterassi you remove it twice from the

immediate heat of the fire Oppenheim Glass 63:7 (MB);  $k\bar{\imath}ma~2$ -šú iqbû as its second explanation (lit. as they said secondly) CT 31 10 r.(!) i 13 and dupl. AMT 71,3:11 (SB ext.).

beside other multiplicatives: adi mala u ší-ni-šu ašpurakkunūtima I have written to you (pl.) once or twice CCT 3 11:7, also Jankowska KTK 8 r. 7, wr. mala u ší-ni-ší CCT 3 5b: 6, 6a: 14, TCL 4 29: 8; mala  $u \quad 2^{\delta i-ni} - \delta u \quad \text{TCL} \quad 20 \quad 101:7 \quad \text{and} \quad 17 \quad \text{(all OA)},$  $mala \ \check{s}i-ni-e-\check{s}u$  ABL 778:8 (NA), and passim in OA, NA, see mala num. mng. 2; iš-ti-iš*šu u ši-ni-šu . . . ašpurakkumma* I have written you more than once CT 52 156:1; tuppam iš-ti-iš-šu ši-ni-šu tušābilam TIM 2 5:4; PN iš-ti-šu ši-ni-šu annikīam ugallil Kraus AbB 1 130:30; 1 amtam  $\delta a \dots i \delta$ ti-iš-šu ši-ni-šu-ma waldat one slave girl who has given birth once or twice ABIM 20:82 (all OB letters), and passim in OB, NB, see ištīššu usage a; note [an]a iš-ti-tu u ši-nišu PBS 7 67:22; š[i]-ni-šu š $alar{a}$ šišu aqta= bīkum u anāku ina pī ramanija ši-ni-šu-ú aqtab[īk]umma ul tāpulanni I have told you two or three times, have I not myself told it to you twice? but you have not responded Kraus, AbB 5 92:25 and 28; for šinīšu (u) šalāšīšu two or three times see *šalāšīšu* usages a and b.

b) adi šinīšu twice, up to two times: 25 adi ši-ni-šu talappat you write down 25 twice TMB 4 No. 9:6, cf. 66 No. 138:29; 15 u 15 adi ši-ni-šu šukunma TMB 104 No. 207:13, cf. ibid. 20 and 34, 108 ff. No. 210:11, 14, 18 and 28, No. 211:17 and 19 (all OB math.); adi ší-ni-šu ašpurakkunūti I wrote to you (pl.) twice C 18:31 (OA), also TCL 18 104:9 (OB let.);  $mi\check{s}\check{s}u\;\check{s}a\;\check{s}u\check{h}\bar{a}r\bar{u}\;\check{s}a\;\mathrm{PN}\;u\;\bar{a}lik\bar{u}$ adi ší-ni-šu illikunimma têrtaknuma la illikani why is it that PN's employees and (other) caravans have come here twice, but your instructions did not come BIN 4 49:8, cf. TCL 20 87:8 (OA); PN Šû adi *ši-ni-šu ana mahrija illikamma* that PN has come to me twice TCL 1 54:16; biduqtum adi ši-ni-šu ana eqlim ibbatiqma CT 29 31 : 5 (both OB letters); šumma arnam kabtam adi šinīšu šinīt ţēmi

ši-ni-šu itbalam if he commits a grave crime for a second time CH § 169:33; adi 2-šú dalhāk I am doubly(?) distressed ABL 852 r. 10 (NB); adi ši-ni-šu abam ālidu āla ušalmām my own father surrounded the city twice (with a moat) VAB 4 72 i 26, and passim in Nbk., wr. ši-ni-ša CT 37 11 ii 24 and 14 ii 50, ši-ni-e PBS 15 79 ii 6 (coll.); adi ši-ni-šú ummān Qutî idkāšumma twice he (Marduk) set the army of the Guti in motion against him (Narām-Sin) Grayson Chronicles 19:54.

ana  $\sin i \sin u - 1'$ twice, a second time: arâm ana ši-ni-šu tašakkan you take the product twice TMB 71 No. 145:3; kas: pum a-ší-ni-šu libbalkitma the silver should cross twice (i.e., in two shipments) Kienast ATHE 64:19; kaspum ana ší-ni-šu la ihhabbal the silver cannot be owed twice ibid. 43:9, see Garelli, RA 55 213; ana 2-šú assapar I sent (them) twice ABL 444 r. 5 (NA); rēš mihilti u qīt mihilti ana 2-šú iššassû the beginnings of the lines and the ends of the lines can be read twice (i.e., as acrostic and telestich) JAOS 88 130:13 and 132 r. 12, see Sweet, Or. NS 38 459f.

in two: šuglam a-ší-ni-šu nizūz we divided the load in two BIN 6 79:24, for other refs. see  $z\hat{a}zu$ , see also  $bat\bar{a}qu$ mng. 3, hepû v. mng. 5, letû v., mahāşu mng. 5c; (two large sû stones) ni-šu šarmāni which are cut in two CCT 4 35b:10, also, wr.  $a-\delta i-ni-\delta u$  TCL 20 98:9; kaspam pahhirama ana ší-ni-šu kunkama šēbilanim ibid. 84:13 (all OA); sābum Elamû ana 2-šu pagaršu izūzma ARM 14 124 r. 5', ef. ibid. 83:23; šumma rēš bāb ekallim ana ši-ni-šu pater if the top of the "gate of the palace" is split in two YOS 10 26 iii 28 (OB ext.); difficult: x wool ana 2-šú (beside ana  $3-\check{s}\acute{u}$ ) ADD 953 iii 16, see Postgate Taxation 326 (NA); note (you spin some yarn) ana 2-šú tessip you twine a double (thread) AMT 11,1 iv 42 (= Köcher BAM 510 iv 32), cf. (in broken context) ana 2-šú ișșipšu STT

28 ii 20 (Nergal and Ereškigal), see Gurney, AnSt 10 112.

set of(?) two (in OA, MA, NA, alternating with sina or 2-sú, see J. Lewy, Or. NS 19 2 ff.): ana ší-ni-šu maškī šap'ūtim two hides with fleece(?) RA 59 36 MAH 10824:13, ef.  $[a-\check{s}]$   $i-ni-\check{s}u$   $ma-\check{a}\check{s}-ku-nam$ BIN 6 84:16, ana ší-ni-šu sahirtum BIN 4 201:4, a-ší-ni-šu tamalakkī CCT 4 20a:21, cf. (in broken context) Jankowska KTK 15:8; note  $\frac{5}{6}$  GÍN ana ší-ni-šu  $\bar{a}r\bar{e}$  five sixths of a shekel for a set of(?) ox harness(?) KTS 51a:4, cf.  $\frac{1}{3}$  GÍN ana ší-ni-šu š $\bar{e}$ n $\bar{e}$ n one-third shekel for a set of shoes ibid. 27 (all OA), and see šēnu, šahiru; ana 2-šu TÚG ahāte ša sirpi a set of(?) sleeves of red wool KAV 105:14, ana 2-šu šur:  $\check{s}urr\bar{a}te$  KAJ 310:59 (both MA); ana 2- $\check{s}\acute{u}$ kuzippē Iraq 16 55 ND 2307:27, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 14, but 2-šú HAR KÙ. BABBAR two pairs of silver rings ADD 758:6, cf. ibid. 4f., see Postgate Taxation 306, 2-[š] ú zurzī two pairs of saddlebags ADD 1036 ii 15, see Postgate Taxation 329.

šinīt ţēmi s.; (mng. uncert.); OB, SB; wr. syll. and KA.HI.KÚR.RA; cf. šanû B v. dimmu(KA.HI).kúr.ra = ši-nit ţe-e-mu Igituh I 202.

a) in med. and magic: šumma amīlu KA.[HI.KÚR].RA DIB-su tè-en-šú išt[ani] amâtu[šu] KÚR.KÚR-ru(var. -ra) ţēmšu šuв.šuв-su u magal ка.ка-ub ana ţè-mešú tur-ri-šú if š. has affected a person, his perception(?) is changed, his words are strange, his faculties fail him, and he raves all the time, in order to bring back his faculties (you prepare an amulet) Köcher BAM 202:1, var. from dupl. STT 286 ii 14; šumma amīlu gāt ețemmi ișbassu bennu işbassu . . . [K]A.HI.KÚR.RA işbassu KAR 42:6 and dupl. AMT 96,3:4, see Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 56:4; ana HUL.GIG DI.BAL.A ZI.KU5. RU.DA KA.DIB.BI.DA KA.HI.KÚR.RA ana amēli la ţeĥê (see kadibbidû) BMS 12:1, see Ebeling Handerhebung 74, cf. the sequence ZI.KU5.RU.DA DI.BAL.A KA.DIB.BI.DA

ŠÚR. HUN. GÁ KA. HI. KÚR. RA Maqlu V 63, cf. ibid. VII 80; [ši-ha]t(?) šīri ši-ni-it tè-me(text -šI) CT 51 200:7; the sorcerers and sorceresses who ZI. KURU5-tí-e KA. DIB. (BI). DA DI. BAL-e DÍM. MA. KÚR-e u ši-ni-it té-mi ēpuša Köcher BAM 214 iii 13; they have afflicted me with miqit tēmi ši-ni-it tè-me šU. dINNIN ŠU. DINGIR. RA AfO 18 290:14; Ú imhur-ešrā Ú ši-ni-it tè-me the imhur-ešrā plant is a medication for š. Köcher BAM 379 ii 56, cf. (the plant) ana ši-ni-i[t tēmi damiq] STT 93:49 (series šammu šikinšu); (eleven stone charms for) KA. HI. KÚR. RA Köcher BAM 376 iii 3.

b) as apod.:  $p\bar{i}$  ilim išanni ši-ni-it  $te_4$ -mi-im the command of the god will change, there will be  $\tilde{s}$ . YOS 10 17:42 (OB ext.), cf.  $\tilde{s}i$ -ni-it te-mi-im UCP 9 374:19, (with ana  $\tilde{s}in\bar{i}\tilde{s}u$   $z\bar{i}z$  in the prot.) wr.  $\tilde{s}i$ -ni-it  $te_4$ -mi-im ibid. 375:31 (OB smoke omens), see Pettinato, RSO 41 318:10 and 18,  $[\tilde{s}i]$ -ni-it te-e-me CT 38 21:20 (SB Alu).

See also  $\delta an\bar{e} \ t\bar{e}mi$  sub  $\delta an\hat{u}$  B v. mng. 2c.

Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 74 f.

**šini'tu** ( $\sin \bar{e}tu$ ) s.; obstruction, dry matter (in the throat); SB*; ef.  $\sin \bar{e}u$ .

If a man has a piercing pain in his chest and  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \delta i-ni$ -'-ti eperu i $\delta anna$ ' $\delta u$  ina  $ge[\delta i\delta u]$  marta iparru (see  $\delta an\bar{a}$ 'u) Küchler Beitr. pl. 11 (= Köcher BAM 575) iii 65, cf.  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \delta i-ni$ -e-ti eperu irtana $\delta \delta i$  ibid. 55.

šinītu A s.; 1. soaking, dyeing, dyed textile, 2. (a type of leek); OA, MB Alalakh, NB; pl. OA šiniātu, Alalakh (with Hurr. suffix) šinātena; cf. šanû C v.

túg.a.gi $_4$ .a =  $sip\hat{u}tu$ , si-ni-tum Hh. XIX 208 f.; [túg.a.g]i $_4$ .a = si-ni-tum = sushuru Hg. B V 14, [túg.a.di.a] = si-ni-tum = MIN (= lu-bar um-di) ibid. 16, also Hg. D III 419 and 421, in MSL 11 138 and 141.

[túl].lá.[ga].raš sar (var. ga.raš.túl.lá [sar]) = ši-ni-tú Hh. XVII 317.

1. soaking, dyeing, dyed textile -a) referring to wetting down a clay roof in

order to seal it (NB): the tenant will cover the buildings with clay šattussu ši-ni-tum išan<ni> every year he will wet (it) down TuM 2-3 27:9; pūt ši-ni-ti šikin as=kup[pāti] PN naši PN is responsible for the wetting down (of the roof) and setting the doorsills ibid. 24:7, see San Nicolò Babylonische Rechtsurkunden p. 101; pūt ṣabāt batqa ša asurrû u ši-ni-tum ūru PN naši VAS 4 64:15 (all NB house rentals).

- b) dyed textile: see Hh. XIX, Hg., in lex. section, and see šinītu A in ša šinīti; 35 ma.na šīm sfg(!).Hi.a ši-ni-ti-im 35 minas (of copper), the price of dyed wool BIN 4 54:15, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 188; 2 TÚG.Hi.a ši-ni-a-tum la laptu two š.-dyed textiles were not recorded CCT 3 49b:24; TÚG barrumam u ši-ni-tám la tazša'amanim do not buy multicolored or dyed cloth for me TCL 19 69:22 (all OA letters); [X] TÚG ši-na-te-na še-[ri(?)] Wiseman Alalakh 362:7, cf. 5 TÚG ši-na-te-na šU ibid. 416:2.
- 2. (a type of leek, lit. "(of the) soaking"): see Hh. XVII, in lex. section.

For OAkk. refs. (see MAD 3 278), to be read si.ì.tum, see *šittu* A.

Ad mng. 1b: Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 188; Landsberger, JCS 21 169.

šinītu A in ša šinīti s.; dyer (or soaker) (of cloth); OB lex.*; ef. šanû C v.

[lú túg.a].  $gi_4$ .  $a = \delta a \delta i - ni - ti$  OB Lu B i 20.

*šinītu B s.; (mng. uncert.); MA*; only pl. šināte attested.

[šamna] u ši-na-te tana[qqi] you pour oil and š. (then you pour out barley for the horses to eat) Ebeling Wagenpferde p. 36 U 1, cf. p. 18 C 5, 19 E r. 5, 29 I 5, 33 M+N r. 7, 35 S 4.

If the word is to be connected with initu A, it may refer to the liniment used to rub down horses.

šinītu C šinnu A

šinītu C s.; (a type of flour); MB.*

3 (BÁN) 1 SìLA ši-ni-tum (followed by cereals, as KIN.SIG food allotment) PBS 2/2 97:1, also BE 14 117a:5, Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 45:6; 3 (BÁN) ZÍD.DA ši-ni-tum BE 14 47:4, 3 (BÁN) ZÍD ši-ni-tum (as taxes) BE 15 181:8.

**šinnānu** adj.; (qualifying reeds and pomegranates); lex.*

gi. Aš. dù. a =  $qanû \sin na-nu$  (var.  $a \sin i-i[n-ni]$ ) Hh. VIII 150; nu.  $a \sin g = \sin i-in-na-nu$  Hh. XXIV 239a.

šinnatu s.; equal, rival; SB; cf. šanānu.

dki.šár ni-id-la-am sal.Uš.Dam e.da.sá hé.na. nam mu.zu.a nir hé.ga galam.galam ga-la-ma: lu Antu hirtu šin-na-at-ka šima ana šumeka litetli let her be Antu, the spouse, your (Anu's) equal, may she reach in height the height of your name TCL 651:19f. (Exaltation of Ištar); en zi sa, a din. [tir.ki] me.en: bēlu šaqū šin-na-at [Bābili anāku] I am the exalted lord, equal of Babylon Studies Albright 345:24, restored from [...] din.tir.ki me.[en]: [...] šin-na-at Bābili att[a] K.10809:4 (courtesy W. G. Lambert).

- a) of gods: bēlu rašbu ša ina puḥur ilī rabûti šin-na-as-su la ibbaššû (Marduk) mighty lord who has no equal in the assembly of the great gods STC 1 205:12, see Ebeling Handerhebung 94, cf. ina ilī šin-na-ti(var. -at) ul ibašši Or. NS 36 118:55 (hymn to Gula); (Ninurta) ši-na-at Anim u Dagan 1R 29 i 18 (Šamši-Adad V).
- b) of sages: dNIN.ŠI.KÙ iddina karšu ritpāšu šin-na-at apkalli Adapa išruka palkā hasissu Ea gave me broad understanding, endowed me with wide knowledge equal to that of the sage Adapa OIP 2 117:4 (Senn.); šarru pīt hasīsi lē ī īnī kalama šin-na-at apkalli Lyon Sar. 6:38, cf. šin-na-at apkalli Adapa ša išruku rubū dNIN.ŠI.KÙ Borger Esarh. p. 34 § 21:46.
- c) of palaces and temples: (Arbela)  $tam \tilde{sil} \tilde{su}$  GN  $\tilde{si-na-su}$  [GN₂] its counterpart is Babylon, its equal is [GN₂] LKA  $32:17: \tilde{sin-na-at} \tilde{sa} E \tilde{sarra} \tilde{sagu} E z ida$  lofty

Ezida is the equal of Ešarra ZA 53 237:2; [...] UR.SAG ši-na-at É-šár-r[a...] BM 82959:7 (SB lit., courtesy W. G. Lambert); ekallāti rabbāte šin-na-at [...] TCL 3 245 (Sar.).

d) other occ.: ši-in-na-at mīti u halqi the equivalent of a dead or missing man (apodosis) Labat Suse 6 ii 34 (ext.).

For ZA 16 180:38 and parallel, see §innu A.

šinnipåt see šinipu.

Sinnu A s. fem.; 1. tooth, 2. elephant tusk, ivory, 3. tooth, tine (of a comb, a saw, a harrow), blade (of a plow, a threshing board, a hoe); from OAkk. on; often occ. in the dual, pl. sinnātu (RA 77 20 No. 3:22 (Emar), BM 120022:11, JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 8 v 11, A 704:16 (all OB), and in mng. 3); wr. syll. and zú (zú.GUL in RS, see Nougayrol, MRS 6 184 note to line 14, zú×UD in EA from Egypt (EA 14 iii 75 f., iv 1 f., 5:20), for KA×UD in Hitt. see Friedrich Gesetze p. 144); cf. sinqātu.

uzu.zú = ši-in-nu Hh. XV 20; zu-u KA = šinnu S^b I 255, see MSL 4 207; ^{zu}KA =  $\delta i$ -in-n[uum] Kagal D Section 6:5;  $[z\dot{u}].mu = \&i-in-[ni]$ ,  $[\grave{e}n.da.z\acute{u}].mu = lu-\check{s}u-um \check{s}a \check{s}i-in-[ni-ia], [z\acute{u}].$ x].  $mu = lu-ru-\dot{u}-a$ , [ $z\dot{u}$ . ga].  $mu = \delta i-in-ni \delta a \delta i-in-ni \delta a$ iz-[bi],  $[z\dot{\mathbf{u}}.\dot{\mathbf{k}}$ in. $\dot{\mathbf{k}}$ in]. $m\dot{\mathbf{u}} = e$ -ru- $\dot{u}$ -a,  $[z\dot{\mathbf{u}}.\dot{\mathbf{x}}.\dot{\mathbf{m}}]\dot{\mathbf{u}} =$ ši-in-ni ma-aḥ-r[i-tum] Ugumu Bil. B₁ 8 ff., from UET 7 95;  $z\dot{u}$ .  $gul = \delta i - i[n-n]u \ ha - si - ir - tum \ Kagal$ D Section 6:7; zú.bal.bal = ši-in-nu na-ba-alku-tu,  $[z \acute{\mathbf{u}}]$ .  $[x . x] = \delta i$ -in-[ni] tu-ul-ti ibid. 12 f.;  $[...] = [...] = \sin -nu$  Hg. B IV 4a, in MSL 9 36;  $[uz]u.\check{s}\grave{a}.s\grave{e}.s\grave{e}.ki = pir-su = min (= t\bar{i}r\bar{a}nu) \check{s}in$ ni Hg. D 62, in MSL 9 37; KA^{su-ga-ar}GAR = MIN (=  $ham\bar{a}su$ ) sá sin-ni Nabnitu XXII 120;  $kA^{zu-su-ud}RAD$ . MIN RAD = MIN (=  $gas\bar{a}su$ ) sá sin-ni Antagal A 166, also Nabnitu Fragm. 8 ii 6; zú. k[ud] = MIN (= hesēru) šá šin-ni Nabnitu H 79; ku-ud KUD = hesēru šá šin-nu A III/5:56; [...] = [he]-sír šin-nu Igituh App. A i 24.

giš.gu.za.zū.am.si = ša šin-ni pi-i-ri Hh. IV 115; giš.gìr.gub.z[ú.am.si].dun.dun = ša šinni pi-i-ri <i-ta-ad-du-u>, giš.gìr.gub.z[ú.am. si].si.si.ga = ša min uḥ-ḥu-zu Hh. IV 145 f., also (referring to kangiškarakku) ibid. 207 f.; giš.ig. zú.am.si = dalat šin(var. ši)-ni pi-ri Hh. V 213.

giš.gán.ùr.zú.gal.gal = KI.MIN (= maškaz kātu) ši-ni GAL.MEŠ Hh. V 175; giš.zú.giš. gán.ùr = šin-nu Hh. V 186, completed by BM

49649; giš.al. $z^{u}$ KA =  $\sin$ -nu min (= allu) Hh. VIIA 155; giš.al. $z^{u}$ .tab =  $\sin$ 2-ta3  $\sin$ 2-ta4, giš.al. $z^{u}$ 3 =  $\sin$ 3-ta4 min ibid. 159 f.; giš. $z^{u}$ 5. gud. si. Aš =  $\sin$ 2-ta6. min (=  $a\sin$ 2) Hh. VIIA 90.

gu-ug NA₄.GUG = ši-in-nu Diri III 84; gu-ug GUG = šin-nu Idu I 107; za-bar UD.KA.BAR = šin-[nu] Diri I 131; za-bar UD.KA.BAR = ši-in-nu A III/3:200.

sag.gig zú.gig šà.gig lipiš.gig: muruş qaqqadi min šin-ni min libbi kīs libbi CT 16 31:94 f., 35:40 f., CT 17 11:99 f.; [am ù.na.gu]b.ba lú. erím. ma zú súd [...]: [rī] mu kadru ša ana ajābi šin-na i-[kaṣ-ṣa-ṣu] ferocious wild bull, who gnashes his teeth at the enemy OECT 6 pl. 3 K.5992:10 (coll. R. Borger); šita libiš diri.ga.ke_x(kid) zú l.súd.súd: kakku nāsih libbi šin-na igaṣṣaṣ (see gaṣāṣu A lex. section) Lugale V 22 (= 258); kur. ra zú.kušú.a mi.ni.in.è: ina šadî šin-ni kuší aṣātma a dragon's tooth emerges in the mountains Lugale I 39; middu zú.šeš.a sag im.tu_10.tu_10: mittu ša šin-na marru ummānu ukammar (see kamāru v. lex. section) Lugale V 21 (= 257).

giš.gán.ùr...giš.zú gal.gal ha.ra.ab.si the harrow must be fitted with large teeth Kramer AV 89:121, with Akk. parallel mašk[akātu...] ši-in-na ra-b[a-a-ti...] ZA 70 56:4; for zú.giš. bad.du: ši-in-ni gissappi see mng. 3.

GIŠ.TUKUL.MEŠ-šú-nu i-še-el-lu # šá šin-na-šú-nu i-mar- $\langle ra \rangle$ -qu . . . KA^{zu} # šin-ni . . . KA.SA.SA še-lu-ú šá ŠAḤ.GIŠ.GI KA # šin-nu šá ŠAḤ a-pi (see šelû B) CT 41 30:6 f. (Alu Comm.).

1. tooth -a) in gen.:  $\S umma \ aw \overline{i} lum$ ši-in-ni awīlim mihrišu ittadi ši-in-na-šu inaddû if a man knocks out the tooth of a man of his own rank, they will knock out his tooth CH § 200:67 ff., also § 201:71, and cf. 1 MA.NA ZÚ one mina (of silver is the indemnity for damaging a man's) tooth Goetze LE § 42 A iii 33 and B iii 19;  $k\bar{\imath}ma$   $\xi i-in-\lceil ni-im \ na \rceil-d\lceil i \rceil-tim \ ana \ pani$ Šamaš tad[di]nni you (my mother) abandoned me before(?) Šamaš like a tooth that has dropped out TCL 1 43:6 (OB let.); hesir zú.meš one with chipped teeth (or other bodily defects cannot be a  $b\bar{a}r\hat{u}$ ) BBR No. 24:31;  $[\S i] n$ -na-a-a  $\S a$  ittaşbata ištēniš inne[bţa] ipti birīssinama irdāšin uš-tam-[...] my teeth that were locked together and clenched all the time, he (Marduk) opened their fetters, [...] their roots Lambert BWL 52:26 (Ludlul III); PN snatched the document out of my hands

ina šin-ni-šú iksus chewed it up with his teeth Nbn. 720:12 and dupl. TCL 13 219:9, cf. [i]-na šin-ni-šú iksusu ibid. 21 (NB leg.); šumma iraggumu tuppu annû ši $in_4$ -na-ti-šu-nu ušabbar if they lodge a complaint, this document will shatter their teeth RA 77 20 No. 3:22 (Emar); šin-našú ana ma-ka-le-e la ugarrabama (see  $qer\bar{e}bu$  mng. 10a-4') BRM 4 32:3 (med. comm.); nišik kalbim ši-in-ni awīlūtim (see nišku mng. 1a) CT 42 41 No. 32:10 (OB inc.), see von Soden, BiOr 1871; difficult: ina muhhi šin-ni-šú-nu [ana] zagībāni [as]sakan= šunu I have impaled them (those who rebelled against you) through(?) their teeth Craig ABRT 1 25 r. ii 28 (NA oracles).

b) referring to the emergence of teeth. teething: šerru šû zú.MEŠ-šú ussâni that baby is teething Labat TDP 218:12 and 230:115 f.; şarāļu ša qaqqassu idāšu u šē: pāšu issarhūni issu pan zú.meš-šú zú. MEŠ-šú ana usê the feverishness with which his (the child's) head, arms, and legs were affected was caused by his teeth, his teeth were emerging ABL 586 r. 2 f., see Parpola LAS No. 216; šumma izbum ši-in-na-šu waṣâ if the malformed creature's teeth are already emerging YOS 10 56 i 34 (OB Izbu); ½ KÙŠ lānšu zigna zagin idabbub illak u zť. MEŠ-šú asâ (if the child) is half a cubit tall, has a beard, talks, walks, and his teeth have come in Leichty Izbu I 82, cf. 1-at zú-šú a-şa-at one tooth of his is in ibid. IV 27, 2 zú.meš-šú è. MEŠ ibid. 28 f.,  $Z\dot{\mathbf{U}}$  -  $\ddot{s}u$  a -  $\dot{s}i$  - a ibid. 30,  $Z\dot{\mathbf{U}}$ . MEŠ- $\dot{s}\dot{u}$  a-sa-a ibid. 50 and VII 65, also Labat Suse 9:36ff.; ši-in-ni la išu (if the newborn baby) has no teeth KUB 37 184 r. 1, see Leichty Izbu p. 207; [šumma] izbu ZÚ. MEŠ-šú ina muhhi gaggadišu asâ if the malformed creature's teeth grow on the top of its head Leichty Izbu VII 68.

c) in med. contexts: ina muḥḥi bul[ṭi] šā šin-ni . . . rēšu anašši as for the remedies for the tooth(ache), I am collecting them ABL 109 r. 1, cf. ibid. 5 (NA); šuk=nannima ina birit ši-in-ni (var. zú.[MEŠ])

u lašhi šūšibanni (see lašhu) CT 17 50:17, var. from AMT 23,6:4, cf. ina birīt zú.meš nadât kussâšu (the būšānu disease) has established itself between the teeth Köcher BAM 538 ii 55, for parallels see būšānu mng. 1b, cf. also (the "worm") ana zú.meš ittadi x [ana...itta]di IZI has put [...] on the teeth, has put fiery pain [on . . .] ibid. iv 43, cf. (in similar context) eli zú ittabak ızı eli  $qaqqadi\ ittabak\ mu[r-su(?)]\ ibid.\ 542\ iii\ 5;$ *šumma awīlum ši-in-na-šu tūltum i*f a man has a toothache (lit. his tooth is a "worm") ibid. 393:8 and r. 9 (OB); šumma ši-in-na-šu ša imittim marsatma ana ši-in-ni-šu ša šu: mēlim tašappakma if a tooth on the right side is ailing, you pour (the medicinal mixture) on a tooth on his left side ibid. obv. 10f., cf. ibid. 12f., cf. (you put the tampon) šumma šin-nu imittišu ana uznu imittišu CT 55 150:5, also (with the left) ibid. 6, cf. zú-šú ša īkulušu inâhu ibid. r. 2; šum= ma amīlu zú.meš-šú marsa Köcher BAM 538 i 1, also 543 iv 60 (catch line); KI.MIN (= ultu)  $p\hat{i} \langle MIN \rangle$  (= murus)  $\delta in-nu$   $b[u'] \delta \bar{a}$ : nu from the mouth (comes) toothache, (and?)  $b\bar{u}$ š $\bar{a}nu$  Hunger Uruk 43:9, cf. GIG ZÚ. MEŠ Köcher Pflanzenkunde 22 i 36; šumma marşu uzunšu <išassīšu> u ší-in-na-šu nen: muda if the sick man's ears ring and his teeth are clenched Labat Suse 11 v 7; šiin-na-šu kališina κύ. ΜΕΞ-šú (if) all of his teeth hurt Köcher BAM 449 (= AMT 90,1) iii 14 and dupl. 455 iii 6, cf. Labat TDP 60 r. 35 ff., cf. also KAR 391:9 (physiogn.); šumma amīlu zú.meš-šú enša lu damī ihilla if a man's teeth are loose or exude blood Köcher BAM 543 i 13, cf. (with inussa become loose) ibid. 26:6, (with isahhalašu) ibid. 1, for other refs. see našu mngs. 2b and 5a; šumma lišānšu ina zť.meš-šú našik if he bites his tongue with his teeth Labat TDP 62:17; [šumma awīlum] ina ṣalālišu ši-[i]n-[nišu] ikassas if a man grinds his teeth in his sleep AfO 18 64 i 41 (OB omens), cf. Köcher BAM 30:47, for other refs. see gaṣāṣu A mng. 1 and *gāṣiṣu; Ú margūṣu : Ú ZÚ.ZÚ kapāri : la patān zú.meš-šú takappar (see mar:  $q\bar{u}su$ ) Köcher BAM 1 i 15, cf. ibid. 28:6, AMT

28,2:6 (= Köcher BAM 533);  $\acute{\mathbf{U}}$  šá-mu  $\mathbf{Z}\acute{\mathbf{U}}$ . GIG.GA.KE, : Ú MIN (=  $\delta ammu \ rap\bar{a}di$ ) Uruanna II 192; 2 [Ú ZÚ].MEŠ unnušāti (wr. SIG(!).MEŠ) tābila birīt ZÚ.MEŠ [GAR] two herbs for weakened teeth, to put dry between the teeth Köcher BAM 159 v 16, restored from ibid. 1 i 11, cf. also ú zú šubte an herb for teeth that are falling out ibid. i 8 f. and dupl. CT 14 23 K.259:8ff.; šiptu 3-šú ana muhhi tamannu ina muhhi ši-inni-šu tašakkan you recite the incantation over (the medication) three times and put it on his tooth CT 17 50:26, cf. (the medication) ina muhhi ši-in-ni-šu marušti tašakkan YOS 11 4:9 (OB inc.), [m]uruş  $\&i-in-ni-ia \ tabal \ ibid. 12:37; \ you say \ gul=$ gullu muruş zú.mu tabli O skull, take away my toothache Köcher BAM 542 iii 3; [...] zú amīlūti turrar tasâk you calcine and crush a human tooth (for toothache) AMT 24,3:11.

d) teeth or fangs of gods, demons, or mythological creatures: zú.meš-ka ilū Sibitti your (Ninurta's) teeth are the Seven gods KAR 102:19; īnē šurāni šak= nakama . . . ṣandura ši-in-ni-ka you have the eyes of a cat, your teeth are . . . . LKA 35:17 (NA lit.);  $[\check{sin}-n]a \ kalbi \ \check{sin}-na-a-\check{s}\acute{a}$ suprā arê suprāša her (Lamaštu's) teeth are dog's teeth, her claws are eagle's claws LKU 33:36, cf.  $[\check{s}i]n-n[i]$  (var.  $\check{s}in$ nu)  $im\bar{e}ri$  [ $\tilde{s}i$ ] n-na-a- $\tilde{s}\acute{a}$  (var.  $\tilde{s}in$ -na-a- $\tilde{s}\acute{u}$ ) 4R 58 i 36 (coll. W. Farber), vars. from BM 46277+, but ši-in-na-at imēri ši-in-na-a-ša BM 120022:11 (OB),  $\dot{s}i$ -in-na-a- $\dot{s}a$  (error for šaptāša) zigziggum ibid. 12, and note the corrupt šin-na-[at] imēri šin-na-as-[sa] (var.  $\sin n[a...]$ ) in the NB dupl. PBS 1/2 113 iii 24, var. and restoration from 4R 58 iii 38 (all Lamaštu); mušhuššu ši-na-ti sa-ri-ru-um ru-a-at (see şarraru) JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 8 v 11 (OB lit.); zagtuma šin-ni (var. šiin-na) their (the monsters') fangs are sharp En. el. III 25, also I 135, II 21, III 83; šin-na-šú-nu našâ imta their fangs are full of venom En. el. IV 53; the šu'û disease has the venom of the snake and the scor-

pion på la šakin šakin šin-ni (var. zť. MEŠ) šin-ni la šakin ṣabit šer'āni it has no mouth, (still) it has teeth, it has no teeth, (still) it seizes the muscles Köcher BAM 124 iv 15 and dupl. 127:12, var. from OECT 6 pl. 23 K.3209:7; for other transferred meanings (said of weapons) see Lugale, in lex. section.

- e) teeth, fangs of animals -1' in gen.: emārū ši-na[m] lu şahhuru lānam lu eliu the donkeys should be small in the teeth but tall in stature VAT 9220:29 (OA), courtesy K. R. Veenhof; šumma immeru šiin-ni-šu ikassas if the sheep bares its teeth YOS 10 47:13 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb), Wr. ZÚ.MEŠ CT 31 32 83-1-18,410 r. 9; šumma šahû . . . zú.meš-šú-nu ikazzazu (see gaṣāṣu A mng. 2) CT 38 45:14, 46:11 (SB Alu), Leichty Izbu XXII 17; šumma alpu ZÚ.MEŠ-šú imruqma if the ox grinds its teeth STT 73:126f., see JNES 19 35; ša kalbi dajālu išabbi[ru šin]-ni-šú they will break the teeth of the prowling dog Lambert BWL 144:26 (Dialogue); ina ši-in-ni-šu e'il nīlšu (see nīlu s. mng. 2) BiOr 11 82 LB 2001:2; ina ši-in-na-ti-šu izāb mūtum (see mūtu usage d) A 704:16 (both OB incs.), see Whiting, ZA 75 183; if the malformed animal ZÚ.MEŠ UR.MAH GAR has lion's teeth Leichty Izbu VII 66.
- 2' in descriptive names of plants or stones: UZU UR.KU ZÚ UR.KU GÌR.PAD. DU UR.KU EME UR.KU dog flesh, dog's tooth, dog's bone, hound's tongue Uruanna I 471; ZÚ Šā UR.KU (among materia medica) AMT 46,5:2; qaqqar bāṣi puqutti u NA4 ZÚ MAŠ.DÀ (see ṣābītu usage f) Borger Esarh. 56 iv 55.
- 2. elephant tusk, ivory a) tusk: I have sent as a present for you five (talents) of copper, three talents of fine copper 1 ši-in-nu ša pi-ri one elephant tusk (and precious woods) EA 40:14, cf. ibid. 7 and 10 (let. from Cyprus); I killed ten elephants and KUŠ.MEŠ-šu-nu ZÚ.MEŠ-šu-nu . . . ana ālija GN ubla I brought

their hides and their tusks to my city, Assur AKA 86 vi 74 (Tigl. I); silver, gold, UTÚL UD.KA.BAR.MEŠ ZÚ tin, copper AM.SI.MEŠ copper vessels, elephant tusks (precious woods, and other valuables, among tribute) Iraq 25 56:48 (Shalm. III), cf. zú.meš am.si.meš (among tribute) AKA 367 iii 68 (Asn.); ZÚ AM.SI.MEŠ KUŠ AM.SI.MEŠ elephant tusks, elephant hides Iraq 25 56:49 (Shalm. III), cf. KUŠ AM.SI ZÚ AM.SI AfO 9 100 iv 25 (Šamši-Adad V), Rost Tigl. III p. 16:89 and 26:154, Winckler Sar. pl. 36 No. 78: 182, pl. 25 No. 53: 65, OIP 2 34 iii 44 and 60:56 (Senn.), Borger Esarh. 48 ii 76; 9 ZÚ AM.SI ina bīt nakkamte nine tusks in the treasury Iraq 23 38 (pl. 20) ND 2620 r. 2 (NA), cf. ši-in-na ša pi-ri ša ištu bīt nakkamte šēsuatani KAV 205:6 (MA let.); note designating ivory from hippopotamus teeth: I received as tribute zú. MEŠ nāhirī binût tâmdi AKA 200 iv 37 and 373 iii 88 (Asn.).

b) ivory (as raw material) -1' sinnu alone: muštātu ša ší-in-ni combs (made) of ivory MDP 23 310:9; 1 kannu ša šiin-nu ARM 7 264:10, 14 and 16, ARM 24 103 r. 8; işşī ša ši-in-ni lilputu u lişrupu šam: mī ša ṣēri . . . ša ši-in-ni lilputu u liṣrupu they should fashion (ornaments shaped like) trees out of ivory and dye them, they should fashion (ornaments shaped like) wild plants out of ivory and dye them EA 11 r. 10 f. (let. of Burnaburiaš), cf.  $[nap]\bar{a}du(?)$ ši-in-nu EA 13:27 (list of gifts from Babylon); x kaspu ši-in-nu x silver (for) ivory (among ornaments for a statue and horse trappings) Wiseman Alalakh 366:16; quppu ša zú  $hur\bar{a}$ su uhh[uzu] box overlaid with ivory (and) gold HSS 14 247: 81, cf. ibid. 82 and 87; 1 kussû ša ši-in-ni gilāmu one chair decorated with gilāmu ivory HSS 15 130:31 (= RA 36 138), cf. ibid. 133:26 (= RA 36 141) and HSS 14 105:30 (all Nuzi): kunukkāte ša ši-inni (see kunukku mng. 1d) AfO 18 306 iii 13, cf. ibid. 17, 304 iii 2; quppa ša ši-in-ni u ašê petia šurista ša ši-in-ni u ašê šēliani (see *šuristu*) KAV 99:25 ff., cf. KAV 109:14 and 26

(all MA); paššūrāte zú. MEŠ uhhuzāte tables overlaid with ivory AKA 187 r. 25, 246 v 20, 366 iii 67, cf. AKA 238 r. 40, 342 ii 123, 365 iii 62; paššūr zú.meš giš.ná(.meš) zú.meš GIŠ.ŠA.MEŠ ZÚ.MEŠ a table of ivory, beds of ivory, boxes of ivory AKA 364 iii 61 (all Asn.), nēmatti ši-ni pitnē ši-ni Scheil Tn. II 70, cf. OIP 2 60:56 (Senn.); udē hurāşi kaspi annaki siparri parzilli zu ušî taska: rinni u gimir issē kalama implements of gold, silver, tin, bronze, iron, ivory, ebony, boxwood, and all sorts of wood TCL 3 406, cf. ibid. 388f. (Sar.); HAR.MEŠ hurāşi tamlīt zu gold rings with ivory inlay ADD 620:2 (Senn.); note beds ša zú. GUL GAR.RA overlaid with ivory MRS 6 184 ff. RS 16.146+:14, cf. ibid. 17 and 42, see Nougayrol, MRS 6 184 note to line 14.

2' šinni pīri: zú AM.SI (among gifts to Ningal) UET 5 546: 2, cf. (two trays of ivory) ibid. 292 ii 9; 6 tudinātum ša zú AM.SI six fibulas of ivory (among jewelry of Ištar of Lagaba) TLB 1 69:12 (all OB);  $tupninn\bar{u}$ ša ušî u zú×ud pí-ri dullu sig boxes of ebony with ivory (inlay), fine work EA 14 iii 75 f., cf. ibid. iv 1ff. (list of gifts from Egypt), also EA 5:20 (let. from Egypt); paššūrētu ša *ši-in-ni pí-ra u taskarinna uhhuz* $\bar{u}$  tables overlaid with ivory and boxwood HSS 15 132:6 and 16 (= RA 36 136), cf. ibid. 131:5, HSS 13 435:45 f. (= RA 36 157); kussû ša ši-in-ni  $pi-ri\ gi[l\bar{a}mu]$  HSS 15 134:9 (= RA 36 144) and HSS 13 435:39 (= RA 36 157); É.GAL ZÚ AM.SI ušê taskarinni . . . abnīma I built a palace (decorated with) ivory, ebony, boxwood (and other valuable woods) Lyon Sar. 10:63, 16:60, 23:19, 25:22, 27:14, and passim in Sar., also OIP 2 96:79 and 100:56 (Senn.), Borger Esarh. 61 vi 9; lamassāti gišnugalli zú AM.SI (see lamassu mng. 2b) OIP 2 106 vi 32 and 120:25 (Senn.); sallī urqī zt AM.SI ušî taskarinni ša ihzūšunu hurāșu u kaspu vegetable baskets (made) of ivory, ebony, and boxwood, with gold and silver overlays TCL 3 355, cf. ibid. 354 and 356, but sallī urgī ZÚ ibid. 389 (Sar.); dalāti mu= sukkanni . . . u zt am.si ihiz kaspa hu:  $r\bar{a}su$  (see daltu mng. 1d-2') VAB 4 138 ix 11, wr. ši-in-nu (in same context) ibid. 118 ii 43 (both Nbk.); Enūma Anu Enlil iškaru ina le i zu am. si ušaštirma I had the series Enuma Anu Enlil written down on writing boards of (wax-coated) ivory Iraq 17 7:3 (Sar., inser. on cover of ivory writing boards); I had bricks made ina nalbanāti ZÚ AM.SI in brick molds of ivory (and other precious materials) Borger Esarh. 20 Ep. 22 iv 12 and 84 r. 45, cf. VAB 4 60 i 42 (Nabopolassar); KU.KU ZÚ AM.SI KU.KU elammakku... telegge you take powder(?) of ivory, powder(?) of elammakku wood (and other medical ingredients) AMT 40,5 iii 6; [a-g]ur(?)-ru ša ši-in-nu pi-i-lu ú-lapa-t[u(?)](in broken context) 94:10; uncert.: [... š] i-ni pí-rum KUB 37 70:10 (both rit.).

3. tooth, tine (of a comb, a saw, a harrow), blade (of a plow, a threshing board, a hoe) - a) tooth, tine of a comb, a saw, a harrow: [šumma nīru] mehret sibti kī: ma ši-in-ni mušți puțtur (see mušțu usage c) RA 44 13:3f. (OB ext.), also CT 30 29 83-1-18,423:6 (SB ext.), and (with illustration) KBo 9 61 b + 62 b : 2 (liver model); šumma kubuš hašî kīma zự šaššāri puttur if the "cap" of the lung is serrated like a saw (lit. the tooth of a saw) CT 30 29 83-1-18,423:4 and passim in ext., see šaššāru usage c; 36 GIŠ. KA (for eme) Apin. HI.A 48 GIŠ. KA APIN. TÚG.KIN.HI.A 66 GIŠ.ZÚ GÁN.ÙR.HI.A idnaššumma give him 36 plowshares, 48 shares for harbu plows, and 66 teeth for harrows YOS 2 4:10ff.; 3 šušši šina-tum ša ma-aš-ka- $\langle ka \rangle$ -tim 180 teeth for a harrow UCP 10 142 No. 70:22 (coll.), cf. 1 šušši ši-na-tum Greengus Ishchali 101:1 and 102:1 (all OB);  $\delta a^{\frac{2}{3}}$  GfN  $mar \delta \bar{\imath} \ \dot{\imath} \ \delta i$ na-tim PN naš'akkum RA 60 111 MAH 19614:4 (OA);  $3 \sin i - in - nu \times [... mas(?)] - ka(text)$ -il)-ka-a-ta AN.BAR (among tools and equipment belonging to the temple of Samaš) Nbn. 558:10.

b) blade of a majāru plow, a threshing board, a hoe: aššum māhisim ṭarādim ša

šinnu A

šinnû

tašpuram egel GN u GN, ši-in-nu-um rak: batma concerning what you wrote to me about sending a plowman, (saying) The fields of GN and GN2 are ready for plowing (lit. the tooth (of the majāru plow) is VAS 16 114:6, cf. ši-in-nam mounted)  $[x \ x \ x] \ us[arkibu]$  ibid. 10, see Frankena, AbB 6 114; (wages for the carpenter) ša ši-in-na-am irtû who has hammered in the blade TLB 1 58:12 (both OB); note in descriptions of real estate: zēru . . . ša ina muhhi ši-in-nu majāri ša kilâta adi «ina» muhhi ši-in-nu majāri ša PN a field, from the plowed field (lit. plowshare) at the dam up to the plowed field (lit. plowshare) of PN TuM 2-3 140:2f., ultu harrān šarri adi šin-nu mērešu from the royal road to the plowed, cultivated field BM 33932:6 (both NB); zú.giš.bad.du.zu kuš.lá. lá.bi esir ha.ra.ab.tag.tag: ši-inni gissappika kurussa lu karis ittiam lu lapit (see kilzappu lex. section) CBS 1354 iv 8 (unpub. OB Farmer's Instructions 97, courtesy M. Civil); 40 GIŠ.ZÚ ki-iš-sà-bi Gelb OAIC 80 si-na-at ki-iš-sà-bi ibid. 31 33:17, (OAkk.); *šin-ni kil-zap-pi* TuL p. 19 iii 19; kīma ina ši-in-ni pû la ibittu (see bâtu mng. 1g) Köcher BAM 398 r. 18; É ši-inni giš.al ina gn (see allu A usage a) BE 6/1 95:1 (OB), and see alsudilû.

c) other occs.: uncert.: abnu šikinšu  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ hiris\ \check{s}i-in-n[a-t]i\ \mathrm{STT}\ 108:70\ \mathrm{and}\ \mathrm{dupl}.$  Köcher BAM 378 iv 9;  $lub\bar{a}rki\ ina\ \check{s}in-na-ti$   $u\check{s}asbatki\ \mathrm{I}$  will make you (fem.) clasp your garment in . . . -s Lambert Love Lyrics 110:30 and 32; [X] MA.NA  $\check{s}a\ \check{s}in_{\mathrm{x}}(\mathrm{E}\check{\mathrm{x}})$ -na-tu (possibly to  $s\bar{\imath}nu$ ) MDP 22 141:7.

For plowshare (the blade of the *epinnu* plow), wr. EME or (abbreviated) KA (also YOS 12 179:2 and 6ff., TIM 2 155:11), see *liz šānu* mng. 6. For the Sumerogram KA×UD (AM.SI) "ivory" in Hitt., see Güterbock, Anatolia 151ff. For *šinnu* corr. to Sum. gug and zabar (see lex. section), cf. zú. urudu = *si-na-tum* at Ebla (MEE 4 217 No. 174), see Krebernik, ZA 73 6f.

In ARM 1 29:15 read ina 20-ma wardī ša tu-wa-ša-ru giš.igi. <KAK> LÚ.KÚR i-id-da-an-ni-in, see Durand, NABU 1987/79.

šinnu B (sinnu) s.; (mng. unkn.); EA.*

inūma tašpura a[na] URUDU.MEŠ u ana si-en-ni x-[x]-i-de DN šumma [i]šu URUDU.MEŠ u [ši-en]-ni [URU]DU(?) ana jāši as for (the request) you sent for copper and š., let the Lady of Byblos be witness(?) that there is no copper or š. of copper(?) available to me EA 77:8 and 10 (let. of Rib-Addi), cf. nadnati ši-[e]n-na-šu ibid. 13 (coll. W. Moran).

The word in line 8 (si-en-ni) may not be the same as that in lines 10 and 13.

šinnu C s.; (mng. unkn.); NB*; pl.(?) šinnūtu.

1 alpu 2-ú ša ina qātē PN ana šin-nu abku one two-year-old ox which was brought from PN for š. VAS 6 19:10; 4 gín ina ši-in-nu-ú-tú ittaši (PN) took four shekels (of silver) from the š.-s (parallel: ina zíz.Am-šú ša MN u MN₂ ittaši) YOS 17 331:4.

šinnu see  $s\bar{\imath}nu$ .

šinnû num.; two each, in a two-to-one ratio; OB, MB, SB, NB; wr. syll. and 2-ú; cf. šina num.

- [...] NINDÁ×AŠ = malmala, [...] NINDÁ×AŠ. AŠ =  $\delta i$ -in-nu-u A VII/1:22f.; [...] NINDÁ×U = malmala, [...] NINDÁ×U.U =  $\delta i$ -in-nu-u ibid. 24f.; [šu-ur] SUR =  $\delta i$ -in-n[u-u] A III/6:120; [kaš]. 2.ta.àm =  $\delta ikar \delta i$ -in-nu-u (followed by  $\delta ullu\delta u$ , malmalu) Hh. XXIII ii 11'.
- a) two each: ša ši-in-nu-ú alpī u ištennû ENSÍ.MEŠ (teams consisting) of two oxen and one plowman apiece PBS 1/2 20:9 (MB let.); 2 GIŠ.APIN ša 2-ú GUD. HI.A šuḥḥānu two šuḥḥānu plows with two oxen each BE 9 30:7 (NB); šin-nu-ú ma-né-e (var. 2 MA.NA.AM) taḥbātušina two minas each was their (the horns of the bull of heaven's) thickness(?) Gilg. VI 172;

šinnû šintarpu

šurīpu ina nāri šin-nu-ú i-kal-li-pu ND 5502 r. iv 13 (courtesy D. J. Wiseman); šin-na-a-a (in broken context) Hunger Uruk 53:10; note (possibly an irregular dual of the num.) ezub ši-in-ni ubānā (beside ezub erbe ubānātim) TLB 4 34:22 (OB let.), see Frankena, SLB 4 115, cf. 1 (NINDA) ši-in-ni qanê mithartam Sumer 43 202 iii 39 and 41 (OB math.).

b) in a two-to-one ratio: see (referring to beer made with a double amount of grain) Hh. XXIII, in lex. section, see Charpin Le Clergé d'Ur p. 309 with n. 1.

šinnû see šunnû.

šinqātu s.; finger; syn. list*; cf. šinnu A, qātu.

nişbittu, \$ulpu, \$i-in-qa-tu = \$u-ba-nu(var. -[n]um) Malku IV 217 ff.

Possibly a foreign word, interpreted as "tooth of the hand."

šinșu s.; mocking; MB*; cf. šanāşu. ši-in-ṣu pi-ik-ru ù na-mu-tu (in list of games) RT 19 59 HS 1893:10.

šinšariu see šinšerû.

šinšeret num.; twelve; OB*; cf. šina num.

[. . .] -ti- $\delta u$   $\delta i$ -in- $\delta i$ -ri-it(!) TIM 9 48 i 10 (OB lit.).

šinšerû (šinšariu, šinzirû, šiššurû) num.; 1. twelfth, 2. one twelfth; from OB on; wr. syll. and 12 with phon. complement; cf. šina num.

- 1. twelfth: (Nergal stationed) DN ina si-i-in-se-e-ri-i DN at the twelfth (gate) EA 357:72 (Nergal and Ereškigal).
- 2. one twelfth a) in gen.:  $\delta i$ -in-zi-ru- $\acute{u}$   $\delta a$   $\bar{u}mu$  ina i $\delta t$ e $\bar{v}$ n  $\bar{u}mu$  one twelfth of a day in one day TCL 13 237:2, and passim in this text; 12-'- $\acute{u}$   $\delta a$   $\bar{u}mu$  . . .  $\delta i$ -in-zi-ru-

 $\acute{u}$  ša išten  $\bar{u}mu$  Speleers Recueil 294:2 and 21, cf. BRM 2 15:2 and passim, 12-'-ú ša ūmu ina  $i \not s t \bar e n \ \bar u m u$  TCL 13 245:2, cf. ibid. 17, also Oppert-Ménant Doc. jur. 316 BM 93004:5, see Doty Uruk p. 412; ši-in-zi-ru-ú ina UD.26.KAM BRM 2 4:2;  $\delta i$ - $i\delta$ -[...]  $\bar{u}mu$  ina UD.7.KAM *ši-iš-šu-ru-ú ina* ud.7.kam giš.šub.ba LÚ.TU.É- $\acute{u}$ -tu BM 10181:1 and 3 (courtesy D. Kennedy): šalšu ina ši-in-zi-ru-ú a third in a twelfth NCBT 1949 r. 3', ši-in-zi-ru-ú ina sebû a twelfth in a seventh NCBT 1962: 2 and r. 1, mišil ina ši-in-zi-ru-ú a half in a twelfth (share of real estate) NCBT 1976 r. 2, all cited Sachs, JNES 5 214; (barley) ša [1 UD šalšu] 12- $\acute{u}$  Freydank Wirtschaftstexte 2 r. 13, cf. ibid. 4 r. 4, 9 r. 7, and passim (all Sel.).

- b) in math.: ana 4 teṣṣipma [š]i-in-šė-ra-ti tanassaḥma eqlum you multiply by four and subtract one twelfth, and (you find) the area (that is, the area of a heptagon is found by multiplying its side by  $3\frac{2}{3}$  (or 3,40, cf. the coefficient 3,41 in No. 3:28), which is expressed as four minus one twelfth of four) MDP 34 24 (pl. 3) No. 2.
- c) in idiomatic use: dannat šattim ṣēnī ši-in-ša-ri-am ana nērišu ul abaqqam (see nēru A) TCL 17 23:11 (OB let.).

Neugebauer and Sachs, MCT p. 143 n. 337; Sachs, JNES 5 213 f.

šinšu s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.*

ši-in-šú ib-[...] x(-)pa-ri-ih a-a-na(or -ba) ZA 61 54:113 (hymn to Nabů).

von Soden, ZA 61 66.

šintarpu adj.; seven-year-old; Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

1 ANŠE.SAL *ši-in-ta-ar-pu damqu* one good seven-year-old she-ass JEN 102:10, 12 and 25.

For the noun formation see Speiser, AASOR 16 p. 131 ff. and see kikarpe, šinarpu,

šintu šinūnūtu

tumnarpe. For another compound with Hurr. sint- "seven" see sintunnu.

šintu see šimtu and šimtu.

šintunnu adj.; seventh; Nuzi; Hurr. word.

(wheat) ana šukunu ana ši-in-tù-un-ni HSS 15 236:7, cf. HSS 14 42:4, HSS 16 135:4; (barley for groats) ana ši-in-tù-un-ni RA 56 77:6; (barley for the horses of the royal guard) ana 3 ūmī ana ši-in-tù-un-ni for three days for š. HSS 14 59:5; (malt from GN) ina arki ši-in-tù-un-ni after š. ibid. 75:5, 194:4.

Possibly a name of the seventh month otherwise called  $Sab\bar{u}tu$  (Hurr. Atta:na&we). For another compound with Hurr.  $\bar{s}int$ - "seven" see &sintarpu.

W. Mayer, UF 8 210ff.

šīnu see šēnu B.

šinunītu see šinuntu.

šinuntu (šinunītu) s.; (a kind of leather or a leather object); OA, Mari; pl. ši: nunuātu.

- a) in OA: 22 dulbātim 5 mulūhī 3(?) ší-nu-nu-a-tim u sahirtam i-GN (among supplies for a caravan) CCT 1 42a:5, cf. šitta ši-nu-nu-a-tim ibid. 11, cf. also 2 ší-nu-un-TIM ibid. 42b:3.
- b) in Mari: 1 ši-nu-un-tum 3 MA.NA î.UDU ana šipir nubalim one š., three minas of tallow, for work on a nubalu chariot ARMT 23 212:1, cf. x KUŠ ši-nu-un-tim (for making weapons, chairs, tables, etc., for the temple, listing from one-half to two š.-s) ibid. 213:1, 5, and passim, parallel ARM 21 298:1 and passim; 2 TÚG(read KUŠ?) ši-nu-un-tim ARMT 22 181:1; 7 KUŠ ši-nu-un-tim (among leather items) ibid. 324 iii 19; aššum KUŠ ši-nu-ni-tum ul tīdē kīma KUŠ ši-nu-ni-tum annikī am waqru

inanna Kuš ši-nu-ni-tam šūbilam concerning š. leather, do you not know that š. is expensive here?, now send me a š. ARM 10 28:7 ff.

(Joannès, ARMT 23 p. 140.)

šinūntu see šinūnūtu.

šinūnūtu (šinūntu, šunūnūtu) s.; 1. (a bird), 2. (a constellation); OB, SB; wr. syll. and sim.maḥ (in Bogh. MUL.ša.am. MA.AH KUB 4 47 r. 45).

sim.mušen = si-nun-du, sim.mah.mušen = [...] Hh. XVIII 246 f. (Sum. from RS); mul. sim.mah = si-nun-tum(var.-tu) Bagh. Mitt. 10 134 No. 17 W.23766:24′, var. from W.22729/1 iv 18 (Hh. XXII), dupl. mul.sim.mah.mušen = si-nun-tum W.23284 v 52 (both courtesy E. von Weiher).

- 1. (a bird) a) in gen.:  $\S umma \ arri\S$ MUŠEN MU.NI ana ši-nu-nu-ti mašil if a bird, called arris, which resembles the s. CT 41 5 K.3701+ r. 31 (SB Alu); kīma ši-nunu-[tim] sebe  $n\bar{a}r\bar{a}t[im]$  e-bi-ra-a[m] TIM 2 39:4, see Cagni, AbB 8 39; a mountain bird called . . . ., which never has been seen before [a(?)]-na ši-nu-nu-tim x-bu-ú  $[pa]p\bar{a}n \ libbišu \ [\dots]$  (and which)  $[\dots]$ the  $\delta$ ., its  $pap\bar{a}n$  libbi is [...] HUCA 40-41 89 i 29 (OB Alu); *šu-nu-nu-tú* MUŠEN (var. sim.mu[šen]) mušen ib [x]  ${}^{d}B[a-\acute{u}]$ K]I.MIN MUŠEN tâmti the š. bird is the .... bird of Bau, variant: the bird of the sea STT 341:9, var. from dupl. CT 41 5 K.10823:1, replaced by SIM.MU.MUŠEN in parallel KAR 125:3, see sinuntu mng. la; [šumma] kakkabu ana ši-nu-nu-ú-t[i itūr] Bab. 3 268 K.4546: 10 (SB Alu?); (if a woman has difficulty in childbirth) qinni sim. MAH.MUŠEN tasāk ina šamni tuballal ta: paššaš (for parallel sinunti see qinnu A mng. 1a-2') Köcher BAM 248 iv 18, dupl. AMT 67,1 iv 11.
- b) as personal name: Si-nu-nu-tum Birot Tablettes 64:14, also Szlechter TJA 151:3, VAS 7 128:40 and 53, YOS 13 112:17, 382:1 (all female personal names); uncert.:  $\check{Si}$ -na-

šinuzza šipāru

*nu-tum* YOS 13 280:12, cf. Greengus Ishchali 309:6 (all OB).

2. (a constellation, the western fish of Pisces with some of the western part of Pegasus): MUL.fd.idigna =  ${}^{d}A$ -nu-nitum, MUL.ÍD.UD.KIB.NUN.KI = MUL.SIM. MAH AfO 19 107 iii 9f., cf. also 5R 46:34, see Weidner Handbuch 52, also mul.fd.ud.KIB. NUN.KI = si-nun-tum = [. . .] Hg. B VI 23, in MSL 1140; kakkabu ša ina mehret Ikî izzazzu MUL ši-nu-nu-tum kakkabu ša arki Ikî izzazzu mul Annunītu CT 33 2 i 41 (mul. APIN I), see Weidner Handbuch 36, cf. [MUL] ši-nu-nu-tú ina idi Ikî e-sir mul šá kur. URI.KI Šú-u ACh Supp. 54:12, cf. ibid. 11, cf. UL §i-nu-nu-tum (in broken context) Sm.1057:11; ina iti.ab ud.15.kam mul. SIM.MAH MUL ši-nu-nu-tum (var. adds u before š.) MUL.IM.ŠEŠ ina sitān IGI.LÁ CT 33 4 iii 7 (MUL.APIN I); MUL.MEŠ Ša KUN. MEŠ Ša MUL.SIM.MAH u MUL  $An[nun\bar{i}tu]$ K.11018 r. 2 and dupls., cf. (Mercury?) [lu ina libbi MUL.SIM].MAH lu ina šà MUL A-nu-ni-tu[m DU-ma]K.7130:10, cf. Şalbatānu ina šà gú mul.sim.mah DU-ma Rm. 2,548+:1'; Šumma MUL.SIM. MAH^{mu-ul-ši-im-mah} mišha [imšuh] Thompson Rep. 246B:1, wr. UL.SIM.MAH MEŠ.U im- $\delta u_4$ -uh Hunger Uruk 84:4;  $\delta umma \dots MUL$ . UD.KA.DUḤ.A MUL.AŠ.GÁN u MUL.SIM. MAH šitqulu ibid. 95:6; for MUL.SIM.MAH Borger, Symbolae Böhl 41 r. 11', ACh Ištar 24:22, and passim, see Gössmann, ŠL 4/2 Nos. 389-390, note wr. MUL.SIM.MAH.MUŠEN 82-5-22,497+554:5'.

Although Hh. XXII supplies only the reading sinuntu for MUL.SIM.MAH, it is probable that both SIM.MAH and SIM have both readings sinuntu, q. v., and šinūnūtu. The "bird-call" text STT 341 and its duplicate and parallel (see mng. 1a) show that the ancient scribes themselves made no distinction among šunūnūtu, SIM.MUŠEN, and SIM.MU.MUŠEN.

šinuzza s.; (horse trappings or some parts of them); OB Alalakh.*

30 gín kừ.Babbar  $\dot{sinnu}$  40 gín kừ.Babbar  $\dot{sinu-uz-za}$   $\dot{sa}$   $\dot{sis}\dot{e}$  37 gín kừ.Babbar  $\dot{sa}$  giš.Umbin(?).giš.gigir šu.Nigín 1 meat 30 kừ.Babbar  $\dot{sa}$  dalam Wiseman Alalakh 366:17 (coll. O. Loretz).

šinzirû see šinšerû.

**šipahu see šiphu.

šiparru see šipāru.

šipartu see šapartu.

šipāru (šiparru) s.; 1. ordinance, ruling, 2. assembly; OB, SB.

[ka ka.nag.gá.za nam.erím nu.dib]. bé^{nu-ud-bé} sa.pàr^{pár} ma.al.la bí.íb.te.ri: tušāhiz pī mātika la etēq [māmīte] naṣār ši-pa-a-ri you have instructed your land not to transgress the oath, (and) to keep the rulings KAR 128:10f. (prayer of Tn.), [...ši.i]n.ga.dib.bé.eš bára. bára da.lá.bé.ne á.gá.zi.zi.meš: ši-pa-ar bēl mātāti iba'ā malkū u tillātuš[unu] ibid. 34, [...dM]u.ul.líl.zu a.ba.an.dib.dib.b[é.e]š: ši-pa-ar illilūtika [...] ibid. r. 7.

ši-pa-ru [/] puḥru Šurpu p. 51 Comm. C 47f., cf. ibid. 50 Comm. B 10.

- 1. ordinance, ruling: RN ana ša iba'û ši-pár ilī qerebšu nukkur the mind of Kaštiliaš became deranged because he transgressed the rulings of the gods Tn.-Epic "iv" 22, ētiq ši-pa-ra-ka he transgressed your commandments ibid. "v" 20, cf. ibid. 24 and passim in this text; ši-par-ra-ki ēte[q] AfO 19 51:69 (prayer to Ištar).
- 2. assembly: ina ši-pa-ri izzazzuma la šalmāte ītammû (who) stands in the assembly and says untrue(?) things Šurpu II 81, for comm. see lex. section; (the litigants of one party to the lawsuit) ana ši-[pa]-ri-im ana sanāqim ul imguru were not willing to approach the š. (on the judges' order) BM 96998:44 (OB, courtesy K. R. Veenhof), cf. PN (the other party) ina š[i-p]a-ri kīam iqbi spoke thus in the š. ibid. 45.

šipāssu šipātu

While the explanation IGI-pa-ru | na-an-mu-ru ina nipih dutu rigimšu inadzdīma "IGI-pa-ru = nanmuru 'to become visible' — it thunders at sunrise" to the omen šumma ina MN Adad rigimšu ina IGI. PAR dutu iddi if in MN Adad thunders at the . . . . of the sun ACh Adad 7:24-27 (coll.), seems to interpret the signs IGI + UD of the protasis as an Akkadian word (igiparu or šiparu), the compound IGI + UD may well be an error for some logogram for amāru, such as IGI.LÁ, IGI.BAR, etc.

šipassu s.; clay sealing; OA, OB, MA, MB, SB.

im-ri-ig IM.DUB.RU = im-riq-qu, ka-ni-ku, ši-pat-su Diri IV 131 ff.; IM.DUB.RU = ŠU-qu, ku-nu-uk-ku, ši-pat-su (var. ši-mat-su, error) Hh. X 476 ff.; ša-ab ŠAB = ši-pat-su Diri V 68; [ŠAB] = [ši]-pa-a[s-su] Proto-Diri 272.

- a) in OA, OB, MB: ina bābī u apātim ší-pá-sí(text -sú) id'a place sealings on the doors and windows TCL 4 30:10 (OA), see Larsen, in Gibson-Biggs Seals p. 95 and n. 32; GI.PISAN ina kunukkika kunuk u ši-paas-sí-ka idi seal the reed container with your seal and affix your clay sealings to it Kraus AbB 1 105:12, cf.  $\delta e$ -pa-s[i]  $\delta [a \ add] \hat{u}$ iptēma he opened the clay sealings which I had affixed YOS 2 40:21; ši-pa-sí-i-ka idi UCP 9 331 No. 6:15f., cf. ibid. 340 No. 15:19 (all OB), also  $b\bar{a}ba$ ... kunuk u &i-pa-as-si-kaina muhhi idi Ni 153:12 (MB let.); ašaršani 'ši-pa-sí-šu-nu liddû Kraus, AbB 10 56:32; aššum...PN ši-pa-ás-si-šu iddû because PN affixed his clay sealings Sumer 14 58 No. 32:9 (OB let.); ši-pa-sí-ia kullimšunūti show them my clay sealings IM 52477:11, cited Goetze, Sumer 14 59;  $\acute{s}i$ -pa-as- $s\acute{u}$  (in broken context) MDP 23 314:15, also CT 4 37a:14.
- b) in MA: ši-pa-si-ni ni-ta-ha-aş la niddinaššunu we impressed our clay sealings (on the storehouse), we did not give them (the provisions) VAS 19 71:14.
- c) in SB: ina erî danni bābša aknukma udannina ši-pat-sa I sealed its (the cof-

fin's) opening with strong copper (clamps) and strengthened the seal TuL p. 57:10 (= SAA Bulletin 1 2 i 12), see Deller, SAA Bulletin 1 69 ff.; nadât ši-pat-su-un ša Siriš u Ningizzida the seal of DN and DN₂ (i.e., beer and wine?) are in place (parallel: nadû hargullū) Maqlu VII 11.

Goetze, Sumer 14 59 f.

šipaşu s.; (a part of chariot or horse trappings); NB.*

29 GÍN 3 rebât kaspu šuqultu 2 ši-pa-ṣu ša ana dGIGIR nadnu x silver, the weight of two š.-s, which are given for the divine chariot Nbn. 337:2.

In LBAT 1616:7 read  d UDU.BAD.MEŠ IGI pa-rik u DAL.BA.[AN.NA . . .].

šipātu (šupātu, šāptu) s. pl.; wool, fleece; from OAkk. on; šupātu Sb I 168, UET 4 119:15, OA šāptu (but ší-pá-ti TCL 20 191); wr. syll. and síg(.HI.A/.MEŠ).

síg = \$i-pa-a-tum Hh. XIX 1, also Hh. XVIII catch line, in MSL 8/2 155; for varieties see Hh. XIX 2-98; si-ki(var. -ik) síg = \$i-pa-tum(var. -a-tú), \$ar-tu Ea I 205 f.; si-ki síg = \$u-pa-a-tum Sb I 168; [síg.udu.ùr.ra] = \$i-pat im-mer rug-bi Hh. XIX 77, síg. \$id. ma = \$i-pat su-ti-i Hh. XIX 17; [giš.g] a.ríg = mul-tu comb, [giš.ga.ríg].síg = \$á \$i-pa-a-ti Hh. VI 12 f., gun.síg = bi-lat \$i-pa-a-ti(var. -tú), gun.síg.ùz = min \$ar-ti en-zi Hh. II 365 f.; [...] [kal] = tur-rum \$á\$ síg A IV/4:292; síg.pe\$6.GILIM.ak.a, síg.bar.tab = kun-\$u \$á\$ síg Nabnitu XXII 115 f.; see also maz \$ādu, mazāru, sepû; síg.zu.ru = [síg].Lá = \$a \$i-pa-a-ti na-\$i-a CBS 11319+ ii 10'.

síg.babbar síg.ge6 gu.2(!).[tab.ba giš]. bal šur.šur.ri: ši-pa-a-te pe-sa-a-te ši-pa-a-te şal-[ma-a-te] qå eşpa ina pilakki iţme with a spindle she spun white wool, black wool, a twined thread Šurpu V-VI 150f.; síg.babbar 2.tab. ba sur.ra giš.nú.da.na ù iz.zi sag.ba. ke_x(KID) á (var. a) ba.ni.in.kéš : ši-pa-a-ti peșa-a-ti ša ina țamê eșpa eršašu pūtu u amarta ru: kusma tie white wool which has been twined in spinning to the head and the sides of his bed (Sum.: to his bed and to the wall of its headpiece) ASKT p. 90-91 ii 55, cf., with sig.ge₆: ši-pa-a-ti sal-ma-ti ibid. 58; síg.babbar síg. ge6 síg.ùz babbar síg.ùz ge6 gìr.zu.šè mu. un.gar: síg babbar síg ge6 síg.ùz babbar šàrta GE6 ana šēpīka aštakkan I have set white wool,

black wool, white goat hair, (and) black goat hair at your feet ZA 62 72:17 (Bogh. inc.).

[za]-'i-r[i-in-nu], x-a-[x], x-qa-a-[x],  $\delta u$ -ri-a-[x], na-as-[ma]-at, na-as-[ma]-di se-e-ni, b[u(?)]- $\delta u$ -u =  $[\delta i$ -pa-a-tum] Malku VI 1-7, restored from Malku V catch line, ef. za-i-ti-ti-ti-nu =  $\delta i$ -pa-a-tum Uruanna III 545;  $\delta i$ -pat  $\delta i$ -pat  $\delta i$ -pat  $\delta i$ -pat  $\delta i$ -tum Malku VI 183;  $\delta i$ -i-tu,  $q\acute{e}r$ -du =  $\delta i$ -pat  $\delta i$ -tum Malku VI 183;  $\delta i$ -i-tum,  $\delta i$ -tum =  $\delta i$ -tum An VIII 40.

a) fleece (as coat of the sheep, product of shearing) — 1' in OA: lu menu=niānī lu maškī ša-pá-tim šāma buy either menuniānu textiles or hides with fleece KT Hahn 1:19, cf. adi maškē ša-pá-tí-im... ašāmma KTS 2 31:17; maškī ša-pá-tim CCT 4 1b:5, RA 60 140 No. 8:5; aššumi TÚG.ḤI.A saptinnī u pirikannī e-bi-ší ša-pa-tim (see saptinnu) VAT 9290:7, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 126.

2' other occs.: the sheep were bathed a long time ago sfg ša immerī išahhuha the wool of the sheep is falling out ARM 5 67:38; immerē palkûte ša síg.meš-šú-nu (to be read šāptušunu?) argamannu sarpat (among tribute, see argamannu mng. 1b) Rost Tigl. III p. 26:155; U8.UDU.HI.A ša PN buqma ana ši-pa-tim la teggia kīma tabtaq: ma ana GN tablani (see baqāmu mng. 1a-3') TCL 18 116:14, cf. [U8].UDU.HI.A ša  $aw\bar{\imath}ltim\,\check{s}i$ -pa-ti- $\langle\check{s}i?\rangle$ - $na\,a$ -hi-i-ta... $u\,\mathrm{PN}$ ittikunu ibid. 18 and 20; sēnīki libgumamma SÍG.HI.A lilgeam ABIM 13:11; X MA.NA SÍG ša abgumu šargama ša šutîm ula ibaššia (see šarāqu B) TIM 2 130:21; UDU 1.E 2 MA.NA SÍG ušabqam Mélanges Birot 273:8; see also buqūmu mngs. 2 and 3, napāšu B, muštu; síg nisig ašlākī wool, chosen by the fullers (in letter dealing with the plucking of sheep, for context see ašlāku) ARM 2 140:31,  $\delta i$ -pa-ti-im  $\delta u$ -du-u $\delta m$ a-ne-e šumma ina sēnija šumma ina sēnika idinšu:  $n\bar{u}\dot{s}im$  give them six minas of wool from my flock or yours BIN 7 220:7 (OB let.); X meat síg.meš ša 3 meat 8 udu.u8.hi.a ša PN ibqunu 2 lim 7 meat síg.meš la damqu eight talents 1,800 (shekels of) wool from 308 sheep that PN plucked, 2,700 (shekels

of) wool are not of good quality JCS 8 27 No. 361:1 and 6 (MB Alalakh);  $2 kal\bar{u}m\bar{u}$ NITA hurāpu itti síg-šu-nu 1 kalūmu sal ša dīši itti síg-šu (see kalūmu) AASOR 16 66:13 f., cf. ibid. 22 f.; 1 UDU.SAL 3-ši-šu bagnu itti ši-pa-ti-šu HSS 9 100:17, cf. naphar 14 udu.meš u enzu.meš . . . u 8 MA.NA SÍG.MEŠ HSS 9 101:22 (all tidennūtu contracts); X MA.NA SÍG.HI.A ša pagrē. . . . PN imhur PN has received x minas of wool from the carcasses CT 51 33:1, cf. BE 14 108:1 (MB); sēnīšu guzza . . . síg. ḤI.A gabbi ana innam mamma síg.hi.A ekalli[mam]ma la inandin shear his flock, give all the wool to the palace, no one may give wool to anybody (else) BIN 1 14:28f. (NB let.); at the head of my bed a ram is tied, at the foot of my bed a weaned sheep is tied ina murub₄.meš.mu síg.meš-šú-nu raksa around my waist their wool is tied Biggs Šaziga 30 : 17; littu ina qarniša lahru ina síg.HI.A-šá the cow by(?) its horn, the sheep by (?) its wool Köcher BAM 124 iv 7, also ibid. 127:6 and CT 23 1:7 and 2:20; šumma izbum ul[lānu]mma ši-pa-tim naši if the malformed animal already (at birth) has fleece YOS 10 56 i 12 (OB Izbu), cf. šumma U₈ UR.MAH ulidma ullānumma sfg naši Leichty Izbu V 77, and passim in Izbu; see also laḥāmu A.

(fleece) wool: (sheep and goats are given in a herding contract) sfg u DUMU.NI IN.NA.AN.SUM u haliqtam iriab he will deliver the wool and its (the flock's) offspring and replace the loss TCL 11 162A: 18 and B: 16; and I U8 RI.RI.GA . . .  $1\frac{2}{3}$  MA.NA 5 [GÍN S]ÍG (the *šusikku* has to give to the palace) one mina 45 shekels of wool for each dead ewe Kraus Edikt § 10': 18; 3 UDU.NITÁ 6 U8.HI.A SÍG.BI 12 MA.NA three rams, six ewes, the wool is twelve minas YOS 12 346:3, cf. ibid. 24:3, 33:3, YOS 5 192:4, 193:7, TCL 10 24:25, and passim in OB shepherding contracts, see also mutû; SÍG.HI.A ÍB.TAK4 NÍG.ŠID Ša MU.6.KAM ŠU PN wool outstanding from the accounting of year 6, at the disposal of PN TuM NF

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523 HS 154:30, see Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 61: SÍG ummatu : SÍG mahru : SÍG LÁL.DÙ wool, total amount: wool, received: wool, outstanding (column headings) PBS 2/2 75:1, also ibid. 72:1; SfG.HI.A bu-qu-nu BE 14 128:1 (all MB); šumma UDU.MEŠ u šumma SÍG.MEŠ la anandin ina muhhija ulladma u ibbaggan if I deliver neither the sheep nor the wool, it (the sheep) will give birth and be plucked to my debit Fadhil Arraphe 320 IM 73424:15; ten sheep entrusted for pasturing itti [kalūm]išu u itti sfg.meš- $[\S u]$  ú- $\S a$ -ad-a he will collect (them) with their (text: its) lambs and wool HSS 931:8 (Nuzi);  $s\bar{e}nu$  : sfg.HI.A : sfg. $\dot{v}z$  flock : wool: goat hair (heading of list of deliveries by herdsmen) YOS 7 83:5, cf. rīhānu ša  $\bar{s}eni$  sfg. $\mu$ I.A u sfg. $\nu$ Z YOS 7 39:1, cf. also ibid. 64, AnOr 8 15:6, AnOr 9 15:14; 2174  $(s\bar{e}nu)$  49 (GUN) 43 MA.NA SÍG.HI.A 2 (GUN)  $3\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA SÍG.ÙZ YOS 7 87:21 and passim in this text, also ibid. 46:26 and 164:10, and in the ledgers CT 55 547 and 552; SfG.HI.A SAG.DU : SÍG.HI.A  $h\bar{a}tu$  : SÍG.HI.A  $r\bar{e}hi$ wool, total amount: wool, actually weighed out: wool, outstanding BIN 1 ana immertu 1½ MA.NA SÍG.HI. A(text .UD) gizzassu ana ištêt enzi 1-en tamlittu 5 síg.ùz gizzassu per ewe one and one-half minas of wool as its (annual) yield, per she-goat one kid (and) fivesixths of a mina of goat hair as its yield BE 91:8f., cf. BE 1074:15, 132:7 and 15, and passim; síg.hi. A gizzi ša rē'ê wool, shearings from the shepherds PSBA 9 238:1; x sfg.HI.A gizzi VAS 6 67:2, x síg.hi.a ultu gizzu ša sēnu Nbn. 754:2; total: x sheep x ma. NA SÍG.HI.A-Šú-nu CT 55 600:20 (all NB).

c) processing: sfg.Hi.A up-ši (var. ep-ši) Lambert Love Lyrics 108ff.: 20 and 22, for other refs. see napāšu B, napšu; the household personnel are idle I gun sfg ana ugula.Har.na išpurma he sent one talent of wool to the overseer of the mill Kienast Kisurra 177:14; sfg.Hi.A ina bīti jānu sal.meš al-la sfg.Hi.A baṭla' (see baṭālu mng. 1a-6') TCL 9 116:5ff. (NB let.); ullānum

15 MA.NA SÍG šināti ippešu liptam šaniam la ilappat apart from working these 15 minas of wool he must not undertake any other work VAS 16 189:28, cf. ibid. 9 (OB let.); 80 sfg ša PN UŠ.BAR JCS 8 27 No. 360:1, cf. 3 me sfg.HI.A GIR PN ibid. No. 358:1 (MB Alalakh); SÍG.HI.A TÚG.HI.A mandattu MN M[U.BI.IM] wool : garments : work assignment for the month of Ulūlu: name (column headings) PBS 2/2 142:1 (MB); X MA.NA X GÍN SÍG.MEŠ ana eškarišu ša PN nadnu x wool given for the work assignment of PN HSS 15 207:7, cf. HSS 13 274:11; 1 narī síg [PN] ana iškari ašar [PN2] ilteqe PN took one narû measure of wool from PN₂ as working material AASOR 16 11:2 (all Nuzi); ina síg. HI.A ša ina É IM. SI. SÁ 2 GUN SÍG.HI.A kapdu šūbila ana muhhi SÍG.HI.A ša išpari la tagarrub promptly bring me two talents of wool from the wool which is (stored) in the north wing, (but) do not touch the wool for the weavers BIN 1 26:12 ff. (NB let.); SfG.HI.A ZI.GA . . . 8 GUN SAL.UŠ.BAR.MEŠ ana pušikki wool issued: eight talents to the weaver women, for combed wool BRM 17:1 (NB), see also nīru B.

d) as material for woolen textiles and garments: TÚG.GU.ZI.DA SÍG(?) kusītu garment made of wool Gelb OAIC 34:6: 4 TÚG NÍG.LAL NÍG-s[u] SÍG-su-nu4[0 MA.NA] in 10 MA.[NA.TA] four . . . .garments . . . ., their wool is forty minas at ten minas each MDP 14 86 iii 6' (OAkk.), and passim in this text; SIG-tim mādātim ana lubušti šarrim šūbilam send me much wool for the king's clothing Laessøe Shemshara Tablets 71 SH 813.7:12; anumma SIG.HI.A uštābilakkim šumma ana túg raqqatim šumma ana Túg utuplum Kraus AbB 1 66 r. 4: SÍG.HI.A ana TÚG šâtu šutamţâ there is not enough wool for that garment Iraq 39 150:7 (Mari let.), cf. síg. HI.A mali TÚG šâtu ana nasāqim ul ibaššê ibid. 22; TÚG NÍG.L[ÁM ša] epiš síg.ні. A gabbišunu (see lamahuššû) KBo 1 3:34; 2 TÚG.HI.A ša síg ša sēri adi maklilišunu (see maklalu)

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KAV 99:15 (MA let.); 1 GUN SÍG.ḤI.A ultu šutum šarri ana lubušta ša Šamaš one talent of wool (issued) from the royal storehouse for the clothing of Šamaš Nbn. 788:1; 22 MA.NA SÍG.ḤI.A ana nēbeḥi ša Šamaš u kusītu ša Aja Nbn. 547:3; 9 MA. NA SÍG.ḤI.A ina SÍG.ḤI.A ša lubuštu ša Annunītu Dar. 107:1f.

e) wool allowance: twenty gur of barley, thirty gur of dates, five gur of linseed 1 gú síg ana kurummat bītim piššat bītim u lubūš bītim (and) one talent of wool, for the food, ointment, and clothing allotments of the household UCP 9 340 No. 15:14, cf. ibid. 331 No. 6:13; 2 (GUR) 2 (PI) SE. GUR 3 MA.NA SÍG 3 SÌLA Ì.GIŠ (as annual allotment) BE 6/2 28:19, also ibid. 21, cf. 2 (GUR) 2 (PI) §E.GUR 8 MA.NA SÍG 8 SÌLAi.giš (as annual allotment) PBS 8/2 116 case 8, also tablet 9, 1 (GUR) 1 (PI) ŠE.GUR [X M]A.NA SÍG 6 SÌLA Ì.GIŠ ibid. 153:20 (all OB); as long as PN lives ina šanat 10 ma.na síg bagmātim 20 ma.na síg gazzūtim 12 dug kuttāt geštin 9 dug î.GIŠ 1 DUG Î.DÙG.GA PN, ana PN ittanad: din PN2 will continue to provide PN annually with ten minas of plucked wool, twenty minas of shorn goat hair, twelve jars of wine, nine pots of oil, and one pot of perfume Wiseman Alalakh 56:30 (OB); PN SÍG.MEŠ mādāte ana TÚG.HI.A . . . ēteriš (the chancellor) PN has asked for much wool for the clothing allowance KAV 106:5, cf. ibid. 7, 9, and 14 (MA let.); kurummāti u SÍG.HI.[A] ša musah[hiri] ana PN inna give PN the food allowance and the wool for the agent YOS 3 127:20, cf. síg.HI.A MUN.HI.A sahlê u šamna ša ummânu inna: niššu give (pl.) him the wool, the salt, the cress, and the oil for the craftsmen BIN 1 16:8, cf. also ì.giš mun. Hi. A sahlê u sfg.ні. A ša şā $b\bar{e}$  YOS 3 31:10,  $q\bar{e}mu$ tābīlu síg. Hi. A u hišihtu mala ibaššû ibid. 66:12 (all NB letters); 25 MA.NA SÍG.HI.A kurummat 6 ṣābī 25 minas of wool as allowance for six workmen Dar. 442:1; (sale of shares) ina kurummati ša 6 gur uttati

6 GUR suluppī u 15 MA.NA SÍG.ḤI.A in the allowance of six gur of barley, six gur of dates, and 15 minas of wool BRM 2 33:18, also ibid. 3 and 26, cf. kurummati ša 12 GUR utṭati 12 GUR suluppī u 30 MA. NA SÍG.ḤI.A ibid. 31:3; (deed of) ūmu 4 sìl.A akala 3 sìl.A šikara ina šatti 15 MA. NA SÍG.ḤI.A l PI šamaššammī l PI ṭābta ita saḥlē daily four silas of bread, (and) three silas of beer (and) annually 15 minas of wool, one PI oil, one PI of salt along with cress-seed Nbn. 113:3.

f) as trade goods -1' in OA: mimmalugūtim . . . lu subātū lu annukum lu šaáp-tum lu emārū ina panīšu ētabak TCL 14 27:6; ana 60 gú síg.hi.a lu išti niāūtim lu išti pāširī ammigirma I came to an agreement about sixty talents of wool, with our people as well as with the retail merchants BIN 6 76:13, cf. ina tuārija  $[\delta a] - p \dot{a} - a[t] - k \dot{a}$  addamma ibid. 7; 30 MA. NA ša-áp-tám taqbiamma . . . u ša-ap-tám la tattadnam you promised me thirty minas of wool but you did not deliver the wool to me TCL 4 44:7 and 11; TÚG. HI.A  $u \, \check{s}a - \acute{a}p - tum \, iba\check{s}\check{s}i$  CCT 2 18:4 and 7; lu ša-áp-tám lu maškī lu pirakannī iš: šīmiša lege'anim (sell the slave girl at any price and) buy (pl.) wool, hides, or pirikannu textiles for me from the price she fetches BIN 6 10:9; la şubātī la sfg. HI.A la šīmam tīšu they owe you neither textiles nor wool nor any other merchandise Kienast ATHE 47A: 33; šumma bīt kārim KÙ. BABBAR šīm ša-áp-tim ištappuku KÙ. BABBAR *§uqul* if one can deposit silver in the office of the  $k\bar{a}ru$  as (advance) payment for the purchase of wool, then pay the silver TCL 19 15:30, cf. šumma KÙ.BABBAR ana SÍG.HI.A ištappuku BIN 6 25:4; ší-[im] 5 TÚG.HI.A šīm ša-áp-t[im] šumma kù.ki zakku . . . atta u PN ku-ulkà šumma KÙ.KI laššu URUDU šīm SÍG. HI.A ana PN₂ din (as for) the copper(?) for the wool, the equivalent of the wool, if gold is freely available, you and PN should seal (and send it), if gold is not

available, give PN2 copper as payment for the wool ICK 1 135:5 and 11; šīm šaáp-tí-kà urudu ibašši copper is available as payment for your wool TCL 14 37:17; URUDU ša ša-ap-tí-kà (in broken context) TCL 14 36:23: 25 MA.NA URUDU. sig, šīm síg-tí-e-em ša kutānī ina libbika you owe 25 minas of copper of good quality, the price for the wool for the kutānu textiles RA 59 36 MAH 10824:5; ša-áptù-um ina Alim waqrat wool is expensive in Assur BIN 6 7:19, ina Alim síg.HI.A waqrat RA 59 159 MAH 16209:12; panîm şubātim ša tušēbilini ša-áp-tám 1 MA.NA.TA raddima lu gatnu compared to the textiles you sent previously, add one mina of wool extra in each (piece), but let them stay thin TCL 1917:17; exceptionally in plural:  $K\dot{U}.BAB[BAR \&a]$  PN u  $b\bar{\imath}t$ PN, ša[šqil] ul ša-pá-tim mala ana Kù. BABBAR-pì-a la apalluhu šaddiaššunu demand payment of the silver from PN and the house of PN2, or else make them deposit enough wool so that I need not be concerned for my silver Kienast ATHE 47A:17, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 132 n. 232.

- 2' in OB: síg ša ana tamkārī innaddina immaḥrama . . . rēšam ukâl the wool to be delivered to the merchants has been received and is ready CT 52 161:2, cf. ibid. 162:2.
- g) as commodity -1' beside other addurār kaspim hurāsim commodities: weri'im annikim še'im síg adi . . . pa'ē aškun I proclaimed a remission of debts (whether payable) in silver, gold, copper, tin, barley, (or) wool, down to chaff AOB 1 12 No. 7:23 (Irišum); a merchant or woman innkeeper kaspam še'am síg ì.giš adi mādim ul imahhar will not accept silver, barley, wool, oil, or anything else (from a slave or slave girl) Goetze LE § 15 B i 11; šumma tamkārum ana šamallîm še'am síg šamnam u mimma bīšam ana pašārim iddin if a merchant gives barley, wool, oil, or any other movable property for peddling

CH § 104:34; še'am síg šamnam suluppī u mimma šumšu ša sênim isēnši (if a man) loads it (a hired boat) with barley, wool, oil, dates, or any other cargo CH § 237:41; a governor [ša] ana bīt rēdîm u bā'irim še'am kaspam u sfg ana eşēdim u šiprim epēšim [i]na emūqim inaddinu who illegally forces upon the house of a rēdû or a bariru barley, silver, or wool (as payment) for harvesting or any other work Kraus Edikt § 20':12; mamman šêm ši-pa-atam ana Lú.HA.NA.MEŠ la inaddin no one shall give barley (or) wool to the Haneans RA 60 24:6 (Mari let.), cf. ibid. 13; if a husband went abroad and provided his wife la šamna la sfg. MEŠ la lubulta with neither oil, wool, clothing (nor food) KAV 1 iv 86 (Ass. Code § 36); 1 (BÁN) Ì 10 MA.NA SÍG. MEŠ ša PN ina muhhi PN₂ KAJ 241:2 (MA).

- 2' other occs.: síg.hi.a ina bītini kīma akalim innakkala (see akalu usage a-2') TCL 18 111:16 (OB let.); SfG.HI.A 2 GUN ana mārat PN hītma idin PN2 iqba umma 1 GUN eš-še-tum u 1 gun labīrā[ti]m hītma idin weigh out wool (in the amount of) two talents to PN's daughter and give (it to her) - PN₂ said to me: Weigh out and give (her) one talent of new (wool) and one talent of old (wool) Aro, WZJ 8 568 HS 110:17 (MB let.); 10 MA.NA SÍG.MEŠ ša mārat PN  $\dots$  ina muhhi PN $_2$   $\dots$  síg annâtu ana 1 limlibnāte . . . ana labāni tadnaniššu minas of wool belonging to PN's daughter are debited to PN2, this wool is given to him for making one thousand bricks KAJ 111:1 and 7 (MA).
- h) qualities: ša 2 gín kỳ.BABBAR ša-áp-tám ša Māma naribtam araktam damiqtam utartam šāmama for two shekels of silver buy wool from GN, soft, long-staple (wool), of good and superior quality TCL 19 65:18, and see narbu; Síg.HI.A sāmtum ibaššīma ina Tišmurna [u Tur]humid [...] (if) there is red wool available, [...] in Tišmurna and Turhumid CCT 4 27a left edge 1; 10 MA.NA ša-áp-tám makrītam ten minas of red-dyed wool OIP 27 7:9, also

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ibid. 4, 7, see also sāmu usage b; for Anatolian wool note: 3 MA.NA ša-áp-tám ša Ḥaḥ= h[im] OIP 27 7:6, š $\bar{i}m$  ša-áp-tí ša Ha-hiim Kültepe b/k 27, cited Balkan Observations 65 n. 9, 24 GÚ 20 MA.NA ša- $\acute{a}p$ -tum ša [Lu]hu= saddia BIN 4 181:2, also CCT 4 6e:23, šumma  $\delta a - \acute{a}p - t\acute{a}m \quad i - Lu - hu - zu - d\acute{i} - a \quad ilaqqeu \quad \dots$ šumma i(na) Kaniš ilaggeu TCL 19 51:7, wr.  $\delta a$ - $p\acute{a}$ -tim BIN 4 6:23 (all OA), and see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 130ff.; [15] MA.NA síg sag [1] gứ síg uš 6 gứ 50 ma.na síg gur-nu šu.nigín 8 gú 5 [ma].na síg. HI.A buqum U8.HI.A 15 minas of first quality wool, one talent of wool of second quality, six talents fifty minas of wool of average quality: in all: eight talents five minas of wool (from) the plucking of the ewes ARM 9 35:1ff., cf. 1 GÚ 22 MA.NA SÍG UŠ 32 GÚ 58 MA.NA SÍG gur-nu buqūm UDU.HI.A ARM 18 39:1f., cf. 1 GÚ SÍG.DU Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 22:1, 27:1, BIN 2 75:14, YOS 8 62:1, and passim, see gurnu; 2 gín 4-ut kừ.babbar šám síg sag (possibly = argamannu) ša ina bīt dulla halqu two and one-fourth shekels of silver, the price of the first quality wool that was lost in the workshop UET 4 199:1 (NB); TÚG muşīpēti karkēti ša síg sag — muşīptu garments of twined(?) thread of first quality wool ABL 511:9 (NB); galamahhu lubār kitê halip u sūna ša sfg sag qaqqassu rakis the galamahhu priest is clad in a linen lubāru garment, and a  $s\bar{u}nu$  cloth made of first quality wool is wound around his head UVB 15 40:13', see copy pl. 34;  $lub\bar{u}\check{s}u$  síg sag . . . la utahha ana zumrija (while in mourning) I kept fine wool clothing away from my body AnSt 8 46 i 22 (Nbn.);  $1\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA.TA SÍG di-in-[n]a-a-tum  $1\frac{2}{3}$  MA. [N]A.TA sfg ra-ba-tu[m] one and one-half minas each of dinnû wool, one and twothirds minas each of soft(?) wool 49305:7 and 9 (OB, courtesy Kh. al-Adhami); 2 GÚ SÍG IGI.SAG.GÁ *ša lubūšika idnaššum* give him two talents of choice wool from your wool allowance TLB 4 72:21 (OB let.), 12 gú síg.igi.sag.gá 34 gú síg.du 46 gsfg] Y08 5 210: 1 ff., also 30 ma.na sfg.igi.

SAG.GÁ (beside síg.ud.ud, šutû, síg ZA-ku-um) JCS 26 66 No. 85:6, 469 sheep SÍG.BI 19 GÚ 44 MA.NA ŠÀ.BA 4 GÚ SÍG.IGI. SAG.GÁ TCL 10 24 r. 19f., cf. ibid. 33f., Riftin 112:8, and cf. sig.igi.zag.ga = na-asqa-a-tum, bi-re-e-tum Hh. XIX 29f.; e.zé. a.ta síg.sig, ga síg.babbar.ta šu. naim.ma.a[n.gar(?)]: [ša(?)][se]-e-niši-pa-a-tú dam-qa-a-tú min pe-sa-a-tú ina  $\S U - \mathring{s} \mathring{u} [\ldots]$  she took into her hand wool of good quality, white wool, from the flock BiOr 30 168 r. 5f. (SB lit.); 20 MA.NA SÍG dam-qá-tim kīma ginîja šūbilam send me twenty minas of fine wool as my due AJSL 32 282:7 (OB let.), cf. síg da-qá-tum Riftin 65:8, síg wa-ra-qum ibid. 6; síg sig (see qatnu) CT 52 28:11; É SÍG.HI.A SIG5 MDP 28 541:4; u síg.hi.a sig, ina qātija ul ibaššė there is not (enough) fine wool available to me ARMT 13 10:7; he gave as security to PN 2 ma.na síg.meš sig. $-q\acute{u}$ two minas of fine wool (and two minas of tin) HSS 9 103:13 (Nuzi); 5 MA.NA SÍG SIG₅ ša UDU.NITA PN . . . mahir PN has received five minas of good quality sheep's wool BE 15 11:1 (MB); 3 GUN SÍG.HI.A bab-ba-ni-tum Dar. 182:1, cf. Nbn. 512:1, etc., see babbanû, see also qunun= nītu, šurbuītu.

i) colors: 1 ma.na síg babbar ana é SAL.UŠ.BAR one mina of white wool for the workshop of the weaver women Riftin 61:6 (OB): 2  $kuzipp\bar{i}$  ša sfg sA₅ ka-a-ri two kuzippu cloaks of red wool of ordinary quality Iraq 16 37 ND 2307:14 (NA dowry list), see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 14; SÍG.MEŠ LUM.LUM.MEŠ issēniš na-su-u-ni 196: 19, see Postgate Taxation 262: the torches SÍG BABBAR SÍG SA₅ tu-ud-da-ah (var. tul-(see elehu) KAR 26 r. 22, var. and restoration from K.3268+; SÍG SA₅ SÍG BABBAR ištēniš tetemme CT 23 10 iii 23, also AMT.10,1 iii 15, 11,1:1, 104 iii 25, BE 31 60 r. ii 17, CT 23 7 ii 33, SfG SA₅ SfG BABBAR talappap AMT 88,1:3, ina síg ba-ru-«DA» -un-du ša SÍG BABBAR u SÍG S[A₅ tašakkak] you string (these stones) on a multicolored yarn made of white and red wool RA 18

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163 r. 2, and passim in rit.;  $ina \text{ sfg sA}_5 7 lappi$ talappap 7 kişrî tarakkas you wind seven burls with red wool and tie seven knots CT 23 10 iii 24, cf. RA 18 164: 6, 166: 3, AMT 10,1 iii 7, ina sfg sa, talammi you wrap (the medication) in red wool AMT 103 ii 17, 14 NA4 mūṣa telegge ina dur síg gùn.A tašakkak you take 14 mūşu stones and string them on a multicolored wool string BE 31 60 i 19, also ibid. 5 and 15, AMT 47,3:9, see also šakāku; ikrib síg ge, u túg.síg tubbî tadabbub you recite the benediction for presenting black wool and the fringe BBR No. 75-78:52, also ibid. 4, No. 92:4; you spin síg [BABBAR] síg GE6 Köcher BAM 237 iii 4; X MA SÍG SA₅ X MA.NA SÍG GE₆ ADD 955: 3, 4 and 5, ADD 812 r. 10; for colored wools see Hh. XIX 78 ff. and Landsberger, JCS 21 155 ff.; X SÍG.HI.A . . . PN şābû ana şubīti subītu) VAS 6 8:1, cf. ibid. 24:4; see also *šinītu* A; for instructions for dyeing wool see Leichty, Studies Jones 15ff.

j) prices: 40 gun síg níg.šám 1 gín KÙ.BABBAR 4 MA.NA SÍG KÙ.BABBAR-siin 10 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR forty talents of wool, at one shekel of silver for four minas of wool, worth ten minas of silver MDP 2 p. 24 viii 3 and 6 (Maništušu obelisk);  $6\frac{1}{3}$  MA. NA SÍG.HI.A 3 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR šīmša (var.  $\tilde{sim}\tilde{sina}$ ) the price for  $6\frac{1}{3}$  minas of wool is three shekels of silver BIN 4 162:16 (OA), var. from OIP 27 55:11; 6 MA.NA SÍG ana 1 gín kù. babbar six minas of wool for one shekel of silver Goetze LE § 1 A i 13; in refs. to periods of prosperity: during his reign 12 ma.na síg.ta . . . ki.lam. ma.da.na.ka kù.babbar 1 gín kù.e hé.íb.da.šám twelve minas of wool were bought for one shekel of silver according to the rate of exchange in his land SAKI 222 No. 1c:16 (Sin-kāšid); in my city Assur ana 1 gín kừ. babbar 15 ma. na sfg.ні. A for one shekel of silver (two gur of barley), 15 minas of wool, (or two seahs of oil could be bought) AOB 1 24 iii 21 (Šamši-Adad I); 1 GÚ SÍG Ša É.GAL ŠÁM 10 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR one talent of wool of the

palace priced at ten shekels of silver CT 8 36a:1, ef. ibid. 21a:1, 30b:1; 1 GÚ.UN SÍG namharti é.gal ki.lam 6 ma.na ana 1 gín KÙ.BABBAR ŠÁM 10 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ibid. 11c:1; 1 GÚ SÍG NA4.GI.NA ŠÀ ŠÁM SÍG ša É.GAL KÙ.BI 10 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR CT 6 35c:1; ŠU.NIGIN 101 GÚ  $8\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA SÍG. GE 10 MA.NA.TA KÙ.BI 10 MA.NA  $6\frac{5}{6}$  GÍN in all: 101 talents  $8\frac{1}{3}$  minas of wool (at a rate of) ten minas each (per shekel of silver), valued at ten minas  $6\frac{5}{6}$  shekels of silver CT 7 46a: 7; 6 GÍN KÙ. BABBAR ŠÁM 1 GÚ SÍG É. dUTU BE 6/1 91:2; 3 MA.NA SÍG ana 1 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR VAS 16 189:5; 8 GÚ SÍG X KÙ.BABBAR KI.LAM 1 GUN.E  $7\frac{1}{2}$ GÍN KÙ.BI l MA.NA eight talents of ordinary(?) wool for(?) silver, at the rate of  $7\frac{1}{2}$  shekels per talent, worth one mina in silver Boyer Contribution 111:1 (= RA 15 190) (all OB); 1 GUN SÍG.HI.A ŠÁM 6 GÍN KÙ. GI one talent of wool worth six shekels of gold (as payment for a slave) Tum NF 5 65:12, see Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 15, cf. BE 14 7:22 (MB); 5 MA.NA SÍG.HI.A ana 1 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR five minas of wool for one shekel of silver BBSt. No. 37:8, cf. the comparable prices CT 55 779:1, 10 GUN 11 MA. NA SÍG.HI.A . . . ana 2 MA.NA 11 GÍN KÙ. BABBAR Nbn. 963:1, 55 GUN 45 MA SÍG. HI.A... ana 11 ma.na 9 gín kừ.babbar TCL 13 224:7, 54 (GUN) 10 MA.NA SÍG. HI.A ana 10 MA.NA 50 GÍN hummušu KÙ. BABBAR ibid. 9, 1 GUN 12 MA.NA SÍG. HI.A ana 16 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR PSBA 9 237 No. 94:1, 6 MA.NA SÍG.HI.A ana 1 GÍN 3 ribâta KÙ.BABBAR ibid. 9; SÍG.HI.A 3 MA. (for one shekel) LBAT 258 r. 13, (4 MA.NA) ibid. 313:9, 377:8, 889:3, and passim in LB diaries; 15 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR Šīm 1 GUN SÍG.HI.A BIN 1 144:1, cf. CT 55 762:4f., 5 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ŠĩM 20 MA.NA SÍG.HI.A Anor 8 16:1, 15 gun síg. Hi. A ana 2 ma. NA 15 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR (i.e., six and twothirds minas per shekel) CT 55 754:4, ½ GUN SÍG.HI.A... ana 10 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR  $pes\hat{u}$  PSBA 9 273:1,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR šīm 5 gun síg.hi.a BE 8 127:1; 8 ma.na SÍG.HI.A ana 2 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR

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1115:3; 1 GUN 53 MA.NA SÍG.ḤI.A... kî 17 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR JRAS 1928 323 BM 82-3-28,163:2 (Kandalānu); valued in other equivalents: 1 pagra ana 2 MA.NA SÍG. ḤI.A one (sheep) carcass for two minas of wool Anor 8 34:5; 1 GUN 40 MA.NA SÍG.ḤI.A ana 20 GUR uṭṭati TCL 12 102:4; note maḥīr síg iššaqqil the equivalent (in barley) for wool will be weighed (i.e., prices will be high) RA 65 74:73 (OB ext.).

k) other occs.: 15 sfg ma. NA PN PN₂. RA 1.NA.SUM PN has given to PN2 15 minas of wool MAD 4 17:5, also ibid. 1, 9, 14 and 18; 30 [sfg] ma.na in na $_4$  kừ.babbar PN wabil-si-in thirty minas of wool (measured) by the stone weight for silver, PN (is) its (the wool's) bearer Gelb OAIC 36:18; 65  $abn\bar{i}$  ša-áp-tum 65 stones (i.e., talents?) of wool TCL 20 183:2 (OA); 1 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ana ša-áp-tim ašqul (in list of small expenditures) CCT 5 32b:5, cf.  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA 8 GÍN  $\tilde{sim}$  SÍG.HI.A ana PN ašqul TCL 20 162:11, 1 Gf[N KÙ].BABBAR  $\tilde{sim}$  [ $\tilde{sa}$ -ap]-ti-im OIP 27 10:5 (all OA); KUŠ gusānu ša síg. HI.A a leather bag with wool ARMT 13 10:9, also Iraq 39 150:9 (Mari let.); concerning the servants who are with you tuppaka lillikamma lu šizbam lu sfg. HI.A lu kaspam lušēbilakku have your request come to me and I will send you milk, wool, or silver CT 29 38:8; kaspam ša ši-pa-tim šaddagdim [u] ša š[i]-pa-tim ša ša-am-ša-li [t] elqû the silver for last year's wool and that for the wool that you took the day before yesterday ABIM 21:19f. (both OB letters); inanna 3 GUN SÍG. MEŠ qadu sibtišu PN u PN2 ana jāši utterru u 1 gun síg.meš ina muhhišunu irtêh now PN and PN₂ have repaid three talents of wool with its interest to me, only one talent of wool is still debited to them JEN 663:10 ff., cf. ibid. 9; epēš nikkassi ša sfg. ні. А u šar-tú ša Eanna accounting of wool and goat hair for Eanna TCL 12 104:7 (NB); ½ GUN 5 MA.NA SÍG.HI.A rēhi sattuk ša MN 35 minas of wool, the remainder of the fixed delivery for the month MN Nbn. 952:1,

1 GUN ša síg. HI. A ešrû one talent of wool, tithe Nbn. 882:1; SÍG  $\bar{a}$  44 MA.NA ša ina panīkunu ana 1 gun síg.hi.a terri u wool that is at your disposal, bring it up to one talent of wool and send it to me BIN 1 27:13ff. (NB let.); 4 MA.NA SÍG.HI.A ultu SÍG.HI.A Ša LÚ.ŠIM.MEŠ CT 49 33: 3 f., cf. ibid. 20:4; [U] A.KAL ŠIM.HAL : U aš $\hat{i}$  : sfg  $lam\hat{u}$ ina kišād amēli šakānu – baluhhu resin: medication for asú disease, to wrap in wool and put around the man's neck Köcher BAM 1 i 66, cf. 5 šammī annûti ina sfg talammi you wrap these five plants in wool AMT 89,1 ii 14 (= Köcher BAM 435 v 14), and passim in rits.; note (as penalty): 1 MA.NA šārta 1 MA.NA SÍG.HI.A ana pīšu iharraşu UET 7 25 r. 9 (MB leg.).

l) referring to wool of vegetal origin: I set out alongside it (the palace) a large park which was planted with all kinds of incense trees adi GIŠ.MEŠ nāš sſG.ḤI.A and also with trees that bear wool OIP 2 111 vii 56, iṣṣū nāš ši-pa-a-ti ibqumu im: haṣu ṣubātiš the wool-bearing trees they plucked (and) wove (the cotton) into garments ibid. 116 viii 64 (both Senn.).

Since the OA word for wool is  $\delta \bar{a}ptu$ , the reading of sfg in MA and NA may also be  $\delta \bar{a}ptu$ .

Ad usage a-1': Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 133 n. 234. For Ur III references see Waetzoldt Textilindustrie, for OB see Kraus Viehhaltung 56 ff.

šipa'u (or šiba'u) s.; (mng. unkn.); Nuzi; Hurr. word(?).

- a) with ref. to barley: x barley u PN a š a r PN₂ u a š a r PN₃ ilteqe iš tu ŠE.MEŠ š a š i-pa-i š a  $leq \hat{u}$  PN has taken from PN₂ and PN₃, from the barley (to be used as) š. he has taken it HSS 13 172:10 (translit. only); (list of women receiving barley rations, total) x barley š a š i-pa-i a š a r PN  $leq \hat{u}$  HSS 16 357:21 (translit. only).
- b) with ref. to tin: one mina of tin each to seven women ana ši-ba-a [ša]

šipirtu A

nadnu HSS 13 3:9 (translit. only), cf. seven talents 46 minas of tin [a]na ši-pa-i ana [...] HSS 15 160:21; uncert.: 77 women, 27 men ši-ba-i-šu a-tuh-la ù PN ippušu ... naphar x MA.NA [...] HSS 15 282:5.

e) without specification: naphar 61 LÚ. MEŠ annûtu annûtu ši-ba-a ša ileqqû in all, these are 61 men, these are the ones who receive §. HSS 16 348:36.

## šiphu s.; (a part of the kiln); SB.*

If the glass and the *mil'u* mineral which you have tested [does . . .] ana ši-pa-aḥ IZI.GAR.R[A . . .] [you move?] it to the š. of the kiln Oppenheim Glass 55 § U 9, see ibid. p. 73.

The form is most likely an Assyrian stat. const. Possibly to be connected with  $\delta ab\bar{a}hu$ .

šipiktu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*; cf šapāku.

 $\begin{array}{lll} & [\text{nígl.}[\text{lú.úr/ur}_x(\text{GÁ}\times \text{SAL})] &=& [\delta a] \text{-}ap\text{-}kum, \\ [\text{níg.}lú.\text{úr/ur}_x.\text{sù.ud}] &=& [\delta i]\text{-}pi\text{-}ik\text{-}tum & \text{Nigga Bil.} \\ & \text{B 111 f., cf. níg.}lú.\text{ur}_x(\text{GÁ}\times \text{SAL}), \text{níg.}lú.\text{ur}_x.\text{sù.ud} & \text{Nigga 142 f.} \\ \end{array}$ 

Perhaps "accumulation of responsibility," as suggested by the Sum. phrase, see Civil, JNES 43 294.

šipipiānu see zibibânu.

šipirēti see šiprētu.

šipirru see šibirru.

šipirtu A (šipištu) s.; 1. order, 2. (often with det. Kuš) legal document, 3. message, letter, 4. (in the pl.) work; from OB on; pl. šiprātu, šipirētu (wr. ši-pir-tum. MEŠ CT 22 87:14 and 18, NB); cf. šapāru.

[im ù.mu.un.ne.dug₄]: [ $\emph{si-pir}$ ]-tum, im ù.mu.un.ne.dug₄ =  $\emph{SU-ku}$  (= unnedukku) Hh. X 451 f., cf. im.mu.gub.ba =  $\emph{SU}$  =  $\emph{si-pir-tum}$ , im ù.mu.un.ne.dug₄ =  $\emph{SU-ku}$  =  $\emph{si-pir-tum}$  Hg. A II 115 f., in MSL 7 112; [...] = [ $\emph{si-p}$ ] $\emph{i-ir-tu}$  (in group with  $\emph{piqittu}$ ) Antagal fragm. gg 4'.

1. order (of the king or an official): concerning the garments which I sent kî  $p\bar{i}$  ši-pi-ir-ti ša šar[ri] kî [a]na  $b\bar{e}lija$ ušēbila (it is) in accordance with a royal order that I sent (them) to my lord BE 17 34:5 (MB let.), cf. PN kî ši-pi-ir-ti šarri ana IGI GÚ.EN.NA itrussuma PBS 8/2 163:3, also ibid. 2, kî ši-pir-ti PN UET 7 19:1 (all MB); even if the king should write me, "Run a bronze dagger into your heart and die" kê la eppušu ši-pí-ir-ti šarri how could I not carry out the order of the king? EA 254:46 (let. of Labaja); estenemme šip[i-ir-ta] §[a] §a[r]r[i] EA 246:8 (let. from Megiddo);  $[i\$pur \$arr]u \dots ana [\$]i-pi$ ir-ti-šu ašar i-ba-ša-at ši-pí-ir-ti šarri bēlija . . . u ú-ba-[ú-n]a-ši u ušširunāši ana šarri bēlija the king wrote an order (to his subject) - as to his order, wherever the thing ordered by the king, my lord, is, I will search it out and send it to the king, my lord EA 143:12 ff. (let. from Beirut); uncert.: (salt and lye) ana SAL. TÚG.E.NE GIŠ.NÁ u dLAMMA ina ši-pí-irtim LUGAL ZI.GA(!) BM 78743:5 (tablet) and BM 78744 (case, coll. C. B. F. Walker), see Harris Ancient Sippar 272 n. 14; ana ši-pi-ir-te ša PN LÚ.AGRIG ša É PN₂ PN₃ PN₄ PN₅ ālik urki  $\delta a \in PN_2 \dots mahru$  (forty sacks of straw belonging to the palace) received by PN3, PN₄, (and) PN₅, (three) retainers of PN₂'s estate, on the order of PN, the administrator of PN₂'s estate KAJ 118:5, cf. (tin) ša ina muhhi PN u PN₂ šatrutuni PN₃ ana *ši-pi-ir-ti ša* PN₄ *maḥir* Iraq 30 182 (pl. 62) TR 3016:8, see Deller and Saporetti, Oriens Antiquus 9 304 f. and 298, (barley) ana ši-pi-irte ša PN LÚ ÌR LUGAL . . . PN₂ mahir JCS 7 126 No. 11:6 (MA Tell Billa); [s]i-pi-ir-tišarri (in broken context) KAV 193:12 (Ass. Code J); X ŠE.BAR akî ši-pir-tum ša bēlija ana PN attannam I delivered x barley to PN according to the order of my lord CT 22 12:6 (NB let.); PN has received x barley from PN2 as proxy of PN3 ina ši-pir-ti ša PN₄ YOS 6 111:1, also AnOr 8 66:1, cf. YOS 6 87:4, 145:6, GCCI 2 120:3; for *ipirtu  $u id\bar{a}tu$  see ittu A mng. 4b; the weavers

šipirtu A šipirtu A

ša ina ši-pir-ti ša PN rab š $ar{a}qija$  . . . iş  $qar{a}tar{e}$ iddû whom they cast into fetters at the orders of PN, the  $rab \ \check{s}\bar{a}q\hat{\imath}$  BIN 2 114:5;  $\bar{u}mu$ ši-pir-ta tāmur amat šarri šî the day you saw the order - it is an order of the king YOS 3 44:15;  $\lceil \bar{u}mu \rceil$  §i-pir-ti... ina muhhi tāmurima TCL 9 107:25, ši-pir-ti ina šumija u šumikunu šu-tur-ra(!)-ma ana PN inna' write an order in my name and in your name and give it to PN TCL 973:8; PN whom the king, my lord, has sent to GN šipir-ti ša šarri ana GN ittadin has delivered the order of the king to GN ABL 1117 r. 14; on the 10[+x]th of the month ši-piš-tum ša šarri ana muhhi [...] Sachs-Hunger Diaries -346 r. 15;  $i \not s t \hat{e} t \ [ \not s i - pir - t ] \not u \ u$ mār šipri . . . bēlu liššâmma . . . ana muḥḥi ši-pir-tum u mār šipri bēlu liddin CT 22 73:19 and 26; ši-pir-e-tum ša PN ana LÚ GAL kāṣir u PN2 attadin YOS 3 112:8; akî ša mār šipri ša bēlija ši-pir-ta iššâmma iddinu as soon as the messenger of my lord delivered the order CT 22 4:10; ši-pir-ti ša bēlija kî iššâ . . . uktallimanni YOS 3 95:15, and passim in NB letters, see also hutāru A; ši-pir-ti šarri ušallam I will carry out the king's order ABL 238 r. 7, cf. mamma ši-pirtú ša šarri ul ušallam ABL 459: 9, cf. also ABL 915:5, u anāku ina ši-pir-ti ša šarri bēlija šībūtu kî illikū ana libbi adê ša šarri bēlija ina GN iterbu also, in (accordance with) the order of the king, my lord, I (saw to it that) when the elders came, they joined the adû-agreement with the king, my lord, in Babylon ABL 202 r. 14; šipir-tu ša bulluțu napištišunu a safe-conduct for them Borger Esarh. 102 I 7; note referring to divine command: [ina] ši-pir $ti \, {}^{d}A\check{s}\check{s}[ur] \, b\bar{e}li[ja]$  (in broken context) Borger Esarh. 114 § 80 ii 20.

2. (often with det. KUŠ) legal document — a) issued by officials authorizing their deputies to act for them: the commander of Babylonia and the appointed officials of the king came back to Seleucia KUŠ ši-piš-[ta-šu]-nu ana muḥḥi mārē Bābili šap-ri a document of theirs was issued

regarding the Babylonians BHT pl. 18 r. 16 (diary); x silver ša ... ina Kuš ši-pištum ša sepīri ša PN ana PN, iddinu which they had given to PN2 by means of a parchment contract (issued) by PN's scribe writing Aramaic ZA 3 148 No. 10:8, cf. libbû KUŠ  $\dot{s}i$ - $pi\dot{s}$ -ti- $\dot{s}\acute{u}$  ibid. 11, 13, 18, 20, and see sepiru mng. la; (a field) ša akî Kuš ši-piš-tum ša PN ana PN₂ nadnu TuM 2-3 204:5, cf. akî kuš ši-piš-tum u na4.kišib PN lú paqdu BE 10 101:15, ina kuš ši-pi-ištum ša di'kitēsu BRM 2 31:8, cf. also PBS 2/1 135:12f. and 17; silver akî ši-pir-tum u NA₄.KIŠIB ša PN ina qāt PN₂ maķir he has received from PN2 according to the sealed document of PN TuM 2-3 189:13, also BE 9 11:9, 66a:7, 75:6, wr. ši-pi-iš-tum TuM 2-3 183:9, cf. akî ši-pir-ti ša PN BE 9 47:11, PBS  $2/1 \ 2:6$ , wr. &i-pi-i&-tum BE 9 32:1, BE 105:6, akî ši-piš-ti ša LÚ.GÚ.EN.NA PBS 1/2 87:14:  $libb\hat{u}$   $\check{s}i$ - $pi\check{s}$ -tum  $\langle \check{s}i$ - $pi\check{s}$ - $tum \rangle$ ša PN šatam Esagil . . . mahir CT 49 170:3, cf. ibid. 132:7, 168:4, ši-piš-tum u tahsistu ibid. 171:3;  $libb\hat{u}$  IM &i-pi&-tum . . . &a i&tur-ru-' according to a written decree which (the collegium) has issued BRM 1 88:1 (time of Antiochus III); x silver, due PN and PN₂, is at the disposal of PN₃ ina MN ši-pir-tum ša PN₄ ana pan PN₃ inaš amma in MN he (one? of the creditors) will bring a note from PN₄ to PN₃, (and PN₃ will give the silver to PN and PN₂) Dar. 552:5; the slave girl concerning whom PN šanû ša simmagir ši-pir-tum ana PN2 šatam Eanna u PN3 bēl piqittu Eanna išpuru umma SAL qal-lat-a iššî . . . ina ši-pir-tum ša PN . . . iddinu umma abuk ana PN idinšu PN, the deputy of the simmagir-official, sent a statement to PN, the šatammu of Eanna and to PN, the bel piqitti of Eanna, saying, "She is my slave girl," (so) they turned (her) over (to PN's messenger) in conformity with PN's message, saying, "Take her to PN" AnOr 8 56:8 and 13.

b) other occs.: x field bought &a ... arki PN u  f PN $_2$  &si-pir-ta ana PN $_3$  u PN $_4$  tup&arri  $i\&spur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\@isspur\$ 

šipirtu A šipirtu A

which later PN and ^fPN₂ (the sellers) wrote a note to PN₃ (the buyer) and PN₄, the scribe, saying VAS 5 20:5; difficult: the silver ša ina ši-pir-tum ša PN šaţratma Cyr. 29:6.

- 3. message, letter -a) in lit.: [...] ši-pi-ir-ti abišu [when Ningirsu heard] the message of his father (he returned to the mountains) RA 46 94:72 (OB Epic of Zu); [ina] munatti išpura ši-pi[r-ta] ittuš damqatu nīšīja ukt[allim] in waking hours he sent the message and showed his favorable sign to my people Lambert BWL 50:46 (Ludlul III); ši-pir-ti (var. [KA]) dGi[lgāmeš] šarru dannu AnSt 7 132:45 (let. of Gilgāmeš), cf. ši-pir-ti DN (both subscripts) BA 5 658 No. 18 r. 3, see Nougayrol, RA 36 33 f.; adi uterriș qurādīšu kīma šupruși ši-pír-ta urrik he deceitfully delayed the message(?) until he had his warriors deployed Tn.-Epic "iii" 34.
- b) in OB, Mari: kīma ālānû ana šipí-ir-ti-im ša bītišu uznāšu ibaššia atta ul  $t\bar{t}d\hat{e}$  do you not know that one who lives abroad is anxious for a report about his family? TCL 17 19:10; ana ši-pí-ir-ti-ni abuni la uš-ta-a-a our father must not treat our message lightly CT 52 95 r. 14, cf. ana ši-pí-ir-ti-ki aḥī ul anaddi ibid. 16:13; ši-pi-ir-ti PN išpuram the message PN sent me YOS 14 69:32, see Stol, AbB 9 184; ana PN ši-pí-ir-tam šumrisma šupur send a strongly worded letter to PN ibid. 35; aššum tuppi ši-pí-ir-ti ulu dumu šiprija an[a s] ēr bēlija ul illak as for the fact that neither a written report nor a messenger of mine goes to my lord ARM 10 91:5.
- c) in Bogh., EA: KA ši-bir5-ti išpuruka according to the message he sent to you RA 31 127:22 (= EA 369, let. from Egypt), see Moran, RA 69 151 ff.; liqbāššunūti [š]i-ip-rati-ia u liqbāššunūti amāteja let him tell them my messages and let him tell them my words KUB 3 69:7 (let. from Egypt).
- d) in NA: [ina muḥḥi ša] ši-pir-a-ti ina muḥḥi RN šar māt Aššur [išpur]uninni

concerning the messages that they have been sending to Assurbanipal, king of Assyria CT 53 175:1, cf. ina ši-pir-ti an-ni-i-[ti(?)] PRT 119:19 (coll. J. Aro); ši-pir-tu ša Lú.En.nam ša GN ina muḥḥi PN tattalka mā a message from the governor of GN has come for PN, saying Postgate Taxation 368 ND 413:4; ši-pir-ti epēš ardūti ša GN arḥiš ina pan šarri lu takšuda let a message concerning the submission of (the tribe) GN promptly arrive before the king ABL 896 r. 15 (NA let. with Babylonianisms); ši-bir-ti ša ašpurakkani ša kitti šî the message I (Aššur) sent to you is reliable ABL 1369 r. 7, and see kallāb šipirti.

e) in NB: ammēni ina panīka anāku u mārātija ina summê ša ši-pir-tú amâta why should I and my daughters be dying to receive (lit. of thirst for) a message from you? CT 22 222:9, ši-pir-tum šî mahrû PN iltapra ši-pir-tum-šu ā ul šudgulat formerly PN sent that message, was that message of his not handed over? 87:4 ff., 1-en ši-pir-tum ša šulum ša bīti ša PN . . . *šupur* send me one message about the well-being of PN's household 194:25, ši-pir-ti šî ša ina qātē PN tašpuru minû šî this message you sent (to me) through PN, what is this (about)? ibid. 48:9; ammēni 2-ta 3-ta [ši]-pir-re-e-ti ana šulum ša bēlija ašpuramma gabarī ši-pir-ti ša bēlija ul āmur how is it that I wrote two or three letters (asking) about the wellbeing of my lord but have not seen an answer to my letter to my lord? YOS 3 157:8 and 11, also BIN 157:9 and 11, TCL 9123:6 and 9; 2-ta 3 ši-[pir]-ti kî ašpurrakka ţēnka ul ašmu YOS 3 106:5; ši-pir-ta-ku-nu lūmur 2-ta 3-ta ši-pir-tum kî ašpurraššunūti ul  $il\hat{a}mma$  CT 22 12:19f.;  $1-en-[\check{s}\check{u}]$  2- $\check{s}\check{u}$   $\check{s}i$ pir-tum ana  $[b\bar{e}li]ja$  altap[ra] CT 22 196:9; anāku ina libbi ši-ip-re-e-ti ša ana kâša u ana Tammarītu ašpur umma I (said) thus in the messages I sent to you and to RN ABL 1380:14; ši-pir-ta-a paširatti ana pa= nīšunu ašappar secretly I will send them a message ABL 281 r. 4, ana muhhi šip-re-ti-iá

šipirtu A šipirtu A

mala altapparuka u ana muhhi a-mat-ia kî tanqutu mītāta ABL 539:7 (let. of Asb.), ana muhhi ši-pir-ti mahrīti ša ana šarri la ašpura concerning an earlier message which I did not send to the king ABL 1374:13; kî ši-pir-ti ana ekalli ašpuru ibid. r. 1; šip-re-e-ti ša PN . . . ittalkani ABL 754:4, kî mār šipri ša šar māt Elamti šipir-e-ti la iššâmma ana panīja īruba u āmuruš u mamma ši-pir-ta-šú iptû (by the gods of the king) the envoy of the king of Elam brought letters and came to me, but I did not see him, and no one opened his letter ABL 917 r. 6f.; ina ši-pir-ti ša šatammu išpuru according to the message which the šatammu sent BIN 1 17:18; ši-pir-e-ti-šú-nu [ana] šarri bēlija ultēbila I sent their reports to the king, my lord ABL 1456 r. 10; ši-pir-ti ša šakin māti ultēbilakkunūši YOS 3 170:6, cf. BIN 1 22:37; see also şihru A; mimma immatima ţēnšu la ašmi u ši-pir-ta-šú la āmur (the king must not say) I have never heard his report nor seen his message ABL 1431:7; ammīni šipir-tum ul āmur YOS 3 125:7, cf. ši-pirta-ka  $l\bar{u}mur$  YOS 3 125:14, also ibid. 162:9, BIN 1 75:22, TCL 9 112:16, minâ ina arhi 1-et ši-pir-ta-ka ul ammar why can I not see a single letter from you in a (whole) month? CT 22 6:41; ult[u b] īt ši-pir-ti šarri ana panīja [i]llika gabarāšu kî aštur ana šarri ultēbil when the message of the king came to me, I wrote an answer immediately and sent (it) to the king Iraq 27 29 No. 82:19; kî ašpuraššu gabarī ši-pir-tum. MEŠ ul išpuru when I wrote to him, he did not write an answer to (my) letters CT 22 87:18, and see gabarû mng. 1c; ši-pirta-a lu mukinnija CT 22 176:18, and passim, see mukinnu.

f) in hist.: adi 3-šu ašpurakkamma la tašmā... ana ši-pir-ti-ia la taddā lētka I wrote you three times, but you did not listen (and) did not pay attention to my letter Borger Esarh. 104 i 31; rakbēšun adi šip-ra-a-ti-šú-nu işbatunimma they seized their mounted messengers with

their messages Streck Asb. 162:44, also ibid. 12 i 129, *ši-pir-ti* RN *ana* ^dAššur letter of Assurbanipal to Aššur Bauer Asb. 2 83 r. 23.

**4.** (in the pl.) work -a) agricultural work (see šipru mng. 3a-2'): [A.š]à šiip-ra-tum Dù-uš (with comm.) [ši]-ip-ratum / ma-na-ha-[tum] RA 13 28:10 and 12 (Alu Comm.); A.ŠA ši-ip-ra-tim mala adi inanna innepšu as much worked field as has been finished up to now Kraus AbB 1 104:6, cf. A.ŠÀ ši-ip-ra-tim mala īpušu ibid. 102:12, tēm ši-ip-ra-tim mala īpušu . . . ul tašpurma ibid. 5; x A.ŠA ši-ip-ra-tu ša PN nadia PBS 7 84:8; x A.ŠA ši-ip-ra-tum ša PN uhhur YOS 13 104 r. 1; PN . . . ša ina ši-ip-ra-tim u adi ēri[šu] pīšu la īpuš[am] PN (chief of the merchants) who did not say a word during the plowing(?) and while I did the seeding PBS 7 103:13 (all OB).

b) other work: 1 MA.NA SfG ana epēš ši-ip-[ra-ti] ana PN nadin one mina of wool given to PN for the work assignment HSS 13 442:14, X ŠE.MEŠ <ana> qēmi ana L. Ú. MEŠ ēpiš ši-ip-ra-ti.MEŠ x barley for flour (given) to the people carrying out the assignment HSS 13 323:25 (both translit. only).

In HSS 5 1:19 read *šibirtašuma*, see *šebru*. In x še.numun A.šà *še*-ud-ti RN *iknukma*...*iddinu* RN granted under seal x field, .... land BBSt. No. 24:15, read possibly A.šà *še-liḥ-ti*, see *šiliḥtu* A.

Ad mng. 2: Stolper Entrepreneurs and Empire  $159 \, \mathrm{f.}$ 

**šipirtu A** in **ša šipirti** (*ša šipirāti*) s.; commissioner, chargé d'affaires; Mari; cf. *šapāru*.

PN ša ši-pí-i[r]-tim 10 awīlū [in] a ṣābim ša i[tt] i PN₂ u PN₃ . . . 3 awīlī naṣrū[tim] ištu GN [i]rdūnim PN, the chargé d'affaires, ten men among the men who are with PN₂ and PN₃, (and PN₄) brought three persons here from Karana under guard ARM 2 46:5; PN rabi Amurrim . . . u PN₂ ša

šipirtu B šipkātu

ši-pí-ra-tim ana GN ikšudunim PN, the rabi Amurrim, and PN₂, the chargé d'affaires, came to Saggarātum (and said: We are delegated to report about PN₃'s successful uprising) ARM 14 110:11; PN ša ši-pí-ra-tim (between ENGAR and LÚ.NAR, summed up as [x] LÚ.MEŠ a-ra-ru) ARMT 23 85:31, cf. ARM 24 6 i 10.

šipirtu B s.; pledge, security; Nuzi; cf. šapāru.

PN made the following declaration before the elders 1 arda ša PN₂ elteqēmi šumma arda ši-pi-ir-ta-šu ša PN₂ ana PN₂-ma la utarraššu ištēn suḥārtu damiqta... ana PN₂ anandin I did take PN₂'s slave—if I do not return the slave, PN₂'s pledge, to PN₂, I will give PN₂ one fine slave girl HSS 19 118:3, see Shaffer, Or. NS 34 32.

See also šapartu.

šipirtu see šibirtu.

šipištu see šipirtu A.

šipītu see šibītu and šišītu.

šipkātu s. pl.; 1. mound, pile, 2. investments, dividends(?) on investments, 3. cast form; OA, OB, SB; cf. šapāku.

[si.g]a.ebur.šè: ana ši-ip-kàt min (= ebūri) Ai. III i 19; še.si.[si.dè]: [ana ši-ip-kat še'i] Ai. II iii 3'.

araziqqu, &i-ip-ka-a-t&u(var. -tum) = padattu Malku II 227 f.

1. mound, pile — a) of earth, clay: (x unimproved lot) ištu qaqqar ši-ip-ka-at IM.SIG4.DU8 harşu after deduction of the area where the clay for making bricks is deposited Gautier Dilbat 12:3 (OB); šip-kát ašru u kigal[lu qātukk]a kunnu the creation (lit. piling up) of heaven and the nether world lies within your power JAOS 88 130 r. 6 (SB prayer to Nabû); (given the dimensions of a wall) ši-ip-ka-at igārija minûm what is (the volume of) the mound of earth (needed) for my wall? TMB 129

No. 231:3 (OB math.), cf. x [i]-ti  $ig\bar{a}rika$  ši-ip-ka-ti i-ša-pa-ka-ku (see  $šap\bar{a}ku$  mng. 9b) ibid. 10.

- b) of other materials: abuka ištu warhim 5.KAM ana ši-ip-kà-tim ana GN illikma adīni ula illikam your principal left for GN five months ago for the š., and so far he has not come back TCL 20 112:4, see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 90 n. 17; ù ši-ip-ka-at agari[nnim] (in broken context) TIM 9 51:7 (OB recipe for preparation of beer).
- 2. investments, dividends(?) on investments -a) in OA: x gold ana naruq PN PN₂ šapik u 8 ma.na hurāsum ši-ip-kà $t\hat{u}$ -šu ša PN ana ša £.A.BA  $it\bar{u}ra$  invested by PN₂ in PN's naruqqu, and x gold, PN's investment share, reverted to that of the paternal estate ICK 1 20b:5, cf. ibid. 12; (seals of seven men testifying) ša ší-ip $k\grave{a}$ -at PN u PN₂ . . .  $adm\bar{u}ni$  ibid. 20a:8; ana[kaspim] ša ana naruq PN admākuni ašta:  $namm\bar{e}[ma]$  ší-ip- $k\dot{a}$ -tí-a PN₂ aššuātima  $\check{s}akna$  (see  $ad\bar{a}mu$  usage b) CCT 4 31b:6; x gold ša PN ší-ip-kà-at PN2 qadima naruq= qišu [ina] Alim [...]-iš of PN's, investment by PN₂ together with his (PN's) business capital, is [...] in the City (Assur) ICK 1 105:3;  $8\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA KÙ.GI inaší-[ip]-kà-tim ša naruqqišu PN ina qātišu uşahhar VAT 9245:3, cited MVAG 35/3 p. 102 note a (coll. K. R. Veenhof), cf. (in broken context) mala ana naruqqika ší-[ip-kà]tim pattianni VAT 9253:6, cf. (in similar context) KT Hahn 19:16, KTS 21a:20; ișșēr šíip-kà-tí-šu mādam illibbišu išu (var. iṣṣēr munuātišu mādum illibbišu, see munûtu disc. section) CCT 5 18b:8, var. from Larsen, CTMMA 1 85a:17f.; eight minas of silver a-ší-ip-kà-tim ša mera' PN ašqul I paid as investment (in the naruqqu) of PN's son TCL 19 22:5, cf. two minas of silver i-ši $ip-k\grave{a}-t\acute{i}-\check{s}u-nu$  CCT 6 22b:7; x gold  $\check{s}a$ aşşēr ší-ip-kà-at PN radduam iqbiu which they ordered to be added to PN's investment share BIN 6 81:7, also ibid. 25; (establish) lu ší-ip-kà-tim lu ebuţţī ana

šipku A šipku A

mamman iddin whether he has made investments with or ebuţţu loans to someone RA 59 152 MAH 10823+:52, cf. JCS 15 127:15, 22, CCT 4 24a:24; lu ší-ip-kà-tim lu tamkāram tīšua whatever investments or (claims on) agents you (pl.) may have CCT 5 8a:6; see also šapāku mng. 4.

b) in OB: x silver ana ši-ip-ka-a-at ebūrim itti PN nadīt Samaš PN, rēš MN ŠU. BA.AN.TI ina MN2 māhirat illaku ina kār GN še'am i.Ag. E PN2 has received from PN, the nadītu of Šamaš, at the beginning of the month of Du'uzu for investment in harvest ventures, in the month of Abu he will deliver barley at the then prevailing rate at the *kāru* of Sippar VAS 8 48:2 (case) and 47:2 (tablet), cf. (same woman creditor) ibid. 87:2 and 7 (tablet) and 88:2 and 7 (case), cf. also VAS 9 185:2 (tablet) and 186:2 (case), (x silver borrowed) ši-ip-kaat (var. ana ši-ip-ka-at) ebūrim VAS 8 39:1 (tablet), var. from 40:2 (case), also (in similar context) Meissner BAP 14:2 (all from Sippar); note: ina ši-ip-ka-at [UD].BURUx.ŠÈ še'am takla[m] i.AG.E Boyer Contribution 196:7; ši $ip-ka-tim\ mala\ \&i-ip-\langle ka > -tim\ [ah]um\ mala$ ahim is tan appak each will invest an equal amount CT 52 58:29f.; 6 MA.NA KÙ. BABBAR  $[\delta i-i]p-ka-at$  PN [6] MA.NA KÙ. BABBAR [ši]-ip-ka-at PN₂ ši-ip-ka-tim mitharu six minas of silver is the investment share of PN, [six] minas of silver is the investment share of PN2, they are equal (partners) in regard to the investment shares UET 5 432:2 ff.

3. cast form: see Malku II 228, in lex. section, and see  $\delta ap\bar{a}ku$  mng. 2d.

Larsen, Iraq 39 137; Landsberger, MSL 1 140 and JNES 8 251.

**šipku A** s.; **1.** accumulation, heap, mound, **2.** cast, casting, formation, **3.** (a type of leather); from OB on; wr. syll. (DUB-ik CT 31 11 i 26); cf. šapāku.

giš.hé =  $\delta i$ -pi-ik(text -Dím)  $\delta a$ -me-e Proto-Kagal Bil. Section E 44; ú-ud [Ul.[G]A =  $\delta am\hat{u}$ 

ši-ip-ku MSL 14 119 No. 7 i 32 f. (Proto-Aa); [ú] [ḤU.SI] = ši-ip-[ku] A II/6 iii 14'.

kuš.ak.a (var. kuš.š[u].ak.a) = šip-k[u](var. -ki) Hh. XI 259, see MSL 9 201; kuš.si.ga = MIN (= ma-šak) šip-ku Hh. XI 283; [x.x].sal = ši-ip-ku Lanu Fragm. A 17.

 $\delta i - ip - ku = ka - a - su$  An VII 127.

 $\delta i \cdot \hat{ip}$ - $ku \parallel a$ -na  $\delta a$ -pa- $ki \parallel nad \hat{u}$  A III/1 Comm. A 12, in MSL 14 323, cf. Comm. B 11; ina ma $\delta ak$  enzi  $\delta ip$ - $ki \parallel \delta ip$ - $ki \parallel tu$ -ub-bu Hunger Uruk 47:13 (med. comm.).

1. accumulation, heap, mound -a) referring to earthen constructions: [tibût all|i u tupšikki ši-pi-ik [eperī ana] epēš dūri corvée with hoes and baskets, heaping up earth to build a (city) wall Labat Suse 6 i 2, also, wr. DUB-ik CT 31 11 i 26 for parallel see šapāku mng. (SB ext.), 1a-2'; ši-pi-ik eperī ana limētišu ana elēnu ašpuk I heaped up an earthen mound around it (the city wall) AKA 146 v 13 (Tigl. I); GN ina ši-pi-ik eperī u šupê akšud I conquered GN by means of an earthen ramp and battering rams Rost Tigl. III p. 58:16, cf. Sumer 9 150:38, OIP 2 63 v 10 (both Senn.), Borger Esarh. 104:37; dūrānišunu dun: nunūti adi ši-pi-ik uššīšunu haşbattiš udaggiq I crushed their heavily fortified walls, even to their foundations, like pots TCL 3 165 (Sar.); [ina ši]-pik eperī u ganāti aksir I dammed up (the Tupliaš river) with a heap of earth and reeds Lie Sar. p. 48:3; aššum . . . butuqti qerbašunu la šubšî ši-pí-ik eperī aštappakšunūtima kārī agurri uštashiršunūti in order that no dike break occur there, I piled up mounds of earth (at the water's edge) and surrounded them with walls of baked brick VAB 4 134 vi 49, cf. (around Babylon) šipí-ik eperī rabiūti aštappakma ibid. 92 ii 10, ina kisurrê Bābili . . . ši-pí-ik eperī aštap: pak ibid. 166 x 63, cf. ibid. 70, 75 (all Nbk.); note referring to mountain ore: ša šadâni šunūti ši-pik eprišunu ablulma ana kīri [...] ušēri[ba...] bušulšunu āmur (see bušlu) Lie Sar. 231.

b) referring to tells, sand dunes: for a distance of 15 days ina ši-pik ba[ṣṣī dan=nūti] ardi I marched through huge sand

šipku A šipku B

dunes Borger Esarh. 112 r. 3; Larsa had become like a ruin başşa u turuba ši-pi-ik eperu rabûti elišu iššapku sand and dust, huge mounds of earth, had accumulated on it VAB 4 236 i 36, cf. başşa ši-pi-ik eperī eli āli u bīti šuāti šapku ibid. 41, ši-pik başşi rabûti elišu iššapku CT 34 28:44 (all Nbn.).

- c) referring to a mountain:  $p\bar{\imath}lu\ dannu\ k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}i-pik\ \check{s}ad\hat{\imath}\ a\check{s}puk\ I$  heaped up large limestone blocks as solidly as the bulk of a mountain Rost Tigl. III p. 74:21;  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}i-pik\ \check{s}ad\hat{\imath}\ u\check{s}ar\check{s}id\ s\bar{e}ru\check{s}\check{s}u\ RA$  10 85:19 (Sar.),  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}i-pi-ik\ \check{s}ad\hat{\imath}\ CT$  37 14 ii 53 (Nbk.);  $temmen\check{s}u\ k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}i-pik\ \check{s}ad\hat{\imath}\ zaqri\ a\check{s}puk\ Winckler\ Sar.\ pl. 48:16; Mount\ GN\ \check{s}a\ \check{s}i-pik-\check{s}u\ NA_4.D\acute{U}R.MI.NA\ whose base consists of breccia TCL 3 280 (Sar.); <math>i\check{s}d\bar{\imath}\ kuss\hat{\imath}\ \check{s}arr\bar{\imath}tika\ k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}i-pik\ \check{s}ad\hat{\imath}\ li\check{s}ar\check{s}idu\ ABL\ 1285:10\ (NA).$
- d) referring to the horizon (as the base of the sky):  $\delta i$ -pik  $\delta am\ell$  Bab. 6 98:6 (astrol. comm.), for other refs. see  $\delta upku$ ; obscure:  $s\bar{e}ssu$   $k\bar{i}ma$   $\delta i$ -pi-ik x [...] ACh Supp. 2 Adad 104:10, see also MSL 14 119 No. 7 i 32f., Proto-Kagal Bil. Section E 44, in lex. section.
- e) other occs. (referring to staples): 13 MA.NA (SfG.DU) ši-ip-ku TLB 1 36:5 (OB); note, replacing šipkātu: in the month Simānu ina ši-pi-ik e-bu-ri ŠE ì.ÁG.E at the storing of the harvest he will repay the barley HSM 7603:11, in G. F. Dole, Partnership Loans in the Old Babylonian Period (Ph.D. diss., Harvard Univ. 1965) p. 115.
- 2. cast, casting, formation a) referring to objects of metal: \$\sin alm\bar{a}nu \cdot \cdot \cdot ana \si-ip-ki utt\bar{e}r\sin unu \cdot \cdot ana \si-ip-ki turru m\bar{a}r\bar{e} \siprija ina \bar{i}n\bar{i}\sunu \bar{i}tamru (your father) handed over (the gold for) the statues for casting (in the presence of my messengers), and my messengers saw with their own eyes that they were handed over for casting EA 27:25f. (let. of Tu\bar{s}ratta); a statue of Sardur \sin ubta\bar{s}u ta\bar{s}u siparru \si-ip-ku its base cast of bronze

(beside šapku, q.v.) TCL 3 400 (Sar.); (concerning the gold work on the temple objects) labīru kî šip-ki gamir the old one is as perfect as if cast (but the new one is thin) ABL 1378 r. 6 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 19; see also An VII, in lex. section.

- b) (in transferred usage) referring to a person: (Tukulti-Ninurta's figure is counted among those of divine nature) ina purussī bēl mātāti ina rāṭ šassūr ilī ši-pi-ik-šú ītešra šûma ṣalam Enlil dārû (see šassūru A) AfO 18 50 "iv" 17 (Tn.-Epic).
- c) other occ.: difficult: 30 MA.NA. TA.ÀM uqnû ši-pik(var. -pi-ik)-ši-na šinnû manê taḥbātušina 6 GUR šamnu şibit kizlallê thirty minas of lapis lazuli each is their š. (that of the horns of the Bull of Heaven), two minas each is their overlay(?), six gur of oil is the capacity of the two Gilg. VI 171.
- 3. (a type of leather): 1 KUŠ ši-ip-ku-[um] ARM 21 302:8; you make a compound ina KUŠ ši-ip-ki teterri baḥrūssu taṣṣanammissu you smear it onto a piece of š.-leather, while it is still hot you repeatedly bandage him Köcher BAM 398 r. 35, also ibid. 92 ii 27, wr. ina KUŠ šip(!)-ki teterri ibid. 473 iii 2, ina KUŠ šip-ki(!) ṣabīti taṣam=mid ibid. 394:29, cf. ina KUŠ ÙZ [šip]-ki qaqqassu IGI-šú ù KA-šú [...] ibid. 523 iii 7, for comm. see Hunger Uruk, in lex. section; see also Hh. XI, in lex. section.

For U.GA MSL 14 119 No. 7 i 32 f. (Proto-Aa), originally designating a food preparation, see Civil, Or. NS 52 240.

šipku B s.; (a general term for cereals and vetches); OB, Mari.

8 Sìla ši-ip-ku 2 Sìla kakkû 2 Sìla ḥallūru napḥar x NINDA 12 Sìla ši-ip-ku naptan šarri (x bread), eight silas of š., two silas of lentils, two silas of chick peas, total: x bread (and) twelve silas of š. for the royal table ARMT 11 141:3 and 7, cf. ARM 9 213 i 13, ii 11, iii 7, 219 iv 6, 221 i 9, šipkūtu šiprētu

ARMT 12 39:5, 40:4, 41:5; X SÎLA *Ši-ip-ku* (beside flour and oil, totaled as NINDA vi 20) ARM 9 214 vi 18, 193 iii 3 and 6, ARM 7 94:5 and 10, X NINDA X alappānu X šiip-ku ARMT 12 1:17, and passim in ARM 9, ARMT 11, and ARMT 12 in summation of foods for the royal table (naptan šarrim), in which šipku summarizes amounts of isququ, sasqu, samidatu, pappasu, arsānu, appānu, hallūru, etc., see Bottéro, ARMT 7 p. 266, Birot, ARMT 9 p. 279 f., Burke, ARMT 11 p. 138f., also ARM 21 153:14 and passim in Nos. 153-188, note x šE ši-ip-ki (beside še ninda and še kaš.sig₅) ARMT 23 463:3; 5 Sìla šikarum 1 Sìla ši-ipku-um ūm PN iptunu five silas of beer, one sila of §. on the day PN had (his) meal JCS 24 48 No. 12:6; 2 SìLA ŠE šiip-ku ibid. No. 11:4 (both from Tell Harmal), cf. Greengus Ishchali 148:6; 2 BÁN arsuppum 6 Sìla še ši-ip-kum Riftin 119:3; uncert.: x GUR ŠE &i-ip-ku &a PN YOS 1443:3; see also šahhû B.

šipkūtu s.; (mng. uncert.); OB*; cf. šapāku.

x (barley?) §U.TI.A PN [§A?] &i-ip-ku-tim §U.TI.A PN₂ [(x)] naptanum &a UD.2. KAM received by PN from the &i, received by PN₂, meal for two days TLB 1 51:2.

šiplû see šaplû.

šippu (šīpu) s.; red spot, (red) decoration (on garments); MB, SB, early NB.

 $\mathfrak{s}u$ -bat  $\mathfrak{s}i$ -ip-pu (var.  $\mathfrak{s}i$ -pi) =  $\mathfrak{s}u$ -ba-tu ba-nu- $\mathfrak{u}$  An VII 138, also Malku VI 38;  $\mathfrak{s}i$ -i-pu = na-a $\mathfrak{h}$ -lap-t $\mathfrak{u}$   $\mathfrak{u}$ -ri Malku VI 127.

a) red spot: if Venus ZAG-šá ši-pa takpat... ši-pa # SA5 & Salbatānu ina imitiša izzazma is spotted with & at its right side, (with explanation) & & & & red, (that means that) Mars stands at its right side ACh I& tar 6:24 ff., cf. [...] SA5 & & takpat... & i-pa # SA5 [...] ina imitti& izzaz[ma] ACh Supp. 2 56 K.2153:11, cf. also if Venus is seen in MN and ZAG-& & & i-pa takpat ACh I& tata 1:52.

b) (red) decoration on garments: 1 Túg ši-pu PBS 2/2 27:11; [i]šhanabe ši-i-pu u $s\bar{u}n\bar{u}$  [...] –  $i\dot{s}\dot{h}anabe$  garments (with) trim and sūnu garments (worth six shekels of white gold) UET 7 28 r. 9, 1 TÚG AN.  $T[A.D]UL \ \tilde{s}i-pu$  one trimmed outer garment Iraq 11 144 No. 4:9, 1 TÚG taktīmu  $la\ ec{s}i$ - $pu\ ext{PBS}\ 2/2\ 121:15;\ 2\ ext{TÚG}\ sar{u}n\ qar{a}ti$  $\delta i$ -[pu] 1 TÚG KI.MIN  $la \delta i$ -[pu] PBS 2/2 127:5f., and passim in PBS 2/2 121, 135, 1 TÚG ša šamê ša kutalli u pani ši-pu ú-ma-mu 1 TÚG KI.MIN *la ši-pu* PBS 2/2 26:3f.; 1  $n\bar{e}behu\ldots \dot{s}i$ -pu BE 14 157:55, and passim qualifying garments in MB, see hullanu, ishe= nabe, sirnah, ziqqu; note 1 hullān ahi paan GIR  $\delta[i-pu]$  PBS 2/2 128:12, also ibid. 135 ii 14, adding ina libbiša 1 ši-pu jānu ibid. ii 26f.;  $\frac{1}{3}$  GÍN SÍG tabarri ana ši-pi ša 5 TÚG.KUR.RA BRM 15:16 (early NB), cf. 12 GÍN SÍG tabarri ana túg pu-qu ša ¹PN adi  $\delta i - pi - \delta u$  ibid. 9, cf. also  $1\frac{1}{2}$  GfN  $\delta i p \bar{a} t$ tabarri 1 ši-pi kak.li PN ibid. 4.

šippu see šibbu B and C and šīpu B.

šipqu see šibqu.

šiprānu see merānu.

šiprētu (šipirēti) s. pl.; chancery, official archive; SB, NB; cf. šapāru.

- a) designating the seal used for official documents: NA₄.KIŠIB šip-re-e-ti šá LUGAL (inser. on an octagonal prism) Delaporte Catalogue Louvre 2 A 709 (= Frankfort Cylinder Seals p. 220 and pl. 36k); ina NA₄. KIŠIB LUGAL ša šip-re-e-ti ša la tamšīl u la paqāri tup-pi barmu the documents are sealed with the royal seal of the chancery, which is unique and allows no contestation VAS 1 37 v 48 (subscript).
- b) designating the sealed document: prebend of an  $\bar{e}rib$   $b\bar{i}ti$  with its perquisites u mimma zitti  $\bar{e}rib$ - $b\bar{i}t\bar{u}tu$  ša  $NA_4$ .KIŠIB ši-pi-re-ti ša PN šá-tar-ru-ma  $PN_2$ ... ana  $PN_3$  iddin u  $NA_4$ .KIŠIB apiltu iknuku and any share of the  $\bar{e}rib$   $b\bar{i}ti$  prebend that was

šipru šipru 1

recorded in the official document (given) to PN, and that PN2 sold to PN3 and for which he made out a sealed receipt JCS 36 54 No. 19:7; later PN₄, a member of PN's family, bought back the prebend  $u PN_3$  $\mathtt{NA_4.KI\check{S}IB}$   $\check{s}a$  ina  $q\bar{a}t$   $\mathtt{PN_2}$  iknuku  $\mathtt{NA_4.KI\check{S}IB}$ *ši-pi-re-ti ša* PN *utêrma ana* PN₄ *iddin* and PN₃ returned to PN₄ (both) the sealed document he (PN₃) had received from PN₂ (and) PN's (original) official document (i.e., the title to the prebend) ibid. 19, dupl. OECT 10 398; NA₄.KIŠIB LUGAL ša šip-re-e-ti Syria 58 179 ii 19 (Marduk-nādin-ahhē), AoF 13 208 r. 8 also, wr. ši-ip-re-e-ti (Adad-apla-iddina), BBSt. No. 28 r. 27 (Nabû-apla-iddina), AnOr 12 306 r. 29 (Šamaš-šum-ukīn), cf.  $gabar\bar{e}$  NA₄.KIŠIB LUGAL. E ša šip-re-e-ti Sumer 38 122 ii 22, also BBSt. No. 25:40 (both Marduk-nādin-ahhē) (all subscripts on kudurrus), also (preceding the curse formulas) ZA 65 54:27 (Marduk-šāpik-zēri), BBSt. No. 36 vi 31 (Nabû-apla-iddina). ZA 62 92:4' (Nabû-mukīn-apli), also [...] [š $\acute{a}$ (?)]  $\acute{s}ip$ -ree-t[i] ZA 78 83 r. 22 (Aššur-nādin-šumi); [IM. DUBl ši-pir-e-tú ša zakûti GN šarru Bēlibni išturma King RN wrote a chancery document decreeing the exemption of GN Iraq 44 72 Binning 1:18, cf. ibid. 35.

c) other occ.:  $m\bar{a}m\bar{i}t^{d}Ab.ta.gi_{4}.gi_{4}$  ša ši-ip-re-e-ti (var. ši-ip-re-te) the "oath" of DN, (goddess) of records(?) Šurpu III 80.

The restricted range of contexts — all but one occ. referring to the royal seal originally impressed on the clay tablet of which the kudurru is a copy — suggests that *šiprētu* has a collective nuance and indicates an agency that produced and housed official copies of administrative records or a collection of such copies.

Brinkman, RA 61 72 f.; Kienast, AOS 67 167 ff.

sipru s.; 1. commission, report, message, 2. messenger, envoy, 3. work to be performed, task, enterprise, activity, 4. finished product, manufactured object, artifact, 5. service, 6. technique, craft, 7. treatment, 8. affliction

(by disease), suffering; from OAkk. on; pl.  $\delta ipr\bar{u}$ , in Mari also  $\delta ipr\bar{a}n\hat{u}$ ; wr. syll. and kin; cf.  $\bar{e}pi\delta$   $\delta ipri$ ,  $m\bar{a}r$   $\delta ipri$ ,  $\delta ap\bar{a}ru$ ,  $\delta ipru$  in  $b\bar{i}t$   $\delta ipri$ .

kin =  $\delta ip$ -rum, [kin.a] k.a = MIN ep- $\delta u$ , [kin. til.l] a =  $\delta U$ -u,  $\delta ip$ -rum gam-ru, [kin.nu.til.la] = MIN la-a MIN, [kin.nu.til.la] = [ $\delta U$ -u (= kinnu-tilu?) Izi H App. 33 ff., in MSL 13 210, also, adding kin.til.la = [MIN] (=  $\delta i$ -ip-ru) qa-tu-u Ai. VII i 18 ff.; ki-in KIN =  $\delta ip$ -ru S^b II 271; kin. gi₄.gi₄ = MIN (= e-pe- $\delta u$ )  $\delta a$   $\delta i$ -ip-ri Nabnitu E 137

kin.PA+AN.na ù igi.za.ba.ra: an  $\dot{s}i$ -pir  $\dot{p}il$ -lu-di-[e] di-li-im-[ma] (see  $dal\bar{a}pu$  A lex. section) RA 17 121 ii 3; ù kin.gi₄.a ba.ab.tùm.mu:  $\dot{u}$   $\dot{s}i$ -[ip-ra] ub-[bal] Ai. VI iii 16f.; kin hu.luh.ha.e.dè:  $\dot{s}ip$ -ri galtu BA 5 639 No. 8:15 f.

mu-kil ši-ip-ri =  $b\bar{i}t$  a-hi Malku VI 129, also An VII 213; ba-an ši-ip-ri = [MIN] (= ne[m-su-u]) An VII 121.

1. commission, report, message: lú. nagar lú kin.gi4. a ab. ša6 (older recension: lú kin ga.ab.sa₁₀.a) di.di: nangāru ša šip-ra(var. -ru) dummuqa igabbû the carpenter who announces the good news (should crush you, stone, like malt) Lugale XII 43 (= 555); Narām-Sin in si-ip-rí dinnin (in broken context) Afo 20 20 HS 1955 r. ii 13 and iii 14 (OAkk.); atkil ana purussē dNannari namri u ši-pir Ištar bēltija ša la innennû I relied on the decision of the bright Moon god and the message of Ištar, my Lady, which cannot be changed Piepkorn Asb. 66 v 79; ši-ip-ra ša agabbûku šuşşir atta pay attention to the charge that I give you Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 88 III i 18 (OB), cf. (in broken context)  $\delta i$ -ip-ru (var. KIN)  $ilq\hat{u}$  ibid. 80 iv 19 (OB), var. from 114 vi 16 (SB); abšānam lībil ši-pí-ir dEnlil let him (man) bear

šipru 2a

the yoke, the task assigned by Enlil ibid. 56 I 196 (OB); if a king ana ši-pir Ea iqul Lambert BWL 112:7; ši-pir tāhazi itbala ana Ea he (Adad) brought the report on the battle to Ea RA 46 34:34, also ibid. 38:29 (OB Epic of Zu), STT 21 iii 86 (SB recension); annêtim PN u ši-ip-ri utêr= šum these (things) PN (said) and I responded with my message ARM 6 44 r. 10'; kî šip-ri ilūtika ša tašpura according to your divine message which you (Marduk) have sent Streck Asb. 282:24; ina šip-rika šūguru lil-lik-ka rēsūtu (Šamaš's) precious message may he (Bunene) come to my aid VAB 4 232 ii 19, also ibid. 260 ii 38 (Nbn.); *ši-pir*(var. -*pìr*)-ka ina dannati áš-te-'-x (between mêka and JNES 33 274:26; ina šutti ši-pir mahhê ištanappara kajāna she (Ištar) kept sending messages by means of dreams and reports of ecstatics Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 ii 16 (Asb.), for other refs. see mahhû usage b; regarding the owl about which you have said šip-ru šû šap-ir "That message was sent (by the gods)" ABL 1278 obv. (?) 2, see Parpola LAS No. 340; I presented to the envoys of Urartu the (captive) Elamite nobles itti le i ši-pir merehtu together with the writing-boards containing the insolent message Streck Asb. 318 0 8, cf. (referring to the same incident) the two Elamite nobles through whom RN išpura *ši-pir mērehti* ibid. 124 vi 51; [amâti a]nnâti rēgāti ša la ši-ip-ru these meaningless words, not (fit to serve? as) a message JCS 1 243:19, cf. amata annî ša la ši-ip-ri KUB 3 47 r. 9 (both letters from Egypt); ul taqâlmi eštu ši-ip-ri annû you should not keep silent concerning this report EA 76:46 (let. of Rib-Addi); uncert.: šumma KI.MIN šip-ru  $DU-\check{s}u$  if ditto (and) a message came to him TCL 69 r. 8 (SB Alu).

2. messenger, envoy — a) in OA: letter of the wabartum of GN ana ší-ip-ri ša  $\bar{A}$  lim u  $k\bar{a}$ rim Kaniš to the envoys of the City (of Assur) and to the  $k\bar{a}$ ru of Kaniš VAT 6209:1, cited HUCA 27 70 note 301, also Jan-

kowska KTK 3:1, 4:1, 6:1, JSOR 11 119 No. 14:1, cf. (letter from) ší-ip-ru ša Ālim u kārum Kaniš TCL 4 40:1, ana kāri[m Kaniš qibīma umma ší-ip-r[u ša Alimma] Jankowska KTK 8:2; let them pay the silver and the interest and ana ší-ip-ri ša Ālim dinama lublunim give (it) to the envoys of the City so that they may bring (it) to me TCL 4 45:16; luqūtum ištu ekallim urdamma ší-ip-ru ša Ālim u līmū annakam ana hubul PN ša ana Aššur habbulu ana bīt kārim the merchandise came down [ipqidu] from the palace and then the envoys of the City and the  $l\bar{\imath}m\bar{u}$  officials (of the  $k\bar{a}ru$ ) handed over to the office of the  $k\bar{a}ru$  the tin for the debt of PN for which he was indebted to Aššur CCT 6 15a r. 13 and parallel OIP 27 57:38, see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 338; inumi abuni ana arnim id= dinūnima ší-ip-ru ša Alim illikūninnima when they imposed a penalty on our father and the envoys of the City came here CCT 4 7c:8; aššumi ši-ip-ri-e ša Alim in accordance with the envoys of the City (clear the affairs of the firm of our prin-TCL 19 80:14; umma ší-ip-ru ša kārim Kaniš u kārum Wahšušana TCL 4 32:1, ef.  $[umma \ \delta i]$ -ip-ru-u'  $[\delta a \ A]lim \ u$  $[k\bar{a}]rum\ Kanišma\dots$  PN u PN $_2$  ši-ip-ru-uni [an] a tahittim šapru BIN 6 120:1 ff., see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 248, cf. also ana kār kārma ú wabarātim u PN šíip-ri-ni (in a letter from the  $k\bar{a}ru$  of Kaniš to the other  $k\bar{a}ru$ 's) Ka 326:5 (courtesy L. Matouš); [a]na kārim Kaniš [qi]bīma umma ší-ip-ru-ku-nu-ma Matouš, JJP 11-12 117 MNK 636:3; PN brought me an abar= nīu cloth išti ší-ip-ri-im ša kārim šē: bilanim send (it) to me with the messenger of the kāru CCT 4 16c:26; as soon as the country is at peace again I will bring along five textiles of royal quality and išti ší-ip-ri ša kārim lērubamma I will enter into audience together with the envoys of the kāru BIN 6 23:18; ší-ip-ru ša kārim Kaniš ina GN işbutuma KTS 7b:2, cf. ibid. 6; x silver and x gold PN u PN2 ší-ip-ru-ni naš['un]ikkum PN and

šipru 2a šipru 2b

PN₂, our messengers, are bringing to you (let. from the  $k\bar{a}ru$  of Kaniš) JSOR 11 115 No. 6:8, cf. u ší-pár-ku-nu išti ší-ip-ri-šu la tuṭaḥḥânim assurri ší-pár-ku-nu išti šíip-ri-šu ē ţa(copy DU)-hi-a-nim-ma şaltum ša ekallim ina kārim ē iššikinma and do not let your messenger interfere with his messenger, on no account let your messenger interfere with his messenger lest a quarrel with the palace arise in the  $k\bar{a}ru$ Jankowska KTK 3 r. 8'ff.; ammak[am š] i-párku-nu ša'i[la] ask your (pl.) messenger there (if I do not take care of your affairs here) (let. to the kāru of Kaniš) Larsen, Matouš Festschrift 2 129 WAG 48-1466:8; šíip-ru-ú ša kārim Turhumit ana rubāim ša Tamnia . . . irbam ubluniššumma umma šūtma ana ší-ip-ri-ma ali ší-ip-ru ša abbēa ša kārim Kaniš the envoys of the kāru of GN brought a present to the prince of GN₂, but he said to the envoys: Where are the envoys of my fathers of the  $k\bar{a}ru$ of Kaniš? Kültepe f/k 183:5ff., see Garelli Les Assyriens 333 f.; umma bēl ālim ší-ip-ru-ú niāūtum ana Haḥḥim illiku adi šina ūmē ší-ip-ru-ú illukunim ul kasapka lege ul amatka nutârakkum thus (said) the lord of the city: Our envoys went to GN, within two days the envoys will come back (and then) either you may take your silver or we will restore your slave girl to you Tum 1 1b:7ff.; the local ruler said kima qātātim ší-ip-ru £.GAL iddinunikka the envoys of the palace have assigned you as guarantor TCL 19 75:12; the City had imposed a payment of ten minas of silver on you (the kāru of Kaniš) ší-ip-ra-am ana šapārim ibīruma nīnu ana šībūtim nusal: līma umma nīnuma ší-ip-ra-am la tašap: parama and they had (already) chosen a messenger to send when we pleaded with the elders, saying: Do not send any messenger TCL 4 1:7 and 11, cf. ana šumi huluqqā'ika ammala têrtika ší-ip-ra-am ebīrunima on account of your losses, according to your information, they have chosen an envoy TCL 20 85:4; ana ší-ipri-im raminī aškunma I commissioned

myself as messenger BIN 4 35:32; ší-ipra-am ana GN nišapparma we will send a messenger to GN (that they should make PN pay the gold) BIN 4 83:48; ašammēma ší-ip-ri ša ašpuranni kaspam ša lagāim ilge I understand that my messenger whom I dispatched has taken the proper amount of silver TCL 14 12:13, cf. kaspam ša šíip-ri ilqeu ibid. 16, cf. (gold and silver) ší-ip-ru na-aš-u-ni CCT 3 18a: 18; 2 (text 4) *ší-ip-re-en addīma aštapar* I assigned two messengers and sent them off TCL 20 129:26; do not retain the pledged votive offering ana ší-ip-ri-im dinma akkārim lublu give (it) to a messenger so that he (text they) may bring it to the  $k\bar{a}ru$  TCL 20 85:24; kaspum išti ší-ip-ri-ku-nu illakam AnOr 6 pl. 3 No. 12:17; note named messengers: x gold ana PN  $\delta i-i[p-ri-im]$ ipqidma ubil he entrusted to PN, the messenger, for transportation Hecker Giessen išti PN u PN₂ ší-ip-ri našpartaknu lillikam let a message come from you with PN and PN₂, the messengers KT Hahn 12:25; note wages: KÙ.BABBAR ½ MA.NA igrī šíip-re-e TCL 4 24:45; 5 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR  $[ig]ri\ \delta i-ip-ri-im\ BIN\ 4\ 83:52;\ 15\ GÍN\ AN.$ NA ana ší-ip-ri-im ša a-Kaniš nišpuru CCT 1 29:2, also ibid. 9; 2 GÍN (KÙ.BABBAR) aší-ip-ri-im ša tašpuranim BIN 4 202:4;  $\frac{2}{3}$ MA.NA AN.NA aššumi PN a-ší-ip-ri-ku-nu ašqul CCT 1 29:33; 12 GÍN (KÙ.BABBAR) ana PN ší-ip-ri-im ašqul BIN 4 225:10.

b) in OAkk., early OB: get me two slaves in idi si-ip-ri šūrianim (and) send (them) to me guided by messengers CT5070:11 (OAkk.let.); awatka dam[iq]t[am] ittišu ši-pi-[ir]-[kà] lib[lam] let your messenger bring your favorable reply with him Tell Asmar 1931-T294:26, ana ši-pi-ir šarrim idīn liškun (the sukkalmaḥhu) should bring pressure to bear on the king's envoy (ši-pi-ir written over a partially erased LÚ.KIN.GI4.A) Tell Asmar 1930-T230:9, wr. PN ši-pir6 bēlija u PN2 mārū ši-ip-ri-a Tell Asmar 1930-T399:10 ff., also ibid. 17, [ši]-ip-ru-ú m[āt]im k[ališ]a

šipru 2 c šipru 3 a

ana [qubūr]im [ša] PN [illaku]nim envoys of the entire country are coming to PN's funeral Tell Asmar 1931-T299:20 (= Whiting Tell Asmar 20, 28 30, and 11).

- c) in OB, Elam, Alalakh: [š]i-ip-ra-am ul aqīmma I did not trust the messenger and (therefore did not send you a gift) Kraus, AbB 5 171:28; PN ši-pir šarri (witness) MDP 23 199:14, also, wr. ši-pi-ir MDP 28 424:14; uncert.: 1 UDU ši-pi-ir ibid. 515:1; 15 PA ZÍZ ana LÚ.MEŠ ši-ip-ri ana PN fifteen parīsu of emmer for the messengers, (given) to PN JCS 8 18 No. 255:4 (OB Alalakh).
- d) in EA: within six months PN LÚ. KIN-ia u PN₂ LÚ. [KIN-šu š] a ahija umaš: šaršunu I will dispatch PN, my envoy, and PN₂, the envoy of my brother EA 20:23f. (let. of Tušratta); anumma uššer PN LÚ. KIN-ri ana mahri šarri bēlija EA 151:45, cf. anumma LÚ. KIN-[i-ia u] ššerti ana [maḥri šarr] i bēlija ibid. 25 (let. of Abimilki), aštappar LÚ. KIN-ia ana šarri bēl[ija] EA 92:16 (let. of Rib-Addi); PN LÚ. KIN-šu ša ahija . . . uktebbi[t] I have given honor to PN, my brother's envoy EA 20:64 (let. of Tušratta).
- e) in NA, NB: Lứ šip-ri ša PN qēpi ša KUR A-ra-mu ana Nippur ittalka the envoy of PN, the qēpu official of GN, left for Nippur ABL 1115:8 (NA); LÚ.KIN māt tam-tim Nbk. 109:4; LÚ šip-ri (as "family name") Nbn. 13:1.
- f) in SB: šar Bābili ši-pi-ir dMarduk ša šillati ikkibšu VAB 4 274 ii 33 (Nbn.); note referring to gods: dMUŠ šip-ru ša dIštarān (in line 19 read mar-ru) MDP 2 pl. 17 iv 23 (MB kudurru); ina baliki . . . ši-pir-ki e'ēlu etla u ardata ul i'il without you(r consent, Ištar) your messenger, the "binder," does not bind man or woman Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 133:103; it-qu d[1]M A.MEŠ it-qi šip-ru šá dUTU u dU+GUR (see itqu mng. 1) BBR No. 24 r. 5.

3. work to be performed, task, enterprise, activity -a) with the object or goal specified - 1' construction work: ki.im. [p]a.da(!).be ak.ka.a.a ba.ad.be ne.er.ga.al.le bi.ib.tu.ul.le : ši-pír BAD epēša etelliš lu aqbi proudly I gave orders to execute the construction of the wall (Sum. difficult) Labat Suse 1:30-33, cf. (workers for) KIN BAD UGU KUN.ZI KA ID  $\hat{I}$ -si-in^{ki} the construction work on the wall above the weir at the mouth of the Isin canal BIN 7 154:7; LÚ.DÍM.MEŠ... šipí-ir bītim u arâtim (barley for) the house builders, (for) the construction work on the house and the granaries Birot Tablettes 22:3; ša ana šip-ri É.HUR.SAG.KUR.KUR. RA É.KUR.MEŠ mātišu [g]ummur libba: *šuma bašâ uznāšu* he who is wholeheartedly devoted to the construction of the (named) temple (and all) the (other) temples of his land 1R 29 i 32 (Šamši-Adad V); I cut down the reeds ana sipri hišihti ekallāti bēlūtija ēpuš and used (them) as materials for the construction of my royal palaces OIP 2 125:48, also 109:86 and 116 viii 62 (Senn.), cf. pīlu peşû ša . . . ana šip-ri ekallija ina erset GN innamru ibid. 126 I 10:2, cf. also ibid. 121 No. 2:9; aššu šip-ri ekallija šutēšuri u lipit qātēja šullume in order to proceed with the construction of my palace and to bring to completion the work I had undertaken ibid. 107 vi 45, also 120:33; the temple of Ninurta in Babylon ša ullānūa šarru mahri ušēpišuma la igmuru ši-pir-šu . . . bīta la gatâ agmur ši-pí-ir-šu which before my time an earlier king had (started to) build but had not completed its construction, I completed the construction of the unfinished building VAB 4 68:23 ff. (Nabopolassar), cf. ultu annâ ēteppušu agmuru šip-ri Streck Asb. 250:12, ši-pir epšētešu agmurma ibid. 90 x 106, ši-pir-šu agmurma AAA 20 p. 81 (pl. 91):28 (Asb.), and see *qatû* v. mng. 4a, šuklulu v. mng. 1a-1'c'; epšama Bābili ša tēriša ši-pir-šu build Babylon, for the construction of which you (pl.) have expressed desire En. el. VI 57; epēšu

māḥāzī ilāni u ištarāti . . . palhiš la abaṭṭil= *šu ušallam ši-pi-ir*₄-*šú* reverently I did not interrupt work on the rebuilding of the cult centers of the gods and goddesses, intent on completing construction on VAB 4 76 iii 4, also ibid. 184 iii 70 (Nbk.), cf. (a propitious answer) ša šalāmu šip-ri-i $\acute{a}$  ibid. 254 i 28 (Nbn.); bīta šâšu eššiš ēpuš ušaklil ši-pí-ir-šu I rebuilt that temple (and) completed its construction ibid. 228 iii 33, also CT 34 29 iii 10, AfO 22 5 iv 44; the temple tower which Ur-Nammu had started to build but did not complete Šulgi mārušu ši-pir-šu ušak: lil VAB 4 250 i 11 and 17 (all Nbn.); šipí-ir bītišu innaddi the work on his house will be abandoned CT 38 28:31 (SB Alu).

2' agricultural work: GUD.HI.A ši-ipra-am tisbutu the oxen are engaged in the (plowing) work Fish Letters 16:13, see Kraus, AbB 10 16:15, cf. alpūšu ši-ip-ra-am eppešu BIN 7 9:10; kîma eqlum šû majāram maḥşu šakku u ši-ip-ra-am [ep]šu considering that that field is plowed, harrowed, and prepared BIN 7 56:9, eqlum mala ši-ipra-am epšu u mê şabû YOS 2 151:8; eq= lam ši-ip-ra-am ippeš RA 69 118 BM 13803:8; eglam [š] uātu ši-ip-ra īpušû did they work that field? Kraus AbB 1 142:6; eqlum šiip-ra-am linnepuš TLB 4 92 r. 1; ši-ip-raam kīma ša bēlī uwa'erušu līpuš ARM 3 43:21, cf. ibid. 12; ina MU.4.KAM eqlam šiip-ra-am ippešma [ana] bilat eglim irrub in the fourth year he will do the work on the field and be liable for rent for the field PBS 8/2 228:15, cf. eqlam ši-ip-ra-am ul ippušma (if) he does not work the field CT 33 36:17; ana eṣēdim u ši-ip-ri-im  $ep[\bar{e}s]im$  for harvesting or working the field Kraus Edikt § 20':14; for other refs. see  $ep\bar{e}su$  mng. 2c (sipru); the agricultural workers ša ana ši-pí-ir libbi eqlim ištu labīrti šarrum iddinu PBS 7 116:19, see Stol, AbB 11 116:6; X A.ŠÀ ši-ip-ru ša PN Gautier Dilbat 48:2; x A.ŠA ši-ip-ra harpam [...] Kraus, AbB 5 198:15 (all OB); see also ši= pirtu A mng. 4a; aššum ana ši-pí-ir kirîm

LÚ.MEŠ kinattē u ṣāb bāb ekallim [ku]mmusim as for gathering the menials and the men of the palace gate for the work in the orchard ARM 6 13:5, cf. x barley ana ši-pi-ir kirîm YOS 2 110:12 (OB).

3' work on canal maintenance: aššum ši-pí-ir errētim . . . kašādumma akšudam concerning the work on the dams I have made much progress ARM 37:5, cf. ana ši-pí-ir ID GN sābam ana PN ēsiķma for the work on the GN canal I have assigned men to PN Kraus AbB 1 109:10, also as=  $\S um \S i - pi - ir$  fd GN ARM 3 3:4, 5:5; eli $ec{s}i$ -ip-ri-ia attaziz u  $ec{s}i$ -ip-ri eli  $m\hat{e}$   $\langle sa 
angle$ ab-ta-ku I have taken charge of my work and I am engaged in my work with the water ARM 37:16f., cf. ši-ip-ra-am ina pī íD  $sabt\bar{a}[n]u$  ibid. 4:6,  $an\bar{a}ku \dot{s}i-pi-ir Hab\bar{u}r$  $sabt\bar{a}ku$  ARM 14 99:16, and see  $sab\bar{a}tu$  mng. 5b; šumma ši-pí-ir at[ap]pim šâti la inneppeš epinnāt ekallim iregga u muškênum iberri if the work on this canal is not done, the plows of the palace will be idle and the populace will go hungry ibid. 14:17; eli šiip-ri-im labīrim adûm ša Takkirim 2 lim sābum gal compared to the work (done) formerly, (even) 2,000 men are too few considering the number of work days required by the Takkiru canal ARM 67:10; ṣābum ēpištum ana ši-[ip-ri-im] ša kun. HI.A ID the working crew for the work on the storage basin of the canal(s) LIH 4:5, cf.  $[ad]i \dots ši-pi-ir fD-im ša ihherû$ la īmurunim mû ana ši-ip-ri-im gamrim la uštardû as long as they have not inspected the work on the canal which has been dug, the water must not flow over the finished work ibid. r. 2'ff., see Frankena, AbB 2 4; šum= ma ina libbi ṣābī annûti nāra šuātu la ušahrû u ina mu.an.na 3 iti la uqattû šipir-šá (I swear that) I had this canal dug with these men and finished work on it in one year and (?) three months OIP 2 81:26 (Senn.).

4' other work: ana iškar PN LÚ.TÚG. DU₈ ana ši-pí-ir hullī u appātim šūbilam send me (wool, alum, etc.) for the work

šipru 3 b

assignment of PN, the textile worker, for the fabrication of hullu fabrics and reins ARM 18 30 : 11:  $\lceil a \check{s} \check{s} u \rceil m \check{s} i - p i - i r kuss \hat{e} m \check{s} a DN$ concerning the fabrication of the throne of Dagan ARMT 13 5:5, assum si-pi-ir GIS e-re-mi ibid. 17:5, aššum ši-pí-ir lamassim ARM 18 3:4; tallow ana ši-pí-ir magarri ARMT 23 62: 2, cf. ARM 24 269: 4; ši-pí-ir ṣērim šâtu ana alāk bēlija ikkassar the manufacture of this snake will be finished before my lord arrives ARMT 13 19:24, cf. ibid. 34; difficult: šêm nikammisma lama kuşşi ištēn ištēnma ši-ip-ra-am nikassar (see kasāru mng. 2c) ibid. 40:40; ši-pí-ir qerēt DN ina qātišu ibaššīma he is in charge of the preparation of the festival of Kitītu IM 67234:9 (courtesy Kh. al-Adhami); ibni apu u qistu ana ši-pir nabnīt[iki] ibni DN DN2 DN3 ana mušaklil ši-pir na[bnītiki] (see nabnītu mng. 4b) RAcc. 46:28f.; uncert.: ši-BIR šá šappi kù. BABBAR  $r\bar{e}hi$  the fabrication of the silver vessel(s) remains (to be done?) UCP 9 83 No. 5:12 (NB); see also mugirru, nubalu A.

b) with the artisan or workman specified: if an architect has built a house ši-pí-ir-šu la udanninma É for a man *īpušu imgutma* but he has not done solid work so that the house he has built collapsed CH § 229:67, cf. (if a boatwright) ši-pí-ir-šu la utakkilma CH § 235:13, šipí-ir-šu la uštesbīma CH § 233:95; let him give six boats of thirty gur capacity each to PN PN₂ si-ip-rí lidannin BIN 8 151:9 (OAkk. let.); oil ana ši-pí-ir PN LÚ.TÚG for the work of PN, the fuller ARM 7 57:2; šumma PN PN₂ ši-pí-ir ašlākūtišu uštad: dīšuma if PN forces PN2 to abandon his work as a fuller CT 48 64 r. 10 (OB let.), ef. ibid. obv. 5, ana ši-pí-ir tupšikkim ul isanniq he (the slave hired for ašlākūtu) does not have to do corvée work ibid. r. 8, see also ašlākūtu; foodstuffs ana ši-píir abarakkātim to be used by the housekeepers ARMT 11 140:4, 187:3, and passim, see aššum ši-pí-ir māri ummêni abarakkatu; ARMT 23 103:11; PN hired him ana šipí-ir erēbim u aṣî VAS 7 144:3; see also samādu; Lú.sipa naptini ana šip-ri-šú la imaggur la illak the shepherd for the banquet refuses to go and do his work ABL 726:8 (NA), see Postgate Taxation 291; 6 SAL. TUR ša la ši-ip-ri six young girls not (trained) for work RA 65 59 ii 8 (Mari), and passim in this text, cf. 4 îr.meš gal ša ši-ip-ri 4 geme. Meš gal ša ši-ip-ri 2 geme.meš tur ša la ši-ip-ri HSS 15 167:1 ff. (= RA 36 140, Nuzi).

c) other occs.: nennemidma ištiat nēpiš ši-ip-ra-am let us join together and perform one feat TIM 9 43:18 (OB Gilg.), see von Soden, ZA 53 216; šip-ru šû la naţu hasāsiš this work (the creation of man) defies understanding En. el. VI 37; difficult: šani  $\delta i - p[i-i]r - \delta a nukkur$  (see  $nak\bar{a}ru$  mng. 7c) VAS 10 214 vi 24 (OB Agušaja); whatever men do does not last [amēl]ūtu u ši-pir ibbanû ištēniš igatt[i] mankind and his achievements all come to an end Lambert BWL 108:10; [ši-i]p-ra taqbianimma ušaklil I have completed the task you (pl.) commissioned me to do Lambert-Millard Atrahasīs 58 I 237 (OB); aššum ši-pi-ir ekallim ina panītim [PN] ši-ip-ra-né-e uštaklilma(?) tēmam gamram . . . ana sēr bēlija išpu[r] concerning the work for the palace, PN had previously completed the various tasks and sent a complete report to my lord ARMT 13 37:7f., [u]  $\S i$ -pi-ir  $ab\bar{u}sim$ [ad]i hamšīšu ši-ip-ra-nu-ú annûtum ina libbi ekallim ibaššû as for the work (done) in the storehouse, there are five times as many different tasks (to be done) in the palace ibid. 40:35f., cf. ibid. 25f.; assu sip-ru šášu ša taqbû epēša Cagni Erra I 131, cf. ibid. 149: ša kīma kâti libbam iraššûma ši-ip-raam rittāšu ikaššada ula ibašši there is no one like you who has the heart (to conceive) and whose hands can accomplish (this) work Iraq 25 184:30 (OB lit.), cf. šar Akkade kin-šú ul ikaššad the king of Akkad will not reach his objective CT 13 50 K.7861:13, see Biggs, Iraq 29 120 (SB prophecies), also ZA 52 244:45, cf. 30 MU.MEŠ mātu šuātu

šipru 3 c šipru 3 c

KIN- $\delta u$  ul ika $\delta \delta ad$  K.9570 r. 2 (SB astrol.); gumāhu tanakkisma mašku u šer'ānu ana šip-ri šâšu [teleqqe] you slaughter the gumāhu bull and take (its) hide and tendons for this task KAR 50 r. 10, see RAcc. 24;  $an[a \ \delta]i-ip-ri-im \ l[a \ t]eggi$  do not be negligent about the work Kienast Kisurra 152:23'; ši-pí-ir warah ina UD.5.KAM-mi lu gamir the work of one month must be finished in five days (referring to construction of a building) ibid. 154:23; arhis ši-pí-ir-ku-ú-nu gumrama ibid. 16; *ina* ši-ip-ri-ka  $umm \hat{a} num$ ú-ul-li-ba-aš-ši there is no skilled workman at your job Stol. AbB 9 255:4: the workers ul ša širhān ši-ip-ri-ia (see  $šerh\bar{a}nu$ ) ARM 3 1:15; ši-ip-ri-iaip-ru-um eli tašimtika the work exceeds your estimate BIN 7 15:4; [š] arrum šiip-ra-am immar the king will inspect the work ibid. 11: PN ina ERÍN.HI.A adîm ša ūmišam ši-pí-ir-šu innammaru PN belongs to a team of special workers whose work is to be inspected every day 54:17; the king must not think PN . . . ana ši-ip-ri-im ul illik bēlī lišpuramma warkat ši-ip-ri-im ša sabtāku liprusu "PN did not go to (do) the work," let my lord give orders that they check the work I undertook ARM 3 1:27 ff., cf. ši-ip-ru-um šû ša eppešu ul īş ši-ip-[ru-um] mādumma ibašši this job I have to do is not a small one, it is a big job ibid. 8ff., ši-ip-rum ša sabtāku mādiš dān ibid. 5:31; ištu šiip-ra-am PN imhuru after PN has received (the commission for) the job ARM 1867:11, also 68:11; adi amšali ši-ip-ru-um ul illapit the work could not be started until yesterday YOS 2 97:13; PN has borrowed two gur of barley from PN₂ ši-ip-ra Nfg.2.GUR še libbi PN2 utab he will do work corresponding to the two gur of barley to satisfy his obligation to PN2 Kienast Kisurra 62:6; ši-ip-ru-um eli pana imtaraș(a) the work has become increasingly difficult TIM 2 104:4, cf. šip-ru marşu taštanap= parani you (gods) keep assigning me a difficult task Borger Esarh. 82 r. 14, cf. ši-pir tēdišti ibid. 15; you, Nabû, are able eli

mudê šakānu [šip]-ra ašļu STT 71:25; šipí-ir-ka nadi your work has come to a standstill BIN 7 24:10, 33:15; ana ši-ipri-im šuāti gātam ušaškinma Kraus AbB 1 109:25; uncert.: x ERÍN.ÍL KIN PN UGULA PN₂ KIŠIB PN₃ BIN 7 114:2, cf. ibid. 115:2, 117:2 (tags); aššum ugula kin u sābim  $t[ar]\bar{a}dim$  ABIM 5:5, cf.  $qadum \ s\bar{a}bim \ u$ UGULA KIN ana GN asanniq ibid. 8; as this unraveled matting ana ši-pir sibûti la illaku will not serve for the work intended Šurpu V-VI 86, also ibid. 106; ut-tu-[qu(?)]su-ub-bu-tum lib-bu-ú sip-ri qabi [...] uttu[qu(?)] is subbutum, it is said on account of work AfO 24 83:6 (comm. to Labat TDP); tuštamatti ši-pir-ka-ma (see matû v. mng. 8) Lambert BWL 99:22f. (Counsels of Wisdom), ef. kīma la bābil *šip-ri* (in broken context) ibid. 210:5; sinnišāti ša ina šip-ri-ši-na tašīmta ahzu women expert in their work KAR 321:6 (SB lit.), and see sinništu mng. 2a-2'; iti.kin mul.pan dInnin NIM.MAki.kex(KID): ITI.KIN <MUL.PAN> ši-pír dIštar elamâti the month Ulūlu is (the month) of the Bow Star, (Akk. adds: the activity) of the Elamite Ištar (translation of the Sum. month name KIN. INNIN) KAV 218 A ii 16 and 19 (Astrolabe B), cf. ina ITI.KIN ši-pir ištarāti Streck Asb. 26 iii 32, also Piepkorn Asb. 66 v 77, YOS 1 45 i 8 (Nbn.); the chamber mourns, the inner recess of the house [ša i]na libbišu nīteppušu ši-pir kallūti wherein we used to engage in the play of love MIO 12 54 r. 13 (MB elegy), also ši-pir tartāmi ibid. r. 15; mannu. . . mimma ši-pir nikilti ana GN u ilāni āšib libbišu ip: pus whosoever does anything deceitful against GN and the gods who dwell in it Iraq 44 74 No. 1:24 (NB), for other refs. see nikiltu mng. 2b, and note the scribal error:  $ina\ mimma\ \check{s}i$ -pir- $\ll ti$ » ni-ki[l-ti] Knudtzon Gebete 1:10; ša...ina mimma ši-pir lemut= ti narâ šuātu uḥallaqu BBSt. No. 36 vi 42, also [... ina] ši-pir HUL-tim Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 537:9, cf. (obscure)  $l\bar{a}m$ utammūki ši-pir HUL-tim 4R 58 i 12 and dupls. (SB Lamaštu); ši-ip-ra lemna ana nišī

*īpuš* (Enlil) did an evil deed to the people Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 86 II viii 35 (OB); (Nabonidus) mušallim kal šip-ri brings to fruition everything he undertakes VAB 4 252 i 8 (Nbn.); (Marduk) ina mimma ēteppušu ušallim ši-ip-ra-am granted success to my efforts in all that I undertook ibid. 68:14 (Nabopolassar); the great gods [u]šallamu ši-ip-ri ibid. 150 iii 9 (Nbk.); ša ultu ūmi pani ultu ullānūa šākin tēmi gīpi b[Ad.si.ab.ba] la īpušu šip-ri šuāti jāši PN . . . šip-ri šāši ugajannimi ušadgil panīja šip-ri šâši ušarrīmi epēšu agbi what no governor or official of Borsippa from time immemorial from before my era had done, that task he (Nabû), trusting in me, PN, entrusted to me, I undertook that task and commanded that it be done JAOS 88 126 ib 10 and 14 f.; šalāmu ši-pir u šitūlti ša ummān ša šar mātāte bēlija uşalla (see šitūltu) ABL 1387:10 (NB), note the locative in -ussu: šip-ru-us-su (var. šip-ri-us-x) našāt gantuppā ēpišat nikkassī (Nanše) who carries the stylus for(?) her work, who does the accounting Or. NS 36 118:42 (SB hymn to Gula).

with  $ep\bar{e}su$  to execute a task, to perform a job: ud.10.kam ši-ip-rum epē: šum q[ab] išum (the reed worker) has been ordered to work for ten days (on a door) TLB 4 34:40; sēkirī ša ana ši-ip-ri-im epēšim eshunikkum mimma š[i-i]p-ra-am la tušep= pessunūti you must not have the dike workers who are assigned to you to do the work perform any (other) work LIH 77:5ff., see Kraus, AbB 5 136;  $\delta i$ -[pi]-ir- $\delta u(!)$ -nu lišēpišu (PN and PN₂) should have them (the workmen) perform their tasks Kienast Kisurra 155:25; ana epēš ši-ip-ri*šu-nu ahšunu la inaddû* they (the artisans) must not be negligent in doing their job ARM 18 17:14, cf. ana  $\delta i$ -ip-ra-ne-e  $\delta a$ ekallika šūpušim ahka la tanaddi ibid. 24; if the  $z\bar{a}riqu$  officials  $\delta i-ip-\lceil ra \rceil$  and  $ep\bar{a}\delta e$ <were ordered> to carry out a task AfO 17 288:111 (MA harem edicts); goat hair given to two persons ši-ip-ra-a eppus:

sunūti.MEŠ they will do work with it (and deliver it) HSS 15 219:13; ana epēš šip-ri šuātu rabîš amtallikma I gave much thought to the execution of that task OIP 2 109 vii 4, 122 No. 2:25 (Senn.), epēš šip-ri šuātu kî tēm ilī ina uznija ibšīma kabattī ublamma I had constantly in mind and endeavored to accomplish this task according to the will of the gods OIP 2 95:70, 104 v 50 (Senn.), cf. Borger Esarh. 19 Ep. 16:8.

4. finished product, manufactured object, artifact - a) referring to construction: [enū]ma ši-ip-ru šû ušalb[aruma] en= n[a]hu when that structure becomes old and dilapidated AOB 1 136 r. 16 (Shalm. I), cf. rubû arkû ša ina ūmē palīšu ši-pir šuātu innahuma Borger Esarh. 75:36, also Streck Asb. 242:51, 246:78; ana udduš šip-ri ekurri šuk= lul kidudê to restore the structure of the temple, to complete(ly revive) the rites Winckler Sammlung 2 1:13 (Sar.); see also nakālu mng. 3; ši-pir šuātu hadîš lippa: lisma may (Ištar) joyfully look upon this structure Borger Esarh. 75:34, also Streck Asb. 246:67, YOS 1 38 ii 7, ši-pir šāšu DN hadīš ina naplusiša Borger Esarh. 77:18, JCS 17 130:17, ši-pir epšētija damgāti . . . dMar= duk u dZērbānītu . . . hadîš lippalsuma may Marduk and Zērbānītu regard favorably the construction effected by my pious works AfO 24 118 Ep. 39c: 47 (Esarh.), cf. šipir epšēteka dangāte [ina] muḥḥi ilāni . . . [lut]ibbu ABL 603:7 (NA); bītu šuāti ana mūšab Šamaš . . . u Aja . . . [ta]llaktušu īṣatma [su]hhuru ši-pi-ir-šu the approach to this building was too narrow and its structure too small for it to (serve as) DN's and DN2's dwelling place VAB 4 236 i 53 (Nbn.); I strove itti šip-ri-im-ma šuāti ana epēš bīt akīti to build the New Year's Chapel along with that construction (the shrines of Aššur and the great gods) OIP 2 137:28 (Senn.), mušaršid ši-pir dSIG4 ultu ši-pir baltūti adi kimāhi simat mētūtu ina pīli aban šadî who firmly founded in mountain limestone the brickwork, from

šipru 4b

structures for the living to tombs befitting the dead ibid. 136:17f.; ištu... ibnû ikkibi šip-ri la mēsū after he had built what was abominable (to the gods), a structure not (sanctioned) by rites BHT pl. 7 ii 17 (Nbn. Verse Account).

b) referring to a finished product, artifact: let the bronze axes, chisels, and shovels reach me urram ši-ip-rum šû likšudam let that finished work reach me tomorrow ARMT 13 54:15; the silversmith has received gold and silver, but the two breastplates have not (yet) been made, please ši-ip-ra-am šâ[t]u arhiš  $\check{subilam}$  . . .  $[\check{s}]umma$   $\check{si}$ -ip-ra-am  $\check{sa}[tu]$ arhiš ul ikšuda[m] mimma ši-[i]p-rum šû ul ši-[i]p-rum send that piece of work quickly, if he does not expedite(?) that work, that piece of work is (as good as) none ARM 10 109:17 ff., cf. [ša iš]t[u] Kaniš  $Ha[r]saman \hat{a} [u H]attuša ipša ši-ip-ra$ nukra ubbalunim (see nukru) RHA 35 71:9 (let. from Carchemish);  $n\bar{\imath}b$  kaspim ša šiip-ri-im gamrim ša ina salmim raksu the amount of silver for the complete work, which was inlaid(?) in the statue ARM 1 74:26, and passim in this text; gold ša ana ši-ip-ra-ni šu.ti.a dumu.meš ummêni for various artifacts, received by the artisans ARM 74 r. 13', cf. (gold) ana ši-ipri-im ŠU.TI.A PN Riftin 50:14 (OB): x minas of wool, worth x shekels of silver ša ana šiip-ri-im [mala] ublam harşuğum which was deducted for him for the finished work he brought UET 5 450:4 (OB); gold ša ana ši-ip-ri la epšu which was not used for a finished product EA 19:59 and 66, ša ši-ip-ra la epšu ibid. 42, EA 29:137, 138, 163, ša kin la epša EA 20:71, cf. u šumma appūna ana ši-ip-ri-im-ma epšet and if (the gold) is used for a finished product (I will be very happy about that too) EA 19:51, cf. ibid. 50 (all letters of Tušratta); 3 MA.NA UD.KA.BAR KIN  $ar{\imath} pu ar{s} u$  HSS 15 144 : 11 (Nuzi); gold ša ana ši-ip-ri la patqu Borger Esarh. 88 r. 15; šip-ru šâtu (referring to a silver vessel) Winckler Sammlung 2 1:42

(Sar.); ša . . . ihzēšu ana šip-ri šanîmma eppušu he who uses its mountings for another object Streck Asb. 292 r. 16; abnē nasqūti . . . nabnīt huršāni ša dEa ana šipir bēlūti šīmat melammī . . . išīmšunūti precious stones, products of the mountains, for which Ea had determined the glorious fate of being used for lordly object(s) Borger Esarh. 83 r. 31; 120,000 talents of [. . .] [ša] nappāhu ši-pir ekurri ina libbi ippušu from which the smith will make a piece for the temple AnSt 7 130:27 (let. of Gilg.); unūt ši-pir mātišunu objects manufactured in their land OIP 2 138:43 (Senn.); nahlaptu cloaks kin si bar PBS 2/2 135 ii 7, also ii 19, cf. KIN GIŠ.BÚR ibid. 21f., 25, KIN ME-x-[...] TuM NF 5 43:5 (MB), see Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden p. 96; kin. šè na.an.ak.a.en tur.tur.bi til.la.ab: a-na šip-ri i tennepuš ina suhhuri nagmir may you (stone) be used for a piece of work, be used up by being broken to pieces Lugale XI 23 (= 485); e.ne.šè ba. an.gi.mu.un kin.zu.e.ne.ne: inan: na ana ud-du-uš šip-ri-ku-nu now, in order to renovate the work for you (gods) (referring to the kettle drum) Bagh. Mitt. Beiheft 2 No. 6:11f., see Or. NS 47 432f., cf. mu.lu kin.kin.zu kì.kì.bi.šè: ana šip-ri ep-še-ti-ku-nu ibid. 31 f. (NB rit.); you are the gumāhu bull, the creation of the great gods dím.me.bi kin.ma dingir. ga[l].gal.e.n[e]: tabbanīma ana š[i-pir il āni rabûti you were created to be used for an artifact for the great gods KAR 50:3f., see RAcc. p. 22; enūma ši-pir ina bīt mummu šurrî (subscript) UVB 15 37 r. 4, cf. (in broken context) ana ši-pir ilūti ibid. r. 3.

c) referring to a literary composition: aḥrātaš šip-ru šuātu Nabû ḥadîš naplisma in the future, O Nabû, look in a friendly manner on this work Hunger Kolophone No. 338:14, cf. ibid. 339:3, ēma šip-ru šuātu bītukka šaknuma kunnu maḥarka wherever this work is placed in your temple

šipru 4d šipru 6a

and set up in front of you ibid. No. 338:18, see Borger, RA 64 188.

- šipir gātē, šipir idī: DN u DN, šipir gātēšu hadîš limhuruma limguru sup: pēšu may Sin and Nergal accept his handiwork with pleasure and grant his prayers Streck Asb. 292 r. 13, also K.9143 r. 1a, cited Bauer Asb. 2 38 note 2; I made clay molds (and) poured bronze therein išira šip-ru gātēja and what I did was successful OIP 2 133:80 (Senn.); now I know kî nēmeqi ša DN u DN₂ u ši-pir gātē ša urdišu išal= limuni that the wisdom of Ea and Asalluhi and the activity of his servant will succeed ABL 9 r. 15, see Parpola LAS No. 126; the outlet of the canal did not open ina ši-pir qāt amēlūti as a result of human activity OIP 2 81:31 (Senn.); see also idu A mng. 1b-2'.
- 5. service -a) royal service (MA, RS): 1 urah ūmāte ši-par šarri eppaš he will do labor for the king for a full month (as penalty) KAV 2 iv 19 (Ass. Code B § 8) and passim in MA laws; (a woman whose husband has been taken prisoner and is without support) [šumma] [a]-la-i-tu ša ekalli šīt  $[ha-zi]-a\check{s}-\check{s}a\ u\check{s}akkal\check{s}i\ [u\ \check{s}i-pa]-ar-\check{s}u\ tep=$ pas if she is a citizen, she belongs to the palace, her (town's) mayor will support her and she will do service for him KAV 1 vi 54 (Ass. Code § 45); ana ekalli u ana UGULA ekalli ši-ip-ra [mi]mma la eppušu hey do not have to do any service for the palace or the overseer of the palace MRS 6 166 RS 16.386 r. 8', cf. [\$] i-ip-ra ana e[kalli] mimmušu l[a eppušu] ibid. 165 RS 16.384:14;  $ina \delta[i-ip-ri] \delta arri[...laill] aku$ ibid. 113 RS 15.114:16, ištu KIN-ri ekallim kīma dutu za-ka bēlu zaki as the sun is clear, the owner (of the property) is cleared from service to the palace ibid. 68 RS 16.269:15;  $\hat{u}$  x x  $\delta i$ -ip-ra-[x]  $\delta arru$   $b\bar{e}l\delta u$ uzakk[īšu] MRS 12 32 r. 5'; ana K[IN ekalli] ul i[llak] MRS 6 163 RS 16.348:13; ina ši*ip-ri e*[*kalli* . . .] ibid. 150 RS 16.188 r. 4'.
- b) other service (Nuzi): šumma [ana] 1 ūmi ina ši-ip-ri ša PN apaţţur 1 MA.NA URUDU ana[ndin] u inanna ištu MN ina šiip-ri arêq if I leave PN's service for a single day (it was agreed that) I am to give one mina of copper, and now I have been absent from service since MN JEN 387:12ff., also (recording that earlier agreement) JEN 293:11, cf. šumma PN ana 1 ūmi ina šiip-ri ša PN₂ irīq JEN 607:12; šumma PN  $\delta i - pi - ir - \delta u [\delta a] PN_2 \overline{i}zibma JEN 308: 16, wr.$ KIN-Šu HSS 5 40:15, Šumma la [inandinu] amēlū annûtu kin ippušu if they do not deliver, these people will perform service HSS 16 231:13, cf. ši-pí-ir-šu-nu ippušu HSS 5 105:17, KIN.MEŠ-šu-nu u ša PN aš-la-ašgi-im MA.AN.Dù they will perform their service, especially that of PN the fuller HSS 9 13:17: uncert.: ammīni KIN.MEŠ-ia tahrumma teppušmi why did you perform my service hastily? HSS 94:16.
- 6. technique, craft a) referring to divine patrons of a craft: crescent of the moon kin dkù.gi.bàn.da dím.e. da. ke_x: ina ši-pir dšu-ma e-pu-uš manufactured according to the technique of DN 4R 25 ii 62f.; a statue representing me as king ina ši-pir dnin. A. Gal dkù. Gi. Bàn. [DA] dNIN.KUR.RA nakliš ušēpiš Thompson Esarh. pl. 16 iii 51 (Asb.), cf. Borger Esarh. 95 r. 12, also (a golden statue) ina nēmegi ša dEa ina ši-pir dnin.igi.nagar.gfd dku. dNIN.KUR.RA dNIN.ZADIM GI.BÀN.DA BBSt. No. 36 iv 15, in ši-pir dKU.GI.BAN.DA u d_{NIN.ZADIM} VAB 4 270 ii 38 (Nbn.); lion colossi ša ina ši-pir dnin. A. Gal ippat:  $q\bar{u}ma$  which were cast according to the technique of DN Winckler Sar. pl. 39:111, and passim; abul siparri . . . [ina] ši-pir ^dSIMUG(DÉ) ina niklat ramanija ušēpiš I had a gate of bronze made with my own ingenuity according to the technique of the Smith god OIP 2 140:5 (Senn.); upon your (the gods') command mimma liptāt qātēšun li-šam-si-ku [ina] ši-pir dnin.ši. (difficult, see liptu A mng. 1a-2') Borger Esarh. 82 r. 20; (the kettle drum) ša

šipru 6b šipru 7

ina ši-pir dši-ka-gu erim[šu...] (see lilissu usage a) OIP 2 149:10 (Senn.); ina ši-pir dsiG4 šitimgallē u UM.ME.A mudē šipri ina libitti elleti rēšēšu ullīmi ušaklil ši-pi-ir-šu with the craft of the brick-god, the chief builder, and the craftsmen experienced in (this) craft he built it up to the top with pure bricks and completed its construction YOS 1 38 ii 1 (Sar.), cf. (I rebuilt Eanna) ina ši-pir dsiG4 Borger Esarh. 75:33, also JCS 17 130:16 (Esarh.), OIP 2 146:28 (Senn.), ina ši-ip-ri dsiG4 VAB 4 220 i 53, 258 ii 10 (Nbn.).

referring to specialized crafts: URUDU.SIG7.KÍD.ALAN kù.zu kin.gal mah.[...]: gurgurru enqu mudē šip-ri ra[bî ...] (see gurgurru A mng. 1g-2') CT 16 38 iii 9 ff. and dupl. BIN 2 22:148 f. (SB rit.), ef. ummânu mudē šip-ri AfO 22 5 iv 33 (Nbn.), Lie Sar. 372; I had the chariot adorned with precious stones kin nam. NUN.ME.TAG. ni.ir: ina ši-pir DUMU. MEŠ ummāni 4R 12:27 f. (MB royal); two fierce abūbu monsters ina ši-pir ummā: nūte nakliš ušēpiš I had artistically made with skillful craftsmanship Borger Esarh. 88 r. 6, cf. ina ši-pir ummânūti la ippatigma ibid. 85 r. 51, also a-šar ši-ip-ri um-ma-\(\alpha i\) (in broken context) Lambert BWL 160:6; [1 . . .] ša ši-pár kā $\dot{s}$ iri [one . . .] done in the technique of the  $k\bar{a}$ siru AfO 18 306 iii 27 (MA inv.), cf. 1 mardutu . . . ša šipár išpari ibid. 33; I had my palace built ina ši-pir šitimgallē engūti with the skill of clever architects OIP 2 129:57 (Senn.); nisiq tupšarrūti ša ina šarrāni ālik mahrija mamma šip-ru šuātu la īhuzu the highest level of the scribal art, a skill which none among the kings preceding me had learned Hunger Kolophone No. 319:5, also Nos. 329:3 and 338:6 (Asb.); barûtu ši-pir la in= nennû umallû qātūa (the gods) entrusted to me the never failing craft of divination Streck Asb. 254 i 9, coll. Bauer Asb. 2 84 n. 3; ina ši-pir išippūti nēmeq kakugallūti . . . uššīšu addi I laid its foundation according to (observance of) the art of the išippu, the wisdom of the exorcist OIP 2 137:30 (Senn.), cf. (in similar context) ina ši-pir kakugallūti Böhl Chrestomathy No. 25:29, for other refs. see išippūtu, kakugallūtu, for other crafts see itinnūtu, purkullūtu, urrakūtu.

c) other occs.: šumma mār ummânim şihram ana tarbītim ilgēma ši-pí-ir gātišu uštāhissu if a craftsman takes in a child as a rearling and teaches him his handicraft CH § 188:57, cf. šumma ši-pí-ir qā= tišu la uštāhissu CH § 189:60; the prince hasīs kal šip-ri (var. ši-pir) experienced in every skill Borger Esarh. 74:24, also JCS 17 130:12 (Esarh.), AnOr 12 303 i 9 (Šamaššum-ukīn),  $mud\bar{u}$  kal šip-ri VAS 1 37 ii 49 (Merodachbaladan II kudurru), mudē šip-ri ka= lama OIP 2 109 vi 90, also ibid. 122:21 (Senn.); itti den.ki-ma ibašši ši-ip-ru the skill (to create things) lies with Ea Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 56 I 201, cf. ši-pí-ir-šu ibašši  $it[ti \ ^{d}Enlil(?)]$  its  $\check{s}$  is with DN ibid. 84 II vii 47, Ea idēma kala šip-[ri] Ea alone understands all tasks Gilg. XI 176; ap= kallam ši-pí-ir Ea qardu the skilled expert, the hero Ea BIN 2 72:13 (OB Lamaštu), see von Soden, Or. NS 23 338; kin.  $gal.k\grave{u}.^{d}En.ki.ke_{x}\ a.r\acute{a}.\check{s}\grave{e}\ in.gar.$ ra: šip-ru rabû kừ ša dEa ana țēm iškunu (see  $\delta ak\bar{a}nu$  mng. 5a ( $t\bar{e}mu$  c)) 5R 51 iii 28f. (bīt rimki), see Borger, JCS 21 11:18a; kin. (var. kin.[búr].re.ta) búr.ru.da sikil.la šu.ni.ta gál.la: ši-pir piš[ir-ti] (var. ši-pir, piš-ra-ti) elleti ša ina  $q[\bar{a}ti\check{s}u]$  the art of holy absolution which is in his hand (vars. from Bogh. text) ZA 61 14:12; ši-pir apkalli Adapa Streck Asb. 254 i 13, see Bauer Asb. 2 84 n. 3, see also apkallu mng. 3a; in my dream Nabû ši-pir ilūtišu ušuzma ištanassā maltaru exercizing his divine skills was reading the inscription (on the postament of a statue of Sin) Streck Asb. 32 note (i); obscure: ši-pir GI. TAG.GA mala dEa ibšimu . . . . as much as Ea has created KAR 44 r. 5.

7. treatment: Šamaš ina qibika šipir anna ana PN Dù-uš at your command šiprūtu 8 šiprūtu

I apply this treatment to PN RA 65 159:2, cf. STT 57:40 and dupl. 58:15, cf. ana mêli u šip-ri murși annî damiq Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 60:54; ši-pir šimmat rimūti u SA. GAL (see sagallu) KAR 44 r. 9; u luman dutu u dim liqbi u ši-ip-ru ša ippušu ana aḥāti ša šeš-ia ittenpuš if the Sun god or the Storm god so decree, the treatment one can perform can be administered to my brother's sister Edel Ägyptische Ärzte 69 r. 7 (let. from Egypt).

affliction (by disease), suffering: šiptu annītu ana kin gāt ețemmi kalašu you recite this incantation against any affliction of "hand of a ghost" Köcher BAM 216:7; ana KIN qāt eţemmi lazzi ana nasāhišu AMT 95,1:4, also 99,3 r. 11 and dupl. Köcher BAM 9:55, cf. KIN mišitti AMT 77,1:1, cf. AMT 76,3:2, 77,5:4, Wr. ši-BIR AMT 82,2:7 and Köcher BAM 138 ii 1, for other refs. see mišittu A, also kin na-pár-di ša gaba.ri AMT 60,3 ii 11; KIN BI ul itehhīšu that affliction will not come near to him AMT 86,1 iv 4; NA BI KIN-šú ilabbirma AMT 14,1:5 (= Köcher BAM 515 i 54), for other refs. see labāru v. enūma ší-pi-ir-šu isabbatušu mng. 1d; when his affliction strikes him ZA 45 208 v 22 (Bogh. rit.); ašar ši-pí-ir-šu ušarru at the place where his affliction starts (you recite the incantation) ibid. v 25; (you + repeat the incantation again and again and) ši-pí-ir-šu išallim his affliction will come to an end ibid. v 29.

The range of meanings of *šipru* parallels that of *dullu*, including the specialized meanings "treatment" (mng. 7) and "suffering" (mng. 8). The reading of the Sumerogram KIN, "volume," in mathematical texts is unknown. For *šipir irti* see *irtu* mng. 1a-3′b′. For the pl. *šiprātu* see *šiz pirtu* mng. 4.

In VAB 4 62 ii 14 (Nabopolassar) read ina  $m\bar{e}re\check{s}u$   $\check{s}a$  Ea, see  $m\bar{e}re\check{s}u$  B.

Ad mng. 2a: Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 170. Ad mng. 3a-2': Landsberger, MSL 1 160 f.

šipru in bīt šipri s.; workshop; OB, MB; wr. syll. and é kin; cf. šapāru.

a) in OB: PN ša £ ši-ip-ri-im kīam ulam= midanni umma šûma PN2 ugula nam.10 u PN₃ ahušu awīlū ša £ ši-ip-ri-i[m] ša qātija PN4 UGULA MAR.TU u PN5 isbatu: šunūtima ana šiprim ša nārim . . . uţţeḥ: hišunūti PN of the workshop informed me as follows: PN4, the general, and PN5 seized PN₂, the foreman of a squad of ten, and PN₃, his brother, (both) men of the workshop under my jurisdiction, and put them to work at the canal BM 93761:5 and 10, also ibid. 23 and OECT 3 15:5; ina ŠU.HA ša GN(?) ša É ši-ip-ri-im PN ŠU. HA PN₂ ana šu.на ša É ši-ip-ri-im ušaš= teršu ištu ūmim ša PN2 ana šu. HA ša É ši-ip-r[i-i]m ušašterušu UD.1.KAM ilik É ši-ip-ri-im ul illik halāqumma haliq from the (position of) fisherman of GN(?) of the workshop, PN2 had the fisherman PN assigned as fisherman to the workshop, since the day that PN2 had him assigned as fisherman to the workshop he has not performed the services due (as a member) of the workshop for a single day, he has completely disappeared BM 93752:4ff., also ŠU.HA šuāti... ana É ši-ip-ri-im linnadin ibid. 25; PN ša É ši-ip-ri-im kīam igbiam PN of the workshop spoke to me as follows BM 93783:5 (all unpub. letters, courtesy W. van Soldt).

b) in MB: (jewelry) NA₄.TUR.MEŠ É KIN PBS 2/2 129:14 f., also (in similar context) É  $\acute{sip}$ -ri PBS 2/2 120:36, 56-59.

šiprūtu s.; 1. pledge, 2. (as collective) messengers; OA, OB; cf. šapāru.

[kù.pad.d]u.ni ki.lá.nu.tag.ga [igi b]i. íb.kin [in.n]a.an.tak₄.a: *šibirtašu la šaqilta ša ana šip-ru-ti izibu* his unweighed block (of silver) which he left as a pledge Ai. II iv 37', cf. ibid. 52'.

1. pledge (OB): 1 sag.ìr PN MU.NI. IM ana ši-ip-ru-ti-im ēzib he left one slave, named PN, as pledge Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 21:11; aššum agasalakkim UD.KA. BAR u šibirti UD.KA.BAR ša ana ši-ip-ru-

*šipsatu *šipšatu

tim ezbunikkim as for the bronze axe and the block of bronze, which were left with you (fem.) as a pledge CT 4 26a:7; of the 9½ shekels of silver which you loaned to PN, I received from him seven shekels of silver ana šapiltim [š] amšam ša hurāṣim ana ši-ip-ru-ti-im ušēzibšu (see šapiltu A mng. 3b) TIM 2 81 r. 8.

2. (as collective) messengers (OA): PN  $[\hat{u} \text{ PN}_2(?)]$   $k\bar{i}ma$  ší-ip-ru-tim and [...]- $\acute{u}$ u țuppam ša  $k\bar{a}rim$   $Kani[š akk]\bar{a}r\bar{e}$  uu ba rātim u a-[l]e-e wašbuni naš'u PN [and  $PN_2$ ] have been [...] to [...] as messengers and they have with them a letter of the  $k\bar{a}ru$  of Kaniš addressed to all the kāru's and trading stations, and wherever he might be staying CCT 6 14:20 (coll.); PN received tin and textiles in GN ana šíip-ru-tim ana GN₂ illak VAT 9271:6; they said, "Bring the amūtu iron to GN," but you said šēpum ana ší-ip-ru-tim illikanni ana şērika ušēbilanni amūtam [a]na awīlim ubilma the caravan arrived for š., I sent (it) on to you, I brought the amūtu iron to the gentleman CCT 4 4a:25.

Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 52 f.

# *šipsatu see *šipšatu.

šipsu A (šepsu) s.; obduracy, obstinacy; NA royal; cf. šapāsu.

ina šip-si u danāni mundaḥṣija kīma Anzê elišunu išē'u with obdurate force (lit. obduracy and force) my fighters flew against them like the Anzû bird AKA 335 ii 106 (Asn.), cf. ina ši-pi-si danāni ana GN ērub I entered GN with unremitting violence KAH 2 84:57 (Adn. II); šip(var. ši-ip)-su u danānu iltakkanu (RN, who against the kings, my fathers) had conducted obstinate resistance Iraq 41 48:8, also 3R 8 ii 66, WO 2 414 iii 3, and passim in Shalm. III, wr. še-ep-su Iraq 25 54:26; ša ana ši-ip-si u danāni itka[luma] AKA 119:16 (Tigl. I).

**šipsu B** s.; (part of a boat or chariot); lex.*

giš.ad.uš = ši-ip-su (in group with šarāşu, šapāşu) Antagal G 27.

Compare giš.ad.uš.má = šiddi elippi Hh. IV 364, giš.ad.uš.gigir = napsaqu Hh. V 22.

*šipšatu (*šipsatu, *sipsatu, *šupšatu) s.; rail(?) (an architectural term); MA, SB, NA; pl. šipšātu, šupšātu.

 ${\tt GU}: \emph{\it si-ip-sa-tu}$  Ebeling Wagenpferde 37 Kor. 7.

a) as part of a building: gušūrī ša bīt šuḥūri ši-ip-šá-te u napdê (I removed) the beams of the šahūru building, both rails(?) and ties (for context see napdû mng. 1) AOB 1 92 r. 5; gušūrī ši-ip-šate u napdê anšūte u labīrūte unekkir ibid. 98 No. 13:3, cf. ibid. 5 (both Adn. I); ina muhhi giš ši-ip-šá-te ša šarru bēlī išpuranni . . . mā amēlu issika ašappar mā illak giš šiip-šá-te emmar ibattaga concerning the š.-s, about which the king, my lord, wrote to me, (they told me in the palace) "I will send a man with you, he will go to inspect the s.-s (and) cut them down" ABL 1205:4 and 9, see Parpola, SAA 1 229; in the temple GIŠ šu-up-šá-a-te ittasah ša= niāte işşabat şimittu ittikis ABL 951:8; (the exorcist) hulâ piri' balti ina šip-še-ti ša bābi e'ila hangs a mouse (and) a shoot of a thornbush on the §. of the (patient's) door ABL 24:13, see Parpola LAS No. 172; (a figure of Lugalgirra) ina šip-šat bābi tessir Wiggermann Bab. Prophylactic Figures p. 350 (fig. 13) i 19; ši-ip-šú-tú ša aptu ša bīt ili [...] (in the earthquake) the s. of the window of the temple [...] Iraq 4 189:19 (NA let.).

b) referring to an enclosure for training horses (MA): 7 GAN eqla si-ip-sa-te tep=paš[...] illuku you make š.-s for an area of seven iku [...] they go Ebeling Wagenpferde 13 Ac:2ff.; mala si-ip-sa-te talabbi you make one round . . . ibid. 16 B:11, cf. 2-šu si-ip-sa-te [talabbi] ibid. 18 D:7 and passim in these texts, see ibid. p. 44.

šiptu A šiptu A

Deller, OLZ 1965 248 f.; Parpola, SAA 1 p. 156 note to No. 202:9f.

šiptu A s. fem.; incantation, spell; from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; pl. ši=pātu (dual šiptān Westenholz OSP 1 No. 7 iv 5 and 7); wr. syll. and £N, TU₆; cf. āšiptu, āšipu, āšipūtu, šiptu A in ša šipti, uššupu.

en  $\pm N = \delta i - ip - tum$  S^b II 41; en  $\pm N = \delta i - ip - tum$ (vars.  $\dot{sip}$ - $t\dot{u}$ ,  $\dot{si}$ -ip-tu) Ea I 345; [tu- $\dot{u}$ ] KA $\times$ LI =  $[\sin]$ -tum S^b I 263; tu-u KA×LI =  $[\sin-ip$ -tum] Recip. Ea A v 32;  $[mu-\acute{u}]$   $[KA\times LI] = \check{sip}-[tum]$  (restored from sign name) ibid. E 7; KAXLI.KAXLI = ši-ip-tum Proto-Diri 30; [mu-mu] [KA $\times$ LI.KA $\times$ LI] = [ $\delta i$ ]-iptum, a-ši-pu Diri I 62 f.; [i]-šib me = išippu, āšipu, ellu, ramku, šip-tum A I/5:1 ff.; KA×LI. du  $g_4.ga =$  $\delta i - ip - tum(var. -tu)$ ,  $KA \times LI.ZU + AB = \delta i - pat AN$ , KA $\times$ LI. én. é. nu. ru =  $\dot{sip}$ - $t\dot{u}$ (var. -tu) ana GIG  $\dot{s}$ UB-u(var. [ši-i]p-tum a-na mar-ṣa na-du-ú) Erimhuš VI 25 ff.;  $KA \times LI.KA \times LI.abzu(zu+AB) = \delta i - [pat]$ apsî], nam.šub.nun.ki.ga = min [Eridu], én.é.  $nu.ru = min [...], ka \times Li. \acute{e}n. \acute{e}. nu.ru = min [na=$  $d\hat{u}(?)$ ] Antagal F 132 ff.; [si-i] [SUM] = [na-d]u-ušá [šip]-te $\,{\bf S}^{\rm a}$  Voc. S $\,{\bf 8}',\,{\bf also}$  Idu II 88 and Antagal A 98; udu.ki.sì.ga = UDU kispi, UDU  $\delta i-ip-[ti]$ Hh. XIII 154-154a.

tu₆.tu₆ tu₆ dasar.ri lú.ka.pirig alam dasar.lú.hi: šip-tum ši-pat Marduk āšipu salam Marduk (see āšipu lex. section) AfO 14 150:225 f.  $(b\bar{\iota}t\ m\bar{e}siri)$ , cf.  $tu_6$ .mu  $tu_6$  den.ki.ke_x(KID)  $tu_6$ .  $tu_6$ .mu  $tu_6$ .tu₆ dasar.lú.hi.ke_x:  $t\bar{\iota}u$   $\delta a$  Eašip-ti(var. -tú) šip-tum(var. -ti) ša Marduk CT 16 6:207 f.; tu₆ dasar.ri abzu.a [...] tu₆.tu₆ abzu nun.ki.ga m[ah ...]: ši-pat Marduk ša apsî ši-pat apsî u Eridu [...] ZA 30 189:41 f. and dupl. AJSL 35 144 r. 8ff.; tu6 dasar.lú. hi tu₆ den.ki.ke_x ad.da.zu: ina šip-ti ša Marduk ina tê ša Ea abika KAR 101 ii 9f., also Or. NS  $36288 \text{ r. } 1 \text{ (namburbi)}; tu_6.tu_6 \text{(var. adds. e) abzu}$ NUN.ki.ga nam.mu.un.ši.in.búr.re: ši-[pat apsî] Eridu aj ippašir may the incantation of the apsû of Eridu not be nullified ZA 61 16:33; [tu₆.t]u₆ zalag.ga.a.ni.ta hé.im.ma.an. šed7.dè: [ina šip-t]i-šú elleti lipašših may he relieve him through his holy spell CT 16 37:10 f.; tu6 nam.ti.la.zu na.ri.ga.àm kin.gi4.a u. me.ni.du₈: ina šip-ti-ka elleti ša balāţi e'iltašu puturma loose his bonds through your life-giving Šurpu VII 78f.; tu6 nam.ti.la za.a. ke_x(KID): ši-pat balāṭu kûmmu yours (O Marduk) is the life-giving spell 4R 29 No. 1:35f.; tu₆ nam.ti.la.[zu]  $h \in en.[\S]ub.[ba]: [\S i]-pat$ balāţi ina nadî[ka] (var. linnadīka) when you are casting the spell of life (var. may the spell of life be cast for you) Craig ABRT 2 11 r.(!) iii 15f.,

var. from dupl. BA 10/1 81 No. 7:11f.; a.bi tu₆ kù.za na u.me. ni.ri: ana mê šunūti ši-pat-ka elleti idīma ina têka elli ullilma recite your holy incantation on this water and purify it with your holy spell CT 17 26:67 f., cf. [tu₆ kù.za na] u.me.ni.ri: ina ši-ip-ti-ka elleti ullilma ibid. 39:61 f.; note umuš dnin. [hur]. sag.gá.ke_x máš ge₆.ra tu₆.dug₄. ga pa.è bí.in.ak: ina [tēm Bēlet]-ilī urīṣa ṣalmu ina šip-ti ú-šá-pi-ma (see apû A lex. section) BIN 2 22:200 f., restored from dupl. CT 16 38 iv 7 f.

tu6.dug4.ga dNin.A.HA.KUD.DU.kex nam. šub nun.ki.ga.ke, abzu nun.ki.ga tu₆.mah : ina tuduqqê ša dmin ina šip-ti ša Eridu ina [ši]pat apsî u Eridu şīrti (var. šip-ti şīrti ša apsî u Eri[du]) by the incantation of DN, by the spell of Eridu, by the august spell of the Abyss and Eridu CT 16 46:174 ff.; ka kù maḥ.di nam.šub nun. ki.ga.ke,: ina pî elli tizqāri ši-pat Eridu at the holy, lofty command, the spell of Eridu CT 16 38 iv 9f., dupl. BIN 2 22:202f.; ka.tu₆.gál nun. ki.ga.ke, nam.šub galam.ma.me.en: āšip Eridu ša ši-pat-su naklat anāku (see naklu lex. section) CT 16 28:52 f.; dingir é.[x] nam. šub ba.an.sum [tu6.dug4].ga nam.šub ba.a.ak: ina bīti ša šip-tu innadû ina mın-e ša šip-ti uššapu BIN 2 22: 188 f., dupl. AMT 6,2: 4 f., see AAA 22 92; note dNin.geštin.an.na dub.sar mah é.KUR. BAD.ke, šìr kù nam.šub kù.ga mu.un.na.an. šid: dmin tupšarratu sīrtu ša arallê šip-tú elleti ina panija imanni DN, the august scribe of the netherworld, recites the holy incantation in front of me CT 16 3:95 ff. (coll. M. Geller); nam. šub nun. ki.ga na.ri.ga u.me.[ni.sum] : ši-pat Eridu šip-tum elletu idīšum recite the incantation of Eridu, the holy spell, over him CT 17 12:31f.; dasar. lú.hi [dumu nun].ki.[ga].ke, nam.šub ba. an.sum: Marduk mār Eridu šip-tum iddi BA 5 649 No. 14 r. 8f.; úr pa.bi izi ù.tag nam.šub ba. an.sum: appi išdī išāti alput šip-tú addi I have charred (the stick) at both ends and cast a spell STT 176:10f.;  $tu_6.tu_6$  nam. šub ba.an. sum: idīšuma šip-tú AfO 14 150:231 f.; for other refs. see nadû v. lex. section.

a nam.išib.ba egir.bi u.me.ni.sud: mê šip-ti arkiš ziri[q] (see zarāqu lex. section) CT 17 1:8; damar.utu nam.išib.ba.a.ni.šè ní[g...]: Marduk ša ina šip-ti-šú li-[...] STC 1 180:6f.; nun.gal den.ki en ka.inim.ma.bi: rubû rabû Ea bēl én (var. šip-ti) the great prince Ea is the originator of (this) incantation STT 172:7f., dupl. CT 17 6:37f. and 37 Z 9; ka.inim.ma tu6 mah nun.ki.ga na.ri.ga: ina šip-ti sīrti ši-pat Eridu ša tēlilti CT 16 45:143f., dupl. von Weiher Uruk 1 iii 19f.; ka.inim.ma ne.e sag.gá.na hé.íb.ta.an.zi.zi.e.ne: ina šip-ti annīti ina rēšišu linnashu may they (the evil demons) be driven out of his head by this incantation CT 16

šiptu A

35:42f., dupl. BIN 2 22:124f.; i.nun kù.ga tùr.sikil.ta ka.inim.ma u.me.ni.sum: ana himēti elleti ša tarbaşi ellu šip-ta idīma recite the incantation over pure ghee from the holy cattle pen (and smear it on the patient) CT 17 23 iii 174f., cf. BIN 2 22:174f. and dupl. CT 16 36:28f., see AAA 22 90; [lú.mu7.mu7] KA.kù.ga.aš nu.mu.ni.íb.te.en.te.en: āšipu ina š[i-ip]-ti ul upaššahšu the exorcist is not able to relieve him by incantation 4R 22 No. 2:14f.

KAXLI.KAXLI.BAR =  $\delta i$ -pa-a- $t\acute{u}$  a-b-a-a- $t\acute{u}$  BRM 4 20:77 (astrol. comm.); TU = [ba-nu]- $\acute{u}$ , TU₆ =  $\delta ip$ -[t]um (comm. on En. el. VII 11) STC 2 56:11;  $[^dE]$ -a: ba-nu-u  $\delta ip$ -tum:  $\acute{e}$ : ba-nu- $\acute{u}$ : A: mu- $\acute{u}$ : A  $\delta ip$ -t[um] BM 47458:26, restored from dupl. BM 47661 (comm. on god name, courtesy I. L. Finkel);  dSiR . $K\grave{U}$  =  $\delta a$   $\delta i$ -pat-su ellet,  dTU_6 . $K\grave{U}$  =  $\delta a$   $t\acute{u}$  $\delta u$  ellet (comm. on  dTU_6 . $K\grave{U}$  En. el. VII 33 f.) STC 2 pl. 61:26 f.

a) applications, uses -1' as an apotropaion: ana marși ina țehêka adi EN ana ramanika taddû [an]a bulluţi[šu] la tetehhi when you (the exorcist) are to see a patient, do not proceed to heal him before you have cast a spell upon yourself Labat TDP 16:85; addi EN ana ra: manija lirhi ramanīma lišēsi lumnu I have cast a spell upon myself, may it pervade my body and remove the evil Maqlu VII 27; āḥuzu pagrī ši-pat balāṭi mimma lemnu ana zumrija aj ithâ I have attached the healing spell to my body, may nothing evil approach me STT 215 iii 11; ašar ši-iptú addû la tasanniq (evil demon) do not approach the place where I have cast the spell CT 51 142:34.

2' used for healing: a dog bit PN so he went to Isin to be healed, PN₂ the priest of Gula in Isin *īmuršuma* £N *iddīšuma uballissu* examined him, cast a spell over him, and (thus) healed him Bagh. Mitt. 10 115:5 (SB lit.); *qāti marṣi ṣabat* £N DN *idi* grasp the hand of the patient and cast the spell of Ea AMT 52,1:6 (inc.); I carry with me all the herbs, I drive away disease ezhēku tukkannu ša ši-pat balāṭu našāku mašṭaru ša šalāmu I (the goddess) am girt with a pouch of life-giving spells, I carry health-giving texts Or. NS 36 120:81 (SB hymn to Gula); *inandin tê ša šupšuḥi ši-pat* 

balāṭi she (Gula) gives the relieving spell, the incantation of life JRAS 1929 15 r. 27;  ${}^{\mathrm{t}}Si\text{-}pat\text{-}sa\text{-}balar{a}tu$  (personal name) PBS 2/2 53:26 (MB); mê našû elija id[di] ši-pat balāţi iddâ umašši' z[umrī] he poured over me the water he was carrying, pronounced the life-giving incantation, and rubbed my body Lambert BWL 48:28 (Ludlul III);  $[t]\hat{u}ka$ tāb Marduk ši-pat-ka ša balāti Marduk, your spell is good, your incantation gives life AfO 19 66:11 (SB prayer); belu ša ina šip-ti-šu elleti uballitu ilī mītūti (Asalluhi) the lord who with his holy incantation restored to life the dead gods En. el. VI 153, cf. lizziz Asalluhi mašmāš ilī rabûti ša ina Tu₆-šú mītu iballuţu itebbû marşu (see balātu v. mng. 1b) Šurpu IV 99; dDamu iddīma ši-pa-as-sú iblut anāku ši-ip-ti anandi li-ib- $\langle lu \rangle$ -ut YOS 11 16:6f. (OB inc.); mutīb simmī marṣūti asû [...] ša ši-pat balāţi la itehhû ina x [...] BA 5 391 No. 20 K.9595:9 (SB hymn to Marduk); anandi ÉN tāridat kal mar-sa-[ti] I am casting a spell which drives off all diseases STT 137:1 and dupl. 12 N 657, cf. luddīkum TU6 tāridat kala  $murs[\bar{\imath}]$  BiOr 18 71:1 (OB inc.),  $lidd\bar{\imath}kum$  Ea TU6 balāţim ibid. 3, also, wr. ši-pa-at Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 3:1 (OB); (Asalluhi) iddi ÉN ša balāṭi tu-ú ša šul[me] Köcher BAM 248 ii 63; note, in parallelism with medical treatment: (if migraine?) ina pan șindi u ÉN la ipparras cannot be stopped through bandages or incantations AMT 102,1:2; enūma şibtišu ūtašširūšu šamma u £n la tunakkar (even) when his seizure leaves him, do not alter the medication and the incantation ZA 45 208 v 28 (Bogh. rit.).

3' used to ward off witchcraft, sorcery, evil portents, to subdue evil demons: likztumkunūši £n ezzetu rabītu ša Ea mašzmāši may the fierce, magnificent incantation of conjurer Ea overwhelm you Maqlu II 156, also STT 215 v 55 and dupl. K.255+ vi 343 (courtesy I. L. Finkel); ina £n-ka elleti ša [balāṭi] līṣīma māmīt through your holy, life-giving spell let the curse leave BRM 4 18:21, cf. ša ina šip-ti-šú mimma šumšu

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ipaššahu CT 16 6:232; rikis kaššāpi u kašžāpti [lipaṭṭir] šip-ti ša Eridu let the incantation of Eridu break the bonds of the sorcerer and sorceress Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 446:17; dTU6.KÙ...ša ina ÉN-šú elleti issuhu nagab lemnūti (Marduk exalted as) Holy-Spell, who with his holy incantation extirpated all the evil ones En. el. VII 34; imanni šip-ta ittanandi tāšu (see manû mng. 3a) ibid. IV 91.

- 4' used in black magic: ši-pat-ki aj iqriba KA.MEŠ-ki aj ikšudainni may your (the witch's) spells not draw near me, may your words(?) not reach me Maqlu V 9; (Lamaštu) follows pregnant women ana ālidāti nadāti šip-tú (and) casts a spell over the pregnant women ("Bring me your children!") LKU 33:16.
- 5' other uses: [š]î ši-ip-ta ittanandi ušamnāši Ea āšib maḥriša she (Mama) recites the incantation again and again, (and) Ea, seated before her, provides her with (the words) to be recited Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 60 I 253, cf. [... £]N ušam=nāši Ea ... [DN tam]nu ši-ip-ta ištuma tamnû ši-pa-sa rūt[a tat]tadi eli ṭiddiša ibid. 60 iii 2 f. (both SB), see ibid. p. xif. and see von Soden, ZA 68 92.
- b) etiology -1' in the formula  $\delta iptu$ ul jattu(n) šipat DN: si-ip-da-an la jattān si-ip-da DN the two incantations are not mine, they are incantations of Ningilima Westenholz OSP 1 No. 7 iv 5 and 7 (OAkk.), cf.  $\S{i-ip-tum}\ ul\ jattum\ \S{i-pa-at}\ Ni(n)\ girima\ Ea$ Asalluhi JCS 9 11A: 31 f., cf. Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 5:41 f., ši-ip-tum ul jattum ši-pa-at dEnlil ši-ip-tum ul jattum ši-pa-at d Šamaš d Ša= maš ši-ip-tam iddi YOS 113:10 ff. (all OB); šipát ú-li-[i]a-ti ši-pát Dami u Nikkarrik Ugaritica 5 19:10, cf. ši-pa-at ú-ul i-ia-a- $[ti] \dots \& i-pa-at \& a \ ^d[\dots]$  KBo 1 18 i 16 ff.; ši-ip-tum ul jattun ši-pat Ea u Asalluhi ši-pat maš.maš ilī Marduk šunu iddûma anāku ušanni Köcher BAM 398 r. 20 f., cf. ibid. 508 ii 9. AMT 45.5:7. LKU 36 r. 7ff.: šip-tú ul juttun ši-pat Ea u Asalluhi ši-pat Damu

u Gula ši-pat Ningirima bēlet šip-ti AfO 23 41:16ff., wr. £N ibid. 34ff., BMS 61:20f., Köcher BAM 543 iii 48ff., and passim; note, wr. TU₆: TU₆ ul jattu [...] ši-pat Damu [u] Ninkarr[ak] Köcher BAM 538 iv 46f.

- 2' identified as šipat DN: apšuška šaman balāti addīka ÉN Ea bēl Eridu I have anointed you with life-giving oil, I have cast over you the incantation of Ea, the lord of Eridu Maqlu VII 38, but ina TU₆ (var. te-e) ša Ea ina ÉN ša Asalluhi ibid. 44; ÉN ši-pat Bēlet-ilī šarrati rabīti AfO 23 43:33 (SB fire inc.); ÉN annītu ÉN ša d...] u Ningirima STT 138 r. 15.
- 3' bēl (bēlet) šipti: (Marduk as dTU.TU) bēl šip-tu elleti muballit mīti En. el. VII 26; bēl ši-pat balāṭi Ea šar apsî liddīka tâšu ša balāṭi CT 23 11 iii 32; [Asallu]ḥi mašmāš ilī... EN ÉN Craig ABRT 159:7, cf. (Marduk) bēl ÉN ru'tu u tê Köcher BAM 338 r. 3 and dupl.; ÉN Asalluḥi Marduk ÉN Ningirima EN ÉN u Gula EN asûti Köcher BAM 510 iv 38f.; Ningirima EN ÉN STT 215 ii 42 and vi 5, 252:15, AMT 45,5:1, AfO 14 146:116 (bīt mēsiri), and passim, Wr. EN TU6 STT 241:28, also liddīkum TU6 dNin-níg-erím-me-e bēlet šipa-tim may DN, the lady of incantations, cast a spell over you ÇT 42 32:5 (OB inc.), see von Soden, BiOr 18 71, also ibid. 6.
- c) identified -1' with ref. to purpose: ši-ip-tum ša sehrim nuhhim ZA 71 63 r. 12 (OB), cf. ibid. lower edge; ši-ip-tu ša multap= šigte incantation for a woman in labor Iraq 31 31:50 (MA);  $\delta i$ -pa-a-a[t] awurriq $\bar{a}n[im]$ spell against jaundice UET 5 85:9 (OB inc.), see JNES 14 14 n. 7; i-pa-at ŠA.MEŠ ia=a: rūti incantation against diarrhea PBS 1/2 111:5; *ši-pa-at tūltim* YOS 11 4:3, cf. *ši*pa-at zuqaqīpim ibid. 19 (OB inc.); ši-pa-at ša Muš [...] incantation for [...-ing] a snake KBo 1 18 i 21, cf. ši-pa-at zubbi ibid. iv 13; uncert.: ši-ip-tu ša šu dingir dMAŠ.TAB.BA CT 51 142:11; 10 ÉN.MEŠ *šumma amēlu x* STT 281 ii 6, 3 ÉN.MEŠ [...] CT 51 199 r. 17; ÉN TU₆.MEŠ [ŠÀ.

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z]I.GA (subscript to catalog of incipits) Biggs Šaziga p. 14 iii 9.

2' by incipit: ina muhhi nēpeše ša ÉN concerning the hul.gál hé.me.en ritual of the incantation "verily you are evil" ABL 24:7, see Parpola LAS No. 172, cf. ÉN hul.dúb è.ba.ra adi bābi imannu (the exorcist) recites the incantation "evil hul: tuppu, go out" until (he reaches) the door ibid. r. 9; ÉN Ea [Samaš Asalluhi] ša NAM. BÚR.BI Ḥ[UL DÙ.A.BI] . . . ētapaš ABL 23:13, cf. ABL 549 r. 6', see Parpola LAS Nos. 185 and 160; ÉN.MEŠ ša tummu bītu imannu (the exorcist) recites the incantations of (the ritual) "the house is exorcised" RAcc. 141:355 (New Year's rit.); EN Išt[ar bēlet qabli] . . . aktanak ana šarri bēlija ussēbila I have sealed and dispatched to the king, my lord, (a tablet inscribed with) the incantation "Ištar, lady of battle" ABL 12 r. 2', see Parpola LAS No. 151 (all NA); ÉN Girra gašru ūmu nanduru şalam tiddi incantation "mighty fire, furious storm" -(to be recited over) a figurine of clay Maqlu IX 32 and passim in ritual instructions in Maqlû, Surpu, and other exorcistic compositions; ÉN udug.hul edin.na.zu.šè adi bābi kamî tamannūma Iraq 22 224:26; one exorcist (standing) to the right of the house and another to the left of the house EN u4 du₇.du₇.a.meš imannû u šitti āšipī ÉN udug. hul. meš imannû recite the incantation "impetuous storms" and the rest of the exorcists recite the incantation "evil ghosts" BRM 4 6:35 f. (eclipse rit.); LÚ. MAŠ.MAŠ.MEŠ ÉN lugal.e an.ki.a ... 4-šú imannû én ikalluima the exorcists recite four times the incantation "king of heaven and earth" and then stop (reciting) the incantation BRM 47:9f., cf. ibid. 12f. and 21f. (New Year's rit.), see RA 20 107f.; ÉN i-l[i bīti] Ištar bīti tamannūma ibal= lut Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 63:98; qāt marşi taşabbatma én Marduk [bēl mātāti] 3-šú šid-šú you grasp the hand of the patient and have him recite the incantation "Marduk, lord of the lands" three times BMS 12:16, cf. ibid. 117, Köcher BAM 194 iv 3, and passim in magic and med., note exceptionally following an incipit: a-ra-a-pu-ra a-ra-a-ba-pu-ra £N tamannu ZA 45 208 v 26 (Bogh. rit.).

- d) in appositional use (wr. with log. only) 1' preceding the text of an incantation or prayer: passim, see Falkenstein Haupttypen p. 4.
- 2' as final element of the text of an incantation, mostly wr.  $\mathtt{TU}_6$  ÉN  $(t\bar{e}\ \&ipti)$  STT 136 iv 22, 247 r. 8, 14, Köcher BAM 510 iv 3, 513 iii 23, 514 iv 30, but occasionally ÉN alone, e.g., ibid. iii 18, AMT 52,1:14, CT 23 10 iii 17, STT 138 r. 27, 279:50, also  $\mathtt{TU}_6$  ÉN É. NU.RU Köcher BAM 513 ii 28, etc., see  $t\hat{u}$ .
- e) with verbs indicating the manner of recitation -1' manû to recite -a'over the magic or medical ingredients in order to make them efficacious: ana libbi šaman pūri En tamannu ana [muq]qalpīti tumašša'šu u En tamannūma ina'eš you recite the incantation into pūru oil, you massage him (with it) downwards and recite the incantation and he will get well CT 23 11 iii 36, ef. ana libbi šamni én ta: mannūma [. . .] CT 40 27b:6; (you prepare a salve) én ezzēta ana libbi tamannu you recite the incantation "you are fierce" into it (and apply it to the patient) AMT 85,1 vi 14, and passim; uncert.: the diviner sets up the holy water basin NA tullal EN ana libbi mākalti [...] you purify the man(?), [recite(?)] an incantation into the (diviner's) libation bowl BBR No. 11 iv 16; ÉN annītu ana muḥḥi Ú ŠU.GIDIM.MA ta: mannu AMT 97,6:10, (with ana muhhi nap: šalti [UDUG].HUL.GÁL.E over the ointment against evil demons) AMT 104,1 iii 36, cf. 2 én.meš ana muhhi napšalti qutāru [...] Köcher BAM 216:4; ÉN.MEŠ ŠEŠ.MEŠ (= annâti) ana muhhi tamannu (referring to phylacteries) Thompson A Catalogue of the Late Babylonian Tablets pl. 4 B5:8; ana muhhi ungi erê £n 3-šú tamannūma [ina] ubānika tašakkan you recite the incantation three

times over a copper ring and put it on your finger (so that when you enter into the presence of the king he will be pleased with you) KAR 71 r. 10 (egalkurra rit.), cf. ibid. obv. 12; £N 7-[šú...] ana IGI d 15 ana muḥhi mêli tamannu you recite the incantation seven times over the phylactery before Ištar RA 18 22 ii 4; you bury apz kallu figurines at the head of the bed £N 7 NUN.ME.MEŠ ašaridūtu ana IGI-šú-nu tamannu and recite the incantation "seven foremost sages" before them KAR 298:11, and passim, note £N-su-nu ŠU.BI. DIL.ÂM ibid. 16.

b' over the patient: ÉN 3-šú ina muhhi qaqqadišu tamannu you recite the incantation over his head three times CT 23 34 iii 35; ÉN annītu 7-šú ana muhhi idišu tamannūma ina'eš you recite this incantation over his arm seven times and he will get well AMT 93,3:14, also ibid. 3; 2 ÉN. MEŠ annāti ina muhhi šēpīšu tamannūma iballut you recite these two incantations over his feet and he will be healed Köcher BAM 152 iv 15, parallel ÉN an-na-a-ti 3. T[A.AM] . . . ina muhhi šēpīšu [tamannu] AMT 70,5 ii 14; ÉN annītu ana muhhi zigit zuqaqīpi tamannu you recite this spell over the scorpion sting CT 38 38:68 and dupls., also ibid. 58 (Alu namburbi), see Or. NS 34

c' other occs.: Én annīta ina takpirti pēmi tamannu you recite this incantation during the wiping of the thigh CT 23 1:9; ÉN ša ina muhhi uridimmi šatratu [7-šú] ana abri ša DN 7-šú ana abri ša DN, ta: mannu you recite the incantation written on the figurine of the "rabid dog" seven times to the brushwood pile of Marduk, seven times to the brushwood pile of Erua KAR 26 r. 25; 7 u 7 kişrī takaşşar ēma takaşşaru ÉN tamannu AMT 10,1 iii 15, 11,1:2, and passim, see kaṣāru mng. 1a, kiṣru mng. 1a; 7-šú tatabbak ēma tatabbaku ÉN tamannu you pour (water) seven times and each time you pour (it) you recite the incantation CT 23 9 iii 1; 14 kupatinnī tukappat . . . ēma kupatinni ÉN tamannu (see kupatinnu) AMT 45,5:6; ÉN annītu  $3-\check{s}\acute{u}$  tamannu RA 18 25 ii 9, AfO 18 297:10 f., also  $(7-\check{s}\acute{u})$  Iraq 22 222:19,  $(7-\check{s}\acute{u})$  u  $7-\check{s}\acute{u}$  ibid. 224:25, also (with incipit) BE 31 60 r. ii 19 and CT 23 40 i 24,  $3-\check{s}\acute{u}$  7.TA.AM  $\S[ID]$ -nu Köcher BAM 533:23 and 31; ÉN kīam tamannu you recite the following incantation AMT 5,1:20, 52,8:9, 70,5 ii 11, Köcher BAM 152 iv 10 and 492:2.

2' qabû to say: the incantation is not mine, it is the spell of DN (etc.) šunu iqbûnimma anāku a[šš]i they said it to me, I recited it STT 252:15, cf. Köcher BAM 438 r. 6; ÉN . . . 3-šú liq-bi (the patient) should utter the incantation three times RA 50 24 No. 30:15 (namburbi), also AMT 3,1:3, cf. [ÉN DN DN₂ DN₃] ilāni rabûti tušaqbâššu you have him say the incantation "O Ea, Samaš and Asalluhi, great gods" LKU 34:5', also AMT 104,1 iii 3 and Köcher BAM 487 iii 6.

3' laḥāšu to whisper: see laḥāšu mng. 2b.

f) with verbs indicating the manner of applying or undoing the incantation: [ÉN] anandika šip-tum CT 17 13:26 (catch line to muššu'u IV), cf. [ÉN] anandi ÉN ibid. 14:18 (catch line to sag.gig VII); Ningirim inandi ÉN RAcc. 142:380; idi ÉN-su ša apkal ilāni Marduk Maglu I 55; ÉN tanaddīšumma ibal= lut Labat TDP 42 r. 37, also ibid. 196:68 and 222:38, and passim, see nadû v. mng. 6; ÉN annītu ina muḥḥi uridimmi tašaṭṭar you write this incantation on (the figurine of) the "rabid dog" KAR 26 r. 12, cf. EN ša ina muhhi uridimmi šatratu ibid. r. 25; Girra qardu én-su-nu lipaššir my valiant Fire undo their (the witches') spells Maqlu I 134.

g) qualifying a noun -1' with the connotation "magic": a. bi nam. šub šu gal ù. mu.e.ni.du₇:  $m\hat{e}$  šip-ti rabîš šuklilma make the water used for the spell highly effective CT 17 31:34f.; a nam. šub:  $m\hat{e}$  šip-ti (see  $nad\hat{u}$  lex. section) CT 17 21 ii 86 f.,

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also 4R 25 iv 14f., see also CT 17 1:8, in lex. section; uncert.: šaman £N ša Ea šaman £N ša Asalluhi Maqlu VII 34, Ú šip-ti ša attalê kî aššâ ABL 276:12 (NB).

2' la šipti unconjurable: aşbat pī serrī . . . şerri la ši-ip-ti(var. adds -im) I seized the mouth of all snakes, of the snake that cannot be conjured TIM 9 66:3, var. from 65:2 (= Sumer 13 93:3 and dupl. 95 A 2, OB inc.), cf. šubādam Muš la ši-ip-tim (see šammānu) CBS 7005 r. 13 (unpub. OB snake inc., courtesy I. L. Finkel).

h) other occs.: dTU.TU bān tēdištišunu  $[\mathring{su}]ma \dots libn\bar{\imath}ma$  én (var.  $\mathring{sip}$ -ti)  $il\bar{u}$ linūhu he (Marduk) is Tutu, the author of their restoration, let him create incantation(s) so that the gods may be at rest En. el. VII 11, for comm. see STC 2 56:11, in lex. section; ši-ip-tum annītum ša Marduk ina mātim ušabšû this incantation which Marduk created in the country PBS 7 87:3 (OB inc.); ša ÉN.MEŠ kilallē ištēn DÙ.DÙ.BI*ši-na* the ritual for both incantations is the same AfO 12 142:6;  $r\bar{e}ssi-ip-ti$  the beginning of the incantation (in broken context) TIM 9 73 r. 9 (OB); ÉN ŠÀ É.GAL GIBIL e-(probably scribal error, cf. the subscripts ina šà É.GAL GIBIL e-tap-šú PRT 102 r. 10', etc.) PRT 105 r. 22.

Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 22 f. and 359 f.; Krebernik, Die Beschwörungen aus Fara und Ebla 197 ff.

šiptu A in ša šipti s.; conjurer; OB lex.*; cf. šiptu A.

lú.KA×LI. dug₄ = ša ši-ip-tim OB Lu A 418.

šiptu B s.; (a goblet); syn. list.* šipku, ši-ip-tum (etc.) = ka-a-su An VII 127 ff.

šiptu A s.; 1. judgment, verdict, 2. punishment, threat; OB, SB, NA; wr. syll. (exceptionally GIŠ.PA AKA 256 i 4); cf. šapātu A.

gi-e GIL =  $\delta i$ -ip-tu A III/1:234; GI = . . .  $\delta i$ -ip-tu  $\delta d$ -pi-ti ga-mi-rum A III/1 Comm. B 36, in

MSL 14 328; gi ki-i (pronunciation) =  $\delta i$ -ip-tu[m], gi. šú ki-i-šu (pronunciation) = pu-ru-us-[su-u] Erimhuš Bogh. E a 4 f.

dingir.gal.gal.e.ne á.gál.bi.im e.n[e.gi.til.le.bi.ne] (var. e.ne.x.ti.le.bi.ne): [i-ni-l]í rabûtim muwa'erassunu şīrtum ší gāmira[t] ši-ip-tì-šu-nu among the great gods she is their exalted leader, she passes the final judgment for them ZA 65 178:4 (OB hymn to Inanna); an.ta. gál dingir gal.gal.e.ne gi ka.aš.bar [...]: šaqi ilī rabûti ša šip-ţu u purussû [...] (Nergal) the highest one among the great gods, who [...] judgment and decision 4R 24 No. 1:27f.; [dutu] gi.til.la an.ki.bi.da za.a.[kam]: [šamaš] ša šamê u erşeti šip-[tul] [TIL(?)] kûm[ma] O Šamaš, it is your privilege to render final judgment in heaven and on earth (preceded by purussē mātāti šutēšuru) Gray Šamaš pl. 6:28f.

judgment, verdict -a) 1. referring to divine judgment -1' in parallelism with purussû: ašar ši-ip-ţi-im u purussêm ina maḥar Enlil awassu lilem: min may (Ninlil) gainsay his case before Enlil at the site of (final) judgment and decision CH xlii 87, also, wr. šip-ți AfO 8 28:25 (Šamši-Adad V treaty); ašar šip-ţi (var. de-e-ni) u purussê [itaplanni annu] kēnu at the site of (oracular) verdict and decision always answer me firmly in the affirmative WO 8 44:5' (Asb.), cf. (Nusku) ana nadān šip-ți u pu[russê ușș]ûma Craig ABRT 1 35:14, var. and restorations from Bauer Asb. 2 p. 38 r. 8 and obv 14; (Ištar)  $\lceil n\bar{a}din \rceil at$ *šip-tu u purussê* YOS 1 38:10 (Sar.), (Nabû) [nādin] šip-ţi purussē burumme PBS 1/1 No. 18:7 and dupl. LKA 42:9; (Sin) nādin *šip-ți pāris purussê* Perry Sin No. 6:5, ^dNin. šubur sukkal gi sum.mu: suk-kallum na-din šip-ti CT 24 2 i 37 f. and dupl. (An = Anum I); note (Ninurta) nādin GIŠ.PA u purussê ana naphar kal ālāni who issues verdicts and decrees to all cities of the world AKA 256 i 4 (Asn.); (Šamaš) ša šipţu u purussû gummurūšu (see gamāru mng. 2f) Streck Asb. 288:6; gamrāti šip-ţa u pu= russâ ûrti erşeti u šamāmi you (Gušea) give final judgment and decision, direct the world STC 2 pl. 76:13, cf. ûrti Anūti  $\&ip-ta\ u\ puruss\&a$  [...] K.3371:9, joined to Craig ABRT 2 16 K.232; Enlil Aššurû ša ela

šipţu A šipţu B

šâšu šip-ţu [la] igammaru . . . purussû la uštamsaku ilu manamma the Assyrian Enlil, without whose consent no god passes a judgment or annuls a decision Winckler Sammlung 2 1:3 (Charter of Assur), see Saggs, Iraq 37 12, cf. dŠarrat-nipha... ša balušša ina Ešarra šip-tu ul i-ma-ga-ru-ma (for igammaruma) AKA 207 i 4 (Asn.); ina balika Anum abuka ul išakkan šip-ţu Enlil māliku purussâ ul iparras without you (Nusku) your father Anu does not pass a judgment, counselor Enlil does not make a (legal) decision KAR 58:31 and dupl. BMS 6:24; O Gilgāmeš, judge of the infernal gods tazzaz ina erseti tagammar  $d\bar{\imath}[na]$  ... Šamaš šip-ta u purussā gātukka ipgid you reside in the nether world and pass judgment (there), Šamaš has entrusted verdict and decision to your hands Haupt Nimrodepos No. 53:8 and dupl. LKA 89 ii 20, see TuL p. 127 ii 14.

- 2' in parallelism with dīnu: Šamaš bēl ši-ip-ţì u dīnim atta ZA 45 200 i 31 and 204 iii 29 (Bogh. rit.); (Aššur comes to the assistance) ana nāṣir šip-ţi ilāni ša ana damqi dīn Šamaš takluma of the man who observes the verdict of the gods and relies on the fair judgment of Šamaš TCL 3 121 (Sar.), cf. Šamaš bēl [di-ni]m . . . ši-pa-aţ-ka aṣṣur Tn.-Epic "v" 14, contrast ši-pa-aţ-ka ipsus ibid. 19.
- 3' in parallelism with milku: the land is given you to rule ina milki ša ilī ina ši-ip-ţì ša An-nim MARI 5 258:10 (OB let.).
- b) other occs.: [g]amār šip-ţi-ŝi-in ellim [...] mamman ul ile'i [...] no one [except her] is able to hand down holy judgment for them (mankind) [...] Lambert, Kraus AV 196 III 18 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn); (Šala) bēlet kalu šip-ţi CT 25 10 ii 9 and dupl. 15 ii 9 (list of gods).
- 2. punishment, threat (NA only): Lứ sa ana bēl pāḥiti ušadbibuni ši-ip-tu ina libbišu liškunu the man who persuaded the governor (to take silver illegally) should be punished ABL 339 r. 14, see Par-

pola LAS No. 293; [kīma] šip-tu ana LÚ. A.BA [LÚ šan]ie šarru la iškun [...] la igarruru if the king does not punish the scribe and (his) deputy, they will not be intimidated ABL 532 r. 1 (coll. S. Parpola); note in a royal inscr.: ina libbi nišē la kanšūti šip-tu aškun I punished the unsubmissive (by carrying off their gods and their people) Streck Asb. 80 ix 120; akīma ina libbi abiti annīti qurbāku šarru bēlī ana ši-ip-ti liškunanni if I am implicated in this matter, let the king, my lord, punish me ABL 211 r. 17; anāku issu pan šip-tu ša šarru bēlī išpuranni . . . aptalah gabbi ussēși attidin I became afraid because of the threat in the king's letter ("should any of them escape, know that you will be held responsible for them"), so I am herewith giving away all of them ABL 212 r. 7, cf. is[su] pan ši-ip-țu [. . .] aptalah ana šarri bēlija [assapra] ABL 1202 r. 21, see Parpola LAS No. 281.

The differentiation of siptu A and B is based primarily on the existence of two verbs sapātu A and B (with different vocalization) in Old Babylonian. The exact relationship of the two words remains problematical, however, and a semantic split (from a single etymon) does not seem unlikely considering the closeness of their meanings and the fact that both words occur in largely identical verbal constructions (as objects of the verbs sapātu, nadānu, and šakānu).

The rebus spelling GIŠ.PA in AKA 256 i 4 points to a pronunciation *šibtu in Assyrian texts, cf. Heb. and Aram. šbt "staff" beside špt "judgment," and compare šabbitu. Whether this reflects a locally restricted phonetic development or implies a homophony of šiptu A (in the meaning "punishment") with šibtu "plague" in Neo-Assyrian remains an open question.

šipţu B s.; ruling, strict order, reprimand; Mari, SB, NB; cf. šapāţu A.

šiptu B

 $\&i-ip_-^{tu}_{DU} = te-e-mu$  A III/1 Comm. App. 20', in MSL 14 329.

a) in Mari: [aššum t]ēm awatim [ša  $b\bar{e}l$ ]  $\bar{i}$  ištu GN [ $\bar{s}i$ ]-ip- $t\hat{a}$ -am išpuram [ $t\hat{e}r$ ]  $\bar{e}$ =  $tim \ \bar{e}pu\check{s} \ [ah\bar{i}] \ ul \ addi$  as to the news of the matter concerning which my lord sent a strict order to me from Terga, I have performed divination, I have not been negligent ARM 10 70:7; inanna ištu ša bēlī ana harrānim ušēširu u ši-ip-ţà-am dannātim iškunannêšim (see  $dann\bar{a}tu$ ) ARM 3 12:22, ši-ip-tà-am annêm bēlī iš= pitma (see šapātu A) ARM 14 48:10; as to the clearing of the Southern tribes you wrote me about, do not clear them ši-pí-it-ka-a-ma dunninšunūšim idinšunūšim ši-ip-tà-am  $k\bar{\imath}am$ kīam ši-ip-tà-am idinšunūšim mimma la tubba[bš]unūti reprimand them severely and give them the following strict orders: ("A full complement of men should be in readiness for the campaign.") Give them these strict orders and do not clear them at all ARM 16:14f. and 20, cf. [assu]m $\S{i-pi-it}$   $b\bar{e}lija$  dun[nunim] ARM 14 51:35; I called together the officers and ip-ţà-am kīam addin . . . warki ši-ip-ţì-ia UD.10.KAM ul waşi tuppum ša abika ikšu: dam I gave them the following strict ruling: ("The captain who has not given me my share of the booty has committed a capital crime against Dagan and Itur-Mer, against Šamši-Adad and Jasmah-Adad.") Ten days had not passed after I issued this ruling when I received a letter from your father (with a similar ruling) ARM 2 13:24 and 33; for other refs. to šiptam nadānum, see nadānu mng. 2  $(\check{s}ip tu)$ .

b) in SB: ina miṣir māt [Ašš]ur iškun šip-ṭa ana la mūṣê pirišt[i . . .] at the border of Assyria he gave strict orders that the secret of [. . .] should not come out Tn.-Epic "v" 3; difficult: ītanammar ana LŪ.GAL.MEŠ-šú šip-ṭu ana LŪ(?) [. . .] SUM-nu having had these visions, he gave strict orders to his high officials [. . .]

(followed by a speech to troops) STT 43:17 (Shalm. III), see Lambert, AnSt 11 150.

c) in NB: kî iḥḥisūnu ana Bābili [i]terbūnu u altemu umma šip-ṭu ana aḥāmiš iltaknu umma mamma la inaḥḥisma ana muḥḥi ālāni ša māt Aššur l[a itebbi] after they had retreated and entered Babylon, I also heard that they admonished one another, saying: "Nobody is to go back and [attack] cities of Assyria" ABL 436 r. 2.

See discussion sub šipţu A.

šīpu A (šību) s.; orpiment(?); SB; wr. syll. and šim.bi.kt.gi.

šim.k $\dot{v}$ .GI =  $\dot{s}i$ -i-pu Hh. XI 309; im. $\dot{s}$ im.k $\dot{v}$ .GI =  $\dot{s}i$ -i-pu =  $\dot{s}i$ n-di k $\dot{v}$ .GI Hg. A II 140, in MSL 7 114;  $\dot{s}$ im.k $\dot{v}$ .GI,  $\dot{s}$ im.bi.sig₇ .sig₇, im.k $\dot{v}$ .GI,  $\dot{s}$ im.sa $\dot{h}$ ar,  $\dot{s}$ im.bi.k $\dot{v}$ .GI =  $\dot{s}i$ -i-pu (var.  $\dot{v}$ 10) sa $\dot{h}$ ar.k $\dot{v}$ .GI,  $\dot{v}$ 11. $\dot{s}$ im.bi.sig₇ .sig₇ =  $\dot{v}$   $\dot{s}i$ -i-pu0 Uruanna III 480 ff.

- a) in pharm. and med.: Ú ši-i-pu: Aš NA4 KU[R-nu DIB.BA] Köcher Pflanzenkunde 2 v 4 (= Köcher Uruanna III 69); Ú (var. GIŠ) GÌR.NÁG.GA ša 7 SAG.DU.MEŠ-šú: AŠ ši-i-pu Uruanna III 55; ši-i-pa kalgukka... taz sāk you crush š. and red earth Hunger Uruk 46:11; ŠIM.BI.KÙ.GI (in medications for eyes) Köcher BAM 510 i 2, 8, dupl. AMT 20,2:6+Köcher BAM 514 i, see Geller, ZA 74 293, cf. (for the teeth) Köcher BAM 543 ii 26, (in a potion) AMT 16,4:5; ŠIM.KÙ.GI ŠIM.BI.KÙ.GI (among minerals) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 iii 34f.; uncert. (to lēru?): ŠIM.BI.SIG7.SIG7 Köcher BAM 513 i 28 and 31.
- b) other occs.: 3 NI+GIŠ IM.KÙ.GI.... 5 NI+GIŠ ŠIM.BI.KÙ.GI three shekels of gold-colored earth, five shekels of §. (and other ingredients to be mixed together) Oppenheim Glass 40 § 8:79.

Note that pharm. lists also give  $l\bar{e}ru$  and  $\delta ar\delta erru$  as equivalences to  $\delta IM.K\dot{v}.GI.$  In  $\delta umma$  KI HI-pu  $uk\hat{a}l$  if the earth contains . . . . (between  $di\delta pu$  and  $l\bar{e}ru$ ) CT 41 20:11 (SB Alu), read probably  $\delta \acute{a}r-bu$ , see sarbu.

Oppenheim Glass 42 n. 52.

šīpu B

šīpu **B** ( $\check{s}ippu$ ) s.; (a part of the roof); OB, MB, SB, NB; pl.(?)  $\check{s}\bar{\imath}p\bar{a}nu$ .

[...]  $[x] = \delta ip - pu$ , salulu VAT 10237 iii 10 f. (text similar to Idu).

ina ši-pi-im (var. ši-ip-pi) şērum irab: bis the snake lurks in the §. TIM 9 65:7 (OB inc.), var. from ibid. 66:13 (= Sumer 13 95 A and 93); 12 GÍN KÙ.GI ši-pu š[a] KÁ É. GA[L] twelve shekels of gold (for embellishing) the š. of the palace gate (beside hittu) Sumer 9 34 ff. No. 2:19, cf. (gold) ana ši-pi ša KA.MEŠ ibid. No. 7:9; note the pl. šīpānu (possibly another word): ši-i-panu ša išid KÁ  $murud\hat{e}$  ibid. No. 25 iv 14, also ibid. ii 26, iii 4, 40, (in broken context) iv 3 (MB): ši-i-pí šaplānu erēni sulūlu kaspi u nisiq abni uza'in I overlaid the §. beneath the cedar roof beams with silver and precious stones VAB 4 126 iii 30 (Nbk.), cf. ana ši-i-pu tallu hittu giššakanakku u şulultu bīti ušatmiķma I had (various woods) used for the s., the crossbeams, the architraves, the lintels, and the roof of the temple ibid. 256 ii 4 (Nbn.), cf. (cedar beams) ana ši-i-pí-ša hittiša u sulūliša ušatris ibid. 212:29 (Ner.), ana ši-pu-šu gišimmarē dannūtu ušaršid ibid. 230 i 21 (Nbn.), ana šipi-šu erēnē dannūti aštakkan ibid. 158 vi 9, also 152 iv 9, PBS 15 79 i 38, wr. ana šipi-i-sa CT 37 7 ii 37 (all Nbk.), si-i-pi-suOECT 1 pl. 27 iii 6 (Nbn.); [...]-tum ši-i-pi su-pur (beside taşliltu, hittu) CT 56 446:2, 5, 7 and 11, cf. 2 MA.NA [...] ana ši-ipi CT 57 351:2 (NB); uncert.: (a field) qa-qa-ar bi.ne adi ší- $\lceil pu(?) \rceil$ -šuterrain with its §. MDP 28 420:6.

## šīpu C (šību) s.; (mng. uncert.); MB, SB.

tēdiqu ši-pa aj iddīma may (his) garment show no discoloration (?) Gilg. XI 246, cf. (referring to bread) ibid. 227, Wr. ši-ba ibid. 217, cf. also Craig ABRT 2 11 r. (!) 2, ši-i-pa BE 17 31:17 (MB let.), all cited nadā v. mng. 6 (šību).

Possibly to be connected with *šippu* (*šīpu*) red spot.

šiqbu (šiqpu, or šikb/pu) s.; trick, stratagem; lex.; pl. šiqpētu; cf. ēpiš šiqbi.

šīpu see  $š\bar{e}pu$  and  $\check{s}ippu$ .

šiqdu

[gi-li-im] [GIL] =  $\delta i$ -iq-bu A III/1:229; gú.níg. gilim.ma =  $\delta i$ q(var.  $\delta i$ -iq)-pi-e-tu Hh. II 289.

The word is possibly a metathesis of  $\delta ibq\bar{u}$ , q.v.

In PBS 1/1 2:67b (OB hymn to Ištar) (coll. W. G. Lambert) read possibly [l]i-iq-bi. In Laessøe Babylon 42 SH 859+:3 (Shemshara let.) the geographical name Šikšabim occurs; read am-mi-nim a-na Ši-ik-\(\delta a \rangle -bi-im^{[ki]}\) GA(?)-li(?)-im a-ah-ka na-dì, cf. ammīnim a-nu-ut(?)-ti \(\delta -ul\)-la-nu-um \(\delta i -ik-\delta a-bi-im^{ki}\) mannum nakarka ullānu\(\delta i \) a-ah-ka la na-dì-\(\delta u -ma i \) ibid. 45 left edge ii. The restoration of tuttanakkar ummānka ina \(\delta i -e-[ti(?)] \). .] Tn.-Epic "iii" 14 is conjectural.

šiqdu (šuqdu, siqdu) s.; 1. almond tree, 2. almond; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and GIŠ.LAM×KUR; cf. šiqittu, šuqdānu.

GIŠ.LAM×KUR = [ši-i]q-du, [ši-qit]-tum Hh. III 61 f.; eš GIŠ.LAM×KUR = lammu, ši-iq-du, šiqittu, lupānu Diri II 223 ff.; lu-ug [GIŠ.LAM] = luk'u, lammu, ši-iq-du KUB 3 98:3 (= Diri II Bogh. B); [eš] LAM×KUR = ši-iq-du Recip. Ea A v 28'; e-šu LAM×KUR = ši-iq-du Sb I 217; giš.ši.iq.du = šU (followed by šiqittu) Hh. III 238, cf. OB Forerunner line l, in MSL 5 133.

[i].giš.si.iq.du = šaman si-iq-[di] Hh. XXIV 28, cf. i.ši.iq.dum MSL 11 121 Section 7.1:14 (Nippur Forerunner); i.si.iq.dum Practical Vocabulary Elam ii 21, in MSL 11 167.

Ů lupānu: ὑ buṭnu Tur.Meš, ὑ ši-iq-du matqu Uruanna II 510 f., ὑ ši-iq-du: ὑ šu-uq-du (var. šuqdu) ibid. 512.

1. almond tree — a) the tree: butuntu si-iq-da tarp[i'a...] the pistachio, the almond, and the tarpi'u trees SEM 117 ii 21 (MB lit.); Nippur Ekur GIŠ.LAM×KUR Ú azallû NA4 anzahhu Nippur, Ekur, the almond tree, the azallû plant, and anzahhu frit (are associated with Aries) Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 18:9, cf. (in different list, associated with Sagittarius) ibid. 30:4.

šiqdu

šiqītu

- b) the wood: 1 GIŠ ša šu-uq-di matqi one piece of sweet almond wood KAJ 310:51 (MA); 2 GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ šuq-di two bows of almond wood ADD 978 ii 7; note as loan word in Ur III: giš.si.iq.da MVN 5 289:21, for other refs. see MAD 3 283.
- c) the leaf: PA GIS &i-iq-di (among various leaves) AMT 68.1:18.
- 2. almond a) the nut:  $\hat{u} \, \delta i iq da$ am šūbilam also, send me almonds YOS 2 117:30 (OB let.); (various plants and arou giš šuq-di 11 ú.meš annûti ištēniš tasāk ina lipî tušabšal and almond, you crush these eleven herbs together and cook them in tallow (for a potion) Köcher BAM 116:12; [...] GIŠ.KÍN.MI GIŠ  $ec{s}i ext{-}iq ext{-}du$  giš  $aec{s} ext{-}bu$  šim. $ext{HAL}$  šim. $ext{GAM.MA}$ (etc., for a potion) ibid. 322:66;  $1\frac{1}{2}$  SìLA sún la halsa ša libbi giš šuq-di one and one-half silas of unstrained mash made from almonds Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 28 KAR 220 i 16: note as a decoration: ištêt tilimti hurāși ša ši-iq-du [. . .] ištêt tilimti hurāși ša ajari šendet one gold tilimtu vase [embossed] with almond(-shaped decorations), one gold tilimtu vase embossed with rosettes RAcc. 76:12.
- b) the oil: see Hh. XXIV, Practical Vocabulary Elam, in lex. section; 3 sila i ši-iq-dum RA 73 30 No. 24:2, cf. BIN 8 318:3, 339:3; ì ši-iq-tu šakan ITT 5 6667:5; lìma-at-[kum] šakan . . . lìši-iq-dum šakan one jar of sweet (almond?) oil, one jar of (bitter) almond oil RTC 109 r. 4; lšakan ì ši-iq-dim dùg.ga one jar of sweet almond oil RTC 215:1, for other OAkk. refs., see MAD 3 282 f.; l (BÁN) GIŠ šu-uq-du-ma one seah of almond (oil?) MRS 12 159:4.

The identification of  $\check{siqdu}$  with  $Amyg^z$  dalus communis (almond) is based on etymology, cf. Heb.  $\check{saq\bar{e}d}$ , Aram.  $\check{sigd\bar{a}}$ , Syr.  $\check{segd\bar{a}}$ , see Löw Flora 3 142 ff. For the NA word for almond, dukdu or duqdu, see the refs. cited sub *luddu A.

šiqittu s.; almond; Nuzi, SB; cf. šiqdu, šuqdānu.

GIŠ.LAM×KUR = [ši]qdu, [ši-qit]-tum Hh. III 61 f.; eš giš.LAM×KUR = lammu, šiqdu, ši-qit-tú, lupānu Diri II 223 ff., cf. Sb I 218; giš.ši.iq.du, giš. ši.qi.tum (var. ši.qid.du) = šu Hh. III 238 f. tí ši-qit-tum: tí nušhu Uruanna II 513.

- a) the tree and its wood: hibištu Kur Hašur Kur erēni bi-šit giš.erin giš šur=mēni giš ši-qit-ti giš supāli (see supālu usage a) BBR No. 75-78:7; 20 gú giš ši-qi-it-tum (among other woods, as iškaru delivery) HSS 13 110:1.
- b) the nut(?): (if a man suffers from bīp libbi, he should wear in a leather bag) Ú ši-qit-tú imbū tâmti (etc.) Köcher BAM 316 iii 14 and parallels 317 r. 17, STT 95:145, wr. GIŠ ši-qit-tú Köcher BAM 311:6, cf. also Ú ši-qit-tú (in broken context) ibid. 265:1.

Thompson DAB 253f.

šiqītu s.; irrigation; OB, MB, Bogh., SB; pl. šiqātu; cf. šaqû B v.

pa₅.a.dug₄.ga = &i-qi-tu Hh. XXII Section 8:9; de-e  $\not$  bé = &i-qi-tum (var. di-im  $\not$  bé = &i-si-tum) &i^b II 89.

giš.ù.suḫ5 a.dé.a giš.še.ù.suḫ5 šu.tag.ga (syll. Sum.: a.šu.uḫ ši.da.a še.nu.a.šu.uḫ ši.táq.qa): Giš.ひ.TÚG še-eq-qá-tum (var. ši-iq-qa-ti) ša terinnāta zu'unat a fir tree from an irrigated plot (Sum.: an irrigated fir tree) adorned with fir cones JNES 23 2:36, syll. Sum. and var. from Ugaritica 5 169:38 ff. (from Bogh.), for Hitt. version see Ugaritica 5 p. 774.

AN  $\delta i$ -qi-tum = zu-ri-qa-a-ti 2R 47 ii 14 (astrol. comm.);  $\delta i$ -qi-tu(var. -tum) (var.  $ma\delta q\bar{\imath}tu$ ) = ta-am-tu Malku II 37, var. from von Weiher Uruk 119:39.

a) in gen.: šumma awīlum atappašu ana ši-qi-tim ipte aḥašu iddi if a man was negligent when opening his channel for irrigation (so that he caused his neighbor's field to be washed away) CH § 55:33; ša...nāršu isekkiruma ši-qi-is-su ubbalu whoever (in the future) would dam his canal and (thereby) cause its irrigation system to dry up MDP 6 pl. 10 v 8 (MB kudurru); namkaršu ana ši-qi-ti-im ana mērešti utībma he (the king) improved

šiqlānu šiqlu

its (the field's) canal for irrigation and cultivation MDP 10 pl. 11 i 10, cf. namkar ši-qí-ti-šu-nu [la] sekēri eqlēti šināti ana nakkamti mê la šakāni not to dam up their (the fields') irrigation canal, not to expose these fields to an excess(?) of water ibid. ii 3; ina mê nār ši-qí-ti-šu nušurrā la šakāni ina nār mašqītišu mê la aṣîmma šikitta la šunnîmma not to cause diminution of water in his irrigation canal, nor to let water seep from the canal serving as his irrigation outlet and thereby change the garden plot MDP 2 pl. 22 iii 4 (both MB kudurrus); see also mê šiqāti OIP 2 135:14 (Senn.), cited šīqu A s.

b) contrasted with cultivation through rainfall: summa tēnunamma ša eqel šíqí-ti u eqel ša-me-e mašūtam šūṣamma (see mašūtu) A XII/59:15, cf. eqel ší-qi-ti šāt bēlti ibid. 12 (Susa let., courtesy J. Bottéro); A.ŠĀ IM.AN.NA u ší-qi-ta ša PN ana PN2 nadišši rain(-watered) field and irrigated field which PN has given to PN2 MDP 18 202:10 (= MDP 22 3), also MDP 22 16:7, 137:9, 138:9; A.ŠĀ IM.AN.NA u ší-qi-ta mimma ša a-bi īzibamma MDP 24 382:7, cf. also x A.ŠĀ IM.AN.NA... ší-qi-tum MDP 28 420:2, A.ŠĀ IM.NA... [ší]-qi-ta MDP 23 169:11, x ší-qi-tum MDP 24 348:1.

In ARM 13 133:7 read  $\it ti$ -ku-um, see Durand, MARI 3 137.

### šiqlānu s.; (mng. unkn.); OA.*

1 MA.NA  $\frac{2}{3}$  GÍN KÙ.BABBAR  $i \not s t i$  PN  $s \not t i q - l \not a -$  NUM  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA  $i \not s t i$  PN $_2$  one and two-thirds minas of silver are with PN, a  $\not s$ . (worth?) one-third mina is with PN $_2$  CCT 1 34a:2.

šiqlu s.; 1. shekel (a measure of weight, one sixtieth of a mina, about eight and one-third grams), 2. (a measure of area, one sixtieth of a mušaru, about six tenths of a square meter), 3. (a measure of volume, one sixtieth of a (volume) mušaru, one shekel of area by one cubit, about three tenths of a cubic meter), 4. (a

measure of capacity, one sixtieth of a  $q\hat{u}$ , about twelve and one-third milliliters); from OAkk. on; distributive  $\dot{s}iql\hat{u}$ , locative  $\dot{s}iqlu(m)$ ; wr. syll. and Gín, with graphic variants NI+GIŠ and SU; cf.  $\dot{s}aq\bar{a}lu$ .

gi-ìm GfN = &i-iq-lum MSL 2 149 iii 7 (Proto-Aa), see MSL 14 134; min (= gi-in(text -E)) GfN = &i-iq-li Recip. Ea A ii 25'; gi-in GfN = &i-[iq-lu] A VIII/1:131.

1 gín kaxa =  $\sin$ i-iq-lam la-ta-kam CBS 11319+i 19 (OB lex.), cited MSL 13 247; 6 gín kù. babbar ì.lá. e =  $\sec$ šet  $\sin$ q-lu kaspa isaqqal he will pay six shekels of silver (as annual rent) Hh. II 56; giš (var. adds.níg).10. gín MSL 6 151:102 (Forerunner to Hh. VI-VII), also (with 5, 3, 2, 1 gín) ibid. 102a-d; kin-gu-sil-la 50 =  $\frac{h}{2}$ a-an- $\frac{\pi}{2}$ a- $\frac{\pi}{2}$ i- $\frac{\pi}{2}$ l(var. - $\frac{\pi}{2}$ i- $\frac{\pi}{2}$ l) A II/4:205, var. from Ea II 176; [kin-gu-sil-la] [ $\frac{\pi}{2}$ ] =  $\frac{h}{2}$ a-[an]- $\frac{\pi}{2}$ á  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ i- $\frac{\pi}{2}$ li A I/8:233; na₄.  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . g [ $\frac{\pi}{2}$ ] n = NA₄ MA.NA  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ ehr =  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ ullulti  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ q- $\frac{\pi}{2}$ lim Hg. E 20 and Hg. B IV 97, in MSL 10 32.

- 1. shekel (a measure of weight, one sixtieth of a mina, about eight and one-third grams) a) writings 1' syll.: distributive: śalaštam kù.BABBAR śi-iq-la-a . . . idinšunūšim give them three shekels of silver each BIN 7 220:6 (OB let.); note the learned writing 10 šiq₄-lì abāram 15 šiq₄-lì erâm Oppenheim Glass 63:1f.; ši-qil zūz zukî a shekel and a half of zukū glass ibid. 16, also ibid. 5 and 33 (MB).
- 2' GÍN: passim, note 8 GÍN.MEŠ VAS 1 90:7, ADD 812:4, and passim in NA in the pl., see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. 65.
- 3' SU (graphic variant of GÍN): 1 GAL KÙ.BABBAR 10 SU ša PN inūma ištu maḥar RN illikam one silver cup (weighing) ten shekels, belonging to PN, (given) when he returned from Hammurapi ARM 7 117:14 and passim, wr. SU, in Mari, Alalakh, Nuzi, EA.
- 4' NI+GIŠ (KISAL, graphic variant of GÍN): ana 1 MA.NA z[uk]î 16 NI+GIŠ [tuz]kû 10 NI+GIŠ  $ab\bar{a}$ [ra x NI+GIŠ] anz zahha  $\frac{1}{2}$  NI+GIŠ  $lu[l\hat{a}]$  Oppenheim Glass 53  $\S$  Q 17 ff. and passim in glass texts, see ibid. p. 28 n. 46; you mix together 10 NI+GIŠ  $q\bar{e}m$  kibti 10 NI+GIŠ  $isq\bar{u}qu$  10 NI+GIŠ  $kukr\hat{u}$  10 NI+GIŠ  $kas\hat{u}$  10 NI+GIŠ zfd.MUNU_x CT 23 42 ii 8 f. (med.), also AMT 15,3:19, Ebeling Par-

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fümrez. p. 42:27, 31, p. 45:21, and note (beside GÍN) Köcher BAM 574 i 28, cited disc. section.

- b) qualifications 1' in gen.: ina 1 GÍN TUR nadānu ina 1 GÍN GAL-i leqê giving with a small shekel-weight, but taking with a large shekel-weight (parallel: large and small manû and sūtu) Šurpu VIII 65; x su <kas>-pu NA4 GN 24 shekels of silver by the weight of Alalakh Wiseman Alalakh 48:2; x su kù.[BABBAR kas]pu NA4 URU Ḥalab ibid. 33:1 (both MB); ša 5 GÍN qudāsi hurāṣi ina libbi ša GN a gold ring (weighing) five shekels by (the standard) of Carchemish Postgate Palace Archive 1:15; 10 GÍN.MEŠ ina ša māt Gargāmiš ibid. 215:19, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. p. 65 f.
- 2' in definitions of silver alloys: ½ MA.NA kaspu ša ina 1 GÍN hallūru one-half mina of silver which is ninety percent pure (lit. with one-tenth shekel (of alloy) in one shekel) BE 10 124:1, and correct this ref. s.v. hallūru; for other refs. see bitqu mng. 6c, hummušu num., and girû A usage b.
- c) in expressions of exchange rates and interest rates - 1' one shekel (of silver or gold) as standard of value: 1 GUR še'um ana 1 GÍN kaspim Goetze LE § 1 A i 8, also ibid. 9-17; ITI.BI maḥīr še'im. . . ina qīt arḥi  $3 \text{ (BÁN) } 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ SÌLA } ka\text{-}si 1 \text{ (GUR) } sahlê 2 \text{ (BÁN)}$ šamaššammī 1 (BÁN) šipāti [X] MA ana 1 gín kaspi galû in that month one shekel of refined silver bought, at the end of the month, three seahs and one and one-half silas of barley, one gur of kasû spice, two seahs of cress seed, one seah of linseed, (or) [x] minas of wool Sachs-Hunger Diaries -321:15, cf. -277 A 7, and passim in astron. diaries; KI.LAM 2 GÍN.TA.ÀM ana ½ GÍN. TA. AM GAR] (see mahīru mng. 3e) ACh. Supp. Ištar 48:4, dupl. BPO 2 26 K.6991:2, cf. [...] 2 GÍN.TA.ÀM (var. ana 2 GÍN.ÀM) KÙ. BABBAR Ì.GÁL Sm. 1044:6, var. from ACh Supp. 55:9, for other refs. see mahīru mng. 3a and 3e and sahlû mng. 2b.
- 2' in expressions of interest rates or surcharges: máš 1 gín igi.5.gál še.ta. àm = şibat 1 GÍN IGI.5.GÁL.TA.ÀM, máš 10 gin 2 gin.ta.àm = MIN 10 Gin 2GÍN.TA.ÀM, máš 1 ma.na 12 gín.ta. àm = min 1 ma.na 12 gín.ta.àm Ai. II i 41-43; 10 GÍN  $\frac{1}{3}$  GÍN AN.NA MÁŠ.DAH. HÉ.DAM he will add one-third shekel of tin (as interest) on (each) ten shekels (of CT 8 37b:12 (OB); așșēr 1 mana'im ša kārim ½ GIN-um ta'urma to each mina (by the weight) of the kāru one-half shekel is added (as surcharge) TCL 21 213:34 (OA), (also with distributive adverbial ending, wr. Gfn-um) MVAG 33 No. 226:36, BIN 6 238:4, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 61-68; 1 GÍN (var. GÍN-um) IGI.6.GÁL u6 še sibtam ussab (see asābu mng. 1b-2') Goetze LE § 18A A ii 6, var. from B i 19; for other OB and OA refs. see sibtu A mng. 1; 2(?) GÍN ana 1 MA.NA irabbi (if the creditor does not repay the loan on time) there will be interest at the rate of two(?) shekels per mina ADD 117 left edge 2, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 38; note: KÙ. BABBAR.MEŠ  $ana \frac{1}{2}$  GÍN-Šú irabbi ADD 34:4 and 103 r. 2; for other expressions in NA see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. p. 40ff.; ana muhhi manê 10 GÍN kaspu hubullu ina muh: hišu irabbi on each mina ten shekels of silver will accrue as interest TuM 2-3 43:4 and passim in NB, see Petschow Pfandrecht 11.
- 3' in other expressions of price or equivalence: 15 GÍN.TA 30 MA.NA anna=kam aš'amakkum I bought for you thirty minas of tin at 15 shekels (of tin) for each (shekel of silver) CCT 4 17b:6 (OA); in Sum. formulation: 1 sar.e 1 gín kù.babbar in.na.an.lá he paid him one shekel of silver for each mušaru (of real estate) MAOG 4 291:21 (OB); PN amtija ana šīmi kīma 20 su kù.babbar.MEŠ...it-ta-dinim-mi I(!) have sold my slave PN for a price (in goods) equivalent to twenty shekels of silver HSS 9 25:3, cf. ibid. 9 and 11; 20 še.gur giš.bán 5 sìla šám 6 gín kù.gi twenty gur of barley (measured)

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by the five-sila seah measure, the equivalent of six shekels of gold (as purchase price of a slave) BE 14 1:11 (MB); 1 GUR utztatu ša 3 GfN kaspi ina idīšu one gur of barley worth three shekels of silver as his wages TuM 2-3 34:12 (NB); 2 (PI) 3 (BÁN) utṭatu šīm 1 GfN kaspi ša ana nūnī nadnu x barley, the equivalent of one shekel of silver, which was paid for fish BE 8/1 158:25 (NB).

d) in idiomatic use (a shekel indicating a trifling amount): abī atta ša 1 gín kas: pam ubbalu kīma ahhīka ul tušābilam you, my father, did not send to me, as (you did to?) your brothers, anything worth even a single shekel of silver CT 2 12:28; ana minim kaspam lu 1 gfn lu 2 gfn la tušābilim why have you (fem.) not sent us a shekel or two of silver? PBS 7 17:8 (both OB letters); thirty years ago you left Assur matima ula taškunamma kasapka 1 GÍN ula nisbatma you have never made (a payment?), but we never took a single shekel of your silver TCL 191:9, cf. ibid. 17; kaspum 1 gín ana akālija laššu there is not one shekel of silver for my sustenance CCT 2 47a:23; 1 GIN [kaspam] ša be'ulātija agmu[r] I spent every last shekel of my working capital ibid. 47b: 26; ina eqlim ša i<ta>hhiuma kù.babbar 1 gín ša ilaqqeu iššariąšum (see šarāqu A mng. 4a) TCL 14 21:13, see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 182; obscure: 3 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ana 2 eriggā:  $tim \ a-di \ Gfn \ asqul \ BIN 4 130:2$  (all OA); 1 gín ½ gín ana memēni la addan I do not give a penny (lit. one shekel, a half shekel) to anybody ABL 992 r. 12, cf. 1 GÍN ½ GÍN memēni ana memēni la ihbil VAT 1444:8, cited Deller, WZKM 57 41 n. 31, cf. also PN 1½ GÍN kaspa ana PN2 la umatti PN did not underpay PN2 by even half a shekel ADD 102 r. 3, 1 GfN ½ GfN ina muhhi  $la r\bar{e}\langle he \rangle$  VAT 10050a:10,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN  $la r\bar{e}he$ VAT 16512:10 and VAT 8737:7, but memēni la rehe VAT 14451:11 (all NA), all cited Deller, WZKM 57 41; ina qabalti mātija gammalī ina 1 gín ½ gín kaspi išammu ina bāb

maḥīri in the heart of my country (Assyria) they could buy camels at the market gate for a shekel or less Streck Asb. 76 ix 48, see Weippert, WO 7 46 n. 30.

e) other occs.:  $1 paš \langle \tilde{s}\bar{u} \rangle ru \text{ K}\dot{v}$ . BABBAR uhhuz 1 šušši su kù.babbar ina libbišu nadi one table edged with silver, sixty shekels of silver were used on it EA 22 iii 11, also ibid. i 30, 25 iii 67 and iv 22, cf. 1 ME SU KÙ.GI EA 25 iii 73 and ii 42, 1 līm SU EA 29:34 (all letters of Tušratta); for shekels counted by sixties, hundreds, and thousands, see Nougayrol, MRS 6 p. 223 and MRS 12 154 sub "Poids et mesures"; mār tamkāri ina harrān illaku ina 1 gín 1 ma.na uttar (see atāru mng. 2a) CT 31 35 obv. (!) 9 (SB ext.); [ana ...] ultu muhhi 1000 gun adi 1 gin šub= šulimma to melt down (metal vessels ranging) from a thousand talents to a single shekel (in order to cast statues) OIP 2 141 r. 3 (coll.);  $k\hat{\imath}$   $pitiq \frac{1}{2}$  GIN.TA.ÀM (see ze'pu mng. 2) ibid. 109 vii 18 and 123:29 (Senn.); (PN bought a field) ina libbi 30 GÍN.MEŠ Ša 1 MA.NA ½ KÙ.BABBAR for thirty shekels of silver, that is, one half of one mina(?) ADD 386:8; 1 GÍN šalšu 1 GIN kaspi one and one-third shekels of silver TuM 2-3 21:3 and 7, but  $\frac{1}{3}$  GfN 5 25 shekels of silver GÍN kaspu 655:1 and often in NB, see San Nicolò-Petschow Babylonische Rechtsurkunden p. 7 n. 12; 5 GÍN (inscription on a weight weighing 40.6 grams) BIN 2 18; NA₄ ²/₃ GÍN GI.NA NÍG ^dUTU (inscription on a weight weighing 5.3 grams) BIN 2 20, see RA 24 72 f.; for coined silver weighed in minas and shekels, see istatirru.

2. (a measure of area, one sixtieth of a mušaru, about six tenths of a square meter): A.ŠA.BI 1 (BÙR) 2 (BAD) 4 GÁN  $2\frac{2}{3}$  SAR  $6\frac{2}{3}$  GÍN its area (of the square) is one buru, two eblu's, four  $ik'\hat{u}$ 's, two and two-thirds mušaru's, and six and two-thirds shekels MCT 10 NCBT 1913:5 and passim in math. texts;  $14\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN 21 ŠE É.DÙ. A (part of an inheritance to be divided)

šiqlu

Grant Bus. Doc. 18:1 and passim in OB real estate transactions.

3. (a measure of volume, one sixtieth of a (volume) mušaru, one shekel of area by one cubit, about three tenths of a cubic meter): KI.LÁ ½ NINDA.[TA.Å]M AN.TA fB. SI₈ 4 KÙŠ.TA.ÅM KI.〈TA〉 fB.SI₈ ½ NINDA BÙR SAḤAR.BI EN.NAM «1» 1 SAR 5 GÍN SAḤAR.BI what is the volume of an excavation of which the upper square sides are each one-half NINDA, the lower square sides are each four cubits, (and) the depth is one-half NINDA? its volume is one mušaru and five shekels MCT 60 Fr. 11 and passim in math.

4. (a measure of capacity, one sixtieth of a  $q\hat{u}$ , about twelve and one-third milliliters): 1 (BÁN) 1 sìla  $\frac{5}{6}$  (MA.NA)  $2\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN î.Nun one seah, one sila,  $52\frac{1}{2}$  shekels of ghee BE 14 137:11, also ibid. 52:14 (MB), cf. (in descending order of magnitude) two-thirds sila, one-half sila, one-third sila, 15 GÍN, ten GÍN, two GÍN, one GÍN, one-half GÍN Or. NS 29 279 CBS 10996 ii 20f. (MB list of key numbers); KI.LAM  $\frac{1}{2}$  Sìla ana 1 GÍN GUR Rm. 2,521:9 and dupl. BM 46236:21; for GÍN =  $\frac{5iqlu}{2}$  as a measure of bricks (twelve bricks of any standard size) in OB and earlier, see Neugebauer and Sachs, MCT 94 f.

For the writings 10 gin-tum, 10 gintim, and 10 gfn-i-a in OA, and for 1 GÍN-tum (error for 1 GÍN.TA.ÀM) 9221:15 (= MVAG 33 No. 90, translit. only) see ešartu s. and Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 58. Note, however, a-ší-um 10 gín-li ak= kaspim utarma I will convert ten shekels of(?) ašiu metal into silver CCT 5 2a:40, şubātī 10 gín.ta u 5.ta uššerma I let the garments go for only five or ten shekels apiece TCL 4 31:25, mannum ša an= nakam kaspam 10 gín ula 5 gín išaqqulu TCL 20 109:12, references which indicate that not all OA occurrences of 10 GIN are to be read esartum. For the graphic variant su in Mari and the West see Bottéro, ARMT 7 347, Lacheman, JAOS 57 182, Zaccagnini, JAOS 96 273.

In medical texts which list the dosage of ingredients in GIN and fractions thereof. it is not certain whether the measure meant is one of capacity or of weight, even when it refers to liquids (mostly oil, honey, rarely also beer): ina 5 gin šamni u šikari tašaggīšu you have him drink (the medicine) in five shekels of oil and beer Köcher BAM 578 ii 58, parallel to  $ina \frac{1}{2}$  sìla šamni u šikari ibid. 60, and passim in med.; note: ½ sìla mê suluppī ½ sìla mê kasî (GAZI.SAR) 10 NI+GIŠ tābāte 3 GÍN šamna halşa 2 GÍN dišpa Köcher BAM 574 i 28, parallel 575 iv 49, also ibid. 49:15f., 51:5f. In the last citation (= Küchler Beitr. p. 4 = pl. 1 i 28) the isolated use of NI+GIŠ (KISAL) beside GIN is probably an error induced by the use of GAZI in the same line. In other texts, NI+GIŠ, like SU in peripheral texts, is a graphic variant of GfN, see Oppenheim Glass 28 n. 46. In AMT 41.1 iv 30 (cited AHw. 485 s.v. kisal), read KI sahu-ni, with new copy in Köcher BAM 579, see sahunu.

For talents of 3,000 shekels rather than 3,600 shekels in RS, see Thureau-Dangin, Syria 15 141; for shekels ranging between 10 and 13 grams in Palestine and elsewhere in the western Near East, see Barrois, RB 41 (1932) 71f. and Dossin, RA 31 134f.

Thureau-Dangin, JA 1909 93 ff. and RA 18 137 f.

šiqpu see šiqbu.

šiqqatu see šikkatu A and E.

šiqqu (šīqu) s.; garum (a brine or sauce made of fish or locusts); OB, MB, SB; wr. syll. and AL. Ús. SA.

dug.al.ús.sa = MIN (= kar-pat) ši-iq-qí Hh. X 327, cf. dug.al.ús.sa = kar-pat šiq-qí = kar-pat ta-ba-a-ti Hg. A II 74, in MSL 7 110; [dug]. su-ur§A×A = MIN (= e-se-en-nu-u) šá DUG ši-iq-qí Nabnitu XXII 190.

&i-[iq]-qi (var. &i-i-qa) = za-an-nu Köcher Pflanzenkunde p. 8 No. 32b i 32, and dupls., var. from ibid. 22 ii 39 (= Uruanna III 501); Al. &i-iq &i-

šiqqu *šiqtu B

a) as a household staple: 5 sìla šiiq-qá-am u 2 (BÁN) tābātim lilqe'am she should buy five silas of fish sauce and two seahs of vinegar for me YOS 2 144:6 (OB let.); 1 MUG 40 SÌLA nīnû ša ana DUG. HI.A AL. ÚS. SA. NE mullîm . . . innašru (see nīnû usage a) TCL 1 173:3, cf., wr. DUG. AL.LU.ÚS.SA CBS 426:1 (courtesy M. Stol); X SÌLA ZÍD.DA I SÌLA ši-iq-qá damqa I SÌLA 3 [GÍN sam] $\bar{i}na$ [m d]amigtam 1 SÌLA  $ag[ar]inn[a \ \S]u-[x-u]r-tam$  (see  $sam\bar{i}nu$ ) TLB 4 36:9; aššum ši-iq-qí u tābāti ša ištu PN illikamma ši-ig-gú la lubbuku cerning the fish sauce and vinegar which arrived from PN, the fish sauce is not moistened TLB 4 37:4 ff., cf. ši-iq-qa lub= bika ibid. 11, ši-iq-qú u tābātum ihhattīma minam nikkal if the fish sauce and the vinegar spoil, what will we eat? ibid. 15, cf. ibid. 19; 2 SÌLA ši-qum SIG5 1 SÌLA šiqum UŠ ibid. 110:10f.; 1 SÌLA  $\delta i-q\acute{u}-um$ uštābilakkim I am sending you (fem.) (various flours, two combs, and) one sila of fish sauce VAS 16 22:36, cf. ibid. 43; šiqa-am ni-ša-ka-ak-ma zanzarni ul [nīšu] we . . . . the fish sauce, but [we have no] zanzar (spice?) Sumer 14 40 No. 17:15 (Harmal let.), cf.  $t\bar{e}m$  DAM.GAR.MEŠ  $ina\ pa-ni\ [x\ x]$ ši-iq-qá-am ina paniki šu-[uk-ki] Kraus, AbB 5 10:12'; 2 (BÁN) 5 SÌLA  $\dot{s}i$ - $q\acute{u}$ -um UCP 10 142 No. 70: 29 (all OB); 4 (BÁN) ZÚ.LUM.MA  $sig_5$  and &i-iq-qiPN ma-hi-[i]r PN received four seahs of fine dates for fish sauce UM 29-13-437:2 (MB econ., courtesy J. A. Brinkman); [šumma kulbābū] ina bīt amēli ina karpat ši-iq-qi innamru if ants are seen in a man's house in a pot of garum (followed by ina karpat ţābāti in a pot of vinegar) KAR 376 r. 22 (SB Alu).

b) as an ingredient in med.:  $t\bar{a}b\bar{a}ti$  dannāti AL.ÚS.SA kasî kabrūti išatti he drinks strong vinegar, thick fish sauce (containing) kasû Küchler Beitr. pl. 14 (= Köcher BAM 578) i 15; AL.ÚS.SA BURU5 ina mê nurmî išatti he drinks garum made with locusts in pomegranate juice AMT 59,1 i 27; mê kasî mê suluppī šamna ķalşa

AL. ÚS. SA BURU, ÍD. DA Ú. UD tasák ina šizbi išatti ibid. 21, cf. AL.ÚS.SA KU6 ina mê la patān išatti ibid. 26; note al.lu.ús. sa.a ku6, al.lu.ús.sa.a sig5 ku6, al. lu.ús.sa.a buru₅ ku₆ = ši-iq-qu Arnaud Emar 6 555: 38ff. (Hh. XVIII), ef. Hh. XVIII 79d-h (Forerunner from RS); if a man has heartburn AL.ÚS.SA *tābāti išatti* he drinks fish sauce and vinegar AMT 39,1 (= Köcher BAM 579) i 10, also Küchler Beitr. pl. 10 (= Köcher BAM 575) iii 5, Köcher BAM 116 r. 11, ½ SÌLA ši-qa tašaqqīšu Küchler Beitr. pl. 1 (= Köcher BAM 574) i 30; note applied topically: AL.ÚS.SA tušabšal taşammissuma iballut you boil fish sauce, bandage him (with the poultice), and he will get well Köcher BAM 3 iv 9, cf. ibid. 482 ii 4, cf. AMT 23,2:12 and dupl. 28,7:7, also 78,1 iii 17, (for an enema) 94,2 (= Köcher BAM 471 i) 6, Wr. &i-qa Köcher BAM 49:15 and 51:5.

Landsberger, MSL 8/2 108f.

šiqtu A (or šiktu) s.; scales, slag; MB, MA, SB.

la-ga- $\acute{u}$   $\acute{s}i$ -ik-tum Lambert BWL 54:33 (Ludlul Comm.).

- a) in med.:  $\S umma \ am\bar{e}lu \ \S A.MES-\S u$   $i\S aruma \ \S i-ik-tu \ x-[x]-u$  if a man's bowels are loose and  $\S ...$  PBS  $1/2 \ 111:1 \ (MB, = K \ Cher BAM \ 395), cf. <math>\S i-ik-tu \ ka(?)-qu-u$  K  $Cher BAM \ 401:21 \ (med. \ comm., = ZA \ 10 \ 197:21).$
- b) in chem.: 1 NI+GIŠ NA₄.AN.ZAḤ mesāta ši-iq-tu tuzkû one shekel of washed anzaḥhu glass, š., (and) tuzkû glass Oppenheim Glass 48 § 18:11; ši-qàt-ka anniu kî a-li-x zu'uz KAR 220 i 6, see Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 28 (MA).

See also šīgu B.

In BVW (= Ebeling Wagenpferde) 20:8 the reading of the signs as  $\delta i$ -ik-tu- $\delta u$ -nu is uncertain and the context is broken.

*šiqtu B (or *š $\bar{i}qu$ ) s.; (a song); SB*; pl.  $\dot{s}iq\bar{a}tu$ .

šiqû

šīgu B

2 ši-qa-tu šu-me-ru two š.-songs, Sumerian KAR 158 r. viii 37 (catalog).

šiq $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$  see  $\tilde{siqu}$  A.

šīqu A (šiqû) s.; irrigation; Nuzi, MA, SB, NA; cf. šaqû B v.

- a) with ref. to the process of irrigation: mukīn mê ši-qa-a-ti ina qarbāti Aššur ša ultu ūme pani ķirīti u ši-qi ina Aššur mam: man la *imuru* who enduringly provided the fields of Assur with irrigation water, (i.e.) irrigation canals or irrigation such as no one had seen in Assur since days of old OIP 2 136:15 (Senn.), cf. nišūšu mê ši-qi la idâma ana zunni tīk šamê turruşa īnāšin its inhabitants did not know (how to use) water for irrigation, they used to wait for rain to fall from the sky ibid. 79:7; šumma mû ša Adad ša ana ši-i-qí ana ša: kāni illukūni ibašši if there is sufficient rainwater for irrigation KAV 2 vi 22 (Ass. Code B § 18), cf. ibid. 3 (§ 17).
- b) with ref. to irrigated plots -1' in Nuzi: PN 2 ANŠE A.ŠÀ ši-i-qa...  $ana q\bar{i}$ šti: šu iddin PN gave (PN2) two homers of irrigable field as his present JEN 439:3, ef. JEN 5:5, wr.  $\delta i$ - $q\acute{u}$  HSS 9 113:4, JEN 67:7, 421:4, and passim, note: 2 ANSE šiqa ina ah atappi JEN 422:5; A.ŠA (la)  $\delta i$ -(i-) qa (in an exchange transaction) JEN 240: 7, 244: 7, 484: 5, and passim, Wr. A.ŠA  $\dot{s}i$ - $q\acute{u}$ - $\acute{u}$  HSS 5 56:5, HSS 9 106:3, JEN 209:4, and passim, wr. &i-qa-a JEN 11:4, 176:7; they went to court assum x A.sa si-qi-i JEN 659:4; 3 ANŠE kibātu ši-qú-ú three homers of irrigated wheat fields HSS 9 32:11, cf. x ANŠE A.Š $\lambda$ (.MEŠ)  $\delta i - q \acute{u} - u$  ibid. 1, 6, 7, 9, summarized as annûtu A.ŠA.MEŠ ša  $ši-q\acute{u}-\acute{u} u \text{ A.ŠÀ.MEŠ}-tum ša PN la <math>
  ši-q\acute{u}-\acute{u}$ ibid. 13 ff.; annûtu GIŠ.SAR.MEŠ ša warki ša ši-qú-ú u kirû ša warki ša PN la še-qí these are the orchards that are behind (PN2's property) which are irrigated, however the orchard behind those of PN is not irrigated ibid. 29 ff., cf. ibid. 19 and 21, cf. x A.ŠÀ.MEŠ . . . Ša ši-gu JEN 252:7, ša ši-

 $q\acute{u}-\acute{u}$  JENu 736:10; x A.ŠÀ.MEŠ ina la  $\acute{s}i-q\acute{\iota}$  x fields in an area inaccessible to irrigation JEN 315:6; ina A.ŠÀ.HI.A  $\acute{s}i-q\acute{\iota}-i$  . . . izuzzu u ina A.ŠÀ.HI.A la  $\acute{s}i-i-q\acute{\iota}-i$  abuja PN 2- $\acute{s}u$  ileqqe they will share (equally) in the irrigated fields, but from the non-irrigated fields my father PN will take a double share JEN 166:7 and 9, x A.ŠĀ  $\acute{s}i-qa$  . . . x A.ŠĀ la  $\acute{s}i-qa$  JEN 269:4 and 8, wr. (la)  $\acute{s}i-q\acute{u}-\acute{u}$  JEN 480:7 and 10, exchange of two A.ŠĀ la  $\acute{s}i-qa$  JEN 173:9, and passim.

- 2' in NA: 6 GIŠ.SAR.MEŠ ši-qi A.MEŠ ina nagî Arrapha ADD 419:6, coll. Parpola, Assur 2 173; bīt 30 ANŠE A.ŠA bīt ši-[qi] an estate consisting of a thirty-homer field, an irrigated estate Postgate Palace Archive 64:8, cf. ADD 515:4; X ANŠE A.ŠA bīt ši-qi ADD 418:9, cf. ibid. 453:4.
- 3' in SB: (the diqdiqqu bird settling on an elephant said) ina  $\delta i$ -qi  $m\hat{e}$  e-ra-[x-(x)] I can settle(?) at the irrigated (plot?) Lambert BWL 218 iii 51; ina lumun A[N.MI]  $\delta i$ -i-qi (among celestial portents) CT 41 23 i 5' (namburbi), see Ebeling, RA 48 10, cf. lu-u AN.MI  $\delta u$ lpaea lu-u AN.MI  $\delta i$ -i-qi K.8091+ ii 12', cf.  $\delta i$ -i-qu  $/\!\!/$  MUL  $/\!\!/$  MUL.MU. BU.KÉŠ.DA dA-num ra-bu-u  $\delta a$  AN-e dNi-i-ri BM 38271:6f. (namburbi comm., courtesy I. L. Finkel).

For Nuzi refs. see Zaccagnini Rural Landscape 107 f.

#### šīgu B s.; (an eczema); SB.

x.zé.gig = &i-i-qu MSL 9 96:197 (SB list of diseases).

- a) on skin or lips: šumma ina libbišu ši-qu(var. -GA) ina libbi īnīšu qū arqūtu ipriku if there is š. on(?) his abdomen and green filaments crisscross his eyes Labat TDP 120 ii 34, cf. šaptāšu ši-GA nadā ibid. 31.
- b) other occs.: [ult]u hašê dappi ...  $\dot{si}$ -i-qu ...  $\dot{sa}$ ri ...  $\dot{sa}$ ri ...  $\dot{sa}$ ri ...  $\dot{sa}$ ri ti is in the lungs that  $\dot{sa}$ pu,

§., flatulence, fury, leprosy(?), (and) şinnah tīri originate Hunger Uruk 43:21; šii-qú šaššatu (in enumeration of diseases) Ugaritica 5 17:27 (inc.); UD.5.KAM . . . karāša sahlê la ikkal ši-qu işabbassu on the fifth day (of the seventh month) he must not eat leek or cress, lest he fall ill with &. KAR 177 r. i 25, cf. KAR 147:25 and dupls. KAR 177 r. iii 43, Iraq 21 50:25, also UD.5.KAM . . . bi-šir sahlê la ikkal ši-i-qu [işabbassu] CT 51 161 r. 24, AMT 6,6:11 (all hemer.), see Landsberger, MSL 9 107f.; note in pharm.: [Ú an]dahšum : šammi ši-qi parāsi : ina šikari šagû the andahšu crocus is a medication for s.-disease, to drink with beer STT 92 ii 19, cf. (referring to other herbs) ibid. 15-18 and parallels Köcher BAM 1 ii 37-40, CT 14 36 K.4187:13-16, cf. Ú arantu Ú ši-i-qí ina *šizib atāni šaqû* Köcher BAM 379 iv 6;  $[\circlearrowleft]$  *im*= hur-lim & ši-qí & tarmuš AMT 97,6:5; uncert.:  $\circlearrowleft$  [ši]-qi (var. [ši /]) :  $\circlearrowleft$  x-[qa]qi-[li] (var. GIŠ.SUḤ.X), Ú.IGI.LIM:  $\acute{u}$ -riia-a-hu Köcher Pflanzenkunde 31 r. 13 f., var. from ibid. 30b iii 9.

**šīqu C** s.; (a measure of capacity); OB, SB; pl.  $\delta \bar{i} q \bar{a} t u$ ; cf.  $\delta \hat{e} q u$ .

- a) referring to the measuring vessel—
  1' in adm.: 2 (PI) ŠE GIŠ.BÁN GIŠ Šiiq ŠU.TI.[A] PN Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 204:3,
  cf. ibid. 11 (OB).
- 2' in lit.: ṣābit GIŠ.BÁN ēpiš ṣil[ipti] nādin ši-qa-a-ti ana biri'ji (var. adds la) mušaddin atra he who practices fraud as he holds the seah measure, lending by the medium š.-measure (but) (var. adds: not) collecting by the larger one Lambert BWL 132:113 (hymn to Šamaš).
- b) as administrative term -1' šiq mes šeqim: x barley ši-iq mes eqim kabri JCS 34 170 No. 28:3 (Larsa), cf. ši-i-iq mes eqim raqqim van Lerberghe OB Texts 20 CBS 341:2 and 24; for other OB refs. (all from Sippar) see mes equal e
- **2'**  $\check{siq}$   $q\bar{a}tim$ : GIŠ  $\check{s}i$ -iq ŠU Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 202: 1, also ibid. 17, 203: 6, r. 11 f., 205 r. 14,

cf., Wr. GIŠ  $\delta i$ -iq  $q\acute{a}$ -ti ibid. 204:1 f. and r. 13, 1 (PI) 1 (BÁN) ŠE GIŠ.BÁN GIŠ  $\delta i$ -iq  $q\acute{a}$ -tim YOS 12 372:7.

In TCL 17 33:5 and 15 read IGI.SA GN. Veenhof, Mélanges Birot 303 f.

šīqu see šiqqu and *šiqtu B.

širaku see širiku and širku A.

šir'am see siriam.

šir'annu see siriam.

šir'ānu s.; (a word for son); OAkk.(?). ši-ir-a-nu (var. šir-a-nu) = māru Malku I 157.

Si-ir- $\mu$ A- $n\acute{u}m$  (personal name) MAD 5 5:3.

Possibly "little frog," cf. Arab. šarġ.

šir'ānu see šer'ānu.

širdanu see šerdanu.

širgû (or širkû) adj.; adorned; OAkk.* si-ir-ku-a idāšu his arms are adorned

(with jewels) MAD 58:25 (inc.), see von Soden, ZA 62 273 f. and Civil, Or. NS 56 235.

širhānu (šerhānu) s.; flooding(?); syn. list.*

ši-ir-ḥa-nu (var. še-er-ḥa-nu), gipšu = agû Malku II 49 f., var. from von Weiher Uruk 119:51.

širhānu see šerhānu.

širhu see šer'u.

širiam see siriam.

širiānu s.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi.*

(x barley) ana ši-ri-a-nu ana PN nadnu for š. given to PN (a baker) HSS 16 117:12, cf. (emmer, wheat, and barley) ša ši-[ri-a]-nu ana šukunu ina MN ša ana qāti širiātu širiktu

PN (same person) ana  $q\bar{a}ti$  PN₂ nadnu ibid. 129:4.

širiātu s. pl.(?); (a type of bread); NA.

DUG aṣūdu ḥarše zamri 3 sapulḥi 6 SìLA NINDA.MEŠ ši-ri-at a pot of preserves of ḥaršu and zamru fruits, three sapulḥu's, six silas of š.-breads ADD 1024 r. 6, cf. ibid. 1003 r. 6, 1017 r. 5, 1018 r. 9, 1022 r. 6, cf. DUG massītu ḥarše zamri 4 sapulḥi 1 (BÁN) NINDA.MEŠ ši-ri-at RA 69 182:30.

### širik-ilūtu see širki-ilūtu.

**Siriktu** (*šeriktu*) s.; **1.** marriage prestation, **2.** grant, gift, offering; from OB on; wr. syll. and (in NB personal names) RU with phon. complement; cf. *šarāku* A.

[ri-i]g [pal.kab.du = še-ri-ik-[tum], ša-ra-[kum] Proto-Diri Nippur 375f.; [sag.pa.kab.du] = [ši-r]i-ik-du = (Hitt.) i-wa-ru (followed by šarāku) Kagal D Section 12:8; [š]i-ri-ik-tu, min é.a.ba, min é. a.ba-šu, [mi]n(?) ana aš[šati]šu (Sum. column broken) K.4350c:3 ff. (Ai. Appendix), in MSL 1 107.

ní me.lám an.na an.šà.ta sag.ge_x(GÁ).eš mu.un.rig₇.ga: puluḥti melammē Anu ina qereb šamē ana ši-rik-ti (var. ši-rík-te) išrukšu (see šarāku A lex. section) Angim II 11 (= 70); sag.e.eš ḥa. ra.ab.rig₇.ga: ana ši-rik-ti lu šá-rik-ku may (a happy life) be bestowed on you 5R 51 iii 51 f., also ibid. iv 22 f., see Borger, JCS 21 11:32+a and 12:2+c; èš é.an.na.ra £×MI.kù.ga.na sag.giš mu.un.rig₇.eš: ištu...bīt £.AN.NA ellu kiṣṣašu ana ši-rik-tum išrukuši after he (Anu) gave the temple Eanna, his pure sanctuary, as a gift to her (Ištar) TCL 651 r.29 f., see RA 11 149:40; obscure: gú.gar sag.gar: [x]-x-du(?)-ku(?) ši-ri-i[k-tum] ZA 65 194:163 (coll. from photo).

šutlumu, qâšu, ši-rik-tú, paqādu, tullû = nadānu LTBA 2 2:210 ff.

1. marriage prestation — a) dowry (settled by a father on his daughter): if a man intends to divorce his wife who has not borne him sons kaspam mala terhatiša inaddiššim u še-ri-ik-tam ša ištu bīt abiša ublam ušallamšimma he gives her an amount of silver equivalent to her terhatu and refunds to her in full the dowry that she brought from her father's house CH § 138:21, cf. CH § 142:2, § 149:5, (of a šugītu

or nadītu) § 137:81; šumma mussa nudunnām la iddiššim še-ri-ik-ta-ša ušallamušimma ina makkūr bīt mutiša zittam kīma aplim ištēn ilegge if her husband has not made a settlement in her favor, they (the sons) refund her dowry to her in full and she receives one share of her husband's estate equivalent to (that of) an heir CH § 172:9, cf. § 171:81; if a slave of the palace or of a muškēnu marries a free woman and qadum še(var. ši)-ri-ik-tim(var. -ti) ša bīt abiša ana bīt wardim . . . īrubma . . . warkānum: ma . . . ana šīmtim ittalak mārat awīlim še-ri-ik-ta-ša ilegge she enters the slave's house together with the dowry from her father's house, (if) later (the slave) dies, the free woman takes her dowry (and half of their jointly acquired property) CH § 176:75 and 89, see Finkelstein, RÅ 63 19, cf. CH § 176A:11, 172A:36, also (inherited by her sons) § 162:2 and 5, 167:3, 173:47, 174:54, (reverting to her father's estate if she dies childless) § 163:19 and 22, § 164:30; see also (awarded to a šugītu, nadītu, sekretu, or ugbabtu) CH § 178:64, 179:23, 180:47, 181:64, 182:80, 183:4, 184:18 and 27 cited šarāku A mng. 2a; uncert.: (a slave, silver and gold jewelry, and garments) ša PN ana PN, mārtišu ana PA(!).KAB(!).DU-ša (signs read as pi-ti ši-pi-ša Wilcke, Kraus AV 445) iddinu PN3 emuša mahir which PN gave to his daughter ¹PN₂ as her dowry, (and) PN₃, her father-in-law, received (them) YOS 8 154:12 (= Grant Bus. Doc. 65), see Landsberger, OLZ 1922 408.

b) settlement (by a husband on his wife): a wife whose husband has taken her dowry (nudunnû), who has no children, and whose husband has died, receives the full amount of her dowry from her husband's estate, and šum[ma] mussu ši-rik-tum iš[ta]rakšu ši-rik-ti ša m[uti]šu itti nudunnêšu taleqqe if her husband has made a settlement in her favor, she takes her husband's settlement as well as her dowry SBAW 1889 p. 828 (pl. 7) iv 16f. (NB laws); ana kaspi ul inaddin ana ši-rik-ti ul

širiktu širiku

išarrak u ana rēmūtu ul irêmu (see šarāku A mng. 2a) AJSL 27 216 RCT 12 r. 3, cf. ana ši-rik-tum ul išarraku ana kaspi ul inan: dinu Moldenke 1 29:17 (both NB).

- 2. grant, gift, offering (often with ša=rāku) a) given by rulers to gods: [ana ši-ri]k-ti ašruk I dedicated (a chariot to Marduk) Thompson Esarh. pl. 14 i 45 (Asb.), for other refs. see šarāku A mng. 1a; for the dedication of persons see ADD 641:9, ADD 640:11, VAB 4 62 iii 17 (Nabopolassar), cited šarāku A mng. 1b; (herds) ši-rik-[ti] a-bi-bi-ia Šarru-ukīn LKU 46:6 (Esarh.), see Borger, AfO 18 116f.
- b) given by gods to rulers 1' military power: Aššur... ša šuknuš malkī ša šadê u maḥār igisēšunu išruku ši-rik-ti TCL 3 68 (Sar.), cf. šuknuš nākirē zā'erūt Aššur ša Anu u Adad ana ši-rik-ti(var. -te) išruz kūni (see šarāku A mng. 4a-2') AKA 104 viii 42 (Tigl. I), šumqutu nākirī kašādam māt ajābi ana ši-ri-ik-tim šurkam VAB 4 100 ii 22 (Nbk.); kakkēšunu ana ši-rik-ti(var. -te) bēlūtija išruku (see šarāku A mng. 4b) AKA 263 i 26 (Asn.), cf. Borger Esarh. 97 r. 7.
- 2' long life, reign, personal qualities, etc.: balāţa ūm rūqūti šebē littūtu kunna kussî u labār palê ana ši-ri-ik-ti šurkam VAB 4 190 i 16, cf. YOS 1 44 ii 26 (Nbk.), and passim in similar formulations in Samsuiluna and NA, NB royal, also in ABL, see  $\delta ar\bar{a}ku$  A mng. 4a-2'; balāţa ana ūm rūqūti kūn kussî lu ši-riik-tu-um-ma let long life and stability of throne be (your) gift (to me) (addressed to Samaš) VAB 4 102 iii 8, cf.  $bal\bar{a}t$   $\bar{u}m\bar{i}$ rūqūti lu ši-ri-ik-tu-um-ma ibid. 148 No. 18:16 (both Nbk.); šanāt ṭūb libbi šebē littūtu lu ši-ri-ik-ti šarrūti ša RN u RN, mārišu may years of contentment (and) the reaching of old age be the gift (bestowed) on the kingship of Antiochus and of his son Seleucus 5R 66 i 30 (Antiochus I), cf. lu-ú ši-rík-ta-ka (in broken context, end of hymn) KAR 3 r. 2, and see LKA 31:8, cited šarāku A mng. 4a-2'; Šamaš...ša mēšerum isigšuma kīnātum ana še-ri-ik-ti-

im šarkašum Šamaš, whose office is the (dispensing of) justice, to whom is granted (by the gods) (the ability to discern) what is right Syria 32 12 i 5 (Jahdunlim).

- c) in personal names -1' in earlier texts:  $\check{S}e\text{-}ri\text{-}ik\text{-}ti\text{-}^dAja$  YOS 13 12 r. 10, CT 4 1a:11 (both OB);  $\check{S}i\text{-}rik\text{-}ti\text{-}Marduk$  Ni 805:2 (MB, courtesy J. A. Brinkman), also AfK 251:4ff.,  $\check{S}i\text{-}rik\text{-}ti\text{-}^d\check{S}u\text{-}qa\text{-}m[u]\text{-}nu$  Iraq 26 15:20, see Brinkman PKB 164 (both early NB);  $\check{S}i\text{-}rik\text{-}tum$  BE 17 38:1;  $\check{S}i\text{-}rik\text{-}tum$  TuM NF 5 17:5, BE 17 87:8 (all MB).
- in NB:  $\check{S}i$ -rik-ti- $^{\mathrm{d}}K\grave{u}$ - $s\grave{u}$  YOS 7 45:16, AnOr 818:24, BIN 1169:24, YOS 737:16, 44:5, 179:1 and 9,  $\check{S}i$ -rik-ti- $^{\mathrm{d}}Marduk$  Pinches Berens Coll. 103 r. 7, Peiser Verträge 104:14, BE 8 149:7, 11, 15, and 21, TuM 2-3 158:3, TCL 13 174:17, VAS 4 142:14; *Ši-rik-ti-*^d*Ninurta* BE 8/1 69:3, BE 9 44:22, TuM 2-3 44:14, Wr. RU(-tim/tu) TCL 13 203:26, TuM 2-3 144:23, BiOr 38 549 2NT 29:2, and passim, (Šamaš) BRM 2 51:11, YOS 17 187:11, for other refs. see Tallqvist NBN p. 203; abbr. Ši-rik-tú ABL 815:2, ef. CT 22 5:2, TuM 2-3 137:2, TCL 12 34:3, and passim, Wr. RU-tim BE 8/1 126:14, BE 9 17a:5, 78:10, 88:1, BE 10 2:16, 14:2, 68:9, 122:16, and passim, see Tallqvist NBN p. 203.
- d) other occs.: tupšarrūti nisiq ihzīšunu ana ši-rik-[ti iš-ru-ku] (Nabû and Taš-mētu) endowed (the scribe) with scribal ability and the most precious parts of their lore Hunger Kolophone No. 336:3; note in a curse: Šamaš... sakāk uzni u ubbur meš-rêti [ana ši]-rik-ti lišrukšu (see šarāku A mng. 4c) MDP 6 pl. 11 iii 6, also MDP 2 p. 116:4 (both MB kudurrus).

Ad mng. 1a: Renger, ZA 58 154 f.; Westbrook OB Marriage Law 24 ff.

širiku (or širaku) s.; (mng. unkn.); OA.*

(I paid x silver for a sheep for the temple of Aššur) 1 GIN x-na-tim a-ší-ri-ki-im uka'in I established one shekel of . . . . -s for the š. ICK 1 139:10.

širikūtu širkatu

The reference kunuk PN GAL  $\delta a-ri-ki$  (list of witnesses) TCL 1 242:5 cited AHw. 1187a is probably a scribal mistake for GAL  $\delta a-qi-e$ ; see  $\delta \bar{a}q\hat{u}$  A in  $rab \ \delta \bar{a}q\hat{i}$ .

#### širikūtu see širkūtu.

širimtu (širindu, šerimtu) s.; cutting; Ur III, OB, MB, SB, NB; cf. šarāmu.

su-ur  $HI \times AS = Si-rim-tum \ A \ V/2:93$ .

- a) in gen.: abnu šikinšu kīma ši-ri-in-di GIŠ [X] NA4. LAMMA [šumšu] the stone which looks like a section(?) of the [...] tree is called lamassu stone STT 108:71 and dupls. (series abnu šikinšu).
- b) in agricultural context: (a field) and sippihu u ši-ri-in-du...ina pani PN zēra išerrimma u sipp[ihu] usappahu is at the disposal of PN for sippihu work and for cutting weeds(?), he will cut the weeds(?) of the field and perform sippihu work TuM 2-3 140:5.
- c) as proper name: Še-ri-im-tum (personal name) YOS 13 239:2f., 241:2f. (both OB); for the geogr. name Še-ri-im-tum in Ur III see Rép. géogr. 2 179, and in OB (as name of a canal) see Rép. géogr. 3 309.

The name of a horse Ši-ri-in-du BE 14 12:11 and 36, CBS 3525 cited Clay PN 132, is a Kassite word, see Balkan Kassit. Stud. 82.

### širindu see širimtu.

širinnatu s.; (a horse bit); MB, EA, Nuzi, Akkadogram in Hitt.; pl. širinnātu.

a) made of copper or bronze: [3] MA.NA 6 GÍN KI.LÁ [X] ši-ri-in-na-tum ša KASKAL . . . naphar x urudu ana isihti GIŠ.MAR.ŠUM 46 shekels, the weight of x š.-s for travelling(?), total: x copper as working material for the chariot(?) BE 14 124:13 (MB), cf. (in broken context) ši-ri-na-ti Durand Textes babyloniens pl. 24 AO 8175-2:1 (MB); as Akkadogram in Hitt.:

URUDU ŠE-RI-NA-TUM (listed beside copper axes and adzes) KBo 18 179 ii 11', see Košak Hittite Inventory Texts 52; when the horse is . . . . , return him to the stable and remove the bridle and the blanket, and put on URUDU ŠE-RI-IN-NA-TI KBo 3 2 r. 37, see Kammenhuber Hippologia hethitica 140, for other refs. see ibid. 362 index; URUDU IŠ-PÁR-DU URUDU ŠI-RI-NA-DU GIBIL.MEŠ KUB 13 35+ i 41, see Werner Hethitische Gerichtsprotokolle 6; [ši]-ri-in-ni-ta ša UD.KA.BAR (among military equipment) HSS 15 4:19 (Nuzi), cf. ibid. 25.

b) made of silver: 1 SU ši-ri-in-na-a-tum KÙ.BABBAR [50] GÍN ina KI.LÁ.BI one set of bits made of silver, weighing fifty shekels EA 22 i 45 (list of gifts of Tušratta).

Salonen Hippologica 116f.

#### širisu see siraš.

širkatu (šiškatu) s. fem.; female oblate; NB; wr. syll. and SAL.RIG₇(PA.KAB. DU) with phonetic complement (SAL.PA. KAB-tum YOS 7 60:2); cf. šarāku A.

(a woman with her four children) PAP 5 amēlutti sal šir-ki-a-ta ša pn ša rēši ana DN uzakkû in all five slaves, oblate women, whom PN, the (royal) commissioner, dedicated to the Lady-of-Uruk YOS 656:4; māru ša fpn mārassu ša fpn, sal šir-katum ša DN atta you are the son of fPN, daughter of fPN2, an oblate woman of the Lady-of-Uruk (for context see širkūtu) ibid. 224:14; dibbī itti fPN SAL ši-iš-ka-tum  $\delta a$  DN . . . idabbub he will argue the case with ^fPN, the oblate of Beltija (before the administrators of Esagil) Nbn. 102:3; three women SAL.RIG7-tum.MEŠ ŠaDN... iqbâ umma . . . fpn sal.rig,-tum ša dn kurbanni kî tassukku' kalbi kî tamahhaş oblates of the Lady-of-Uruk, said: ^fPN, an oblate of the Lady-of-Uruk, threw a clod at a dog and hit it YOS 7 107:3 and 7; deed of purchase (from 13 years ago) ša ^fPN amti ša PN₂ SAL.RIG₇-tum ša DN of ^fPN, the servant of PN₂, (now) an oblate

širkētu širku A

of the Lady-of-Uruk ibid. 91:2; ^fPN SAL. PA.KAB-tum ša DN aššat PN₂ qalla ša PN₃ ibid. 60:2; ^fPN SAL ši-iš-ka-tum alti PN₂ LÚ.ENGAR ša ^dUTU BM 64026:1; ^fPN SAL. RIG₇-ti ša DN ina pani PN₂ ú-šá-az-za-az(!)-ma(!) (PN₃?) will put ^fPN, an oblate of the Lady-of-Uruk, at the disposal of PN₂ (an official of Eanna) YOS 17 9:1, cf. YOS 7 56:3; guarantee for ^fPN u ^fPN₂ mārtišu SAL. RIG₇.MEŠ ša DN AnOr 8 53:3.

For the use of  $\dot{s}irku$  referring to women note LÚ  $\dot{s}i\dot{s}-ki$ .MES u SAL  $\dot{s}i-rak-ki$ .MES CT 44 77:1 and 3f., cited  $\dot{s}irku$  A usage b-2' and  f PN LÚ SIM-ki BE 8/1 104:3, cited  $\dot{s}irku$  A usage b-4'.

širkētu adj. pl.; (qualifying wool); lex.* síg.zag.gar.ra = ši-ir-ke-e-tu Nabnitu J 64.

širki-ilūtu (širik-ilūtu, šiški-ilūtu) s.; status of temple oblate; NB; cf. ša=rāku A.

[pūt] ... la arad-šarrūtu [la mār-ba-nû]tu la Lú ši-ri-ki-dingir.meš-ú-tú la šušān[ūtu] ... PN naši PN (the seller) guarantees (that the slaves) do not have the status of royal retainer, nor the status of free person, nor the status of oblate, nor the status of šušānu (nor other protected statuses) PBS 2/1 65:13, also, wr. Lú šìr-ki-dingir-ú-tú VAS 5 128:10, wr. ši-rik-i-lu-tu McEwan LB Tablets 36:8, pūt la mār-banûtu la arad-šarrūtu Lú šiš-[ki]-[dingir-ú-tu] u šušānūtu ... PN u PN2 našû ibid. 35:12 (all Achaem.)

See also širkūtu.

širku A (šišku, širaku, šerku) s.; oblate; SB, NA, NB, (in personal names also OAkk.?, OB?); šerku ABL 1214:13 (NA), pl. šir(a)kū; wr. syll. (also ŠIM-ku/ki, ši-ik-ka YOS 7 50:8) and LÚ.RIG₇(PA.KAB.DU) (LÚ.PA.DU YOS 3 59:18 ff., LÚ.KAB.PA.DU TCL 13 154:2, LÚ.PA.KAB CT 56 773:1,474:1); cf. šarāku A.

ìr. sag. ri $g_7 = \&i-ir-ku$ , géme. sag. ri $g_7 = \&ar-rak-tu$  Nabnitu J 61 f.

É  $\parallel ba$ -nu- $u \parallel A \parallel \&i$ -ir- $ki \parallel A \parallel \&E.NU[MUN]$  (comm. on  $Ea = b\bar{a}n\hat{u} \&E.NUMUN$ ) BM 47458:25 and dupl. BM 47661 (NB comm., courtesy I. L. Finkel).

- a) in lit.: eninna atmûka itti ši-ir-ki ša Gilgāmeš ugbabāti qašdāti [u ku]lmašāti (see qadištu usage d) Gilg. III iv 19 (SB).
- b) in NB (exceptionally NA, when referring to Babylonians) -1' legal status: they dedicated their slave PN to Ištar for their own well-being and he will serve them as long as they live ina ūmu ina ši-mat(!) ittalkū PN LÚ ŠIM-ki ša DN iššû when they die PN will be an oblate of YOS 7 17:13; šitta qātāti ina PN Ištar qallašu . . . ana PN, qallašu LÚ šìr-ku ša DN ana mārūtu iddin . . . ina ūmu PN₂ ina šīmāti ittalku PN ša DN šû he gave in adoption to his slave PN2, an oblate of the Lady-of-Uruk, a two-thirds interest in his slave PN, when PN2 dies PN will belong to the Lady-of-Uruk YOS 6 2:6; my husband has died, there is famine in the land, and so mārī şahirūtu kakkabti ašmitma ana DN addin bullitam[a] lu Lu ši-ra-ku ša DN šunu I have marked (my) young sons with the star and given them to the Lady-of-Uruk, keep (pl.) them alive, let them be oblates of the Lady-of-Uruk YOS 6 154: 10, cf. ibid. 14, cf. PN aššat PN₂ LÚ.RIG₇ DN PN₃ u PN₄ mārēšu LÚ.RIG₇. MEŠ ša DN tab⟨ba⟩kamma . . . tanandin ^fPN, the wife of PN₂ the oblate of the Ladyof-Uruk, will bring and hand over (to the officials of Eanna) her sons PN3 and PN4 the oblates of the Lady-of-Uruk BIN 1 106:3 and 5; when witnesses testify about PN ša LÚ.RIG, ša DN ša kakkabtu lu arrāta ina muhhi rittišu [...] that he is an oblate of the Lady-of-Uruk, that there is a star or brand on his hand UCP 9 100 No. 37:3, cf. ibid. 6; for other refs. in similar contexts see širkūtu, arrātu, and kakkabtu usage c; ina le i ša DN itti LÚ.RIG7.MEŠ ša DN šatru PN u PN, LÚ.RIG, ME [ša] DN *šunu* they are entered in the registry of the Lady-of-Uruk among the oblates of the Lady-of-Uruk, PN and PN2 are oblates

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of the Lady-of-Uruk YOS 6 116:14f., cf. ibid. 11, cf. ina ugu lē'i ša DN ana Lú. PA.DU šaţir ittišu la tadabbub LÚ.PA.DU ša DN šû he is entered in the registry of the Lady-of-Uruk as an oblate, you must not litigate against him, he is an oblate of the Lady-of-Uruk YOS 3 59:18ff. (let.); lapani PN LÚ.RIG, DN (var. omits LÚ.RIG, DN) alidu lapani mamma šanâmma ul alidu I bore (my son) to PN the oblate of Istar of Uruk and to no one else AnOr 8 47:15, var. from dupl. TCL 13 138, cf. AnOr 8 47:10; lē ū ša kurummāti u lē ū ša lú ši-rak ittika ...  $amirti \, \delta a \, \text{L\'U} \, \delta i\text{-}rak \, \dots \, am[rat]$  (see amirtu A mng. 1c) TCL 9 103:22 ff.;  $l\bar{e}^2u$ ša LÚ.RIG7.ME amurma check the registry of oblates YOS 317:42 and dupl. TCL 9129:40; ana PN LÚ ši-rik DN itteme kî ina bāb bīt ili taš-[qu]-mu tattašiz u tirūtu ina libbi tētepšu (the šatammu of Eanna) stated under oath to PN, an oblate of Istar of Uruk: You must not shout, loiter, or commit acts of violence(?) at the temple gate TCL 13 167:4, see Ebeling, AfO 16 67; PN LÚ. RIG7 Ša dIGI.DU Ša GN Ša PN2 LÚ.PA ekur= rāti ina bīt kīli isbatu PN, an oblate of Nergal of Udannu, whom PN2, the overseer of shrines, detained in prison YOS 7 137:8; PN LÚ.RIG, DN ša ina semeri şab: tuma PN, an oblate of Ištar of Uruk, who is in shackles (and assigned to chopping straw in the royal stables) YOS 7 77:1; PN LÚ ši-rik Samaš ša PN, šangû GN ina bīt karê semerē parzilli idduššu PN, an oblate of Samaš, whom PN2, the šangû of Sippar, put in iron fetters in the storehouse Cyr. 281:1, cf. TCL 13 154:2, PN LÚ. RIG, ša DN ša ina bīt šutummu šarri sabtu YOS 7 88:16; kî kaspa u mimma mala bašû ina qātē LÚ.RIG7.ME halqūtu ša DN aššû u umašširu I took neither silver nor anything else from the fugitive oblates of Ištar of Uruk, nor did I let them go free (oath) YOS 7 152:5; LÚ.RIG, ša DN halga ibid. 44:4, cf. ibid. 11, cf. umu PN LÚ.RIG7 DN halqa ibid. 73:12; ana muhhi šìr-ki halqu u  $r\bar{e}qu$  (in broken context) UCP 9 91 No. 24:34.

organization and activities: ŠE. NUMUN.MEŠ . . . ša LÚ ši-ra-ki ša DN . . . ša ina gāt PN šaknu ša lú ši-ra-ki.meš ša DN fields of the oblates of Bel which are under the control of PN, supervisor of the oblates of Bel PBS 2/1 94:2 and 4, cf. PN šaknu ša LÚ.RIG, ibid. upper edge, also, wr.  $\dot{si}$ -ra-ku TuM 2-3 182:1, 3, and upper edge, PBS 2/1 211:9 and upper edge (all Dar. II, from the Murašû archive of Nippur); (rations for) 66 LÚ ši-ra-ka ēpiš dullu ša ina pan gīpi 66 oblates doing work under the orders of the temple administrator CT 56 756:2: LÚ.RIG7.MEŠ ša qabal(ti)  $\bar{a}li$  oblates in the city ibid. 217:2; for š. ša şēri see širku in rab širkī; rent for bītāti ša lú šira-ku ina kāri GN u qabal āli ina libbi  $a\vec{s}b\bar{u}$  houses in which oblates live, in the harbor district of Sippar and in the city proper Nbn. 234:7, also bīt PN ša ina ti= turru ša Nergal lú ši-ra-ku ina libbi a-šáab Anor 9 17:26; LÚ.GAL.100.MEŠ LÚ. GAL.10.MEŠ u LÚ ši-ra-ki ša DN šībūtu u *şehrūtu* (see *eširtu* in *rab eširti* usage c) UCP 9 89 No. 24:8, cf. rab eširti ša LÚ. RIG7.MEŠ Ša GN BIN 2 120:5; note: LÚ  $\check{s}i\check{s}-ki$ .MEŠ u SAL  $\check{s}i-rak-ki$ .MEŠ  $makk\bar{u}r$  DN . . . bīt sūti ša PN sepīru LÚ ši-rik DN, PN LÚ Šiš-ki.MEŠ(text -MEŠ-ki) u SAL Ši-rakki.meš šuāti . . . ana «diš» mandattu . . . ana PN2 iddin (in the matter of) the male and female oblates (who are) the property of Bel, hired out to the scribe PN, an oblate of Marduk, PN has given those male and female oblates on hire to PN₂ CT 44 77:1 and 3f., cf. 1 LÚ.RIG, ultu makkūri ... inandinuma they will supply (for cattle herding) one oblate from the temple property YOS 779:12; PN LÚ.RIG, DN ana [m] aşşartu ša bīt akītu ana atûtu ipqid he appointed PN, an oblate of Ištar of Uruk, to the doorkeeper's prebend, for service in the akītu temple YOS 7 89:9, cf. ibid. 14; kî massartu ša Eanna tanassara' LÚ.RIG7. MEŠ [de]ka'ama massartu ittikunu lissuru when you perform service for Eanna, summon the oblates and have them perform service along with you BIN 1 169:16, cf.

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ibid. 20 f.; LÚ ši-ra-ku ša ina gabalta āli ša šatammu u PN ana maşşarti ša Eanna išturūma iddinūniššunūtu idekkûnimma they will summon and turn over to them those oblates who are in the inner part of the city whom the šatammu and PN enrolled for service in Eanna GCCI 2 103:5; we gave ten minas of silver ana 300 Lú *ši-ra-ka ša ana* GN  $illak\bar{u}$  to the three hundred oblates who were about to go to Assur VAS 6 202:3; 300 LÚ ši-ra-ka itti PN ana madakti ittaşû the three hundred oblates left with PN for military service ibid. 11;  $p\bar{u}t$  šuzzuzzu ša 50 LÚ.RIG7. MEŠ ša DN ša qašāti [(...)] ša kādānu PN u PN₂ LÚ.RIG₇.MEŠ ša DN našû PN and PN₂, oblates of the Lady-of-Uruk, assume responsibility for stationing fifty oblates of the Lady-of-Uruk (to serve as) archers in the outlying forts YOS 7 154:1 and 5, cf. (distinguished from agrūtu) ibid. 7, cf. also PN LÚ.RIG, ša ina kādānu YOS 7 65:2; ahi ša mišhu LÚ.RIG7.ME lu iherrû u ahi kaspi ana agrūti lu taddinna' the oblates should do half of the digging of the assigned section, and you should give half of the silver to the hired workers TCL 9 129:37 and dupl. YOS 3 17:40: note in a NA let.: Lú še-er-ki ša DN ibašši . . . ebir= tu lišhutu kāri Ezida lirsipu (a crew of) oblates of Išum (of Cutha?) is available, let them make glazed bricks and shore up the embankment of Ezida ABL 1214:13, see Parpola LAS No. 291 (NA let. from Babylonia); rations for Lú ši-ra-ku ša dullu ša GN YOS 6 171:10; rations for  $umm an\bar{u} u L U.RIG_7$ . ME ša dullu ina Eanna ippušū craftsmen and oblates who are to do work in Eanna AnOr 9 8:3 and YOS 6 126:3; PN LÚ.RIG7 DN ša ina muhhi ammati u gēmi apqidu PN, an oblate of Istar of Uruk, whom I (the overseer of the workhouse) put in charge of grindstones and flour (in the temple workhouse) YOS 7 97:5, cf. ibid. 12, see San Nicolò, Wenger AV 10; barley ša ana Lú. RIG7.ME(!) SUM.NA given to oblates (heading of list including ironsmiths, a fuller, weavers, a carpenter, leather-

workers, doorkeepers, and cattle feeders) YOS 17 362:1, cf. PN LÚ.SIMUG UD.KA.BAR LÚ.RIG, DN AnOr 8 74:2, (a weaver) TCL 13 161:3, (a fuller) YOS 7 137:11, (a cook) RA 12 6:1, (fowlers) YOS 7 69:1, TCL 13 168:6, (herdsmen) AnOr 8 61:5, (a cattle feeder) YOS 7 146:11, wr. PN LÚ *šìr-ki* LÚ.MU AnOr 8 21:32; note also (various occupations summed up as): [L $\dot{\mathbf{U}}$ ]  $\delta i$ -rak  $\delta a$   $\bar{a}li$  YOS 6 229:58; PN PN₂ LÚ.RIG₇ ša DN ibbakamma ina Eanna inandin kî la ītabku ultu muḥḥi ūmu ša PN₂ LÚ.RIG₇ ša DN ina panīšu MU.AN.NA X agurru iškaršu ana DN inandin PN will turn over to Eanna PN2, an oblate of the Lady-of-Uruk, if he does not bring him, then from the time that PN₂, an oblate of the Lady-of-Uruk, is under his supervision, he (PN) will pay annually to the Lady-of-Uruk x baked bricks, the delivery due from him (PN₂) BIN 2 111:3 and 7, ef. GCCI 2 96:2, ef. also, wr. lú ši-ik-ka YOS 7 50:8; PN PN₂ DUMU.MEŠ Ša PN₃ LÚ. RIG7 DN PN4 u PN5 LÚ.RIG7.MEŠ DN PN (and) PN₂, sons of PN₃, oblate(s) of Ištar of Uruk, (and) PN₄ and PN₅, (also) oblates of Ištar of Uruk (sent by the šatammu of Eanna to measure the barley at GN) YOS 7 179:2 and 4, cf. 20 mašī $h\bar{i}$  ana mašāh(see mašāļu A mng. ša LÚ.RIG7.MEŠ 1c-1') Nbk. 169:2; ten persons LÚ.ENGAR. MEŠ LÚ.RIG7.MEŠ LÚ. [GAL] GIŠ.APIN.MEŠ ša DN ša . . . ina muhhi GIŠ.APIN.MEŠ ša DN  $paqd\bar{u}$ , farm bailiffs, oblates, chiefs of plowing teams of the Lady-of-Uruk, who were put in charge of the plowing teams of the Lady-of-Uruk (by the satrap's order) TCL 13 152:10, see Kümmel Familie 100: PN LÚ.ENGAR LÚ.RIG7 DN YOS 7 187:6, cf. ibid. 158:2, 174:7, 180:3, TCL 13 166:4; PN LÚ ši-rik DN ša muhhi quppu Eanna PN, an oblate of Ištar of Uruk, who is in charge of the cash box of Eanna TCL 13 182:10; PN LÚ.RIG, ša DN musah: hiri ša EDIN (see musahhiru usage b) YOS 7 20:16; PN LÚ ši-rik (dinnin) Uruk ša muhhi rēhānu PN, an oblate of DN, the supervisor of herding (lit. in charge of arrears) ibid. 149:2, cf. (same person as

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the tenant of a large-scale temple lease) TCL 13 182:4, see Kümmel Familie 54, cf. also (another tenant) YOS 6 150:1; for 13 years we have been planting trees on this property but lú ši-ra-ku ana libbi kî ūridū ina birišunu... uzammizu' now that the ob-·lates have taken possession of it, they have divided it up among themselves YOS 3 200:9 (let.), see Cocquerillat Palmeraies 100; zēru . . . ina pan PN LÚ šiš-ki . . . ina šatti x kaspu sūtu inandin (for) the field, the possession of PN the oblate, he will pay one shekel of silver per year as rent CT 44 79:3; bīt sūti ša PN sepīri LÚ ši-rik DN (real estate) held on lease by PN, the scribe, an oblate of Marduk CT 44 76:7; PN LÚ ši-rik Šamaš gugallu Dar. 43:1, cf. (of Nabû) VAS 6 100:3, TuM 2-3 161:9, etc.

receiving rations, supplies, and other payments: kî mimmu ina pani RN ana le e ša RN2 RN3 u RN4 ina kurummāt LÚ šìr-ki tušannā (let me know) whether (now), under Cambyses, you intend to make any changes in the rations for oblates (listed) on the register (from the reigns) of Nebuchadnezzar, Neriglissar, and Nabonidus YOS 3 106: 37; kî kurummāti ana ši-ra-ka tanandinnu BIN 1 33:21 (both letters); (barley) kurummāti ša 57 LÚ širak.meš ša ká ša šakin māti (ca. three and two-thirds silas per person per day) YOS 17 318:3, cf. UCP 9 62 No. 22:4, CT 56 478: 3, and passim in NB admin.; ina kurummāti LÚ ši-ra-ku PN . . . ina qātīja ittaši PN took (x barley and dates) from me, part of the oblates' rations YOS 6 167:15, cf. ibid. 8; flour kurummāt LÚ ši-ra-ka VAS 6 230:1; silver ša . . . ana kurummāti ša suluppī ana lú ši-ra-ku šatru that is recorded for rations in dates for oblates YOS 3 41:8; x kaspu ana kurummāti ša LÚ.RIG7. ME UCP 9 62 No. 19:2; x kaspu ana šir-ki (received by the men in charge of the rations) UCP 9 88 No. 21:1, cf. GCCI 2 401:5; silver received by four men Lú ši-ra-ku marsūtu sick oblates UCP 9 64 No. 29:7; dates ša ana maššartu u kurummāti ša

LÚ.RIG7.ME nadnū (see maššartu usage c)
AnOr 9 9:6; saḥlê ša ana Lú.PA.KAB.MEŠ
... nadnu CT 56 773:1, cf., wr. Lú.RIG7.
MEŠ ibid. 39; Túg.Kur.RA ša ana Lú.PA.
KAB.MEŠ nadnu CT 56 474:1; Lú.RIG7.ME
ša ... tašappara ṣidītu ittišunu jānu (see ṣidītu usage h) YOS 3 69:6, cf. ibid. 73:4;
Lú [ši]-ra-ku gabbi berû (see barû B mng. la-5') CT 22 160:25.

4' other occs.: PN  $[u P]N_2$  LÚ šìr-ku unqa kî iššû after PN and PN2, the oblate, took the sealed document (they turned it over to Nabû-bēl-šumāti) ABL 998 r. 3; note in a NA let.: la imagguru mārū Bābili issišu la illuku lú ši-ir-ki ša Bēl issišu ittalku the citizens of Babylon were not willing to accompany him (Mukīn-zēri) (but) the oblates of Bēl did accompany him Iraq 17 27 No. 2 r. 15 (Nimrud let.); ša NA4.KIŠIB ša PN LÚ šìr-ki ana  $Eanna\ iddinu\ (see\ su'udu)\ GCCI\ 1\ 125:7;$ PN LÚ.SAG LÚ.RIG, DN ša PN, qallašu . . . iddinuma PN, a ša-rēši official and (?) oblate of the Lady-of-Uruk, who sold his slave PN₂ YOS 7 114:1, cf. PN LÚ.SAG LÚ. RIG7 DN ibid. 108:8; note parallel to gentilies: 7 Lú Aššuraja 3 Lú Bištaja 1 Lú Gubuluaja [x] LÚ ši-ir-ki CT 56 638 r. 4, cf. ibid. 770:5; difficult: ana muhhi urāšu ša GN LÚ ši-ra-ku . . . bēl pīhati ú-ra-šúnu it-te-tir as for the (service? on the) urāšu-land of GN (due from?) the oblates. the governor has already paid for the urāšu (service?) YOS 3 65:28; cloth ilki ša PN LÚ ši-rik Šamaš Camb. 398:4; note  $b\bar{\imath}tu\ \check{s}a\ PN\ u\ ^{f}PN_{2}\ L\ \check{U}\ \check{S}IM-ki\ BE\ 8/1\ 104:3;\ ^{f}PN$ AMA-a zak[it]i ša DN šî u ana  $b\bar{i}t$  LÚ. RIG, tēterub my mother PN is herself a woman who has been dedicated to the service of the Lady-of-Uruk, and she has entered the household of an oblate YOS 6

c) in personal names:  $\check{S}ir-ki-B\bar{e}l$  BE 10 130:30;  $\check{S}i\check{s}-ki-^{\rm d}$ EN (son of PN LÚ  $\check{s}i-ik$  Marduk) CT 44 76:11, also 6 and 15;  $\check{S}i-i\check{s}-ki-B\bar{e}l$  BE 10 41:3, 83:15;  $\check{S}ir-ki-^{\rm d}$ DIS BRM 2 1:20, 3:30, VAS 15 15a:4; as "family

name": Lú ši-rik Nabû VAS 4 154: 13 and 17, VAS 6 92:11 and 13, LÚ ši-rik Šamaš Dar. 427:3; abbr. Ši-rik Dar. 187:6, Ši-rik-ka Pinches Peek 8:5, *Ši-rik-ki* Nbn. 676:6, YOS 7 178:3.  $\check{S}ir-ka$ -' FuM 2-3 189:21 and right edge 2, BE 10 39:2, 83:14 and right edge; note: Ši-rik ša šumšu šanû Marduk-nāşir-apli TCL 13 193: 3, also Dar. 440: 7, 458: 3, Wr. Ši-irki Dar. 337:4, Ši-ir-ku Dar. 154:4, Šiir-ka Pinches Peek 18:7, šiŠir-ku Dar. 576:4, Dar. 336:4, 406:3, 474:3, iš-ka Dar. 529:3, Šim-ki Dar. 76:6 and 9, and passim, all referring to the same Marduknāsir-apli, descendant of Egibi, see Ungnad, AfO 14 63 (all NB); uncert.: Si-ir-kum MAD 1 235:7, 282:11 (OAkk.); ana PN qibima umma PA.KAB.DU-um-ma TCL 18 78:2 (OB let.).

The translation "oblate" conveys the circumstances that širku's were socially, juridically, and economically bound to the temples, but were not religious personnel active in the performance of the cult. Some širku's occupied administrative posts of modest rank, others contracted for the management of large agricultural properties or herds, but the great majority were skilled craftsmen, farmhands, or common laborers. Sirku's were donated to temples by their parents or (in the case of slaves) by their owners, which might entail a concomitant act of manumission. see A 32117 cited sub širkūtu. They were protected by their status not only against sale as slaves (see širkūtu) but also against other civil claims, see UCP 9 99 No. 36 cited sub *širkūtu*. The status was heritable; see BIN 1 106 and AnOr 8 47 with dupl. TCL 13 138, cited usage b-1', and YOS 6 224 cited sub širkūtu.

Writings with the SIM/RIK sign are most likely to be interpreted as aberrant spellings so that neither a phonetic variant simku to sirku nor a word riqqu/rikku with the same meaning, as a NB loan from Sum. rig, needs to be assumed. Whether these spellings are errors or abbreviations for si-rik-ki or whether this word, frequently spelled si-rik, was further abbreviated to

rik before the ending was added, cannot be determined. The spellings  $\delta i$ -ra-ki. MES,  $\delta i$ -ra-ku,  $\delta i$ -rak.MES, etc., and even SAL  $\delta i$ -rak-ki.MES may either reflect a plural  $\delta i$ rak $\bar{u}$  or stand for a plural  $\delta i$ r(a) =  $k\bar{u}tu$  or  $\delta i$ r(a)  $k\bar{u}tu$ .

Dougherty Shirkutu; Dandamaev Slavery 469 ff.

širku A in rab širkī (rab šiškī, rab šizrakū) s.; foreman of oblates; NB; wr. syll. and LÚ.GAL (LÚ.)RIG7(PA.KAB.DU); cf. šarāku A.

PN LÚ.GAL *ši-ra-ku* PN₂ *ikkaru ša* DN PN₃ u PN₄ kizû.meš ša qīpi . . . ana pan šarri altapraššunūti I have sent before the king PN, the foreman of oblates, PN2, the farm bailiff of Bel, (and) PN3 and PN4, the administrator's attendants (who invoked the privilege of being heard by the king) Landsberger Brief 8:26; LÚ ši-ra-ki ša DN ana şirê indalû LÚ.GAL šìr-ki ina muhhi[šunu] jānu PN ana LÚ.GAL šir-ku-tu ina muh: hi[ni] piqdama the oblates of the Ladyof-Uruk have lost patience (because) there is no foreman of oblates over them, (they say:) Appoint (pl.) PN to the office of foreman of oblates over us UCP 9 89 No. 24:11f.; LÚ.GAL ŠIM-ki.MEŠ ana PN it= tadin u şābē ipteqidaššu (the governor) has assigned the foreman of oblates to PN and turned the workers over to him BIN 1 41:10; PN LÚ.GAL LÚ.PA.KAB.[DU.MEŠ] ša  $Eanna \ldots itteme \ k\hat{\imath} \ldots PN_2 \ LU.RIG_7$ ša DN halga abbakamma PN, the foreman of the oblates of Eanna, swore: I will produce PN2, a fugitive oblate of DN AnOr 8 79:1; kurummātini ša MN . . . ina gātē PN LÚ.GAL šìr-ki nittaši kurummātinī ša ina makkūri ana PN LÚ.GAL šìr-ki bēlu lid= din we have received our rations for MN from PN, the foreman of oblates, (our) lord should (also) give our rations that (are due) from the (temple) holdings to PN, the foreman of oblates AnOr 8 71:17 and 19, cf., wr. LÚ.GAL RIG7.ME YOS 7 143:9, also (silver) ibid. 40:7; rations for 50

širkų A širkūtų

sābē ēpiš dullu u kizû . . . ana PN LÚ.GAL šim-ki u sābēšu . . . nadin fifty workmen and attendants, issued to PN, the foreman of oblates, and to his workers CT 57 32:11, cf. ibid. 8, Nbn. 496:6, 317:7 and 10, 746:9, 906:13, 1010:11, 1037:7, CT 55 789:5, CT 56 184:10, 477:3, Wr. LÚ.GAL ši-iš-ki Cyr. 74:8, also Nbk. 253:2, Wr. LÚ.GAL ši-ir-ki CT 55 217:8, Wr. LÚ.GAL Šìr-ki CT 56 222:18, 288:9,633:4, BE 8/19:4, UCP 968 No. 50:7, Wr. LÚ.GAL RIG7 CT 56 365:12, 395:5; (rations for) LÚ ši-ra-ku ša ṣēri ana PN LÚ GAL ši-išku nadnu oblates in the countryside given to PN the foreman of the oblates CT 56 473: 5 and Nbk. 253: 3; 20 zabbilu ana PN LÚ.GAL ŠIM-ki ultu bīt karê nadin twenty baskets issued from the storehouse to PN, the foreman of oblates CT 55 404:3, cf. ibid. 373:4 and 10; silver ana elippi ša ittû ... iššú PN [LÚ.GAL]  $RIG_7$ ... nadin CT 55 336:5; agurru makkūr Šamaš ina muhhi PN LU.GAL ši-ir-ki ša Šamaš baked bricks owed to the treasury of Samas by PN, the foreman of oblates of Samas Nbn. 643:3, cf. PN LÚ.GAL ši-iš-ku ša Šamaš CT 56 610:6: note as witness: PN LÚ.GAL šìrki TCL 12 60:9, also LÚ.GAL RIG7.MEŠ OECT 9 30:31 and dupl. 31 r. 10.

For the writing SIM/RIK-ki see širku A discussion section.

širku A in rab-širkūtu s.; office of the foreman of oblates; NB; cf. šarāku A.

PN ana LÚ.GAL-šìr-ku-tu ina muḥhi[ni] piqdama appoint PN to the office of foreman of oblates over us (for context see širku A in rab širkī) UCP 9 90 No. 24:13, cf. ibid. 16.

širku B s.; 1. gift, 2. (a tax); RS, MA, NB; cf. šarāku A.

1. gift: ši-ir-ki-ša u mimma ša ištu bīt abiša nasutuni u lu ša emuša ina erā: biša iddinaššenni ana mārēša zaku her š.-s and anything that she brought from her father's house, or anything which her

father-in-law gave her when she entered (her husband's house) are reserved for (the inheritance of) her sons KAV 1 iv 12 (Ass. Code § 29); ^fPN mimma ina libbi ana šir-ki ul tašarrak u ana kaspi ul tanandin ^fPN may not give as a gift nor sell any of the property (assigned by her husband for her maintenance in her widowhood) BM 33092:34 (NB, courtesy M. T. Roth).

2. (a tax): RN... ittadin GN ana PN u ana fPN₂ mārat šarri qadu zAG.10(!)-ša qadu miksiša qadu ši-ir-ki-ša RN (king of Ugarit) has given to PN and to fPN₂, the king's daughter, the town of GN along with its tithe, toll income, and š. MRS 6 70 RS 16.276:10.

# širku C s.; (an official or courtier); MA.

[l]u mazziz pani.MEŠ ša šarri u lu šir-ku.MEŠ ša ṣābē ekalli ša ana ekalli errabūni balut hiāri [an]a ekalli la errab no royal attendants or š.-s of the palace personnel who have access to the palace may enter the palace without being checked Afo 17 286:97, cf. lu ša rēš šarri.MEŠ lu mazziz pani.MEŠ u lu šir-ku.MEŠ ibid. 287:103, 289:116, cf. also (in broken context) [...] LÚ šir-ki.MEŠ [...] ibid. 291:1, lu šir-ku lu nāru ibid. 289:114 (all harem edicts).

širku D s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

GI.GIR =  $\delta i$ -ir-ku (preceded by  $\delta ar\bar{a}ku$   $\delta a$  GI, see  $\delta ar\bar{a}ku$  C) Nabnitu J 57.

širku E s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

giš. $\frac{1}{3}$ .sila =  $q\ell$  suss $[\bar{q}n]$  = sir-ki qu // sul-su [qu] Hg. B II 112, in MSL 6 111.

širkû see širgû.

širkūtu (širikūtu) s.; status of an oblate; NB; wr. syll. (LÚ ŠIM-ki-ú-tu Cyr. 332:19 and 23) and LÚ.RIG₇(PA.KAB.DU) with phon. complements (LÚ.PA.KAB-ú-tu YOS 6 80:16); cf. šarāku A.

širkūtu širnu

Before selling this woman as a slave my brother PN had marked her hand u ana LÚ.RIG7-ú-tu ana DN ittadissu and dedicated her to the Lady-of-Uruk as an oblate YOS 679:16, also, wr. LÚ.PA.KAB-útu ibid. 80:16; PN ša PN, bēlšu ana LÚ. RIG7-ú-tu ša DN iddinuš PN, whose owner PN2 dedicated him as an oblate of the Lady-of-Uruk GCCI 1 361:3; Puqūdaja ša abbūšunu ana DN u DN, ana LÚ.RIG7-ú-tu iddinūšunūtu these are the men of the Puqudu tribe whom their fathers gave as oblates to Ištar of Uruk and Nanâ (but (another group of Puqūdu) Sargon and Sennacherib and DN u DN₂  $uzakk\bar{\imath}\check{s}un\bar{u}tu$  line 6) BIN 2 132:44;  $k\hat{\imath}$ anāku kakkabti u arrātu ina muhhi ritti ša  $^{\mathrm{f}}$ PN  $\mathit{qallat}$  ša  $^{\mathrm{PN}_2}\dots$  ša  $^{\mathrm{PN}_2}\dots$  ina  $\mathit{panat}$ ša tulladu ana Lú šìr-ku-ú-tu ana DN uzak: kûšu la āmuru I myself saw the star and brand marks on the hand of fPN, the slave of (my uncle) PN2, whom PN2 consecrated as an oblate to the Lady-of-Uruk, before she gave birth (deposition under oath in a case concerning 'PN's grandson) YOS 6 224:23; fpN . . . mimmû ša Lú šim-ki-ú-tu u mār-banûtu ša PN2 la tukallimmu fpn was unable to demonstrate PN2's status as an oblate or as a free citizen Cyr. 332:19, also ibid. 23; the judges tuppi ša zakûti ša PN la īnû errēt ilāni rabûti la ušannû PN u mārīšu ina tuppi *ši-ir-ku-ti-šú-nu ušzizzu* did not alter the tablet recording the dedication of PN, nor did they contravene the sanctions of the great gods, but they entered PN and his sons in a tablet recording their status as oblates (the same person referred to as LÚ  $zak\hat{u}$  ša DN line 1) A 32117:45;  $k\hat{i}$   $l\bar{e}$  uša LÚ.RIG7-ú-tú ša PN u lē'u ša rēhu . . . ša DN ina muhhišu . . . uktallimū if they produce a registry recording PN's status as an oblate and a registry recording the arrears owed by him to the Lady-of-Uruk UCP 9 99 No. 36:8, cf. ibid. 3; note among legally protected statuses in the warranties of slave sales: pūt la Lú šìr-ku-útú la šušānūtu la mār-banûtu la arad-šar:

rūtu la bīt sīsî la bīt kussî u la bīt narkabti ša PN . . . PN₂ u PN₃ našû (see arad-šarrūtu usage b) BRM 2 10:10, also ibid. 2:14, 25:11, VAS 15 3:12, 20:13, TCL 13 248:8, VDI 1955/4 p. 140 No. 1:14 (all Sel.), Wr. ši-rik(!)-ú-tu JNES 43 301:14, LÚ. [PA.KAB. DU]. MEŠ VAS 5 114:9 (both Dar.); see also širki-ilūtu.

See *širku* A discussion section.

In Dar. 510:3 read sattukki ša šapattu ar-ki(!)-tum, see arkû mng. 1b-6'.

širmu s.; 1. vessel with a capacity of one seah, 2. širim qarni (uncert. mng., designating a cup); Mari; cf. šarāmu.

fpugl.sìla.gaz = ši-ir-mu BM 38271:10 (namburbi comm., courtesy I. L. Finkel).

- 1. vessel with a capacity of one seah: see lex. section.
- 2. širim qarni (uncert. mng., designating a cup, Mari only): 2 GAL ši-ri-im si KÙ.BABBAR ½ MA.NA 9 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR KI.LÁ.BI ana Dagan ša Terqa two silver cups (in the shape of) a cut-off horn(?), with a (total) weight of 39 shekels, for Dagan of Terqa ARM 9 191:1, cf.  $2\frac{1}{3}$  MA. NA KÙ.BABBAR ina NA4.HI.A NÍG.ŠU LUGAL KI.LÁ.BI 7 [GA]L ši-ri-im SI 140 shekels of silver in the standard royal (weight) stones, the weight of seven cups (in the shape of) a cut-off horn(?) ibid. 46:4; 1 GAL  $\ddot{s}i$ -ri-im SI KÙ.BABBAR  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA  $8\frac{2}{3}$  GÍN KI.LÁ.BI ARM 7 119:1, cf. ARM 7 273:5, (no weight mentioned) ibid. 117:9, cf. ARM 24 90:1, 91:15 f., wr. še-ri-im qar-ni ARM 7 219:5 and 19, ARMT 22 232 r. 8', ARM 24 103:3, 271:4; [1 GAL š]i-ri-im si siparrim ARM 9 268:3; note 1 GAL ši-ir-mu-um ša NA₄ *sirpim* ARM 21 222:22.

širnu see šernu.

širqu šīru A

širqu see sirqu A.

širrahu s.; man(?); syn. list*; foreign word.

「a']-ru,  $gull\bar{e}nu$ , 「śi]-ir-ra-hu = [etlu] Explicit Malku I 54 ff.

širru see šīru A.

širširru see šaršerru and šeršerru.

širtennu see sartennu.

šīrtu see šērtu A and C.

širtu (šertu, šištu) s.; strip of cloth, shred, rag, tatter; OAkk., OB, Mari, NA, NB; ef. šarātu.

túg.bir.bir.ra = šur-ru-ţu, túg.bar.mìn = šiir-tu Hh. XIX 203 f.

18 TÚG še-er-ti giš.pan ki.lá.bi 2 ma.na ki PN.ta 18 strips of cloth for bows, weighing two minas, from PN UET 3 789:1, cf. ibid. 7, also (nine š.-s weighing five-sixths of a mina) ibid. 4 (Ur III); 1 TÚG raggatum labīrtum ana še-er-t[i] one old thin(?) garment for (tearing into) rags ARM 18 25:10, cf. ARM 21 371:8, ARMT 22 172:3; 1 TÚG ana ši-ri-iţ pa-ar-si-gi ARM 21 384:11;  $\delta i$ -ri-it TÚG.DUGUD  $ann \hat{u}m$  . . . lu ša DN hamsat this strip of the heavy cloak is that which was stripped off (the statue of) the goddess DN TCL 11 245:9 (OB); ši-ir-tu ša ina libbi sabituni aptatar tal'ītu ša ina muḥḥi ú-tu-li I loosened the wrappings which were attached to it (the wound) and removed the dressing ABL 392 r. 2, see Parpola LAS No. 254; ištēn šiir-tu 4 TÚG.GADA DIRI (among goods summarized as  $ud\hat{e}$  ša ana Bābili našû) YOS 17 116:5 (NB); ištēn kitû qalpu . . . ušerrațu ištēn ši-iš-ți ina libbi jānu (see šarātu mng. 2) CT 2 2:5 (NB); PN ši-išțu ša kitê ina bīt qātē . . . iktašad PN obtained a shred of linen from the workroom ibid. 12; obscure: i-še-er-ți la izzizi she(?) did not stop(?) in . . . . VAS 10 214

iv 16 (OB Agušaja), see Groneberg, RA 75 109;  $\dot{s}i$ -ir- $\dot{t}a$ -a[m] (in broken context) RA 45 175:80 (OB lit.).

Durand, ARMT 21 419.

šir'u see šer'u.

širu in širumma epēšu v.; to confirm, to provide corroborative testimony; Nuzi; Hurr. word.

PN seized PN2 with his stolen goods and 2 LÚ si (lli) kuhlū ana pani dajānī ši-ru-umma dù-šu two witnesses gave corroborative testimony before the judges (that they saw PN2 take the objects) JEN 389:14, cf. ana pani dajānī ši-ru-[um]-ma dù-uš JENu 648+ (= JEN 846):9; LÚ.MEŠ  $sillikuhl\bar{e}$ ša PN ana pani dajānī ši-ru-um-ma ītepšu  $k\bar{\imath}m\bar{e}$  PN₂ immera §a PN . . . i§arraqu (see šarāqu A mng. 1d) JEN 347:7; tuppa ana pani dajānī iltasû u šībū[tu] a[na pa]ni  $daj\bar{a}n\bar{i}$  ši-ru-um-[ma i]-pu-šu  $k\bar{i}m\bar{e}$  12 ANŠE A.ŠÀ ga[mi]ru they had the tablet read before the judges and witnesses gave corroborative testimony before the judges that the twelve-homer field was fully paid JEN 385:20, cf. 5 (text: 4) LÚ.MEŠ šībūtu annûtu . . . ana pani dajānī ši-ruum-ma īpušu ibid. 29, cf. also JEN 366:25.

Speiser, JAOS 55 440 and JAOS 59 295.

šīru A (šēru, širru, tīru) s.; 1. flesh, 2. kin, one's own flesh and blood, 3. meat, 4. ominous part (examined in divination), ominous sign; from OA, OB on; pl. šīrū; wr. syll. (ši-ir-ru-um YOS 10 26 iv 11, tīru BE 17 43:7, KAJ 209:5) and UZU (SU JNES 7 270 A ii 27, B iii 18, Hammurapi).

su =  $\delta i \cdot i \cdot ri$ (var. -ru) Hh. XIV 410 (catch line); su, uzu =  $\delta i \cdot i \cdot ri$  (var.  $\delta e \cdot i \cdot [ru]$ ) Hh. XV 1 f.; [su-ú] [su] =  $\delta i \cdot i \cdot rum$  MSL 14 95:148:5 (Proto-Aa), cf. Ea II 307; su^{su-u} =  $\delta i \cdot ru$  = uzu.ì Erimhuš Bogh. A iii 14;  $\delta i \cdot ru \cdot uu$  uzu MSL 9 43:1 (Forerunner to Hh. XV); ú-zu uzu =  $\delta i \cdot i \cdot ru$  (var.  $\delta e \cdot e \cdot rum$ ) Sb II 356, also Ea VIII 253, Ea VIII Excerpt r. 23', A VIII/4:178; [sa-a] [sA] =  $\delta i \cdot i \cdot r[u]$  A IV/2:19; uzu.áb.gaba =  $\delta i \cdot i \cdot ri$  nap $\delta ari$  Hh. XV 89.

bu-ru u = \$i-lum \$a uzu A II/4:132, cf. Nabnitu M 152, for \$a uzu identifying one of several homonyms as part of the body see mīru C, naglabu, \$īlu A; [uzu].KA.NE = \$i(var. \$e)-ir \$u-me-e Hh. XV 260; [uzu.x.x] = \$i-ir salāqu (preceded by bušālu) Hh. XV 272, and see salāqu A; [uzu].su.lá = mun-du-lum = \$i-i-ru pu-ut-tu-u Hg. B IV 41, Hg. D 44, in MSL 9 35 and 37; [su-u](?) \$\delta \times \tim

ša-ab PA+IB =  $[b]a-ru-\acute{u}$  ša UZU Diri V 69;  $\S \acute{a}$ -ab ŠAB gi-iš-tar- $\acute{u}$ -ra- $\lq$ sá-ku (sign name) = MIN (= ba-ru-u) ša UZU CT 18 49 i 37; uZu. $\rlap$ HAR $^{ur-u}$ BAD = MIN (= ter-tum) ša UZU ibid. i 24, cf. Nabnitu O 231f.;  $^{bu-ur}$ B $\acute{u}$ R,  $\mathring{u}$ .èn = MIN (= pa- $\acute{s}\acute{a}$ -ru) ša UZU Nabnitu O 238f., cf. A VIII/2:169.

su bí.in.kú.kú.meš mud sur.sur.meš úš nag.nag.meš : ākil ši-i-ri mušaznin damē šātû ušlāti (demons) who eat flesh, who cause blood to drip, who drink (the blood of) the veins CT 16 14 iv 26f.; (illness) su nu.dúg.ga: ša ana ši-i-ri la tābu ibid. iii 43 f.; su nu.zé.ib.ba [sul[...]: la tūb ši-ri usu[h] OECT 6 pl. 2 K.4664:8f.; su su.àm sa sa.àm lú.bar.ra lú.bar.ra.àm lú. kú[r].ra lú.kúr.ra.an.ga.àm: ši-i-ru ši-i-ru-[ma . . .] nakaru na[karuma] aḥû [aḥûma] flesh is flesh, blood is blood, alien is alien, foreigner is indeed foreigner Lambert BWL 271:16, cf. su sa.a: ši-ri u damu BM 38486 r. 6, cited ibid.; nu.nu.ne nu.sa.ne : ši-ir-šu damušu his flesh and blood Ai. III iii 23 f.; (as a substitute) uzu uzu.bi.šè mud mud.bi.šè u.me.ni.sum: ši(var. še)-ra kīma ši(var. še)-ri-šu dama kīma da: mēšu idinma CT 17 6 iii 12 ff.; šul uzu níg. kúr.ra túm.a.zu : eţlu ša ši-ir-ka šanītamma ubla (you) man who desires (lit. whose flesh prompts you to) hostile deeds Lugale XII 42 (= 554); (the drum) [...uzu].dingir.re.e.ne.kex(KID) túm. ma: [...]-a-ti uzu dingir.meš ušālikšu CT 175 ii 21 f.

[ši-ši]-tum: ši-i-ri: šu-u A VIII/1 Comm. 18; UZU NÎ-ka: ra-ma-ni-ka (comm. on UZU ra-ma-[ni-ka] Leichty Izbu XII 12) Izbu Comm. W 376c (coll.).

1. flesh — a) in gen.: la ši-ru-um la damum šû (the king of Gutium) is not flesh and blood (possibly referring to men described as pagri iṣṣūr hurri AnSt 5 98:31) RA 70 117 L ii 17 (Narām-Sin story); let one god be slaughtered ina ši-ri-šu u damišu Nintu liballil tiddam let Nintu mix clay with his flesh and blood Lambert-Millard Atra-

hasīs 58 I 210 and 225; ina ši-i-ir ili etemmu libši let there be a spirit from god's flesh ibid. 215 and 228; ina libbi UZU.MEŠ-ku-nu UZU.MEŠ ša SAL.MEŠ-ku-nu ŠEŠ.MEŠ-DUMU.MEŠ-ku-nu ku-nuDUMU.SAL. MEŠ-ku-nu ina baltūtikunu habrud.meš lu palluša may holes be pierced in your (pl.) flesh, the flesh of your women, your brothers, your sons (and) your daughters while you are alive Wiseman Treaties 596, cf. may they blacken uzu.meš-ku-nu UZU.MEŠ  $\check{s}a$  SAL.MEŠ-ku-nu ŠEŠ.MEŠku-nu dumu.meš-ku-nu dumu.sal.mešku-nu ibid. 585, cf. also ibid. 591:  $ina \ b\bar{u}riku$ = nu uzu.meš dumu.meš-ku-nu akla ina bub[ūti] hušahhu lú uzu lú līkul in your hunger eat the flesh of your sons, in times of famine may one man eat the flesh of another ibid. 449 f. and passim, cf. ana  $b\bar{u}$ : rišunu ēkulu uzu dumu.meš-šú-nu Streck Asb. 76 ix 59; ana bubūtija uzu ša LÚ.DUMU.MEŠ-ni u DUMU.SAL.MEŠ-ni[nit]akal ABL 1274:10 (NB), see Dietrich Aramäer 202; ši-[ir] a-wi-[li] [innakkal(?)] PBS 1/2 99 ii 16 (OB smoke omens), see Biggs, RA 63 74; šumma UZU LÚ.MEŠ KÚ Dreambook 315 K.6663+ ii x+13, cf. UZU mīti ibid. x+14, UZU šalamti ibid. x+16, cf. also ibid. x+17ff., šumma UZU NAM.LÚ.U, (GIŠGAL). LU SUM- $\delta \hat{u}$  if one gives him human flesh (to eat) ibid. 323 K.2018 A x+14; lu ušākil uzu-ka işşūr şarşari nā'iri arê u zībī I would give your flesh (O Enkidu) to the howling sarsaru bird, the eagles, and the jackals to eat Bagh. Mitt. 1197 iii 4 (Gilg. V), cf. UZU.MEŠ-ka(var. -ku-nu) Á.MUŠEN  $z\bar{\imath}b\bar{u}$ [liš]ākil Wiseman Treaties 426, see also nukkusu; for other refs. see akālu mngs. 1b and 12; note še-e-ru še-e-ra ekkal damu dama inas: şab šer'ānu šer'ānu uqannan flesh eats flesh, blood sucks blood, sinew twists sinew AMT 9,1 ii 26 (inc.); I will suck your blood lumallih uzu.meš-ka-ma I will tear your flesh apart (?) Lambert BWL 202 Er. iv 8, cf. [ul a]ssuk uzu dama ul assu[b] I (the wolf?) did not bite the flesh, I did not suck the blood ibid. F 2, cf. also ibid. 9; šēlibu u barbaru ša iššuku dumug

šīru A 1 b

UZU the fox and the wolf who bit into the choicest meat ibid. 207:13 (Fable of the cf. aggu labbu ša ītakkalu dumuq Lambert BWL 74:50 (Theodicy),  $\delta i - r[i]$ (hungry lions) linaššiku UZ[U-šú] ibid. 190 r. 9; UZU.MEŠ-šú ina pî ša kalbi liškunu may they (the gods invoked) place his flesh in the mouth of a dog ZA 51 140:76 (colophon), cf. kalbu u kalbatu libaşşiru UZU. меў-ki (see başāru) Maqlu VIII 88; I flayed the rebels ša ša rēš šarrāni bēl hīti UZU(var. adds .MEŠ)-šú-nu ubattiq hacked to pieces the culpable ša-rēš-šarri officials AKA 286 i 92 (Asn.); UZU am ē= lūtimma la] takkali sa amēlūtimma la ta: kassasi (O Fever) do not eat the flesh of man, do not consume the sinews of man AfO 23 41:24, ef. la takkal uzu la ta-káss[a-si SA] ibid. 38; UZU  $am\bar{e}l\bar{u}ti la t\bar{a}bi$ 4R 58 ii 35 and dupls. STT 143 r. 2, etc. (Lamaštu II); šumma uzu ina māti innamir, šumma [x] ina IGI UZU innamir CT 40 46:30 and 31 (SB Alu); note (as a descriptive name for a plant?): UZU [...] UZU NAM.LÚ. Ux(GIŠGAL).LU [...]-flesh, human flesh (among 14 ingredients (Ú.HI.A) as fumigants) Köcher BAM 469:41.

b) in metonymic use for body, person, self - 1' in gen.: illurtu ši-ri-ia (var. UZU(.MEŠ)-ia) nadā idāja my arms are locked in the fetters of my flesh Lambert BWL 44:97 (Ludlul II);  $\delta i$ -ru- $\delta a \ sab \bar{a}$  u selušārassa her (Saltu's) flesh is the melee, the close fight her hair VAS 10 214 v 43 (OB Agušaja); maškū uqtattû dumuq UZU. MEŠ-šú the skins (he was wearing) had hidden the beauty of his body Gilg. XI 238; aššum ši-ru-ši-na maļū PN ul elgē: šināti (see maţû mng. 2b) CT 44 63 r. 4; UZU.MEŠ-šú šalmu (opposite: maqtu) Labat TDP 86:51, also 150:36, 152:54; šumma šerru ina baltūtišu uzu.meš-šú hab-su mursu isbassuma uzu.meš-šú imtaqtu (see baltūtu usage b) ibid. 218:6, cf. (with zamar išahhuhu zamar išallimu) ibid. 226:85; šumma uzu.meš-šú ihtanabbuşu habāşu A) ZA 43 98:35 (Sittenkanon); šumma awīlum pagar<šu> ši-ru-šu pūṣam kullum: ma if the body, (variant?) flesh of a man shows white spots AfO 18 66 ii 42 (OB physiogn.), cf. UZU.MEŠ-ŠÚ SI[G7.MEŠ] Hunger Uruk 34:9f.: amurrigāna IGI.MEŠ-šú UZU. MEŠ-šú malû his face and body are "full of" jaundice Küchler Beitr. pl. 19 iv 6 (= Köcher BAM 578), see also sūmu, tirku, urqu; Assurša inanna uzu.meš-šú ú-lu banipal tābušu who is not feeling well now PRT 106:18; murşu iktabit ši-ru-šu [...] Atiqot 2 122 r. 10 (Gilg.), see von Soden, AfO 20 82 n. 1, Landsberger, RA 62 133 f.; lu hamû UZU.MEŠš[ú] Biggs Šaziga 44:22; ši-i-ri ištahit my flesh twitched AfO 1953:176 (prayer to Ištar); he saw the coming of my expedition from afar irrutu uzu.meš-šú his flesh trembled TCL 3 82; ina da[nān erijā]ti ugtammû uzu.meš-šu (in the mountain where) his flesh is frostbitten by severe cold TCL 3 + AfO 12 145:102 (both Sar.); ša UZU.MEŠ-iá uzaqqituninni (the sorcerers) who have caused my body to hurt me KAR 80 r. 26; manga lu'tu eli uzu.meš.mu itbuku they (the sorcerers) have laid stiffness (and) debility on my flesh ibid. r. 29, cf. dikiš uzu.meš (among diseases) Maqlu II 63, cf. LKA 155 r. 1, [şu]rup nupāri esil *ši-e-ri* 79-7-8,168 r. 3 (courtesy W. G. Lambert); see also mišittu, sihlu, sihiltu, šihhatu, šim: matu; ú amuzinnu: ú uzu.meš tabkūte Köcher BAM 1 iii 32, dupl. CT 14 43 Sm. 60+ :10, cf. ú šammi uzu.meš tabkūti CT 14 36 Rm. 2,412:5; UZU.MEŠ-ŠÚ DÙ.A.BI-ŠÚ-NU TAG. TAG you smear (the mixture) over all his flesh Iraq 19 40 i 22, cf. kal UZU.MEŠšú taşammid Köcher BAM 436:9, UZU-šú ina KAŠ.Ú.SA tukâr you rub his flesh with billatu beer ibid. 323:68, cf., wr. su-šú ibid. 471 ii 28; UZU.MEŠ-šú tapaššaš AMT 92.1 i 6. wr.  $UZU^{II}$ - $\delta \hat{u}$  Köcher BAM 503 i 27; obscure: taṣammissuma KI UZU-šú-ma šid-nu you apply a poultice to him and . . . . Köcher BAM 32:17; sīsê ša iddinašuni PN ina libbi egirte ana uzu.meš-ni issaţar ussēbila PN wrote down in a letter the horses he has given him by characteristics (color or breed) and sent (the letter) to šīru A 1b šīru A 1b

us ABL 1058:12 (NA); for morbid symptoms see also hamû A v., hatû A v., kaz sāsu B, katātu, lapātu mng. 3, maqātu mng. 2, maţû mng. 2, šaḥāḥu, šamāmu, šapāku, tabāku, and rišiktu.

in figurative sense: Hammurapi LUGAL ša epšātušu ana ši-ir Šamaš u Marduk tāba the king whose deeds are pleasing to Samaš and Marduk LIH 57 i 8, also ii 28, cf. ša ana su Šamaš b[ēlij]a u Aja bēltija tābu PBS 7 133 ii 72, see Gelb, JNES 7 270 (Hammurapi), and see 4R 18* No. 3 iv 3f., CT 17 5 ii 21f. in lex. section; [š]i-i-ri mādiš inazziq I am very upset ARM 18 2:9, cf. [s]i-ir bēlija [la inazzig] ARM 14 82:8, 5i-riuli-zi(?)-iq TIM 2 86:7, for other OB and Mari refs. see nazāqu mngs. 1b and 4a; ši-ir awīlim ishulma he annoyed the gentleman TLB 4 85:4; PN u I nukarib= bum ša ana ši-ri-ka magtū lillikuma PN and one gardener who have taken refuge with you should leave VAS 16 109:9, cf. ina ši-ri-ku-nu (in broken context) PBS 7 69 r. 2 (all OB letters); šumma ina kīnātimma mārtī atti u ši-ri-[i]a tarammi if you are truly my daughter and love me ARM 10 114:23, cf.  $\delta umman \delta i-ir b\bar{e}lija ir[d]m$  ibid. 74:36; [ina m]ašê UZU šitakkuri u la şibit te[mi] through lack of self-control(?), constant drunkenness, and vacillation Weidner Tn. 48 No. 42:6 (Aššur-nīrārī III), cf. ta= maššî uzu.MEŠ-<ki> Maqlu III 149, KA.HI. bi ba.an.kúr su.na ba.an.da.ha.  $l[am]:[t]\bar{e}n$ šu uštann $\hat{u}$  ši-ri-šu uštamš $\hat{u}$ they disturbed his mind, made (him) forget himself CT 17 15:16f.; mimma lemnu ša uzu. MEŠ. MU Or. NS 363 r. 1 (namburbi), cf. usuh lemna ajāba ša uzu.meš-šú Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 186:48; for šīru between zumru and šer'ānu see šer'ānu, and see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 85f., but note lumun uzu ša zumrija STT 215 iii 13; referring to demonic creatures: ištēn še-er*šu-nu-ma* (var. uzu.meš-*šú-nu-ma*) (referring to seven demons) Lambert BWL 32:67 (Ludlul I); mušēṣât UZU (var. LUGAL) A.SAG the one which expels the asakku

demon (name of the mušlālu gate in Nineveh) OIP 2 112:80 and Iraq 7 90 B 20 (Senn.), var. from STT 372:6, see JNES 26 198; ana UZU a-sak-ki la ammanni may I not be reckoned as belonging to (?) the asakku demon LKA 109 r. 2, and dupls., see RA 48 84.

in phrases referring to well-being and to good or ill health: UZU.MEŠu-a ta-bu-ma I am in good health Anst 8 50 ii 32 (Nbn.); ina ši-ri-im ţābim wašbat CT 52 144:3, cf. ina ši-ri-ia la tābim Boyer Contribution 119:33, cf. also VAS 16 140:8, Šiir-ši-na tābam Jean Šumer et Akkad 199 r. 4 (all OB letters); [ultu] ūmī mādūti [la bal]=  $t\bar{a}ku[ma]$  §i-i-ri [...] BE 17 80:7 (MB let.), cf. ištu . . . ērubam ši-ri matima ul itīb PBS 7 36:6 (OB let.), ultu ūmi ša mār šipri ša ahija ik[šudanni] ši-i-ri ul ţābanni EA 7:9, cf. ibid. 12 and 14 (MB royal); (he eats his food)  $u \, \check{s}e$ -ir- $\check{s}u \, t\bar{a}b\check{s}u$  and is in good health PBS 1/2 25:11, ši-ir-ši-na tāb BE 17 31:8 (both MB letters); UZU.MEŠ-ia gabbu iţībuni my overall health has improved ABL 570:8 (NA), cf. ABL 719:10 and r. 4, see Parpola LAS No. 222, kīma uzu-šú iţību as soon as he feels better AMT 73,1:25, dupl. Köcher BAM 124 i 20; NA BI X UZU.BI NU DÙG.GA RA 13 28:24 (Alu Comm.), cf. UZU. BI DÙG.GA CT 39 44:19, UZU LÚ NU DÙG. GA ibid. 3:22, DUG.GA UZU Kraus Texte 2b r. 11, and passim in apodoses, also  $100 \ \bar{u}m\bar{e}$ UZU-Š $\acute{u}$  NU DÙG.GA Ebeling KMI 55:5;  $t\bar{u}b$ libbi tūb UZU lirteddânni Maqlu VII 172, cf.  $ana \ldots t\bar{u}b \ libbišu \ t\bar{u}b \ uzu.$ Meš-šú  $\ldots$ išturma CT 42 24 r. 18 (colophon); may Aššur grant me tūb uzu hūd libbi u namār kabitti Winckler Sar. pl. 25 No. 54:78 and passim in Sar., Senn., Esarh., Asb.; ina tūb ši-i-ri-im *u hūd libbi luttallak kajānam* let me live continually in good health and happiness VAB 4 194 ii 30, and passim in Nbk., (Ninurta tūb libbi tūb uzu.meš ana and Gula) [šarri bē] lija lidd[inu] ABL 248: 9, see Parpola LAS No. 259, and passim in NA letters, see E. Salonen Grußformeln 88 ff., wr. tūb libbi u tūb &i-i-ri ABL 852:6 (NB), also TCL 9 107:6, and passim in NB letters and reports, see E. Salonen

šīru A 1 c šīru A 1 d

Grußformeln 88 ff., and see  $t\bar{u}bu$ , for occs. beside  $h\bar{u}d$ libbi see hūdu; išātu tušalbibušu (var. tušal= bišu) tuţīb uzu.meš-šu (see labābu A) KAR 321 r. 6 (hymn to Marduk), (Gula) mu: tibbat ši-ri-ia who keeps my body sound VAB 4 130 iv 53 (Nbk.) and passim in Nbk., cf. tibbi UZU.UZU-ia ibid. 78 No. 1 iii 46; note in metaphoric use, with ref. to the country and its population: ana ši-ir nišī tubbim to increase the welfare of the people CH i 47, cf. CH v 24, xli 34 and 93, also, wr. UZU(.MEŠ) AKA 92 vii 33 (Tigl. I), WO 8 46:4' (Sin-šar-iškun), CT 39 9:7f., also ši-ir mātim utīb CH xl 33, cf. ši-ri kur nu DÙG.[GA] Leichty Izbu VI 11; (Ninurta) muțīb uzu māti who gives good health to the land JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 2:4; my reign eli uzu. MEŠ nišī liţībma CT 44 3 vi 7 (Esarh.), and dupls.; negated: [ana] LUGAL la tūb ši-ri the king is in poor health PBS 1/2 58:13. cf. ultu GN kî la tūb ši-ri ul because of ill health he cannot uşsaleave GN ibid. 17 (MB let.); la tūb libbi la tūb uzu.meš iktapap lānī unhappiness and ill health have bent my body Streck Asb. 252:8; la tūb libbi la tūb ši-ri (among curses) ZA 65 58:84 (Marduk-šāpik-zēri kudurru), cf. BBSt. No. 5 iii 39 (Merodachbaladan I), cf. also la DÙG.GA UZU Wiseman Treaties 418b (from pl. 31 No. 29 and pl. 35 No. 35), Šurpu V-VI 128, KAR 387 i 10 (namburbi), STT 77:29, and passim;  $la t\bar{u}b(!)$  UZU.MEŠ ABL 499:9 (NB); nissatu u nu dùg.ga uzu. MEŠ ithûnimma depression and ill health have come to me KAR 26:39, cf. (as apodosis) Labat Calendrier § 1:12, § 7:7 and passim, see nissatu A mng. 1b, cf. niziqtu la tūb uzu ina muhhi uttahha STT 65:20 (hymn to Nabû).

c) referring to divine nature (šīr ili): ša illikannāši uzu dingir. Meš zumuršu he who has come to us — his body is the flesh of the gods Gilg. IX ii 14, cf. Gilg. X i 7; ina šīmat DN mani itti uzu dingir. Meš mi-na-a-šú by virtue of Nudimmud's decree his body is counted among (those of) divine nature AfO 18 50 Y 16:8

(Tn.-Epic); šarru uzu dingir.meš šamši ša nišīšu the king, the flesh of the gods, the sun of his people Lambert BWL 32:55 (Ludlul I): the king's word is as perfect as the gods UZU.MEŠ DINGIR.MEŠ dUTU [...] ABL 1221 r. 13 (NA); note referring to the material divine images are made of: ali mēsu uzu dingir.meš (see mēsu A) Cagni Erra I 150, cf. bīnu [...] ul UZU [DINGIR][...] Lambert BWL 165:16, attūja UZU.MEŠ ana UZU.MEŠ [DINGIR.MEŠ...] ibid. 158:4; su dingir.re.e.ne.ke_x(KID) gal.bi túm.ma: ana ši-ir DINGIR.MEŠ rabîš šūluku (precious stones) exceedingly fitting for the flesh of the gods 4R 18* No. 3 iv 3f., cf. ibid. 21 f.

d) protuberances, membranes, etc., of flesh -1' in gen.: (if a woman gives birth and) ina ugu sag.du-šú uzu gim kubši šakinma there is (a knob of) flesh like a turban on top of his (the child's) head Leichty Izbu II 19, cf. (on his forehead) ibid. p. 197 K.9837: 3 f., and passim, see also maštu; if in his urine UZU.ME-šú uṣṣûni Labat TDP 136 ii 53, cf. (his eyes) uzu ālikam malā AMT 16,1:19 and 22 (= Köcher BAM 515); SAG. KI-su [...]: ša uzu ina muhhi jānu AfO 24 83:3 (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet XXI); if a woman gives birth and irrūšu . . . uzu kuttumu his (the child's) intestines are covered with flesh Leichty Izbu III 67; (if a ewe gives birth to a lion) SI.MEŠ ša UZU GAR (and) it has horns of flesh ibid. V 15, cf. šumma alpu 2 si.meš-šú ša uzu if a bull has two horns of flesh CT 40 30 K.4073+:7 (SB Alu); ina libbišu uzu kīma UZU šá ri [...] Leichty Izbu XI 43, cf. ibid. XIV 31 ff., si-ba-rum: UZU a[tru] Izbu Comm. 179, cf. si-ba-ru uzu at-ru kīma ubāni [aṣi] Izbu Comm. Z 7', UZU GIM GIŠ.KIB nasih: ša libbū síg UDU ragga Izbu Comm. V 264a; šumma immeru ina libbi lišānišu ši-rum na: pihma a-na i-na imittim u šumēlim [k]apiş if on the tongue of the sheep a piece of flesh is swollen and curled to the right and the left YOS 10 47:9 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb); ši-ir napšatim turrarma šīru A 1 d šīru A 3 a

Köcher BAM 393 r. 15 (OB), for other refs. see napištu mng. 9b-2'; (the child was formed) ina ši-i-ir [ši]-ir-ḥa-nim (see šer'ānu mng. 1b) YOS 11 86:3, see Or. NS 42 503 (OB inc.); note in ref. to the gums: daltu UZU sikkūru eṣemtu the flesh is the door, the bone is the bolt AMT 28,1 iv 3 (= Köcher BAM 538 iv 41), also Köcher BAM 542 iii 4 (inc. against toothache).

2' in ext.: šumma . . . DI-hu nadīma UZU DIRI panūšu armu TCL 6 3:45, cf. *ši-rum watrum* YOS 10 30:8 (OB), and see arāmu mng. 1b-3'; UZU ulluş šakin CT 30 50 Sm. 823:17, KAR 434 obv.(!) 10; šumma KÁ É.GAL ši-rum ībir if (a growth of) flesh extends beyond the "gate of the palace" YOS 10 22:17 (OB), cf. \(\delta i - ra - am(!) \) \(i kul \) ibid. 19; šumma KÁ É.GAL ši-ra-am i-pi-iq if the "gate of the palace" is overgrown with flesh ibid. 26:30 (OB); šumma martum išissa ši-ra-a-am katim ibid. 31 iv 27, cf. ši-rum katimšu RA 63 155:24 (all OB), see katāmu mng. 1c, also [...] UZU katimma kīma MU[L . . .] RA 77 157 r. 10 (MB, from Elam), cf. also AfO 16 pl. 12 Rm. 2,101:15f., šumma martu uzu sahrat if the gallbladder is surrounded by flesh CT 31 26 r. 6 (SB); if the "footmark" on the left of the gallbladder is curled from the right to the left and UZU tap-pa-a TUK-[ši(?)] CT 30 48 K.3948 r. 9, cf. UZU NU TUK-ši TCL 6 1:26; šumma...uzu ša pan takalti kīnūtu GAR. MEŠ TCL 65:46, also, wr. UZU.MEŠ Boissier Choix 127:3, CT 31 36 r. 13, Boissier DA 248 i 3; if there is a hole in the emplacement of the *šulmu* and Uzu ina libbišu ušqallal flesh hangs down from it TCL 6 3 r. 9, cf. ibid. 1:45 (all SB), YOS 10 26 iv 11 (OB); DI-hu duqququma . . . ina uzu temer (see duqququ) KAR 153 r.(!) 11; UZU kima HAL flesh shaped like the HAL sign TCL 6 1 r. 21f.; if between the apical lobe of the lung and the "lifting of the head" of the lung UZU kīma sikkati izziz CT 31 38 i 15, cf. KAR 434 obv.(!) 11, CT 20 39:7; UZU(!) kīma kuptatinni kupputma šakin there is a fleshy part compacted like a pellet Labat Suse 4 r. 21; see also edēhu,

huddudu v., kapāṣu, katāmu mng. 1c, kup= putu v., lamû, mâṣu A, nasāḥu, šamāṭu.

- kin, one's own flesh and blood: (Šamši-Adad) la ší-ir [URU d] Aššur of non-Assyrian descent JCS 8 32 i 12, cf., wr. la UZU ibid. ii 11 (Puzur-Sin), see Grayson, RIM Annual Review 3 12; la nakrāku la ahiāku ší-ir-kà u damaka anāku I am not an alien, I am not a stranger, I am your flesh and blood Kültepe b/k 95:6 (OA), cited Or. NS 36 410; anāku aļuka ší-ir-kà u damuka anāku I am your brother, I am your flesh and blood Tell Asmar 31-T 299:4 (OB let.), see Whiting Tell Asmar No. 11; ana la uzu.meš-šú (var. ši-ri-šú) iškunanni kimtī my family treats me as a stranger Lambert BWL 34:92 (Ludlul I), var. from AnSt 30 106, and see Lambert BWL 271:16, Ai. III iii 23 f., in lex. section; ši-ir ramanika ana lemuttim itebbakkum your own flesh and blood will rise against you with evil intent YOS 10 45:45 (OB ext.), also Leichty Izbu XII 12, for comm. see lex. section, cf. ana rubê uzu.su-šú ajumma ana lemuttim itebbīšu Boissier DA 7:27, cf. TCL 6 2:27 f., 3 r. 23.
- 3. meat (as food) -a) in adm., leg., and letters -1' šīru alone: šīm alpim balţim u uzu alpim mītim bēl alpī kilallān izuzzu the two owners of the oxen will divide the value of the live ox and the carcass of the dead ox Goetze LE § 53:14; 1 alpum igi[sûm ša] ekallim ši-ra-am imlā: ma one ox, an offering for the palace, had become fully fleshed ARM 2 82:30; 1 alpum marûm rēštûm ša igisêm . . . ši-iršu igallil ARM 14 5:9, cf. ibid. 6:22; šiir-su ana ekallim i-[i]r-ri-bu its meat (of the sick slaughtered ox) should enter the palace ARM 14 6:28, cf. ibid. 5:19; send me two fat rams ší-ra-am la išu I have no meat OIP 27 5:8 (OA);  $l^{\frac{1}{2}}$  GÍN KÙ. BABBAR šīm ší-ri-im šamnim u še'im one and one-half shekels of silver, the price of the meat, oil, and barley Contenau Trente tablettes cappadociennes 16:7, cf. 1 GÍN KÙ. BABBAR ana ší-ri-im addinakkum TCL 20 123:6, cf. BIN 4 171:3, (one-half shekel) RA 59

šīru A 3a šīru A 3b

40 MAH 16205: 32, (beside a(na) kirrim) ibid. 35, Hecker Giessen 26:23;  $1\frac{1}{6}$  GÍN ana ší-ri-im ana ša bilātim ša uţṭatam izbilūninni (we paid) one and one-sixth shekels for meat to the porters who brought us the barley TCL 14 53 r. 9 (all OA); ašar wašbāku UZU ukultum ana akālija ul ibašši where I am living, there is no meat for my consumption Kraus, AbB 5 224:14, cf. ibid. 160:7; šira-am ša an.za.kar.meš ana sēriki lit= balunikkimma let them take the meat of the districts to you Greengus Ishchali 6:4; ša 3 isinnāti 1 sìla.a kaš.gin(!) 1 sìla.a ši-ru-um ipaggid Waterman Bus. Doc. 3 r. 3 (all OB), for other refs. see isinnu mng. 3; UZU. MEŠ (beside  $isq\bar{u}qu$ , in list of allotments) HSS 14 95:9, cf. ibid. 94:12; nīnu UZU.MEŠ  $n\bar{\imath}ku[l]mi$  we ate the meat (of the slaughtered sheep) AASOR 16 5:16, cf. ibid. 13, cf. TCL 9 42:5 and 9, ammini atta ina qa-ti UZU.MEŠ ilegge why did you take the (stolen) meat into (your) hands(?) JEN 391 left edge 6 (all Nuzi); māmīt UZU šurgi akālu the oath: to eat stolen meat Šurpu III 58; bēlī ide kî še-e-ri itu ahika jānu my lord should know that there is no meat at your brother's PBS 1/2 70:18 (MB let.); 9 UZU bit masarte nine (pieces of) meat for the arsenal ADD 1083 ii 13, cf. (for the bit ridûte) ibid. 16, 1 UZU ša ITI ša SAL.É. [GAL] one piece of meat monthly for the queen ADD 1046 r. 6; UZU la nașû[ni] they have not brought the meat ABL 745 r. 3 (NA); 6 UZU.MEŠ (beside bread) ADD 1032 r. 2, cf. ibid. 4; NINDA.HI.A KAŠ.SAG u UZU akannu ina panīšunu there are bread, fine beer, and meat at their disposal here CT 22 176:9 (NB let.); PN has taken (for himself) akalu KAŠ.HI.A u UZU.HI.A ša ana papāhānu igarrub the bread, beer, and meat which are due the shrines TCL 9 87:18; ištu ud.9.kam uzu ana PN idin CT 22 221:12 (both NB letters); 2 girê KÙ.BABBAR ana uzu nadnu two twenty-fourths of a shekel of silver were given for meat (one third of a shekel given for beef line 15) Nbk. 402:17; gēme KAŠ.SAG kaspu ša UZU šamni tābāti sahlê flour, fine beer, (and)

silver for meat, oil, salt, (and) cress (as monthly food allotment) VAS 6 123:1, cf. SE.BAR NfG.SÁM NINDA.HI.A KAS.SAG *u* UZU barley as the price of bread, fine beer, and meat VAS 5 72:1; naphar 21 UZU (distributed on various days of the month) VAS 6 303:21, cf. VAS 6 309:4, YOS 3 179:21 (let.).

2' varieties: 3 UZU UDU YOS 5 224:28, cf. ibid. 20; ½ GÍN ŠÁM UZU.X UDU.NITÁ TCL 10 94:16 (both OB); 2 UZU ša 1 UDU  $[\S u-b\acute{e}-e]$  (see  $\S um\mathring{u}$  A) ADD 1016:5; note: 14 KUR ana UZU.MEŠ 14 horses for meat Iraq 27 16 No. 6:4, see Postgate Taxation p. 21; 1 GUD 2 UZU one ox, two cuts (of beef) ADD 995:1, cf. x silver ana uzu gud Nbk. 402:15, and passim, see alpu mng. 3; 110 UZU UDU.HI.A RA 74 156 No. 13:1; 8 UZU.MEŠ Ša UDU.NITÁ (have been sent to my lord by PN) TCL 9 117:47 (both NB); see also kur= kizannu, šaķû; uzu ā ša ina panīka šupallika ina tābti šu-kunku-uš carve that meat which is at your disposal and place it in salt CT 22 221:5 (NB let.); for dried meat, see ablu usage b, maštû usage b, for raw, see baltu mng. 2e, for cooked, see bastu, salqu, for roast meat, see šumû A; obscure: 5 še ša ši-ir KI-ša-tim Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 115:10 (OB).

b) as sacrificial offering:  $l\bar{a}ma\ al\bar{a}k$ šarrim niqûm ša bīt kussî innaqqīma uzu issallagma rēš uzu ana Šamaš ūtemmed before the arrival of the king the sacrifice of the throne room will be offered and meat will be boiled, and the prime meat will be placed before Samaš CRRA 26 142 Mari 12803 i 11 f.; paššūra tarakkas UZU GUD UZU UDU.NITÁ u MUŠEN.HI.A tarakkas you prepare the table (for Anu and Antu), you prepare beef, mutton, and fowl RAcc. 119:19, also ibid. 25, cf. ibid. 89:8; ina bīt Šamaš uzu udu. NITĀ ana DN ul iqarrub ina bīt Sin uzu gud ana dn₂ ul igarrub UZU MUŠEN ana DN3 ul iqarrub UZU GUD u UZU MUŠEN ana DN4 ul igarrub (see qe:  $r\bar{e}bu$  mng. 4) RAcc. 79:40 ff.; NINDA.UD.DA UZU ZÍD.ŠE.SA.A (to Šamaš) KAR 66:16;

2 UZU UDU (among annual royal offerings to the temple) PBS 13 61 ii 12, iii 8 (OB); you make an offering to Ningišzida nigâ *ša taggû ší-ra kabba kadi* sag-*šu* from the sacrifice you offered, the roasted meat together with the (lit. its) head Labat Suse 11 vi 12, cf. ibid. 16;  $\delta i-i-ru$   $tu-u[h \dots]$ (among funerary offerings) AfO 24 89:38 (MB Elam); mirsu UZU GUD UZU UDU.NITÁ uzu qiršu (as part of temple offerings) BBSt. No. 35 r. 9, cf. BBSt. No. 36 iv 55 f., v 23, VAS 1 36 ii 7 (all NB kudurrus); UZU PAD. HI.A LUGAL ša UDU.NITÁ ša guqqānê UZU ša gud u geštin adi qīt MN meat, provisions of the king from the sheep of the monthly offerings, beef and wine until the end of MN VAS 6 162:1f., cf. PAD LUGAL IGI  $I \hat{s}ha[ra]$  . . . UZU GUD ibid. 268:2, cf. ibid. 6f.; 4-ta uzu.hi.a ša salam lugal. MES four portions of the meat (offered before) the statues of the kings VAS 15 16:8: 18-'-ú ina uzu bašal u baltu (for the table of Istar) VAS 15 37:4 and 23f., cf. ibid. 8; qaqqada ibattuqu uzu.meš ušab: *šulu* they cut off the head, they boil the meat (of the kid) KAR 33:18, cf. UZU. MEŠ gabbu ina digār erî tušabšal Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 17 i 7 (NA rit.), see Or. NS 22 42; 3 UDU 3 UZU ina bīt ili three sheep, three (pieces of) mutton in the temple ADD 997:4, and passim in this archive, see van Driel Cult of Aššur 213 Nos. 11-17; a man going to the temple UZU ana KA-šú GAR-[ma el] may place meat in his mouth and he recf. uzu mains clean CT 39 36:101, GUD UZU MUŠEN (var. ŠAH) Ì.KÚ-ma NU el ibid. 102, restoration and var. from dupl. 38 r. 10 f. (SB Alu).

c) in rit. and hemer.: šizba uzu la ikkal he must not eat milk or meat CT 4 6 r. 3, see KB 6/2 46, cf. akala ikkal uzu ikkal he may eat bread, he may eat meat BBR No. 66 r. 16; on the second day of Tašrītu uzu gud uzu māš(!).zu uzu šāņ la ikkal he may not eat beef, goat meat, (or) pork Iraq 21 48:12, and passim in hemer., also Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 26 sub Taurus

and Cancer; UZU GUD šāšu ŠÚ.MAḤ ul ikkal the galamāḥu must not eat from the meat of that bull KAR 60 r. 14, see RAcc. p. 22; UZU GUD UDU MUŠEN līkul ABL 1405 r. 4 (rit.); UZU GUD UZU UDU.NITĀ UZU MUŠEN KU6 BE 8/1 154:15 (NB); ŠE.SA.A ina A.MEŠ UZU i-ḥa-ár-[x] he . . . -s roasted barley in beef broth Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 22b:9 (MA rit.), cf. (he places before Aššur) [. . .] ina A.MEŠ UZU la ṣīpu van Driel Cult of Aššur 92 viii 2'; if in his dream they give him [A.MEŠ] UZU beef broth Dream-book 325 r. ii 1; for other refs., see mû A mng. 2a-2'b'.

- d) in med.: šūma karāša UZU GUD UZU ŠAḤ KAŠ LŪ.DIN.NA la uštamaḥhar (if) he cannot digest garlic, leek, beef, pork, or beer Küchler Beitr. pl. 14 i 2 (= Köcher BAM 578) and pl. 11 iii 66 (= Köcher BAM 575); UZU kabra ikkal he should eat fatty meat AMT 48,1:5, and see kabru usage b, cf. UZU šeleppî Köcher BAM 248 iv 25, UZU šaḥî peṣî ibid. 26, UZU šēlebti ibid. 27, UZU eššebi AMT 95,2:6 (= Köcher BAM 471 iii 15), UZU kurkî AMT 105,1 iv 12, dupl. 35,5:4, UZU enzi KAR 156:5, UZU dnin.Kilim Küchler Beitr. pl. 1 i 8 (= Köcher BAM 574); note: UZU MAŠ.DA gazelle meat (among ingredients) Köcher BAM 3 iii 4, and see ṣabītu usage e.
- e) in lit. and omens: [iltabb] aš maš: kīšunu ikkal ši-ra-am (Enkidu) clothes himself with their skins (and) eats (their) flesh Gilg. M. i 2 (OB); tābihu UZU našī ka  $\bar{e} \ t\bar{a}mi \rceil rma \ UZU-\check{s}\acute{u} \ ul \ [KI.MIN] \ (= e-kul)$ the butcher will bring you meat, do not go ahead and eat his meat STT 28 ii 42, also ibid. iii 57 (Nergal and Ereškigal), see AnSt 10 114 ff.; (if a mare becomes rabid and the owner kills it) uzu-šá ikkal he may eat its meat CT 28 40 K.6286 r. 20 (SB Alu); UZU u sahlê irriš he will ask for meat and cress Labat TDP 44 r. 52; šumma işşūru lu UZU lu işşūru lu mimma našīma ana bīt  $amar{e}li iddi$ if a bird carrying either meat(?), or a bird, or anything (else) drops it on the house of a man ABL 353:17, see Parpola LAS No. 36; mimmû iş=

šīru A 3 f

şūrāt šamāme ūridama ikkala ši-i-ra . . . [itt] i mārī issūrāt ul ikkal ši-i-ra all kinds of birds of the sky descended to eat the meat (but) he (the young eagle) would not eat the meat with the (other) fledglings Bab. 12 pl. 5 K.1547:15 and 18, cf. UZU rīmi annê the flesh of this wild ox ibid. 20, nurub uzu the juiciest parts of the meat ibid. pl. 4 K.2527 r. 3, AfO 14 pl. 9 ii 22 (all SB Etana); may the flesh of their children taste as good to them  $k\bar{i}ma$  UZU UDU.NIM SAL.NIM as the flesh of spring lambs AfO 8 25 r. iv 11 (Aššur-nīrārī V treaty); ina nigê rubê alpu uzu alpi ikkal in the sacrifice of the prince one ox will devour the flesh of another TCL 6 1 r. 23 (SB ext.), see Hunger, RA 66 181; see also Dream-book 314 f. ii 1 ff., 323 f. ii x+ 1 ff.

f) in recipes: me-e UZU ši-rum izzaz meat stew: meat is required YOS 11 25:1, and passim in Nos. 25 and 26 (OB).

4. ominous part (examined in divination), ominous sign -a) ominous part examined in divination: ina ši-ri-im āmurma ši-ru-um sahil I looked in the exta and the exta were pierced YOS 2 83:10f., see Stol, AbB 9 83; (the two diviners said) ši-ruum ula išar the exta are abnormal Sumer 23 pl. 7 IM 49274:13, also IM 49221:20 and 41 (courtesy Kh. al-Adhami), cf. also ši-ru-um īnī ul mahir ibid. 24 (all OB letters); UZU lu šalim BBR No. 11 ii 9. cf. uzu u takaltu ištalmu BBR No. 1-20:36 and 113, just as I dedicate this lamb at the right side ina imitti uzu.meš lu šalmu let the exta on the right be propitious IM 67692:159 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert), cf. ši-rum imittam lillik RA 38 85:4 (OB ext. prayer), cf. ši-rum šalim YOS 10 17:41, wr. UZU CT 31 34 edge 1, 39 ii 24, and see *šalmu* mng. 1e; amulets against haliqti uzu absence of an ominous part (for marks HA.A see STT 231 obv.(!) 2 ff.) Köcher BAM 367:21, cf. (namburbi against missing parts) Or. NS 42 515:8, cf. ABL 361:12, see Parpola LAS No. 167 and LAS 2 p. 156; [annûtu] uzu.meš ša ina tuppi la šatrūma  $ina \ p\bar{\imath} \ umm[\hat{a}ni...]$  KAR 434:4; UZU.MEŠ

multābilti (in broken context) CT 20 14 i 10 (both SB ext.), see also Nabnitu O 238 f., in lex. section; ana muḥḥi UZU ša ina pan šarri ukinnušunūti ūmussu ittenemmūni umma nidākšu concerning (the falsification of) the omens of which I convicted them before the king, they keep swearing daily: "We will kill him!" ABL 1374: 3 (joined to CT 54 497, NB), see Landsberger Brief n. 121.

b) ominous sign: ina libbi immeri tašat: tar uzu(var. adds .meš) in the inner organs of the sheep you (Šamaš) write omens BMS 6:110 and dupls., see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 505, see also bārûtu mngs. 2b, 3b; dalha têrētum šutābulu ši-ru the omens are muddled, the signs confused Ugaritica 5 162:5, cf. ši-ru-ú-a īta'dara ibid. 2, cf. (Šamaš) ša uzu.meš tikilti ša alāk idija ušaštira amūtī (see amūtu A mng. 1a) TCL 3 319 (Sar.); (Šamaš) mušaškin uzu dumqi ina têrtija who provides an auspicious omen in my extispicy VAB 4 164 B vi 2, cf. ibid. 128 iv 30 (both Nbk.); the gods UZU takiltu ištapparunimma Borger Esarh. 43 i 61, cf. ibid. 83 r. 25;  $t er \bar{t} tum \dots \delta alma [\delta i-i]r$ *šumim itaddâ* ARM 1 60: 26, also ARM 5 65: 35, ef. ARM 1 66:5; UZU lumnu iššakna in têrtija VAB 4 264 ii 5 (Nbn.); šumma UZU.MEŠ ha=  $t\bar{u}tim \ \&a \ [\ldots]$  BA 5 698 No. 51 r. 8; inalumun uzu.meš hatūti IM 67692:274 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert), cf. aššu uzu hat-tu-ti pardūtu RA 50 22 r. 2, HUL UZU. MEŠ BAR.MEŠ pardūte JAOS 59 12:5 (both namburbis), and see ahû adj., hātû adj., lemnu mng. 1c, lummunu mng. 1b; ša kašādu temenna Eulmaš šuāti uzu dumgi ina têrtija iškunu (Šamaš and Adad) provided a propitious omen in my extispicy concerning the reaching of that foundation of Eulmas CT 34 31 ii 56, cf. YOS 1 45 i 16ff., VAB 4 238 ii 43, 246 ii 50, 268 ii 22 (all Nbn.); note: (the ominous sign) ša ana uzu SIG5 šumšu imbû which is considered as an auspicious sign RA 68 63 i 9, also CT 31 11 obv. (!) i 3, cf. UZU damiqtišu šūdû CT 20 5 K.3546:18: [šumma têr]tu la ţābatma ina libbi annûti 1 uzu ittaškan têrtu šî [šal=

šīru B

mat] [šumma] têrtu tābatma ina libbi an= nûti 1 uzu ittaškan têrtu šî la šalmat if the extispicy is not favorable but there is present one (opposite?) sign, that extispicy is favorable, if the extispicy is favorable but there is one (opposite?) sign, that extispicy is unfavorable KAR 151:3f., cf. CT 20 46 iii 7ff., also (4 UZU) KAR 151:58: annûtu uzu.meš ana ramanišunuma these omina stand by themselves KAR 151:56, cf. CT 20 24 K.3676:8, CT 30 28 K.11711:6, see also maltaktu; uzu bibilti ummāni uzu gamīr ummāni sign (predicting) the decimation of the army, sign (predicting) the annihilation of the army KAR 423 r. ii 56 (all SB ext.).

For (the rainy season is over)  $n\bar{e}pe\tilde{s}\tilde{\imath}$   $\tilde{s}a\ \tilde{s}i\text{-}ri\ b\bar{e}l\bar{\imath}\ li\tilde{s}\bar{e}bila$  let my lord send me tools for . . . BE 17 28:26 (MB let.), see  $n\bar{e}pe\tilde{s}u$  mng. 3.

In TCAE 290:23 (= ABL 724 r. 8) read  $b\bar{\imath}t$  nasri.

## šīru B s.; (a metal object); Mari.*

1 meat ši-ir UD.KA.BAR one hundred š.-s of bronze RA 64 26 No. 9:1; 2 ši-ir ak-k[i]-ma UŠ.GAL 9 ši-ir hu-bi-im naphar 11 ši-ir.HI.A(?) ibid. No. 10:1ff.; 40 ši-ir (beside samrātu nails) ARMT 22 224:10, 70 ši-ir ibid. 11.

Possibly to be interpreted as a logogram §1.1R, since no inflected forms occur.

šīru see šēru A.

širumaku s.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

mannummê [ši]-ru-ma-ki pirqa irtaši u uzakkāma whichever (of the brothers exchanging real estate from their inheritances from their father's estate) encounters a claim against the mutually exchanged property(?) he himself will be responsible for clearing it HSS 13 122:21 (translit. only).

Possibly derived from Hurr. šir- "to be equal to," see Laroche Glossaire Hourrite 236, Speiser, JAOS 59 294f.; see also širu in širumma epēšu.

širwanaše see šerwanaše.

šisiru see šiziru.

**šisītu A** (*tisītu*, *sisītu*) s.; **1.** shout, cry, loud noise, **2.** summons, proclamation; from OB on; *tisītu* TIM 2 134:9, A 32066 r. 7. TCL 18 142:14: cf. šasū v.

[A] Š =  $\delta i \cdot si \cdot tu$ ,  $^{\text{ta-al}}[\text{A}\S] = tan\bar{u}q\bar{a}[tu]$ ,  $^{\text{ma-ka-å\S}}\text{A}\S = ikkill[u]$ ,  $^{\text{ta-al}}\text{A}\S = rigm[u]$ ,  $^{\text{ma-ka-ka\S}}\text{D}1\S = \delta i \cdot si \cdot tu$ ,  $^{\text{ti-il}}\text{A}\S = tan\bar{u}q\bar{a}tu$ ,  $^{\text{ta-al}}\text{D}1\S(\text{var. A}\S) = ikkillu$  Izi E 227 g-231; til A§ =  $\delta i \cdot si \cdot tu$  Ea II 61; til DI§, tal DI§ =  $\delta i \cdot si \cdot tu$  Ea II 239 f.;  $^{\text{a\S-\$a}}\text{A}\S - ten\hat{u} = rigmu$ ,  $^{\text{ma-ka\$}}\text{D}1\S = \delta i \cdot si \cdot tu$ ,  $^{\text{ti-il}}\text{A}\S - ten\hat{u} = tan\bar{u}q\bar{a}tu$ ,  $^{\text{ta-al}}\text{D}1\S = ikkillu$  Erimhuš III 22-25.

ak-kil GAD+TAK₄+SI =  $\delta i$ -si-tum Diri I 231, ak-kil AD.KID =  $\delta i$ -[si-tu] (for context see ikkillu lex. section) ibid. 236; [a\delta-ta] [GAD.TAK₄] =  $\delta i$ -si-tu A III/1:11, cf. Ea III 5; ti-il KAD₅.KAD₅ =  $\delta i$ -si-tum A VIII/1:25, cf. Ea VIII 13 and MA Excerpt 5; ù UD =  $\delta i$ -si-tum A III/3:16; [g] ù.dé =  $\delta i$ -si-tum CT 19 7 K.8670:4; gù.dé.a = si-si-tum Sag Bil. B 314.

guruš.me.en gù.dé.zu hé.gál gaz.e.dè til.la.ab: etlu atta ši-si-it-ka libbašīma ina pussusi nagmir you (stone), Sir, however much you cry out, be used up by abrasion Lugale X 13 (= 428); na₄.im.ma.an.na gù.dé.zu na.an. gá.gá egir.zu na.an.tar.re; NA4.MIN ši-si-itka aj ibbaši arkatka aj ippar[is] - immanakku stone, you should not cry out, you should not be paid any attention Lugale XIII 11 (= 567); gù é.hul.a. na gig.bi di.[àm.me] gù urú.hul.a.na gig. bi di. à m. me : ši-si-it bīti ša šulputu marşiš [išassi] ši-si-it āli ša «šá» šulputu min (= marşiš išassi) the cry for the temple which has been destroyed, she wails bitterly, the cry for the city which has been destroyed, she wails bitterly SBH 113 No. 59:16 ff., cf. ibid. 20 ff.; im.ux(GIŠGAL).lu im. mir.ra gù. (àm iri, (URÚ).in.ga.àm.me): ana šūti u iltānu ši-si-it āli i[šassi] (mistranslation of  $iri_x$  as  $uru = \bar{a}lu$ ) SBH 83 No. 47:21 f., cf. ibid. 126 No. 77a: 1 ff., also (catch line) SBH 82 No. 46 r. 31 f. and parallels, see šasū lex. section; gù. bi gù.kúr.ra: ši-si-it nakrimma (see šasû lex. section) SBH 130 No. I 18f.; gù šeš.ra bí. in. ka.[. . .] : šá ši-si-it a-hi [. . .] LKU 10 ii 15 f. and 19f.; dim.me.er ki.a gú  $si.s[i.e\,\S]:ilar{u}$  ša erseti ana ši-si-ti-ka ušqa: mam[mu] ASKT 125 No. 20 r. 15 f., also 4R 30

šisītu A šisītu A

No. 1 r. 5f. (Nergal hymn); é.kur.ra gù.dé.dé [...]: ana é.kur ina ši-si-[ti...] SBH 78 No. 44 r. 37f.; kád.kád «iti» dnin.ru.ru.gú «iti» sipa dDumu.zi ba.dib.dib.ba: ši-si-it dnin.ru.ru. gú citi sipa Dumuzi ikkamû (the month of Du'ūzu is the month of) the crying of DN, the month when the shepherd Dumuzi was bound KAV 218 A i 43 and 49 (Astrolabe B), see BPO 281.

[...ri]gmu: ši-si-tum: tanūqātu A II/2 Comm. A r. 20; [MUŠEN].ZI.ZI // ṣa-bar šá iṣ-sur // MUŠEN. ZI.ZI // ši-si-tú šá iṣ-sur BM 129092:29 (Alu Comm., courtesy I. L. Finkel).

tanūqātu, rigmu, ši-si-tú, šagāmu = killu LTBA 2 2:152-155 and dupl. 3 iii 6-9.

1. shout, cry, loud noise -a) in gen.: alikma ana  $b\bar{a}b$  [hazanni] [...]  $\delta i$ -si-tušukun ana ši-[si-ti-ka] liphuru gimir [nišī] go to the gate of the mayor and start shouting, so that at your shout all the people will assemble STT 38:144f. (Poor Man of Nippur), cf. hazanni ana šisi-it etli ittasi kamītuš ibid. 148, see AnSt 6 156; ši-si-tum elija u gabbi abullātija tilgi UR[UDU] there was a (rebellious) outcry against me and all the gates were bolted (lit. provided with(?) bronze) EA 69:26 (let. of Rib-Addi); UGU āli u ekurri rigmi  $\hat{u} \ \delta i - s[i-ti] \ i \delta kunumi$  they set up a hue and cry over the city and the temple JAOS 88 126 iia 4 (NB lit.);  $a-\check{s}em-me\ \check{s}i-si-i[t\ x\ x]$ CT 51 93:21 (NB fable); gullies of torrential water were carved into the mountains šisi-it tibkišunu ana 1 kas.gíd.àm išaggumu  $k\bar{\imath}ma\,{}^{\mathrm{d}}A\,ddi$  the roar of their rushing water resounded like thunder for one double mile around TCL 3 326 (Sar.); kî ši-si-ti rigme šá dAdad sigarka palhu they fear your word like the thundering roar of Adad AfO 19 65 iii lower portion 6 (prayer to Marduk); nalbaš šamė libba[tiq an] a ši-si-te  ${}^{\mathrm{d}}Ad$ -di let the garb of heaven be rent at the roaring of Addu Lambert BWL 169 i 17; liš= šepu rigimša ši-si-sa aj [...] ibid. 172 iv 8 (both Fable of Nisaba and Wheat); ši-si-tu-ia at(?) my shout VAS 10 213:6 (OB lit.); if the crow caws seven times in the east ana damiqti u ši-si-it dumqi (the cawing) is propitious and announces good fortune (opposite: in the west ana gilitti) Sumer 34 Arabic Section 63:58 (SB Alu), cf. ibid. 62:36;

*ši-si-it alāla ṭābi* the sound of joyous harvest songs (see *zummû* mng. 2) Streck Asb. 57 vi 102.

- b) of distress or complaint: inandi rigim išakkan š[i-s]i-it išakkan bēl bēlē he (who was denied justice) would cry out, he would make a plaint, he would shout: Lord of lords CT 46 45 ii 18 (NB lit.), see Iraq 27 5; (Gula) ana ši-si-it hantat who hastens to (respond to) the cry Craig ABRT 2 17 K.232+ r. 23; šahitma ana ši-si-it Šamši u meherti ilāni adir u hussus he (Kaštiliaš) was panicked, he was worried and concerned at (Tukulti-Ninurta's) invocation to Šamaš and address to the gods Tn.-Epic "iv" 23.
- summons, proclamation -a) in gen.: they showed me three lambs and I marked them 5 lahrātim eri[ātim] an[a]  $ši-si-it \ UR[U^{ki}] \ ul \ i-pa-x-[...] but they$ will not [produce?] the five pregnant ewes on summons from the city Kraus, AbB 5 230:14; PN ana PN₂ AD.DA.NI 6 SÌLA NINDA ina tūbātišu ukâl u ši-si-it uruki ippal PN will voluntarily provide PN2 his father with six silas of bread and will respond to the city summons YOS 13 198:6; ekallam ippalu . . . x GIŠ.PEŠ.GIŠIMMAR inaddinu u ti-si-tam kīma aḥḥīšunu illaku they (the lessors of an orchard) are responsible to the palace, they will deliver (x palm leaves and) offshoots, and they will perform (service at) the summons equally A 32066 r. 7;  $p\bar{i}qat \, \dot{s}i$ -si-tum x[...]lutrud Kraus AbB 1 121 r. 5; ana ti-si-it eqlišu ana bītišu la tašass[i] TIM 2 134:9; difficult: awīlum ša ti-si-it kaskal-ni-ia TCL 18 142:14 (all OB); and HUL ši-si-it GIDIM parāsi in order to avert the evil (incurred) by calling up a ghost AfO 29/30 11:10, cf. lumun ši-si-šú (possibly to be emended to  $\delta i - si - \langle ti \rangle - \delta u$ )  $\delta a \ lemutti \ aj \ ith \hat{a} \ may \ the$ evil in his evil cry not approach me ibid. 17, also ibid. 16.
- b) šisīt nāgiri herald's proclamation: if a man hides a fugitive slave in his

šisītu B

house and ana ši-si-it nāgirim la uštēs siam does not produce him at the herald's proclamation CH § 16:44; ilki ši-si-it nāgiri elišunu ukannu (see nāgiru mng. 1b-1') Lambert BWL 112:25 (Fürstenspiegel), cf. I exempted those citizens [ina ilki tupšikki] dikût māti ši-si-it nāgiri Winckler Sammlung 2 1:39 (Charter of Assur), see Iraq 37 16, Postgate Taxation 132, cf. [in] a ilki tupšikki dikût māti ši-si-it nāgiri (see nāgiru mng. 1b-1') AfO 21 40:16 (Adn. II), see Postgate Royal Grants No. 42-44 r. 36, cf. šis-sit nāgiri ibid. No. 40 r. 19 (= STT 44).

šisītu **B** (tisītu, tisīsu, tiṣītu, sisītu, šis šītu) s.; joint(?), (in šisīt ritti) wrist; OB, SB, NA, NB; NA pl. sisiāti.

[x]. šu. mu = ši-si-it rittija Ugumu Bil. D 17.

a) šisīt ritti wrist: qumāršu ša imitti ša [amē] li si-si-it ritti šakin (var. si-si-it rittišu [...]) rittašu ša šumēli am[ēlu] its (the laḥmu monster's) right qumāru is human, it has a wrist, its left hand is human MIO 1 74 iv 36, var. from dupl. CT 51 209: "63", also MIO 1 76 iv 54, 70 ii 54 (SB description of representations of demons); if a scar ina ti-si-it Kišib.Lā-šú imitta šakin lies on his wrist at the right Kraus Texte 38c: 6, also (with the left) ibid. 7, wr. ina ti-si-si ritti ibid. 62: 17f. (OB); uncert.: annītu ina muḥḥi si-sa-ti £n 3-šú tamannu (referring to [...] zēr ušî Ki si-sa-ti r. 3) KAR 237 r. 11, see Ebeling, MAOG 5/3 38.

b) joint(?) (as cut of meat): UZU sisi-a-ti (among meat portions to the Sarrat-Nipha temple) Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 32:14, see Ebeling Stiftungen 13; UZU.GABA UZU.ZAG.LU GÚ si-si-a-te l UZU.ÚR ... ana pan DN the breast, the shoulder, the neck, the š.-s (and) one thigh (of the sheep are placed) before DN KAR 154 r. 8 (both NA); UZU ši-ši-tum (among meat distributions) OECT 1 21 r. 26 (NB), see McEwan, Iraq 45 190:78 and p. 198.

In KADP 12 ii 38 (= Uruanna III 137), read  $\circ$  sim-gu-us-ti : AS el-[l]i GUD.

šissinnu see sissinnu.

šissintu see sissinnu.

šīsu  $(t\bar{\imath}su)$  s.; 1. cry, 2. summons; OB, SB; cf. šasû v.

1. cry: see lumun ši-si-šú AfO 29/30 11:16f., cited šisītu A mng. 1a.

**2.** summons:  $\bar{u}m$  ši-si É.GAL iššass $\hat{u}$ when the summons by the palace is issued CT 8 11c:10, cf.  $\bar{u}m$  ti-si  $\pm$ .GAL  $i\check{s}\check{s}ass\hat{u}$ ibid. 21a: 10, 30b: 9, cf. also (he will repay the silver)  $\bar{u}m \, \check{s}i$ -si  $\check{s}a \, \acute{\text{E}}$ .GAL YOS 13 354:10, cf. Kraus, AbB 10 100:5 and 10; kima ištu labīrtim bīti napṭarija ši-sa-am u aḥītam la kullumu ul tīdê (see naptaru in bīt nap: tari usage b) CT 4 29c:3; ti-sa u eper  $k\bar{a}rim\ b\bar{e}l\ eglim\ illak\ CT\ 45\ 120:22;\ 6\ GÍN\ KÙ.$ BABBAR NÍG.ŠID TIL.LA ša ši-si u kanīki țehīma ša PN UGU PN2 iršû six shekels of silver (remaining after) the pertinent accounts of (the amounts subject to) calling in and the debt notes were completed, which PN2 owes to PN VAS 18 10:3, also (same creditor, written four days earlier) JCS 34 160 No. 10:3; difficult: aššum eglim ša PN ša GN ša ši-si . . . ittadiaššu concerning PN's field in GN which is subject to (service at) the summons, he has left it fallow(?) OECT 3 41:6, see Kraus, AbB 4 119 (all OB).

šisurru see pisurru.

šiṣūtu s.; (a quality of dates); lex.*; cf. šuṣû.

giš.gišimmar.u₄. $\dot{y}$ i.in.šà.sù =  $\dot{s}i$ -su-[t]um (var.  $\dot{s}u$ -su-su-u) Hh. III 329.

Borrowed in Aram. as šīṣā, see Zimmern Fremdw. 54. See discussion sub šuṣû.

šišahu s.; (a mineral); plant list*; foreign word.

Ú ši-šá-hu: Ú MIN (= (NA₄) as-har) ina Šubari Uruanna II 372.

šišanibu s.; (a garden vegetable); SB.*

10 ANŠE Ú andahši 10 ANŠE Ú ši-šáni-be 10 ANŠE simbirri (among spices šišānu šišītu

and vegetables for the royal banquet) Iraq 14 35:137 (Asn.).

Probably a variant of šasnibu, q.v.

šišanu see šišnu.

šišihu s.; (an item of clothing); Ur III (Akk. lw. in Sum.).

2 túg *šì-šì-hu-um* 2 túg.bar.si ù. gùn *šì-šì-hu-um* UET 3 1745:1f., cf. 5 túg *šì-šì-hu-um* ibid. 1702:1.

The reading of the sibilant as § is not certain.

šišittu see šišītu.

šišītu (šišittu) s.; 1. membrane, film, 2. (a meteorological phenomenon), 3. (a plant); from OB on; pl. šišiātu.

te = \$i-\$[i-tu] Izi E 107; te-e TE = \$i-\$i-tum A VIII/1:199; [x-x] [zɪg] = \$i-\$i-tu (both beside ipu, q.v.) A VII/2:201; lu-um LUM = \$u-pu-u, \$i-\$i-tum A V/1:71f.; uzu.[x].lá, uzu.zil.zil, uzu. TE+UNU.ak, uzu.TE+UNU.gu, uzu.lá.lá = \$i-\$i-tum Hh. XV 224-228; uzu.zil.zil = \$i-\$i-tum = i-ba-hu Hg. B IV 32, in MSL 9 35.

 $\&si-\&si-tu=i-pu, \ hi-il-lu, \ i-ba-hu, \ qu-lip-tu, \ \&sir-a-nu$  Izbu Comm. 274-78, also ibid. V 274-77; TE, SAL.SAL = &si-&si-tu=2R 47 ii 34f. (comm.); [te-e TE . . . #&si-&si-tu=#&si-si-tu=#&si-si-tu=#&si-si-tu=A ACh I\u00e4tar 7:24 (= RA 17 128:25).

1. membrane, film -a) in ext.: if there are two superimposed "palace gates" and elûm u šaplûm ši-ši-tam şullulu both the upper and the lower ones are topped by a membrane YOS 10 24:4, cf. ibid. 26:2; šum= ma martum ši-ši-ta-am ukâl if the gall bladder comprises a membrane YOS 10 31 v 14 (all OB); if the middle "finger" of the lung is cleft but šitiqša ši-ši-tu ukâl its cleft comprises a membrane KAR 153 r.(!) 2, cf.  $\delta itiq\delta a \delta i-\delta i-tu \ sabtat$  ibid. r.(!) 1; šumma amūtu ši-ši-tum DIB.MEŠ-at if the liver is held(?) by a membrane TCL 61:49, also (with armat) ibid. 50 (both SB); šumma šu. BAR ši-ši-tam sāmtam harim if the . . . . is covered with a red membrane TIM 9

79:14 (OB); martum ši-ši-tam armatma the gall bladder is covered with a membrane KUB 37 216:1 (Bogh. liver model); šumma... panī kajānūti ši-ši-tam armu if the normal surface (of the middle "finger") is covered with a membrane Labat Suse 3:6f., cf. ibid. r. 39; if there are two holes u ši-ši-tú armu JNES 33 354:9, cf. CT 30 20 Rm. 273+r. 3, 35 81-2-4,197 r. 4f. (all SB), for other refs. see arāmu mng. 1b-3'; şibtum kīma ši-ši-tim the ṣibtu-feature is like a membrane JCS 11 104 No. 22:7 (OB ext. report).

- b) in descriptions of parts of the body: summa izbu īnāšu ši-ši-tú arma if the malformed animal's eyes are covered with a membrane Leichty Izbu X 26, cf. (its intestines and belly) ibid. XVI 44; summa amēlu īnāšu ši-ši-tú malā if a man's eyes are covered with a film Köcher BAM 23:4f., cf. ši-ši-tú ukalla ibid. 6, cf. also ibid. 515 ii 67; ši-ši-tu eli lamassat īnīšu [...] (if) a film is [spread] over his pupils ibid. ii 49; if his face is spotted with white or yellow pūšu u šaptāšu ši-ši-tu (malā) his mouth and lips are covered with a film (and his left eye squints) Labat TDP 72:8, cf. ibid. 74:29.
- c) other occs.: šumma šamnum ana šiši-tim itūr if the oil forms a film YOS 10 58 r. 12 and dupl. CT 5 6:67 (OB oil omens); 4 KUŠ ši-ši-it GIŠ.GU.ZA four leather chair coverings(?) ARM 21 383 iii 7, also ibid. 9.
- 2. (a meteorological phenomenon): §umma Dilbat ina MN...§i-ši-tum [GA]L. MEŠ KI.MIN adriš GAL.M[EŠ] if in MN Venus has a š., variant: is faintly visible ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 49 K.2903 r. 10 and dupl. (coll.); §umma Ištar ina pan šatti ši-ši-tú armat if in spring Venus is covered with a š. ACh Ištar 9:4 and dupls. Supp. Ištar 40:22 and Supp. 2 Ištar 55:12, cf. §umma Dilbat ... §i-ši-ta armat KI.MIN leqāt ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 49 K.2903:46 (= r. 9), and dupl., for comm. see lex. section.
- 3. (a plant):  $\dot{\mathbf{u}}.\mathbf{ama.a.ni} = \dot{s}i-\dot{s}i-[tu]$ (var.  $ku-x-[\ldots]$ ) Hh. XVII 102;  $\dot{\mathbf{U}}$  AMA.

šišītu šiššiktu

A.NI: Ú ši-ši-tú Uruanna II 450; Ú AMA.
A.NI: AŠ ši-ši-tú Uruanna III 132; Ú kámme a-gúr-ri: AŠ ši-ši(text-pi)-tú ibid. 126;
Ú kám-me A.ŠA SIG7: Ú IGI.SIG7.SIG7 šiši-tú Uruanna II 359, restored from Uruanna
Excerpt IV r. 57 (courtesy F. Köcher); Ú I.
SAHAR.RA: Ú ši-ši-it-tu Köcher Pflanzenkunde 31 r. 10; Ú NAM: Ú ši-ši-it-tu ibid. r. 16.

In OECT 121:26, UZU  $\dot{s}i$ - $\dot{s}i$ -tum probably stands for  $\dot{s}is\bar{\imath}tu$ , q.v., see McEwan, Iraq 45 198. In UET 4 60:5 read perhaps  $\dot{s}i$ -pi(!)-tu, for  $\dot{s}\bar{e}p\bar{\imath}tu$ , q.v.

In BM 99073 (= 1904-10-9,102) r. 14 f. read  $libbi \ \tilde{sili} \ldots bu-bu-$ '-a- $ti \ldots mali$  (coll. C. B. F. Walker), see bubu'tu usage b.

šišītu see šisītu B and šišû.

šiškatu see širkatu.

šiški-ilūtu see širki-ilūtu.

šišku see širku A.

šiškur (a plant) see tiskur.

šišnu (šišanu, šešanu) s.; (a rush); plant list.*

[Ú ši]-iš-nu tam-LIŠ: Ú urbate 3 sippūšu Uruanna I 84; Ú arariānu: Ú ši(var. PI)-iš-nu ibid. 83a, var. from STT 391 i 18; Ú šallapānu: Ú šeš-a-nu (vars. ši-iš-nu, ši-ša₄-nu) Uruanna I 81; Ú gu-ug_{GUG₄}: Ú ši-iš-nu ibid. 92.

For the Syr. cognate *šišnā*, "rush," see Löw Flora 1 573, Zimmern Fremdw. 56.

šiššat num.; one-sixth; OB; only stat. const. attested; cf. šeššet.

[ana eqel mithartim ištēn šiddī u] ši-šaat šiddija waṣābam to add to the area of a square my one side and one-sixth of my side (in parallel with šali<š>ti, rabāt, hamšat, [seb]āt, [sa]mnat, išret) Sumer 7 130:21'; ši-ša-at sag.ki an.ta ina šiddim warādam to descend (perpendicularly) from the length (for) one-sixth of the width (in parallel with sabāt, hamšat, [r]abât, [šal]i[šti]) ibid. 144 r. 49; ši-ša-at šiddim pūtum the width is one-sixth of the length (in parallel with šališti, razbâ[t], [h]amšat, sabât, [sa]mnat, tišât, išret) ibid. 148:20; ši-ša-at uţţetim JNES 5 205:30.

šiššat see šeššet.

šiššat rabat num.; one twenty-fourth (lit. one-sixth of one-fourth); OB; cf. šeššet.

50 ši-ša-at ra-ba-at uṭṭetim JNES 5 204:3 (OB math.); 20,50 uṭṭet u ši-ša-at ra-ba-at 20 ibid. 21, see ibid. 206 f.

šiššātu see šeššātu.

šiššet see šeššet.

šiššiktu s.; 1. (a stone), 2. (a bird), 3. (a wind); SB*; Sum. lw.(?).

[§e]  $g_5^{\S_{e-eg-MIN}}$  §e $g_5 = \S_i-i\S_-\S_i-ik$ -tum BM 72143: 29 (Hh. XX?), see MSL 11 172;  $na_4$ .  $\S_{ig_5}$ .  $\S_{ig_5} = \S_i\S_-\S_ik$ - $\S_ik$ - $\S$ 

lugal.mu na₄. $\sin g_x(URU\times GU)$ . $\sin g_x$ .e ba.gub: EN a[n]a NA₄  $\sin \sin t$  izzizma my lord turned to the  $\sin t$ -stone van Dijk Lugale 621, cf. [NA₄. $\sin g_x$ ] ig_x (among thirty stones blessed by Ninurta) CT 51 88 r. 1.

- 1. (a stone): abnu šikinšu MI-i takpat-[t] $\acute{u}(?)$  [N]A₄ [ $\acute{s}$ ] $\acute{i}$ - $\acute{s}$ [ $\acute{i}$ ]- $\acute{i}k$ -tum [MU].
  NI the stone's look is: it is spotted with black, it is called  $\acute{s}$ . STT 108:81, cf. [NA]₄  $\acute{s}ik_5(KA\times TU!)$ - $\acute{s}ik_5$ -tu ibid. 95 (series abnu  $\acute{s}ikin \acute{s}u$ ).
- 2. (a bird): see Hh. XVIII, in lex. section.
- 3. (a wind): [ištu] ITI.ŠE.KIN UD.14 adi [ITI].SIG4 UD.5 IM ši-ši-ik-tum from the 14th day of Addaru until the fifth day of Simanu is the š. wind (inscribed in a quadrant between the south and the

šiššiktu

west, possibly a var. of ziqziqqu) Bagh. Mitt. Beiheft 2 98 left 2, see McEwan, BiOr 38 641.

For signs with the reading  $\S eg_5$  see Landsberger, MSL 8/2 141 note to 274 and Civil, MSL 12 73 to 846, e.g. in the geographic names  $\S e-e\S-\S e-ig$  URUXTU.URUXTU.KI =  $\S e-\S[i]k-tum$ , [...] Diri IV 114f., [ $\S e-e\S]-\S e-ig$  fd.GI $\S GALXTU.TU = \S[i-e]\S-\S e-ik-tu$  Diri III 199, and (with erroneous gloss)  $fd.KAXTU^{\S e\S-\S e\S}K[AXTU] = \S U$  Hh. XXII Section 4:20'.

šiššiktu see sissiktu.

šiššu s.; silence, quiet; SB.

 $si = \delta i - i \delta - \delta u$ ,  $si \cdot du g_4 \cdot ga = \delta u - har-ru-ru$  Antagal III 275 f.;  $si = \delta i - i \delta - \delta um$  MSL 9 131:375 (Proto-Aa).

 $\tilde{s}i$ - $i\tilde{s}$ - $\tilde{s}u$  = qu-u-u-u Malku IV 98,  $\tilde{s}i$ - $i\tilde{s}$ - $\tilde{s}u$ ,  $\tilde{s}uhar$ : ruru = ka-u-u ibid. 100 f.

qūlu u ši-iš-šú ina māti iššakkanu silence and quiet will occur in the land ACh Supp. 2 Sin 2:7; ši-iš-šú [qu-ú]-lu šaqummatu na-[du-ú] namurratu tabkat Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 26:10 (coll. W. G. Lambert); uncert.: ina pan mār rubê ši-iš(?)-šú dannu [...] ZA 43 17:53 (SB lit.); ú-gu ši-i[š-šú(?)] šaššatu STT 138 r. 23.

šiššu see šeššu adj. and num.

*šiššû s.(?); (mng. unkn.); OB.*

ša kīma kâti ina bī[t bēlija] 1 me'at ibaššû u atta ši-iš-ši-a-at(copy -um) a-wi-[lum](or-[lim]) mīnum attama in my lord's household there are a hundred (men) like you, and you are . . . ., what man are you? TIM 2 16:42.

Either a second person stative (for šiš: šiāta) "You are . . . .," or to be read as šiššiat awīlim one sixth of a man.

šiššurū see šinšerū.

šištu see širtu.

šišû (fem.(?) šišītu) s.; (person with an eye defect); OB lex.*

lú igi. $sig_7$ .a.bal, lú igi.ši.ši = ši-šu- $\acute{u}$  OB Lu B iv 43 f.; ši.ši = ši-šu- $\acute{u}$ , ši-ši-i-tum Proto-Diri 101c-d.

Cf.  $SIG_7$ ,  $\S i. \S i = damqa \ ini$  Nabnitu R 194f. and see Stol, JNES 45 295.

šīt (šīti) pron.; 1. she, 2. that, the aforementioned (fem. sing.); OA, Bogh., RS, Emar, EA, Nuzi, MA, NA, NB; cf. šî.

1. she - a) as independent pron.: si: bassu ší-it(!) u ummaša ekkala she and her mother will have the use of the interest on it RA 60 133:28: amtam ší-it-ma tašâm= ma she (the wife) herself will buy a slave girl (to bear children to her husband) ICK 1 3:10, cf. TCL 20 92:21; umma ší-itma BIN 6 46:7, CCT 4 24a:38, etc. (all OA); ši-it bēltu bīti eli māriši she (my wife) is mistress of the house over her son MRS 6 86 RS 16.250:23; [ina] GN ši-i-it ša SAL. LUGAL she will be queen in Amurru KBo 18:20 (treaty), cf. ibid. 27:1; if her husband has no sons *ši-it-ma talagge* she (the widow) herself takes (the jewelry her husband gave her) KAV 1 iii 102 (Ass. Code § 26).

b) in predicative use -1' in Ass. and peripheral texts: PN-ma ummaka ši-i-it Teye is your mother EA 29:46 and 143 (let. of Tušratta); DUMU.SAL PN . . . abu u ummu ša bītija ši-it-ma Arnaud Emar 6 15:10, cf. ibid. 216:12. and passim: PN mulūqi ša GN ši-i-it 'PN is a mulūgu-slave of Hanigalbat Genava 15 18 No. 10:11 (Nuzi); almattu ši-i-it she is a widow KAV 1 iv 69 (Ass. Code § 33), cf. aššutu ši-i-it ibid. iv 74 (§ 34), vi 4f., 9 (§ 41), 52, 55 (§ 45), 99 (§ 46); note beside šî: ša 50 mu.meš *ši-i jānumma ša šušši* mu.meš ši-i-it (they say) "She is fifty years old" -No, she is sixty years old Edel Ägyptische Ärzte p. 68:18 and 20; imittu annītu la imittu ša udu.[nim ši-i-ti] imittu ša RN ši-i-ti imittu ša du[mu.meš-šu gal.meš-šu] un. MEŠ mātišu ši-i-ti this shoulder is not the shoulder of a spring lamb, it is the shoulder of Mati'ilu, it is the shoulder of

šitadallu *šitaraḫu

his sons, his officials, and the people of his land AfO 8 24 i 29 ff. (Aššur-nīrārī V treaty); abat šarri ši-i-ti Iraq 21 172 No. 62:6, also ABL 585 r. 5. but abat šarri ši-i Iraq 21 168 No. 58:12 and 17, ABL 1003:15, 1217 r. 4; used as impersonal pron.: la ke-e-tu ši-i-te it is not true ABL 252 r. 11, see Postgate Taxation 273:35, cf. (in obscure context) ana manni ši-t[i] ABL 695 r. 10, cf. also ibid. r. 3 and 4; mīnu ša ši-ti-ni šarru bēlī liš: let the king, my lord, write, whatever it may be ABL 637 r. 8, and passim, wr. &i-te-i-[ni] ABL 198 r. 7, &i-ti-i-ni ABL 337 r. 10, 467 r. 9, 775 r. 12, and passim in NA, also mīni ši-ti-ni ana šarri bēlija ašappara ABL 128 r. 9, cf. ibid. 12, Parpola LAS No. 175 r. 3 (= CT 53 48); akê ši-ti-i-ni ina libbi nemmar we will see from it how it is ABL 74 r. 18, see Parpola LAS No. 38.

- 2' in NB: zittu & a PN . . .  $ana \ \overline{u}mu \& attu \& i-ti$  VAS 15 39:25, also ibid. 39:39 and 49, 40:18 and 50, 49 r. 22 (all Sel.), wr. & i-tum OECT 913:17;  $u'iltu \ eirtu \& i-i-tum$  the promissory note is paid AJSL 16 76 No. 21 edge 2, wr. & i-ti BE 10 73:6.
- 2. that, the aforementioned (fem. sing.)

   a) in OA, MA:  $m\bar{a}m\bar{i}tum$  ší-it kabsat that sworn promise has been annulled Kültepe c/k 1548:7 (OA let.), cited Or. NS 36 p. 410; sinniltu ši-i-it aranša tanašši that woman will be liable to punishment KAV 1 i 19 (Ass. Code § 2), cf. ibid. iv 91 (§ 36), vii 70 (§ 49), but SAL ši-i ibid. iii 51 (§ 24); sinniltu ši-it kî ša libbiša taṣliuni because that woman has aborted her unborn child KAV 1 vii 102 (§ 53); tuppu ši-it ašar telliani naḥrat ana ḥepî nadāt KAJ 142:12 (MA leg.).
- b) in NB: qallatâ ši-i-ti kî taḥalliq when that slave girl of mine ran away CT 22 183:5 (let.).

šitadallu (šitaddaru, šidallu) s.; the constellation Orion; from OB on; wr. syll. and SIPA.ZI.AN.NA.

 $\begin{array}{lll} & \text{mul.}\,^{\text{d}}\text{sipa.zi.an.na} = \&i\text{-}dal\text{-}lu \,\,(\text{vars.}\,\&i\text{-}da\text{-}al\text{-}lu \,\,\|\text{-}[rum],\,\&i\text{-}t[a\text{-}d]a\text{-}rum)} & \text{Hh. XXII Section 10:4,} \end{array}$ 

vars. from von Weiher Uruk 114 iv 82, Bagh. Mitt. 10 133:9; mul.sipa.zi.an.na = (blank) = šitá. da.[x] (var. šitá.dar 
b VI 44, from von Weiher Uruk 116 iii 13, var. from MSL 11 41, cf. mul.sipa.zi.an.na = šitá.da.ra (var. [\$]i-ta-ad-[...]), ša ina kakki maḥṣu AfO 19 107:25 f., var. from CT 26 40 iv 2; mul.sipa. e.ne = ti-ša-at-ta-lu Arnaud Emar 6 559:155 (Hh. XXII).

iti. šu mul. sipa. zi. an. na dnin. šubur sukkal. mah an. na dinanna. bi. id. da. ke_x(KID): ITI. šu ši-ta-ad-da-lu dPAP. SUKKAL SUKKAL sūru ša dAnim u dIštar KAV 218 A i 38 and 45 (Astrolabe B), see BPO 281.

- a) in astron. and omens: šumma MUL ši-ta-d[a-lu išpalurtu GAR] Rm. 2,309 ii 9'; kakkabu ša arkišu izzazzu MUL.SIPA.ZI.AN. NA dPap-sukkal BPO 2 Text III 30 and parallels, see also ibid. p. 14 s.v., cf. RA 62 53:2; for other refs. see Gössmann, ŠL 4/2 No. 348.
- b) in other texts: qaštum nīrum šita-ad-da-ru-um (var. ši-ta-da-ru) mušhuš: šum eriqqum enzum ZA 43 306:18, var. from RA 32 181:18 (OB ext. prayer), cf., wr. SIPA. ZI.AN.NA AnBi 12 283:14, Wr. MUL.ŠI.PA. ZI.A.NA KUB 4 47 r. 44, see van der Toorn Sin and Sanction p. 130; dHendursanga MUL. SIPA.ZI.AN.NA lipturu may DN (and) Orion release Šurpu II 184; MUL. SIPA. ZI. AN. NA ilu ellu bānû x.meš BMS 50:1, restored from dupl. Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 69, and BBR No. 26 iii 65, see Ebeling Handerhebung 146, cf. (ritual) ibid. 148:10, and see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 431; ^dEN MUL.SIPA.ZI.AN.NA *ikmūma* [...] ana Anunnaki ipqissu TIM 9 59:22, cf. mašakšu  $k\hat{i}\ ik\bar{u}su\ \text{MUL.SIPA.ZI.AN.NA}\ [\dots]\ k\hat{i}\ ulab$  $bi\check{s}u$  ibid. 17 and dupls. LKA 71:13 and 11, 72:3, cf. TIM 9 59:20 and dupl. LKA 72:2, see Matsushima, Orient (Japan) 15 6.

The explanation ša ina kakki maḥṣu Hg. B VI 44 and AfO 19 107:25 f. translates ŠITÁ. DAR, ŠITÁ.DA.RA, itself probably a popular etymology of šitaddaru.

šitaddaru see šitadallu.

*šitarahu reading uncert., possibly Sumerogram, see epēšu mng. 2c (šitarah).

šitarhu

šitimgallu

šitarhu see šitrahu.

**šitarqu** s.; disappearance(?); Ur III Mari.*

zēršu lilqutu adi si-dar-qí-šu (end of text) may (the gods) gather his seed until his disappearance(?) CRRA 15 106 r. 6′, also AfO 3 112:22.

Possibly I/2 infinitive of šarāqu. (Durand, MARI 4 152 n. 28).

šitarru see šaddaru.

šit'āru (tit'āru) adj.; iridescent; OB, SB.

igi.gùn.gùn.nu(var. igi.gùn.nu), igi(var.  $sig_7$ ).gar.ra, igi(var.  $sig_7$ ).zi.zi =  $\acute{sit}$ - $\acute{pa}$ -ru[m] (var. ti-it-a-rum) Nabnitu J 198 ff.; gùn.gùn.nu = ti-it-a-rum (in group with  $z\~{i}mu$ , tiqnu) Antagal A 209

lugal gud.alim igi.gùn: ana šarri ša ki ALI[M I]GI ši-it-ḥa-ra W. 16743b:1, see Falkenstein, ZA 44 2, and dupl. (Sum. only) VAS 17 36:1, etc., see Ali Sumerian Letters B 6; máš.gi6 udu á.dàr muš.igi.gùn.gùn.nu.bi: urīṣa ṣalmu immer adrē ša zīmūšu ti-it-a-ru (var. ša bunu-šu bur-[ru-mu]) a black he-goat, a sheep with ibex horns, with a multicolored face BIN 2 22:196f., also, wr. ti-it-ia-a-ru ibid. 106, see AAA 22 84 and 94, var. from 12N-228 (MB copy).

ti-it-a- $ru = \delta[i$ -it]-fa]-ru An VIII 74.

bania šimtāša bitrāma īnāša ši-it-a-ra her (Ištar's) colors are beautiful, her eyes many-hued and iridescent RA 22 170:12 (OB hymn to Ištar); šumma šit-a-ru if (his eyebrows) are variegated(?) KAR 395 i 19 (SB physiogn.); [...t]i-it-a-ru edid qarn[īn...] (Sum. broken) Symbolae Böhl 279:8; ti-it-a-ru dù mal-ki ša ina naphar āšib parakki la [...] K.3263+:16 (courtesy W. G. Lambert).

šitektu in šitektumma epēšu v.; to manumit(?); Nuzi*; Hurr.(?) word.

PN iR-ia &i-te-ik-tu-um-ma  $D\dot{v}-u\&i$  and  $m\ddot{a}r\ddot{u}ti$  and  $PN_2$  DUMU  $PN_3$  iddin I manumitted(?) PN, my slave, and gave (him) in adoption to  $PN_2$ , the son of  $PN_3$  (and  $PN_2$  gave me a slave to replace PN) HSS 19 48:5.

šithu s.; 1. (an atmospheric phenomenon), 2. (a feature of the exta); Mari, SB; cf. šatāhu v.

- 1. (an atmospheric phenomenon): šumma ina šamê mišhu ša kīma šit-hi šathu mišihšu ana šadî imšuh if in the sky a mišhu phenomenon which is elongated like a š. appears toward the east ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 64 i 7, with comm. šit-hu // huse-e kīma hu-se-e mulluh š. (means) husû, (thus) it (the mišhu) flickers like a husû ibid. 9; šumma mi-iš-hu ša kīma šit-hu x [...] ibid. 63 r. i 1.
- 2. (a feature of the exta): libbum \$û imittam u \$umēlam tarik u \$i-it-hu-um \$akin that heart is discolored on the right and left and there is a \$. ARM 4 54:12, cf. ibid. 20 (ext. report); 2 \$U.SI \$it-qu 3 \$U. SI \$it-hu the \$itqu is two fingers (long), the \$. is three fingers (long) CT 20 44 i 57 (SB ext.).

šīti see šīt.

šitimgallu s.; chief (house) builder; from OB on; Sum. lw.; wr. (LÚ.)DfM.GAL.

- a) in OB, Mari: 32 sag.ìr... 19 Lú.dím.gal... 11 Lú.tur ta-la-me-du... 31 Lú.dím š[u.nigin 1] šu-ši 3 sag. îr [ù] Lú.meš.dím 32 slaves, 19 chief builders, eleven apprentices (the last two totalling) 31 (sic) builders, total 63 slaves and builders RA 65 54 xii 54 (Mari); PN Dím. Gal (witness) PBS 8/2 151:20, 264:42.
- b) in NB: LÚ.DÍM.GAL (as "family name") VAS 3 93:18 and 21.
- c) in lit. and hist.: DfM.GAL-lu šá £.SIKIL.LA (Sum. broken) RA 17 134:7, cf. DfM.gal den.líl.lá.ke_x(KID): MIN šá [Enlil] ibid. 19, cf. also ibid. 21 and 29; ina šipir LÚ.DÍM.GAL-li-e enqūti through the craft of clever master builders OIP 2 129 vi 57 (Senn.); LÚ.DÍM.GAL-le lē ûti skilled master builders Borger Esarh. 21 Ep. 24 iii 36; LÚ.DÍM.GAL-e ištaddu eblē

šitimmāḥu šitmāru

ukinnu kisurrī (see šadādu mng. 1a) VAB 4 62 ii 28 (Nabopolassar); ina šipir dKulla LÚ. DÍM.GAL-la u ummānī mudē šipri according to the craft of Kulla, the chief builder, and of the skilled craftsmen (Sargon rebuilt Eanna) YOS 1 38 ii 1 (Sar.), cf. ana dKulla... u dDÍM DÍM.GAL-lum ša Enlil Lyon Sar. 9:60.

For the reading šitim for DfM, see itinnu A lex. section and discussion.

In ARM 3 47:8, PN TIM.GAL is unlikely to belong to this word; see the suggestion in ARMT 16 212 that the signs are to be emended to NAR.GAL.

šitimmāhu s.; chief builder; lex.*
[šitim].mah = ši-ti-im-ma-hu Lu IV 79.

*šitimtu see šīmtu mng. 3d.

šitiptu (šetiptu) s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*; cf. šatāpu.

LfL $^{\delta i-ti-ip-tum}$  OB Proto-Lu 827; [(x)].LfL =  $\delta i-ti-ip-ti$  Antagal C 122; e-pa-pu,  $\delta e-ti-ip-tum$ ,  $\delta \bar{e}nu$  (etc.) = [x]-x-[x] An VII 85 ff.

For BBSt. No. 5 ii 14 see šikittu A mng. 1c-1'.

šitlu s.; offshoot; lex.*; cf. satālu.

giš.ŠI.TUR.TUR = ŠU-u (= ligimū), pir'u, niplu, [zi]qpu, šit-lu Hh. III 268ff.; li-gi-ma GIŠ.ŠI.TUR. TUR =  $ligim\hat{u}$ , [x-x]- $\delta u$ , ziqpum, niplum,  $[\delta i-it]$ -lumProto-Diri 122 ff.; giš.gibil = pir'u, šit-lu Hh. III 266-266e; giš.še.dù.a =  $\S U$ -ú (=  $\S ed \hat{u}$ ), niplu, ziqpu, ši-it-lu ibid. 195 ff., giš.še.dù.a giš.še. dù. a ì. lá = ziqpu min (var. ši[t-lu]) na-du-tu ibid. 199; giš. ù. lu h = uluhhu, hattu, niplu, ziqpu, šit-lu, tarmiku, papallu ibid. 505 ff.; referring to offshoots of various trees and vines: giš.ildág.búr(var. .bur).ra = niplu, ziqpu, šit-lu ibid. 141 ff., also (with giš.ildág.tur) ibid. 149 ff.; giš.ù.ku.tur = lam= mu, niplu, ziqpu, šit-lu ibid. 75 ff., giš.pa.pal.  $[\dot{\mathbf{v}}.\mathbf{k}\mathbf{v}] = [\mathbf{m}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{n}]$  ibid. 78a;  $\mathbf{g}\mathbf{i}\dot{\mathbf{s}}.\dot{\mathbf{u}}.\mathbf{s}\mathbf{u}\dot{\mathbf{h}}_5.\mathbf{p}\mathbf{a}.\mathbf{k}\mathbf{u}\mathbf{d} =$ MIN (var. ši-it-lu), ši-[til ašuhi], urū ibid. 79 ff.; giš.pa.pa.al.tur.geštin = min (= papallum) [sihru], [pir]'u, [ziqp]u, [šit-l]u Hh. III 27-27c. ši-it-lum = pi-ir-hu CT 18 2 K.4375 iii 21.

For refs. wr. ŠE.KAK, for which the readings habburu, šitlu, or niplu are also possible, see ziqpu A.

šitlū s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

ka. gál. ta. a =  $\delta i$ -it-lu-u = (Hitt.) [ $\delta$ ar(?)]-ki-iz-zi-ku-i $\delta$  Erimhu $\delta$  Bogh. A ii 32.

šitluţiš adv.; in triumph; SB*; ef. šalāţu A.

ana GN šit-lu-țiš ērumma I entered Mușașir in triumph Winckler Sar. pl. 33 No. 69:74.

šitluţu adj.; dominant, pre-eminent; SB; cf. šalāţu A.

binût Ešarra aplu šit-lu-țu (Ninurta) created in Ešarra, pre-eminent scion 1R 29 i 17 (Šamši-Adad V); Nabû aplu šit-lutu Streck Asb. 266 iii 16, Bauer Asb. 2 52 r. 17, PBS 15 79 i 77 (Nbk.), wr. ši-it-lu-ţu VAB 4 152 A iii 51, 168 B vii 7, wr. ši-it-lu-du ibid. 140 i 8, *ši-te-lu-ti* ibid. 160 A vii 32 (all Nbk.); Nabium aplu kīnim . . . ši-it-lu-ţu narām Marduk Nabû, legitimate scion, pre-eminent one, beloved of Marduk ibid. 100 No. 11 ii 17, cf. bēl gimri šit-lu-ţu narām Marduk JAOS 88 125 i a 8; [Nabû šit-l]u $tu \ bukur^{d} A sarri \ AfO 4 19:1; \ (Nabû) \ [\ldots]-e$ IGI.MEŠ  $\delta it$ -lu-tu man-[za-zu] K.2540:2', also x x ina naphar kiššat šit-lut qí-bits[u...] Matouš Festschrift 2 100:6.

šitmarru see šitmāru.

šitmāru (šitmarru, fem. šitmartu) adj.; strong-willed, impetuous; SB; cf. šamā: ru A.

dib. dib. bé = *šit-mar-ru*, *šitpuşu*, *šitpuru* Lanu A 97 ff.

- a) said of horses: *šitaḥḥuṭāku mūr* nisqi rakbāk ḥiššāmê šit-ma-ru-ti I know how to canter on thoroughbreds and ride impetuous stallions Streck Asb. 256 i 20, see Bauer Asb. 2 84 n. 3.
- b) said of deities: tābat hissatka šitma-ru parrika it is pleasant to mention you (Marduk), strong-willed, obstinate(?) AfO 19 61:2 and 4 (SB prayer); ši-it-mar-tu

šitmu šitnuntu

na-ba-a-a[t ...]-ša (Ištar?) impetuous one .... (incipit of a song) KAR 158 ii 13.

šitmu s.; log(?); Nuzi.*

4 GÚ.UN *ši-it-mu arrakūtu* four talents of long logs(?) HSS 13 315:17 (= RA 36 156, list of timber).

šitmuriš adv.; impetuously, vehemently; SB; cf. šamāru A.

- a) in hist.: 30 bēr qaqqaru ina birīt māt GN... šit-mu-riš(text-šit) allikma I marched impetuously a distance of thirty double hours within the territory of GN TCL 3 75 (Sar.), cf. ultu GN āl šarrūtišu šit-mu-riš uṣṣâmma ina GN2 adi maḥrija illikam he left his capital GN with great dispatch and came to meet me at GN2 Winckler Sar. pl. 45 F 6; ši-it-mu-ri-iš [atbīma] aš-ši zi-iq-te ina šēpīja libbi KUR Kašiāri [ḥanṭiš] lu abbalkit [I set out] with dispatch, I raised a torch, and crossed the Kašiāri mountains [quickly] on foot MAOG 6/1 12:24 (White Obelisk), see Sollberger, Iraq 36 236:23'.
- b) in lit.: innadruma . . . ana majāli šit-mu-riš īterbu (Nergal and Ereškigal) embraced and ardently entered the bedchamber STT 28 vi 36, also ibid. iv 10', see AnSt 10 126 and 118 (Nergal and Ereškigal); maḥ=hūtiš ītemi ušanni ṭēnša issīma Tiāmat šit-mu-riš (var. šit-mu-ri-iš) elīta she became raving mad, she lost her wits, Tiamat cried aloud vehemently En. el. IV 89.

**šitmuru** (fem.  $\dot{s}itmurtu$ ) adj.; raging, impetuous, high-mettled; SB; cf.  $\dot{s}azm\bar{a}ru$  A.

- a) said of rivers: fD Tebilti agû šamru šit-mu-ru the Tebiltu river, a swift-flowing and raging flood OIP 2 99:46, cf. Tebilti agû šit-mu-ru ibid. 105 v 79, 118:13 (Senn.).
- b) said of equids: taṣṣanda parīka ša šit-mu-ra alākam (var. ša šit-mu-ru la:

sāma) you (Šamaš) have hitched up your mules, which are raring to go (var. to gallop) KAR 246:12 and dupls., see Laessee Bit Rimki p. 57:63; itti ištēt narkabat šēpīja ēdēnīti u 1000 pithallīja šit-mur-ti with my unaccompanied personal chariot and a thousand of my impetuous cavalry TCL 3 320 (Sar.), cf. ina narkabtija u 1000 ANŠE pithal šēpīja šit-mur-ti Lie Sar. 150.

- c) said of battle: ina emūqī sīrāti ša Aššur bēlija gipiš ummānātija u tāḥazija šit-mu-ri [ittišunu] amdaḥhisi with the supreme might of my lord Aššur, with my massed army and my ferocious battle array, I engaged them in battle AKA 233 r. 23, cf. AKA 291 i 107, 316 ii 62, 335 ii 105, 359 iii 46, 368 iii 73, Postgate Palace Archive 267:49 (all Asn.), cf. also KAH 2 84:56 (Adn. II), 3R 7f. ii 21, 32, 49, 76 (Shalm. III).
- d) said of men or gods: zikarāku ašaridāku šit-mu-ra-ku I am manly, I am foremost, I am impetuous KAH 2 84:15 var., cf. kīma anhulli šit-mu-ra-ku ibid. 20 (Adn. II); šit-mur qarrādu bēlu itpēš ilāni šam-mar (see šammaru) RA 41 40:17, see Ebeling Handerhebung 118; [t]ar-bit apsī šit-mu-ru qardu offspring of the deep, raging, heroic BMS 14:15 (+) Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 48:3, see Ebeling Handerhebung 86; ikkar qarbāti šit-mu-ru dUraš UET 6 398:15 (SB myth).

** $\S$ IT-mu- $\S$ i (AHw. 1251b) To be read  $\langle tab \rangle$ -rit mu- $\S$ i (Malku III 51), see  $\S$ uttu.

**šitnû (AHw. 1251b) see šitqultu.

šitnuntu s.; rivalry, resistance; SB; cf. šanānu.

ši-it-nun-tum kussū k[ussā idarris] rivalry, one throne will overthrow another TCL 6 10:3 (Alu?); šit-nun-ta ip[puša] ušam: ris[su] (see marāṣu mng. 6a-1') Lambert BWL 165:15 (fable); itti RN . . . šit-nun-tu idbubu they plotted resistance against Iranzu Lie Sar. 59.

šitnunu šitqu A

šitnunu (fem. šitnuntu) adj.; vying, fighting; SB; cf. šanānu.

- a) referring to gods: šalšu šumka Asari šit-nu-nu your third name is "Fighting Asari" LKA 16:11 (hymn to Nabū); [...ši]-it-nun-tum šarratu[...] (referring to Tašmetu) KAR 122:2.
- b) referring to warfare: itti 1 šušši šarrāni ... altananma līta šit-nun-ta elišunu altakan I fought with sixty kings and secured a hard-fought victory over them AKA 34 i 56 (Tigl. I).

šitpu see šatpu.

šitpû (fem. šitpûtu) adj.; surging, flaring; SB; ef. šapû A v.

 $UL^{du-du}UL = \&it-pu-u$  RA 17 124 K.2044 + 183 D.T. 103:5 (comm.).

izi.gar su.lim du₉.du₉.a.zu an. šà.ga ši.im.da.kár.kár.ra.ab: šaz lummat dipāriki šit-pu-tum ina qereb šamê littanpah may the flaring glow of your torch shine high in the sky TCL 651 r. 19f., see RA 11 149:35 (Exaltation of Ištar); izi. mú.mú.da íl bi-pi eš-šú.lá mèn: išātu naz piḥtu šit-pu-tu[m] anāku I (Ištar) am the blazing and flaring fire ASKT p. 129 No. 21 r. 11f.

The entries LTBA 2 1 xii 73 and dupl. (= Malku IV 42) are to be emended to  $rakb\hat{u}$ , see  $arad\ ekalli$  lex. section.

**šitpuru** v.; to outfit oneself, to attire oneself with; SB; I/2.

 $\lceil da.da \rceil$ . ra.ak.ab =  $\vec{si}$ - $\vec{it}$ - $\vec{par}$  NBGT IV 1, see MSL 5 198; dib.dib.bé =  $\vec{sit}$ - $\vec{pu}$ - $\vec{ru}$  Lanu A 99; [...t]ùm =  $\vec{sit}$ - $\vec{pu}$ - $\vec{ru}$  ibid. 23.

á.kár.mir da.da.ra.ſaḥl.DI da.da.zu ḤAR. KU (var. x.LU) ḥé.en.gub.gub.bu: apluḥta ezzeta ina šit-pu-ri-ki lillabib abūbu (see apluḥtu lex. section) RA 12 74:15f., see Hruška, ArOr 37 488 and Lambert, Or. NS 40 94; da.da.ri ù. bi.dug4: [šit-pā]r-ma gird yourself Lambert BWL 227:29 (proverb); ur.sag giš.tukul.a.ni éš da.da.ra di.d[a.ni]: qarrādu ana kakkišu šit-par(-)r[i...] van Dijk Lugale 165.

šit-pu-ru | kişşuru | DA.DA.RU | šit-pu-ru | DA. DA.RU | kişş[uru] (comm. on aštapiru, q.v.) ZA 10 202:7f. (= Köcher BAM 401:28f.).

mutu ša kakkī šit-pu-ru-ma uzza labšu warrior who is outfitted with weapons, who is clad with terror STT 70:3 (SB hymn); RN . . . ša ana šarrāni abbēja kakkē šitpu-ru  $\bar{e}tappalu$   $d\bar{a}$  $\bar{s}$  $\bar{a}ti$  (see  $d\bar{a}$  $\bar{s}tu$ ) Streck Asb. 168 r. 23; Ninurta ša namrirrī šitpu-ru malû pulhāti 1R 29 i 13 (Šamši-Adad V); ana itaplus nitil īnī šit-pu-rat puluhtu the appearance of which creates shudders of fear TCL 3 21 (Sar.); for the traffic of the harbor ferry ša šit-pu-rat (var. šu-ul-muda-at) alakta which is busy with comings and goings AfO 19 65 iii 9 (prayer to Marduk), var. from STT 70:1 and dupl. (courtesy W. von Soden); see also RA 12 74:16 and Lambert BWL 227:29, in lex. section; šiit-pa-ar (in broken context) Rm. 221 col. B 7 (SB lit.), courtesy W. G. Lambert.

šitpuşu adj.; belligerent; syn. list; cf. šapāşu.

sanninu = šit-pu-su (for context see sanninu) Malku IV 107; ši-it-[p]u-sum = dan-ni-[x] (followed by  $dan\bar{a}nu$ ) CT 18 18 K.4587 i 2.

šitqu A s.; 1. split, cleft, cut, 2. strip (of leather), cutting (of wood), 3. šitiq irti breastbone, sternum; SB; cf. šaztāqu.

kuš.im.kíd =  $\delta i$ -it-qu Hh. XI 253.

[...] [x].na sag.gá.na u.me.ni.kéš: ina ši-ti-iq [GIS?].LI qaqqassu rukusma bind up his head with a cutting of juniper CT 17 26:71 f.

- 1. split, cleft, cut a) in gen.: [šumma . . . ubān hašî qablītu] BAR-ma šatqatma ši-ti-iq-ša šišītu ṣabtat if the middle "finger" of the lung is detached(?) and cleft, but its cleft is connected by a membrane KAR 153 r.(!) 1, cf. ibid. 2 (ext.); 1 ubān šēpu ½ ubān piṭru 2 ubān šit-qu 3 ubān šithu (see šithu mng. 2) CT 20 44 i 57 (ext.).
- b) sitiq sadî quarried in the mountains: tamlâ zaqru umallīma ina sig4 turminaban: dî u sig4 NA4 ši-ti-iq šadî . . . udammiq I built up (the processional street of Babylon) with a high terrace and beautified it with slabs of breccia and slabs of moun-

šitqu B šitrahju

tain-quarried stone VAB 4 132 v 44, cf.  $d\bar{u}ra$  rabû ina abnī dannūti ši-ti-iq šadî rabûti  $\bar{e}pu\check{s}$  ibid. 118 ii 50, 138 ix 25, cf. ibid. 190 No. 22:7 (all Nbk.).

- 2. strip (of leather), cutting (of wood)
   a) strip of leather: see Hh., in lex. section.
- b) cutting of wood: see CT 17, in lex. section;  $ina \, \stackrel{\cdot}{\text{E}} \, \text{TAR-s}[i \, \stackrel{\cdot}{s}]i\text{-}tiq \, \stackrel{\cdot}{\text{U.GIS.SAR}}$   $\stackrel{\cdot}{\text{E}} \, \text{DIRI} \, [ki\text{-}is\text{-}pa \, t]a\text{-}k\acute{a}s\text{-}sip \, \text{in a secluded}$  house you fill(?) the house with twigs of greenery, you make a funerary offering LKA 123:7' (namburbi).

Ad mng. 2: In Ur III texts kuš.im.kíp and giš.im.kíp frequently occur as designations of cut pieces of leather or wood.

## šitqu B s.; (a sanctuary); SB.*

šit-qu = maštaku Malku I 287.

É.BÁRA.DUR.GAR.RA šit-qa-šú (vars. š[i-...], [ši-i]t-qa-šú) išīmši (var. išrukši) he (Enlil) assigned to her Ebaradurgarra as its (Nippur's) š. Kraus AV 200 IV 6 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn); šit-qu šášu (in broken context) TIM 9 58 r. 4, cf. ibid. 3.

W. G. Lambert, Kraus AV 216.

- **šitqultu** s.; **1.** conjunction, opposition (of celestial bodies), **2.** equinox; SB; wr. syll. and Lál with phon. complement; ef. šaqālu.
- 1. conjunction, opposition (of celestial bodies): [šumma] Adad ina ūmi šit-qul-ti MUL.MUL u Sin rigimšu iddi if Adad thun-

ders on the day of the conjunction of the Pleiades and the moon ACh Adad 14:8 (coll.); šit-qul-ta ša mul.mul u Sin ușurma līpul: kama watch the conjunction of the Pleiades and the moon so that it provides you with an answer JNES 33 200:62 (Diviner's Manual), cf. šit-qul-ti MUL.MUL u Sin ibid. 200:69, cf. ibid. 198 note 5; šumma ina rēš šatti mul.mul šatih ina šit-qul-ti Sin ipannûma if at the beginning of the year the Pleiades are elongated(?), (that means) they are ahead at the conjunction with the moon ACh Supp. 2 66 K.3558+:23, also cited Thompson Rep. 242 r. 6, cf. ina šitqul-ti Sin immarakkûma (explanation to MUL.MUL ka-ri-it) ACh Supp. 2 66: 20 and 25; šit-qul-ti Sin u Šamaš the opposition of moon and sun JNES 33 199:29.

2. equinox: GUB.MEŠ u LÁL.MEŠ ša šatti ana šatti ša Šamaš the solstices and equinoxes from year to year for the sun Neugebauer ACT 199 ii 20, cf. TA GUB ana LÁL [...] ibid. 21; 30 LÁL-tim NU PAP on the 30th, equinox, not observed LBAT 212 r. 23', cf. LÁL-tim LBAT 226:2, Sachs-Hunger Diaries -322 Dr. 31, and passim in astron.

šitqulu adj.; even(?); SB; cf. šaqālu.

If he is cheerful  $akala \ \&i-i[t-q] \ \&i-l[a] \ itana[kkal]$  he will always have sufficient(?) bread to eat ZA 43 98 ii 39 (Sittenkanon).

šitrahu (šitarhu, fem. šitrahtu) adj.; splendid, magnificent, superb; SB; cf. šarrāhu A.

dbil.gi gír.gal.mah : dmin šit-rah sīru Girra, superb, august BA 5 648 No. 14:1, cf. (Šamaš) gir₅ mah dingir.e.ne x [...] : ši-it-ra-aḥ ina ilī Labat Suse 2 ii 33f.

a) said of gods: ana Ninurta... mamli šit-ra-hi ša la immahharu dannūssu to DN, hero, splendid one, whose power cannot be withstood 1R 29 i 6, cf. ašarid ilāni ši-tar-hu WO 1 456 i 6 (Shalm. III), (Ninurta) šit-ra-hu i-[na ilī] BA 5 673:5, ana Enlil... kabti šit-ra-hu JCS 19 121:3, also

šitru šittān

(said of Marduk) VAS 4 216 ii 30 (Ner.), AfO 17 313 C 9 (Marduk's Address to the Demons); (Nabû) şīru šit-ra-hu bukur dAsar-ri AfO 18 386:20, cf. RA 18 31 No. 21:5, see AfO 4 19, also Matouš Festschrift 2 100:2, (Adad) šit-ra-hu Thompson Gilg. pl. 10 K.9759:3; (Nabû) igi=  $gallu\ \check{s}it$ -ra- $hu\ 1R\ 35\ No.\ 2:1\ (Adn.\ III);\ Nab\hat{u}$ aplu šit-ra-hu CT 51 156 r. ii 18 (colophon), Nergal bēlu šit-[ra-hu] OECT 6 pl. 29 K.3507 r. 12; *inu bēlu šit-ra-hu* when the supreme lord (incipit) Kramer AV 315 K.11922:7 (catalog); Nudimmud abi ilī ši-tar-hu LKA 146:15; (Marduk) šurbû şīru gitmālu šitar-hu BMS 11:46 (catch line) and Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 48:2 (+) BMS 14:14, (Šamaš) ši-tarhu mudû kalama AMT 71,1:31; ana Nanâ ... bukurti Ani šit-ra-ah-ti to DN, the splendid, first-born of Anu Borger Esarh. 77 § 49:2, cf. (Sarpānītu)  $\delta it(!)$ -ra-ah-tu KAR 26 r. 31.

- b) said of kings: etellāku šit-ra-ha-ku gišrāku kabtāku šurruhāku I am heroic, I am supreme, I am strong, I am important, I am magnificent Borger Esarh. 98 r. 19; šit-ra-hu WO 2 410:6 (Shalm. III); in broken context: šit-ra-hu Borger Esarh. 91 § 60:5; ša rē'ê šit-ra-hi ZA 43 18:62.
- c) other occ.: gušūrē erēni šit-ra-hu-ti ina ugu-šá lu ukīn I placed splendid cedar beams over it (the temple) RIM Annual Review 3 19:13 (Asn.).

### šitru s.; (a textile); OA.

tu-un  $T\dot{O}N = \delta up-pu-lu$ ,  $\delta i-[it-ru]$  A VIII/1:126f., with comm.  $\delta u-pu-ul-tum$  #  $\delta i-it-ri$  A VIII/1 Comm. 10, in MSL 14 495.

6 ší-it-ri ša Zalpa ana \(\frac{1}{3}\) MA.NA KÙ. BABBAR six š.-s from Zalpa for twenty shekels of silver CCT 1 50:6, cf. 1 ší-it-ra-am ša Zalpa ana PN ana šiamātim adzdin I gave PN one š. from Zalpa for making purchases BIN 6 184:18, cf. ibid. 27; 1 gfn \(\delta\ilde{im}\) \(\delta\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\) \(\delta\ilde{im}\) \(\delta\ilde{im}\) \(\delta\ilde{im}\) \(\delta\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\) \(\delta\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\) \(\delta\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\) \(\delta\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}\ilde{im}

PN is taking to you (fem.) 1 ší-it-ra-am kunukkija one š. under my seal BIN 4 75:14, also CCT 6 3b:22, BIN 6 84:17; ší-it(?)-ra-am ana x ša Kaneš BIN 4 88:8; with specifications: 1 ší-it-ra-am ša akkidiē CCT 3 31:6, cf. BIN 6 64:7, šalšat ší-it-ri-im ša kutānim RA 59 36 MAH 10824:16, cf. ukāpīka u ší-it-ra-am ibid. 24; 3 şubātī ší-it-ru šēlûma(?) BIN 4 1:17; [X] ší-it-ri-e ša lubūši x ší-it-ri-e ša sapdinni 2 ší-it-ri-e ša abarniē šēbilamma TCL 4 19:10ff., cf. RA 60 111 MAH 19615:33, OIP 27 58:25.

Possibly an undergarment, if the lex. ref. pertains to this word. See also šiţru.

For CT 4 8a: 37 see šittu C.

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 174ff.; Garelli Les Assyriens 293f. (Wilcke, ZA 68 122f.).

šitrudu v.; (mng. unkn.); MB, SB; I/2.

[...] fxl = sit-ru-du Erimhuš I 217; a.giš. ak.a: sit-ru-da-at ZA 9 161 ii 24 (group voc.).

\$i-it-rid-ma | \$it-ru-du | da-n[a]-an | libbû izizma la tanahhis . . . \$ani\$ la tanahkud . . . ., (explanation:) \$itrudu = danānu, because of (the expression) "Stand your ground, do not retreat," other (reading?): do not worry Hunger Uruk 72 r. 13f.

*ūmiša nakāda arhīša ši-it-ru-da šattišam* la naparkâ (see nakādu mng. 2a) BBSt. No. 5 ii 21 (MB).

šitruhu (fem. šitruhtu) adj.; splendid, magnificent; SB*; cf. šarāhu A.

- a) as epithet of deities:  $utn\bar{e}nka$   $b\bar{e}lu$  &it-ru-hu I implore you (Marduk), O splendid lord Craig ABRT 1 31 r. 20;  $Nab\hat{u}$  &it-ru-hu aplu &iru &amma amma - b) other occs.:  $m\bar{e}s\bar{u}\bar{s}u\,\bar{s}it$ -ru- $\hbar u\,pars\bar{u}\bar{s}u$   $s\bar{i}ru$  his (Enlil's) rites are splendid, his cultic ordinances sublime Hinke Kudurru i 18 (Nbk. I);  $\hbar u\,\bar{s}it$ - $ru\hbar$  (in obscure context) as mighty as it may be STT 43:15.

šittān num.; two thirds, two parts; OB, Bogh., SB; cf. šina num.

šittān šittān

a) beside specific mention of the remaining one-third part - 1' beside šaluš: (tu) - a' referring to the division of the crop between owner and tenant: ebūrim ši-it-ti-in errēšu šaluš bēl eglim *(ileqqe)* at the harvest two thirds of the yield the tenant farmer takes, one third the owner of the field Szlechter Tablettes 82 MAH 15.880:12, cf. ši-it-ti-in errēšum šaluštam bēl eqlim ileqqe RA 73 73 AO 10329:9, see RA 75 27, wr.  $\frac{2}{3}$ .BI  $err\bar{e}\check{s}um \frac{1}{3}$ . BI LUGAL.A.ŠÀ.GA.KE_x(KID) [ŠU].BA.AB. TE.GÁ.EN UET 5 129:9; for other refs. see errēšu usage a; (the gardener) ši-it-ti-in ana bēl kirîm inaddin šaluštam šû ilegge CH § 64:66, cf.  $[\check{s}i]$ -ti-in  $[b]\bar{e}l$  kirîm  $[\check{s}a]$ = luštam šākinum ilegge VAS 7 34:12; for other refs. see šalšu num. usage a, ša= luštu A mng. 1a-1'.

referring to shares of investment and dues: ši-it-ti-in mānahtim PN išakkan šaluštam PN₂ išakkan PN will put up two thirds of the expenses, PN2 will put up one third JCS 5 90 MAH 16180:9, see JCS 7 86 No. 8; (concerning the division of land, house, and service between a soldier and his substitute) I bur eqlam sibit redû: tišunu ši-it-ti-in PN qaqqad rēdîm šaluštam PN₂ tahhušu laqiam bīt rēdûtišunu ši-it-tiin PN qaqqad rēdîm le-qí-a šaluštam PN₂ tahhu laqiam ilkam ši-it-ti-in PN šaluštam PN₂ tahhu alākam ina mitgurtišunu ukinnu they established by mutual agreement for PN, the soldier, to take two thirds of their military fief of one bur of field, and PN2, his substitute, one third, for PN, the soldier, to take two thirds of the house pertaining to their fief and PN₂, the substitute, one third, and for PN to discharge two thirds of the service obligations and PN2 one third JCS 5 78 MAH 15916:7, 10, and 12, see JCS 7 92 No. 19.

c' other occs.: ši-it-ti-in ana bītišu liddinuma šaluštam ana ekallim lilqû (for translat. see šaluštu A mng. 1b-2') ARM 10 134:8; ši-ti-šu-nu-ú DUMU.MEŠ PN ilqû ša-lu-uš-DAM PN₂ ilqe Waterman Bus. Doc.

36:2; (of a wall) ši-ti-šu PN ilegge (the parallel šaluštašu or the like not preserved) VAS 13 6:7, ši-it-ti-šu-nu (contrast šaluštašunu, see šaluštu A mng. ti-i[n . . .] lege šaluš ana suhārē ša PN idin (see  $\delta al\delta u$  usage b) BIN 7 56:13 (let.);  $\delta i$ it-ti-in gurnum šaluštam sig, two thirds of second-quality (dates), one third of first-quality TLB 1 71:9, cf. ibid. 72:8, TCL 1 138:5, 143:9, note 1 GÁN 5 GUR ZÚ.LUM middat šukunnê giš.bán Marduk ši-ti-in  $[ta]-ad-mi-q\hat{u}$  IGI. [3(?)]. G[AL?] gu-[urn]a(?) i.Ag.e JCS 5 97 YBC 5923:12; 71 (GUR) 3 (BÁN) GUR U₄.HI.IN ZÚ.LUM ²3.BI. TA.ÀM TCL 11 150:2, cf. ibid. 169:2, and passim referring to the ratio of ripe to green dates, see Landsberger, MSL 1 206 ff.; šumma danānu šiit-ti-in-[šu . . .] (var. <math>šit-ta-šu TAK₄-ma) šaluštašu nabalkut (see ezēbu mng. 1b-3') KUB 4 74 r. 2 (liver model); [šit-tin]-šú DINGIR-ma šulultašu amēlūtu two thirds of him is god, one third of him is human Iraq 37 160 i 46 (Gilg. I), also Gilg. I ii 1, wr. šitta-šu Gilg. IX ii 16; see also šaluštu A mng. 1b.

- 2' in the formula šittīn ana šaluš: ša teptītim 1 GUN ŠE ša errēšūtim ši-it-ti-in ana šaluš PN ana PN₂ inaddin PN will give to PN₂ one talent of barley from the newly worked field, (and) in the ratio of two thirds to one third from the field given in tenancy JCS 5 79 MAH 15885:10, see JCS 7 93 No. 20; (field leased) ana ši-it-ti-in ana ša-lu-AŠ YOS 13 10:8; two heirs ši-it-ti-in ana ša-lu-uš izūzu VAS 22 29:13.
- 3' beside ištiat: ūm ebūrim ši-ti-in errēšū ištiat bēl eqlim izuzzu YOS 13 414:13; ši-it-ti-in PN išakkan ištijat PN₂ išakkan PN (the tenant) will put up two parts, PN₂ (the owner) will put up one (part) Grant Smith College 264:10, cf. JCS 5 88 MAH 15985:10, see JCS 7 84 No. 5.
- b) without explicit reference to the third part: PN ši-it-ti-in-šu ileqqēma PN₂ u mārū ša ibaššū aḥum kīma aḥim ileqqe

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PN (the natural son) will take his two parts (of the estate) and PN₂ (the adopted son) and any other sons there may be will take equal shares RA 69 131:8; aššum bašītim ša PN nadīt Šamaš ina kirîm u bītim šiit-ti-šu PN₂ ileqqēma ahhūšu mithāriš izuzzu in the matter of the property of PN, the nadītu of Šamaš, PN, will take his two parts of the orchards and house, and his brothers will share equally JCS 26 142:2; PN-ma aplum ina bīt PN2 abišu ši-itti-in ileggēma ahhūšu sihhirūtum ahum kīma ahimma izâz PN is the heir, he will take two parts of the estate of PN2, his father, and his younger brothers will share equally ARM 81:24; in difficult context: ši-it-ti-in ana anniātim libbī ú-ši-imma (see šummu v.) Bagh. Mitt. 2 57 ii 11 (early OB let.); ligimūša arkû maşi šit-tin-šu (see šapālu mng. 2c) Lambert BWL 86: 261 (Theodicy); (one mina of silver to be divided among five brothers) mali ši-it-ti-in ahi sihrim ahum eli ahim lītelelli (text corrupt) the share of one brother should exceed that of the (next) brother by the s. of the youngest brother MCT 99 Q 8 (OB).

šittu A (sittu, sītu) s. fem.; rest, remainder, balance; from OAkk. on; stat. const. š/sitti and š/sītat, sītet, pl. šittātu, sittātu, šītātu; wr. syll. (in OAkk. as lw. in Sum. context and in OB also si.ì.tum) and fb.tak4; cf. šētu.

da-ad-ſdal TAK4.TAK4 =  $\&entermath{\delta}e-e-tum$ ,  $\&entermath{\delta}i-ta-tum$  Proto-Diri Nippur 55 f.; [da]g-dag TAK4.TAK4 =  $[\&entermath{\delta}e]$ -ſel-tum (var.  $\&entermath{\delta}a-a-tum$ ) = (Hitt.) [w]a-a\&ntermath{\delta}-tul, [\&entermath{\delta}]i-da-tum = (Hitt.) [\&entermath{b}]a-ra-tar Diri Bogh. B 6'f., var. from Diri RS II 122 f.;  $\&entermath{\delta}$  b. tak4 =  $\&entermath{s}i-it$ -tul(var. -tum),  $\&entermath{\delta}$  b. tak4 \&entermath{s}e = min  $\&entermath{\delta}e$ -im,  $\&entermath{\delta}$  b. tak4 \&entermath{s}e = min  $\&entermath{s}a$ -in ma\&entermath{s}-\&entermath{s}a-in ma\&entermath{s}-\&entermath{s}a-in ma\&entermath{s}-\&entermath{s}a-in mig kas $\entermath{s}$ . (\&entermath{s}iD) = min  $\entermath{s}i$ -tu-ta-at ni-ka-si Nigga Bil. A i 1 and B 32.

a) in OAkk. - 1' wr. si-tum: x zì.šE GUR šu ENGAR.ENG[AR] si-tum al MU.[x] ibašši x barley flour, that of the farmers, balance owed by.... Limet Documents 13:3, cf. [s]i-tum al PN ibašši HSS 10 51 iv 2, cf. ibid. 50 iii 4', two sheep (and) two goats si-

tum al PN ibašši A 5423:3 (unpub.); situm a[lš]uni i[bašši] balance owed by the two of them MAD 5 30:7', wr. ši-tum Gelb OAIC 9:27; x barley si-tum šu še.ba HSS 10 63:2, cf. x barley si-tum še šu GÁNA.A PN imhur ibid. 48:7; (amounts of barley) situm PN [i]šti PN2 ibašši balance (concerning) PN, held by PN2 MAD 1 267:5, cf. [si]-tum [iš]ti PN HSS 10 96:3, (x barley) si-tum išti PN ibašši A 910:3 (unpub.); total (of barley) si-tum HSS 10 55:16.

2' wr. si.ì.tum: x silver si.ì.tum níg.kas_x.ag balance of the settling of accounts Eames Coll. P 1:2, cf. Jacobsen Copenhagen No. 53 i 17, and see ibid. p. 17 note 1; si.ì.tum.MN.kam balance of month MN Jones-Snyder No. 101:3, and passim in Ur III as an Akk. lw. in Sum. context.

b) in OA - 1' in sing.:  $t\bar{a}tum \ mala$ ikaššudu PN lusahhirma ší-tám liddinak: kum let PN deduct (from the debt) as much of the *tātu* expenses as he incurs and give you the balance BIN 4 23:12, cf. ší-tí tātija . . . šēbilam CCT 4 28b:25; ša šaq= gulim ušaggilma ší-tí ana PN apgidma I paid out (of the silver and gold) what was due (for the exit tax) and entrusted the rest to PN Arkeologya Dergisi 4 7 No. 1:25, also OIP 27 57:25; x kaspam ana ITI. 5.KAM išaggal ší-tám ana šanat išaggal TCL 20 91:15, cf. BIN 4 120:7; take what is your due ší-tám anāku lalge BIN 4 224:31, also ibid. 18; take what there is ší-tám ana 1 manaim 3 gin. ta lūsib (as for) the rest, let him pay interest at the rate of three shekels per mina KT Blanckertz 4:23; ša qiāpim niqīp u ší-ta-am batiq u wattur niddamma kaspam nušebbalakkum (see  $q\hat{a}pu$  A mng. 3a-2') TCL 14 22:6; inalugūtim annītim šalšātum tadmigtum ša abini ši-tum qīptī of this merchandise, one third is our principal's tadmiqtu loan, the rest is my consignment RA 60 111 MAH 19615:13; ší-tí šīm subātēja . . . šēbilam send me the balance of the purchase price of my textiles CCT 4 33a:14; šítám lu uttatam lu amtam . . . izuzzu (see

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zittu mng. 1a-1') TuM 1 22a:18; atta šítám attuppišunu harmim sabat as for you, seize the rest (of the debt) according to their case-enclosed tablet CCT 3 42a:18; let me know how much grain they have given you (fem.) ana ší-tí uttitim i'dima . . . šaddinišunu take care to collect the balance of the grain from them CCT 3 48b:12; a-ší-tim x gín ašqul BIN 4 188:13; a-ší-tim aše' ēka I will sue you for the rest (of the tin) TCL 21 265:19, cf. Kraus AV 58:38; ší-tum illibbi nappāhimma CCT 1 21a:5; ší-tí babtika . . . uzakkāma I will clear (for transport) the balance of your outstanding deliveries BIN 4 64:6, cf. ibid. 87:31; ana ší-tí hurāşim kutānī damgūtim ša'manim buy (pl.) me fine kutānu textiles with the rest of the gold CCT 2 32a: 19, ef. KT Hahn 1:17; ší-tí kutānīka 17 TÚG u 1 Túg šūrum kasapšunu . . . x ma.na šíti annikika . . . kasapšu x ma.na lu ša ší-tí kutānī u šūrim lu ša ší-tí annikika x KÙ.BABBAR . . . illibbi PN taddin the balance of your  $kut\bar{a}nu$  textiles – 17 textiles and one šūru textile - their (price in) silver is  $5\frac{5}{6}$  minas, the balance of your tin, its (price in) silver is five minas, you charged (that)  $10\frac{5}{6}$  minas of silver, (the price of) the balance of the kutānu textiles and the  $\delta \bar{u} r u$  textile, as well as (the price of) the balance of your tin, to PN BIN 4 61:49 ff., see Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 123f.; ší-tí luqūtika PN iraddiak: kum PN will take the rest of your merchandise to you ICK 1 73:22; note šítí nēpišim isniguma they have inspected the remainder (of the contents) of the package TCL 19 36:18, see also šėtu mng. 1a-1'; note the writing ší-té-e kaspim Hecker Giessen 32:21.

2' in plural: x silver ša PN u PN₂ ina GN ilqeūni u ší-ta-tim KÙ.BABBAR X GÍN ša PN išti PN₃ ilqeu which PN and PN₂ received in Kaniš as well as the remainder, x silver, which PN received from PN₃ BIN 4 147:7; (x silver) şaḥḥirma ší-ta-tim mala ina libbika iburrani...taddaš:

šum CCT 6 13a:19; x silver ší-ta-at n[a=ru]qqija the remainder of my investment RA 58 122 Sch. 20:5, cf. ší-tí kaspim ibid. 9, cf. ší-ta-at [...] iṣṣēr [...] CCT 6 9b:10.

c) in OB, Mari, OB Alalakh - 1' sittu in sing.: ūmātiša umallāma si-it-ti kaspim i.la.e she (the hired person) will serve her term (of hire) and then they will pay the rest of the silver TCL 10 137:13 x silver si-it-ti  $\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA KÙ. (leg.): BAB[BAR] ibid. 100:3, cf. TCL 17 20:21; u & a5 gín si-it-ti kaspika Ab.tak₄.meš rēška likilla CT 297b:9, see Frankena, AbB 2132; siit-ti nikkassim TCL 10 106:2, 108:2, Jean Sumer et Akkad No. 193:2; si-it-ti eqlim ša ina tuppi šaknušum the rest of the field that was assigned to him in a tablet BIN 7 13:13; I gave one gur of linseed from the granary to PN and si-it-ti še.giš.ì 1 (BÁN) ana kutimmim addin the remainder of the linseed, one seah, I gave to the goldsmith Fish Letters 8:9, cf. si-it-ti še'im TCL 17 58:17, s[i]-ti ŠE-ti Kraus AbB 1 8:15; 100 GUR ŠE ina GN si-it- $\langle ti \rangle$  ŠE 20 GUR ŠE (text Kù) muhur (concerning the) one hundred gur of barley in GN, take delivery of the twenty gur balance of the barley BIN 2 69:9, see Stol, AbB 9 185; X GUR imdud . . . ana si-it-ti x gur aššassu aktala he delivered x gur (of dates), for the remaining x gur I have detained his wife YOS 241:21, also ibid. 11, cf. (he withheld x silver from the price of the garment) and si-ti kaspim allikšumma I went to him for the remainder of the silver Kraus AbB 1 34:13: uncert.: kaspam gamram lu nadnāku zi(or sí)-it-tum elija la ibbašûma I have paid all the silver (I owed for the purchase of the house), there is no balance(?) due YOS 8 150:23; note, wr. SI.TUM as frozen form: ina x gi.hi.a ša x kù.babbar si.tum x GI.HI.A ša la ibaššú of 27,300 reed bundles worth 35 shekels of silver, the missing balance is 5,700 reed bundles TCL 18 155:15 (let.); 1(?) (GUR) 2 (PI) 2 (BÁN) GUR(?) SI.TUM NINDA š $a^{\frac{5}{6}}$ .TA(?). ÀM GIŠ.MÁ.GÍD. DA . . . KI PN Ì.GÁL UET 5 225:1, 2 (GUR) 2

šittu A

(PI) 5 (BÁN) 8 SÌLA NINDA GUR DN  $\hat{u}$  DN₂ SI.TUM NINDA mala ublam ibid. 226:3; Wr. SI.Ì.TUM: x barley SI.Ì.TUM  $\hat{s}e\hat{i}$  PN mahir YOS 12 48:18, cf. YOS 8 165:8 (tablet) and case 7, TLB 159:21, YOS 5 175:34, 202:69; si.ì.tum Nfg.ŠID.ak BIN 796:2, also YOS 8 18:2, TCL 10 17:2;  $\hat{A}$ .Dù. $\hat{A}$ ...  $\hat{s}$  utahruşma SI.Ì.TUM 1134  $\hat{a}$   $\hat{s}$   $\hat{l}$   $\hat{a}$   $\hat{k}$   $\hat{u}$  Syria 59 134 iv 30, v 31 and passim; kislah si.ì.tum ká DN an empty plot at the DN gate, the rest PBS 8/1 99 iii 14.

b' in plural: ana GN . . . alkamma nikkassīni i nīpušma si-ta-tim lūpulka come to GN and let us settle our accounts, and I will pay you the balance VAS 16 145:11; 1 līm 8 me-tim si-ta-at kaspim ša DN eli PN Jarim-Lim (still) owes 1800 (shekels), the rest of the silver of Ištar Wiseman Alalakh 127:14; si-ta-at eqlika the remainder of your area TMB 98 No. 195:6.

2' šittu — a' in sing.:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Gín ši-ti kaspija IM 50871:36 (unpub. let., courtesy Kh. al-Adhami), but note si-ta-at šamnija ibid. 35; ina iṣṣim kabî u ši-it-tam d[amq]iš limsû (see kabû B) ARM 1 21 r. 15'.

b' in plural: ištu inanna UD.5.KAM ana ši-ta-at gú.un . . . a<na> maḥārim lup= putāku (see bābtu mng. 2c) Sumer 14 14 No. 1:37; (x silver) ši-ta-at ribbātim YOS 12 159:4, cf. ši-ta-a-at kaspim CT 52 161:12; ša tušābilānim ina išrikinama hursama šita-tum ... šūbilanim deduct from your (fem. pl.) own due payment what you have (already) sent me, and send me the balance PBS 7 51:18 (let.); ši-ta-tum 6 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR VAS 16 1:20; keep whichever slave you like and  $\delta i$ -ta-tim hu(?)um-ta-am-ma turdam send the others to me promptly TLB 4 51:14, see Frankena, AbB 3 51; u ana ši-ta-tim [n]ipûssu kaliat (see nipûtu usage b) VAS 7 191:7; you gave me part of the rent ana ši-ta-at-ti PN ahī kanīkam AL-qí-a-am-ma for the remainder my brother PN has taken a note BM 79904:6 (courtesy W. van Soldt), cf. ši-ta-

at bilat eqlim . . . idinšumma ibid. 17; (a field) ezub & a PN fb.ta.è.a zu-[x(-x)] & ita-tim eqlam mala maş $\hat{u}$  . . . PN₂ . . . fb.ta. E.A apart from what PN has rented, PN2 has rented the [...] of the balance, as much field as there is YOS 12 462:4; x field ši-ta-at eqel PN TCL 7 17:24, cf. ibid. 28:9; šita-at še'im . . . ina gātišuma ipgidunim they entrusted the rest of the barley to him JCS 8 10 No. 119:8 (OB Alalakh); šita-at aldîm ina GN amahhar Fish Letters 16:12, cf. (x barley) ši-ta-at bīt kunukki UCP 10 103 No. 26:2; *ši-ta-at erîka* . . . *ušab=* balakkum PBS 7 95:22: ši-ta-at nikkassī ARM 9 223 i 4, cf. UET 5 82:18, ši-ta-at ṣābim šâti ARM 153:8, note ši-ta-at mahrika idin give out the rest of what is with you CT 2 (barley) *ši-ta-at ša* PN BE 6/1 29:32; 99:5. cf. (silver)  $\delta i$ -ta-at  $\delta a$  MU (Ammiditana year 27) CT 8 2b:17; uncert.: ši-ta-tim aššassu ša na-ab-ri-ša likallim (we borrowed ten gur of barley and had five gur brought to the palace) let his wife . . . . the remainder TLB 4 52:17; in math.:  $ina 2,40 \ldots 1,40 \ldots hurus 1 ši-ta-tum$ šiddum halqu subtract 1,40 from 2,40 -1,0, the remainder, is the lost (i.e., unknown) length Sumer 6 132 IM 52301:12, cf. ibid. r. 10, see AMSUH 26 252 f., cf. Sumer 7 37 IM 53975 r. 3; note in adverbial use: u ana ši-ta-a-tim umma šunuma and moreover they said TLB 4 83:16.

3' wr. fb.tak4: Áb.Gud.Hi.A dannātim lissuhanim fb.tak4 Áb.Gud.Hi.A . . . nīdi ahim la taraššīšināšim they should transfer the strong(?) cattle here, do not neglect the rest of the cattle VAS 7 201:18, see Frankena, Abb 6 218, cf. 66 udu.Hi.A . . . fb.tak4 u8.udu.Hi.A ša qātika TCL 1 4:28; x bricks fb.tak4 sig4 (owed by PN) PBS 8/2 148:2; x gín é.ki.gál íb.tak4.a. bi Jean Tell Sifr 11:4, cf. íb.tak4 ha.la. bi TCL 10 34:16; ina ūm ebūrim ſfbl. TAK4 gú.un A.Šà ippal he will pay the balance of the rent at the harvest BIN 2 90:7, cf. Speleers Recueil 235:4, cf. fb.tak4 x gán

šittu A šittu A

A.ŠA ibid. 248:10; ana fb.tak, kaspija ITI.1.KAM idam appalka (see idu B usage b) TCL 18 102:17; x SE.GUR fB.TAK₄ x ŠE.GUR . . . itti šê šuātu linnasihma CT 52 167:17, see Kraus, AbB 7 167; LÁ×NI 211 gur ki PN šà 87 gur še DIŠ AM(?) níg. tur.tur ib.tak4 124 gur YOS 12 203:38; ezub 4 (BÁN) ÍB.TAK4 NÍG.ŠID Riftin 132:6; hīšam ša ana fb. tak, kaspim ezbuši (the judges requested from PN) a written document made out to her concerning the balance of the silver TCL 1 157:34, cf. ibid. 163:2, [f]B.TAK4 HA.ZA.NU.UM.SAR gamer= šunu ubbilma (see abālu B mng. 2b-1') A 3528:17; fb.tak, riksišunu ugattû (see gatû v. mng. 4e) TCL 1 221:19, cf. BE 6/2 53:13, 54:14, cf. fb.tak4 šīm amtim TCL 18 102:34 (coll. K. R. Veenhof); see also  $\delta u$ : kunnû, nikkassu A mng. 1b; note: fb.taka še'im u kaspim . . . irīļma A 3535:8, fB. TAK₄ x kaspim ša ina gāti PN uḥḥuru BE 6/1 82:11; note also x ikû fB.TAK4 A.ŠA TCL 7 17:13, wr. x  $ik\hat{u}$  eqlum  $\delta i$ -ta-at A. $\delta$ A ibid. 24.

d) in NB -1' sing.: ina libbi ul  $\bar{i}$ mur alla 121 LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ si-it-ti mītūtu hal= qūtu u abkūtu he did not see more than 121 of the workmen, the rest were dead, had deserted, or had been taken away RA 11 167:13; they loaded five hundred of the fifteen hundred head of cattle on rafts u šit-ti 1000 ibaššû and one thousand remain ABL 520 r. 19, cf. šit-ti alpī ibid. r. 26, šit-ti niše CT 54 459:8, šit-ti Uruk ABL 754:13; 20 GUR 30 GUR ina libbi ana É GUD.ME inna' u šit-ti ana qēme [ana] PN inna' (we have sent sixty gur of barley to our lords) give twenty or thirty gur of it to the cattle shed and the rest to PN for flour YOS 3 113:16; (barley distributed for rations) si-it-tum ana tēlīt ultēl x še.bar ina pan PN rehet the remainder he disbursed for the  $t\bar{e}l\bar{i}tu$  expenses, x barley remains with PN VAS 6 75:8, cf. Sack Amel-Marduk No. 64:5; u šit-ti giţţānu la išša' but he did not bring the rest of the documents BIN 1 52:10; šit-ti šalamdija ša= lamdu ša qinnija kalbāni la ikkalu (see

šalamtu usage c) UET 4 190:12; si-it-ti damqātišu šarru hantiš... šarru išemmu the king will soon hear the remainder of its favorable portents Thompson Rep. 48 r. 1; obscure: (x wool for various garments) a-di si-ti l ma.na ki.lá úr u níg.íb. Lalmeš including the remaining sūnu and nēbihu garments weighing one mina VAS 6 208:4; šit-te ṣidāta YOS 3 73:20.

2' in plural: sit-ta-at eqli  $šu\bar{a}ti$  the remainder of that field UET 4 19:14; in broken context: si-it-ta-a-ti LÚ.DI.KU₅... la i-gam-mar TCL 12 86:10.

e) in hist. -1' sing. -a' stat. const. sitti: si-it-ti ilī ša ina šēpēšunu illakū (I depicted) the rest of the gods who advance on foot OIP 2 140:13 (Senn.), cf. [si]it-te- $\check{s}\check{u}$ -nu la  $e\check{s}r[\bar{u}tu]$  ibid. 141:16; si-itti ālānišu ana dannāte ušērib he brought (the people of) his remaining towns into strongholds ibid. 40 v 2, cf. Streck Asb. 12 ii 1; eperī GN . . . u si-it-ti māhāzīšunu ēsipa algâ ana GN₂ I collected earth from Susa and the rest of their cult cities and took it to Assur Streck Asb. 56 vi 97. si-it-ti mārī GN GN₂ GN₃ . . . rēmu aršīšunūti I showed mercy to the rest of the citizens of Babylon, Cutha, and Sippar ibid. 40 iv 92, cf. ibid. 28 iii 61, Bauer Asb. 19 K. 3073: 14; I captured si-it-ti rabûtišunu OIP 2 46 vi 16. cf. AfO 20 94:101 (Senn.); si-it-ti šallati the rest of the prisoners OIP 2 61:60 (Senn.); (the family of Teumman) itti si-it-ti nišī āšibūti GN ušēṣâmma I led away with the rest of the inhabitants of Bīt-Imbî Streck Asb. 44 v 9, also Bauer Asb. 2 60 K.3085: 10, si-itti nišī mātišu the remainder of the people of his land OIP 2 35 iii 67 (Senn.), and passim in hist.; (various tribes) ša ši-it-ta-šúnu innetgamma (see etēqu A mng. 7b) Lyon Sar. 4:21, cf. KAH 2 88:3 (Adn. II?).

b' stat. const. sītet, sītit: si-te-et mê šātunu ana tamirti āli ana tamk[īr]i ušēli the rest of those waters I brought up to the irrigated land all around the town AfO 19 142 BM 122622 r. 20; ina si-te-et erēnī

šittu A šittu B

... arṣip I erected (these buildings) with the rest of the cedars AfO 18 352:61; I have recorded si-te-et umāme ma'di the rest of the numerous game AKA 142 iv 31 (all Tigl. I), also Iraq 32 168 (Aššur-bēl-kala); 6000 si-te-et ummānātišunu... alqāšunūtima I carried off six thousand (men), the remainder of their troops AKA 37 i 85 (Tigl. I), and passim in Tigl. I, also 3R 7 i 21 (Shalm. III), si-te-et sīsê ummānātišu OIP 2 52:35 (Senn.); si-te-et GN the rest of Katmuhu AKA 38 ii 1 (Tigl. I); si-ti-it LŪ Arime ekṣūte Lie Sar. 332.

in plural: ši-ta-at ālānišunu ina išāti lugelli I burned down the rest of their towns AOB 1 118 iii 6 (Shalm. I); si-ta-at  $\bar{a}l\bar{a}ni$  . . . akŠud KAH 2 113 i 24, see WO 1 15. cf. WO 2 228:173, si-ta-ta ālāni WO 1 458 i 53 (all Shalm. III); si-ta-at mundaḥṣēšunu rittīšunu unakkisma I cut off the hands of their remaining warriors Rost Tigl. III p. 8:38, cf. ši-ta-at ummānāti[šunu] ana šallati lu amnu I counted the rest of their troops among the booty Weidner Tn. 3f. No. 1 iii 45, iv 11; si-ta-at ummānātišunu KAH 283:17 (Adn. II), cf. AKA 358 iii 41 and 42 (Asn.), WO 1 462 ii 12, Iraq 25 54:34, 56:43 (Shalm. III); multahtu si-it-ta-at nišēšu (see multahtu) Winckler Sar. pl. 35 No. 74:133, cf. si-it-ta-at nišē multahtu ibid. pl. 34 No. 73:131; si-tate-šú-nu... š $\bar{e}p\bar{e}ja$  isbutu the rest of them seized my feet (in submission) KAH 284:89 (Adn. II), cf. AfO 3 154:12 (Aššur-dān III), Scheil Tn. H 36, AKA 234 r. 26, with var. sít-tate-šú-nu AKA 276 i 64 (Asn.), cf. also WO 2 156:117 (Shalm. III), Levine Stelae 40:50 (Sar.), and passim: si-it-ta-te-su-nu assuhamma inaGN ušēšib I deported the rest of them and settled (them) in Samaria Lie Sar. 122, si-it-ta-ti-šú-nu ina qereb GN ušașbit Iraq 16 179 iv 35 (Sar.); sít-ta-a-tú ummān [GN] the remainder of the Egyptian troops Wiseman Chron. 66:5; la ušaklil sít-ta-a-tum (my father had begun the quay-wall) without finishing it PBS 15 79 ii 16, wr. sèit-ta-a-tim VAB 4 72 i 40, sè-ta-at-ta-a-tim ibid. 106 ii 14 (all Nbk.); ana Uri u si-it-taa-tim māḥaza for Ur and the remaining cult cities 5R 35:5 (Cyr.), see Berger, ZA 64 194; si-ta-at nišī...Adad...uqatti rēḥa (see qatû v. mng. 6a) TCL 3 146 (Sar.); I brought down from his mountain refuge si-ta-at makkūrišu WO 1 458 i 37 (Shalm. III).

f) in lit. and rit.: tersit ugnê AL.TIL  $\check{s}i$ -it-ti  $b\bar{a}b$   $k\bar{u}ri$  NU.AL.TIL the  $ters\bar{\imath}tu$  glass preparation for lapis-lazuli-colored glass is finished, the rest of (the series) "door of the kiln" is not finished Oppenheim Glass 44 A:122 (colophon); you dissolve dust in water, smear it on the door of the house  $u \ si(var. \ adds \ -i[t]) - ta-šu \ TI \ alpa \ teppuš$ and then you take the remainder (of this mass), (and) make a bull (figurine) Craig ABRT 1 67 r. 6 (namburbi), var. from KAR 144 r. 16, see Ebeling, RA 49 182; šit-ti mê ana  $q\bar{a}t\bar{e}$   $galam\bar{a}hi$  [...] RAcc. 91:3;  $t\bar{u}d\bar{a}t$  $m\bar{a}tija$  | si-ta-at  $m\bar{a}[tija$  nakru ezzib](restored from Izbu Comm. 52) Leichty Izbu I 96 and 97 var.; obscure: DIŠ Sin ina íB. TAK4 IGI ACh Sin 3:84.

g) in personal names: Ši-it-ta-ni (The-Child)-Left-Over-For-Us YOS 8 7:10 (OB); Ši-it-ti-um-mi-ša She-Who-Was-Left-(As-the-Only-One)-of-Her-Mother BE 15 190 iv 5 (MB); Ši-it-ti-Marduk (possibly a Kassite name) AfO 23 5 i 13 (MB), Šit-ti-Marduk BBSt. No. 6 i 25, 35, etc. (Nbk. I).

In OB both *šittu* and *sittu* occur, the latter often written with the pseudologogram si.(i).Tum, the normal OAkk. spelling, in which the sign si represents initial *ši*. In OA, the spelling with the *ši* sign unequivocally represents initial *š*. In NB writings syllabic *si-it-* alternates with *šit* (perhaps to be read *sit*).

Writings with the log. fb.tak₄ in OB have been included here, whereas later occs. are most likely to be read *rīhtu*, q.v.

**šittu B** (*šiţţu*) s.; sleep; OB, SB; *šiţţu* CT 19 15 K.8662 r. 15.

ú  $\dot{v} = \delta i t - t u m$  S^b I 358, also Ea V 187; ú  $\dot{v} = \delta i - i t - t u$ ,  $k \dot{a} r u$ ,  $s a l \bar{a} l u$  Diri II 116 ff.; [ú]  $\dot{v}$ , [ú-d]i

šittu B

 $\dot{v}.DI = \dot{s}i\text{-}it\text{-}tu$  S^a Voc. N 29 f.;  $\dot{u} = \dot{s}it\text{-}tum$ , [ $\dot{u}$ ]. di = MIN  $\dot{s}a$   $\dot{s}al\bar{a}li$ , u s a r = MIN  $\dot{s}a$  babti (see  $\dot{s}e^{\nu}u$ ) Antagal Fragm. e 1 ff.;  $\dot{u} = ka\text{-}[a\text{-}rum]$ ,  $\dot{u}.RI = \dot{s}i[t\text{-}tum]$  Antagal III 41 f.; al.lib =  $\dot{s}i\text{-}it\text{-}tum$ , al.lib. bal = karu 5R 16 iii 24 f. (group voc.);  $k\bar{u}ru$ ,  $q\bar{u}lu$ ,  $\dot{s}i\text{-}it\text{-}tu$  (Sum. column broken) CT 19 15 K.8662 r. 13 ff. (group voc.).

ri = e-rum šá šit-ti Antagal III 216, also 5R 16 iii 38 (group voc.); [...].ul = it-ku-pu šá ši-ittim to approach, said of sleep Nabnitu O 73.

[a.lá].hul ki.ná gi6.a lú ù.di in.úr.ra. u8.a hé.me.en a.lá hul ù.di kar.kar.ri lú.a túm.mu.dè in.gub.bu ḫé.me.en : мім (= alû lemnu) ša ina majāl mūši amēla ina šit-ti ireļļjū atta min ēkim šit-ti ša amēla ana tabāli iz zazzu atta] whether you are the evil alû-demon who in bed at night has sexual intercourse with the man in (his) sleep, whether you are the evil alû-demon who robs (him) of sleep, who lies in wait to carry off the man CT 16 27:18ff.; gi₆.sa₉.àm ù.di dùg.ga.kex(KID): ina mūši mašal ina šit-ti tābti (see mūšu lex. section) CT 16 45:153f.; úr.ra. a.ni gi6 dùg.ga.bi nu.til.la.e.da.ni ù.di na. nam: ina utlu mūši ṭābu la uqattâ šit-ti I did not get enough sleep in the sweet lap of night 4R 20 No. 1:7f.; [ù nu].mu.un.ši.ku.ku ù.di nu. mu.un.dib.bi.en : [ul a] şallal šit-tum ul işabba= tanni I cannot sleep, sleep does not come over me SBH 54 No. 27:13f.; [ù] nu.ku.ku ù nu.du₁₀. du₁₀.da: ul ušaslal šit-ta(var. -tum) ul ušţâbi (the disease) does not allow sleep, does not bring sweet sleep CT 17 25:6f., cf. [ù].dùg.ga [nu.mu. un].da.ku.ku : [šit]-ta tāb[ta ul] iṣallal ibid. 20 i 64f. and dupls.; é.nir mah [ki] u₈ zé.eb.ba. mu: É.MIN sīri ašar šit-tim šutūbu É GIŠ.NÁ the august É.NIR, the place where sleep is made sweet, (also called) the Bedroom Hunger Uruk 136:8 (list of temple names), cf. [...] ki ù zé.eb.[b] a.[mu]: [...] ašar šit-ti [t]a(?)-bu [...] SBH 92a No. 50a:27 f.

a) with verbs referring to falling asleep or waking from sleep: ši-id-du rāḥit mūši iktaldaš[šu] ina mišil mušīti it-ti-šu ši-it-ta [...] sleep, the outpour of the night, overcame him (Gilgāmeš), in the middle of the night [...] sleep .... him KUB 4 12 obv.(!) 6f., parallel: [šit]-tum rēḥāt nišē elišu imqut [ina] qablīti šit-ta-šu uqatti (see qatû mng. 5b) Gilg. V iii 7f.; ina ḥu=būrišin[a š]amrāti aj irḥīka ši-it-t[ú] because of their fierce din may sleep not pour over you ZA 43 18:61, cf. Anunnaki ina ḥubūr nišī ul ireḥḥû šit-tum Cagni Erra I 82; šit-tu irteḥīšu ṣalil ṭubbātu ušaṣlilma

Apsâ rehi šit-tum (see şalālu mng. 1a-1') En. el. I 64 f., cf. irehhīšuma šit-ta (in broken context) Lambert BWL 128:60 (hymn to Šamaš); hazannu . . . rahi šit-stu i the mayor being fast asleep STT 38:95 (Poor Man of Nippur), see Gurney, AnSt 6 154; you woke me up annimmiš šit-tum irhû elija as soon as sleep had overcome me Gilg. XI 220; ina hubūrišina uzamma ši-it-ta Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 72 II i 8 (OB), cf. ana hu= būrišina la isabbassu ši-tu ibid. 106 S iv 3, also ibid. 8 and 41 and dupl. AfO 27 74 K.18479+:41 (SB), cf. ul işabbatanni šit-tum Ugaritica 5 162:19; for other refs. see şabātu mng. 1d; abašu lināl šit-ta-šú ligatte may his (the baby's) father lie down and finish his sleep KAR 114:10, see Ebeling, MAOG 5/3 9; for other refs. see qatû mng. 5b; ina ši-it-ti-šu li-ke-et(for -el)-ta-a may he wake up from his sleep (see nagaltû) KBo 1 12 r. 14, see Or. NS 23 214; šit-tu kīma im= bari inappuš elišu like a fog, sleep wafts over him Gilg. XI 201 and 204.

- b) referring to relaxing, sweet sleep: šumma amēlu salilma šit-ta-šu elišu iţīb if a man when he sleeps has a pleasant sleep (but he wakes tired) AMT 47,1:1, also ibid. 5, cf. (in a parallel text) šit-tu irhīšu [...] Köcher BAM 440:7; ina majāltu mūši ţābi ittanajalu šit-ta [ṭābta] (see nâlu mng. 2) SBH 145 No. VIII ii 21; šit-ta tābta ul išbû panūa sweet sleep has not satisfied me Gilg. X v 28; linīḥka šit-tú ṭābtu šit-tu balātu u pašāhu elika limgut may sweet sleep pacify you, may a healthy and relaxing sleep fall upon you Craig ABRT 28r. iv 2 f. (inc. to quiet a baby), cf. šit-tum rabbatu eli amēli limgut CT 38 38:66; ši-ta-am ša ilī anāku ekmēku I am deprived of the sleep of the gods TIM 9 43:2 (OB Gilg.), see von Soden, ZA 53 216, cf. GIŠ.NÁ.MU qaqqaru mu-[...]  $ekm\bar{e}ku$  šit-tu x [...] K.9252:11 (courtesy W. G. Lambert).
- c) referring to unwelcome, night-marish(?) sleep: kīma šuškalli ukattiman: ni šit-tú sleep covered me like a net Lambert BWL 42:72 (Ludlul II); šit-ti la ṭābtu

šittu C

reḥā ṣalā[li] (he removed) the night-marish sleep, the inundation(?) of slumber Lambert BWL 52:11 (Ludlul III); [aj] imqut ana libbika lemuttu šit-tum [qū]lu u kūru iduk: ka šussi do not allow evil sleep to afflict you, banish stupor and depression from your side Lambert BWL 108:17; šunātušu parda ina šit-ti-šú ig-x-[...] AMT 86,1 ii 4.

d) other occs.: barmātu IGI.MEŠ-ia imzdalā ši-it-ta my speckled eyes have filled with sleep (incipit of a song) KAR 158 vii 42; ša dīnim ušteberri ši-it-tam the one for whom the decision (is to be made) remains asleep ZA 43 306:11 (OB lit.); ši-it-tu atlaki māra lūdir away, O sleep, let me embrace (my) lover KAR 158 vi 19; ši-it-tum hu-um-mu-uš [...] (subscript or catch line) MIO 12 54 r. 22 (OB? lit.).

šittu C s.; excrement; OB, SB; Sum. lw. še šè = zu-ú, ši-it-tum, şa-ra-tum MSL 14 141 No. 19:25 (Proto-Aa).

sit-ti ∥ zu-ú GCCI 2 406:16 (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet XIV).

še₁₀. ki. šè (for še₁₀. GIM) hé. si. il. le: kīma ši-it-[ti...] let it come out like excrement CT 4 8a: 37, for unilingual parallels see Michalowski, ZA 71 4:16; e. še. ka nam. mu.un.ku.re: ana £ ši-ti-im ul irrub H 77: 16f. (OB, courtesy A. Cavigneaux).

Loan from Sum. še(d).

šittu D (or sittu) s.; salted, dried meat; lex.*

uzu. ad-kinšéš = šit-tum, kir-ri-e-tum, mu-un-dulu Hh. XV 304 ff.

šittūtu (sittūtu) adj. pl.; the remaining ones, others; SB, NB; cf. šêtu.

a) alone: sít-tu-tu ana GN iħtabtu the rest of them fled to Elam ABL 256 r. 7; si-it-tu-te (in broken context) ABL 1380:20; si-it-tu-ti īnūšunu ušāħiz (see aħāzu mng. 9h) Winckler Sar. pl. 30 No. 64:24; si-it-tu-ti ša qereb Bābili ērubū . . . ēkulu šīr aħāmeš (because of the famine) the others who had entered Babylon ate one

another's flesh Streck Asb. 68 viii 35; si-it-tu-u-ti ina lipit Irra... iškunu napištu the others perished from plague ibid. 32 iii 134, si-it-tu-u-ti gammalī rukūpišunu ušalliqu (see šalāqu mng. 2) ibid. 74 ix 36, cf. ibid. 60 vii 6, (in broken context) ibid. 176 No. 3 iv 9.

b) with suffixes: I pardoned si-it-tu-te-šú-nu la bābil hiṭūti the others who were innocent OIP 2 32 iii 12 (Senn.), cf. ibid. 70:26, Borger Esarh. 51 A iii 54; si-it-[tu-ti-šú-nu] ana ekallātija... kīma ṣēni uza'iz the rest (of the prisoners) I distributed among my palaces like sheep Borger Esarh. 106 iii 21, si-it-tu-ti-šú-nu alqā ana Aššur the rest of them I took to Assyria Streck Asb. 82 ix 125; šit-tu-tu-šú-nu ana dalīli undeššir I released the rest of them for (my) greater glory Weissbach Misc. pl. 3 ii 25 (Šamaš-rēšuṣur).

šit'u (šītu) s.; (a bird); SB.*

šumma ši-it Mušen Mu.ni ana Buru₅. Mušen mašil ugu sim.muš[en . . .] ina kišād nāri kīma šāt tibni d[u . . .] if a š.-bird — it looks like a raven, [it has?] the head(?) of a swallow(?) — stands(?) on the river bank like a sparrow CT 41 5:28; šumma ši-it-ú mušen ki.min if a š.-bird ditto (= enters the house of a man) ibid. 7:60 (both SB Alu).

šitů A (šutů) s.; drinking; Bogh., EA; WSem. word.

a) in Bogh.: 1 GAL ša ši-te-e [ša] [GI]  $SIG_5$  [x x x] ša ši-te-e [ša] GI  $SIG_5$  1  $\acute{u}$ -nu-du ša  $\acute{s}i$ -te-e  $\acute{s}a$  GI  $SIG_5$  one drinking cup of high-quality gold, [x] drinking [...] of high-quality gold, one drinking utensil of high-quality gold KUB 3 69 r. 13f., cf. [...]-[me]-tum ša  $\acute{s}i$ -te-e  $\acute{s}a$  K $\grave{v}$ . GI  $SIG_5$  K $\grave{v}$ .BABBAR GAR.RA ibid. 15, cf. also [...  $\acute{s}a$ ] [ $\acute{s}i$ ]-te-e  $\acute{h}ur\bar{a}si$  [...] ibid. 49:9; [x x] [ $\acute{s}a$ ]  $\acute{h}ur\bar{a}si$  damqi pesi lu- $\acute{u}$   $\acute{s}a$   $\acute{s}e$ -te-e [...] ibid. 70 r. 11, 2 GAL  $\acute{s}a$   $\acute{s}e$ -te-e KBo 28 32:13, cf. ibid. 24 and 27 (all letters from Egypt).

šitû B šitūltu

b) in EA:  $m\hat{e}$  and  $\delta i$ -t[i] water for drinking EA 154:18, also 155:25, cf.  $m\hat{e}$  and  $\delta i$ -it-ji EA 151:39,  $m\hat{e}$  // mi-ma and  $\delta i$ -te- $\delta u$  EA 155:10 and 148:13 (letters from Tyre and Sidon); and  $nad\bar{a}n$   $m\hat{e}$  and  $\delta u$ -ta-ia  $\Delta t$ - $\Delta$ 

šitů B s.; (a plant, a variety of kasů); SB, NB.

ši-tu-ú SAR (followed by papparhû, manga, šumuttu, qaqqullu) CT 14 50:20 (list of plants in Merodachbaladan's garden); GAZI.SAR ši-te-e GAZI.SAR (among materia medica) Köcher BAM 158 i 22, ii 11, 228:13, 229:7, 253:15; [GIŠ].Ú.GÍR ši-te-[e] [GAZI.SA]R ibid. 173:3; U.TA GAZI.SAR // ši-tu-u ka-si-i K.3526:13'.

Possibly to be connected with šedû, q.v.

## šitû C s.; (mng. uncert.); SB.*

šumma ina IGI LÚ ši-tu-ú ŠUB.ŠUB if there is a web(?) in the man's eye (followed by GU.MEŠ SIG7.MEŠ ŠUB.MEŠ) CT 28 29:10 (physiogn.), cf. šumma šer'ān īnēšu kīma ši-te-e [...] Labat TDP 52 G 11.

Possibly to be connected with šatû B v. For MSL 13 124 (= Nigga Bil. B) 340, see šetû v.

šītu s.; reins, leash; lex.*

[kuš].kir₄.tab.ba.anše =  $app\bar{a}tum = si-i-[tum]$ , [kuš].kir₄.tab.ba.anše =  $a\bar{s}s\bar{a}tum = si-i-t[um]$  Hg. A II 166f., in MSL 7 150.

šītu see šit'u.

šitūltu s.; deliberation, consultation, council; from OB on; cf. šâlu A.

ad.mar = ši-tul-tum (in group with ţēmu, milku, tašimtu) Antagal A 202, cf. 5R 16 i 1 and (subscript) Rm. 2,585 iv 20 (group voc.).

umun.e ki aš.te.ba.ka na.an.ni.ku₄.ku₄. dė.en: bēlu ašar ši-tul-ti la terrub lord, do not enter the place of deliberation (misinterpreted as if the Sum. were èn.tar, Eme-SAL aš.tar) S. A. Smith Misc. Assyr. Texts 24:18, corr. to ki éš. dam.ma.ka of the unilingual version VAS 279:18; [šà.kú]š.ù.bi dúr.ki.gar.ra.bi šà.bi mu.un.da.ab.sìg.sìg: ši-tul-ti ina ašābišu imtallik he deliberated in his presence CT 16

44:80f., see Lambert, JSS 24 272; [den.ki èn. tar] mu.un.na.ni.íb.gi₄.gi₄: Ea ši-tul-ta ippalšu Ea answers him (with this) counsel CT 17 22:125f.; kisal.gur.ra é.[ad].mar.ra.mu: ibratu ši-tul-ti-ia open-air shrine where one comes to take counsel with me SBH 92a No. 50a:5f. ta-šim-tum, ši-tul-tum = mil-ku Malku IV 120f.

a) said of gods: ana šakān ši-tul-ti ... ipahhuru panušša to hold a council (the gods) gather before her (Ištar) Bauer Asb. 2 30 82-5-22,2:12; dDUMU.NUN.NA itti Sin u Ningal iš-šak-kan ši-tul-tum DN takes counsel together with Sin and Ningal Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen pl. 11 i 12; you Nusku ša itti Sin tannammaru tašak: kanu ši-tul-tú who are sighted together with Sin and confer with him Bauer Asb. 2 38 r. 4, cf. ša ela šâšu (var. šâka, for kâša) ina Ekur la iššakkanu ši-tul-tú you without whom no council is held in Ekur ibid. obv. 8, var. from KAR 105: 8 and dupl. 361: 8, cf. also [ina balika] ma-na-ma DINGIR. MEŠ la i-šak-kan ši-tul-tu K.2540:3', (dMadānu) ilu ša ina bališu la igabbû ši $tul_5$ -tu(var. -tum u) milku LKA 43:12, var. from LKA 44:7, see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 460:6; ana ši-tul-ti-šu Anunnaku ašriš šuharruru (see ašriš B) Hinke Kudurru i 7; Ubšukkinna *šubat ši-tul-ti ilī rabûti* the place of council of the great gods 4R 56 ii 17 (Lamaštu), also Borger Esarh. 29 vii 41;  $\lceil b\bar{e}l \rceil$ nēmegi u ši-tul-ti (Ea) god of resourcefulness and deliberation JAOS 88 125 i a 5; (if the ruler heeds the advice of Ea) rabûtu ina ši-tul-ti u ţūdāt mīšari ir: teneddûšu the great gods will always lead him with (good) counsel on paths of righteousness Lambert BWL 112:8 (Fürstenana [...] mitluk milki ši-it-al šu-'-i-ti ši-tul-tú ana dMarduk bašâ uz[nā= §un] Craig ABRT 1 30:27 (coll. W. G. Lambert); [...] tēme mitluku ši-tul-ti(var. -ta) mil= [ku] Lambert BWL 138:186 (hymn to Šamaš); [. . .] ša  $il\bar{a}ni$  ana ši-tul-ti [. . .] BA 5 650 No. 15:11.

b) said of kings: karaš ši-tul-ti with a considerate mind VAS 1 37 ii 50 (Merodachbaladan II); ina ši-tul-ti ramanija . . .

šitūlu šiţru

rabîš amtallik taking counsel with myself I deliberated seriously OIP 2 109 vii 3 (Senn.); ahiz tēme u milki lamid ši-tul-ti expert in planning and counsel, learned in deliberation Böhl Leiden Coll. 3 34:8, also WO 8 46:5 (Sin-šar-iškun); ana u'ur ṭēma šakāni ši-tul-tim(var. -tum) u parās arkātim itūr šēduššu (see šēdu mng. 1a-1'a') CT 36 21 i 17, dupl. RA 11 110 i 17 (Nbn.).

c) other occs.: annītam ši-tu-ul-ti ga: marti şābim lu tīde in this respect you should know the counsel of all the troops ARM 1 22 : 32; ina ši-tu-ul-ti kullizū ištāluma igmilu the ox drivers had a discussion and agreed VAS 16 9:5, see Frankena, AbB 6 9; ina ši-tu-ul-ti mādūtim kirâm ana PN ugammiru after consultation with many persons they made a definite assignment of the garden to PN Haverford Symposium No. 7:10 (OB leg.); ana ši-tul-ti ē tallik do not go to a conference ([with . . .]) Lambert BWL 99:22 (precepts); ina milki u šitul-tu iš-ta-aţ-ţár-ma he wrote down (the decision of Marduk) with careful deliberation CT 46 45 ii 25 (NB lit.), see Iraq 27 5; ana . . . šalāmu šipir u ši-tul-ti ša ummâni *ša šar mātāti bēlija uşalla* I pray for the success of the work and of the deliberation of the scholars of the king of all lands, my lord ABL 1387:10 (NB let., coll. A. Sachs).

šitūlu s.; deliberation, consultation; OB, SB; cf. šālu A.

abbū ṣābimma . . . tēm ši-tu-li-ka lamādam uwa'iranniāti he gave us orders that only the leaders of the troops should learn about your deliberate decision Bagh. Mitt. 2 56f. i 14, cf. ši-tu-ul ina libbija ibšû the considerations that were present in my mind ibid. ii 13 and 19 (OB royal let.); munnabtū imīduma ši-tu-lam kīam aṣbat (see munnabtu usage a) Sumer 14 23 No. 5:6 (Harmal let.); ibašši ištu ulla mitluku ši-tu-lu . . . ši-tu-lum ne-me-[qum] mit-lu-ku ku-ši-r[i] [. . .] AfO 19 57:70 and 72 (SB) and dupls., restored from CT 44 21 ii 7 and 9 (OB); [. . .]-i mudē ši-tu-lim [the . . .] who know

deliberation RA 70 131:17 (OB catalog of incipits); (goddess) [ša...] ši-tul-šá Craig ABRT 2 18 r. 32.

šiţirtu s.; inscription, text; OAkk., OB, Bogh., SB; cf. šaţāru v.

mu-ul MUL =  $\delta i$ -i-ir-tum MSL 14 94:139:2 (Proto-Aa); mu-lu MUL =  $\delta i$ -it-rum,  $\delta i$ -it-rtum A II/6 ii 27 f.; mu-lu MUL = ba-nu-u  $\delta a$   $\delta i$ -it-rtum ibid. 43.

- a) in gen.: ša epištī ušassaku u šítì-ir-ti upassasu whoever alters my handiwork or erases my inscription Sumer 34 125:28 (OAkk.); ši-ti-ir-ti tuppija mamman la ilappat no one is to tamper with the text of my tablet TCL 18 106:10; ši-te₄er-ta-am ina šakānim [a]šar idim ašak: ka[ns]u I will appoint him to a suitable post by promulgating a written order ibid. 94:21 (both OB letters); mihir ši-te₄-er-ti ša DN ēpušu (see mihru A mng. 1a-4') KBo 1 23:1; ša ul eli ši-ţe₄-er-ti ša tušēbila . . . ši-te₄-er-du kanna igabbi as to what was not (included) in the text (of the agreement) that you sent, the text will say this ibid. 3 ff.; ši-ţe₄-er-du ša māmīti ša šarru rabû ... īpušanni the sworn written agreement which the great king made ibid. 24 r. 8, cf. ibid. 5.
- b) šiţirti šamāmi the starry sky (lit. heavenly writing): Esagil [aznu] nma kīma ši-tè-er-ti šamāmi ubanni Ezida ušaklilma ušanbit šaššāniš I adorned Esagil, making it as beautiful as the starry sky, I finished work on Ezida, making it as resplendent as the sun .Or. NS 38 123 i 5, also YOS 1 44 i 21, VAB 4 80 i 23, wr.  $\dot{s}i$ - $t\dot{e}$ - $er_4$ -ti ibid. 104 i 39, 178 i 39, wr. ši-ţir-tum PBS 15 79 i 85, wr. ši-te-er₄-ti VAB 4 74 ii 2, wr. ši-ti-ir-ti/tim ibid. 86 ii 2, 194 No. 27a ii 7, 194 No. 27b: 2, CT 37 11 ii 15 (all Nbk.); uncert.: k[i-ma] [ $\delta i$ -tir-ti]  $\delta am\hat{e}$  ubanni ZA 42 49 r. 3 (Weidner Chron.), see Grayson Chronicles 147:36; see also šitru mng. 2.

šiţru s.; 1. text, document, inscription, 2. šiţir šamê, šiţir burūmê, starry sky, stars (lit. heavenly writing), 3. (a

šițru šițru

song); from OAkk. on; pl. šiţrū; wr. syll. and sar; cf. šaţāru v.

[si-ir] EZEN = zamārum, şarāhum, se-er-du-u-um, ši-iţ-ru-um MSL 14 102:757:1-4 (Proto-Aa); mu-lu MUL = ši-iţ-rum, ši-t̞ir-tum A II/6 ii 27 f.; mu. gub.ba = [ši-t̞i]r šu-[mi] (in group with narû) Erimhuš VI 67.

šà.mul: lìb-bi ši-it-ri, šà.mul é.ad.da: MIN bīt abi, šà.mul é.ad.da šu bí.in.ti: MIN bīt abi ilqe written document, written document concerning the paternal estate, he took the written document concerning the paternal estate Ai. III ii 29 ff.; na₄.kišib mu.sar.ra.ne.ne: NA₄.KišiB ši-tir MU-šu-nu, na₄.kišib mu.sar.ra.ne.ne fb. ra: i-na MIN ši-tir MU-šu-nu ibrum the seals bearing their names, he sealed with the seals bearing their names Ai. VI iv 30 f.; [...m]u.sar.ra.zu bur.gul.šèsar.ra.ab: [...]-x-ti(?) ši-tir MU-ka ina purkulli šutur BA 10/1 99 No. 20 obv.(!) 6f., see Gadd, BSOAS 20 263; dDím.sar = dAG bānū ši-it-ri tupšarrūti Nabû, creator of writing, the scribal art 5R 43 r. 33.

na.rú.a =  $\delta i$ -tir  $\delta u$ -[mi],  $\delta u$ mu zak[ru] Uruanna III 188d-e, see MSL 10 70:46f.; [na-ru-u] = [a-s]u-mit-[tu],  $[\delta]i$ -tir  $\delta u$ -mi,  $[\delta]u$ -mi zak-ru Malku V 219.

- 1. text, document, inscription a) referring to leg. or adm. records: I brought the runaway to the kāru but PN took him away from me umma šûma ši-te4-[er tup: pij]a... šumma ši-te4-er tuppini ina panu PN ludīnma saying "(He is registered in) the text of my document," (but) if (he is registered in) the text of our document, I will bring a suit against PN (parallel: šumma... ina tuppi PN ša-te4-ir mimma la adian line 24) TCL 18 132:14 and 17 (OB let.); ina ši-it-ri ana mārija ana PN attadin I conveyed (copper vessels) to my son PN by means of a written instrument HSS 9 29:6 (Nuzi).
- b) referring to royal insers. 1' in gen.: ša pī musarēja annē eppašu tamētu šiţ-ri-a la uštēnû (see enû mng. 3) AKA 248 ff. v 46, 56, 63 (Asn.); may the gods destroy [munak]kir ši-ţir-ia the one who removes my inscription OIP 2 66:51 (Senn.).
- 2' šiţir šumi, šiţru (u) šumu: epšētūa damqāta ši-ţir šu-mi-ia u şalam šarrūtija hadîš naplisamma behold with delight my excellent works, my inscription, and

my royal image VAB 4 258 ii 22, cf. ibid. ii 9 and 232 i 35 (Nbn.); munakkir ši-ţi-ir (var. ši-tir) MU-ia Borger Esarh. 28 Ep. 41 vii 30, wr. munekkir SAR-ia MU-ia Weidner Tn. 37f. No. 29:2 and 10, šiţ-ri-ia u MU-ia ibid. 17 No. 7:75 f., 20 No. 10:38 f., 32 No. 18:10, also KAH 2 84:132 (Adn. II), AKA 153:6 (Aššur-bēl-kala), Unger Bel-harran-beli-ussur 29, Winckler Sar. pl. 25 Nos. 52:459 and 54:86, OIP 2 130 vi 80 (Senn.), wr. ši-it-ri-ia u šu-me-ia AOB 1 92 r. 15, 98:19 (both Adn. I), 132 r. 18, 138 r. 22, 142:22, 152:24 (all Shalm. I); ši-ti-ir šu-mi ša šarrāni maķri labīrūti appalis gerbuššu in it I discovered the inscriptions of the ancient kings of a previous era YOS 1 45 i 45, cf. PBS 15 80 ii 5, CT 34 28 i 74, 36 iii 63, VAB 4 226 iii 8, 238 ii 20, AfO 22 5 iii 26 (all Nbn.); [š]i-ti-ir šu-mu ša Aššur-bāni-apli  $\delta arri \bar{a}lik mahri[ja ... appa]lsa 5R 35 +$ BIN 2 32:43 (Cyr.), see Berger, ZA 64 202; \$iţè-ir šu-mi-šu la unakkir ši-ţè-ir šu-mi-ia itti ši-tè-ir šu-mi-šu aštakkanma I did not destroy his (Narām-Sin's) inscription, I set up my inscription along with his inscription YOS 1 44 ii 5 f. (Nbk.), cf. PBS 15 80 ii 6, VAB 4 232 i 27 (Nbn.); *ši-ți-ir šu*mi-ia amurma itti musarrêka šukun behold my inscription, set it up along with your inscription VAB 4 68:39 (Nabopolassar); šitè-er₄ šu-mi-ia abnīma ukīn gerbuššu VAB 4 78 iii 28, but *ši-țir šu-mi-šu* (mistake?) ibid. 184 iii 85, ef. ibid. 98 ii 12 (all Nbk.); narâ ši-țir mu-ia ušēpišma . . . șēruššu ušašțir: ma I had a stela made with my inscription, and I had (the mighty works of Aššur and my conquests) written on it Borger Esarh. 99 r. 50, cf. ibid. 57;  $u[\delta \bar{e}pi]\delta ma \ nar\hat{a}$ ši-țir Mu-ia șalam ilāni rabûti bēlēja ēsiga sēruššu (see esēqu mng. 1) Streck Asb. 270 iv 2; ina tuppi gišnugalli ši-ti-ir šumi ša RN ... appalsa VAB 4 240 iii 27, cf. NA₄.DUB ši-țir MU-šú iknukma VAS 1 37 iv 53 (Merodachbaladan II); şalmu ši-tir MU ša RN a statue with an inscription of Sagarakti-Suriaš CT 34 35 iii 40, also ibid. 43; ilāni ša Aribī anhūssunu uddišma . . . ši-țir mu-ia elisunu asțurma utīrma ad: dinšu I refurbished (the images of) the

šiţru šiţru

Arabs' gods, wrote my inscription on them, and returned them to him (Hazael) Borger Esarh. 53 iv 14; musarê ši-ţir šu-me-ia līmurma šamna lipšuš let him find my inscription and anoint it OIP 2 116 viii 83, AfO 20 96:124 (Senn.), Borger Esarh. 64 Ep. 25 vi 71, Thompson Esarh. pl. 18 vi 46 (Asb.), and passim in Senn. and Esarh.; musarū ši-ţi-ir šu-um ša RN āmurma la unakkir šamna apšuš I found the inscription of Assurbanipal, king of Assyria, I did not remove it, but anointed it VAB 4 224 ii 43 (Nbn.); musarū ši-ţir Mu-ia abija ab abija Streck Asb. 90 x 111 and 116, for other refs. see musarū A mng. 1a.

- c) other occs.: Akkadaja ši-iţ-ri-šú abarrim (see igibu) Langdon Tammuz pl. 3 r. i 8 (NA oracles for Esarh.); SAR PN text of PN (parallel: IM PN lines 1 and 3) KAV 142:5 (catalog); 7 ši-tir tašattar ši-tir ina šumēlišu tukalla she writes seven inscriptions, she holds one inscription in her left hand BM 32206+ iii 14f. (NB rit., courtesy G. Cağirgan); exceptionally in OA: nasperātim . . . ammamman la tuššar . . . š[i]-iţ-ru ina gerbimma do not release the orders to anyone, there are written messages(?) therein Hecker Giessen 44:12; note ušē: pišma . . . musarê ţiddī şarpūti lumāšē tamšīl ši-ţir MU-ia ēsiq şēruššun I had stelas of baked clay made, and I depicted on them lumāšu-stars which represent the writing of my name Borger Esarh. 28:11; obscure: adu bīt giš in-gal-lu ina ši-ţi-rišá [. . .] ABL 467 r. 24 (NA).
- 2. šiţir šamê, šiţir burūmê, starry sky, stars (lit. heavenly writing): kīma ši-ţi-ir šamê ana šuteşbî aḥartiš irīmšu (see şubbû mng. 4) BBSt. No. 5 ii 27 (Merodachbaladan I), and see šiţirtu usage b; the word of Aššur which kīma ši-ţir burummê ul imessa adanna like the (fixed) stars, never misses (its) appointed time BA 5 653:21 and 24 (SB rel.); for other refs., see burūmû usage b.
- 3. (a song) a) in ref. to a song or other piece of music: naphar 13  $\delta i$ -it-

[ru ša ebbūbe] Akka[dû] altogether 13 š.songs to the (accompaniment of the) flute,
Akkadian KAR 158 v 16, also viii 14 (catalog
of songs); 2 me-at tigiātim ši-iţ-ra-am rabi-a-am hubūram wasmam ša ana zīmī ilūtiša rabītim šūluku ina £(?) šâti lu armi
I installed in that temple(?) two hundred
women drum players, (to perform) great
music, an appropriate clangor, suitable
for her great divinity ZA 68 115:53 (Takililiššu of Malgium); ši-iţ-ru ša Ea lišapših
libbukka may the š.-song of Ea soothe
your spirit AfO 19 59:146 (SB prayer to
Marduk).

b) in ref. to the performance or an object associated with the performance: ana imittim 3-šu u ana šumēlim 3-šu ana pan ši-it-ri 3-šu mê inaddi (the luhšû) sprinkles water three times to the right, three times to the left, three times before the s. (parallel: ana pan iltim, ana pan Šamaš) RA 35 3 iv 9 (Mari rit.), cf. ibid. 27; [DUMU. M]EŠ pašīšim [ana pan ši-it]-ri-im [itur]=  $ruma\ inaqq\hat{u}$  ibid. 32;  $k[al\hat{u}\ ina\ \delta]um\bar{e}l$ DN [izzazzu] ši-it-ru [... ina i]mitti [DN  $u š \delta | abu$  ibid. 2 i 11; 3 sìla  $\delta i - im - ri - i\delta$  1 sìla ši-it-rum 2 sìla si-ra-hum (among distributions of small amounts (of oil?) for a nocturnal ceremony, see §ēru A mng. 2d-2'c') Ni. 2895: 18 (MB, courtesy J. A. Brinkman); choose thirty of the female weavers who are without physical defect and ana PN piqdi u PN ši-iţ-ra-am šubarêm lišāhis: sināti turn (fem.) them over to PN, so that PN can instruct them in the Subarian š.-song ARM 10 126:17, cf. aššum SAL. TUR.MEŠ (ana) ši-iţ-ri-im ina šallatim ša ušārêm bêrim about choosing young women for §. from the booty I brought ARM 10 125:4. cf. SAL.TUR.MEŠ ana ši-iţ-ri-im ebirramma ušārām ibid. 19, but note as apposition: ina šallat[im] šati SAL.TUR. MEŠ ši-it-ra-am la ibirru ibid. 10; aššum 2 SAL.MEŠ aštal[êtim] SAL.MEŠ ša 7 šiit-ri qadu [...] išpuram concerning the two aštalû singers, [...] sent women of (i.e., playing?) seven š.-s, together with

šiţţu

šizbānu

[...] ARMT 13 22:41, also ibid. 45, cf. ina panīki ši-iţ-ra-am ša 7 SA[L.MEŠ] ^fPN ša maḥriki wašbat . : . ana GN tarêm ARM 10 137:10, see Durand, MARI 3 136 n. 52.

In CT 12 10 ii 12 (= A VIII/1:81) read  $I\tilde{s}z$   $tar(E\tilde{s}_4+DAR)$   $kakkab\bar{e}$ . In ABL 123:14 collation (S. Parpola) shows  $\tilde{s}i$ - $[ir](-)\tilde{s}u$ -me-e.

Ad mng. 3: S. Dalley, BiOr 36 290 f.; Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 176; Dossin, ARMT 10 276 note to No. 125; Durand, MARI 3 136 n. 52.

# šiţţu see šittu B.

**šīţu** ( $\check{s}\bar{e}$ ţu) adj.; negligent; NA; cf.  $\check{s}i\bar{a}tu$ .

(Sum. col. blank) = &e-e-tu (between lillu and lalana) MSL 12 228 iii 34' (Lu App.).

atâ [...] ša šarri še-e-ṭu why are the king's [...] negligent? ABL 49 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 312; šarru bēlī uda šummu ši-ṭu anāku šummu la ēpišu anāku (see ēpišu in la ēpišu) ABL 556 r. 7, cf. (the king must not say) mā LÚ.ÌR še-e-ṭu šû mā dullu la eppaš ABL 1068 r. 4.

### šītu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

 $[gu_4.gi\&.du.a] = \&a\&i-tu mah-x$  breed bull = which . . . . & Hh. XIII 294, Sum. restored from Nippur Forerunner 176 and RS Forerunner i 10, see MSL 8/1 43.

### šītūtu s.; (mng. uncert.); SB, NB.

X ŠE.BAR ša ina [ši(?)]-[tu(?)]-tum GIŠ. BÁN A.ŠÀ ša ŠE.NUMUN É.GIŠ.PAN ša GUD MU.13.KÁM MU.14.KÁM MU.15.KÁM ša PN... maḥir x barley which is from the š., the rent of the ox-plowed bow fief fields for years 13, 14, and 15, which PN received Moore Michigan Coll. 45:1 (NB); lu ina [...] ša šadî lu ina ši-ţu-t[i...] lu ina paţirti lu ina [...] lu ina ālāni lu ina kirâti [...] Rm. 109:7 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

#### šītūtu see šētūtu.

šiu adj.; small(?); syn. list.*

 $\dot{s}ul-\dot{u},\ \dot{s}i-\dot{u},\ ba-bu=$  MIN (= [ $\dot{s}i-\dot{i}$ ] $\dot{b}$ -rum) Explicit Malku I 229a-231a (from CT 18 8 Sm. 2052 i 7).

šī'u see  $\delta \vec{e}'u$ .

šiuhiwe s.; (mng. unkn.); Nuzi*; Hurr.

19 nariu síg.meš ši-ú-hi-we (preceded by síg.meš (la) nasqu) HSS 14 251:7.

ši'ûtu s.; friendship, neighborly relation;  $OB^*$ ; cf.  $S\overline{e}^*u$ .

lú.bi (var. mu.lu.ba) na.ám. usar(var. adds .e) ba.an.da.ab.dù (var. .te).e: awīltam šāti ana ši-ú-ti-ki taṣabbati that woman you accept as your neighbor RA 24 36 A 5 and B 5, see van Dijk La Sagesse 91 and Wilcke, ZA 59 87, Sum. from Dialogue 5:104 (courtesy M. Civil).

#### šiwiru see semeru.

*šiwītu s.; (mng. unkn.); OB*; pl. šiwiātu.

aknuk ši-wi-a-tim ša muhhišu ša Allatum irammušu I sealed the š.-s of his head, he whom Allatum loves YOS 11 5:13 (inc.).

šiwītu see šimētān.

šizbānu s.; 1. milk-fed (lamb), 2. (a milkweed); SB; wr. syll. and GA-a-nu; cf. šizbu.

 $sila_4$ . ga. kú.a,  $sila_4$ . ga. nag. a = ši-iz-ba-[nu] Hh. XIII 242 f. (from C).

- ú šiz.ba.nu = šu Hh. XVII 110, restored from BM 46556 (courtesy I. L. Finkel), cf. [ú] zi.iz.ba.an.nu.um (var. ši.iz.ba.an.nu) = min (i.e., \$/zizbannum) Hh. XVII RS Recension 75; [t] puḥpuḥu, ta-ri-ḥu: ta-ra-nu Uruanna II 48f.; ta-ra-nu: ta-ra-nu
- 1. milk-fed (lamb): see Hh. XIII 242 f., in lex. section.
- 2. (a milkweed): šammu šikinšu kīma t x-x-du pa.meš-šú šu-ṣa-[...] t bi t ši[z-b]a-nu mu.ni ana sag.ki.dib.ba [sig, ...] the plant whose character is like the [...] plant, its leaves are [...], that plant is called š., it is good for headache STT 93:89; [t G]a-a-nu: t har.meš gig STT

92 ii 21;  $[\acute{\mathbf{U}}]$  GA-a-nu . . . GA- $\check{s}\acute{u}$  ana  $\check{s}ikari$ tanaddi išattīma inaddā — š. (is a drug for dispelling urbatu-affliction) you put its milk in beer, he drinks it, and he vomits Köcher BAM 381 iv 14 and 380:59; [Ú] šammi IZI libbi: Ú GA-a-nu a drug for internal "fever" (is) §. Uruanna II 47, GA-a-nu: Ú IZI libbi NÍG.ZI –  $\delta$ . is a drug for dispelling internal "fever" Köcher BAM 1 iii 28, and parallels CT 14 43 Sm. 60+:6, 45 81-2-4,472:6, cf. ibid. 36 K.4187:6 + Rm. šamni hal] și la patān lišānšu tušasbat išatti – š. is a medication for cough, you put it on his tongue (mixed) in fine oil before he eats, and he drinks it Köcher BAM 1 ii 34 and dupls. RA 17 179 Sm. 22: 17 and CT 14 31 D.T. 136:15; Ú GA-a-nu : Ú hahhi ina šamni halşi la patān lišānšu tušasbat išatti Köcher BAM 1 ii 42 and dupl. CT 14 34 80-7-19, 356:1;  $GA-a-nu \ tas ak$  you crush  $\delta$ . (and other plants, for a poultice) Köcher BAM 584 i (= AMT 7,4) 15; Ú šiz-ba-na ina šikari išattīma inėš he drinks š. in beer and he will recover ibid. 403:6, cf. (for a suppository) ibid. 104:19, (for a potion) AMT 48.3:7+23.5:6, wr. Ú ši-iz-ba-nam Köcher BAM 96 ii 15.

šizbu (šizibu, zizibu) s.; 1. milk, 2. (ša) šizbi suckling; from OB on; zi-zi-bu Practical Vocabulary Assur 117; wr. syll. and GA (GA.MEŠ ABL 977 r. 14, Iraq 14 35:130); cf. šizbānu, šizbu in ša *šizbišu.

ga = \$i-iz-bu Hh. XXIV 90; ga.uz = \$i-zib en-zi, ga.uz.sig, sig, g[a] = min ar-qa-a-ti, ga. ab.ku. ga = \$i-zib la-a-ti il-li-te ibid. 95 ff.; [ga]-fal ga = \$i-iz-bi Ea IV 29; ga-a ga = [\$iz-bu] S^b I 83; ga = \$i-iz-bu Izi V 94; ga. [meš] = [zi]-zi-bu, ga. [meš.ku]. ku = min [ma-at-qu] Practical Vocabulary Assur 117 f.;  $sila_4$ . ga = min (=  $puh\bar{a}du$ ) \$i-zib Hh. XIII 241; udu.  $sila_4$ . ga = min (=  $puh\bar{a}du$ ) \$i-zib, [«udu». amar. ga] = [min] (= bu-u-ru) \$i-[zib] Hh. XIII Appendices 7 and 9, in MSL 8/153; amar = bu-u-ri, amar. ga = min \$i-iz-bi, amar. ga. 1. ku. e = min min ikkalu, amar. ga. 1. au = 
dug.ga = kar-pat &i-iz-bi Hh. X 323, cf. (referring to  $k\bar{u}tu$ ) Hh. IV 217; dug.sab.ga = &i-&i-zib Hh. X 133, cf. (referring to lahannu, kur-

kurru, hallu, kannu) ibid. 81, 114, 227, Hh. VII A 136, 129c, Diri II 294; see also namāsu; im-huur igi.ga = min (= hu-ur-hu-mat) ga.meš Diri II 112; ga.gùr.ru = na-áš ši-iz-be Izi V 149.

ga nu.dun.dun: ši-zib-bi la mâși milk not fit for churning SBH 130 No. I 12 f.; dšu.ni.du, lugal.gá  $\mathring{u}.mu.e.ni.[d]u_{9}(?).a$  (gloss: [a]-na ma-a-si-im) flúl.ki.sikil amar.x.tur.ra.mu. šè ga (gloss: ši-iz-ba-am) ù.mu.u[n . . .] after DN, my lord, [...], to churn it, the young woman [...] the milk for my small .... TuM 4 7:93, see Wilcke Kollationen 48 f.; ga amaš.kù.ga.ta mu.un.tùm.ma: ši-iz-bu ša ištu supūri ellu ublūni (see supūru lex. section) CT 17 23:172 f.; ì. áb kù.ga [ga áb šilam.ma u.me.ni].ùr.ùr: ina šamni arhi elleti ši-z[ib lâti mušš]issuma rub him with fat from a pure cow (and with) cow's milk BIN 2 22:167 f. and dupl., cf. ibid. 195 f., see AAA 22 90 ff.; ga.bi.gin, (GIM) hé.en.sikil.la: kīma ši-iz-bi šuātu lītabbib (see ebēbu mng. 3) CT 17 23:180f.; ki.bal.a ga.gin_x ur.ra ba.an.ús: māt nukurti kīma ši-iz-bi kalbī uštetēle' (see kalbu lex. section) Lugale V 24 (= 260); [i (?)] [sag g]a sag: šamni rēštā ši-iz-ba rēštā SBH 121 No. 69 r. 15 f.; ga kù.ga ù.mu.e.ni.dé.dé: ši-iz-ba [ella iqi?] AJSL 35 142 Th. 1905-4-9,93 r. 4; mu.zu gúg ì ga.gin, ka.ge mu.na.ab.sa5: šumki kīma kukki šamni u ši-zi-ib pīam ma[li] your name fills the mouth like cake, oil, and milk JCS 26 163 r. 11 (coll. M. Civil).

1. milk - a) mother's milk - 1' referring to suckling infants: dumu um. me.ga.lá nu.tuš.a nè.ga ì.kú.e: māru ša ana mušēnigti la ušbu emūg šiiz-bi (var. ši-zib) inniqu (see mušēniqtu lex. section) Lugale I 28; um.me.da.a. ni si.si ga su.ub.a.meš : ša mušē: niqtu lemuttu ši-zib inniqu šunu (for vars. and dupls. see lemnu lex. section) UET 6 392:10; put great and small to death ēniq ši-zib (var. [ši-iz]-bi) šerra la tezziba ajamma spare no one, not even the suckling infant Cagni Erra IV 29; LÚ.TUR ēniq ga «Kaskal» PBS 2/1 65:6, mārassu ēnigtu ši-iz-bi (among slaves sold) CBS 1594:4 (both NB slave sales); for other refs. see  $en\bar{e}qu$  lex. section and mng. 1; if the infant GA la imahhar will not accept milk Labat TDP 220:26.

2' other occs.: dug.banmin(PA) ga nam.lú.u_x(GIŠGAL).lu.ke_x(KID) ù.un. na.an.sum dumu.a.ni ba.ab.túm.

mu: kabduqqâ ši-zib amīlūti umallāma mārašu itabbal (see kaptukkû) Ai. III iii 55; šumma sinništu tulė šaknatma ina libbi: šunu GA DU-ak if milk flows from a woman's breasts KAR 472 ii 8 (physiogn.); sim šimmatu kīma ši-iz-bi ina tulė irtiša (see zu'tu usage a) Köcher BAM 398 r. 15, also ibid. 11 (inc.); [ki.sikil DAG].KISIM5×GA.a.ni [...]: MIN (= ardatu) ša ina muššiša šiiz-bu la ibš $\hat{u}$  (see muš $\hat{s}u$ ) Bab. 4 pl. 4 K.4355+ iv 25 f., see S. Lackenbacher, RA 65 136; ina GA musukkati [...] you [...] (materia medica) in the milk of an unclean (postpartum) woman Köcher BAM 513 i 22, 514 i 50; for other refs. see musukku usage b.

b) other milk -1' referring to suckling: ši-iz-ba ša nammaštê ītenniq he (Enkidu) used to suck the milk of wild animals Gilg. P. iii 1 and v 20 (OB); ša si[rrimī] šezib-bi-šun [u]rabbûka kâša (see sirrimu usage c) Gilg. VIII i 5, see JCS 8 92; raqqu u šeleppû ša la īnigu ši-zib ummišu (Enkidu is like) a turtle or tortoise, which has not sucked the milk of its mother Bagh. Mitt. 11 93 i 4 (Gilg. V); ga.zi in.nag.nag me.te nam.dingir.ra tùm.ma: šiiz-bi kīni īnigu šūluk ana simat ilūti (the sacrificial bull which) sucked the true milk, (which) is fitting to the majesty of the gods Bagh. Mitt. Beiheft 2 6:25f., see Or. NS 47 433; bakrū suhīrū hurāpū ina muhhi 7. TA. AM mušēnigāte ēniguma ši-iz-bu la ušabbû karašīšunu (see suḥīru usage a) Streck Asb. 78 ix 67; ANŠE.NITÁ ur ga.nag ga nu.  $[sub_x(KA\times GA)]$ :  $m\bar{u}r$   $ni\langle s\rangle qi$  šiiz-bi ši-iz-ba ul u[naşşab] (see  $m\bar{u}r$  nisqi) 4R 18* No. 6 r. 1f.; *šumma* U₈ Gìš NU ZU ina tulėša GA illik if milk flows from the udder of an unmated ewe CT 28 38 K.4079a:10, also (of an unmated she-goat) ibid. 16 (SB Alu); šumma izbu kīma Ù.TU sirissu GA if the malformed newborn  $ma[l\hat{a}tma]$ animal's teat, as soon as it is born, is full of milk Leichty Izbu XVII 79.

2' in offerings and rituals — a' made by kings: ana 35 [sìla] GA 35 sì[la] GA lu uraddi I (PI) I (BÁN) GA śipir UD.I.KAM

ukin I added 35 silas of milk to the (current) 35 silas of milk (for the meal of Šamaš). I established seventy silas of milk as the provision for one day CT 32 3 ix 21 ff. (Cruc. Mon. Maništušu), see Sollberger, JEOL 20 59; karānam ellam dišpa himēti ši-iz-ba-am  $\acute{u}$ -ul šamnim pašš $\ddot{u}r$  DN u DN₂ . . . utahhid I provided the offering-table of Nabû and Nanâ with a bounty of pure wine, honey, ghee, milk, (and) the best of oil VAB 4 92 ii 33, cf. ibid. 90 i 20, 160:16, 168 vii 26, ZA 29 182: 4 (all Nbk.); he (Nabonidus) provided in abundance dišpu himētu šamnu halşa GA  $r\bar{e}\check{s}t\hat{u}$  ... honey, ghee, refined oil, prime-quality milk (and other foodstuffs, and offered them before the great gods) CT 46 45 r. v 11 (NB lit.), see Iraq 27 7.

in rit.: arkuski riksa ella ina ga elleta kamān tumri I have prepared a holy offering for you, a pure cake baked in ashes (soaked?) in milk Farber Istar und Dumuzi 130:55 and 187 r. 10, cf. kamāna . . . ina GA tamarras ibid. 185:10 and 129:19; dispu šamnu himētu GA matqu tašakkan you prepare honey, oil, ghee, and sweet milk BBR No. 26 i 30 and ii 13; GA ina gēmi tašappak you pour milk over flour BMS 33:40; GA KAŠ [*u* GEŠTIN] *tanagqi* you pour a libation of milk, beer, or wine AMT 71,1:25; KAŠ GA GEŠTIN [ana] Ea Šamaš Marduk inaggi BBR No. 26 iv 41, cf. Weissbach Misc. 12:21 (rit. for rebuilding a temple), also RAcc. 12 f. ii 4, 7, and 35, RAcc. 34 f.: 5, 11, 21, and passim in RAcc., also KAR 72:23 (namburbi); GA litti aruqti GA lahri GA enzi aruqti . . . [inaggi] he pours as libation milk of a yellow cow, sheep's milk, (and) milk of a yellow goat LKA 108:8 (namburbi); KAŠ GEŠTIN LAL GA Ì . . . tanaqqīšunūti AAA 22 60 r. ii 12; adagurru kaš.sag geštin ga  $tuk\hat{a}n$  (see adagurru usage c-2') RAcc. 34:9, ef. RAcc. 10 i 19; 3 [...] GA karāna u miḥḥa tumallāma you fill three [...] with milk, wine, and mihhu-beer Ebeling Parfümrez, pl. 24:6 (MA); 7 massiāte ša šamni dišpi šikari karāni GA . . . tarakkas (see maštītu mng. 2a) BBR No. 67:11; ina...

šaman kanakti ga karānu ina mê būrti iballalma 7-šú u 7-šú ana mahar Šamaš it: tanabbak he mixes (the ashes) in kanaktu oil, (other oils), milk, (and) wine with wellwater, and pours it out seven times and again seven times before Šamaš KAR 72 r. 16; (vou place various stones and metals in a leather bag) LÀL Ì.NUN GA GEŠTIN A.GEŠTIN.NA ana libbišu turāk you pour into it honey, ghee, milk, wine, vinegar (and various oils) Köcher BAM 449 ii 6; ina rabû u tardennu ša līlât ga ul igarrib milk is not offered at the main or second course of the evening meal RAcc. 75:7: āšipu ina mê agubbî šikari rēštî GA karāni u šamni gizilla unah (see nahu A mng. 6a) RAcc. 120 r. 19.

c' in other texts: GA u l. NUN ana kis= pim ša MN ihhaššeh (see kispu usage a) TCL 17:5 (OB let.); 2-ta ÁB.GAL.MEŠ u TUR. MEŠ-ši-na... inandinuma ši-zib ana nap: tannu ša Bēlti ša Uruk işabbatu they (the temple administrators) will supply two mature cows and their calves and they (the recipients) will draw milk for the meal of DN YOS 7 79:9, cf. ibid. 10 and 15; isig mār-rē'ûtu ši-zib . . . ana şabātu ša ši-zib ana rasinnūtu iddinu they (the temple administrators) gave the dairyman's prebend (lit. the prebend of milk shepherds) for the service of drawing milk for soaking (cakes used in offerings?) ibid. 1 and 7 (NB leg.).

3' in med. use: lu ina šikari lu ina karāni lu ina GA lu tābīlam NAG.MEŠ-ma he ingests (the medications for dispelling witchcraft) either in beer or in wine or in milk, or in dry form Köcher BAM 434 iv 2, and passim, see šatū A v. mng. 2b-2'; munda ša kakkī turā ina GA litaḥḥiḥuma ... muṣibti labīrta ina GA litaḥiḥuma they should soak(?) chickpea-groats and ... resin in milk, they should soak(?) an old garment in milk ibid. 240:12f.; ina GA u KAŠ ina tamgussi tarabbak you prepare a decoction(?) (for a poultice) with milk or beer in a bronze kettle AMT 76,5:10, cf.

Köcher BAM 3 iii 33, AMT 62,1 ii 8, 70,7 i 6, 96,1:16; ina KAŠ u GA tas ak you crush (the medications) in beer and milk AMT 69,8:14; ina KAŠ ∥ GA U8.UDU.ḤI.A ina šikari tuballal AMT 59,1 i 25, ina 5 sìla GA tahittu annītu [...] tasāk Köcher BAM 579 i 65, cf. ibid. 19:14: ina GA tušabšal vou boil (the herb) in milk Köcher Pflanzenkunde 1 r. v 45, von Weiher Uruk 50:2, ina . . . GA GUD. AB Köcher BAM 228: 19, and dupl. 229: 13, and see littu A lex. section and usage a-2' and 3', lahru mng. 1b, enzu mng. 1g, for other refs. see bašālu mng. 6b; ina GA talåš you knead (various ingredients) in milk (for a salve) Köcher BAM 480 ii 15, cf. ibid. 16ff., 3 i 22 and dupl. AMT 5,3 i 10, and see låšu A; ina kaš u ga tuballal balu patān išattīma you mix (the ingredients) with beer and milk, he drinks it on an empty stomach Köcher BAM 396 i 8, cf. itti kurun billati u GA KÚM tuballal ibid. ii 20; GA ina NE-mi-šú ana īnīšu tanaddi arki GA NA₄ ashar tābīlu īnīšu teggi you put into his eyes milk when it is still hot, after the milk you daub his eyes with powdered(?) ashar stone von Weiher Uruk 50:8; GA matqa ana šuburrišu tašappak you pour sweetened milk in his rectum AMT 56,1 r. 9, cf. GA KU₇.KU₇ AMT 25,3:5, for other refs. see matqu adj.; GA SAL+AŠ+QAR la petīti (for an enema) AMT 75,1 iv 12; ina GA ÙZ tarabbak you make a decoction with goat's milk Köcher BAM 513 ii 30; GA Ì. giš lišānšu tušaşbat (see şabātu mng. 11c-3') Küchler Beitr. pl. 8 ii 29 (= Köcher BAM 575).

4' other technical uses: mašak unīqi ina GA ÙZ SIG, u qēme tušakkal you steep a kid's hide in the milk of a yellow shegoat and flour Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 59:52, cf. (incantation addressed to) ga ùz sig, sig, ... ga ùz: ši-iz-bi enzi aruqti... ši-iz-bi enzi ibid. 60:55f.; x LAL.KUR.RA 10. GÍN.TA 1 (BÁN) GA... tuballal you mix twenty shekels of mountain honey, ten shekels for each(?) one seah of milk RA 60 30:3 (MB glass text).

5' as a food or commodity: mê la išatti GA šīru la ikkal he must not drink water, he must not eat milk (or) meat CT 4 6 r. 3 (NB rit.), cf. GA līkul himētu lippašiš he may eat milk, he may anoint himself with ghee ibid. 5:21, see KB 6/2 46 and 44; *šumma* GA *elišu ţāb* if he likes milk Labat TDP 176:53, cf. GA la išatti (if) he does not drink milk ibid. 166:87; mār šarri ša ana bīti illiku ši-zib iltati (see šatû A v. mng. 1b-4') CT 22 63:7 (NB let.); lu GA lušipāti lu kaspam lušēbilakku I will send you either milk, or wool, or silver CT 29 38:8 (OB let.); kupputtu ša ši-iz-bi UET 7 50:7 (MB leg.);  $\bar{u}m$  1 (BÁN) GA makduruša gāt PN bēl [pā] hete (see makdaru) KAJ 184:5; 80 KUŠ.MEŠ ša ana nakr[imē] ša GA tadnūni (see nakrimu) KAJ 240:6, also 225:17, 267:18, cf. 1 marsattu ša GA KAJ 182:8 (all MA): 100 GA.MEŠ 100 eqidi one hundred (measures) of milk, one hundred cheeses (for the royal banquet) Iraq 14 35:130 (Asn.); 10 DUG 2 (BAN) GA ADD 1002:4; [7 DUG.L]A.HA.AN GA.MEŠ (see lahannu usage b) ABL 977 r. 14 (NA); 3 šappē gišnugalli ša ši-zib three alabaster milk bowls YOS 6 62:26, also RA 75 145:21 (both NB); 4 kalūmū babbanû 3 (BÁN) ši-zib itti PN išâ bring four fine lambs and three seahs of milk along with PN CT 22 142:15 (NB let.); x šá NINDA.HI.A ši-zib u kudukti AnOr 9 27:5 (NB), cf. ši-iz-bi (in broken context) Nbn. 1119:6.

- c) in comparisons: šumma šīnātišu kīma GA if his urine is like milk Labat TDP 136 ii 50; šumma nāru ina mīli mūša kīma GA peṣū if the water of a river in spate is as white as milk CT 39 20:134, cf. šumma mū kīma GA peṣū ibid. 21:149; šumma A.KAL (var. adds 18) GA ina hirīt āli innamir if a flood of milk appears in the moat of a town ibid. 158, var. from ibid. 33:38 (SB Alu).
- d) referring to milky fluids: for milky sap see šizbānu; šikaru rēštû napharšunu adi karāni ṣaḥti u GA makkas (see makkasu A usage b) RAcc. 89:9; šumma martu lib=

baša GA [malât] if the inside of the gall bladder is full of milky fluid CT 30 49 r. 11; šumma... ina libbi manzāzi GA ittallak if milky fluid flows from the "station" Boissier DA 19 iii 51 (both SB ext.); šumma qaqqar māti GA iḥīl if the soil of the land exudes milk CT 39 10 K.3092+:2, for parallels, see hālu A mng. 2; šumma GA ina māti in: namir CT 40 46:24 (both SB Alu).

- **2.** (§a) §izbi suckling a) children: PN SAL-šú 3 DUMU.MEŠ *şahurti* 1 GA naphar 6 PN, his wife, three children, one suckling, total: six (persons) KAV 39 r. (!) 6; PAP annûte ša GA.MEŠ ADD 909:8, cf. Iraq 23 32 ND 2485:10 and 18; PN PN2 ahušu 1 DUMU.GA 2 SAL PAP 5 PN, his brother PN₂, one suckling, two women, total: five (persons) ABL 212:9, also ibid. 21 (all NA); his slave woman 'PN PN, māršu rabû PN, māršu tardenni u ^fPN₄ mārassu ša ši-zib naphar 4 amīlūtu her older son PN₂, her younger son PN3, and her suckling daughter ^fPN₄, four slaves in total (sold) AnOr 8 19:4, cf. Camb. 365:3, 388:3 (all NB slave sales).
- b) animals: 1 AMAR burti ši-iz-bi YOS 12 447:1 (OB); X AMAR GA (preceded by GUD. AB, AMAR MU. 3, AB, and AMAR MU. 1) Loretz Chagar Bazar 35:25; 7 AMAR GA NITÁ 3 AMAR GA SAL seven male suckling calves, three female suckling calves (followed by AMAR.MU.1) JCS 8 26 No. 334:2f. (OB Alalakh): 7 ÁB GA 6 AMAR GA BE 14 52:8f., cf. ibid. 137:8f., 162:6f., BE 15 199:1 (all MB); 1 pagra ša GUD.NINDÁ TUR 1 ša ÁB TUR PAP 2 pag-gar-nu ša «1» ši-zib one carcass of a bull calf, one of a heifer, total: two carcasses of sucklings UCP 9 60 No. 11:3, see also (for OB, SB refs.) būru A mng. 1a, (for NB refs.) bīru B mng. 2b-2'; 1 me lahru ù udu. dz ša šizib naphar 2 me sēnu (see lahru usage b) AnOr 8 67:5 (NB); exceptionally: 1 UDU (for SILA₄?) GA 1 SAL+ÁŠ+QAR  $\delta a$  GA . . . 1 pagri máš ša ga . . . 1 pagri udu ga one suckling lamb, one suckling female kid, one carcass of a suckling male kid, one

šizbu šu

carcass of a suckling lamb (listed among expenditures) DurandTextes babyloniens pl. 47 AO 17628:3, 5, and 9, cf. ibid. pl. 54 AO 17654:4, 5, 9, and 12; 4 kalūmu babbanû ša (text Aš) ši-zib CT 22 142:15, wr. UDU ka-lu-ú ginê kabri ša GA (see kabru usage a) RAcc. 77f.:5, 8, 20, and 25, and see Landsberger, MSL 8/1 75 ff., see also kalūmu mng. 1b; SAL.ANŠE . . . u DUMU.SAL-su ša ši-zib a female donkey and its suckling female foal (sold) BM 30913:2; SAL.ANŠE atānu . . . u [DUMU-šú] ša ši-zi-bi 81-11-3,59 (all NB).

šizbu in ša *šizbišu (ša zizibišu) s.; peddler of milk; NA; wr. syll. and ša GA-šú; cf. šizbu.

š $a\ zi$ -z[i]-bi-[šu] Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists pl. 49 ND 10013:14, cf. LÚ š $a\ GA$ -šú-nu ibid. p. 156 (= Iraq 23 pl. 16) ND 2489 ii 21.

šizibu see šizbu.

šiziru (or šisiru) s.; (mng. uncert.); OA.*

3 ší-z1-ru 4(?) ha-ma (between nah: lapatu and husiatu) OIP 27 11:10.

Possibly an Anatolian name for a textile, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 180.

#### šizû s.; one-third cubit; OB, SB.

[(á.1.) kùš]. mu = am-ma-ti, 「ál½. kùš. mu = ut-tì, 「ál⅓. kùš. mu = ši-[(i)]-zi my cubit, my one-half cubit, my one-third cubit Ugumu Bil. Section D 13 ff.; [á.1.kùš] = am-ma-tu-um, [á.½]. kùš = [ut]-tú-um, [á].⅓. kùš = [ŝ]i-zu Proto-Izi II Bil. Section A ii 13 ff.; gi. Maгa-si(?) kừš = qa-nu-u ú-tu, gi. sī³u-da-a kừš, gi. uršEš = min ši-zi-i one-half cubit reed, one-third cubit reed von Weiher Uruk 51 iv 23 ff. (Hh. IX); [šu-d]a-a ⅓ = ši-zu-u(var. -ú) Ea I 357, cf. [šu-d]a-mìn ⅔ = ši-in ši-zi-i ibid. 361, corrected by Civil apud von Weiher Uruk 2 p. 200 ad line 24.

10 šu.si =  $\delta i$ -zu-u, 15 šu.si =  $\frac{1}{2}$  $^{i-[tu]}$ kùš, 30 šu.si = 1 kùš ten "fingers" (equal) one-third cubit, 15 "fingers" (equal) one-half cubit, thirty "fingers" (equal) one cubit RA 23 33:2 (OB); libitti ša  $\delta i$ -zu-u  $m\bar{u}b\hat{u}\delta a$  bricks of one-third cubit thick-

ness (for context see  $m\bar{u}b\hat{u}$ ) Iraq 7 90:7 (Senn.); siħirti amūti 1 kùš 6 šu.si pūt amūti ši-zu-ú DAL amūti 14 šu.si the circumference of the liver is one cubit and six "fingers," the front of the liver is one-third cubit, the diameter(?) of the liver is 14 "fingers" CT 20 44 i 58 (SB ext.).

In TMB 202:3, 203:3, 204:3, 205:4, read 1G1-4-a-at (courtesy J. Friberg), see rabiat.

Landsberger, WZKM 56 111f. and 57 22.

šu pron.; he of (masc. sing. det. and relative); OAkk., early OB (in personal names also OA, OB, MA, MB); acc. ša, gen. ši; cf. ša, šāt, šāt, šua.

lú = šá-a, šu-ú Lu I lf.; [lu-u] [lú] = [ša]-a, šu-ú A VII/2 : 18 f.

a) as det. pron.: 1 GURUŠ šu PN one workman belonging to (or: in relationship with) PN MAD 1 255 iii 14 f., iv 6, v 2; X barley PN šu PN2 ši PN3 PN, of (i.e., in relationship with) PN2, of (i.e., in turn, in relationship with) PN3 ibid. 280:12; išti PN ši PN₂ RTC 121:7, for use of šu, ši to denote personal relations in OAkk. see Gelb, MAD 3 250 f., see also Gelb in Lipiński Economy 39 ff.; X barley šu PA.TE.SI.GAL Limet Documents 14:14; PN DUMU PN, ši AGRIG PN, son of PN2, of (the household of) the steward MDP 2 pl. 1 A iii 16 (Maništušu Obelisk), cf. ibid. pl. 7 C xii 23; ŠE ŠU É.ŠE.TUR Ši ekallim the grain of GN belonging to the palace Limet Documents 7:7, cf. ibid. 6:5, 8:11; flour šu 1 UD for one day ibid. 15:8;  $280 \text{ KU}_6$ . DAR. [RA]  $\delta u$  PN ibid. 29:4; kar.GN.ka: in kārim ši GN at the quay of Akkad AfO 20 37 v 12 and 38 vi 15, cf. also ibid. 49 xiv 15 (Sargon); DUB šE ši GN tablet regarding barley from Akkad MAD 1 173:2; silver ana Nfg. ŠÁM GÁN *ši nārātim* as purchase price of the field by (lit. of) the canals MAD 5 65:3; 1 A. GÀR ŠE  $\delta u$  GUR $_7$  si É.GIŠ.GIGIR.R[A] ARM 19 254: 3 (early OB); note ana eqlim šu PN for the field of PN BE 1 pl. 7 ii (from right) 16 (Pre-Sar. leg.); danānum šu abullim the "fortress" of the "gate (of the palace)" RA 35 59 No. 13 F II (early OB Mari liver model);

amūt suhurrā'im si Ibbi-Sin (see suhur:  $r\bar{a}$ 'u) ibid. 42 No. 6:3; 1 haşşinnum šu 4 EME-su one ax with four blades MDP 4 p. 5 iii 14 (Puzur-Inšušinak); in personal names (also in later texts): Šu-Ba-ba BE 1 pl. 7 vi (from right) 13 (Pre-Sar.); Šu-Išhara MAD 1 303:8, for other OAkk. refs. see Gelb, MAD 3 251 f.; Šu-Aššur BIN 6 188:15, Šu-Kūbum (nom.) ibid. 6:5,  $Su-K\bar{u}bim$  (gen.) ibid. 28:10,  $Su-K\bar{u}bam$  (acc.) BIN 4 6:4, Su-Hubur ICK 2 98:11, Šu-Bēlum CCT 5 11a:7. DUMU Su-A-ni-im ICK 2 73:10 (all OA), and passim in OA, for other OA refs. see Stephens PNC 62-67; Šu-ilišu The-One-of-His-God UET 1 100:5, Su-Ma-ma YOS 2 145:12 (OB); Suilāni The-One-of-the-Gods JCS 7 153 No. 12:6 (MA), for other MA refs. see Saporetti Onomastica 1 465 ff.; Nu-Gula PBS 2/2 5:5 (MB), for other MB refs. see Clay PN 77 under Gimil-, but note that šu is to be read Gimilin NB, see *qimillu* mng. 1d.

as relative pron.: hubullum šu al PN ibašše'u a debt which PN owes HSS 10 109:22; RN šarrum šu DN māḥira la iddinu: *šum* Sargon, the king to whom Enlil gave no rival AfO 20 38 vi 38, also ibid. 44 x 25', 50 xiv 34'; še'am šu ana še. BA ašītu the barley which I left for the rations HSS 10 5:4; uncert.: in bītim ši uš da a bí la Gelb OAIC 10:8; *šu dīnšu ušbalakkatu* he who would change his legal decision (and take away the gift for Inšušinak) MDP 4 pl. 2 iv 9; šu tuppam šua ušassaku he who removes this tablet MDP 6 pl. 2 No. 1 ii 1 (both Puzur-Inšušinak), see Gelb, MAD 3 255, note exceptional spelling with  $su_4$  RA 9 pl. 1 left edge 1 (Arišen); (barley) šu PN in i-te-su ikšura which PN replaced . . . . Gelb OAIC 36:7 (all OAkk.); exceptionally in (archaizing) OB and OB Elam: šu iqīšu napšatam ana GN . . . šu ikšudu nagab uršim who gave life to Maškan-šāpir, who realized whatever he wished CH iv 1 and 9; *šu ibbalakkatu* he who transgresses MDP 22 56:14.

Limet, Syria 52 45 ff. sub 4; A. Westenholz, BiOr 35 165.

**šû** ( $\delta u(w)\bar{a}$ 'u, fem.  $\delta attu$ ,  $\delta uattu$ , masc. pl.  $\delta uttun$ ) adj.; his, her(s), its; OA, OB, Mari, MB, MA, SB; wr. syll. and (in SB omens) UR₅; cf.  $\delta u$  pron.

[ni-ig(?)] [GAR] =  $j\hat{u}$ , [ $k\hat{u}$ ],  $\delta u$ - $\hat{u}$  A III/6:6ff.; ni-e NI =  $\delta u$ - $\hat{u}$  Ea II 17, bi-e NI = KI.MIN ibid. 18; [NI] =  $\delta u$ - $\hat{u}$  MSL 9 130:337, also MSL 14 123:375 (Proto-Aa); ni-e NA =  $\delta u$ - $\hat{u}$  Ea IV 105, also A IV/2:216; ni-e NI =  $\delta u$ - $\hat{u}$  Sb I 107; na-a NA =  $\delta u$ -u A IV/2:223' and 222; bi-i BI =  $\delta u$ - $\hat{u}$ (var. adds -um) Ea V 37, also A V/1:137; [bi]-i BI =  $\delta u$ - $\hat{u}$  Sa Voc. F 7'; bi-i BI =  $\delta u$ -[ $\hat{u}$ ] Sb I 66, see MSL 9 151; ni, na, ba =  $\delta u$ -u-um NBGT I 264 ff.; ni =  $\delta u$ -[ $\hat{u}$ -um KI.TA] NBGT II 220; bi =  $\delta u$ -[u] [KI.TA] ibid. 224; ir =  $\delta u$ -[ $\hat{u}$ ] NBGT IX 209.

šumma šahû la šu-ú iddarirma ana bīt amēli īrub Izbu Comm. 536, also (with comm.  $\mu$ AR  $\parallel$  šu-a-tum) ibid. 537; ša-át-tú ù át-tu-nu  $\parallel$  ša-at-ta u at- $\lceil tu \rceil$ - $\lceil nu \ldots \rceil$  AfO 24 79:12 (NB gramm. comm.); ku-kit-ti=la mit-gur-ti, ku-kit-ti=la šat-ti,  $nu^{la}$  šat*á-ti=la ku-ši-ri CT 41 27 r. 27f. (Alu Comm.), also Izbu Comm. 235 f., Izbu Comm. Y 235.

- a) in predicative use: hurāṣum šu-aú-um is the gold his? J. Lewy, Or. NS 15
  398 No. 10:9; hurāṣum kulušu la šu-wa-úma x hurāṣum jā'um all of the gold does
  not belong to him, x gold is mine CCT 5
  2b:9 (both OA); mimma šu-ú-um CT 4 22c:10
  (OB leg.); x x [i]lišu ú-ul šu-ut-tu-un the
  [...] of his deity do not belong to him
  AfO 18 66 iii 10 (OB omens); ilšu la šu-u his
  god will not be his Lambert BWL 228 iii 12
  (bil. proverbs, Sum. broken), cf. ilšu šú-u-um
  (var. šu-u) his god will be his Labat
  Calendrier § 42:9, var. from KAR 212 i 14, cf.
  ilka kû Lambert BWL 227 ii 24.
- b) in attributive use 1' in OA: ahamma 1 MA.NA 5 GÍN annukum šu-a-um separately x shekels of his own tin KT Hahn 18:10; awīlum ahuka ša kīnātimma [ka]spam 10 MA.NA damqam [l]u kuā'am lu šu-a-a-am [i]štija ikannakakkumma the gentleman is honestly your partner, together with me, he will seal ten minas of refined silver for you, either yours or his TCL 19 6:11; i-ša mer'im šu-e-im a-etallūti: šu annakam PN isbatma from that of his own son PN seized the tin on his own authority ibid. 20:15; ša PN hamuštum šu-

a-tù-ma lapit for PN his own hamuštu-period is recorded KTS 60b:3; ina igartim kuātim PN ša bīt PN2 igartam šu-a-tám išta-kan PN of the household of PN2 placed his wall upon your wall CCT 3 20:28; note preceding the noun, for emphasis: šu-a-um bīssu lizziz may his own family stand up (for him) CCT 4 24a:16; libbī ē imraṣ u šu-wa-am libbušu danniš ušamraṣ lest I become angry and make him (lit. his own heart) very angry VAT 13473:25, cited Or. NS 29 33 n. 1.

šû

2' in OB: adī<ni> še'am šu-a-am ul ammar so far I have not seen his barley TLB 4 79:9, cf. jâm u ša-am (in broken context) YOS 2 40:20; šumma gallābum balum bēl wardim abbutti wardim la še-e-im ugallib if a barber without the consent of the owner of the slave shaves off the abbuttu-mark of a slave who does not belong to him CH § 226:39 and 227:46; šumma awīlum ina nullānī elippam la ša-at-tam iṣṣabat if under fraudulent circumstances a man seizes a boat that does not belong to him Goetze LE § 6:27.

3' in MA: mimma nudunnâ ša mussa iddinaššeni šu-a-am-ma ilaqqe ana ša bīt abiša la iqarrib (see nudunnû mng. 1a) KAV 1 iii 106 (Ass. Code § 27); še'u anniu ina la šu-a-te bīssu uballit this grain (which came) not from his own (stores) kept his household alive KAJ 101: 12, cf. VAS 1947: 46.

4' in omens: nakarka ina bītika mimma la ša-a-am ile[qqe] your enemy will take something from your house that does not belong to him YOS 10 33 iv 19 (OB ext.); mimma la šá-am qāssu ikaššad he will obtain something that does not belong to him CT 39 3:3 (SB Alu); ša mimma la šu-a-tum qāssu ikaššad CT 41 31:31 (Alu Comm., to Tablet XLV); mimma la šu-a-tú qāssu ikaššad CT 40 32:26, also cited ABL 353:9, CT 38 37:26, also CT 39 43 K.3134:3, 44:19, mimma la šu-a-⟨ti⟩ KAR 382 r. 14, Boissier DA 104:29, also 105:38, Wr. mimma la UR5-tú Kraus Texte 38a:8, also Dream-book 324 ii x+17, iii x+6; bēl

immerim nakram idarrisma eli la ša-tim it: tazzaz (see darāsu mng. 1b) YOS 10 1:6 (OB liver model); šarrum ersetam la ša-tam u mātam la ša-tam gāssu ikaššad YOS 10 56 iii 19, also ibid. 4:7, 13:23, 26 i 11, 20, 40:2, RA 44 13:6, Wr. KUR *la ša-at-ta* RA 65 71:21 (all OB ext.); šarru māta la šat-tam (var. UR5-tam) qāssu ikaššad the king will conquer a country that does not belong to him Leichty Izbu VIII 72, cf. rubû māta la šua-tam(copy -LIŠ) gāssu ikaššad KAR 453 r. 7,  $m\bar{a}ta \; la \; UR_5 - t\acute{u} \; (var. \, \check{s}u - a - t\acute{u})$  Leichty Izbu VIII 1, BRM 4 15:1, ACh Supp. 35:4 and 6, also ABL 1426 r. 3, Thompson Rep. 30:7, Leichty Izbu XI 65, and passim; mātu la UR5-tú ana rubê isahhuršu a land not his own will turn to the prince CT 20 2:7 and CT 31 41 Sm. 2075:8 (ext.), and passim; têrtu la šu-atu qāssu ikaššad Kraus Texte 32:6, also māta la šu-ut-te-en Labat Suse 3:55, cf. ibid. la šu-ut-te-en ibid. 34; ina halsī la šu-ut-ti-in in fortresses that do not belong to him Kraus AbB 186:13: ina kihulli la še-e-im ippalassah he will prostrate himself in a mourning place that is not his ACh Adad 17:30; šumma šahû la šu-ú id= darirma ana bīt amēli īrub if a pig not belonging to him runs wild and enters a man's house CT 38 47:36 (SB Alu), dupl. CT 30 30 K.3:1, also cited Izbu Comm. 536, for comm., see lex. section, CT 41 31:26 (Alu Comm., to Tablet XLV); šumma kalbu la šu-ú urâmšu KAR 394 ii 15 (Alu catalog) and dupl. CT 39 2 catch line; tību la šu-ú ana rubê itebbīšu a revolt that is not his (affair) will arise against the prince KAR 152:26 (SB ext.), cf. (with ana rubê ša māt nakri) ibid. 27; abbūt ahhī la ša-ti ippeš (see abbūtu usage b-4') RA 44 16 VAT 602:1 (OB ext.), also, wr. la šu-ati ippuš CT 41 30:15 (Alu Comm., to Tablet XLV), wr.  $la \, \check{s}u$ -a- $t\acute{u} \, \text{KAR 212 i 11 (iqqur <math>\bar{i}pu\check{s})}$ , Wr. UR₅- $t\acute{u}$  CT 28 50:18;  $rub\^{u}$  GAL.MEŠ aḥḥī(var. adds -šu) la un5-tú qāssu ikaš: šad KAR 423 ii 16, var. from dupl. CT 31 23 Rm.482:5 (ext.); ina la ša-at-ti-šu (var. šatti- $\delta u$ )  $i\delta e$ ' $\hat{u}\delta u$  they will call him to account in a matter not his concern Kraus Texte 6 r. 43 and 26:2, var. and restoration from dupl.

šû la

CT 51 147 r. 8; ašītu la šat-tum (see ašītu A) KAR 153 obv. (!) 9 and 27 (SB ext.).

c) in la šattu (la šuattu) inappropriate, improper, untoward events: [la s]atu-um [u] nukurtum ikšudannêti untoward things and hostility have affected us CT 52 16:5 (OB let.); awatam la ša-a-ti ana pa= nīja iqbêm he spoke impertinent words to me ARM 3 36: 26 (let.); ina la šat-ti  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}irak$ = (whoever) conscripts people illegally MDP 10 pl. 11 iii 36 (MB kudurru); ana la šu-a-tum ihhassas he will be mentioned in regard to a matter not his business Dream-book 330 r. ii 30, ina la šu-atum izzakkar ibid. 312 y+8, cf. Boissier DA 28 i 29; PN ana la šu-a-at-tim la ušadbaban= nima PN must not pester me inappropriately Kraus AbB 1 15:26; PN ana la šu-a-ti  $ina\ puhrim\ mahar PN_2 \dots PN_3 \dots u\ mahris$ ni ušēšerm[a] magal ana PN4 . . . idbub PN spoke in an unseemly way(?) directly(?) to PN₄ (the judge) in the assembly in front of PN2, PN3, and us CT 52 88 r. 4', see Kraus, AbB 7 88.

In UCP 9 283:15 read £S.GAR, see Stol, AbB 11 165; in AbPh (= PBS 7) 69:25 read ka-at-tum-ma, see Stol, AbB 11 69. For CCT 2 13:33 see *mussuhu; in Kienast ATHE 11:7 laššūtim occurs, see laššu adj. The personal name Šu-um-abum (followed by Šu-um-ahija) YOS 858:16 probably stands for Šumi-abi(ja); Šu-ú-um Szlechter TJA p. 31:4f. is most likely a personal name, in abbreviated form.

šû pron.; 1. he (masc. sing. nom.), 2. that, the aforementioned (masc. sing.); from OAkk., OB on; wr. syll. (šu- $\acute{u}$ -ti CT 22 221:14) and BI (in NB personal names also MU, see mng. 1q); cf.  $ag\bar{a} \acute{s} \hat{u}$ ,  $i \acute{s} \acute{u}$ ,  $\acute{s} \acute{u}$  adj.,  $\acute{s} \bar{u}$  t B.

ni-ìm gar =  $\delta a$ -a,  $\delta u$ -u MSL 14 130 r. ii' 11'f. (Proto-Aa); e-eš ab =  $\delta u$ -u Ea IV 155, A IV/3:93; [ $\dot{u}$ ]r(?)  $\dot{u}$ ar =  $\delta u$ -[ $\dot{u}$ ] MSL 14 99:382/3:3 (Proto-Aa); [ $\dot{u}$ r] [ $\dot{u}$ ar] =  $\delta u$ -[ $\dot{u}$ ] Ea V 126, A V/2:179; [ $\dot{u}$ ru- $\dot{u}$ r] [ $\dot{u}$ ar] =  $\delta u$ -u A V/2:258;  $\dot{u}$ r  $\dot{u}$ ar =  $\delta u$ -u Sa Voc. A 10';  $\dot{u}$   $\dot{v}$  = ana[ku], at[ta],  $\delta u$ -[ $\dot{u}$ ] Diri II 125 ff.;  $\dot{s}$ i-i  $\dot{s}$ I =  $\dot{s}$ u-[ $\dot{u}$ ] A V/3:119;  $\dot{s}$ u-u  $\dot{u}$  =  $\dot{s}$ u- $\dot{u}$  A II/4:50.

e.ne =  $\S u$ -[ $\mathring{u}$ ],  $\S u$ .e.ne = gi-mi-il-lum  $\S u$ - $\mathring{u}$  OBGT XI v 4'f.; e.ne, [e.ne.me.a], [me.a], 1.

me.[a], al, i, ab.ta =  $\delta u$ -[ú] NBGT I 118ff.;  $an = \delta u - u$  Izi V 178;  $un = \delta u - u$  CT 19 6 K.11155 ii 5 (text similar to Idu); un, an, in, en, ub, ab, 'ú =  $[\check{s}u]$ -ú ma-lu-ú AN.TA MURUB₄.TA NBGT I 71 ff.; un, an, in, en, ab =  $\delta u - \hat{u} \delta \hat{a} e - li - ti [x x]$ u šu-ús-hur-ti [e-li-ti] an.ta û [x x x] NBGT II 86 ff.; ub, ib = šu-u šu-ús-hur-ti ma-li-tú AN.TA MURUB₄.TA NBGT I 87 f.; ub, ab, ib = šu-ú šá  $\delta u$ -us-hur-ti [x x x] NBGT II 91 ff.; u, a, i, e, ul, al, il, ša, ši, na, ba, ab, ta = šu-ú ri-qu кі.та NBGT I 9ff.; i.ni.in, mi.ni.in = šu-ú  $\delta u$ -a-ti  $\delta u$ -a-ti NBGT II 269 f.; bi =  $\delta u$ - $\lceil u \rceil$  [KI.TA] ibid. 224; bi.in, bí.in = šu-ú šu-a-ti ibid. 260 f.; ba.an =  $\delta u - u$  MIN (=  $\delta u - a - ti$  gamarti) ibid. 264; bi = šu-ſúl NBGT IX 215; ġa = šu-ú Izi V 91; an.ga =  $\hat{u}$  šu- $\hat{u}$  NBGT II 38; ab.tum_x(TÙN). tum_x.e: šu-ú usáp OBGT III 105; me.a an. sig₇, me.a an.še, me.a an.ti, me.a an.g[a] = a-lišu-<ú> OBGT I 649 ff., also Izi Ε 51 f.; me.a an.  $[si]g_7$ , me.a an. $\tilde{s}[e]$ , ki.me.a an. $sig_7$ , me.na. a a[n.s]ig, [me.a an.t]i = a-i-ki-a-am šu-úOBGT I 661 ff.; me.a e.ne = ia-n[u-um]  $\delta u$ -[u]Izi E 63; ir =  $\delta u$ - $\lceil \acute{u} \rceil$  NBGT IX 209; ir =  $\delta u$ - $\acute{u}$ STC 2 pl. 57 r. ii 2 (NB comm. on En. el. VII 135);  $1\dot{\mathbf{u}} = a - na - [ku]$ ,  $1\mathbf{u} = at - ta$ ,  $1\mathbf{a} = \delta u - \dot{u}$ ,  $1\mathbf{i} = \delta u - a - tum$ , ana šu-a-šu NBGT IX 34 ff. (coll. J. A. Black); ku = a-na-ku, li = at-ta, še =  $\delta u-\acute{u}$ , ši =  $\delta u-a-tum$  ibid. 77 ff.; for other refs. with Sum. gramm. elements as equivalents see šû adj.

mu.lu bi al.ti: amīlu šu-u iballut ASKT 115 No. 14:7f., also Lambert, JNES 33 290:31 (dingir.šà.dib.ba); alam dingir ki.šeš.bi nam.tar.tar.e.ne: ṣalam šu-ú itti ilī aḥḥēšu šīmit šīmu (see šāmu B mng. 1c-2'a') KAR 50:13f., cf. dingir bi zag.gu.la.bi mu.un.sikil mu.un. dadag: dingir šu-ú ešertišu līlil lībib ibid. 15f., see RAcc. 24; dili bi gù.bi 6.àm: ištēn šu-u rigim[šu šešš]et that single (wedge) has six pronunciations ZA 64 140:12 (Examenstext A); lú. ux.lu bi: [amēlu] šu-ú CT 16 8:294f., 24:12f., and passim; lugal.mu ur5.ra bára.bi ri.a: belí šu-ú parakka ramīma my lord, he (the demon) sits on the throne Lugale I 41.

^dTutu bān tēdištišunu š[u-ú]-ma En. el. VII 9, with comm. da: šu-ú STC 2 pl. 56 i 4, cf. ibid. 7.

1. he (personal pron., third person masc. sing. nom.) -a) in OAkk.:  $\bar{\imath}nu$ 

šû 1b

Dagan dīn RN...idīnuma...su₄-ma talli nārabtišu ikmiušu when Dagan decided the fate of Narām-Sin and he (Narām-Sin) tied him (the king of Arman) to the doorpost of his entranceway AfO 20 75 iii 7 (Narām-Sin), cf. 50 PA.TE.SI ù LUGAL su₄ma ŠU.DU₈.A ibid. 39 vii 5, also 45 xi 10 (Sargon); su₄ limhuranni may he personally approach me Donbaz-Foster Sargonic Texts from Telloh No. 185 r. 4.

- b) in OB 1' as subject of a verbal clause: ana mīnim lu šu-ú lu PN u lu PN₂... la uṣṣûma for what reason did neither he nor PN nor PN₂ go out (from the forts)? Bagh. Mitt. 2 57 ii 30; anāku u šu-ú ana šarrim nīrumma he and I, we entered into the presence of the king TCL 1 35:6; anāku u šu-ú ina GN i nidīn we will, he and I, start a lawsuit in Babylon CT 4 28:20; atta u šu-ú ina GN šaknāztunû are you and he located in GN? UET 5 13:9, see also atta usage c; umma šu-ú-ma BIN 2 69:7; umma šu-ma Boyer Contribution 143:16, and passim in OB letters.
- 2' to stress third person sing.: šu-ma ilikšu illak he himself will perform his ilku service CH § 27:28; šaluštam šu-ú ileqqe CH § 64:70 and passim in CH; šu-úma ugammar CT 4 13a:17; ana mīnim šu-ú ipte why was it he who opened it? Kraus AbB 1 33:38;  $\S u$ -ma  $\S arr\bar{a}q$  he himself is considered the thief Goetze LE § 40 iii 29; u šu-ú aḥīma he too is my brother CT 29 38:13; ana 1 sìla suluppi našārim šuú-ma illi u bīt giš.pa.hi.a ukannikma 1 GIŠ.PA.HI.A šu-ú-ma ana qāti naggārim inaššar (see našāru A mng. 2b) TLB 4 52:35 ff.; šu-ú kīam īpulka umma šu-ú-ma he answered you, saying (beside umma attama line 6) TCL 1 34:7; if his colleagues hold a sealed document  $u \, \delta u - u \, \delta u$ kanīkam liblakkum he too should bring you a sealed document TCL 771:10; šu-ú ina GN wašibma anāku allak he remains in Larsa but I will leave Kraus, AbB 5 38:5; Samaš šu-ú balāṭka lig[bi] may Samas himself command good health for

you Boyer Contribution 107:21; Ea šu-ú mādiš ūmī qaqqadka likīl TCL 17 6:11; Šāt-Enlil aššumiki kali šu-ú PN is delayed(?) on your (fem.) account Kraus, AbB 5 10 r. 9'; difficult: umma šunuma šu-ú el mannim x A.ŠA şabtû TIM 2 80:9'.

- in predicative use: they proved kīma dumu en.líl.ki šu-ú that he was a citizen of Nippur BE 6/2 62:6, cf. PBS 5 100:30; PN mahrija šu-ú ilikšu šalim ul ina halqūtim šu-ú PN is with me, his ilkuland is in good condition, he is not among the runaways TCL 1 36:7f.; kīma ēpiš sibûtim la ša šuta'îm š[u]-ú-maul tīdê (see šuta'û usage a) TCL 753:16; mīnum la idum šu-ú ša matima ina GN ana GN, ibbašû what unsubstantiated accusation is there that has been made against Uruk by the tribe of Amnan-Jahrur? Bagh. Mitt. 258 iii 38;  $mannum \ \check{s}u$ - $[u] \ \check{s}a \ \ldots \ \check{s}e$ ,  $am \ ikallûkum$ who is it who would withhold the barley from you? Kienast Kisurra 157:14.
- c) in Mari, Shemshara: šu-ma kīam ītepeš he himself has done thus Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets p. 79 SH 812:55; šu-ú-ma udannananni he himself oppresses me Voix de l'opposition p. 182 A 1153:25 (Mari).
- d) in Elam: ša ibaqqaru šu-ú ina awat ili u šarri līṣi whoever raises a claim, may he leave by the command of god and king MDP 24 376:14; šu-ú kīam iqtana[bbi] umma šu-ú-[ma] MDP 18 244:10f.; umma šu-ú-ma MDP 24 391:8, umma šu-ma ibid. 393:15 and passim.
- e) in MB 1' to stress third person sing.: šu-u [aka]nna iqtabâ ummā EA 7:28 (let. of Burnaburiaš), note šu-ú ummā PBS 1/2 49:14; šu-ú lišbuš atta la tašabbuš he shall collect the šibšu-tax, you must not collect it ibid. 23:9 (both letters); the provisions that a previous king had left anāku la emēšu u la ettiqu šu-ú jāši la ugallala (just as) I did not despise and did not bypass, (so) he (a future king) too must not commit a sin against me MDP 2 pl. 22 iv 28 (kudurru of Melišipak), cf. šu-ú la

 $iteni\ u\ la\ imt \hat{e}$  ibid. pl. 22 v 8;  $iu-u\ la\ iptalah$  ibid. 27.

- 2' in predicative use:  $b\bar{a}b$  eqlija šu-ú (he said) it is the entrance to my field MDP 6 pl. 9 ii 18 (Merodachbaladan I kudurru), cf. ul  $b\bar{a}b$  eqli ša PN šu-ú ibid. 31; ul ša  $b\bar{e}$ = lija šú-ú PBS 1/2 79:9 (let.);  $hur\bar{a}$ su ina  $m\bar{a}tika$  eperu šu-u gold in your land is (as) dust EA 16:14 (let. of Aššur-uballiț I); he said: ardu ša DUMU PN šu-ú-mi CBS 8089:14 (leg., courtesy J. A. Brinkman); kuluu la zikaru šu-ú (see kuluu) AfO 10 3:21 (let.).
- f) in Bogh.: GN šu-ú-ma išātam ittazdin he set fire to the city of GN KBo 10 1:21 (Hattušili bil.); šu-ú ašib ina GN he was in GN KBo 1 15 + 19:12; kî šu-ú ikaššadu ana muhhika KUB 3 67 r. 4; šu-ú liqbâš: šunūti ibid. 69:6; u šu-ú iltanappara ana jāši muhhišu ummā KBo 1 24:14; u šu-ú liddin hurāṣašu u šu-ú liddin kaspašu let one deliver his gold and another his silver ibid. 16 (all letters from Egypt); umma šu-ú-ma KBo 1 11 r.(!) 28 and 30, umma šu-ú ibid. obv.(!) 22 (Uršu-story), see Güterbock, ZA 44 116 ff.
- g) in RS:  $u \, \check{s}u \check{u} \, urra \, \check{s}era \, mud\bar{u} \, \check{s}arri \, 10 \, kaspa \, ubbal$  but he himself, (as) an acquaintance of the king, will pay ten (shekels of) silver in perpetuity MRS 6 82 RS 16.143:20, also 85 RS 16.250:15; in predicative use:  $akanna \, iqbi \, m\bar{a} \, tuppu \, kanku \, \check{s}a \, ihp\hat{u} \, ul \, \check{s}a \, 4 \, l\bar{i}m \, kaspi \, \check{s}a \, idabbubu \, \check{s}u-mi \, \check{s}a \, kaspi \, \check{s}a \, PN \, \check{s}u-mi \,$  he said as follows: the sealed tablet that he invalidated was not the one about the four thousand (shekels of) silver that he spoke of, it was about PN's silver MRS 9 177 RS 17.346:14 ff.
- h) in Alalakh: Hammurapi bēl ālija u bītija šu-ú u wardu ša Jarim-Lim bēlija šu-ú Hammurapi is the lord of my city and my household, and also the servant of my lord RN Wiseman Alalakh 6:22 ff. (OB); ana pa-an-ka šu-ú ibid. 110:6; umma šu-ú-ma ibid. 4:2 (both MB).
- i) in EA: [minummê ša] PN abuka ittija iddanabbubu šu-ú jâši libbī ina mīnimma

- [amati ul ulte]mriş whatever PN your father said to me, in absolutely nothing did he ever distress my heart EA 29:12 (let. of Tušratta), cf. umma šu-ú-ma ibid. 173; difficult: ul imāt adi šu-ú-ma šu-ú u la imarraş EA 20:70 (let. of Tušratta).
- j) in Nuzi: ilka ša eqli šu-ma naši šumma eqlu pāqirāna irašši šu-ú-ma uzakzka he himself is liable for the ilku-service on the field, if there is a claimant to the field, it will be he who will clear it JEN 419:10ff., and passim, cf. šu-ma PN uzakka JEN 573:15; ù šu-ú 2-šu-ma zitta ileqqe but he (the son) will take a double share HSS 9 24:13; [šundu] tuppu ša šaṭru PN hazannu ša Nuzi šu-ú when the tablet was written PN was mayor of Nuzi A 11958 left edge; umma šu-ma JEN 397:25, umma šu-ma HSS 9 10:4, and passim.
- k) in NA -1' to stress third person sing.: bāsi hannê šu-u ihturubu ana uru birte ēteli for this reason he left earlier for the fort ABL 311:14; šu-u SAL.É.GAL-šú dammuqu kannû he (the substitute king) and his gueen are laid out with care ABL 437:13, cf. ABL 438 r. 11; kî ša šu-ú urdāni ša šarri bēlija ušēbilanni mā anāku urdānišu lušēbilaššû just as he sent me the subjects of the king, my lord, shall I too send him his subjects? Iraq 35 22:16; give orders to PN mā šu-u ina panīja isaddir saying: He will appear regularly in my presence ABL 143 r. 5; ahūlamma šu-ú ittalka woe (to him) that he has come ABL 158:18; šumma *šu-u iddan anāku laddin* if he gives, then I too will give ABL 167 r. 12; šú-u iqtibi [mā] ABL 486 r. 19.
- 2' in predicative use: ālu kašdu šu-ú Iraq 25 71 No. 65:11 (Nimrud let.); ūmu ša tādirti šu-ú it is a day of mourning ABL 407:6; qaqqad urhi šu-ú ABL 78 r. 2; šarru bēlī pālihu ša ilāni šu-ú the king, my lord, is one who fears the gods ABL 1370+ r. 5, see Parpola LAS No. 247 r. 10; la jû šu-u muk ša šarri danni šu-u it is not mine, it belongs to the great king ABL 1203:4f.;

šû 11 šû 1n

Zababa mār Aššur šu-ú KAV 39 r. 2, see Ebeling Stiftungen 10; šu-tú-u-ma šu-ú ABL 197:24 (NA); UD.5.KAM anniu ša ITI.AB  $\delta a$  uru gn  $\delta u$ -uthis fifth day of Kanunu is that of (i.e., the date when delivery is due from) GN ABL 1023:8, also ABL 1384: 17, etc., see Postgate Taxation p. 300 f.; anniu šu-u ša gabūni this is what is said ABL 37 r. 7, cf. ABL 1021 r. 3, anniu šu-u ina muhhi qurbu CT 28 37 K.798 r. 5 (report); la annû šu-u le ûtu ša tupšarrūti is this not the height of scholarship(?) ABL 1277 r. 9; pišeršu rību šu-u its interpretation is an earthquake ABL 355 r. 4, see Parpola LAS No. 35; mīnu hītaja la hi-ta-a-ka šú-u hittu ša kinattāteka "What is my crime?" It is not your fault but the fault of your colleagues ABL 543:11; šumu anniu la ša £š. GAR-ma šu-u ša pī ummāni šu-u (see iškaru A mng. 6a-1') ABL 519 r. 1 f., cf. la ša £Š.GÅR-ma šu-u ahiu šu-u ibid. r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 13; nașru šu-u he is to be watched carefully ABL 223 r. 9, cf. šarru udda raşmu šu-u ABL 1385:15; note the use as copula: let the king write me šulmu u libbu ša šarri tāb šu-u that he is well and he (lit. the king's heart) is happy ABL 46 r. 29, cf. ABL 495 r. 8; kaspu anniu . . . ša irbi šu-ú this silver is from the income receipts ABL 1194 r. 9, see Postgate Taxation p. 297:26; See also minu interr. mng. 1a-1'; immatima šu-ú kî ina pan šarri errabuni when is it that he can enter into the presence of the king? ABL 356: 12, see Parpola LAS No. 45; lu  $\delta u - u \delta u - u ihliq$  even if he himself should have fled ABL 561:9.

l) in NB (ABL) — 1' to stress third person sing.: MU.AN.NA.MEŠ agā 10 ultu bīt ana GN šu-ú u abišu uṣû ultu GN ana GN₂ illikuni šu-ú u abišu for these ten years, since he and his father had left for Elam, he and his father went from Elam to Akkad ABL 266:9 ff.; šu-ú iqtabi umma ABL 1091 r. 4; šākin ṭēmi ša Marad šu-ú ina ramanišu nāmurtašu ana abika inaššā ABL 853:14; ina GN šu-ú šu-ú ana GN₂ illak he is in Simiraya but he should

go to Assur ABL 992:26; note as object: ša PN . . . šú-ú ana šarri altapra concerning PN, I have sent him to the king ABL 1339:15.

- 2' in predicative use: aga'i šu-ú ša ina qātē PN tašpur this is (the message) that you sent through PN ABL 1380:3; atta šu-ú bēl šarrāni you are the lord of kings ABL 716 r. 26; UD.4.KAM pīt bābi rabû šu-ú the fourth day is the opening of the great gate ABL 496:10; libbašu ul itti bēlija šú-ú ABL 1052 r. 4.
- m) in later NB 1' to stress third person sing.: šu-ú LÚ ša [pan] ekalli pūt dulli ša šarri ul išši he, the man in charge of the palace, did not take responsibility for the work of the king BIN 1 92:16; šu-ú EN idi ibid. 43:6; PN . . . naggāru šu-ú mala 100 ṣābē ina muḥḥi iddabub PN, the carpenter, protests, he (himself), as much as one hundred workers YOS 3 200:45; u šú-ú ša ana muḥḥija ša idabbub la qātēja tušēlāšu CT 22 202:19; note (possibly an erroneous form): UZU ana PN idin šu-ú-ti lu-šu-pal-li-ka ibid. 221:14.
- in predicative use: bītu u unūt bīti šuāti ša 'PN . . . ana ūmu sātu šu-ú that estate and the furnishings of that estate belong to fPN in perpetuity VAS 15 13:20, and passim in NB leg.; eqlu ša PN  $\delta u - \hat{u}$  TuM 2-3 48:15, and passim;  $lu \ m\bar{a}r\bar{u}a$  $\delta u - u$  AnOr 8 14:5, Hebraica 3 15:8 (= Moldenke 1 54 + Nbn. 380), and passim; širku ša Bēlti ša Uruk šu- $\acute{u}$  YOS 3 59:21, cf. ibid. 6;  $b\bar{e}l$ ţābtija šu-ú YOS 3 166:27; ţēnšu kî ša šuu šupra write me a report about him. how (everything) is UET 4 191:8; ašar ša šu-ú išânimma bring (pl.) (the sealed document from) wherever it is JRAS 1926 443:23, see Ebeling Neubab. Briefe 275;  $k\bar{i}ma$
- n) in hist.: šu-ú u ummānātušu aj ipriku may he and his army not be able to withstand (his opponent) AOB 1 24 vi 7 (Šamši-Adad I); šu-ú PN šar GN ana rēṣūti aḥāmeš iššaknu he (and) Abdi-Milkutti,

šû lo šû lo

king of Sidon, made a mutual alliance pact Borger Esarh. p. 49 iii 24; šu-ú tēnûka he (the crown prince) is your successor ibid. p. 40:14;  $\delta u$ -u  $liri\delta$  let him plant (but let Adad destroy it) CT 32 4 xii 30 (NB Cruc. Mon. Maništušu), see Sollberger, JEOL 20 62:376; šu-ú ana mātišu itūra he (Nabopolassar) went home Wiseman Chron. 62:65 (Fall of Nineveh); u šu-ú nesûti isşabat harrānu (but) he (Nabonidus) took the road to a faraway country BHT pl. 7 ii 21, cf. ibid. 27 (Nbn. Verse Account); šú-ú ana šūzub napšātišu ēdēnuššu ipparšidma that one fled alone to save his life Rost Tigl. III p. 34:200, cf. ibid. p. 10:45, and passim in Sar., Senn.;  $u \, \delta u - \acute{u}$ PN malikšunu . . . šahātu ēmid as for him, PN, their ruler, he went into hiding Lie Sar. p. 52:6, and passim in hist.; šu-ú RN ahu la kēnu he, Šamaš-šum-ukīn, a faithless brother Streck Asb. 30 iii 96; šu-ú RN pulhi melammē bēlūtija ishupušuma as for him, Hezekiah, the terrifying splendor of my majesty overcame him OIP 2 33 iii 37; šu-ú Elamû . . . libbuš ul ihsus ibid. 42 v 37, ef. ibid. 47 vi 24, 91 r. 4, and passim in Senn., Streck Asb. 42 iv 127; šu-ú ašaridu kabtu igigal ilī rubû Marduk as for him, the foremost one, the honored one, the wisest among the gods, prince Marduk (heard my petitions) VAB 4 124 ii 2 (Nbk.); bīt agâ RN šarru abūa attūa šu-ú ītepuššu Darius, my own father, himself built that temple VAB 3 115:2 (Xerxes, Susa a); šu-u ina māt Elammat itbâmma he (Martiya) revolted in Elam VAB 3 29 § 22:41, and passim in Dar.; RN šarru ša šu-ú abūa attūa King Darius who was my own father VAB 3 119:16 (Xerxes, Van); šu-u ana LUGAL ittūr he became king ibid. 17 § 12:19 (Dar. Bisitun).

o) in lit. — 1' to stress third person sing.: Ištar u šu-ú [i(?)]-puḥur urdunim Ištar and he went down together(?) CT 15 2 viii 4; ilum Erra u Narām-Sin puḥriš illiku ru'šu u šu the god Erra and Narām-Sin, together they went, his companion and he BiOr 30 361: 34 (both OB); Ea bēlu pāšu īpušam

šuāšim . . . šu-ú izzakar Lord Ea opened his mouth, he spoke to her (Şaltu) VAS 10 214 r. vi 16 (OB Agušaja); melammēšu itbala  $\dot{s}u$ - $\dot{u}$  (var.  $\dot{d}E$ -a)  $\bar{u}taddiq$  he (Ea) took away his (Apsû's) awesome radiance and he himself donned it En. el. I 68; gimri tê [rē: tija] šu-ú lit[tabbal] ibid. VII 142; itti Eama ibašši šipru šu-ú-ma ull[a]l kalama ţiddam liddinamma anāku lūpuš (it is not proper for me to do it) Ea alone is able to do the work, he can purify everything, let him give me the clay and then I will create Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 56 I 202 (OB): Šu-ú aj īmura anāku lūmura may he not see it, (but) may I see it AMT 87,2:7 (rit.); šu-ú rē'ûma ša Uruk [supūri] šu-ú rē'ûši: nama he (Gilgāmeš) is the shepherd of walled Uruk, he is their (the people's) shepherd Gilg. I ii 24 f.; šu-ú panānumma mutum warkānu he is first, the husband afterward Gilg. P. iv 33 (OB); šu-ú li'ab= bitma nišū lippatgu En. el. VI 14; šu-ú ina gatti u ina minâtišu šuklulu (if) he (the diviner) is perfect in body and limbs BBR No. 24:28, ef. ibid. 30; u šu-ú Enkidu ilit= tašu šadûmma itti şabâtima ikkala šamma while he, Enkidu, whose birthplace was the steppe, eats grass with the gazelles Gilg. I iv 2, cf. KUB 4 12 r.(!) 19 (Gilg. VI); RN . . . ēdiššišu šu-u lu zānin BA 5 654 r. 8 (hymn of Asb. to Aššur); šu-ú lu elni En. el. VI 120: *šu-ú lu nūru ša ilāni* ibid. 148; šu-ú-ma tuktukkaša ila ušarši he (Marduk) himself let her . . . . become lucky AnSt 30 105: 25 (Ludlul I); u & u - [u A tram has is]... ītammu i[tti ilišu] u šu-ú ilšu itt[išu itammul and he, Atram-hasis, spoke with his god and he - his god - spoke with him Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 66 I 364 and 367; šu-ú ginnašu šalimma as for him, his nest is intact Bab. 12 pl. 14:15 (OB Etana).

2' in predicative use: [išā] tu ša iqādūni ^dMarduk šu-ú ša ina ṣeḥērišu [. . .] the fire which they kindle represents Marduk, who in his childhood [. . .] Pallis Akîtu pl. 5:3 (= CT 15 44:4), cf. ZA 51 138:52, ZA 52 226:11 (all NA cultic comm.); ^dEnlil bēl erṣeti u

eţemmi šu-ú Hunger Uruk 49:29 (med. comm.); annû šu-ú this is he (Enkidu) Gilg. I iv 8; difficult: ašar [šēpēja lu]škun šu-ú mū= tumma Gilg. XI 233; annû šu-ú annû şa= lamšu KAR 267 r. 10, dupl. BMS 53:15; šumma rubû šu-ú . . . šumma muškēnu šu-ú BBR No. 60:30 f.

p) in omens: if a bird calls  $u \, \check{s}u - \acute{u}$   $itanappal \check{s}u$  and he repeatedly answers it CT 39 33:61 (SB Alu);  $mimm\bar{u}\check{s}u$  dannu  $ikkalma \, \check{s}u - \acute{u}$  inazziq a powerful person will have the use of his property and he himself will have troubles YOS 10 54:20 (OB physiogn.);  $a\check{s}\check{s}u$   $lupni \,\check{s}\check{u} - u$  this is (said) with reference to poverty KAR 52:6 (Alu comm.).

q) in personal names: Su-ma-a-ba₄ He-Alone-Is-a-Father OIP 99 34 r. 5; Su-ma-aha He-Alone-Is-a-Brother ibid. 91 r. iii 11, 142 r. xxii 10', 268 r. iii 12, 269 r. 2', 472 ii 1, wr.  $Su_x(BU)$ -ma-a-ha ibid. 142 r. xxii 8' (all Su₄-be-lí He-Himself-Is-My-Pre-Sar.); Lord CT 5 3 iii 8'; Šu-ma-ṣa-ba He-Is-a-Full-Grown-Man(?) MAD 5 45 ii 11, and passim in OAkk., see Gelb, MAD 3 p. 247 f.;  $Su_4$ -He-Himself-Called-into-Existence i-biTuM 5 38 ii 7;  $\mathring{S}a$ - $Nab\mathring{u}$ - $\mathring{s}u$ - $\mathring{u}$  YOS 7 65:9, and passim in NB, wr. Ša-Nabû-MU Durand Textes babyloniens pl. 12 AO 6811 r. 8, see von Soden, ZA 73 294, also ZA 5 279:2 (coll. M. Dandamayev), AJSL 16 67 No. 2:4 (coll.), CT 44 78:8, 17, and 24, VAS 6 177:5.

2. that, the aforementioned (masc. sing.) — a) in OB: šumma dīnum šu-ú dīn napištim awīlum šu-ú iddâk if that case is a capital case, that man will be put to death CH § 3:64 ff., cf. CH § 6:35, and passim in CH; narûm šu-ú likallimšuma may that stela show him (the decisions which I have rendered) CH xli 84; kanīk riksāti šināti PN šu-ú naši kīma PN šu-ú ana šīmtišu illiku PN2 aḥušu ana bīt PN urtaggi PBS 7 90:22 f.; PN šu-ú ina GN maḥrija SAL.UŠ. BAR.MEŠ išappar that PN supervises the female weavers in Sippar under my authority PBS 7 32:8, cf. TCL 1 54:16, VAS 16

158:16, and passim; wardum šu-ú ana ba= lātim ul ireddu that slave is not fit to live TLB 4 92:4', cf. YOS 2 50:7 and 10; bītum  $\delta u - u'$   $j\bar{a}'um$  that house is mine Pinches Berens Coll. 99:6; še'um šu-ú ana libbi ālim *līrub* let that barley enter into the city TCL 18:11: še'um šu-ú ša ramanika VAS 7 203 r. 38, cf. TCL 7 16:16; eqlum šu-ú şibitni TCL 7 40:12; eqlum šu-ú ana ERÍN.GI.ÍL. MEŠ esham CT 52 110:16, cf. ibid. 28; kanīka . . . šutramma šūbilam tuppi bēlija kâta u  $kan\bar{\imath}ku\,\check{s}u$ - $\acute{u}$  ana PN . . .  $b\bar{e}l\bar{\imath}\,li\check{s}\bar{a}bilam$  make out a sealed document for me and send it to me, and you my lord send my lord's tablet and the aforementioned sealed document to PN VAS 16 29:15, cf. kanīkum šu-ú ihtaliq CT 8 19a:28; note wr. *šu* Kraus Verfügungen 176 § 11 iv 1.

b) in NA, NB: PN šu-u issapra that PN has reported ABL 470:3, cf. ABL 522:6; mār šipri ša PN tēmu šu-ú igtibia the messenger of PN gave me the following report ABL 171:5; kamūnu šu-u ina tarbași ša bītāni ša bīt Nabû . . . it-ta-mar (see kamūnu B) ABL 367:8; ilu šu-u uzni ša šarri uptatti the god (Ea) himself wanted to inform the king ABL 355 r. 18, see Parpola LAS No. 35 (all NA); LÚ GN Šú-ú ABL 846 r. 4; GIŠ.MÁ šu-ú ša kasia that boat with  $kas\hat{u}$  YOS 3 111:20;  $\bar{a}lu\ \check{s}\acute{u}$ - $\acute{u}$ 2 ber gaggar ahu agâ ša GN that city is two miles this side of Susa 280:12 (all NB letters); note the use as an indeclinable deictic or copula: tamkāru šuu gargamišaja urdānišu idūkuš that merchant, a man from Carchemish, his servants have killed him ABL 186 r. 8, cf. ABL 763+:5; ina muḥḥi tāmarti annī[ti] ša Sin šu-ú issi libbi[ja] addubub mil[kī] lu šu-ú ABL 23 r. 15 ff., see Parpola LAS No. 185;  $an\bar{a}ku$ ina muhhi annî šu-u ana šarri bēlija as: sapara it is because of this that I am writing to the king, my lord ABL 118 r. 12, see Parpola LAS No. 223, cf. ABL 313 r. 4, ina muhhi šu-u ana šarri bēlija assapra ABL 1164 r. 4 (all NA); ana kūm šum ili šu-ú ša ušēlû in lieu of having taken an oath YOS 3

154:23; ana muḥhi ḥurāṣi šu-ú ša ašpurakska concerning that gold about which I wrote to you TCL 9 136:4, cf. YOS 3 157:13, šu-ú ṭābtuka CT 22 129:5, 146:9 (all NB letters); māḥiṣu šú-ú PN šumšu iqabbâ umma that hunter(?), named PN, says as follows CT 27 45 K.749:5 (NB report), see Leichty Izbu p. 11; šu-u gabbišama laptat the aforegoing, all of it (the omen), is unfavorable PRT 122 r. 12.

c) in hist.: dūrum šu-ú ina qibīt DN RN māhirī aj irši šumšu that wall's name is By-the-Command-of-Samaš-Hammurapi-Shall-Not-Have-an-Opponent PBS 7 133 ii 51, dupl. JNES 7 269 ii 24; dūrum šu-ú DN ana RN išrukšum Šamaš granted to Samsuiluna (the building of) that wall CT 37 4 iii 100, see Sollberger, RA 61 42:102; rubû arkû enūma bītu šu-ú innaḥuma uddaššu (in days to come) a future ruler will restore it when this temple falls into ruin AOB 1 92 r. 11, cf. ibid. 86 r. 2, and passim in Adn. I, 120 iii 39, iv 1, and passim in Shalm. I, Weidner Tn. 16 No. 7 ii 29, iii 60, and passim in Tn., KAH 2 84:129 (Adn. II), KAH 2 90 r. 13 (Tn. II), AKA 386 iii 133 and passim in Asn., Borger Esarh. p. 3 iii 28; šumma amēlu šu-ú kitta irtām MDP 2 pl. 22 iv 52, and passim in kudurrus; note in asyndeton: ālu šu-ú ana eššūte asbat that city I organized anew AKA 170:21 (Asn.), cf. CT 34 41 iv 1 (Synchron. Hist.); pitqa šu-ú la anāku ušabšilu (see bašālu mng. 8) OIP 2 141 r. 7 and 9 (Senn.); parakku šu-ú parak šarrūti VAB 4 126 iii 1 (Nbk.); PN šumšu magušu šu-ú uptarris Gaumāta by name, that magus, he kept lying VAB 3 59 § 52:90 (Dar.).

d) in omens — 1' wr. syll.: awīlum šuú irtana'ad that man will have shivers(?) YOS 10 54 r. 18, cf. ibid. obv. 23, 55 r. 1 ff. (OB physiogn.); awīlum šu-ú mimma uwattar that man will increase in riches HUCA 40-41 91 iii 18 (OB bird omens); marşu šu-ú arhiš itebbi KUB 4 53 r. 3; zikurudû šu-ú ana amēli šuāti ul iţeḥhi AMT 87,2:10 (= Köcher BAM 449 i); amēlu šu-u 3 MU.AN.NA. MEŠ ina kūri u nissate ittanallak that man will live in depression and melancholy for three years (citation from Alu) ABL 74 r. 6.

2' wr. BI (after a log.): NA BI ila irašši that man will have luck CT 39 3:6 (hemer.); TừR BI issappah that cattle pen will be scattered Leichty Izbu VI 36; URU BI kars mūtam illak that city will fall into ruin Leichty Izbu XVI 75; NA BI DứR.GIG GIG that man suffers from rectal trouble AMT 56,1:13; É BI innaddi that house will be abandoned CT 40 17:70 (SB Alu), and passim.

e) in lit.: [amēlu] šu-ú k[î šamê l]īlil Iraq 18 pl. 14:29 (namburbi); adannu šu-ú iktalda Gilg. XI 89, cf. En. el. VI 37; awīlum šu-ú ša annītam immaruma la imeššu that man who when he finds this (cone) will not disregard (it) VAS 1 54:8 (OB funerary inscr.); rubû šu-ú marušta immar CT 1349 ii 4 (SB prophecies), see Borger, BiOr 28 14.

šû s.; (a stone); MB, SB; wr. (NA₄.)ŠU.U.

 $\begin{array}{llll} na_4. \&u.u = \&u-[\&u] \ (followed\ by\ \&um\bar{e}nu,\ q.v.)\ Hh.\\ XVI\ RS\ Recension\ 285,\ also\ Arnaud\ Emar\ 6\\ 553:182,\ restored\ from\ vol.\ 6/2\ pl.\ 496\ Msk.\\ 74199s:2,\ and\ cf.\ MSL\ 10\ 60:165\ f.\ (Forerunner\ to\ Hh.\ XVI);\ \&u-u\ \&u.u = \&u-u\ Diri\ V\ 115;\ \&u-u-um\ \&u.u = \&u-[u]\ KUB\ 3\ No.\ 97:2\ (Diri\ III). \end{array}$ 

 $NA_4.BALAG.GÅ: NA_4$  kašāri  $/\!\!/$   $NA_4.SU.U$  (see kašāru B) MSL 10 69:8 (= Uruanna III 147).

- a) used for stone objects: pingi NA₄. Su.u ša RN (this is) a knob of š.-stone belonging to Ulam-Burariaš (inser. on a knob of blackish-green serpentine) Weissbach Misc. pl. 1 No. 3:1 (MB), see Landsberger, JCS 8 70 n. 182, see also Brinkman MSKH 1 318.
- b) used as a charm 1' qualified as "male" or "female": NA₄.ŠU.U NITĀ *u* SAL BE 31 60 ii 13, r. i 7, r. ii 5 and 15, AMT 102:22, Köcher BAM 124 iv 30 and dupl. 128 iv 27, 354 iii 9, 17, iv 19, RA 18 164:2, STT 90:4 and 17, AMT 66,4 ii 2, Köcher BAM 376 ii 14 and parallel AMT 46,1 i 26, Köcher BAM 237 i 4, 356 i 14, 376 iii 20; NA₄.ŠU.U (text NA₄.SU) NITĀ *u* NA₄.SAL (beside NA₄ *su-u*, NA₄.NÍG.BÙR. BÙR) UET 4 149:7, also 2 NA₄.ŠU.U NITĀ 2 NA₄.ŠU.U SAL ibid. 152:8f., KAV 185 v 4f., STT 401 i 18 f., cf. UET 4 150:6, Köcher BAM 420

šû šuāru

iii 6f.; 7 NA₄.ŠU.U NITĀ tašakkak you string seven male š.-stones (on red-and-white wool) CT 23 10:23, also, wr. NA₄.ŠU.U NITĀ Köcher BAM 473 iii 22; NA₄.ŠU.U NITĀ NA₄ kak-ku-us ibid. 194 ii 5.

- 2' without qualification: tak\$ $\bar{s}$ ru \$a  $NA_4$ (text KIB). $\bar{S}$ U.U (an incantation to be recited over) the string of \$\tilde{s}.-stones (referring to [ $NA_4$ ]. $\bar{S}$ U.U NITA to be strung on a wool thread i 4) AMT 46,1 i 23;  $NA_4$ .  $\bar{S}$ U.U  $NA_4$  kak-ku-sa-[ku(?)] AMT 91,3:8.
- c) as ingredient in medication: NA₄ mūṣa NITA NA₄.ŠU.U (among minerals and herbs for an ointment against "hand of a ghost") AMT 97,4:10; uncert.: NA₄ kapāṣu NA₄ šu-a NA₄ iá-ár-tú tasāk you pulverize (various minerals) kapāṣu-shell, š., (and) seashell (for a tampon) Köcher BAM 237 i 45.

The Akkadian reading of NA₄. SU.U is uncertain. For the already ancient confusion with NA₄ sû, see sû A disc. section. In Köcher BAM 237 i 45 cited usage c šu-a, with a spelling different from NA₄. SU.U ibid. i 4, and occurring beside the shells kapāṣu and ajartu, probably also designates a shell. It is possible that šu-a is the same shell as na₄. Šu.hu.um which occurs together with na₄.ka.pa.şum and na₄.a.ar.tum in MSL 1060:159 (Forerunner to Hh. XVI from Nippur).

Landsberger, MSL 10 27f.; Oppenheim, Or. NS 32 411; Wetzel et al., WVDOG 62 38 No. 21 and (photo) pl. 42 i.

**šû** see  $s\hat{u}$  A,  $\check{s}u'u$  B, and  $\check{s}u'\hat{u}$  B.

šua pron.; that, the aforementioned (masc. sing. acc. and gen.); OAkk.; cf. šu.

ša tuppam su₄-a ušassakuni whoever damages this inscription Sumer 32 72 iii 8 (Narām-Sin), cf. ¶ú mul.sar.ra.e [ab.x.e.al: ša tuppam [su₄]-a ušassakuni AfO 20 36 iv 35, 43 ix 26 (both Sargon) and passim, wr. šu-a MDP 6 pl. 2 1 ii 2, cf. MDP 10 pl. 3 No. 1b: 4 and passim (all Puzur-Inšušinak); Enlil

be'al şalmim su₄-a Enlil, the owner of this relief AfO 20 55 xviii 36, cf. ibid. 64 xxiv 36 (both Rīmuš), 73 r. i 17, 77 i 26, UET 8 13 iii 7 (all Narām-Sin); for further examples see Gelb, MAD 3 248 f.

šuadu (or šuatu) in šuadumma epēšu v.; (mng. unkn.); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

PN ana 4 ANŠE A. [ŠÀ . . .]  $\S u$ -a-du-um-ma  $ippu[\S . . .]$  RA 23 146 No. 15:14 (inheritance division).

šuanathu s.; (a profession or occupation); Nuzi; Hurr. word.

mār šipru ša ekallim ittalka...u anāku 2 UDU.NITĀ.MEŠ...ana PN šu-a-na-at-ķi attadin u ana ekalli ittabalšu the messenger of the palace came to me (demanding two sheep as fine), and I gave two sheep to PN the š. and he took them to the palace AASOR 16 7:9 (court deposition); x hullānū bašlūtu ša Lú.MEŠ šu-a-na-at-ķe-e (among garments and furnishings) HSS 14 247:41 (= RA 36 131); PN šu-a-na-at-ķu Owen Loan Documents 130 EN 9 389 (= SMN 2150):15, cf. (among witnesses) HSS 19 9:26, JEN 243:27, PN Lú šu-a-na-at-ķu JEN 462:21.

W. Mayer, Lacheman AV 251.

**šuanuḥna** s.; (qualifying a textile); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

5 tahapšu ša šu-a-nu-[u]h-na (among textiles) HSS 13 431:26 (= RA 36 204).

šuāru s.; dance; OB, SB.

[...] [x] = šu-a-rum Idu I iv B 4. [...ki e].ne.di: itti šu-a-ri [...] (in broken context) Lambert BWL 256:5. šu-a-ru = mi-lu-[lu] Malku VIII 153.

[mu-al]-l[i-d]a-at šu-a-ra-am (Nanâ) who creates dance VAS 10 215:13 (OB lit.); mertu ubla libbaša šu-a-ra the young girl yearns to dance (incipit of a song) KAR 158 vii 39; (they perturbed the mood of Tiāmat) ina šu-'-a-ri (vars. šu-(')-a-ru) šu'duru qereb Andurunna they worried

šuāša šuāti

(the gods) in the heavenly abodes with (their) dancing En. el. I 24.

CT 11 28:10 (= Ea VIII 226) does not join CT 11 33 K.7772 (= Idu I iv B 4, cited lex. section), and the Sum. equivalent of  $\check{s}u\bar{a}ru$  is therefore unknown.

šuāša see šuāšu.

šuāši see šâšu.

šuāšim see šášu.

šuāšu (fem. šuāša) pron.; 1. (to) him,
(to) her (masc. and fem. sing. oblique),
2. that, the aforementioned (masc. and fem. oblique); MA, NA.

- 1. (to) him, (to) her (masc. and fem. sing. oblique) a) šuāšu: kī mut sinnilti aššassu ēpušuni ana šu-a-šu eppušuš as the woman's husband has treated his wife, so shall they do to him (the adulterer) KAV 1 iii 12 (Ass. Code § 22); ana šu-a-šu ina qabal ekallišu ušērissu as for him, I brought him down from the midst of his palace KAH 2 84:57, cf. ibid. 59 (Adn. II); ana šú-a-šu rēmūtu aškunaššu as for him, I had mercy upon him AKA 369 iii 76 (Asn.); ana šu-a-šu ana erī Kinnier Wilson Etana p. 66:11 (MA).
- b) šuāša: ana šu-a-ša u līdānišama ilaqqēšunu as for her and her bastards, he (her husband) may take them KAV 1 v 13 (Ass. Code § 36).
- 2. that, the aforementioned (masc. and fem. oblique) a) šuāšu: tuppu dannutu <ša> eqli šu-a-šu . . . ana PN zakuat the valid tablet concerning that field belongs to PN KAJ 149:22; ina immeri šu-a-šu from that sheep KAR 154 r. 8 (rit.).
- b)  $\delta u\bar{a}\delta a$ :  $\delta ukutta \delta \acute{a}-a-\delta \acute{a}$  (var.  $\delta u-a-\delta \acute{a}$ )  $u\delta anbituma$  they made that jewelry shine Cagni Erra IIb 21;  $ina \ silli \ sarbatte \ \delta u-a-\delta a$  in the shade of that poplar AfO 14 300 i 10 (MA Etana);  $[...p] \ \bar{\imath}(?) \ tuppi \ \delta u-a-\delta a$  (in

broken context) JCS 7 127 No. 19:18 (MA Tell Billa).

After the original gender distinction masc.  $\delta u \bar{a} \bar{s}$ - vs. fem.  $\delta i \bar{a} \bar{s}$ - had been lost, a new gender differentiation was introduced in MA with  $-\delta u$  as masc. ending and  $-\delta a$  as fem. ending.

Note that  $la\ \&u-a-\&u$  KAR 453 r. 7, cited von Soden GAG Erg.  $\S$  44 e, should be read &u-a-tu(copy -Li\u00e8), see &u adj. usage b-4'. In ZA 3 151:13 read uu-a-tim(text -uu), see &uātu.

šuāšu see šāšu.

šuāšum see šâšu.

šuāta see šuāti.

šuāte see šuāti.

šuāti (šuātu, šuāta, šuāte, šâtu, šâti, šêtu, šêti, šuwāti) pron.; 1. him, to him (rarely her, to her) (masc. and fem. sing. oblique), 2. that, the aforementioned (masc. and fem.); from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and UR₅(.MEŠ), (after a log.) BI, in NB also MU. MEŠ, MU-a-tim.

[mu-ur] [HAR] =  $\delta a$ -a,  $\delta u$ -u,  $\delta u$ -a-ti marû, kâtu marû A V/2:257 ff.; ur HAR =  $\delta u$ ,  $\delta u$ -a-te S³ Voc. A 10'-10'a; [ur₅]. ta = ina  $\delta u$ -a-tum, [ur₅].  $\delta e$  = ana  $\delta u$ -a-[tum] Izi H 220 f.; bi-i BI =  $\delta u$ -a-tum, anāku  $\delta u$ -a-tum A V/1:150 f., cf. S² Voc. F 7'; e.ne.gin_x(GIM) = kima  $\delta u$ -a-ti, e.ne.gin_x.nam = kima  $\delta u$ -a-ti-ma, e.ne.ir, e.ne.ra, e.ne. $\delta e$ , e.ne.da = ana  $\delta u$ -a-ti Izi D iv 11 ff.;  $\delta e$ -i  $\delta e$  = ana  $\delta u$ -a-ti A V/3:118; BA =  $\delta e$ -a-ti MSL 14 94:146:3' (Proto-Aa).

ù, a, i, e, ul, al, il, š[a], ši, na, ba, [ab], [ta] = šu-a-[t]i an. [ta murub4.ta] third person, oblique, as prefix or infix NBGT I 22 ff., see Black Sum. Grammar 89, cf. NBGT II 111 ff.; un, an, in, en, ub, ab, ib = šu-a-ti malû an.ta murub4. ta third person, oblique, full form, as prefix or infix NBGT I 78 ff.; bi, bi.i = a-na-\langle ku \rangle šu-a-ti first person subject, third person object NBGT II 256 f.; bi.ne, bi.e = atta šu-a-ti second person subject, third person object ibid. 258 f.; bi-e bi = atta šu-a-tum marû ki.ta A V/1:155 ff., cf. (with murub4-û) Sa Voc. F 9'f.; bi = anāku, att[a], šû, šu-a-t[um](or -š[um]) NBGT IX 213 ff. (coll. J. A. Black); bi.in, [b] i.in = šû šu-a-ti third person subject, third person object NBGT II 260 f.; ba.a

šuāti suāti la

= anāku šu-a-ti gamarti first person subject, third person object, perfect, atta šu-a-ti gamarti second person subject, third person object, perfect, ba.an = šû min (= šu-a-ti gamarti) third person subject, third person object, perfect ibid. 262 ff.; i.ni.ì, mi.ni.ì = anāku šu-a-ti šu-a-ti, i.ni.e, mi.ni.e = atta šu-a-ti šu-a-ti, i.ni.in, mi.ni.in = šû šu-a-ti šu-a-ti bid. 265 ff., cf. ibid. 272 f., in.na.ni.ì = anāku šu-a-ti šu-a-ti ibid. 265 ff., cf. ibid. 272 f., in.na.ni.ì = anāku šu-a-ti šu-a-ti u anāku šu-a-šum // -ti first person subject with double acc., or first person subject with dat. and acc. objects ibid. 274, cf. ibid. 277 ff., also ibid. 275 f.; LI = šu-a-tum, ana šu-a-šu NBGT IX 37 f.; SI = šu-a-tum ibid. 80.

lú.ux(GIŠGAL).lu bi ì.nun.na.ginx hé.en. kù.ga ga.bi.gin, hé.en.sikil.la: amēlu šû kīma himēti līlil kīma šizbi šu-a-tú lītabbib may that man become as pure as ghee, may he become as clean as that milk CT 17 23:180 f.; lú.ux.lu bi a.gúb.ba zu+AB.kù.ga u.me.ni.sikil.la: amēla šu-a-tu(var. -tum) ina min-e (= egubbê) elli ša apsî ullilšu purify that man with the pure holy water of the Apsû CT 17 5 iii 1 ff., and passim, wr. MU-a-tim ibid. 15:21; den ki lú bi igi ù. bí.in.du₈: dBE LÚ MU-a-tim (var. šu-ma-a-tim) imurma Ea saw that man ibid. 33:11; a.na ib. ak.a.na.bi nu.un.zu: minâ ēpuš amēlu šú-a-tú (var. MU-a-tim) ul idi what can I do? I do not know that man ibid. 26:54 f., also Šurpu V-VI 25f.; lú.ux.lu bi ù.sá níg.me.gar gá.gá.da. na: amēlu šu-a-tum qūlu kūru iššakinšumma Surpu VII 33f.; un.ba ság ba.ab.du₁₁: mātu šu-a-ti ispun he devastated that land Lugale V 17 (= 253);  $im.gin_v e.ne.ra mu.[...]: [di'u šu] rubbû kīma$ šāri ana šú-a-ti [. . .] CT 17 20 i 56 f.

[e.ne.è]m.bi.ta ur.sag e.ne.èm.bi.ta [ur.sag e.ne].èm.bi.ta: [ana amat]i šá-a-ti qarrād ana amat šá-a-ti [qarrād ana ama]ti šá-a-at SBH 38 No. 19:1 ff., also 37 No. 18:19 f.; [...] zu ki.a ì.ma.al ám.bi nu.mu.un.zu.a: [...] ana erṣeti ina šakānu šá-a-tú ul ša lamādu when you put your [...] on the earth, it cannot be learned SBH 45 No. 22:13 f.; é.ba si.sá.a.bi ba.an. ku4.ku4 é sa bal.e a «sa» ab.sud.e: [a]-na bītim ša-a-ti išariš terrubi [bītam] ša-a-ti tušešširi tazarraqi into that house you enter properly, that house you put into order, you sprinkle (it) RA 24 36:6 (Dialogue 5:90 f.), see van Dijk La Sagesse 91, cf. awīltam ša-a-ti ibid. 5.

ur₅.šè.àm dingir.gal.gal.e.ne igi.zalag.ga.ne.ne.a hu.mu.ši.in.bar.re.eš: ana šu-a-ti dingir.gal.gal. in būnišunu nawrūtim l[u i]ppalsunim therefore the great gods looked at me (Samsuiluna) with their gracious countenances LIH 98:84 and 99:84 (Sum.), LIH 97:84 and VAS 1 33 iv 5 (Akk., Samsuiluna), cf. (with var. ur₅.ra.àm) RA 61 42:107, RA 63 37:144.

ur_{HAR} = šu-a-tú, ur_{HAR} = nak-rum Izbu Comm.

183 f.; HAR =  $\delta u$ -a-tum, HAR = nak-ri ibid. 537; ITI. NE # ITI  $\delta u$ -a-tum # NE #  $\delta \acute{u}$ -a-tum ina  $\delta \acute{a}ti$  qabi ITI.NE (i.e., the month of Abu) means "this month," because NE equals  $\delta \acute{u}$ -a-tu, it is said in the word list ACh Sin 3:50 (comm.);  $\delta u$ -a-ti # ana  $\delta \acute{a}$ -a- $\delta \acute{u}$  Hunger Uruk 50:32.

him, to him (rarely her, to her) (masc. and fem. sing. oblique) - a)  $\delta u \bar{a} t i$ - 1' as direct object: šu-wa-tí taqīpma jâti ula taqtīpanni you trusted him but you have not trusted me CCT 4 3b:23; 2 MA. NA KÙ.BABBAR išaggal u šu-a-tí idukkušu he will pay (a fine of) two minas of silver, and they will kill him TCL 1240: 18, cf. ibid. 9, wr.  $\delta u$ -wa-ti-i OIP 27 19a:15;  $\delta u$ -a-ti  $\delta a$ 'ilu PN ša'il ask him or ask PN BIN 6 132:14; šībīšu u šu-a-tí nutamma we will make him and his witnesses swear ICK 1 186:20 (all OA); may the great gods šua-ti zērašu māssu ṣābašu . . . līruru curse him, his progeny, his land, his army CH xliv 77, cf. ibid. 19; šu-a-ti u 2 SAL nipâtišu PN ana mahrija lilgeaššu let PN bring him and his two distresses to me CT 52 86:39, ef. šu-a-ti u bēl awatišu ana sērini tur: danim VAS 16 142:14; šumma idīšu lišā: bilam šumma «ša-tu» šu-a-tu ana GN lib: lunissu either have him send me his wages or have them bring him himself to me in Babylon CT 4 28:26: šu-a-ti šūsiam PBS 7 35:11 (all OB); ipte maltakta šu-a-ti umalli Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 90 III i 36, cf. kīma apsî šu-a-ti şullilši ibid. 88 III i 29, cf. also šu-a-ti uštashirši VAS 10 214 iv 6 (OB Agušaja), see Groneberg, RA 75 109; all the king's gold and silver taddinuni ana mārē PN u šua-ti taddinuni mārē PN ana šarri danni they give to the sons of Abdi-Aširta and it (the same gold and silver?) the sons of Abdi-Aširta give to the mighty king EA 126:65 (let. of Rib-Addi); DUMU LUGAL AD-šú  $ib\hat{a}r\ ulu\ \check{s}u$ -a-tu man-ma hi.gar- $\check{s}\acute{u}$  the son of the king will revolt against his father, or someone else will revolt against him himself Leichty Izbu XIV 23.

2' as indirect object (OA only): 10 gfn kù.babbar ana naḥlaptim ša'āmim šu-atí-ma addiššum I likewise gave him ten shekels to buy a cloak ICK 2 83:14, cf. §u-a-ti-ma apqissum RA 59 22 MAH 16207:5; §u-a-ti-ma habbulu JSOR 11 106 No. 8:20; lumun libbim ana §u-a-ti u jāti bēlī lirši let my lord be just as angry with him as with me CCT 4 4a:37; 1 me'at NINDA a-šu-a-ti-ma one hundred loaves of bread for the same one ICK 1 134:3.

after a prep.: *šumma mār awīlim* lēt mār awīlim ša kīma šu-a-ti imtahas if the son of an awilum strikes the cheek of the son of an awilum of his own rank (lit. who is like him) CH § 203:84; amur bīt GN jānu bīti hazanni kīma šu-a-ta kīma bīt Ugarita ibašši see, the house of Tyre there is no governor's mansion like it, it is like the (royal) mansion of Ugarit EA 89:50 (let. of Rib-Addi); ša... ekalla kīma *šu-a-ti-ma ibannû* whoever (abandons this palace and) builds another palace just like it Weidner Tn. 7 No. 1 v 25; Tiāmat created ištēnešret kīma šu-a-ti(var. -tum) eleven (creatures) like him En. el. I 146, II 32, III 36 and 94, cf. ibid. I 98; PN kabbit šumma la šu-a-tí mannum treat PN with respect, if not for him who else (is there)? TCL 14 11:30 (OA let.).

4' (ša)  $k\hat{\imath}$  ( $k\bar{\imath}ma$ ) šu $\bar{a}ti$  his representatives (OA only): 4 subātī ša PN iddinanni ana ša kīma šu-a-tí addin the four garments which PN gave me I gave to his representatives BIN 4 231:6; x silver and gold ša PN iknukuma ana PN2 iddinuma ana ṣēr ša kî šu-a-tí ušēbiluni which PN has sealed and given to PN2 and (thus) sent off to his representatives ibid. 194:8, see Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 48; našperti PN assērikunu u assēr ša kīma šu-wa-tí naš'u: nikkunūti they are bringing PN's message to you and to his representatives CCT 4 4b:7; ša kīma šu-a-tí umma šūtma his representative said as follows 21a:18; PN kīma šu-a-tí ubbibšu PN is his representative, he cleared him 64:11; šumma kīma šu-wa-tí ušazzazka if he tries to appoint you as his representative CCT 3 3a:15.

b) šâti: kīma ša-a-ti ummašu rāmušu atti jäti ul taramminni while his mother loves him, you do not love me TCL 18 111:29, cf. [ša]-tu bēlšu kīma napištišu irammušu Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets p. 81 SH 812:57; ša-a-ti... x eqlam idiššum TCL 7 55:19 (all OB letters); ina bītija ušēsūninnema ša-a-tu ušēribušu they evicted me from my house and installed him ARM 10 90:25. cf. ARM 6 1:9, 19:30, 67:20, ARMT 13 137:9; mimma dikûtam ul illaku u ša-a-ti udab: babu they do not perform any service, they even pester him ARM 5 73 r. 16', cf. ibid. 35:26; šumma ina kīnātim bēlī atta kīma jâti ana awīlim ša-ti aḥka la tanaddi šumma la ša-ti tappâm u ša īnīja ipettû ul išu if you are truly my lord, show that man the same courtesy as you would to me, I have no companion or (other person) to open my eyes other than him Genouillac Kich 2 D 15 r. 3 and 5, see RA 53 30; šumma elippum šî imtūt hamuttammā ša kīma ša-a-ti nirtīb if that boat is ruined, can we find another soon enough to replace it? TLB 4 35:27 (both OB letters), cf. 20 GI  $\delta a$ -al(!)-za-t[i(?)] ša  $k\hat{\imath}$  ša-a-tu . . . š $\bar{u}pi$ šma ARM 18 23:8; ša iheppû ša-tum tuppašu ipeššitu whoever smashes him (i.e., the statue) or erases his inscription MDP 11 p. 13:1 (= MDP 28 p. 32, MB Elam).

2. that, the aforementioned (masc. and fem.) – a) in ana (ina) šuāti (ana šâti) for that (reason), therefore (OAkk., OB, MB, SB) -1' ana šuāti:  $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$  awatī  $li[\delta]$  me  $in [x] li-ik-[x-x] a-su_4-at b\bar{e}lam la [...]$ may my lord listen to my words and may he [...] in [...] and for that reason . . . . [...] A 708:22 (OAkk. let.), see Whiting, JNES 31 334; ina &u-'-a-ti BBSt. No. 3 iv 30 (MB); ana  $\delta u$ -a-ti ashurki al $[s\bar{\imath}ki]$ for that reason, I have turned to you (Išhara) and called to you BMS 57:7 and dupl. 7:62, see Ebeling Handerhebung 58:29; ana šu-a-ti ^dMarduk bēlu rabû palêka lurrik for that, may Marduk the great lord lengthen your reign YOS 143:8 and dupl. YOS 982:7; note ana šu-a-tim DN ilat tamķāru bīta ša-ašuāti 2b

tim hadîš naplisima look joyfully, therefore, O Ištar of Akkad, goddess of battle, upon this temple RA 22 60 ii 16 (Nbn.).

- 2' ana šáti: ana ša-a-ti dIštar bēltī palām eddēšam lu išrukam for that, Ištar my lady granted to me an ever-renewing term of office AAA 19 pl. 82 iii 6 (Šamši-Adad I), see Borger Einleitung p. 9, see also Landsberger, ZA 41 232 f.
- b) after other preps.: the eclipsed moon kīma šu-a-tu-ma kal ūme uštānih (in the month of Tammuz) stayed like that all day Piepkorn Asb. 62 v 6, also, wr. ša-a-tu-ma KUB 30 9 iii 30, see Leibovici, RA 50 18 iii 47; arki šu-a-te jašpura šarru bēlija ana jāši afterwards let the king, my lord, notify me EA 250:28.
- in attributive use -1'šuāti: šu tuppam šu-a-ti ušassaku whoever discards that inscription RA 9 2:15 (Arišen, Ur III): tibnam šu-wa-tí PN ilgēšu PN took that straw TuM 1 27a: 10 (OA); ša bīt agur: rim šu-a-ti inūma iltabbiru la udannanušu whoever does not reinforce that building of baked bricks when it has become dilapidated RA 11 92 i 26 (Kudur-Mabuk); šumma awīlam šu-a-ti dfd ūtebbibaššuma if the river (ordeal) clears that man CH § 2:46, ef. CH §§ 5:14, 19:69, 112:65, 113:6, 124:61, 127:30, 144:24, and passim, also PN šu-a-ti TCL 18 102:37, and passim; awiltam šu-a-ti iqallūši they will burn that woman (alive) CH § 110:43, cf. CH §§ 133A:23, 143:10, 151:36, 153:65, and passim; tuppam šu-a-ti uštābilakkum I have sent you that tablet TIM 2 109:25;  $t\bar{e}mam \, \delta u$ -a-tu  $u[l \, ta] \delta puram$ you did not send me that report CT 4 33a:23; in libbu šattim šu-a-ti SIG₄-šu albin within that (one) year I made (all) its bricks RA 61 41:77 (Samsuiluna B), cf. ina šattim šu-a-ti CH § 48:10; šumma la KÙ. BABBAR *šu-a-ti ana şibûtika ana* 10 gín KÙ.BABBAR taštapram apart from that silver, you wrote me for ten shekels of silver you need TCL 18 151:20; qaqqad kirîm šu-a-ti Kraus, AbB 5 219 r. 6; ša KÙ.

BABBAR *šu-a-ti* KU₆.HI.A damqūtim šāmamma for that silver buy me fish of good quality Scheil Sippar 273:18 (= Kraus, AbB 5 224:20); SAG.GEMÉ šu-a-ti awassa amur check the case of that slave girl Kraus AbB 1 67 r. 6; UGU amati šu-wa-ti for that reason EA 166: 28 (let. of Aziri): ištu UD. KAM.MEŠ Šu-wa-at EA 85:72 (let. of Rib-Addi), Wr. ištu ūmi šu-wa-ti Wiseman Alalakh 3:42 (treaty); pilkašu ša eqlāti šu-wa-ti the service for those fields MRS 6 96 RS 16.246:15; for other refs. see Labat L'Akkadien p. 213; a'ila šu-a-tu 50 ina GIŠ.PA.MEŠ imahhuşuš they will inflict fifty blows on that man KAV 1 ii 89 (Ass. Code § 19), and passim; qaqqara šu-a-tum kīmû PN u PN2 PN, uba'a u ilaqqe (see bu'û mng. 1e) KAJ 175:35; ina qaqqiri šu-a-tum from that land ibid. 8 (MA); enūma bītu šu-a-tu when this temple becomes ennuhuma dilapidated AOB 1 42 r. 25 (Aššur-uballiț I); ina tāluk girrimma šu-a-tu in the course of that campaign AKA 71 v 33 (Tigl. I); ekalla šú-a-ti ina erēni u buṭni arṣip I built that palace with cedar and terebinth Afo 18 352:65 (Tigl. I); ina muhhi narê šu-a-tum igāru i'abitma ihhepi a wall collapsed upon that stela and it broke MDP 2 pl. 19 legend 2 i 5 (MB kudurru); ša illamma ina muhhi egli šu-a-tum idabbabu (anyone) who brings a claim against that field BBSt. No. 4 ii 16 (MB), cf. AfO 23 13 ii 8', BBSt. No. 24:32, BE 1/2 149 ii 6, BBSt. No. 27 r. 11, and passim in NB leg.; ina kanāk lē'i šu-a-tu at the sealing of that document Hinke Kudurru v 8 (Nbk. I), cf. PSBA 19 71 ii 8 (Marduk-nādinahhē), see Lambert, Syria 58 178, and passim in similar contexts, Wr. šú-ma-tú VAS 1 35:48, wr. MU.MEŠ OECT 9 7:30, YOS 17 322:30, VAS 1 37 iv 56 (Merodachbaladan II), and passim, ina kanāk tuppi šu-ma-a-tum TCL 12 36:21, and passim in NB leg.; the silver paqdu MUa-tim(copy -MU) ZA 3 151 No. 13:6, 11, 13 (Sel.); note qualifying the subject: anyone who would say bīt šutummu mu.meš ul nadin that storehouse was not sold Bagh. Mitt. 5 199 No. 1:28, Wr. UR5 ibid. 26, Wr. UR5.MEŠ ibid. 201 No. 2:25, wr. šu-ma-a-ti

šuāti 2c šuāti 2c

ibid. 28; isqu šu-ma-a-ta ul nadin ibid. 204 No. 4:17, wr. šu-a-ta ibid. 214 No. 10:23, cf., wr. MU-tim VAS 5 60:20, amtu MU. MEŠ the said slave girl BRM 25:7 (all NB); [SAL]  $\delta u$ -a-teza[rpat la] qiat that woman is sold and taken over Postgate Palace Archive 219:9 (NA), note for pl.: nišū ur₅-tú zarpu laqiu ADD 241:12, also, wr. šú-a-te ADD 235:8; LÚ.MEŠ Šú-a-te zarpu laqiu ADD 246:11, wr. šu-u-a-te ADD 319:7, cf. LÚ UR₅.MEŠ ADD 175:8; lumnu šu-a-tu šarra ul isanniq that evil will not affect the king CT 4 5:2, see KB 6/2 42, Wr. HUL UR5. MEŠ Or. NS 39 148:8ff. (namburbi); ašra šua-tum (var. šú-a-ti) nakru ikabbas enemy will tread upon that place CT 39 5:53 (SB Alu), var. from ibid. 7 79-7-8,185:2; URU BI nakru iheppīšu an enemy will destroy that city CT 38 2:34; MA BI nakru usah[hap] CT 39 11:33;  $\bar{a}la$  UR₅- $t\acute{u}$  GN  $q\bar{a}s$ : sun ikaššāda will they conquer that city, Knudtzon Gebete 1:12, cf. ina šikin  $adanni \, \text{UR}_5 - t \hat{u} \, \text{ ibid. 3, and passim; } \, \bar{u}mu \, tuppi$  $\delta u$ -a-tu(vars. -tú, -te) tāmuru when you have seen this letter AnSt 7 128:11 (let. of Gilg.); išmēma dEa amatu šu-a-tim Ea heard that word En. el. II 5; MU BI in that same year Grayson Chronicles 126:12; ina āli šu-a-tum migitti umāmu ibašši in that city there will be a plague affecting animals KAR 377 r. 29, wr. ina URU BI ibid. 30; ina libbi ūme šu-a-tu išātu ina ekalli innappah on that day fire will break out in the palace KAR 153:3; [a] na mimma šua-tu īnka ē tašši do not covet any of that Lambert BWL 102:86; ša šarri šu-a-tum(var. -tu) rubûšu ina la ūmišu imât that king's nobleman(?) will die before his time CT 40 40 r. 71, var. from TCL 6 9:17, cf. ša NUN BI  $\bar{u}mu\check{s}u$   $ikarr\hat{u}$  CT 40 36:31; HUL UR. KU šu-a-tu the evil (portended) by that dog Or. NS 36 2:13, wr. UR5-tu ibid. 22, 23, 35 (namburbi); EN GUD BI mimma la šu-a-tú gāssu ikaššad . . . bēl alpi šu-a-tum ul idammiq the owner of that ox will gain something that does not belong to him, the owner of that ox will not do well CT 40 32 r. 26 f. and dupls. (Izbu XIX), see Moren,

AfO 27 65:103 f.; EN É BI išarri the owner of that house will become wealthy CT 38 15:30, and passim in Alu, note EN kuruppi BI the owner of that basket CT 391:80; enūma bītu šu-a-ti innahuma VAB 4 68:38 (Nabopolassar), cf. VAB 4 228 iii 44, and passim;  $b\bar{\imath}t$  $ak\bar{\imath}ti$  §ú-a-ti . . . uzaqqir OIP 2 142 c:4, but ekalla šá-a-tu ibid. 128 vi 45 (Senn.), and passim; rubû arkû ša salam šú-a-tú ultamqitu a future prince who topples this statue Unger Reliefstele 26 (Adn. III); atappa šu-ma-tum 22 ina 1 kti urtappiš I widened that canal by 22 cubits Weissbach Misc. p. 10 (pl. 4) ii 32 (Šamaš-rēš-uşur); ina šattimma šú(var. šá)-a-tu in that year OIP 2 77: 18 (Senn.), [i] na šatti šu-a-tu Borger Esarh. 88 r. 8, cf. Streck Asb. 212:17; epēš šipri šu-a-tu to accomplish that work OIP 2 95:70, 104 v 50, 109 vii 4, 122:25 (Senn.), and passim in Esarh., Asb., Sin-šar-iškun, Nbk.,  $b\bar{a}bi \ \delta u - nu - [tu] \ (error \ for \ \delta u\bar{a}tu)$ KÁ KASKAL *šú-ut* ^den.líl *azzakar šumšu* I named that (text: those) gate Gate-ofthe-(Stars-of-the)-Path-of-Enlil KAH 2 124:21, see OIP 2 145 (Senn.).

2' šâti: ina têrtim ša-a-ti issuķšu they removed him from that office YOS 2 1:19; anumma tuppam ša-ti āmur now I have seen that tablet Genouillac Kich 2 D 4:10, see RA 53 26; māšihī ša bītam ša-a-ti imaššahu Kraus, AbB 5 76 r. 4, cf. ibid. r. 7, cf. also eglam  $\delta a - a - ti$  TCL 7 68: 10, TCL 18 109: 26, and passim; anāku gimra ša-tu appal I will pay that expense VAS 167:9, cf. še'am ša-tu TCL 18 150 : 12; ana kaspim ša-tu ahka la tanaddi do not neglect that silver CT 6 19b: 20; the lioness died nēštam ša-a-ti āmur šībat u halât assurrēma bēlī kīam igabbi ummami nēšam [š] a-a-tu mahāşummi imhaşu I inspected that lioness, she was old and sick, under no circumstances must my lord say "Someone has certainly beaten that lion(ess)" ARM 14 1:19ff.; hišihtam ša-a-ti ileqqûnimma they will take those supplies ARM 18 15:14, cf. kaspam ša-a-tu legēma ibid. 4:9; [inan]na sinništam ša-a-ti bēlī liwaššeru now, my lord, let them release

šuāti 2c šubakilu

that woman ARM 5 46:27; note šêtu beside šâtu: ana bītim ša-a-tu šutēšurim u mir= gētišu hêtim gātam aškun ina bītim še-tu SAL ugbabtum ša bēlī ana Dagan ireddêm uššab I have started to put that house in order and to supervise (the repair of) its damaged areas so that the ugbabtupriestess whom my lord will lead to Dagan can dwell (in it) ARM 3 42:15 and 18; awilam §a-a-tu that man ARM 14 17 r. 20', and passim,  $aw\bar{\imath}lam \, \&a-a-ti \, ibid. \, 62:10, \, 86:15, \, 123:35, \, but$ awīlam še-tu ibid. 73 r. 2, 101 r. 10', for other refs. see Finet L'Accadien § 39; šarram ša-a-ti Šamaš Enlil . . . piri'šu lilqutu that king, may Šamaš, Enlil, (etc.) destroy his progeny AOB 1 24 v 22 (Šamši-Adad I); inanna tēmam ša-a-ti kinnamma now confirm that report Laessøe Shemshara Tablets 52 SH 856:15, cf. ammīnim ţēmam ša-a-ti la tašpuram ibid. 13; ana habi[lt] i šà-a-ti ašte-eš-ší-šà-ak-kum if I sue(?) you for this damage MDP 23 317:13, cf. ina muhhi  $eqli \ \check{s}\grave{a}$ -ti ibid. 289:9; ūmam ša-ti-ma nakrum išahhit that very day the enemy will make a razzia YOS 10 44:44 (OB ext.), cf. ūmam ša-ti-ma šamû ţahittum iznunma that day the rain poured down abundantly ARM 2 140:7; note \(\bar{u}\)mam \(\bar{s}a\)-at-tima namtallû RA 61 23:7 (OB ext.); bīšam ša mātim ša-a-ti mātum šanītum itabbal another country will carry off the property of that land YOS 10 56 i 32 (OB Izbu); *šarru ša būra ša-a-ti ihaššahuši* a king who desires that well AOB 1 38:25 (time of Aššur-uballit I); kisirta ša-a-ti ištu kupri u agurri aksir with bitumen and mortar I (re)made that embankment AOB 1 72:28, cf. ibid. 74:9 (Adn. I); DN beli bita ša-a-tu līmur may Marduk, my lord, look (favorably) upon this temple AOB I 40 r. 2 (Aššur-uballit I), cf. ibid. 86:32 (Adn. I), 124:30 (Shalm. I), and passim, note āla ša(var. šu)a-tu u ekallašu ina išāti ašrup I burned down that city and its palace AKA 41 ii 34 (Tigl. I); rēš nāri šá-a-ti i'abitma the head of that canal fell into disrepair AKA 147 v 21 (Aššur-bēl-kala);  $qereb\ ekalli\ š\acute{a}-a-tu(var.\ -t\acute{u})$ inside that palace Borger Esarh. 64 vi 62;

ša ekalli ša-a-tim ištappila bābāniša (see šapālu mng. la) VAB 4 136 vii 55 (Nbk.); GIG ša-tu ina naglapi tene[ṣṣi] (see naglabu B) Köcher BAM 580 iii 17, also ibid. 22; mūša ša-ati AMT 83.2:7.

šuātina see šâtunu.

šuatu see šuadu in šuadumma epēšu.

šuātu (šâtu) s.; ewe; OB; cf. šu'u B.

 $\mathcal{S}u\text{-}a\text{-}tu = la\text{-}ah\text{-}ru$  Malku V 34;  $\mathcal{S}u\text{-}a\text{-}tum$ :  $u_8.\text{UDU.HI.A}$  Uruanna III 541.

našiākkunūšim ša-a-am ma-ri ša-a-ti ellam I bring you (Šamaš and Adad) a sheep, the pure offspring of a ewe RA 38 87:2, cf. ellam ša ina pu-qí (var. pu-qú-ú) ša-a-ti it-ta-ab-ku a pure one who was led away from the . . . . of the ewe ibid. 4, var. from HSM 7494:3 (= YOS 11 23), see Starr Diviner p. 30.

šuātu see šuāti and šu'ētu.

šuātunu see šâtunu.

šuā'u see šû adj.

**šubabītu** (*šupapītu*, *ušpapītu*) s.; (an insect); lex.*

SA.TÙR =  $\delta u$ -ba-bi- $t\acute{u}$  (var.  $\delta u$ -pa-pi- $t\acute{u}$ ) Practical Vocabulary Assur 413, see MSL 8/2 69;  $\delta \acute{a}$ -su-ru:  $\delta u$ -ba-bi-i- $t\acute{u}$  (vars.  $\delta u$ -pa-pi- $t\acute{u}$ , u $\delta$ -pa-pi-tu) Uruanna III 262c, see MSL 8/2 64.

šubāhu s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.*

īmuršima Sin irāmši nam-ru-te(text -ša) Sin šu-ba-hi ištakanši (var. mihir Sin nam-ru-temu[...]) when Sin saw her (the cow), he loved her, he adorned(?) her with brilliant š.-s Köcher BAM 248 iii 13 (SB inc.), var. from Studies Landsberger 286:21.

Possibly by-form of šubû A, q.v.

šubakilu s.; (person with a physical or character flaw); SB.*

šubarīu šubarrû

bārû ša... hisgalû šu-ba-ki-lu pilpilānu la nāṣir parṣē ša DN u DN₂... ana purussē bārûti la ṭeḥê a diviner (with any physical imperfections), who is a hisgalû, a š., or a pilpilānu, who cannot observe the rites of Šamaš and Adad, must not participate in oracular decisions BBR No. 24:33.

šubarīu see šubarû.

šubarrû (šuparrû) s.; 1. freedom from service obligations, 2. person entitled to freedom from service obligations; SB, NB; Sum. lw.; cf. šubarrûtu.

[...  d ]en.líl.lá.ke $_x$ (KID) :  $\emph{$su$-ba-ru$-$u$}$   $\emph{$\'a}$   d [Enlil] KAR 8 ii 2.

1. freedom from service obligations a) granted to Babylonian cities -1' by kings: (the king who established the an= durāru which had not been previously granted and)  $\S{u}$ -ba-ra-a  $i\S{kun[u]}$ broken context) Sumer 36 Arabic Section 127 ii 14 (Marduk-šāpik-zēri kudurru); šu-ba-re-e(var. omits -e) Sippar Nippur Bābili hātin enšūtešunu (Sargon) who established freedom for (the inhabitants of) Sippar, Nippur, (and) Babylon, who protected them in their defenselessness Winckler Sar. pl. 40:2, also Lyon Sar. 1:4, 20:7, cf. ibid. 13:5; kāsir kidinnūt Aššur šākin šuba-re-e Nippur Bābili Barsip Sippar Borger Esarh. 81 § 53:41; note: the great gods  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}$  šun $\bar{u}ti$  . . . šu-ba-rathemselves šú-nu ukinnu confirmed the freedom of those people (the inhabitants of Sippar, Nippur, and Babylon) Lambert BWL 112:30 note referring to the (Fürstenspiegel); privileges of the town Sa-uşur-Adad, revoked by Merodachbaladan: [a-lak] ilki u tupšikku issuhšunūtima [šu]-bar-šú-nu iškun he (Bēl-ibni) cancelled their ilku and tupšikku obligations and established their s.-privileges Iraq 44 72 Binning 1:13' (NB), see JCS 35 15 note En. 1; exceptionally referring to Assur: šu-bar-ra-šú-un eli ša mahri ma'diš šūturi to increase greatly the freedom (of the inhabitants of Assur) more than ever before Borger Esarh. 3 ii 42.

2' other occ.: ša mārē Bābili ṣāb kizdinnu šukun šu-bar-ru-šú-nu (O Marduk) establish the freedom from service for the privileged citizens of Babylon RAcc. 130:32.

- b) freedom, relief granted by gods to individuals: (Marduk) ša šu-bar-ra-ni taškunuma you who established our (the gods') freedom En. el. VI 49; ru-um-mi-ia kīsīja šu-bar-ra-a-a šukni release my bonds, secure my freedom STC 2 pl. 82:83 (SB hymn to Ištar); (O Ištar) remove my sickness, decree well-being for me šu-bara-a-a liškunu ina mahriki KAR 42 r. 27 and dupl., see Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 62:82;  $q\bar{a}t$ marşi işşabat Ea Šamaš . . . šu-bar-ra-šú ištakna . . . Asalluhi . . . tēbibtašu GARna Ea has taken hold of the hand of the sick, Šamaš has established his š., Asalluhi has established his clearing from obligations Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 523:11, restored from K.5293 (courtesy R. Borger); difficult:  $[ina \ \bar{u}m]i\check{s}u \ Anu \ \check{s}a$ Adapa elišu massarta išk[un] [ar]kiša Ea *šu-ba-ra-šú iškun* PSBA 16 274 : 10 (= Picchioni Adapa 122), see von Soden, Kramer AV 432.
- person entitled to freedom from service obligations -a) in gen.: Bābili u Barsip sābē kidinni šu-ba-re-e ša ilī rabûti qerēti iškun he prepared a banquet for (the inhabitants of) Babylon and Borsippa, people (living) under the privilege (and) freedom (guaranteed) by the great gods WO 4 32 vi 4 (Shalm. III); ša sābē kidin šu-bar-⟨re⟩-e ilī rabûti mal= kūssunu līteppuš ša šu-ba-ri-e šunūtu ina palėšu aj ibbaši ešīssun may he (Sargon) exercise the rule over the people (of Uruk) living under the privilege (and) freedom (granted by) the great gods, may there not be any disruption during his reign for those entitled to freedom YOS 1 38 ii 28ff. (Sar.); ša mārē Bābili dullulūte ṣābē kidinni šu-ba(var. -par)-re-e Anu u Enlil an= durāršunu eššiš aškun I re-established the privileges of the wronged inhabitants of Babylon, entitled to the protection and

šubarrûtu šubā'u

freedom (guaranteed by) Anu and Enlil Borger Esarh. 25 Ep. 37a:14; (the Babylonians) *šunuma šu-bar-re-e ša dMarduk* KAR 321:11 (SB lit.).

b) referring to a priestly class: ša ērib bīti kinalti . . . šu-bar-ra-šu-nu ana ūmē ṣāti iškun he established permanent freedom from service for the temple personnel and the kiništu priests Anor 12 72:17 (Aššur-etel-ilāni, translit. only); ramkūt Ekišnugal kidinnūssunu akṣurma šu-bara-šu-un aškun I secured the privileged status of the ramku priesthood of Ekišnugal (in Ur) and established their freedom from service UET 1 187:8, also (referring to the same event) ilikšunu apṭur-ma šu-bar-ra-šu-nu aškun YOS 1 45 ii 31 (both Nbn.).

Farber Ištar und Dumuzi p. 96f. (with previous lit.).

**šubarrûtu** (*šuparrûtu*) s.; status of freedom from service; OB, Bogh., SB; cf. *šubarrû*.

šu.bar. [ra x] ná ki [x x]: Šamaš šu-ba-ru-ta u na-i-[la(?)] ša erṣeti išakka[n] (in the month of Tebētu) Šamaš establishes freedom from service and . . . . for the earth KAV 218 A iii 15 and 21 (Astrolabe B), see BPO 2 82.

šarrum . . . šu-ba-ru-[u]t wardī nadiāt Šamaš iškun the king granted š. for the slaves of the nadītu women of Šamaš CT 52 88:8 (OB let. from the judges of Sippar), see Kraus, AbB 7 88; obscure: (PN arrived here (in Egypt) with beautiful gifts) umma nadānu ša te-bi-x-[t]i te-ka-Aš umma šu-pa-ru-ut-ta-ma t[i]-te-bir(?) (end of let.) KUB 3 56 r. 15.

šubaru s.; (a wood); OAkk., Mari; wr. syll. and GIŠ.ŠUBUR.

346 GIŠ [ $\mathring{s}$ ]u-ba-ru.HI.A ARMT 22 304:2, cf. x GIŠ  $\mathring{s}u$ -ba-ru ibid. 303:4, 11, and 22, also 1  $\mathring{s}u$ -ba-rum ARMT 23 617:1, cf. GIŠ. $\mathring{s}$ UBUR Gelb OAIC 33:20, 23, 55, 39:1, also GIŠ. $\mathring{g}$ UBUR ibid. 33:15.

šubarû (šubarīu, fem. šubarītu, šubrītu, subu(r) rītu) adj.; from Subartu, in the style of Subartu; OA, OB, Mari.

giš.mar.gíd.dasu.bir₄.ki = su-bu-ri-tu (var. Su-tum) Subarian wagon Hh. V 77; [giš.pèš su.bi]r₄.ki = su-bur-ri-tu Subarian fig tree Hh. III 30b; síg su.bir₄.ki = šu-tum Subarian wool Hh. XIX 83; [nu.úr.masu.bir₄.ki] = su-bur-ril-tum Subarian pomegranate Hh. XXIV 241.

- a) qualifying manufactured objects: see Hh. V, Hh. XIX, in lex. section; 2 TÚG Šu-ba-ru-ú ARM 21 318:5.
- b) qualifying plants and produce: see Hh. III, Hh. XXIV, in lex. section.
- e) qualifying slaves: amtam šu-ub-ri-tam liš'amakkim he should buy you a Subarian slave girl CCT 3 25: 35 (OA); pūḥam šu-ba-ri-tam...iddin as a substitute he gave a Subarian (girl) Kraus AbB 1 27: 36, cf. ibid. 38; kasap wardim [š]u-[b]a-ri-im Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 116: 6' (OB).
- d) other occ.: PN šiṭram šu-ba-re-em [l]išāḫissināti (see šiṭru mng. 3) ARM 10 126:17.
- e) referring to persons in the OA expression ša šubirī'i: 1 nibrāram lu ša šu-bi4-ri-im lu ša Ālim one piece of nibzrārum fabric either of Subarian or Assyrian (lit. from the City) make I 686, cited J. Lewy, HUCA 38 13, cf. F.T. 4:35, cited Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 181; 22 TÚ[G...] ša šu-bi-ri-im 22 Subarian textiles CCT 6 7a:4 (all OA), for a parallel see akkadû usage d.

For additional OB refs. and literature see Rép. géogr. 3 224.

šubarzuhu see šuparzuhu.

šubā'u in ša šubā'e s.; (a roasting pan or spit); MA*; cf. šamû v.

1 ša šu-ba-e ... siparrū annūtu [ša] ištu ekalli uta eruninni one š. (beside vessels): these bronze utensils which were brought back from the palace (are now deposited in the bīt hašīmi) KAJ 303:7.

šubā'u *šube'û

šubā'u see šumû A.

šubbāru s.; (a wooden object); NB.*

2 (text A) ganganna ša tēbibtu 7 GIŠ šuub-ba-a-ru (in broken context) YOS 3 149:10 (let.).

Probably to be emended to &u-ub-ba-a- $\lceil tu \rceil$ , see &ubtu A mng. 2c.

šubbatu see šuppatu.

šubbuhu v.; (mng. uncert.); NB; II.

 $akanna\,\acute{u}$ - $\check{s}ab$ -ba- $a\check{b}$  (in broken context) ABL 968: 6.

For a suggested loan from Aram. šabbah. "to praise (god)," see von Soden, Or. NS 46 195.

šubbuhu see šuppuhu.

šubburu (šabburu) adj.; broken, in scraps; OA, Mari, MB, NB; cf. šebēru.

- a) broken (said of manufactured objects): awīlum šû kīma saparrim šu-ub-bu-ur-tim ina bītišu ul uṣṣi that man, like a broken wagon, never leaves his house ARM 2 130:4; 1(?) KI.MIN (= GIŠ.GU.ZA) KI.MIN (= ṣarbatu) šu-bu-ur-tum one poplar chair, broken BE 14 163:16 (MB inv.), cf. PAP 18 GIŠ.[GU].ZA.MEŠ nu-ur-bi adi 2 šu-ub-bu-ra-tum ibid. 18; 2-ta marrī parzilli šub-bu-re-e-ti (see marru s. usage a) YOS 6 81:7 (NB).
- b) broken to the yoke (?), said of horses: ana muḥḥi ištēn sīsê ana maṣṣartija u 2 3 sīsê šub-bu-ru-ú-tu ana ... bēlija aš puramma I have written to my lord for one horse for my duty and two or three broken in (?) horses ABL 462 r. 24 (NB).
- c) (a quality of copper, OA): 57 MA. NA URUDU ša-bu-ra-am ana PN din give PN 57 minas of š. copper VAT 13527:22, cited Or. NS 29 32 n. 4, cf. ibid. 6; 1 GUN 18 MA.NA URUDU dammuqum ša-bu-ru-um 78 minas of good quality š. copper (the

price of three donkeys) Kienast ATHE 37:18, cf. BIN 4 197:2, Hecker Giessen 2:2, URUDU masiam dammuqam ša-bu-ra-am OIP 27 56:34; (PN owes) x URUDU masiam ša-bu-ra-am TCL 19 10:11, cf. HUCA 40-41 63 L29-596:3.

*šubbušatta (šabbušatta) adv.; (mng. unkn.); MA.*

tuppu šīt ša-bu-ša-ta la gamrat this tablet is . . . . not finished Iraq 31 30:32.

šubbutu v.; to lodge(?); NB.*

PN u PN₂ PN₃ ana maṣṣarti ipqid ultu ummânu ša Eanna ša ūmu 4 ummânu ina muḥḥi ūru ša bāb DN u bāb Illuru ú-šá-ab-ba-at u rīḥit ummânu ina bīt qātēšunu ú-šá-ab-ba-tum PN and PN₂ entrusted the (temple) service to PN₃, out of the daily personnel of the Eanna, he will lodge(?) four of the personnel on the roof of the DN gate and the Illuru gate, and he will lodge(?) the remaining personnel in their (the gates') wings YOS 7 5:8f.

The translation is based on an interpretation of *šubbutu* as a denominative from *šubtu*.

šubdu in šuptumma epēšu see šuptu.

*šube'û v.; (mng. uncert.); OB, SB.

Ištarul immalik elēnušša uš-bi (see elēnu mng. 1c) CT 15 46:12 (Descent of Ištar), also cited as a variant for ušib, ašābu mng. 1a; šī uš-bi it-te-e-ki VAS 10 214 vi 38 (OB Agušaja), see Groneberg, RA 75 111.

The two cited refs. are contextually and syntactically different from either ( $ab\bar{u}zb\bar{s}$ ) lu- $u\bar{s}$ -ba-i (cited  $b\hat{a}$ 'u mng. 3c) AOB 1 66:58 or the transitive  $u\bar{s}$ -te-bi-bu in [ $\bar{s}umma$ ]  $\bar{s}\bar{e}ru$  ina SILA NA IGI-ma la  $u\bar{s}$ -te-BI- $\bar{s}u$  if in the street a man sees a snake and does not . . . it (possibly from (w)  $ap\hat{u}$ ) CT 40 21 Sm. 956:3 (SB Alu). All four inflected verbs may be forms of a verb * $\bar{s}ub\hat{e}$ 'u/ $\bar{s}ube$ ' $\hat{u}$ , see Groneberg, RA 75 124.

šubtu A

**šubhatu** (or *šuphatu*) s.; (an ornament); Qatna.*

A necklace consisting of a lapis lazuli figurine fitted into a ring of gold 1 šu-ub-ha-tum hurāṣi tamlī uqnî dušî (and) one š. of gold, inlaid with lapis lazuli (and) dušû-stone RA 43 142:46, cf. (in similar context) 3 šu-ub-ha-tum ibid. 154:168, 1 šu-ub-ha-du hurāṣi tamlī uqnî ibid. 146:78; 1 šu-ub-ha-tum(var. -du) ibid. 150:120.

šubiltu see šubultu.

šūbiltu see šūbultu.

šubiu see šupiu.

šubrītu see šubarû.

šubšulu s.; heating; OB; cf. bašālu. Sixty (men) kuprum šu-ub-šu-lum (for) heating up bitumen UET 5 468 ii 36.

šubtu A (šuptu) s.; 1. seat, chair, throne, 2. base, socle (for a throne or a stela), pedestal, stand, 3. residence, dwelling, abode, home, 4. emplacement, location, site, foundation of a building, built-over area of a building plot, site, settled area of a town, territory of a people, country, or town, 5. encampment, military camp, military position, outpost, ambush, 6. (a feature of the exta); from OB on; wr. syll. and TUŠ, KI.TUŠ, DAG (KASKALLAGGABSU Or. NS 56 246:7); cf. ašābu.

tu-uš Ku = šu-ub-tum MSL 14 141:22 (Proto-Aa), also S² Voc. G 10'; [x-x]-x-x K[I.Tuš] = šub-tum Diri IV 305, cf. Proto-Diri 312; ki.tuš = šu-ub-[tum] MSL 16 46:1 (Proto-Nabnitu); [ki].tuš = šub-tum Igituh short version 24; ki. tutuš.bi. nu.zu = šu-bat-su ul i-di Izi C i 19; [du-ru] [KU] = šu-ub-t[um] MSL 14 90:21:2 (Proto-Aa); du-fur] Ku = šub-tum Idu II 305, also S² Voc. G 6'.

da-ag DAG = \$u-ub-tum MSL 14 98:236:2 (Proto-Aa), also MSL 16 46:6 (Proto-Nabnitu); dag = \$u-ub-tu (followed by manzāzu) Erimhuš III 1, also Erimhuš II 322 (catch line) and IV (catch line), see MSL 17 pl. 3.

 $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ -nu  $\mathbf{u}$ nu =  $\delta ub$ -tum  $\mathbf{S}^{b}$  II 188; [ $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ -nu] [TE]. $\mathbf{u}$ nu = šub-tum, mūšabu Diri VI B 11 f., cf. MSL 16 46:2 (Proto-Nabnitu); gu-nu, ú-nu AB-gunû = šub-tum Ea IV 156 f., A IV/3:98 f.; ú-nu UN =  $\delta u - u[b-tu]$  Ea IV 50; ka-lam un =  $\delta ub$ -[tum] ibid. 52; ki-i  $\kappa I$  = &ub-tum Idu II 315; ki = &u-ub-du KUB 3 113:4; aš.te = šu-ub-tu Izi E 178; [pa-ra] [BÁRA] = šub $tum \ A \ I/2:354$ ; bara = parakku, šub-tum,  $m\bar{u}šazbu$ ,  $n\bar{e}mettum \ MSL \ 13 \ 126:3 ff.$  (Proto-Izi from Ugarit): bára.ki.tuš = šub-tum ibid. 7; [du-ú] DU6 = šub-tu Idu II 27, also Ea III 17; ú-ru TE $gun\hat{u} = \delta ub$ -tum A VIII/1:222; tir =  $\delta ub$ -tum (in group with papāļu, massaku, atmānu) Antagal III 254; [ti-ir] [TIR] = šu-ub-tum = (Hitt.) GIŠ.DAG-ZA  $S^a$  Voc. AG 3'; te-ir TIR =  $\delta ub$ -tum A VII/4:85; [te-en]-[tir] [D]IN.T[IR.KI] =  $\delta u$ -bat nub[ $\delta i$ ],  $\delta u$ -bat  $bal[\bar{a}ti]$  Diri IV 92 f., cf. din.tir.ki = &u-bat nuhši, din.tir.ki = šu-bat balātu Iraq 5 55:2 f. and dupls. (topography of Babylon), for Greek transcription σοβαθα see Iraq 24 67; gú = šu-ubdu = (Hitt.) GIŠ.DAG-za Izi Bogh. A 89; hu-umLUM =  $\delta u$ -tum A V/1:26; [x].gul =  $\delta ub$ -tu (in group with ibratu, nēmedu) Erimhuš IV 51; [nu-u]  $[NA] = \delta u - ub - tum \quad A \quad VIII/4:189; \ \delta e.er.g \acute{a} = \delta u - ub - tum$ bat u ma-ia-al Izi D i 29; šub-tu kaskal.lagab = \$ub-tum Sb II 78; [šub-tu] [KASKAL LAGAB], [KASKAL DU] = šub-t[um] Ea I 283 f.; KASKAL LAGABXU, eme.sig, inim.  $k \acute{u}r. di = \&u-ub-[tum]$  MSL 1646:3 ff. (Proto-Nabnitu); ú.a, nigìn = šu-ub-tum ibid. 9 f.; ú.a = šu-bat nakri Izi E 283.

la. ha.an. šú. šú, dúr. gar = [šu]-pa-tum [DUG. KAM] MSL 16 46:7 f. (Proto-Nabnitu); ú-hu-un (error for la-hu-uš-šú)  $^{\text{SiG}}_4$ . Šú $^{\text{Su}-pa-at}$  DUG KAM MSL 14 115 No. 4:63 (Proto-Ea); ši-ka-ha-ra, la-fah]-hu-sú  $^{\text{SiG}}_4$ . Šú = šu-pa-at diqāri A V/1:111 f. and Diri V 274 f.; [...]. na = šu-ub-tum ša diqāri 2NT-26:4' and dupl., see MSL SS 1 96; [ri]-ig RIG7 = na-du-ú ša šu-ub-tim Diri V 58.

(should you want to fly to heaven, may you have no wings) ki.šè ba.gub.ba dúr nam. bi.gá.gá: ina erşeti nik-la-ma (var. nak-li-ma) šub-ta [ē taškun] (should you want to) stay on earth, may you secure no abode CT 16 11 vi 1f., var. from JTVI 26 156:16; dúr.kù.ga [kur.re ba.an.da. tuš]: šu-ub-ta elleti [nakru ittašab] an enemy has occupied the holy dwelling 4R 23 No. 1 ii 29 f., see RAcc. 28; [é].re.eš.a dúr.ra nam.lugal.zu. kex(KID) ku4.ku4.ra.zu.dè: ana Bīt Rēš šu-bat šarrūtika ina erēbika when you enter the Rēš temple, your royal dwelling TCL 6 53 r. 12 f.; é.dúr. mes: É šu-bat dMarduk: É dBēlat-nip[ha] KAV 42 r. 7, see Frankena Tākultu 126:164, cf. ibid. 125:154, PSBA 22 367:1 ff. and dupls. (topography of Babylon), see Iraq 5 55 ff.

ki. tuš kù.zé. eb. ba. zu: šu-bat-ka elletu tābtu SBH 119 No. 67 r. 24 f.; ama. gan nigin. na mu. lu ši. da. ma. al. la ki. tuš mah bí. in. ri: rīmu ālid naphari ša itti šiknāt napišti šub-tú elleti ramû šubtu A Šubtu A 1

womb that gives birth to everything, (you) who have occupied a holy dwelling among mankind 4R 9:24f.; en dNin.urta.me.en ki.tuš.mah. gá im.hu.luh.ha.en.na.g[in_x](GIM) : bēlu Ninurta anāku ina šub-ti-ia ṣīrti kî tugallitanni I am Lord Ninurta, because you frightened me in my own august dwelling Lugale X 7 (= 422); ki.níg. dam.gal.be ku.tu.uš.ne.ha mu.un.šu.ub: TA šu-ub-ti-šu mugallita ú(?)- (ul ušaršīšu) I allowed no one to trouble him in his habitation Labat Suse 1 i 12 f.; ki.tuš.a.zu dUtu.šú.a nu.me.a: šu-bat-ka ul ša ereb šamši your abode (demon) (parallel: manzāzka) is not in the west CT 16 25:15f., dupl. CT 17 3:11; ki.tuš.a.na ki.igi. KUR. àm: šu-bat-su ašar erşetimma (see erşetu lex. section) CT 16 46:189 f.

bára.gil.sa.ka ki.ní.dúb.bu.da gar.ra. ab: ina šub-ti-šú ša dārātu šub-ti nēhtu [l] irme may he occupy a tranquil seat on his everlasting dais Bagh. Mitt. Beiheft 2 6:39f., see Mayer, Or. NS 47 433; É.sag.íl . . . bára.a.ni sikil.la zé.eb. bi.da.aš hu.mu.un.ni.in.ri: ina £ MIN... šubat-su elleti tābiš lu irmi (Marduk) serenely occupied his holy dais in Esagil 5R 62 No. 2:47 f. (Šamaš-šum-ukīn); bára ri.àm: mušarmû šubtum 4R 9:32f.; bára i.bí kù.ga ba.an.ku₄.a: ina šu-bat qudmi ina šub-ti el-let x-x enter(?) the primordial dwelling, the pure dwelling VAS 17 58:13ff., cf. ibid. 4f.; dag ki.gal (var. adds .la).e.ne dag k $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ .[...]: ina šu-ba-ti (var. šu-baa-tum) rabbâtu šub-tum elle[tu] CT 16 10 iv 40 f., var. and restoration from ibid. 50:12 f.; en.dag. ga:  $b\bar{e}l \, \&ub-ti \, ZA \, 10 \, pl. \, 1$  (after p. 276):12, see Böllenrücher Nergal 31.

du6.kù.ga ub.ba al.gub.ba: šub-tum elletu ša ina tubqi izzazzu sacred pedestal that stands in the corner AfO 14 148:168f. and 146:134f.; lú. du6.en.te.na ki.tuš.a: ša ina šu-bat tanīhti [uššabu] ibid. 148:142 f.; ù.mu.un.ba.ni.in.ri du6.mar.ra.bi ní.dúb.dúb.bu : irtame šubat-su  $n\bar{e}hta$  (see  $n\bar{e}hu$  adj.) 4R 20 No. 1:17 f.; TE+UNU á. šuba mí. dug. ga. [zu] ú-nu su-bi-a mi-du-ga-zu (pronunciation): šukuttaki šu-bat-ka ša elliš kunnāt your ornament, your pedestal, which is carefully prepared in a pure manner SBH 110 No. 57:24 f. and parallels, see JNES 26 206; unú gal dingir.e.ne bára.mah.a túm.ma: šub-tu rabītu ša ana parakki sīri šūlukat the great seat, appropriate for a majestic dais KAR 4 r. 10, cf. é dingir.gal.gal.e.ne bára.mah.a túm.ma: šub-tu rabītu ša ilī ša ana parakki sīri šū[lukat] ibid. obv. 32; e.lum aš.te.šè: kabtu ana šub-ti 4R 24 No. 2:23f.; umun.mu tuš.mu.šu giš. gál.la ú.aga ki.in.nir: dBēl šub-ta-ku Bābili Barsip agûku (Sum. obscure, see agû A lex. section) RAcc. 129:15f.

DÚR = šub-tum (comm. on En. el. VII 96) STC 2 pl. 54 r. ii 16; KÚR DÚR = nu-uk-kur šub-tum CT 41 33 K.118:20 (Alu Comm.); šu-bat lứ innadzdi # šub-tú # išdīḫi # nēmelu CT 41 32:16f. (Alu Comm., to Tablet XLVI); dag # šu-ub-tum # dag # KAM # dag.gan # šu-ub-tum mu-šá-bu # dag.gan. NA TCL 6 17:11f. (astrol. comm.); KUR # šub-tú Lambert BWL 84 comm. to 225-234 (Theodicy Comm.).

šu-ub-tum, mūšabu, gisgallu = ku-us-su-u CT 18 4 r. ii 71 ff.; ki-kur-ru-u, tu'u, panpanu, aratt $\hat{u}$  = šu-ub-tum Malku I 280 ff.; simakku = šu-bat dingir ibid. 284; šu-ba-a-tum, mūšabu, (etc.) = min (= subtu) Explicit Malku II 142 ff.; su-pa-a-tú (var.  $\hat{s}u$ -ba-a-ti) = qer-bi-tu (var. qer-be-e-ti) Malku II 30, vars. from von Weiher Uruk 119:31; [ki]  $\hat{s}su$ , [d]  $\bar{u}ru$ , [s] u-tú = bi-e-tú LTBA 2 2:16 ff.

1. seat, chair, throne: šarra rabâ ša  $Dar{e}r$  ina la tuš-šu ušat $bar{a}$ šuma he will make the great king of Der arise from a throne that is not (rightly) his BiOr 28 12 iii 26 (Marduk prophecy); the king enters and ina muhhi parakki šarrūti ina šub-ti-šú uššab takes a seat on his throne on the royal dais RAcc. 92 r. 7; the goddesses ina muhhi šu-bat.meš arki Anu uššab will take seats behind Anu RAcc. 103 iv 9, cf. adi ilu ina KI.TUŠ-šú uššabu Bagh. Mitt. Beiheft 2 1:31, see Mayer, Or. NS 47 446; (Anu) ina muhhi šu-bat hurāşi . . . uššab RAcc. 90:29 and 91:17, cf. CT 46 53 ii 13 and passim in RAcc., cf. ana šub-ti-šú ill[i] LKU 51 r. 11; [kīm] a Aššur ina šub-ti-šú kammus when Aššur sits on his throne van Driel Cult of Aššur 92 vii 50 (coll. S. Parpola); Aššur KI. TUŠ-*šu ussēšib* he has seated Aššur on his throne (lit a censer and a torch, and made offerings) ibid. 128 v 8; nēmattu ana šarri . . . i[šakkunu] kīma šarru ina šub-ti-šu it= tuši[b] nāgir ekalli erraba they prepare a seat for the king, as soon as the king has sat down on his throne, the court herald enters (and kisses the ground in front of the king) MVAG 41/3 60 i 4 (NA rit.); KI.TUŠ musukkanni...adi kirzappi hurāşi ruššî litbušu (I refurbished for Tašmētu) the throne made of musukkannu-wood and the footstool overlaid with red gold Borger Esarh. 84 r. 39; I will lay you out (Enkidu) on a splendid bier ušeššebka šubta nēhta šu-bat šumēli I will seat you in a peaceful place, a seat at (my own) left

šubtu A 2a šubtu A 2b

side Gilg. VII iii 43 and VIII iii 2; māmīt ina ki.tuš ina mahar Šamaš ašābu (see ašābu mng. 1a) Šurpu III 23; māmīt kussî KI.TUŠ erši majāli oath of a chair, a seat, a bed, (or) a couch Surpu VIII 61; rubâ Marduk ušaggagma ina šub-ti-šú adekkēma I will stir prince Marduk to a rage, I will rouse him from his seat Cagni Erra I 123, cf. ultu ullu āguguma ina šub-ti-ia atbûma since the time when I arose from my seat in a rage ibid. 132, cf. ibid. 133, 170, 192, IIIc 44, Išum ina šub-ti-šú listbe im(?)ma-niš Lambert BWL 170:22 (fable of Nisaba and Wheat); Irra says to the Seven Gods ana šub-ti(var. -te)-ku-nu tūrama Return to your places Cagni Erra I 18 and IIb 48; ana šumešu ilū lištar'ibu linūšu ina šub-ti may the gods be set to shuddering at the mention of his (Marduk's) name, may they quake in (their) seats En. el. VI 146, cf. Cagni Erra I 5, ef. also kīma birga ibrigma inūš ina šub-ti (see barāqu mng. 1a-3') MVAG 21 86:23 and 27 (Kedorlaomer text); šumma amēlu ina KI.TUŠ-šú it-[...] if a man [...] in his seat Biggs Šaziga 13 ii 9 (inc. catalog).

2. base, socle (for a throne or a stela), pedestal, stand -a) base, socle for a throne or a stela: parūte šuātu ana šubat RN . . . PN šakin Kalhi ana asât ūmē ukin PN, the governor of Calah, set up this (block of) alabaster for all time, as a throne base for Shalmaneser Iraq 25 56:50 (Shalm, III, inser. on a throne base); bīt agurrim *šu-ub-tam elletam manzāz narêm* a structure made of baked bricks, a holy socle, a place for the stela (within which sacrifices are regularly made) RA 11 92 i 14 (Kudur-Mabuk), cf. narâ ašturma salam ilāni ina muhhi abni ina šu-bat ilūti ulziz (see şalmu usage b-1') Unger Bel-harran-beli-ussur 15; let the inscription be sent to us for copying [ina] muhhi šu-ub-te ina pa-an [(x) Ú]R nišattar rēhtu [(x) i]na muhhi nišri šanî [x] nišaţţar (see nišru B) CT 53 926 r. 3', see Parpola LAS 2 368 No. 363; §a . . . unakkaru ina šub-ti-šú ana mê inaddû whoever removes (this stela) from its base and throws it in the water VAS 1 37 v 28 (Merodachbaladan II kudurru).

- b) base, socle, pedestal for statues, divine symbols 1' for statues of kings: 1 salam utnenni manzāz šarrūti . . . KI. TUŠ-šú siparru šipku one statue (of Sarduri, king of Urartu), in an attitude of prayer, on a socle proper to his royal status, the base being of cast bronze TCL 3 400 (Sar.), cf. 1 salam Ursā itti 2 pitz hallišu . . . adi KI.TUŠ-šú-nu erū šapku ibid. 403, also Winckler Sar. pl. 45 S. 2021+ ii 5, see Tadmor, JCS 12 24; uncert.: barley ana šu-ba-at LUGAL u taqrībātim ša bīt dDumuzi Jean Šumer et Akkad 187:2 (OB).
- 2' for statues of gods, divine symbols, gods' accountments -a' referring to representations of socles in the form of miniature temples: the great gods who are invoked on this stela kakkūšunu kul: lumū u šu-ba-tum-šu-nu uddâ whose emblems are displayed, or whose socles are depicted MDP 2 pl. 17 iii 21, also pl. 23 vii 30, cf. mala . . . šumātušunu zakrū šu-ba-tušu-nu nadâ u uşurātušunu uşşurā (see eṣēru A mng. 2a-2') MDP 4 pl. 16 ii 7, mala . . . šumšunu zakru šunniršunu uddû uşu: rātušunu uṣṣurā u šu-ba-tu-šu-nu bašmā all (the gods) whose names are invoked, whose standards are shown, whose representations are drawn, whose socles are fashioned (on this stela) ZA 65 58 ii 79; šub-tum u šukūsu ša Ani the socle and the headgear of Anu MDP 2 pl. 17 iv 1 (all MB, early NB kudurrus).
- b' referring to materials, decoration: ina muḥḥi šub-tim-šú šu-bat erēni lu ušzi= zušima adi ašrāti ilūtišunu rabīti ušaṣbi= tuma I placed it (the [...]) on its pedestal, a pedestal of cedar wood, until they had readied the platforms proper to their great divinity 5R 33 iv 2f. (Agum-kakrime); 4 dṣalam erî... ša 4 kùš mū= lâšunu adi KI.TUŠ.MEŠ-šú-nu erî šap-ku four divine statues of copper, each four

šubtu A 2b šubtu A 2b

cubits in height, along with their bases cast in copper TCL 3 399 (Sar.); ušumgallī hurāsi šamrūte ana šub-ti-šú ukīn I set up ferocious dragons made of gold for his (Ninurta's) socle Iraq 14 34:72, cf. šungallī ša Nabû ina muhhi izzazzuni šu-ub-tum ina muhhuššunu lītu ētapaš (the goldsmith) made a drawing of the dragons on which Nabû will stand and the base (which will fit) over them ABL 951:13 (NA). see Landsberger Brief 74 n. 147; kaspu lu 2 MA.NA lu 3 MA.NA ana batqi ša KI.TUŠ.MEŠ ša Aššur ša dnin.lfl . . . dini disburse two or three minas of silver for the repair of the pedestals of DN and DN₂ ABL 185:5 (NA), see Postgate Taxation 48 and 55; gold for giš tallu giš šu-ba-ta.me ša Ištar u Nanâ GCCI 2 49:9 (NB); silver ana šu-pa-a-ti ša kaspi UET 4 119:15; when the king comes into the presence of Bel, his accoutrements will be just like those of the statue I sent to the king libbû ša ina GN ina muhhi giš šub-ti ša den ušazzizu just as I placed (the statue) on the wooden socle of Bēl in Assur (so I have also set up similar statues(?) in the temples of Babylon) Landsberger Brief 8:19 (NB); šalhu textiles ša muhhi giš šu-ub-tum ša Šamaš ... ša muhhi giš šub-tum ša Aja CT 55 814:4 ff., cf. 1 kibsu ša muhhi giš šu-batum ana Marduk u Bēltija ibid. 12, cf. also, wr.  $\delta ub$ -ti ibid. 808:9, wr.  $\delta ub$ -tum Nbk. 312:21 and Nbn. 696:8.

c' in rituals: he brings the insignia of kingship before Bēl ina maḥar DN [ina muḥhi] KI.TUŠ išakkanšunūtu and places them on the socle before Bēl RAcc. 144:419 (New Year's rit.); you set up three portable altars for Ea, Šamaš, and Marduk 3 kitū ina muḥhi KI.TUŠ.MEŠ tašakkan you place three linen cloths on the socles RAcc. 34:8 and 38 r. 21; panū ša agī ša Anu u KI. TUŠ ša Enlil kuttumu (see katāmu mng. 5a) RAcc. 136:284; all the gods, the standards, the sun disks, and the chariots ultu šub-ti-šú-nu ina makkītu ša nāmurtu šarri iteb: bûnimma will set out from their pedestals

in the (processional) barge that was the king's gift RAcc. 100 i 6 and 16, cf. ibid. 73:15; 12 şibtu mahar šu-bat Anu u ili bīti ša É papāha Antu twelve loaves before the socle of Anu and the protective god of Antu's cella RAcc. 76:31: KI.TUŠ(.MEŠ) (in list of temples and their parts?) TIM 9 60 ii 27 ff. (Sel. comm.); naptanu ina bīt akītu ana giš šu-bat-ti uqarrabi . . . ninda.hi.a u kaš.hi.a ana šu-bat-ti.me i-gar-ra-bi (see naptanu mng. 1a-9'b') YOS 7 89:19 and 21, cf. (the brewer) sa naptanu ana KI.TUŠ.MEŠ ugarrabu YOS 6 156:10; oil for GIŠ Šu-bat.MEŠ ša É [ $pap\bar{a}$ ]hi... ana GIŠ &u-bat.me& &a DN u &a DN₂ CT 56 172:3f., also (without det. GIS) Nbn. 283:8 and 11f.; sattukku offerings at(?) šu-bat Marduk u Şarpānītu (beside şalam Šarrukīn) CT 57 242:5, cf. ibid. 312:2f. and CT 56 442:20; uncert.: silver income ana šu-ba-a-ta...  $\delta \bar{u}bul$  CT 57 105:2 (all NB); provisions and KI.TUŠ *ilāni* ADD 1023 r. 3.

other occs.: sukkī sāgī parakkāni nēmedī šu-pa-ti mimma makkūr bīt Aššur (see  $n\bar{e}medu$  mng. 3a) AOB 1 122 iv 6, cf. ibid. 128:19 (Shalm. I); mukinnu māhāzī sukki  $\delta ub$ -ti  $e\delta rar e t$  ilar i JNES 15 134:69 ( $lip\delta ur$ -lit.); f Iconjure you by šub-tú man[zā] za mālaka u pedestal, stand, road, and  $m\bar{a}h\bar{a}[zu]$ shrine KAR 233 (= Köcher BAM 338) r. 20; zi ub da.da úr giš.mi (ki.tuš) ki.gub. bu.dè: nīš tupqi šaḥāti du-tú sillu šub-tú  $manz\bar{a}za$  (see  $d\bar{u}tu$  mng. 3) PBS 1/2 115 i 21 f.: ilāni mārak mātišun ina KI.TUŠ-šú-nu (var. BÁRA*-šú-nu*) *idkûma* they removed from their socles the gods of the entire extent of their land (and took them to Elam) OIP 2 38 iv 34, also ibid. 35 iii 63 and 78: 26 (Senn.); KÁ.MEŠ nērebī papāhī u KI.TUŠ. MEŠ  $lihd\hat{u}$  (see  $n\bar{e}rebu$  mng. 1c) VAB 4 258 ii 16 (Nbn.); ina É.NAM.EN.NA É papāhi ina šub-ti-šú-nu ana dārâtu ú-<še>-šib-bi I installed (Anu and Antu) on their socles in the shrine Enamenna for all time YOS 1 52:17 (Sel.), see Falkenstein Topographie 5; šuub-tum ša ina libbi giš.má [. . .] the socle which is in the [...] boat SBH 147 No. IX 1

šubtu A 2 c šubtu A 3 a

(list of appurtenances in a temple?), cf. šu-ba-a-tum ibid. 3; šumma ina balu meļļē...ilu ina KI.TUŠ-šú inūš (see nāšu mng. 1c) TCL 69:19 and dupl. CT 40 40 + K.3017:75 (SB Alu), see Borger, Symbolae Böhl 46.

- c) stand(?) for tools: 2 marri 3 hālilu 2 pa-sa-a-ta (for  $p\bar{\imath}s\bar{a}ta$ ) 2 giš šu-ba-a-ta5 zabbilu CT 55 240:4, ef. (beside marru, zabbilu) Nbk. 433:8; x silver ana gušūri ana šu-ba-tum ša marri for timber for a stand(?) for spades Nbn. 753:32, cf. (in broken context) GIŠ Šu-ba-a-tú Nbn. 329:3; naphar x hilēpu x giš šu-ba-a-tú x sarbātu gattanūtu a total of 133 willows, sixty §.-s, forty thin poplar (logs) BIN 1 165:13; 2 huṣābī 30 giš šu-ba-a-tú two stems of palm-fronds, thirty 8.-s ibid. 5, also ibid. 7; kakkē DN ezzūte tadkâ ina šub-ti-šú-un (see dekû v. mng. 2b-2') Borger Esarh. 104:32, see also MSL 14 115 No. 4:63, A V/I:111f., etc., in lex. section.
- d) keel(?): elippu ša 6 ina 1 kờš ina muḥḥi šaburru rapšu 20 ina 1 kờš šu-bat me-e-šú a boat that is six cubits wide at the beam (and) with a keel(?) of twenty cubits 1876-11-17,92:2 (unpub. NB).
- 3. residence, dwelling, abode, home a) referring to palaces, royal residences: gabarāh halāgišu ina šu-ub-ti-šu lišap: pihaššum (see šuppuhu) CH xlii 62; Elugal: umunkurkurra šu-bat šarrūtija ša arammu ēpuš I built Elugalumunkurkurra, my royal residence, which I love Tn. 12 No. 5 iv 80, cf. Šarrat-Nippuri āšibat É.BÁRA.DÚR.GAR.RA É mukīn šu-bat šarrūtu who dwells in Ebaradurgarra, (that is) the temple that keeps the royal residence secure JCS 17 129:3 (Esarh.); ekal kiššūtija šu-bat šarrūtija ša Kalhi palace (where I exercise) my supremacy, my royal residence at Calah AKA 246 v 27, cf. AKA 248 v 44; ekallu ana šu-bat šarrūtija ina bābāteša urette I founded a palace to be my royal residence at the gates of it (the rebuilt fortification wall of Tušha) AKA 296 ii 4; ekal ereni ekal šurmēni ekal daprāni

 $\dots$  ana šu-bat šarrūtija  $\dots$  addi (see duprānu usage b) AKA 221:19, also AKA 186 r. 19 (all Asn.); ekallāte šu-pat šarrūte ša māhāzāni rabûte ša šiddi mātija gabbe (I restored) the palaces (serving as) royal residences at the principal towns throughout the territories of my domain AKA 88 vi 94, cf. AfO 19 142:32 (Tigl. I); I captured Til Barsip and settled Assyrians there ekallāte ana šu-bat šarrūteja ina gerebšu addi 3R 8 ii 34 (Shalm. III); I strove diligently to resettle that city zuqqur para: māhi atman ilāni rabûti u ekallāti šu-bat bēlūtija to raise there a lofty dais as an abode for the great gods and palaces as dwellings for my own majesty Lyon Sar. 15:48, 8:49, and passim in Sar.; [ina gereb] ekalli šu-bat šarrūtišu šaltiš attallak (see šaltiš usage a) TCL 3 216, cf. ibid. 211 (Sar.); kummu rabâ ana šu-ba-at šarrūtija ina kupri u agurri šagiš ēpušma (see kummu usage b) VAB 4 116 ii 37, 138 viii 55, 188 ii 29; ekallu mūšab šarrūtija . . . šu-ba-at rīšāti u hidâti ašar kadrūti uktannašū the palace, my royal dwelling, an abode of joy and celebration, where even the proud are brought to their knees ibid. 94 iii 29 (all Nbk.); ina qereb GN likūn šu-ub-ti may my dwelling in Babylon remain secure ibid. 260 ii 47 (Nbn.); note with ramû: the kings who preceded me ašar irtāmū ekallāti *iteppušu irmû šu-ba-at-su-nu* built their palaces wherever it pleased them and took up residence (there) VAB 4 114 i 46 and 134 vii 19 (Nbk.), cf. ina ekal malkī armā *šu-bat bēlūti* I established a residence as sovereign in the palace of the kings (of Babylon) 5R 35:23 (Cyr.); in lit. and omens: (the just judge) ugammar ekalla šu-bat rubê mūšabšu (see  $m\bar{u}\bar{s}abu$  mng. 1c) Lambert BWL 132:102, cf. ana šu-bat rubê ušeššab ishabba I will make a rogue inhabit the dwelling of princes Cagni Erra He 36; rubû ina KI.TUŠ.MEŠ-šú igdanallut the prince will quake with fear in his own dwelling KAR 153 obv.(!) 2; rubû KI.TUŠ-su elišu ul iţâb ana āli šanîmma inakkir the prince's residence will no

šubtu A 3 b

longer suit him, he will move to another city TCL 6 1:5 (SB ext.); šu-bat šarri ihalz liqma Leichty Izbu VII 80; note referring to a tomb: ekal şalāli kimāh tapšuhti šu-bat dārāti ša RN palace of rest, tomb of repose, eternal abode of Sennacherib OIP 2 151 No. 14:3 (Senn.).

referring to temples -1' named temples or parts of temples: I rebuilt Ebabbar Šamaš Adad u Aja ana šu-ubti-šu-nu elletim . . . ušērib I brought DN, DN₂, and DN₃ into their pure shrine (corr. to Sum. ki.tuš.kù.ne.ne.a...mi.ni. ku₄) RA 39 9:88, cf. ibid. 6:18 (Samsuiluna); RN ša . . . Esagil uddišu Marduk ana šubti-šú ušēribu 5R 33 vii 2 (Agum-kakrime); Enirgalanna bīt papāḥi Ištar bēltija ša gereb  $Eanna \ldots ak$ š $ir \ldots$  DN  $\ldots$  ana qerebšuušēribma šu-bat dārâti ušarme I repaired Enirgalanna, the sanctuary of my lady Ištar within Eanna, I brought Ištar of Uruk into it and settled her in a lasting abode Borger Esarh. 76:14, cf. in whose reign Marduk ina Esagil ekallišu irmû šu-bat-su ibid. 74:19; I laid the foundations of Ehursaggalkurkurra markas šamê u erşeti šu-bat Aššur the bond between heaven and earth, the dwelling of Aššur ibid. 85 r. 46, cf. (Aššur) āšib Ehursag= kurkur kişşu rašbu atmanu sīru šub-tú kùtú OECT 6 pl. 2 K.8664: 13 (prayer of Asb., coll.); Emeslam šu-bat rubûtišu Emeslam, his (Nergal's) princely abode Streck Asb. 266:14, cf. Cagni Erra He 8 and V 22; Ebabbara ki.tuš nam.lugal.la.zu. šè nam.mah.zu pa.è.ni.íb : ana Ebabbara šu-bat bēlūtika sīrūtka šūpi manifest your majesty to Ebabbar, your lordly dwelling Abel-Winckler 59 BM 33328:9f.; Esagil Ezida Egišnugal Ebab= bara Eanna Eulmaš šu-bat ilūtikunu gal. MEŠ CT 34 30 ii 21, cf. ibid. 34 iii 18, 37 iii 72, VAB 4 244 ii 21, 250 iii 52 (Nbn.); *Ehulhul*... *ša* ultu ūmu sâti Sin . . . šu-ba-at tūb libbi ramû qerebšu Ehulhul, where Sin has had his favored dwelling since days of old VAB 4 218 i 10, also AnSt 8 46 i 38 (Nbn.); enūma

. . . ina É.SISKUR bīt ikribi bīt akīti illilūtu ramû šu-ub-ti when (Marduk) resides in Esiskur, the "house of prayer," the New Year's shrine of (his) divine majesty VAB 4 282 ix 10 (Nbn.); Ezida . . . bīt Anūtika šubat tūb libbika 5R 66 ii 8 (Antiochus I); é. zi.da ki.tuš.mah: É MIN šub-tum sīrtum OECT 6 pl. 17 Rm. 97 r. 4f. and CT 13 36:16; é.šu.me.ša4 ki.tuš šà.dùg. ga.zu (var. é ki.ág.zu) : ana é min (when you enter) šu-bat tūb libbika Ešumeša, the dwelling of your heart's delight Angim IV 34 (= 185); ina Ebaradur= garra šupšihi rimî š[ub-tuk]-ki peacefully in Ebaradurgarra, take up your abode (there) Kraus AV 204 IV 73 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn), cf. bára.dúr.gar.ra dag.ki.mar.ra níg mu.sa4.mu in. pàd.da: min šu-bat tanīhtu ša ana nibīt šumija zakru (see nibītu lex. section) RA 12 75:41 f.: gitrub ana Eanna šu-bat Ištar draw near to Eanna, the abode of Istar Gilg. I 14; Esagil u Bābili lipturu šu-bat ilāni rabûti may Esagil and Babylon, the residence of the supreme gods, release Šurpu II 154; ina Ekur šu-bat ilāni šagātu *šub-tum* (my) dais is exalted in Ekur, the dwelling of the gods Or. NS 36 122:105 (hymn to Gula); [Ekur] mešarra šu-bat Enlil aššurî Ekurmešarra, dwelling of the Assyrian Enlil AfO 18 44 B 20 (Tn.-Epic); [é. sag[gil = £ šu-bat rubê Marduk AfO 17]133:11;  $ki.T[E.U]NU.ga = \delta u-b[at KI].MIN$ ša É.GI6.PAR.IMIN.BI, ki.šen.šen.na = šu-bat K[I.M]IN ša KISAL šaplū, èš.li. li.diri.ga = šu-bat dN[i]n-zal-li ša Ištar ina muhhi Tuš-ab, é.hi.li.diri.ga = šubat Nanâ ša KÁ.U6.DI ina É te-ret, . . . é.  $me.la[m].an.na = \delta u-bat \delta ama\delta [\delta] \delta$ KISAL É.ZALÁG.GA, ki.tuš.[sili]m(?). ma = šu-bat Mārāt-Uruk ša ittišu, ki. tuš. inim.dug.ga.lal = &u-bat d15 [...]Hunger Uruk 136:4 ff. (temple list, restorations courtesy A. R. George).

2' other occs.: A-li-a-at-šu-ba-as-sú His-Dwelling-Is-Exalted (personal name) YOS 13 90 r. 18 and seal F, 521 r. 14 and seal C, šubtu A 3 b

CT 8 8c:17; ilātim ana šu-ub-ti-ši-na lišal= limu they should escort the goddesses safely back to their shrines LIH 45:12 (all OB); ilī māti ša iznû tušallam ana šubti-šú-nu you will bring safely back to their abode the gods of the land who were angry Cagni Erra V 31; dingir.re.e.ne ki.tuš šà.dùg.ga bí.in.dúr.ru.ne. eš.a.ma: ilī ina šu-bat ţu-ub libbi ana  $\tilde{s}\tilde{u}\tilde{s}ubi$  to settle the gods in dwellings of (their) hearts' delight CT 13 36:19, cf. ina *šu-ba-at ţūb libbim* (corr. to Sum. [k]i. tu[š š]à.[dùg.ga.ka]) RA 63 34:50 (Samsuiluna); ki.tuš hé.nun.na mu.un.bi.  $d\acute{\mathbf{u}}\mathbf{r}$ :  $\delta u$ -bat nuhši uš $\bar{e}$ šib 4R 18 No. 1:12 f.; ušēšibši ina paramāhi šu-bat dārāti (see dārâtu usage a) Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 ii 22 (Asb.), but gereb paramāhi šu-bat Ištar Streck Asb. 194 r. 20; I built in Assur bīt Enlil bēlija . . . šu-ba-at Enlil bēlija the temple of Enlil, my lord, the abode of Enlil, my lord AOB 1 22 ii 6 (Šamši-Adad I); ušalpit kissam šu-ba-at dingir.mah he desecrated the chapel, the dwelling of DN VAS 1 32 ii 3 (Ipiq-Ištar), cf. utêršim parakka  $\delta u$ -ba-sa armi ibid. 18; ina gi $\delta$ nugalli... u hurāşi ruššî ukīn šu-bat-sa I established a dwelling for her (Ištar?) with alabaster and shining gold VAB 4 276 iv 13 (Nbn.); ina kummišu şīri [ušar] mâ šu-bat-su I established his (Anu's) abode in his august cella CT 36 6 i 18 and dupl. BIN 2 33 (Kurigalzu I); dinnin. ke_x(KID) an. da (var. an.na.ke_x) ki.tuš kù(var. adds .ga) mu.un.ri : Ištar itti Ani šarri šub-tú elleti irmēma Ištar occupied a holy dwelling along with Anu the king CT 16 20:77ff.; when the gods é.gal.la.ne.ne mu.un. dù.e ki.tuš bí.in.ri : ekallīšunu īpušu: ma irmû šub-tum Bagh. Mitt. Beiheft 2 12:5f., see Mayer, Or. NS 47 438, and passim with ramû, q.v.; ki.tuš mah.àm.[zu] mu.un.hul. e.ne: šu-bat-ki [sīrta] u'abbit he destroyed your (fem.) majestic dwelling 4R Add. p. 4 to pl. 19 No. 3:13f.; I cleared and renovated bītu labīru šu-bat Ištar bēltija ša ina pana bītu ēdēnû . . . ana rimīt Ištar kunnu the old shrine, the dwelling of my

lady Ištar, which had been built in former times as a single room for Ištar's habitation Weidner Tn. 17 No. 7:85; ašar KI.TUŠ rimīt DN DN, DN, where Marduk, Şarpānītu, and Nabû reside Borger Esarh. 23 Ep. 30:18, cf. ibid. 31; ekallāti šinātina la qaš: šudama ana šu-bat ilūti [la] šakna (see quššudu v.) AfO 18 353:83, cf. ibid. 86 (Tigl. I); bīta ella . . . ana šu-bat Aššur bēlija ēpuš Weidner Tn. 29 No. 16:112. cf. bīta ella šu-bat hidâtiša ibid. 20 No. 10:20, also, with var.  $\S u - pa - at$  ibid. 16 No. 7:40, cf. also AKA 97 vii 91 (Tigl. I); paramāhu šu-bat ilūtišu sīrti 50 GUN zahalû ebbu agurri aptiqma urabbâ sēruššu I added bricks cast of fifty talents of shining zahalû-alloy to the dais, the abode of his divine majesty Bauer Asb. 2 14 i 23 and dupl. Thompson Esarh. pl. 14 i 27, cf. RA 72 44:12; I built a city, called it Dūr-Šarrukīn šu-bat Ea Sin . . . ilāni rabûti bēlīja ina qerbišu addi Lyon Sar. 23:12, 25:14, 27:11, cf. šu-bat Sin u Šamaš ... ina libbi addi KAH 2 94 r. 7 (Asn.), see luštakkan šamšātim ina šu-WO 2 318: pa-a-at ilī rabûtim I will place sundisks throughout the sanctuaries of the great gods YOS 11 7:15 (OB inc.); mulli ilāni  $rab\hat{u}ti\ ina\ \delta ub-ti-\delta u-nu$  (see  $el\hat{u}$  v. mng. 5c) OIP 2 135:8 (Senn.); ilāni gabbu ammar issi DN uşûni ina šulme ina šub-ti-šú-nu ittušbu all the gods who had accompanied Aššur (to the akītu temple) have regained their abode in good order ABL 42:12, see Parpola LAS No. 311 and LAS 2 324, cf. Sin issu[hur] ina bītišu ētarab ina šalimti ina šub-ti-šu ittušib ABL 134 r. 4; Nabû will go to the game preserve ina šub-ti-šú uššab (then) occupy his (usual) shrine ABL 366 r. 5, cf. Tašmētu . . . terrab ina šub-ti-šá tuššab ABL 858: 19, see Postgate, Sumer 30 70 f. notes 10 and 11 (all NA), and passim with ašābu, q.v.; sit=  $t\bar{u}te$  ana  $m\bar{a}h\bar{a}z\bar{i}$  šu-bat  $il\bar{a}ni$   $rab\hat{u}ti$  . . . uza'iz I divided the rest (of the captives) among the cult cities where the great gods dwell (and among various officials) Streck Asb. 60 vii 6; bīt ēpušu lubbir ina qerebišu  $lik\bar{u}n \, \delta u$ -bat-ka permit the temple that I built to endure, may you dwell in it permanently VAB 4 258 ii 24 (Nbn.); i-šu-ub-ti niššiki Ea VAS 10 214 iv 12 (OB Agušaja); immātija likūn šu-pa-at-k[a] (see kânu A mng. 1c) CT 154 ii 9 (OB lit.), cf. Craig ABRT 213 r. 15; *ībirma Tiamat irmâ la šu-bat-su ša* Ezida bīti kīni šuḥarrur sakkēšu he (Nabû) crossed the sea and took up an abode that was not proper for him, the chapels of his true temple, Ezida, were still MVAG 21 90:28 (Kedorlaomer text); ilāni ana šub-ti*šú-nu i-ru-su* (var. *īrubu*) BiOr 30 180:74, ef. šub-ta // KI.UD // i-ra-mu 77; dìm.me.er šà.dib.ba.mu ki.tuš nam.mu.un.an.gur.ru: ilū zenûtu ana šub-ti-šú-nu iturru the angry gods will return to their dwelling RAcc. 109:17f.; ina šu-bat bēl ilī izammura [...] (incipit of a song) KAR 158 vi 29; mannu idi ilī *šu-bat-ka* (see *kummu* A usage a) JNES 33 276:44; pitiqtu šî kīma šu-bat bēlūtika ina erșeti lu kinat elišu Anu Enlil u Ea *šub-ti kīniš lirmû* may this brickwork (of the temple) be as firmly grounded in the earth as your (Enmešarra's) majestic dwelling, may Anu, Enlil, and Ea securely found (their) residence on it Craig ABRT 2 13 r. 11 f., see Borger, ZA 61 77:52 f.; (Marduk as ^dNa-ri) ša ina šamê u erşeti ittaddû šu-bat-ni(var. -a-ni) ina pušqi who with travail has founded dwellings for us in heaven and earth En. el. VI 144, ef. ibid. 150; ana šu-bat ilī ašar lemnu la i'arru (see âru mng. 1c) Cagni Erra IIc 35, cf. ibid. IV 127: PA.ŠU.NIR.NE.NE KÙ.KÙ :  $\delta u$ -ba-a-tuūtallala (in the month of Tašrītu) the shrines are purified KAV 218 A ii 24 and 31 (Astrolabe B), see BPO 2 82.

c) other buildings: ina šu-ba-at mutiša uššab (the widow) may reside in her husband's house CH § 171:86; has no one told you kīma ištu ūmim ša ana ālija alliku ina šu-ub-tim tābtim la ušbu that I have not been living in a comfortable house since I came to my city? Kraus AbB 1 134:26; ekallum [š]u-ub-ti uttakkir the palace has reassigned(?) my house TIM 2 102:36; suḥārī ša ištu šu-ub-ti-ia ša KÁ GN

ša mahar Sutî wašbāku (see mahru mng. 2c) TCL 17 58:8 (all OB letters); K[I.T]UŠ ul rittu[m] ana kisal ekallim qerbe[t] dwelling is unsuitable, it is too close to the palace courtyard ARM 3 84:20; bītum ibbaggarma ina bīt šu-ub-ti-šu . . . sikka: tum mahsat if a claim is brought against the house (sold), a cone is driven (as guarantee) into the house where he resides MDP 22 45:23, MDP 24 353:22; bītu īsu u mādu šu-pa-as-sú ša PN . . . kīma bīti annî izzaz in place of this house (sold), (another) house, the residence of PN, be it smaller or larger, will serve as guarantee MDP 24 364: 16, cf. MDP 22 72: 17; bītam rabâm  $šu-pa-at\ abišunu\ MDP\ 22\ 21:4, ef.\ ibid.\ 14:25,$ MDP 23 172:1, also É.DÙ.A . . . šu-ba-at PN abišu BE 6/1 28:9, CT 8 4b:1; barley from the storage &u-ba-at PN A 3544 r. 1 (all OB); bītāti šu-bat āli ša ina GN houses, residences in GN BE 9 48:4 (= TuM 2-3 144), also BE 10 118:4, 7, etc., cf. TCL 13 234:14, and passim in NB leg.; ūmu ša āmurušu ana *šub-ti-iá tattašab* (see *ašābu* mng. 2b) CT 22 202:8 (NB let.); nakru mātka u KI.TUŠ-ka the enemy will surround your ussarcountry and your abode (possibly to mng. 5) RA 65 73:50 (OB ext.); amēlu u KI. Tuš-su ihalliqu the man and his dwelling will be ruined TCL 6 1:19 (SB ext.); lumun işşūri ahî ša ina KI.TUŠ amēli izzazzu evil portended by a wild bird which alights upon a man's house (parallel: qaqqad amēli) AnBi 12 285:67 (namburbi); attimannu ... ša ana šu-[bat] bēlija tan-da-ni-ri whoever you (fem.) are who always go to my lord's dwelling Lambert Love Lyrics 118 B 26; é ki.tuš.a.mu nam.ba.ku4.ku4. ne: ana bīt šub-ti-ia aj īrubuni may they not enter my living quarters CT 16 1:19 and dupl. 14 iii 55f., cf. ibid. 31:113; attunuma išâ šu-bat-su O you (protective gods), take over(?) his dwelling AfO 14 146:110 (bīt mēsiri); šumma amēlu ina KI. Tuš-šú igdanallu[t] if a man is always frightened in his own home CT 41 33 K.118 r. 23 (Alu Comm.); note referring specifically to living quarters: 1 giš.ig mi.rí.

šubtu A 3 d

za ki.tuš gub.ba 1 giš.ig dib.ba ki.tuš gub.ba one door made of slats, set up in the living quarters, one door made of boards, set up in the living quarters (contrasting with kisal and pa. pah lines 6f.) OECT 8 17:27f., cf. PBS 8/1 19:14; é.dù.a.bi  $4\frac{1}{2}$  gín šà é šà ki. tuš.ka this (area of the) house amounts to x shekels, inside the room within the living quarters PBS 8/1 6:8, cf. x é.dù.a šà é.ki.tuš.a PBS 8/2 169 i 10 (all OB leg.); qipārēšu u dag.meš-šu abni ušaklil (see  $gip\bar{a}ru$  mng. 2) AKA 390: 17 (= AOB 140, time of Aššur-uballit I); šumma sēru ina bīt amēli amēlē ina KI.TUŠ-šú-nu ugallit if a snake in a man's house frightens people in their living quarters KAR 386:43 (SB Alu); šumma katarru sāmu ina £ šu-bat amēli šakin if there is a red fungus in the living quarters of a man's house CT 40 17:68, cf. ina šu-bat amēli imitta (also šumēla) šakin (contrasting with ina gereb £ amēli line 16) ibid. 15:17 f., also ibid. 17:51 f., ina kutalli šu-bat amēli ibid. 16:50; ina bīt majāli É KI.TUŠ KAR 389b i 5 (all SB Alu).

d) referring to cities:  $GN GN_2 u GN_3 \delta u$ pa-at-ku-nu-ú-ma is GN, GN₂, or GN₃ your residence? Lowie Museum (Berkeley) 9-1847:16, also 9-1848:12 (OB letters, courtesy M. Stol); ālāni kalašunu ā[tamar?] ša kīma šu-ba-at bēlija[ma] I have [seen?] all the cities that serve as(?) residences for my ARM 10 94:6;  $it\bar{a}t$  ba'it  $il\bar{a}ni$   $m\bar{a}$ : hāza rabâ šu-bat šarrūtija abni GN šumšu abbi beside the (city) chosen(?) by the gods I built a large city, a royal residence for myself, and called it Kār-Tukulti-Ninurta Weidner Tn. 24 No. 15:41; Assur āl kidinni šu-bat palê qudum dadmê qudmu mng. 1a) Winckler Sammlung 2 1:12 (Sar., Charter of Assur), cf. (Assur)  $\bar{a}l \ pal\hat{e}$ šu-bat abi ilāni Aššur Borger Esarh. 83:24; ašru naklu šu-bat pirišti ša mimma šumšu šipir nikilti . . . šutābulu ge=  $reb\check{s}u$  (see nikiltu mng. 1b-2') OIP 2 94:65 (Senn.);  $u \not s \hat{u} x-x-ma irtame \not s u-bat-s u$  as for him (Nabonidus), he [...] and made

(Tema) his residence BHT pl. 7 ii 27 (Nbn. Verse Account); ālu šu-bat rubê nakru ilam: mīma isabbat the enemy will besiege and capture the city where the prince resides TCL 6 1:33, cf. ibid. r. 46 and 51; alu šu-bat šarri uštalpat CT 20 13:10; nakru KI.TUŠsu inaddīma āl ašbu uṣṣi (see nadû v. mng. 1c-2') KAR 423 iii 26 (all SB ext.); ana šu-bat GN la itehhâ he must not approach the residence at Dur-Kurigalzu Tn.-Epic "i" 37, see W. G. Lambert, AfO 18 42; as residences of gods: eridu ki.tuš kù.ga.ni dúr.ru.na.eš.àm: [ina] Eridu šub-ta elleti ušbuni they (Enki and Ninki) dwell in Eridu, the holy residence CT 16 18:5f.; (Kish) [ki.tuš].mah.a.ne.ne: šu-baat-sú-nu sīrtam RA 63 33:10 (Samsuiluna C); (Babylon) [uru] kù.ga ki.tuš šà.dùg. ga: ālu ellu šu-bat ţūb libbišunu CT 13 36:16; Arbela *šu-bat Ištar bīt isinnāti* the home of Ištar, where (her) festivals (take Streck Asb. 248:1; ālāni māhāzī *šu-bat ištarāte* ibid. 192 r. 14, cf. ibid. 32 iii 115; āšib Kalhi kişşi elli ašri šumduli šu-bat  $^{
m d}$ UTU. $_{
m V_x}$ . $_{
m LU}$  1R 29 i 25 (Šamši-Adad V); Mu= şaşiru šu-bat DN nītu almēma I besieged Muşaşir, the dwelling of Haldija Lie Sar. 153, cf. TCL 3 350 (Sar.); 21 šanāti qereb Aššur irtame šu-bat-su for 21 years he (Marduk) dwelt in Assur VAB 4 270 i 25, cf. ibid. i 34 and 276 iv 31 (Nbn.); anna Bābili šu-bat narmêkun (see narmû) En. el. VI 72; Uruk šu-bat Anim u Ištar Uruk, the dwelling of Anu and Ištar Cagni Erra IV 52; Ti-amat  $= \delta u - [bat B\bar{e}l] \dots [kil.Dilmun.na = \delta u [bat] Anim \dots ki.LAM \times KUR.RU.ki = \&u$ bat Enlil (etc.) PSBA 22 367:1 ff. and dupls. (topography of Babylon, courtesy A. R. George); note in geogr. names: Su-ba-at- d UTU ARM 10 107:6; Su-bat-dutu ARM 1 10 r. 16', and passim in Mari;  $\S{u}$ -ba-at-dEn-lil ARM 1 5:47, 7:14, and passim in Mari, see ARMT 16/1 p. 33 s.vv., also Laessøe Shemshära Tablets 48 SH 878:16.

e) referring to rural settlements: ina šu-bat aḥât āli lemniš lik-ta-as-su may he wander(?) in misery among the settle-

šubtu A 3 f šubtu A 4 a

ments on the outskirts of town MDP 10 pl. 12 iv 18 (MB kudurru); KI.TUŠ šu-ub-tam ušēšibšunu ša ki.tuš la uššabū anāku ušēšibušunu u mātija ukinnu I made them settle down, those who did not want to live in (settled) abodes I made to do so, and so I brought security to my country Smith Idrimi 85; in the empty meadows on the banks of the Tigris asar bītu u šub-tu la bašû where there was neither house nor settlement KAH 2 61:45 and 60 iv 95 (Tigl. I); šu-bat edurêša ana Ištar bēltija addin (see edurû usage b) BIN 2 33:13 and dupl. CT 36 7:14 (Kurigalzu I); šu(text ba)-bat namê šub. [meš ina amat Enlil dúr.meš] at the command of Enlil abandoned settlements in the countryside will be reoccupied ACh Adad 20:38, cited as šu-bat namê nadûti ina amat Enlil uššabu ABL 1080:7, see Parpola LAS No. 234, cf. šu-bat (var. KI.TUŠ) namê ina amat En[lil in=  $nadd\hat{u}$ ] Labat Calendrier § 101:3.

- f) referring to mountains, open country:  $k\bar{\imath}ma$   $A\check{s}\check{s}ur$   $b\bar{e}l\bar{\imath}$  Abeh  $\check{s}ada\check{s}u$   $ir\bar{a}z$  muma  $\check{s}u-ub-ta$   $\check{s}\bar{\imath}rta$   $\check{s}a$   $qerbi\check{s}u$   $ep\bar{e}\check{s}a$  iqba because my lord Aššur loved Ebeh, his mountain, and commanded the building of a lofty dwelling within it Weidner Tn. 36 No. 25:3; eli  $hur\check{s}\bar{a}ni$   $\check{s}u-bat$   $B\bar{e}let-il\bar{\imath}$   $\check{s}aq\hat{a}t$   $r\bar{e}\check{s}i$  the peak (of Mount Simirria) reaches higher than the mountains where  $B\bar{e}let-il\bar{\imath}$  dwells TCL 3 18 (Sar.); KUR Hursag  $Lip\check{s}ur$   $Lup\check{s}u-bat$   $Lup\check{s}ur$   $Lup\check{s}ur$
- g) referring to cosmic regions: the temple Ebabbar ša kî šu-ba-at šamā'ī which is like a heavenly dwelling CH ii 31, cf. kīma šu-bat šamê ubenni (see banû B Weidner Tn. 16 No. 7:50; an mng. 4a) dagal.la ki.tuš an.lugal.la.ke_x: ina šamê rapšūti šu-bat Anu šarri in the broad heavens, the abode of Anu the king CT 16 19:48 ff.; an.na ha.ba. $e_{x}(DU_{6}+DU)$ . ne ki.tuš.bi.šè ha.ba.an.gi₄.gi₄.e. ne: ana šamê līlûma ana šub-ti-šu-nu litūru may they (the demons) go up to heaven, may they return to their abode CT 16 22:277 ff.; Dumuduku ša ina DU₆.KÙ

ūtaddašu šu-bat-su ellet (see edēšu mng. 3) En. el. VII 99; enūma Anu ibnû šamê Nu: dimmud ibnû apsâ šu-bat-su when Anu created heaven (and) Nudimmud created the Deep as his abode Weissbach Misc. 12:25 (= Sumer 11 pl. 10 No. 7 + TIM 9 77); ukīnma eli apsî šu-bat-su En. el. I 71, cf. ibid. IV 142, elēnu apsî šu-bat hašmāni ibid. V 119; ana bīt ikleti šu-bat (var. mu-&ab) Irkalla (see ikletu usage c-2') Gilg. VII iv 33: ana bīti etê šu-bat Irkalla CT 15 45:4 and dupl. KAR 1:1 (Descent of Istar), cf. šu-bat arallê STT 23:30 (Epic of Zu); note su. mu.ug.ga ki.tuš nam.en.na nu.dúr : adir ina šu-bat bēlūtišu ul ašib was in eclipse, he was not in his majestic seat CT 16 20:98f.; MUL.AŠ.GÁN *šu-bat* Aššur agû ša Anu ki.tuš ša Aššur šû the Square of Pegasus is the seat of Aššur, the Crown of Anu is the seat of Aššur van Driel Cult of Aššur 96 viii 58, cf. PSBA 22 367:11, cf. MUL.AŠ.GÁN BÁRA.AN.NA:  $ik\hat{u}$ šu-bat Anim KAV 218 A i 1 and 7 (Astrolabe B), see BPO 2 81, MUL.AŠ.GÁN  $\delta u$ -bat Ea [...] ACh Supp. 2 67 i 4; MUL.SAG.ME.GAR...ašar nişirti ikšudamma ikūn ina KI.TUŠ-šu (var.  $\check{s}ub$ -tu- $u\check{s}$ - $\check{s}\check{u}$ ) (see  $k\hat{a}nu$  mng. 1b) Borger Esarh. 17 Ep. 13 ii 40; šumma Nergal ina šubti-šú ze-er(var. -ri) if Nergal is disturbed(?) in his position ACh Supp. 49:18, var. from Supp. 2 70:15.

4. emplacement, location, site, foundation of a building, built-over area of a building plot, site, settled area of a town, territory of a people, country, or town a) emplacement, location -1' in gen.: [ki].tuš.a.zu é.šub.ba a.ri.a: šubat-ka bītu nadû harbu your abode is a ruined house, the wasteland CT 1629:98f., cf. ina Ubšukkinaki kisal puhur ilāni šubat šitūlti in Ubšukkinaku, the courtyard where the gods assemble, the place where counsel is taken Borger Esarh. 28 vii 40, also 4R 56 ii 17 (Lamaštu); da.nun.na ki.tuš ub.šu.ukkin.na.ke_x nam.mi.ni.íb. ur4.ur4.e.dè: Anunnaki ina šu-bat min la turrar (see arāru B v. lex. section)

Angim II 30 (= 89), cf. ibid. 28 f. (= 87 f.); was it not I, Adad ša . . . ana kussē bīt abišu uterrušu ištu ana kussē bīt abišu uterrušu atūrma ašar šu-ub-ti addinšum who restored him to his dynasty's throne, and after I restored him to his dynasty's throne (did I not) give him back a place to dwell? RA 78 9:18 (Mari let.); I built Emaš šu-ba-at pu-sú-um-mi-ša kisallam rabiam šu-ba-at nišī mādātim an abode appropriate(?) to her (Ulmašītu), (and) the great courtyard, where a large number of people have room (to stand) ZA 68 114:28 (Takil-iliššu); the gods and goddesses [ina] kibri nāri šub-tu šitku= nama uga'û šar ilāni were positioned on the river bank, awaiting the king of the gods Streck Asb. 266 iii 13; KI.TUŠ lumni KAR 178 r. ii 41 (hemer.), for other refs. see lumnu mng. 1b, cf. šu-bat kīnāti (in broken context) Lambert BWL 202:7; if the malformed animal's third ear ina šu-bat *šumēlišu šaknat* is on its left . . . . Leichty Izbu XI 112; anāku annikī'am mīnum šuub-ti ša allakamma bītum hulluq I am here but what (good) is my staying if the household is destroyed when I come? VAS 16 200:7 (OB let.).

2' referring to a drawing ("templum") in which the gods are to manifest their responses: ēṣir uṣurta ana šu-bat ilāni rabūti ušteššir saparra ana šu-bat ilāni dajānī I have made a drawing as a seat for the great gods, I have arranged a grid as a seat for the divine judges BBR No. 83 iii 12 f., cf. ibid. No. 75-78 r. 46 f., for other refs. see saparru A usage c.

3' referring to settling or moving: nukkur KI.TUŠ CT 40 6 K.2285:17 (SB Alu), for other refs. see nakāru mngs. 3a and 11c; note: nārum la ķirītum iķķerre ki=šāssa šu-ub-tam uššab (see ašābu mng. 3b) YOS 10 17:40 (OB ext.); dMuhra ina damē eṭli u ardati ittadi (var. tattaddi) šu-bat-su took up his position in the blood of the young man and the young woman Cagni Erra IV 17; iptēma libbašu karassu

ištut šu-ub-ta iddi (var. ittadi) ina kar: šišu (see karšu mng. 1b-1') Bab. 12 pl. 5 K.1547:14 and dupl., see Kinnier Wilson Etana immasīri ša šadue šu-pa-ta-ni  $m\bar{a} \ ram\hat{a}t$  (see  $mas\bar{i}ru$ ) LKA 62:12 (NA lit.), see Or. NS 18 35; note šubat nēhti (šubtu  $n\bar{e}htu$ ) peace, tranquility, security:  $\delta ub-tu$ ni-ih-tu ušēšibšunu I resettled them (the Assyrians who had occupied outposts in the Nairi country) in a secure place AKA 240 r. 46 (Asn.); I built ten fortresses around GN nišēšu šu-bat ni-ih-ti ušēšib brought its people security Winckler Sar. pl. 8 No. 15:190; māt Akkadi šub-tum nēļ htu uššab] Grayson BHLT 32 ii 24 (SB prophecy), Wr. KI.TUŠ CT 28 3:8, Wr. DAG Leichty Izbu III 20; kimtašu sapihta upahharma u šû ittišunu tuš nēhtam uššab he will gather his scattered family and live with them in peace Labat Suse 8 r. 35; for other refs. see ašābu mngs. 3a and 5d, nēhtu s., and  $n\bar{e}hu$  adj. usage a.

b) site, foundation of a building, builtover area of a building plot: I built up the enclosure wall ana 914 . . . šiddu u 440 . . . pūtu šikitti ekalli utīrma šu-bat-sa ušrabbi making the lot for the palace 914 (large aslu-cubits) on the long side and 440 (large aslu-cubits) on the short side, and so enlarging its (the palace's) site OIP 2 119:20 and 106 vi 14; ekallu . . . subburat šu-bat-sa the site for the palace was too small ibid. 117:8, 104 v 60, 103 v 44, 131:57, 128 vi 42, cf. *kummu* . . . *ša șu-ḫur* (var. su-uh-hu-ru) su-bat-su ibid. 95:68 (Senn.); tamlûša ul ibšīma şuhhurat šu-bat-sa there was no terrace, and its (the palace's) site was too small Borger Esarh. 34:44; eli ša  $\bar{u}m\bar{i} pan\hat{i} šu-bat-su urappiš$  I made its (the temple's) site larger than before Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 ii 46 (Asb.); eli ša mahri šubat-su urappiš Streck Asb. 88 x 97; é.sag ki.tuš.ba mi.ni.íb.dar.dar: ešrēti: šunu ina šub-ti-šú-nu tuparrir you shattered the sanctuaries to their very foundations BRM 49:52, dupl. SBH 37 No. 18 r. 8f.; [6] kù dingir.re.e.ne ki.tuš.bi nu.dím

šubtu A 4 c šubtu A 4 d

: bītu ellu bīt ilī šu-bat-su ul epšet the site of the holy temple, the temple of the gods, had not been prepared CT 13 35:9; šumma É DÙ qú-ut-tu-ma KI. TUŠ-su nadât if when the construction(?) of a house is completed its site is abandoned CT 38 12:72 (SB Alu); bītu šû issappah šu-[bat]-su ekallu ireddīši that household will be scattered, the palace will take over its dwelling KAR 386 r. 22 (SB Alu); lubni bīssu lubšimma šu-bat-su luptiq libnassu I will build his temple, lay out its foundations, mold its bricks BHT pl. 6 ii 4 (Nbn. Verse Account): ul bu'a ašaršu eli šu-ub-ti-šú kitti ul epušma eni gaggaršu its (original) location was not sought out, it was not built on its proper site, its ground (plan) having become obliterated OECT 1 pl. 25 ii 12 (Nbn.); balukka ul innandâ šu-ub-ti ul ibbaššimu kisuršu without you (Marduk), no foundation is laid, its plans are not even drawn up VAB 4 238 ii 36 (Nbn.).

c) site, settled area of a town: mu= šaršid šu-ba-at Kiš CH ii 59; I built a city in desolate wasteland ašar bītu u šubtu la bašû where there was no habitation Weidner Tn. 28 No. 16:95, 31 No. 17:45; *šu-bat* šarrūtija (ša) ultu [ulla šarrāni abūa] šubat-su la ušarbû (see nakālu mng. 3a) OIP 2 80:17 (Senn.), cf. ajumma ina libbi= šunu ana šumdul šu-bat āli . . . uzunšu ul ibšīma ibid. 103 v 38. ša Ninua šu-batsu danniš ušrabbi ibid. 79:5, cf. ibid. 152:14, 101:61, 113 viii 13; 9300 ina ammati šu-bat limētišu its (Nineveh's) occupied area was 9,300 cubits in circumference ibid. 111 vii 59; the population of GN (and six other ša  $k\bar{\imath}ma$  qinni  $er\hat{\imath}$  ...  $\check{\imath}u$ -batsun(var. -su-un) šitkunatma which lie (lit. whose site is located) like an eagle's nest (on the peak of a steep mountain) OIP 2 36 iii 79, also ibid. 64:18, 71:38, cf. (districts) ša ina ebirtān tâmti šitkunat šu-bat-sun ibid. 86:21, also (with  $\bar{a}l\bar{a}ni$ ) ibid. 73:52, [...] GN ša qereb madbari šitkunat šu-bat-sun ibid. 92 r. 26 (all Senn.); GN ša ina ahi tâmti nadâta šu-bat-su Streck Asb. 80 ix 116;

Arahtu . . . ālu šu-bat-su ešrētišu mê uš: bi'ma ušēme karmeš the Arahtu river swept through the city's settled area and its shrines, and reduced them to ruins Borger Esarh. 14 i 42: abūbiš aspun dūršu u šu-bat-su assuļma gereb tâmti addīma I leveled (Sidon) like the deluge, I tore out its fortification wall and its foundation and hurled them into the sea ibid. 48 ii 69: you have put Til Barsip to the torch šarrāni ša māt Ḥatti ušaḥriru šu-bat-šú-nu Hittite kings have devastated their dwellings STT 43:9; cities across the Tigris ša ištu panāma nadû šu-bat-su-un sites have been abandoned long since 5R 35:31 (Cyr.), naphar dadmī ša innadû šu-batsu-un ibid. 10; šu-bat Ḥarrān ina qāt Nabûna'id mārika ašakkan I will entrust the site of Harran to your son Nabonidus AnSt 8 48 ii 7 (Nbn.); šumma ālu šu-bat-su ištana[ssi . . .] šumma ālu šu-bat-su nē: h[et] if there is continual noise in the occupied area of a city, if the occupied area of a city is quiet CT 38 1:6f., cf. ibid. 4; DAG āli issappah ibid. 6:161 (SB Alu).

d) territory of a people, country, or town: Bēl-iqīša (the leader of the Gambūlu tribe) ša . . . ina mê u app $\bar{a}$ : rāti šitkunu šu-ub-tu (var. šub-tú) whose territory was located in the middle of the lagoons and reed marshes Borger Esarh. 52 iii 73; 7 šarrāni . . . ša . . . ina gereb tâmti ša šulmu šamši šitkunat šu-bat-sun seven kings (of GN in Cyprus), whose territories are located in the middle of the western sea Lyon Sar. 14:29, cf. Winckler Sar. pl. 35:146, pl. 12 No. 26:385, and passim in Sar.; the inhabitants of these cities ša ina šarrāni ālikūt maḥrija ajumma šu-bat-su-nu la ēmuruma whose territory none of my predecessors had ever seen TCL 3 67 (Sar.); mātu ki.tuš-sà innaddi the territory of the land will be abandoned CT 31 39 ii 16 (SB ext.), cf. Leichty Izbu I 98f.; KI.TUŠ māti ikân the territory of the land will be secure CT 31 31:19 (SB ext.), cf. RA 17 59:16; mušaršidu šu-ba-ti-ši-in who provided a

safe home for them (the people of Malgium) CH iv 15.

5. encampment, military camp, military position, outpost, ambush -a) encampment, military camp: ina šu-ub-ti-ka nakru uššab the enemy will occupy your position (with šubtu in the prot., see mng. 6) YOS 10 48:46 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb); ana šu-bat nakri ešširma nakra adâk I will charge the enemy's camp and kill the enemy CT 30 27 K.6907 r. 4, also, wr. KI.TUŠ CT 20 31:12 and 27f., 34 i 9 and 11: ina DAG-šú adâkšu CT 31 20: 3 (all SB ext.), cf. ana šu-pa-at ummān[ija] nakrum i-[...] YOS 10 46 iv 2, also ibid. 5 and 9; for other refs. see ešēru v. mng. 1b and (for the dual šubtān) mng. 13; nakru ana TUŠ-a itehhā Labat Suse 3:34; ummānka ina šu-pa-at [wašb] at ītanarrar (see arāru B mng. 2) YOS 10 17:12 (OB ext.), cf. CT 20 26:7, dupl. JCS 29 160:7; kişir nakri eleqqe ummānī ina KI.TUŠ-šá imaggut I will capture a contingent of the enemy (but) my army will suffer defeat in its own camp KAR 153 obv. (!) 10 (SB ext.); ummānī KI.TUŠsà unakkar my army will change its position Boissier DA 6:2, but ummānī ina šu-ubti-ša unakkar RA 67 42:27 (OB ext.).

b) military position, outpost, ambush: I have no troops at hand atta sābaka puhhirma u šar Lullîm ittika luput ana GN2 alkamma šu-ub-ta-am šībšumma gather your forces, and recruit(?) the king of GN (to go) with you, come to GN₂, and take a position against him Laessøe Babylon 44 SH 859+ r. 4; sāb nakrim mādumma ša ana sihirti ālim šu-ba-tim šūšubu the numerous enemy troops who had been put in position around the city (attacked during the night) VAS 16 186:6 (both OB letters); a large force went out to attack the enemy but ašar šu-ub-tim nadêm titurrum ul ibašši there was no bridge to set up a position ARM 2 22:8, see Durand, MARI 5 666; a[s=su[rr[i]] nakrum ina šu-ba-a-tim l[a itene]g=girkunūti on no account must the enemy outmaneuver you (pl.) in (taking military)

positions ARM 15:15: I will release some of the men and rehūte ana massartišunu ina bīt šu-ub-te-šú-nu ušeššab I will station the rest of them to do their service in outposts(?) ABL 705 r. 12; Šupriaja šu-ub-tú ina panātušš[unu] ussēšibu the Suprians laid an ambush along their way (but some of my men escaped) ABL 138: 20 (coll. S. Parpola), cf. 50 şābē ana šub-ti panātuššu ina GN usse šibu ABL 1263:8 (all NA); while I was near GN pithallū kallābū ana šub(var. šu-ub)-ti ussēšib I stationed cavalry and light troops in an outpost (and killed fifty of the enemy) AKA 320 ii 71 (Asn.); nakrum [ana] panī u[m] mānija šu-pa-tim ittanaddi (see nadû mng. 6) RA 61 28:44 (OB ext.), also YOS 10 51 iv 10 and 14 and dupl. 52 iv 11 and 14, cf., wr. KI.TUŠ KAR 460: 15 (SB ext.); nakru ana panija šu-bat-ti ušamgat nakru ina šu-bat-a idekkânnima idâkanni the enemy facing me will overwhelm my positions, the enemy will drive me from my positions and conquer me Labat Suse 6 iii 42 f.; nakru ina KI.TUŠ āmirtija uššab the enemy will occupy my observation post CT 20 13:7 f.;  $nakru\ eli\ šu-bat\ sagbija\ [...]$ (see  $sagb\hat{u}$  usage b) KAR 422:24 and 26 (SB ext.); šu-bat nakri u šarrāgi (see šar=  $r\bar{a}qu$  usage d-1') IM 67692:322 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); qabal la maḥār [šu]pa-at Huwawa Huwawa's ambush (?) is an irresistible onslaught Gilg. Y. iii 115 and v 199, cf. [...] iddiam šu-pa-as-su [harrā: nam?] ša Huwawa ittallaku ibid. vi 275 (OB); difficult: a large force of Gutians and Elamites were stationed in a defile, to attack me 2 elamû uşûnimma . . . ana šuub-ti-šu-nu [et-he]-ma ana ka-x egrīšu: nūtima ana panīja ul iwīrunimma ul it: bûnim two of the Elamites came forward, I went closer to their position, I challenged(?) them to . . . ., they did not come to me nor did they attack(?) me TIM 2 92:19, see Cagni, AbB 8 92; uncert.: ērib bīti ša bīt ili šu-ub-ta ana muhhi āli ītepuš (see  $ep\bar{e}\tilde{s}u$  mng. 2c ( $\tilde{s}ubtu$ ) ABL 560 r. 3 (NB).

6. (a feature of the exta): harrānum ana šu-ba-at šumēlim imqut the "path"

šubtu B šubû A

descended to the "seat" of the left side JCS 21 228:22; šu-ba-at šumēlim adi 2-šu pater the "seat" of the left side was split in two ibid. 230:8 (Mari ext. reports); §u-pa-atum imittam u šumēlam namra YOS 108:21, cf. šu-pa-at imittim/šumēlim ibid. 18:42 ff., 25:48, 36 iv 18, wr.  $\delta u$ -bat  $imitti(m)/\delta um\bar{e}$ = li(m)_ JCS 11 99 No. 8: 6, JCS 21 222 BM 78564: 3, Szlechter TJA 156:2 (all OB), KAR 148:2, CT 30 23 Rm. 2,106:1, Hunger Uruk 80:11 and 71, and passim in SB ext., PRT 104:10 and 103:5, Wr. KI.TUŠ JAOS 38 82:9 (MB), KAR 434:5, and passim, CT 51 151:4ff., Labat Suse 4 r. 1, Wr. DAG-at imitti Labat Suse 7:29, and passim in this text, Wr. KASKAL. LAGABXU Or. NS 56 246:7  $\delta u - ub - t[um GAR?]$ JCS 21 224:5, cf. YOS 10 18:45, 35:32 (all OB), Boissier DA 99 r. 14 ff. (SB), Wr. KI.TUŠ CT 30 35 Rm. 2,253 r. 3, and passim in SB ext., Wr. KI.TUŠ.MEŠ CT 20 13:16 and dupl. 22 82-3-23,19:9, Wr. DAG CT 31 19:27 f., CT 20 25 K.9667:1, Boissier DA 12 i 22, and passim in SB ext.; šumma padānu KI.TUŠ.MEŠ-šú kašid VAB 4 266 ii 10 (Nbn.), padānu DAG.MEŠ-šú kašid PRT 137:1 and 107:1, CT 30 46 K.3943:1, CT 31 36 r. 15, CT 20 9 Sm. 625:3, 18 Sm. 1658:5, STT 308:3, and passim in SB ext.

See also šuptu in šuptumma epēšu.

In Köcher BAM 214 i 8 and 12 read ina KI GUL.MEŠ (those who make figurines of him and) smash them on the ground (consigning them to Ereškigal), for similar refs. see abātu A. In CT 51 41:12 (MB let.), the traces of the broken sign do not favor a reading šu-ub-t[a].

Landsberger Brief 74 n. 147. Ad mng. 2: Landsberger, ZA 41 292 ff. Ad mngs. 2 and 3: von Soden, CRRA 20 138. Ad mng. 5: Grayson, TSTS 1 3 ff.

šubtu B s.; (a measure of area); OA*; pl. šubātu.

We bought PN's house for you šalāš [šu]-ba-tim imadduduma they will measure three š.-s (if there are more or less than three, adjust the payment accordingly) TCL 14 11:7, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 425; sale of 1 šu-bat LÁ & GÍN q[aq=qir]ī paṣiūtim one š. minus one sixth of a shekel, open ground JNES 16 164:1;

uncert.:  $k\bar{i}ma$  ana  $\lceil \dot{s}u(?) \rceil$ -ub-tim [. . .] CCT 4 34a: 26.

The unit of area šubtu is larger than a shekel and may correspond to the OB muzsarû. It is not likely that the word belongs to šubtu A especially since šubtu A is otherwise unattested in OA.

J. Lewy, AnBi 12 216ff.

## šubtu C s.; (a textile); MB, EA.*

1 Tức *šu-ub-tum* (among textiles and implements delivered for the *mīs pî* ritual) Tum NF 5 40:7, see Aro Kleidertexte 18; 1 Tức *šu-ub-tum ša takilti* one *š*. of purple wool EA 25 iv 3 (list of gifts of Tušratta).

šubû A (šabû) s.; (a stone, perhaps agate); SB, NA, NB; Sum. lw.; šabû CT 55 321 r. 6; wr. syll. and (NA₄.)ŠUBA(ZA. SUḤ) (NA₄.ZA.MÙŠ Köcher BAM 194 iv 15).

šu-ba NA4.ZA.SUḤ = &u-bu-u Diri III 99, cf. ZA.SUḤ = &u-bu-u-um Proto-Diri 179; NA4.ZA.SUḤ = &u-bu-u (in group with u-bi-bu, u-bi-bu-bu Antagal A 194; na4.&u-ba (ZA+MપS) $^{\$a$ -bi = &u-bu, na4.&u-ba a gal = u-bu-u, na4.u-bu-ba a tur.ra = u-e-e-t-un (var. na4.u-bu-ba a zi.da = u-nu-u), na4.u-bu-a.u-bu-a.u-bu-a.u-bu-a.u-bu-a.u-bu-a.u-bu-ba a su-ba a su-ba a zi.da = u-nu-u-u-bu-a.u-bu-a.u-bu-a.u-bu-a.u-bu-ba a su-ba a

na₄.gal na₄.gal na₄.šuba.gal.gal.la: [abnū] rabūti MIN šu-bu-ū rabūti 4R 18* No. 3 iv 15f. (mīs pî); unú.lá šuba.lá: ša šukutti šu-bi-i šaknat (Ištar) who is adorned with jewels made of š. SBH 98 No. 53 r. 19f. and dupls. Delitzsch AL³ 135: 19f., BRM 4 10: 1f.; unú (wr. TE. (UNU)) á. šuba šukuttaki mí dug₄.ga.zu šuba za.gìn. na èm.šár.šár.ra.[zu] (syll. Sum.: ú.nu su. bi.a mi du.ga.zu su.ba.a za.gi ša.ša.ra.zu é.ne.ba.ta.re): šubatka ša elliš kunnāt ina šu-be-i u uqnī ša(text ra)-ak-ka-at (var. ša š[ukut]ti š[u-b]i-i usaḥhuka ina šu-bi-i el[li] u<taq>qinka) your jewelry which is brilliantly made, strung with (beads of) š. and lapis lazuli (var.: with jewelry made of š. he makes you smile, with shining š. he adorned you) SBH 110 No. 57: 24-27 and dupl., see Civil, JNES 26 206 f.

NA₄  $[u_5]$ -ia-ra-hu (vars. u-ri-ia-hu,  $u_5$ -ia-hu): NA₄. SUBA SA₅ (var. adds  sa -a)  $/\!\!/$  NA₄. TU Uruanna III 139, see MSL 10 70: 33, 69: 12 a, and 71: 40; NA₄.

šubû A šubû A

SUBA.UNU(var. UNU₇).KI:  $ia_4$ -ni-bu, NA₄.SUBA SIG₇  $/\!\!/$  UD-u, NA₄.SUBA.UNU.KI GAL:  $ia_4$ -ni-bu bu-ru-mu, NA₄ SUBA  $\langle ana \rangle$   $\delta u$ -kut-ti Uruanna III 141 f., see MSL 10 69:11 f., 71:42 f., 72:15 f.

- a) in gen.: 1 NA₄ ŠUBA (among other stones and metals) ADD 937 ii 6 (NA inv.); NA₄.ŠUBA (among stones in the jewel garden) Gilg. IX vi 30, cf. (in broken context) KAR 350:11 (prayer to Marduk); NA₄.ŠUBA NA₄.GIŠ.NU_X(ŠIR).GAL (as stones associated with Sagittarius) Weidner Gestim-Darstellungen 30:4, cf. (attributed to the first day of the month) ibid. 45:1; 1 šantup NA₄ ša-bu-ú CT 55 321 r. 6 (NB); see also SBH, in lex. section.
- b) in rit. and med. -1' as bead: NA₄. Suba ajarta ina turri tamî išakkakma ina kišādišu išakkan he (the diviner) strings on a spun thread *§*.-stone and cowry shells and puts it around his neck BBR No. 11 r. iii 8; NA₄. ŠUBA ajarta . . . ipat= tarma (afterwards) he removes the s.stone and the cowry shells ibid. 12; (various stones and) NA₄. ŠUBA 10 NA₄. MEŠ šimmat ša šēp imitti ina barundu tašak:  $kak - \S$ -stone, (these are) ten stones against paralysis of the right foot, you string (them) on a thread of multicolored wool BE 31 60 r. i 2, cf. ibid. r. ii 1, (also with šakāku) Jastrow, Transactions of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia 35 (1913) 371:28, Köcher BAM 128 iv 28 and dupl. 124 iv 31; note  $ia_4$ -artu  $ia_4$ -ni-bu NA₄ šu-bu-u (or  $ia_4$ -&u-bu-u) AMT 29,4 + BE 31 60 r. ii 24; NA₄. šuba ina turri kitê ina qāt šumēlišu tarak: kas Sm. 1301 r. 9' (courtesy W. Farber); abašmû  $a \not s p \hat u \not s u BA kap \bar a \not s u (ia_4) - art u (as charms$ to reconcile an angry god with a man) Köcher BAM 376 i 19, and dupl. 375 i 23, see Studies Landsberger 332; **ŠUBA** (in list of amulet stones) Köcher BAM 376 iii 17, parallel UET 4 150:16, cf. Köcher BAM 420 iii 8, 356 i 11 and parallel UET 4 149:5.
- 2' as cylinder seal: NA₄.KIŠIB.ŠUBA... ina kišādišu tašakkan TCL 6 49:2 (Lamaštu inc.); [ina] NA₄ kunukki NA₄.ŠUBA u šadânu 7 lišānāti tubarram bāb makurri kî lišānāti

[tu] barram with cylinder seals made of &. and hematite you seal the seven (evil) tongues and you seal the opening of the (model) boat like the tongues UET 6 410:18, cf. ina NA₄ kunukki NA₄. ŠUBA u & adânu bāb makurri takannak ibid. 24, cf. also ibid. 4, 16, see Gurney, Iraq 22 222 ff., see also CT 23 1:10, K.2450:12, VAT 35:13, and PBS 1/2 120 r. 14, cited barāmu A mng. 1b; li\&-bi-' NA₄. KIŠIB NA₄. ŠUBA 7 [...] AMT 23,7:4 (= Köcher BAM 543 iv 53); NA₄. KIŠIB ŠUBA K.9288 i 1.

- 3' as (seal) ring: timīt barundi itti unqi NA4.ŠUBA ina ubānišu seherti lirkus he should attach to his little finger a thread of colored yarn together with a seal ring made of š. CT 4 5:23; ŠU.GUR NA4.ŠUBA (among materials for a ritual) Maqlu IX 171.
- c) varieties -1' "right" and "left": NA₄.ŠUBA Á.ZI.DA ina qāt imittišu tarakkas  $NA_4$ . ŠUBA Á. GÙB. BU ina~qat~2,30-  $\langle šú \rangle$ tarakkas you tie a "right" š. around his right hand, and a "left" s. around his left hand TCL 649:3 (SB Lamaštu); you string on a thread of red wool NA₄. ŠUBA NA₄. ŠUBA Á.ZI.DA NA₄.ŠUBA Á.GÙB.BU (among other stones) Köcher BAM 3 ii 22, NA₄. ŠUBA NA₄.ŠUBA Á.ZI.DA NA₄.ŠUBA Á.GÙB.BU (among stones to be strung together) Köcher BAM 480 iii 30, also K.9288 i 3 f., STT 273 iv 14, and passim in lists of amulet stones; you pierce NA₄. ŠUBA Á.ZI.DA NA₄. ŠUBA [Á. GÙB.BU] (among other stones) Köcher BAM 237 iv 39; ŠUBA Á.ZI.DA MIN (= ŠUBA) Á.GÙB.BU Köcher BAM 376 iv 16, 375 i 30.
- **2'** colors: ŠUBA SIG₇ (against mimma lemnu) Köcher BAM 376 iii 19, also AMT 104,1 iii 10; NA₄.ŠUBA SIG₇ (and other stones) NA₄.DÙ.A.BI taḥaššal tasâk all those stones you crush and pulverize AMT 102,1 i 32, for white and red š. see lex. section.
- 3' other varieties: NA₄. ŠUBA NITA *u* SAL . . . . 37 Ú. ḤI. A *annûti ištēniš tasâk* these 37 medications you pulverize together (for a potion) Köcher BAM 112:10; [X] NA₄. MIN (= [ŠUBA]) SIG₇ 1 NA₄. MIN *síḥ-ru* 1

šubû B šubultu

NA₄.MIN Á.ZI.DA l NA₄.MIN Á.GÙB.BU STT 401 iv 11 ff.; NA₄.ŠUBA sih-[ru] STT 275 ii 29; NA₄.ŠUBA.UNU.KI (= janibu) NA₄.ŠUBA Á. ZI.DA NA₄.ŠUBA Á.GÙB.BU NA₄.ŠUBA. UNU.K[I.G]AL (= kibaltu) NA₄.Á.ŠUBA (= sihru) STT 273 iv 13 ff.

Thompson DAC 91 ff.

šubû B (or šupû) s.; calumny, slander; lex.*

inim.é.gal = šillatu, šu-bu-ú Igituh I 203 f.

šubû see ašibu and šumû A.

šūbu s.; (a rush); MA, NA royal.

ša... ummān Qutû una'ilu kî šu-ú-be who laid the army of GN flat like reeds AOB 1 134:13 (Shalm. I), cf. mundaḥhiṣīšu unīli kīma šu-bi WO 1 57:18 (Shalm. III); šalmāt qurādīšunu ina gisallāt šadî kīma šu-ú-be [uš]na'il (var. lu umeṣṣi) I laid flat (var. spread out) the corpses of their warriors on mountain ledges like reeds AKA 77 v 94; ṣābē muqtablīšunu ina qereb ḥuršāni kīma šu-ú(var. omits -û)-be ušna'il ibid. 78 vi 5, also 46 ii 80; ummānāt GN... itti ummānāt GN2-ma kīma šu-ú(var. omits -û)-be lu ušna'il (see nālu mng. 4b) ibid. 40 ii 20 (all Tigl. I).

 $\S \bar{u}bu$  is the Ass. equivalent of Babyl.  $\S ubbatu$ . For the idiom see n & alu lex. section.

**šububu** (or *šupupu*) s.; (a weapon or tool); EA.*

100 GfR.GAL 100 GfR.[TUR 8]0 [šu]-bu-bu one hundred swords, one hundred daggers, eighty š.-s EA 120:6 (let. of Rib-Addi).

šubulti inbi s.; apprentice(?); SB; cf. šubultu.

 $\S u-bul-tin-b[i]=\S i-ib-ru$  Malku I 143;  $\S u-bu-ul-ti$   $in-bi=\min$  (=  $[\S i-ib]-rum$ ) Explicit Malku I 238.

PN šamallû šu-bul-tin-bi STT 342:2 (= Hunger Kolophone 372), also KAR 59 r. 29 (= Hunger Kolophone 225), STT 40:46 (= Hunger

Kolophone 361); note PN šamallû daqqu  $[m\bar{a}r]$  PN₂ tupšarru Aššurû  $[m\bar{a}r]$  PN₃ šamallû šu-bul-tin-bi PN, the young apprentice, son of PN₂, scribe from the city of Assur, son of PN₃, the š. apprentice STT 87 r. 17 (= Hunger Kolophone 371).

Reiner, JNES 26 199.

šubultu (šubiltu) s.; ear of barley; OB, SB; pl. šubullātu; cf. šubulti inbi.

an =  $\delta u$ -bu-ul-[tu] Izi V 181, cf. an = an-tum  $\delta \acute{a}$   $\delta e$ -im ibid. 177; a-nu An =  $\delta u$ -bu-ul-tum, an-tum  $\delta \acute{a}$   $\delta e$ , sissinnu Antagal III 16 ff.; [ $\delta e$ ]. dur₅ =  $\delta u$ -b[ul- $t] \acute{u}$  Hh. XXIV 178, but  $\delta e$ . an.  $\delta e$  = an-[tum] ibid. 217;  $\delta e$ - $\delta u$ 

an-tum = šu-bil-tú LTBA 2 2:193.

MUL.AB.SÍN dŠala šu-bu-ul-tum (constellation) "Furrow" (i.e., Spica) (is) Sala (who is) the ear of barley CT 33 9 ii 10, see Hunger-Pingree MUL.APIN p. 33; išin= num ulid šu-bu-ul-tam šu-bu-ul-tum ulid merha the stalk bore the ear, the ear bore the ergot JNES 14 15:6f. (OB inc.), cf. the rootstock (bore) the node šu-bu-ul-ta šu-bul-[tū] mer'a the node (bore) the ear, the ear (bore) the ergot AMT 12,1+ K.3465 iv 53 (= Köcher BAM 510 iv 43), see JNES 17 56; ebūršunu ma'du . . . šuršiš assuhma ana muššê tēşêti la ēziba šu-bul-tú (see mussû v. mng. 1c) TCL 3 228 (Sar.);  $\bar{e}rik \, \check{s}u$ -bul-tú  $\frac{5}{6}$  ammatu the ear (of barley) reached five sixths of a cubit in length Streck Asb. 6 i 47, Iraq 7 117 No. 14 i 23, Piepkorn Asb. 28 i 30; ebūru ša [māti] lu SIG5 $iq \ an-tum \ [u \dots lu \ ka] \ bbara \ \&u(?) - [bul(?)$ tu(?) lu] ikabbir (see kabāru mng. 1e) STT 87:29; šumma (wr. diš ud) ú ištēn šulpu 2 3 šu-bu-ul-la-tum if a grass — one single stalk has two or three ears CT 39 9:12 (SB Alu);  $ina \ e s \ e \ [d \dots] \ s \ u - bul - la - a - ti \ ana$  $maškan\bar{a}ti \ i$ -[...] that he may [gather] the ears to the threshing floor at the [...] harvest 79-7-8,84 iii 9, cf. [ina šu] taddunim= ma šu-bul-la-a-ti hāmī x x eqlišu lemniš la ubbaluma ibid. 13 (SB tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); ina lumun šu-bul-ti šá 2 qaqqadā: tušu in the event of an evil portended by

šūbultu šūbultu

an ear with two "heads" CT 41 23 ii 8 (SB namburbi), cf. *šumma ina libbi eqli* ŠE. DURU₅ *ša* 2 qaqqadātuša innamir CT 39 5:49, *šumma* ŠE.DURU₅ ina la simāniša innamir ibid. 51, *šumma* ŠE.DURU₅ ina GISKIM.MEŠ A.ŠÀ kannūša 1.TA.AM KI. MIN 3.TA.AM (see kannu C) ibid. 52.

šūbultu (šēbultu, šībultu, šūbiltu) s.; consignment, shipment, gift; from OA, OB on; Ass. šēbultu, pl. šēbulātu, OB (rarely) šībultu, EA, Bogh. (also Craig ABRT 1 4 i 7) šūbiltu, pl. šūbilāte; cf. abālu A v.

níg. šu. tak₄. a (vars. níg. tak₄. àm, níg. šu. dug₄. ga. a) =  $\delta u$ -bul-tum Hh. I 39; [gi. pis an. níg. šu. tak₄. a] = [pi]-sa-an  $\delta u$ -bul-tum Hh. IX 81, see MSL 9 182; [níg.  $\delta u$ . tak₄].  $\delta a$  =  $\delta u$ -[bul-tu] (in group with biblu,  $\delta \bar{u}z[ubtu]$ ) Antagal F 272, also (in same group) Erimhuš II 151, wr.  $\delta u$ -bu-ul-du (= Hitt. up-pí-i $\delta$ - $[\delta]$ ar) Erimhuš Bogh. B 18; níg.  $[\delta u]$ . tak₄. a =  $\delta u$ -bu-u-u-tum Nigga Bil. B 8; n $[\epsilon]$ 0 de. a =  $[\delta u]$ -[bu-u-t-tum ibid. 99; [bu]- $(\delta u)$ - 

a) in gen. -1' in OB:  $kakkam\ dam =$ qam ší-bu-ul-tám dami[qtam] ana qubūrišu  $\delta \bar{u}bi[lam]$  send me a well-crafted weapon as a fine gift for his funeral Tell Asmar 1931-T205 r. 7, ef. ši-bu-ul-ta-kà PN liblam Tell Asmar 1930-T660a r. 7; ši-bu-ul-ti PN ana bēlija the gift of PN for my lord Tell Asmar 1931-T123:1 (clay tag); a garment, a jar of oil, (and) two strings of fruit níg.  $\S u. tak_4. a u_4 PN... ba. ug_x(BE)$  as a gift on the day PN (the Amorite sheikh) died Tell Asmar 1931-T263:4 (adm. text); one jar of ghee níg. šu. tak₄. a RN gift of Išbierra Tell Asmar 1931-T148: 13, see Whiting Tell Asmar p. 113ff.; an elaborate box for a cup níg. šu.tak₄.a ki.PN mar.tu.šè gìr PN₂ lú. kin.gi₄.a as a gift for PN, the Amorite, via PN2, the messenger BIN 9 395:27; níg.šu.tak₄.a ki.mar.tu.e.ne gifts for the Amorites ibid. 316:54, also (in similar context) 332:18; x field šaPN anaPN, ana šibu-ul-tim iddin[u] which PN had given to PN₂ as a gift CT 48 42:7, also ibid. 20, 29, cf. ši-bu-ul-ta-ka ana PN idin IM 49307:8, cited Leemans Foreign Trade 107.

in Mari:  $k\bar{\imath}ma$   $\check{s}u$ -bu-ul-ti-ia . . . kunukma šūbil put (garments) into a sealed bag as my gifts (destined for Qatanum) and have them sent off ARM 1 54:7, also ibid. 10;  $\delta u$ -bu-ul-tu[m] ana RN... inūma Ešnunna isbatu as a gift for Seplarpak (king of Anšan) when he conquered Ešnunna RA 64 97 note 3:2'; (garments and sandals) *šu-bu-ul-tum ana* LUGAL. Zalmāqum via PN ARM 18 57:11, ef. ARMT 23 44:2, 541:4 and 14, (garments, etc.)  $\delta u$ bu-ul-tum ana PN lugal Zalwar ARMT 22 151:28, cf. ibid, 167:6, 327:6, ARMT 23 230:11. 447:9, ARM 24 124:7, and passim; fifty minas gift for *šu-bu-ul-tum ana* RN Aplahanda (king of Carchemish) Voix de l'opposition 187:2 (= ARMT 23 524), cf. ARMT 22 253:5; ba[lum]  $b\bar{e}lija$   $\delta u$ -bu-ul-[tum] anamātim šanī[tim] ul ittiq without permission from my lord no gift to another country passes (here) ARM 14 52:12.

3' in EA, Bogh.:  $[\delta]ulm\bar{a}na\ a\delta pur\ u\ \delta u$ bi-el-ta ana muhhika ultēbil I have sent (you) gifts and have dispatched the shipment to you EA 44:12; šu-bi-el-ta 16 LÚ. MEŠ ana šulmānika ultēbilakku I have sent to you a consignment of 16 slaves as a gift ibid. 23 (let. from northern Syria to the Egyptian king); šu-bi-el-ta ana šulmāniki KBo 943:20 (let. of the Egyptian queen to Puduhepa); šu-biel-ta ša anāku ušēbilakki the gift which I had sent to you ibid. 22; anumma ultēbila šu-bi-el-ta ana abija ana šulmān abija KUB 3 70 r. 8 (let.), cf. ibid. 69 r. 12, cf. also Bo. 652/f+ r. 14 (= Edel Ägyptische Ärzte 69); undu abuka baltu šu-bi-la-a-te-e ša ušēbila ahija ammēni taklāššunūti why did you, my brother, withhold gifts that your father used to send in his lifetime? EA 41:14 (let. of Suppiluliuma to the Egyptian king); šubu-ul-ti rabīti ša ilgûnikku the large gift which they took along to you KUB 3 34:18, cf. šu-bu-ul-ta annīta ša atta taddinu ana laqê this gift which you gave to be taken KUB 3 67:9, cf. ibid. 8, see Edel Ägyptische Ärzte 83; let them be given permission

šūbultu šūbultu

to come to you i[na] šu-bu-ul-ta ša  $m\bar{a}t$  Hatti KUB 3 34 r. 4, cf. (in broken context) KBo 18 177a: 3'.

4' in MB, MA, and in MA royal: if the husband left her no sustenance and la mimma šu-bu-ul-ta ištu eqli ušēbilašše has not sent her anything (lit. any sending) from abroad KAV 1 iv 89 (Ass. Code § 36); oil and barley šu-bu-la-tum GN gifts (from) Nippur CT 51 20:2, also ibid. 3 (MB); ša šarri rabî šu-bu-ul-tu kānnā is this an (appropriate) gift from a great king? EA 16:13 (let. of Aššur-uballit I); še-bu-ul-tu ša GN...lu amhur I accepted as a gift (a big female monkey and a small one) from GN KAH 2 84:48 (Adn. II).

5' in SB: šu-bul-ti māti rūqti ana šar kiššati illakam gifts from a faraway country will come to the king of the world Thompson Rep. 60 r. 2, also, wr. šu-bu-ul-ti ibid. 77:5,  $[\S u]$ -bil-ti ibid. 66 r. 3;  $[\S]u$ bu-ul-ti uru.Ki.didli ana rubê itehhâ gifts from various cities will come to the prince KAR 366:8 (SB ext.); *šu-bul-ti* [...] ana šarri Boissier DA 15 ii 44 (SB ext.); (soand-so) [ša ana] bīt emūti šu-bul-ta ba: bālimma libbašu ublam who wants to send a gift to the house of his (prospective) father-in-law Craig ABRT 1 4 i 2, cf. ibid. 3, and, wr. šu-bil-tu ibid. 7; copy of an inscription šu-bul-tim ekal māt Aššur gift from the palace of Assyria YOS 1 38 ii 40, see Hunger Kolophone No. 485; šu-bu-ul-tú  $\begin{bmatrix} ana \ ^{d}E \end{bmatrix}$ - $\begin{bmatrix} a \end{bmatrix} tu$ -šeb-bé-el (in broken context) OECT 6 pl. 5 K.2727:2 + K.6213:5 (rit., coll. W. G. Lambert); aššum mimma šumšu ša KÚ . . . aššum mimma šumšu ša ŠÉŠ ina šubu-ul-ti ušēbila šumī ina la tābti izkuru because of something they (the sorceresses) gave me to eat, because of something with which they anointed me, (because) they gainsaid the gift they sent me STT 76:15, 77:15, and dupls., see Laessøe Bit Rimki 38:15, cf. lu ina akali šūkul . . . ina šamni  $[pašiš] lu ina šu-bu-la-a-ti š<math>\bar{u}bul$  von Weiher Uruk 19:6.

b) consignment entrusted by one trader to another for shipment -1' in OA: 1 šé-bu-ul-ta-am 3 gín kasap kunukkija ana PN . . . ana PN₂ apqid I have entrusted to PN2 one consignment meant for PN consisting of three shekels of silver sealed with my seal KTS 50a: 5, also ibid. 1 and 9; (x gold) ištēniš arbē šé-bu-lá-tum ana PN PN2 ipqid four consignments altogether, PN₂ entrusted to PN TCL 21 210:29; x silver šébu-lá-tí-im uštē $bilakkinar{a}ti$ ...PN šé-bu-ultám mimma la ublam I had sent to you as (various) consignments, PN has not brought me any consignment Jankowska KTK 67:16 and 21; [iš] tu tuș'u matima šébu-ul-tám ula tušēbilam ever since vou left you have not sent me any further shipment Or. NS 50 101:10; 1 riksu 10 GÍN kaspum šé-bu-ul-ta-áš-na a-PN u PN₂ one package, their (fem.) consignment of ten shekels of silver, for (the women) PN and PN₂ ICK 1 120:6, šé-bu-la-tí-a the consignment for me Kienast ATHE 65:10, cf. (the silver) šé-bu-ul-tí-ki KTS 2a:13; mimma annîm šé-bu-lá-tim riksi PN ipqidam Kraus AV 269 I 495:17; x gold šé-bu-ultum NU.BÀNDA ša rubā'im a consignment (for) the officer of the king CCT 5 41a:11, cf. TCL 20 114:26, 21 207:17, BIN 4 155:5; 2  $sub\bar{a}t\bar{u}$  ša š $\epsilon$ (text GA)-bu-ul-timCCT 2 36a:6, cf. (also consisting of garments) TuM 1 16a:4, AAA 1 55 No. 2:7; têrtaka u  $\delta \dot{e}$ -bu-l $\dot{a}$ -tu-k $\dot{a}$  lu  $\delta a$   $\delta \bar{e}p$  PN lu  $\delta a$   $\delta \bar{e}p$  PN₂ . . . šalmat your report and the various consignments sent by you with PN's and PN2's caravans have safely arrived RA 59 169 MAH 19606:4; miššum tadmīqātija ana šébu-lá-tim tuštenebbalam why are you constantly sending away my tadmiqtu's as consignments? BIN 6 178:25; la šé-bu-ultám la takšītum ina Ālim there is neither a consignment nor a share of the profit in the City BIN 4 67:13.

2' in OB: šumma awīlum . . . kaspam hurāṣam abnam u bīš qātišu ana awīlim iddinma ana ši(vars. šu, še)-bu-ul-tim(var. -ti) ušābilšu (see abālu A mng. 9a-1'c') šūbultu šuburru

CH § 112:57, cf. bel ši-bu-ul-tim awilam šuāti ina mimma ša šūbuluma la iddinu ukannušuma (mistake for ukânšu) awīlum šû adu hamšīšu mimma ša innadnušum ana  $b\bar{e}l \ \delta i(\text{var. } \delta u) - bu - ul - tim(\text{var. } -ti) \ inaddin$ the owner of the consignment will prove that that man did not deliver everything that he was supposed to transport, and that man will pay the owner of the consignment fivefold everything that was given to him ibid. 64 and 73, vars. from Driver and Miles Babylonian Laws 2 110 (from Nippur), and JCS 4 175 Rm. 2,388 r. i 3'; ana PN u PN, inaddin ul inaddimma kīma şimdat šu-bu-ul-tim he will give (x barley) to PN and PN2, if he does not deliver (the barley), (the matter will be adjudicated) according to the regulations concerning consignments (end of text) YOS 13 436:11, cf. (two shekels of silver) šu-bu-ul-tim PN hazanni ana PN2 šu-bu-ul... kīma simdat šu-bu-ul-tim CBS 1153:2 and 13 (courtesy M. Stol); x silver ša PN ana PN2 ummiā: nišu PN, u PN₄ ušābilu [š] u-bu-ul-ti šu-bulu inaddinu [šu]-[bu-ul]-ti šu-bu-lu [ul ina] ddinuma [kīma şimda] t šarri[m] which PN sent by PN₃ and PN₄ to PN₂, his creditor, they will hand over the consignment carried, if they do not hand over the consignment carried, (the matter will be adjudicated) according to the royal regulations YOS 13 328:6f.; x silver šu-bu-ultum . . . ana šalām girrišu . . . išaggal as consignment (borrowed by PN), he will repay (the silver with interest) at the completion of his business trip CT 47 72:2; x silver šu-bu-ul-ti PN TCL 10 98:2, also, wr.  $\xi i$ -bu-ul-ti ibid. 125:2, x silver  $\xi u$ bu-ul-tum ana Bābilim JCS 31 142 No. 15:2; (wax, garments, three  $park\bar{u}$ )  $\delta u$ -bu-ul-ti PN ša PN₂ ištu Šuši ana PN₃ ublam the consignment of PN, which PN2 brought from Susa to PN₃ RA 72 133 No. 21:9, cf. (also concerning, as do the two TCL 10 texts, the same person, Sin-uselli) ibid. No. 22:5.

c) as personal name (Ur III, OA, OB): *Šu-bu-ul-tum* UET 3 1506 r. i 12, 1585 r. ii

9, and, wr. Šu-pù-ul-tum RA 19 44 No. 118:6 (all Ur III); Šu-bu-ul-tum TCL 19 27:3, BIN 4 85:3, RA 59 26 No. 6:4, CCT 6 11a:20 and 23 (all OA), YOS 13 7:6, RA 73 70 AO 8126 r. 1, PBS 8/2 202:6, also RA 75 25:23, TCL 1 24:2, 49:12 and 26, BIN 7 112:27 (all OB).

Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 55; Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 140 ff.; J.-M. Durand, ARMT 21 512 ff.

šubulu s.; (a piece of jewelry?); Mari.

One necklace made of small (beads of) lapis lazuli  $\S A.BA$  12 ku- $\S u$  1  $\S u$ -bu-lu pappardili including twelve . . . -ornaments and one  $\S$ . of . . . -stone ARM 7 247 r. 4; 2  $\S u$ -bu-lu  $K \mathring{U}.GI$   $\S a$   $KU \mathring{S}.EDIN$  ARMT 23 535 iii 14, cf.  $M \mathring{U} \mathring{S}.z$  a = su-bu-lu Ebla 1975–1985 143:59, and see Civil, ibid. p. 158.

šuburru s.; 1. buttocks, rectum, anus, 2. rear, bottom; from OB on; wr. syll. and DÚR.

du-ur  $\mathbf{K}\mathbf{U} = \delta u - bu - rum$  MSL 14 140 No. 19:11, cf. [du-ur] [ $\mathbf{K}\mathbf{U}$ ] = [ $\delta u$ ] - bu - ru - um ibid. 90:20:1' (Proto-Aa); du-ur  $\mathbf{K}\mathbf{U}$ , du-rum  $\mathbf{K}\mathbf{U} = \delta u - bu r - ru$ (var. -ri) Ea I 142 f.; [du-ur] [ $\mathbf{K}\mathbf{U}$ ] = [ $\delta u - b$ ] u - rum S³ Voc. G 3'; dúr.gig =  $\delta u - bu r - ru$  u - ru Igituh short version 173; [dúr].gig =  $\delta u - bu r - ru$  [x]-[x], [dúr]. dug4.ga = min eb-f[u] MSL 9 77:30 f. (MB list of diseases).

sa.dúr = \$u-bu-ur-ru-um Nigga Bil. B 247, cf. ég(E).sa.dúr.[x] = MIN (= iku) \$u-bu-ri Hh. XXII RS Recension 52, corr. to aburri Hh. XXII Section 9:7'.

DÚR-šú ha-niq = šu-uh-ha-šú ha-di-ik Hunger Uruk 33 r. 5 (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet VII); DÚR-šú iz-zi-iz # šá DÚR-šú ir-rak-su, šumma DÚR-šú pališ # šá DÚR-šú irpišu Hunger Uruk 36:14 f. (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet XIV), see ibid. p. 112;  $ma\mathring{s}$ -ri- $s\mathring{u}$  = DÚR- $s\mathring{u}$  Köcher Pflanzenkunde p. 9 No. 32b iii 10.

1. buttocks, rectum, anus — a) buttocks: [šumma immerum ina š]u-bu-ur-ri-šu ušimma imtaqut if the (sacrificed) sheep settles on its hindquarters and falls over YOS 10 47:29 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb); šumma umṣatum ina šu-bur-ri-šu šaknat if there is a mole on his buttocks (between šapru and pēmu) YOS 10 54 r. 19 (OB physiogn.), cf. (in broken context) KUB 37 187:15; aṣbatka kīma a[būbim] uktassīka

šuburru šuburru

kīma i[mbarim] addīka šu-bu-ur-[ri-iš(?)] I seized you like a devastating flood, I enveloped you like a fog, I cast you down on (your) rear end RA 36 10:3 (Mari inc.).

b) rectum, anus -1' in med. contexts - a' symptoms:  $\S umma \ aw \overline{i} lum \ \S u$ bu-ur-ra-am ma-ru-as if a man has an ailment of the anus Köcher BAM 393 r. 15 (OB), cf. šumma amēlu DÚR GIG ibid. 152 ii 8. [šumma amēlu] . . . lu hiniqtu lu DÚR.GIG [lu ta]ttīkāte ša šīnāti irtaši if a man suffers from stricture, an ailment of the anus, or incontinence of urine KAR 73:2. cf. ibid. 19 and parallel AMT 62,1 iii 4, cf. also šumma amēlu . . . DÚR.GIG GIG AMT 57,7:4 (= Köcher BAM 579 ii 55) and parallels Köcher BAM Wr. NA BI DÚR.GIG.GA.KAM GIG Köcher BAM 94 r. 3 and 13, 96 ii 9, cf. DÚR.GIG. GA.KAM ul irašši ibid. 99:20 and 43, 100 r. 3, AMT 57,6:7, wr. du-ur-gig-ga Hunger Uruk 43:28; *šumma amēlu ina* DÚR*-šú damu* utabbaka if a man excretes blood from his rectum Köcher BAM 99:27, and dupl. 152 iii 8, cf. (with itezzi) ibid. 16, also Labat TDP 132 ii 11 ff., and passim; šumma amēlu DÚR.GIG GIG damu itezzi qereb (or: KI.KAL) DÚR-šú ú $ha-\dot{a}s-x-[x]$  if a man is suffering from an ailment of the rectum, excretes blood, and the middle(?) of his buttocks . . . . Köcher BAM 99:25, also ibid. 95:27, (with izaqqassu) ibid. 99:17, amēlu šû qereb (or: KI.KAL) DÚR GIG ibid. 89:9, and see qerbenu mng. 2, cf. DÚR-šú uzagassu AMT 56,1:8 and 10, also ibid. 95,3 i 19, Köcher BAM 88:10, 182 r. 11; šumma ina dúr-šú martu isarrur if bile is secreted from his rectum Labat TDP 26:68. cf. martu ina dúr-šú uštēšeramma ibid. 152 r. 4; šumma ūmī ma'dūti marusma mû sāmūtu ina dúr-šú illaku if he has been sick for many days and red liquid flows from his rectum ibid. 154:17; see also ešēru mng. 6b; šumma amēlu DÚR-šú ha[n]iqma DÚR-šú urše u umṣāti mali if a man's rectum is constricted and full of hemorrhoids(?) and moles(?) Köcher BAM 95:15 and dupl. STT 97 iii 15, cf. Labat TDP 228:95, and see Hunger Uruk 33 r. 5, in lex. section;

šumma amēlu dúr gig-ma dúr -šú esil if a man suffers from an illness of the anus and his rectum is stopped up Köcher BAM 95:21, 182 r. 9, cf. šumma . . . DÚR-šú issenekkir Labat TDP 140 iii 52, and see esēlu, sekēru A mng. 5b; šumma sinništu ulidma zu: murša birdī mali DÚR-šá magit if a woman has given birth and her body is filled with pockmarks and she has a prolapse of the rectum Köcher BAM 240:29, cf. ibid. 104:39; šumma amēlu ina la simānišu gab: lāšu ikkalašu kimṣāšu izaggatašu ÚR.MEŠšú ītannah burkāšu ikaşşaşašu «šumma» amēlu ina mesherūtišu dúr. GIG GIG if prematurely a man's hips hurt him, his shins give him a stabbing pain, his loins become weak, and his knees give him a gnawing pain, that man suffered from a rectal disease in his youth Köcher BAM 168:72 and dupls. ibid. 95:17, 108:18, and AMT 43,1:2, for flatulence see cf. AMT 43,1:19:  $\delta \bar{a}ru$  mng. 3b, and see dik $\delta u$  mng. 1a, hingu mng. 2a, nikimtu mng. 2; note šumma sa DÚR-Šú (possibly sudurrašu) z1.z1-šú DÚR.GIG GIG Kraus Texte 22 i 21', cf. AMT 53,1 iii 1, dupl. STT 100A r. 1.

treatments: allāna teppuš šaman erēni tasallah ana dúr-šú tašakkanma ina'es you make a suppository, sprinkle it with cedar oil, introduce it into his rectum and he will recover AMT 101,3 i 7, Küchler Beitr. pl. 15 (= Köcher BAM 578) i 49, and passim in med., see allānu mng. 3: ubāna teppuš ana Dúr-šú tašakkan you make a suppository and introduce it into his rectum AMT 58,1 + 56,5:5, 6, also 53,1 iv 5 and 7, Köcher BAM 471 ii 8, and passim in med. with šammē annûti ana libbi ahāmeš tusammah ina lubāri tašahhal ina dúr-šú tašappakma iballut annû marhas ša gāt ețemmi dur.gig u kalāte lubbuki tab-ma iballut you thoroughly mix these ingredients, strain them through a cloth, pour them into his rectum, and he will get well, this is an enema against "hand of the ghost," to lubricate a sick anus and kidneys, you repeat it and he will get well

šuburru šuburru

Köcher BAM 222:6ff., cf. ibid. 413 r. 11, for other refs. see marhasu mng. 1b-1'; ina šikari u tābāti tušabšal tašahhal tukassa šamna ana pani tanaddi ana DÚR-šú ta: šappak you boil (the ingredients) in beer and vinegar, you strain and cool (it), you add oil to it and introduce it into his rectum ibid. 168:69, also ibid. 108:7, 110:11, and passim in med.;  $1-\check{s}\acute{u}$   $2-\check{s}\acute{u}$   $3-\check{s}\acute{u}$  and DÚR*šú tašappak* Köcher BAM 168: 32, 50, also AMT 94,2:6 (= Köcher BAM 471 i 6), Köcher BAM 216:26, and passim; šizba matga ana DÚR-šú tašappakma ina'eš you pour sweet milk into his rectum and he will recover AMT 56,1 r. 4, also 94,2:11, *ţābāti šamna tummam* ana dúr-šú tašappak you heat vinegar and oil, you pour it into his rectum Küchler Beitr. pl. 7 i 46 (= Köcher BAM 575); bah= rūssu ana dúr-šú tašappak si.sá-ma iballut you pour (the medication) while it is still hot into his rectum, he will have a bowel movement and get well Köcher BAM 168:65 and dupl. 108:13, for other refs. see bahrūtu usage a, see also ešēru mngs. 4b and 6b; [x] ú nașmatti Dúr. GIG [x] ingredients for a poultice for rectal trouble Oefele Keilschriftmedicin pl. 1 K.4164 r. 6 (= Köcher BAM 430 v 8), dupl. AMT 7,6 r. 9, also Köcher BAM 159 iii 53, and see mas: qītu B, napšaštu mng. 1a; you wrap your finger in a piece of linen, impregnate it with salt DÚR-šú takâr you rub his rectum Köcher BAM 575 iii 48, also AMT 53,1 iii 3, dupl. STT 100A r. 4, cf. STT 97 ii 20; ina himēti tasāk ina dúr-šú mar.meš-ma iballut Köcher BAM 152 ii 9, and see eqû v. usage b; dúr-šú tuqattar you fumigate his rectum Köcher BAM 95:39, 104:60; note in pharm.: (various herbs) Ú DÚR. GIG.GA.KE_x(text GA) : SIG₇-su itti lipî bul= lulu ana DÚR šakānu Köcher BAM 1 iii 7 ff., also (with var. Ú DÚR NÍG.TUK) CT 14 30 Sm. 698:10, and passim in this text, var. from Köcher BAM 1 iii 12, Ú DÚR hamti ibid. 17, Wr. Ú DÚR TAB ibid. 15.

2' other occs.: šumma izbu šu-bu(var. -bur)-ra-šú peḥi if the malformed new-

born's rectum is blocked Leichty Izbu XVII 47';  $k\hat{\imath}$  [šā]ri ina šu-bur-ri [ $k\hat{\imath}$  šīnāti] ina birīt purīdi [k] $\hat{\imath}$  g[išūti] ina napšati (leave, šimmatu disease) like flatus from the anus, like urine from between the legs, like phlegm from the throat STT 136 i 44 (SB), also Köcher BAM 573 i 6, cf. [ $k\bar{\imath}$ m]a šāri ana šu-bur-ri  $k\bar{\imath}$ ma gišūte ana napšāti Köcher BAM 574 iv 28, Wr.  $k\bar{\imath}$ ma šāri ina ṣu-bur-ri Ugaritica 5 17:41, see von Soden, UF 1 190; ina šu-bu-ur-ri-im  $\hat{\imath}$ išārum (see šāru mng. 3a) Iraq 6 184:8 (OB inc.), see W. Farber, ZA 71 54; note šūṣā ina šu-bur-ri-ka LKA 153 r. 18 (SB inc.), restored from BMS 61:18.

- c) bāb šuburri anus: KÁ DÚR-šú himēta tapaššaš you smear his anus with butter Köcher BAM 222:13, cf. ibid. 17; KÁ DÚR-ŠÚ  $te-x-[\ldots]$  AMT 58.1 ii 16: šumma amēlu DÚR-šú umṣāti mali bābšu peḥi ana umṣāti quttupi (see qatāpu mng. 2c) STT 97 iii 19; uncert.: ana urše gaz umṣāti quttupi ká MUD- $\delta u$  mu-u[s-si-i] (see  $qat\bar{a}pu$  mng. 2c) Köcher BAM 95: 12, cf. šumma uršu dannu KA MUD- $\delta u$  DIB-ma KÁ MUD pehi ibid. 10, dupl. STT 97 iii 10; note referring to coitus per anum: let his penis be a piece of martûwood lidūk kā šu-bur-ri ša annannītūa la išabbā lalāša let it hit the anus of the woman so-and-so, may he never be sated with her charms KAR 70 r. 29, see Biggs Šaziga 41:29 and parallel 25:14; for sphincter ani see isiltu.
- 2. rear, bottom a) referring to fields: see Nigga, Hh. XXII, in lex. section; six iku of field in GN ina fD GN išatti DA A.Šλ PN šu-bu-ra-šu A.Šλ PN₂ watered by the Lijanum canal next to the field of PN, its rear end the field of PN₂ CT 4 47b:5 (OB), for the log. sa.ku(.bi) in the same meaning, see aburru mng. 1; x cubits ina muḥḥi šu-bur-ru adi muḥḥi dannatu niḥerrēma niz gammar we will complete digging from the rear to the canal bed(?) Stolper Entrepreneurs and Empire No. 92:5, also ibid. 12 (NB).
- b) referring to the bottom of a (truncated) cone: işum 5 ğu-bu-ra-ğu 1,40 muh:

šuburru šuddulu

haśu a wood(en figure), its base is 5, its top is 1,40 Sumer 43 186 i 10, also 188 i 19, 37, cf. 5 šu-bu-ra-am u 1,40 muhham ku=mur ibid. 24, wr. šu-ub-ra-am ibid. 186 i 13 (OB math.).

Since the anus is explicitly referred to as  $b\bar{a}b$  šuburri, "the opening of the šuburru," šuburru seems to designate the buttocks, and in a more restricted sense only the rectum or anus.

šuburru see šaburru.

šudādu (šudātu) s.; lover; SB.*

(Dumuzi) šu-da-tu Ištar JAOS 103 31:20. In Malku III 40 cited murtâmū the right column should be emended to šutāmū, as in von Weiher Uruk 120:42.

šudararû s.; (mng. uncert.); syn. list*; cf. darāru.

šu-da-ra-ru-u = šu-da-ra-ru (var. [...] = andu-ra-ru, between kulu'u and mihru) LTBA 2 1 vi 49, var. from ibid. 2:384.

šu-DA-tám (AHw. 1259a) error for ikšu: dam.

šudātu see šudādu.

šuda'u see šeda'u.

šuddudu adj.(?); (mng. unkn.); MB.*

1 KI.MIN (=  $h\bar{i}pu$  šašš $\bar{u}gu$ ) sappu šu-du-du (listed among parts of a wagon) TCL 9 50:18.

šuddulu (šumdulu, šundulu, fem. šuddul: tu) adj.; wide, extensive, of great expanse, abundant; OB, MB, SB; ef. šadālu.

šá-ar šár = *šum-du-[ul]* (error for *šum-'u-du?*) Idu II 72 (coll.); é.ta = *šu-ud-du-lum* Silbenvokabular A 76.

maš.gán šu.peš gál.gál.la: kap-ri šum-du-lu-ti(var. -tú) sprawling villages CT 16 42 i 2f., restored and var. from dupl. von Weiher Uruk 1 i

9f.; [gán].z[i].da.ta pe[š].bi [mú].a: ina mērešti šum-du[l-ti] ibbani (emmer) grown in an extensive field Iraq 21 55:30 (inc.); [x pú]. kirix(GIŠ.SAR).bi l[àl].geštin.na šu.peš.peš.da h[u . .]: [x] šá ki-ir şippati x dišpa karānam šum-du-lu li[blunikka] may they bring you [. . .] from an orchard abundant with honey and wine 4R Add. p. 4 to pl. 18* No. 5:6f.

- a) wide, extensive, of great expanse: tētenettiq ginā šamāmī [š]u-um-dul-ta erșetu taba' ūmišam you (Šamaš) ceaselessly traverse the heavens, every day you pass over the earth of vast expanse Lambert BWL 126:28 (hymn to Šamaš), cf. irišu= ma erşetu  $\S u-u[d-du-ul-tum]$  the wide earth became pregnant with him JCS 31 80 ii 22 (SB Epic of Zu); hamâkunu apsû nig= nakkakunu šamê ša Ani šu-un-du-ul-tú erseti parakkūkunu the nether world is your (Marduk's) basin, the heaven of Anu is your censer, the wide-stretching earth is your dais KAR 25 ii 17, see Ebeling Handerhebung 14; šum-du-lum apsû (in broken context) SBH 65 No. 35:8, cf. appārišu šumdu-lu-t[i] (in broken context) K.9501:4 (SB lit.); (the wall of Babylon) misir šuršudu ki-sur-ra-a šu-un-du-lu grounded enceinte, wide boundary PBS 15 80 i 24 (Nbn., coll.); É.KUR.RA šu-un-du-lu parak sīhāt[i] far-reaching temple, dais of delight LKA 32:7 (hymn to Arbela); āšib GN kissi elli ašri šum-du-li (Ninurta) who dwells in Calah, the holy cella, the spacious place 1R 29 i 24 (Šamši-Adad V), cf.  $a\check{s}ri\check{s}um-du-lu$  [. . .] Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 75:5 (= Böllenrücher Nergal No. 3), see Ebeling Handerhebung 118.
- b) abundant: ina sadār sattuk £.KUR ina niqê šum-du-li ina igisê habṣūti by means of uninterrupted offerings for Ekur, abundant sacrifices, luxurious gifts Hinke Kudurru ii 8 (Nbk. I); mimma šumšu šūquru šu-un-du-lu (I gave to the gods in Babylon silver, gold, precious stones) all kinds of precious objects in abundance

šudduru šudušīu

VAB 4 112 i 28, 116 ii 19, 136 viii 12, wr. šu-un-du-lam ibid. 86 i 26 (all Nbk.).

c) in transferred mng.: ina libbim šuun-du-lu ša ilī bānîja ušaršanni with the wisdom (lit. far-reaching heart) which my god, my creator, granted to me VAB 4 62 ii 19 (Nabopolassar); surru šum-du-lu karaš niklāti (Ninurta) a far-reaching mind, rich in cunning 1R 29 i 22 (Šamši-Adad V).

šudduru see šunduru.

*šudgultu (*šudugultu*) s.; transferred, conveyed property; NB*; cf. *dagālu*.

unqu PN mu-šad-gil-an-na šu-du-gul-tum sealing ring of PN, the transferrer of the conveyed property CT 49 131 upper edge 4 (seal caption), note the same person identified as mušadgil bītišu ibid. obv. 8; [ina kanā]k NA4.KIŠIB šu-du-gul-tum(copy-ma) šuāti (witnesses present) at the sealing of the document (that conveys) this transferred property ibid. r. 7.

The designation of the person effecting the transfer is *mušadgilānu*, on the pattern of *nādinānu*, *māḥirānu*, etc., and not *mu*= *šadgilu* as assumed s.v.

**Sudingirakku** s.; (an illness, lit. "hand of god"); SB; Sum. lw.; wr. SU.DINGIR. RA.

be-en-nu, šu-dingir-ra-ku = şi-ib-tu An IX 42 f., cf. be-en-nu, šu.dingir.ra = şib-tum LTBA 2 2:320 f.

[DIŠ AN.T]A. ŠUB.BA dLUGAL.ÙR.RA ŠU. DINGIR.RA ŠU. dINNIN.NA [eli] amēli ibašši ana zi-hi TCL 6 34 i 1, with comm. SU.DINGIR.RA | DINGIR.MEŠ inamzar šillat iqabbi ša immar imahhaş | ŠU. DINGIR.RA "hand of god": he curses the gods, he blasphemes, he strikes all he sees: "hand of god" BRM 4 32:2; summata tarlugalla la ikkal ŠU.DINGIR.RA işabbassu KAR 178 r. iv 53 (hemer.); ana šerri ŠU. DINGIR.RA la ţehê so that š. does not affect an infant Köcher BAM 248 iv 39; from the

"heart" (comes) hīp libbi AN.TA.ŠUB.BA ŠU.[DINGIR.RA] ŠU. dIN[NIN.N]A be-[en]-nu aḥḥāzu Hunger Uruk 43:3; lu bennu rihūt Šulpaea lu AN.TA.ŠUB.BA lu ilu lemnu lu ŠU.DINGIR.RA (etc., which has affected me) Maqlu II 59, cf. (in similar enumerations) AAA 22 42 i 5, KAR 26:1 and 38, AMT 96,7:2, Köcher BAM 234:10, AfO 14 142:35, Farber Ištar und Dumuzi p. 56:2.

See also  $q\bar{a}t$  ili sub  $q\bar{a}tu$  mng. 1e-2'b'-1''.

**šudlupu** adj.; sleepless, exhausted; SB*; cf.  $dal\bar{a}pu$  A.

ahulap bītija šu-ud-lu-pu ša unassasu bi= kâti compassion for my sleepless house which groans with sorrow STC 2 pl. 79:49, see Ebeling Handerhebung 132; tānīhīja šu-ud-||u-p||u-ti|| my exhausted sighs Köcher BAM 332 i 5 and dupl. 231 i 21;  $[\S a \ldots]$  marşu nagdu nassu šu-ud-lu-pu who is sick, in danger, distraught, agitated Surpu II 4, cf.  $[an\bar{a}ku]$  . . .  $anhu \, \delta u - ud - lu - pu \, arad[ki] \, I$ , your weary, exhausted servant BMS 4:16, see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 441; BMS 43:7; šūnuha šu-ud-lu-pu aradka Scheil Sippar 2:4 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 8; anhā: kuma šu-ud-lu-pa-ku šūnuhāku šutādu:  $r\bar{a}ku$  Köcher BAM 231 i 22 and dupl. 332 i 7; (Babylon?)  $[\S a] \ldots \S u - ud - lu - pu \ ni \S \bar{e} \S u$ Borger Esarh. 90 iv 8; anāku Aššur-nāṣir-apli šu-ud-lu-pu pālihki sābit ganni ilūtiki I, RN, who ceaselessly revere you, who hold the hem of your divine majesty AfO 25 42:72 (hymn to Ištar); in broken context:  $[b\bar{e}lum \&u-ud-lu]-pa \dots [Nabû \&u-u]d-lu$ pa ZA 61 50:13 and 15; [... &] u-ud-lu-paku Bab. 3 32 K.2425:8.

Landsberger, ZA 41 221; Speiser, JCS 6 86.

šudugultu see *šudgultu.

šūdum see šuttu B.

šudušīu see šudušû.

šudušû šūdūtu

šudušû (šudušīu) adj.; six-year-old; Nuzi, NB; wr. syll. and 6-ú; cf. šeššet.

l ANŠE.KUR.RA NITA SA5 šu-tu-<ši>i-ú one six-year-old roan stallion HSS 15 104:13; imēru ṣalmu 6-ú ša ultu uznu lētišu batqu (see lētu mng. 1b) Dar. 550:1.

šudūšu s.; group of six; OB*; cf. šeššet.

ana Su.peš.e.ne šalaštam kù.babbar šiqlā u šipātim šu-du-uš manē... idinšu: nūšim give the fishermen three shekels of silver each and a half-dozen minas of wool BIN 7 220:8 (OB let.), see Stol, AbB 9 246.

Kraus, RA 64 142 ff.

#### šudutinnu s.; (a building); Mari(?), MA.

ša šu-du- $\langle ti \rangle$ -ni sāmi (brick) belonging to the red š. AOB 1 106 No. 28:5, cf. ša bīt šu-du-ti-ni sāmi ibid. 108 No. 29:7 (both Adn. I); uncert.: x minas of tin ina abūsim ša šu-du-[ti-ni?] in the storehouse of the š. ARM 7 86:3.

**šūdūtu** ( $\check{s}\bar{u}\check{s}\bar{u}tu$ ) s.; edict; Nuzi, SB; wr.  $\check{s}u$ - $\check{s}u$ -ti JEN 29:24, 204:25, 311:19; ef.  $id\hat{u}$ .

- a) in Nuzi 1' in gen.: §u-du-du annû §a amīlūti warad ekalli u §a nī§ bīti §a ekalli la-be-ru-[um]-ma this is the old edict concerning the palace personnel and the palace retainers (they will read this tablet every three or four years lest it fall in desuetude) AASOR 16 51:1 (coll.).
- 2' in the final clause of a leg. document: tuppi arki šu-du-\(\tau\) e š-ši-i kīmē qibīti ša šarri ša MN ša GN ina MN2 ina GN2 šaţir the document was written in MN2 in GN2 after the new edict, according to the royal order (issued) in MN in GN JEN 116:11, also SMN 2684:35, see qibītu mng. 2b; tuppi ina arki šu-du-ti ina arki andurāri ina Nuzi šaţir the document was written in Nuzi after the edict, after the release of debts HSS 9 102:30; tuppi ina arki šu-du-ti ešši ša ekalli... šaţrat Lacheman AV 387 No. 7:22,

ef. HSS 19 27:34; tuppu annî ina arki šudu-ti eš-ši ašar abulli ša GN šatir this document was written at the gate of GN after the recent proclamation HSS 19 97:32, cf. JEN 102:40, HSS 5 55:29, HSS 19 114:27, RA 23 154 No. 47:33; tuppi ina arki *šu-du-ti ša ekalli šatir* the document was written after the edict (issued) by the palace JEN 478:9, tuppu annû ina GN ašar abulli ina arki šu-tu-ti ša ekalli šațir HSS 9 104:28, cf. RA 23 152 No. 43:21, 153 No. 46:13, Speleers Recueil 309:31, HSS 19 28:34; [tuppu ina ar]ki šu-du-ti [ina bā]babulli ša GN šațir Oriens Antiquus 16 100:25, also RA 23 143 No. 3:32, and passim; tuppu ina arki šu-du-ti ina uru Nuzi šaţir the document was written in Nuzi after the (royal) edict HSS 5 91:30, tuppu annû ina arki šudu-ti [ina] abulli šaţir JEN 113:40, cf. (with ina abulli ša GN) JEN 320:18, tuppu arki šutu₄-ti ina bāb abulli ša uru Nuzi šaţir JEN 492:28, cf. JEN 485:22, HSS 5 60:22, HSS 9 also tuppi ina arki 35:29, and passim, šu-du-te ašar abul Ti-iš-šá ša uru Nuzu sa-ti-ir HSS 9 27:22 (lines 22 and 23 on the copy to be interchanged), cf. JEN 126:29, 618:24, see also the refs. in Fadhil Arraphe 212 ff.; tuppi ina arki šu-du-ti ina pani PN hazannu šațir the document was written in the presence of PN the mayor after the edict JEN 433:36.

- 3' with added dating: tuppi annî ina arki šu-du-ti šumma PN ina Nuzi kahaš: šinna ana ha[zanni] ša īpuššunūti ina [abul] Nuzi šaṭir (see kahaššinna) JEN 290:39, (with šumma PN iturru) HSS 19 39:32, ina [ar]ki šu-du-ti ina [abul] ša šupā[li] ina MU [ša] [ki]-re-en-zi after the edict, in the lower gate, in the year of the ki: rezzi SMN 2649:21-24, see Eichler Indenture at Nuzi 33 n. 106, ⟨ina⟩ MU.MEŠ-ti ša ši-ia-tal-taš-[še] SMN 1067:47, see Fadhil Arraphe p. 255.
- **b)** in SB: UD.24.KAM *lipšur šu-du-tú*  $\delta a(!) \, ^{d}Ma$ - $mi \, ^{d}$ NIN.MAH may the 24th day, the proclamation of DN, (that is) DN₂, absolve JCS 1 333 r. 7', Iraq 31 178:83 (*lipšur* lit.).

**šuenaššu šugariāu

The broken passage [x]-du-ud/t mu-tu Lambert BWL 42:81 (Ludlul II) is unlikely to be restored as  $\delta \bar{u} d\bar{u} tu$ .

Landsberger apud Koschaker NRUA 77 f.; Eichler Indenture at Nuzi 32 ff. (with previous lit.); M. Müller, in Klengel, ed., Beiträge zur sozialen Struktur des alten Vorderasien p. 55 ff.; Lemche, JNES 38 18 ff.

** $\S$ uena $\S$ su (AHw. 1259b) see  $\S$ u'u A.

šu'ētu (šuītu, šuātu) s.; lady, mistress; OAkk., SB; OAkk. šuātu; cf. šu'û A.

su-e-tum (vars. su-i-[tum], su-'-e-tum), en-tum = be-el-tum Malku I 9f.; ba-'-la-tu, be-le-tu, e-en-tu, su-e-tu = be-el-tu-um Explicit Malku I 17ff.; su-'-e-tum // be-el-[tum] Lambert BWL 88 Comm. 278 (Theodicy Comm.).

- a) as a divine epithet: DN, king of the gods, who created mankind and *šarratu*  $^{d}Mama$  $p\bar{a}tiqta\dot{s}ina \quad \dot{s}u-e-tum(var. -t\acute{u})$ mistress Mama, the queen who fashioned them Lambert BWL 88:278 (Theodicy), for comm. see lex. section, cf. Ma-ma-šu-at (personal name) MAD 1 163 v 11 (OAkk.), also ibid. 116 i 1'; šu-e-ti Anunnaki AfO 1954:205 (hymn to Ištar); ana dNinkarraka šu-'(var. omits -')-e-ti balāţu gāmilat napištija (in Borsippa I restored the temple) for DN, mistress of life, who spares my life VAB 4 164 B vi 32, 180 ii 36, PBS 15 79 ii 59, var. from CT 37 15 ii 63, also (with ana dGula) VAB 4 108 ii 41 (all Nbk.); mitluk milki ši-ital  $\delta u$ -'-i-ti (see  $\delta it\bar{u}ltu$ ) Craig ABRT 1 30:27.
- b) in the ophoric names (OAkk. only):  $Su_4$ -a-tum-mu-da The-Lady-Is-Wise MDP 2 30 (pl. 7) xv 4 and 32 (pl. 8) xviii 7 (Maništušu Obelisk), see MAD 3 18; as a hypocoristic: Su-a-tum Gelb OAIC No. 20:3, Su-a-ti ITT 2/2 p. 45 5765.

#### šugallītu see šugallû.

šugallû (fem. šugallītu, sugallītu) s.; 1. (a profession), 2. (a divine epithet); OAkk., OB, SB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and

SU.GALLA(TE.LÁ, LÁ+TE) with phon. complement.

- 1. (a profession): PN ŠU.TE.LÁ-um (first witness) Edzard Sumerische Rechtsurkunden 46:17, CT 50 75:10, also (receiving fish, preceded by judges) CT 50 172:47, for further refs. see MAD 3 266 and Krecher, ZA 63 251; PN ŠU.LÁ.TE (among seven city elders including a šakkanakku) MAD 1 179:15, also ITT 2/2 5709 r. 1, OIP 14 123:3 (all OAkk.).
- 2. (a divine epithet): (Ištar) kadrajītu šu-gal-li-tum kadrajītu telītu Köcher BAM 237 i 19 (SB inc.); ITI Na-ab-ri-i ša su-ga-li-ti-im JCS 38 167:7, see Michalowski, ibid. 169 f.

(M. A. Powell, ZA 63 105.)

šuganû (tuganû, utuganû) s.; (a container for fruit); NA.

1 GIŠ Šu-ga-nu-u GIŠ.ḤAŠḤUR.〈KUR. RA〉 1 MIN GIŠ.KIN.GEŠTIN 1 MIN GIŠ. NU.ŪR.〈MA.MEŠ〉 1 MIN GIŠ.PÈŠ.MEŠ qalzlupāti one š. of apricots(?), one ditto of grapes, one ditto of pomegranates, one ditto of peeled figs van Driel Cult of Aššur 88 vi 14; 1 SìLA GEŠTIN.MEŠ [GIŠ] šu-ga-nu-u šá GIŠ.[P]ÈŠ.MEŠ one qû of wine and a š. of figs (to be offered to DN) Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 32:21, cf. ú-tu-ga-nu-u ša [...] ibid. pl. 21:9, 1 tú-ga-nu-ú NU. ŪR.MA.MEŠ ADD 1104 r. 6 (both coll. S. Parpola).

šugariāu (šugaruwāu, šigariû) s.; (a metal tool); OA; šigariû HUCA 39 3:6,

a) as a household utensil: 3 allunāztum ša siparrī aššalāšīšu šu-ga-ri-a-ú ašžalāšīšu mazlugū šitta itqurātum ša siparrī three bronze pincers, three š.-s, three forks, two bronze spoons CCT 4 20a:5, cf. mazligī u šu-ga-ri-a-e (weighing together ten minas) OIP 27 62:34; 10 kulupinnū šu-ga-ri-a-e aššapartim ukallu (for) ten bundles they are holding š.-s as a pledge TCL 14 61:2; 1 GÍN ana šu-ga-ri-a-e u  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

šugariãu šugarrû

hušāē ana PN addin I gave PN one shekel for (buying) š.-s and two thirds (of a shekel for) metal scraps TCL 4 78:1; i-šu-ga-[ri-a]-[e] qīpti ekallim (in fragm. context) CCT 4 27b:8.

b) as a divine emblem:  $\delta u$ -ga-ri-a-am ša Aššur litmāma u litbalšu he should swear by the s. of Assur and take it (the silver?) away KTS 13b:17; nīš Alim itmû ittama PN ina ší-ga-ri-im ša Aššur they swore by the City, and (in addition) PN swore by the s. of Assur HUCA 39 3:6 and 4:8; maḥar šu-ga-ri-a-im ša A ššur šībūtini niddin we gave our testimony in front of the s. of Assur Kültepe a/k 1411:29 f. cited Or. NS 36 398, also CCT 1 46a: 24 (tablet) and 47a:19 (case), note in the plural: mahar &u-ga-ri-a-e &a A &a BIN 4 111:18, OIP 27 3a r. 1, TCL 14 74:19, UF 7 316:25, also, wr. šu-ga-ru-wa-e OIP 27 18a:28 (tablet) and 18b:2" (case); in the dual: mahar šu-gari-a-in ša Aššur TCL 14 75:24, KBo 9 28 r. 7, cf. ibid. 27 left edge 1, wr. šu-ga-ri-aen RA 59 36 MAH 10824:30; tuppam mahar šu-ga-ri-a-im ša Aššur niddin Matouš KK 5a:18 (tablet), cf. mahar šu-ga-ri-a-im ša Aššur (šībūtini) niddin (with heading tuppum ša bāb ilim ša šībūtini) ibid. 5b:8 (case):  $\lceil k\bar{a}r \rceil um \ d\bar{i}nam \ mahar \ 2 \ \lceil \delta u \rceil - g \lceil a - g \rceil$ ri-a]-[en] ina hamrim idīnma the colony passed judgment before two š.-emblems in the sacred precinct Matouš, Studies Beek 188:1.

The meaning "sickle-sword" proposed by Mayer, UF 9 364 f. is unlikely since the refs. cited usage a show that s. is not a weapon but a domestic implement. The similarity between the legal formula cited usage b and the formula referring to depositions made before patrum sa Assur "sword of Assur" need not imply that patru and sugariāu are synonyms. The Sum. etymology (su.gara) proposed by Sjöberg Temple Hymns 102 to line 251 cannot explain the form or the meaning of this word.

Hirsch Untersuchungen 66 f. and Add. p. 27.

šugarrû (šugurrû) s.; (a type or processed form of dates); NB; šugurrû CT 44 76:16, pl. šugurrānû (CT 49 107:9).

- a) to be delivered by the tenant of the date grove as part of the rent: itti 1 gur tuhalla gipû šu-gar-ru-ú mangāga u biltu ša huṣābi [2] darīku inandin with each gur (of dates due) he (the tenant) will deliver tuhallu-baskets (of best dates?), gipû-baskets (of best dates?), š., fibers, and a load of woody parts, (and) two darīku-pots Camb. 179:8, cf. Cyr. 123:10, Dar. 237:10, and passim in NB date impost documents. wr.  $\delta u$ -qa-ru-u Cyr. 316:9, Nbn. 973:10; note in a separate clause, also with capacity specified: [...] itti 1 GUR 3 Sìla šu-gar-ru-u ... inaddin with each gur he will deliver three silas of §. Dar. 382:11, cf. (without amount specified) Dar. 127:12, 328:10, 404:12; note mimma lēti ina libbi  $nit\langle ta \rangle d\hat{u}$  šu-ga-ru- $\hat{u}$  and muhhi nittaš $\hat{u}$ (we swear that when we assess the rent to be paid) we will be diligent about it, we will not take a s. for it TCL 13 177:12.
- b) a supplementary payment on rentals (for parallels see nūptu): ina šatti 3 šugar-ru-ú inandin he will pay the š. three times a year BRM 2 1:12 (house rental), also Diakonoff AV 124:16 (boat rental); (PN has received the rent for the house for the first half-year) šu-gar-ru-ú ša mišil MU. AN.NA.MEŠ mahir VAS 4 146:9; Nisannu Du'ūzu Kislīmu šu-gur-ru-ú inandinu they will pay the s. in the first, fourth and ninth months CT 44 76:16, cf. BRM 1 74:10, šu-gar-ru-ú ša Du'ūzi u Kislīmi inandin BRM 1 85:10, also UET 4 37:10, cf. VAS 5 117:16; (in addition to the yearly rent for the house) each year he will give one sheep worth ten shekels of silver  $k\bar{u}m$ šu-gar-ru-ú in lieu of the š. Dar. 378:7; ina šatti . . . šu-gar-ru-ú ša ūmu E[nlil] u kīnajāti inandin yearly he (the tenant) will pay the s. of(?) the Day-of-Enlil (i.e., New Year's Day) and the kinajātu-payment BRM 1 43:9, cf. BRM 1 68:9, TuM 2-3 30:8 (all house rentals); minå šu-gar-ru-ú

šugarrû šuginakku

ša Nisanni ul tušēbilu why have you not sent me the š.-payment for Nisannu? CT 22 142:5 (let.); he will pay interest on the barley loaned by the estate of the temple of Nabū šu-gar-ru-ú ša Du'ūzu u Kissilimmu inandin BM 62377:15; note: 6 šiqil kaspu adi šu-gur-ra-ni.MEŠ-šú CT 49 107:9 (house rental).

c) in other deliveries and gifts: 20(?)  $\S u$ -ga-ri-e TCL 12 95:11 (list of expenditures of dates); amur 50 gur zú.lum.ma šu-garru-ú ina gāt PN ana abija ultēbila herewith I am sending fifty gur of dates (as?) a s. with PN to my father YOS 3 135:22; ittišunu ana muhhi immeri addabbub u šugar-ru-ú īteršuinni umma ittini ana GN alikma 50 gur 60 gur (idin) I spoke repeatedly with them about the sheep, but(?) they demanded a s. from me saying: Come with us to Ur, give us fifty or sixty gur (of dates) (and we will give you the sheep) ibid. 32:11; should witnesses establish ša immeru šendu ... ina gāt nāqidi ša Bēlti ša Uruk . . . lu ana kaspi lu ana šu-ga-ri-e ībuku that he took a branded sheep from the herdsman of the Lady-of-Uruk either by (paying) silver or as(?) a &. YOS 7 141:7; grant of bread, beer, mirsu-confection, beef, mutton, fish, fowl, vegetables and  $\delta u$ -ga-ru- $\acute{u}$  (from the offerings) VAS 1 36 ii 8, also BBSt. No. 35 r. 10, AnOr 12 305 r. 2, JCS 36 41 No. 6:5, 54 No. 19:4; qēmi ša šarri bāri šu-gar-ru-ú ša ZÚ.L[UM.MA] the "royal flour," bāru-tax, and the s. from the dates BE 9 13:1; kaspu  $[a'][x] \tilde{sim} suluppi u \tilde{su}-gar-ru-[u]$  the aforementioned x silver, value of the dates and the §. (paid in MN) PBS 2/1 97:9, cf. x.  $kaspu \ \tilde{sim} \ suluppi \ u \ \tilde{s}[u-gar-ru-\hat{u}]$  ibid. 1.

d) other occs.:  $min\hat{u}$   $k\hat{i}$  PN  $iqabb\hat{a}k$ :  $kin\bar{u}\check{s}u$  ana  $muh\dot{h}i$   $\check{s}u$ -gar-ru- $\check{u}$   $ep\check{s}a$ , do whatever PN orders you (pl.) to do concerning the  $\check{s}$ . CT 22 9 (= Cyr. 377):17 (let.); obscure: silver  $\check{s}a$  ana Lú.ERÍN  $\check{s}a$   $\check{s}u$ -gar-ru- $\check{u}$  ana  $mad\bar{a}ktu$  nadnu CT 57 23:7, cf. silver for provisions ana Lú.ERÍN  $\check{s}a$   $\check{s}u$ -gar-ru- $\check{u}$  nadnu ibid. 19 and 20; [...]

ana LÚ.UN.MEŠ [...] šu-gar-ru-ú šá LÚ. ŠID [...a]na madāktu illiki' CT 56 222:3; silver [...] ša ana šu-ga-ri-e ša UZ[U(?) ...] Moore Michigan Coll. 52:7.

The word probably refers to a product obtained from dates, such as sugar, or possibly a fermented drink. The rare refs. to the quantity of *šugarrû* use measures of capacity (3 sìla per gur in Dar. 382:11 and 20(?) gur in TCL 1295:11). In kudurrus *šugarrû* occurs after bread, beer, meat, and vegetables. In NB rental agreements it may be a general term for an additional payment in kind or in silver. Possibly connected with *šugrû* (a basket), q.v.

Landsberger Date Palm 44 f., 47 f. Ad usage b: Oppenheim Mietrecht 85 f.; Petschow Pfandrecht 108 n. 334.

šugarrû see šugrû.

šugarruru see garāru A.

šugaruwāu see šugariāu.

**šugguru** v.; to cheat, lie; OB, SB; II, II/2; cf. tašgirtu.

[ki].LAGAB = taś-gi-ir-tum, śu-ug-gu-rum Kagal C 14f.; a.ša.an.gàr mu.e.ni.ak = uśte-gi₄-ra-an-ni, a.ša.an.gàr nam.ak = la tu-śaga-ra-an-ni, a.ša.an.gàr ì.ak = [ú-śa]-ga-ar-ka OBGT XV 29 ff.

ša ittini idabbubu šu-ug-gu-ur he who has been talking to us is a liar A 7551:12 (OB let.); tuššu u napraku ú-šam-ga-ru elija (see napraku mng. 2) Lambert BWL 34:69 (Ludlul I).

*šugidimmakku see etemmu mng. 2c-1' and discussion there.

šugillu s.; (mng. unkn.); Nuzi.*

(barley) PN ša šu-gi-il-li HSS 16 100:8 (translit only).

Possibly to be read  $\S u \stackrel{\langle m \rangle}{Gilli}$ .

šuginakku see šuginû and šuiginakku.

šuginû šuginû

šuginû (šugunû, šuginakku) s.; daily offering, temple dues; OB, Chagar Bazar, Mari; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and šu.gi. NA; cf. šuginû in ša šuginê.

- a) with its composition specified: 4 SìLA NINDA.GU 4 SìLA KAŠ SIG₅ šu-gu-nu-ú ša DINGIR.MEŠ x... bread, x good-quality beer, daily offering to gods Loretz Chagar Bazar 36:14, 43:7, 46:8, also Iraq 7 54 A.971 r. 1, 60 A.996; x date bread, x oil, (and) x honey šu-gu-nu ša Šamaš ARMT 11 5:4, cf. x sìLA LÀL ana mākalti Šamaš SU.GI.NA x honey for the bowl of DN, daily offering VAS 8 83:3.
- b) qualifying food offerings: DUB PAD SU.GI.[NA] ša bīt Nusku SA MU.I.KAM ša šarru ukinnu tablet (specifying) the daily food offerings of the temple of DN within the period of one year, established by the king (an itemized list follows) PBS 13 61i1, cf. PAD SU.GI.NA ša MU.2.KAM (preceded by a list of offerings) ibid. v 5; (various sorts of flour for) naptan SU.GI.NA the daily meal UET 3 270 r. i 6 and ii 21, see Levine and Hallo, HUCA 38 46 f.
- qualifying sheep offerings: [406] UDU ŠU.GI.NA 121 UDU.SISKUR(AMARX 48 ŠE.AMAR׊E) SAG.UD.SAR UDU. SISKUR UD.15.KAM 25 UDU.SISKUR UD. x daily sheep offerings, x sheep sacrificed at the new moon, x sheep on the full moon day, x sheep at the disappearance of the moon TCL 10 66:1, see Thureau-Dangin, RA 8 82; x silver ana šám [1(?)] UDU ŠU.GI.NA ša bīt Šamaš for purchasing one(?) sheep for the daily offerings of the temple of Šamaš CT 45 47:8, cf. [UDU] šu.gi.na ana kurummat bīt Šamaš ukallu ibid. 20; the sheep have become too numerous, I am not able to handle them šībūt GN warkatī iprusuma 1 lú ša šu.gi.

NA bīt Sin ukallu ana taḥhūtija iddinu: nimma the elders of GN investigated my case and assigned the person who provides the sheep for the daily offerings of the temple of DN to assist me YOS 2 52:13, cf.  $\delta ib\bar{u}t$  GN [. . .]  $\delta U.GI.NA$   $b\bar{i}t$  Sinana jäšim iddinunim ibid. 22, ŠU.GI.NA ana bīt Sin ukâl ibid. 27, also (in broken context) ibid. 31; x silver ša ana šam udu šu. GI.NA kurummat DN YOS 13 374:6; x silver šīm 3 udu(!) šu.gi.na ša bīt Šamaš ct 4 31b:2, cf. 3 UDU(!) ŠU.GI.NA ana UD.15. KAM  $[x \ x]$  ul ubbalamma (if) he does not bring the three & sheep by the 15th day (he will pay x silver) ibid. 10; a-wi-la[m](or -[lum]) ša udu šu.gi.na i-pa-lu pīha:  $tam \ ekallam \ ip[pal] \ CT 45 47:22; \ 2 SILA_4.$ HI.A ša PN ana udu šu.gi.na bīt DN YOS 13 435:3; PN ša aššum udu šu.gi. (na) ša bīt Šamaš Sipparim ina £ šutum ká dMar: duk (or  $B\bar{a}bili$ )  $kal\hat{u}$  (PN₂ has assumed guaranty for) PN, who was kept imprisoned in the storehouse of the Marduk gate (or: of Babylon) because of the s. sheep of the temple of Šamaš at Sippar CT 48 101:3, ef. [x ud]u šu.gi. $\langle NA \rangle$  ša mu.1. KAM.MA [ana bīt] Šamaš Sipparim [ina] d= din ibid. 9, cf. also ibid. 37:3; 1 UDU ŠU. GI. [NA] ilik PN (received by the šatammu official) YOS 13 123:1.

Compare Sum. šu.a.gi.na, a type of temple dues frequently attested in adm. and econ. texts beside sá.dug₄ (e.g., MVN 6 287 ii 14) and specifically associated with daily sheep offerings, e.g. 29 udu. niga(še) šu.a.gi.na ud.29.kam RA 9 pl. 2 SA 60:2. After OB šuginû is replaced by ginû, q.v.

šuginû (šugunû) in ša šuginê s.; person in charge of animals for daily offerings; OB; wr. syll. and LÚ.ŠU.GI.NA; cf. šuzginû.

aššum PN ša šu-gu-ne-em warkassu aprusma ul wašib as for PN, the š., I investigated his case and (since) he was not present (I took two of his slave girls as

šugipunu šuglû

pledges for his field) Fish Letters 5:8, see Kraus, AbB 10 No. 5; ša LÚ.ŠU.GI.NA.MEŠ 120 liātim ša kaspišunu ša MU.2.KAM imaḥḥaru the š.-s receive 120 head of cattle for their silver value over a period of two years BiOr 10 14 No. 4:11 (coll. from photo).

#### šugipunu s.; (a textile); Nuzi.*

anāku từ sắu-gi-pu-nu ša PN ašar  $PN_2$  elteqēmi (I will deliver to the palace one wagonload of ampannu's owed by (?) PN and) I myself have received from  $PN_2$  the &.(-s) owed by (?) PN HSS 13 64:7 (translit. only).

šugītu s.; (a class of women); OB, Mari; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and (SAL.)šu. GI; ef. šugû.

 $\begin{array}{lll} [luk]ur([sal].me) &=& \&u-gi-tu & Lu & IV & 24; \\ [luku]r.kaskal, & [ama].lukur &=& \&u-gi-tu & ibid. \\ 28f.; & a-ma-[lu] & [ama.lul] &=& a-ma-ni-t\acute{u}, & i\acute{s}-ta-ri-t\acute{u}, & \&u-gi-t\acute{u} & Diri & IV & 190 & ff. \\ \end{array}$ 

lu-kur SAL.ME = na[d] itu | almattu šanîš sinništu, SAL | sinništu | ME | parși | šu-gi-t[um] | šibtu . . . šal-šiš | šu-gi-tum | almattu von Weiher Uruk 54:16 ff. (Ea V Comm.);  $[šu]-gi-tum=\check{s}i-ib-tu$  CT  $18\ 2\ K.4214:1$ .

If a man has married a *nadītu* and she has not given him a slave girl who has borne him children ana SAL šu-gi₄-tim (vars. šu-gi-ti[m], [šu].GI) ahāzim panīšu ištakan awīlum šû sal šu-gi₄-tam (var. šu.gi) ihhaz ana bītišu ušerrebši sal šu-gi₄-tum (var. šu.gi) šî itti nadītim ul uštamahhar and he wishes to marry a š., that man may marry a s. and bring her into his house, (but) that & will not assume the same rank as the nadītu CH § 145:31ff., for vars. see Driver and Miles Babylonian Laws 2 111, cf. (if the wife has borne him chil $aw\bar{\imath}lum$  ... ana SAL  $\check{s}u$ - $gi_4$ -timahāzim panīšu ištakan . . . SAL šu-gi₄-tam ul ibhaz CH § 144:20ff.; if a man intends ana sal šu-gi₄-tim ša mārī uldušum . . . ezēbim to divorce a š. who has borne him children CH § 137:74; PN šu-gi-tum NIN. A.NI PN, a s., her sister (given along with the dowry to a woman who is both nadītu

and kulmašītu) CT 8 2a:12, cf. (same context) omitting §.: PN NIN.A.NI BE 6/1 84:30, cf. also Veenhof, Mélanges Finet 183 BM 97057:1; šumma abum ana mārtišu šu-gi₄tim šeriktam (la) išrukšim if a father has (not) awarded a dowry to his daughter, a š. CH § 183:3 and § 184:17; mimma annîm ša PN ana PN, šu.gi aššatišu iddinu all this is what PN has given to his wife PN2, the §. (as her inheritance) BE 6/1 95:19; mimma annîm nudunnê ša ^fPN ŠU.GI BE 6/1 101:14, cf. mimma annîm ša PN abuša ana PN2 SAL šu(!)-gi-tim mārtišu iddinuma PBS 8/2 252:9;  $\mathbf{fB.TAK_4} \ nudunn \hat{e} [\mathbf{\check{s}}] a^{\mathbf{f}} \mathbf{PN} \ \mathbf{SAL.\check{S}U.GI}$ [in] a qāti PN2 . . . ana PN3 emiša inaddin CT 48 84:4; aššum sal.tur mārat pn šu-gitim ša ta[špuram] ARM 10 124:5; (women) ša É šu-gi-tim ARMT 22 16:11.

The *šugītu* is often mentioned as a second wife in relation to a *nadītu* who may not bear children. For other refs. written (SAL.) SU.GI, see *šību* mng. 1b.

Renger, ZA 58 176 ff.; Harris Sippar 318 ff.; Veenhof, Mélanges Finet 181 ff.

šuglû (šaglû) adj.; deported; NA, NB; cf. šuglû v.

 $k\hat{i}$  . . . LÚ šag-lu-te ina muhhi ŠE.PAD. MEŠ ihharūni when the deportees petitioned (the king) for barley rations ABL 1372:10 (coll. S. Parpola); ša LÚ šag-lu-te ANŠE sap-pu ŠE TUR KÚ  $[issar{e}]n$  ina  $urdar{a}ni$ ša šarri [bēlija x] x ana Lt šag-lu-te [lid= din] ana asappi the pack animals of the deportees have insufficient fodder to eat, one of the servants of the king, my lord, should give the deportees [feed] for the pack animals ABL 325:13 and 16, cf. ša LÚ šag-lu-[te...] ibid. 10, cf. also CT 53 869:6', 211:5, see Parpola, SAA 1 257; PAP 5 LÚ mu= *šarkisāni ša* LÚ *šag-lu-te* Iraq 23 23 ND 2386+ iii 15, see Postgate Taxation 373, cf. LÚ.GAL šag-lu-te Dalley and Postgate Fort Shalmaneser 102 iii 23'; note in NB: šarru... napšātišunu irēnšunūtima  $\delta u$ -ug-lu-upuggud and bultu the king showed mercy to them (those who sinned against him)

šuglû šuglutu

and those who were deported were pardoned (lit. entrusted for living) ABL 530 r. 10.

šuglû (galû) v.; 1. galû to go into exile, 2. šuglû (šaglû) to deport, to exile; SB, NA, NB; Aram. lw.; I *igli – igalli, III, III/2; cf. galītu, galūtu, šuglû adj., *šuglûtu.

- 1. galû to go into exile: [šipirti šarri] ina muḥhišu lu tallika lušarhiṣušu [... U]N.[MES lu la]-a i-ga-li-ú a message from the king should go to him, he should be encouraged, the people should not go into exile Iraq 17 33 No. 5:24' (NA let.); [LÚ Pi]llat ālānišunu gabbi kî umašširū [ana libbi U]RU Taiqu ig-de-lu-ú the inhabitants of GN abandoned all their towns and went in exile to GN₂ ABL 462:20, cf. (in broken context) [i]g-de-lu-ú ABL 899 r. 16 (both NB), [šumma ...] x ta-ga-lu-ni Iraq 32 174 (pl. 36) BM 134596 r. 7 (Aššur-nīrārī V treaty).
- 2.  $\S ugl\hat{u}$  ( $\S agl\hat{u}$ ) to deport, to exile a) individuals:  $m\bar{a}$  ann $\bar{u}$ rig [att]unu tal= laka mā ša-ga-la-ni [iss]ikunu lallik (PN became frightened and said) Now that you are coming, take me into exile, I will go with you (pl.) Iraq 17 32 No. 5:12'; one of his brothers went to GN and said  $m\bar{a}$ lu-šag-li-a-šú I will have him transferred (but he escaped) ABL 505:10;  $\lceil k\bar{u}m \ \acute{u} - l \rceil$ šá]-ga-lu-u-ni [šūtu ihti]liq ana kur *Šubria* [ittalak] to avoid deportation, he escaped and went to GN ABL 1176:4; ana KUR Eber nāri ú-sa-ga-li-uš they have transferred him (the scribe about whom the king inquired) to Upper Syria ABL 706 r. 4 (all NA); RN . . .  $ana [m\bar{a}t A \S \& ur]$ kî ú-šag-lu-šú ana libbi [māt Aššur i]ze-ri he hates Assyria because Esarhaddon deported him to Assyria ABL 752 r. 23 (NB); bēl piqitti ša anāku u qīpi ina libbi nipqidu Lú mār Dakkūru ul-ta-ga-liš the Dakkurian has deported the official installed there by myself and by the commissioner CT 54 506:16 (NB).

groups and large segments of population: Sennacherib RN u LÚ.GAL. A š $\check{s}ur$ MEŠ-ŠÚ ana $mar{a}t$ ul-te-eg-ludeported Bel-ibni and his high officials to Assyria (from Babylonia) Gravson Chronicles 77 ii 28, cf. (in broken context) ulte-ge-li-u ABL 1119:9 (NB); is[surri]qanni ammûte ú-šá-ga-lu-šú-nu perhaps they are deporting them (the missing scouts) along with those (other inhabitants) ABL 544:23:  $[b\bar{\imath}t P]N nu-\check{s}ag-la[...]$ nu-šag-la-a-ma [ $r\bar{e}h\bar{u}ti$ ] ipalluhu [. . .]  $b\bar{\iota}t$ PN nu-šag-li urkīti ammêša annûti nu- $\delta ag$ -li we will deport the family of PN, and we will also deport [...] so that those remaining will be frightened, [...] should we deport the family of PN and after that should we deport these (other people) there? ABL 712 r. 2 ff.;  $k\bar{u}m \, \delta arru \, issu \, D\bar{u}r$ -Jākīni isaḥhuranni ú-šá-gal-na-ši-ni lest the king return from GN and deport us ABL 131 r. 6; [LÚ] Puqūdaja . . . gabbu iptalhu adanniš  $[m\bar{a} \ \acute{u}]$ -šag-ga-lu-na-ši all the Puqudians (resident in GN) became very frightened, saying: They will deport us ABL 1434 r. 8, also ibid. obv. 3; šumma anāku úšá-ga-lu-ka-nu-ni (I swear) that I will not deport you ABL 541 r. 4 (let. of Asb., all NA).

Spellings with anaptyctic vowels are variants of expected forms of *šuglû*, and do not necessitate positing a lemma **šugzgulu*. For *galītu* "deportation" (ABL 387 r. 23), "deportees" (CT 53 895 r. 3, ND 2803 passim) see Deller, Or. NS 35 194.

von Soden, Or. NS 35 8 and Or. NS 46 186.

šugludu see šuglutu.

**šuglutu** (*šugludu*) adj.; terrifying; SB; cf.  $gal\bar{a}tu$ .

abūbu ezzu šug-lu-tu wild, frightful flood YOS 1 38 i 3 (Sar.); difficult paths ša ašaršina šug-lud-du whose location is terrifying Lyon Sar. 2:11, also Winckler Sar. pl. 30 No. 64:15; ina bīt ridūti ašri šug-lud-di in the bīt ridūti, the awe-inspiring place Borger Esarh. 41 ii 21.

*šuglûtu

šuh

*šuglûtu (šagalûtu) s.; deportation; NA*; cf. šuglû v.

palhāni issu pan šá-ga-lu-ti ša māt Aššur issu pan turrūte ša kutalli ana KUR Elamti (you wrote to me) We fear deportation to Assyria and having to turn (our) backs to Elam (note ušagalukanuni r. 4) ABL 541:4 (let. of Asb.).

šugru see šukru.

šugrû (šugurû, šugarrû) s.; basket; OB, MB, NB; Sum. lw.

 $\S u.gur_5 = \S u-ug-ru-\lceil um \rceil$  Nigga Bil. A v 15;  $\lceil \S u.gur_5 = \S u-gu-ru-\acute{u}-um$  Nigga Bil. B 218;  $\lceil gi.n\acute{g}.s \rceil ig.a.\S\grave{a}.ga = kad \bar{a}ru = \S u-ga-ru-\acute{u}$  Hg. A II 35, in MSL 7 69.

1 šu-ug-ru-um ša ha-aš-hu-≪rum»-ri one basket of apples Birot Tablettes 48:23; qadum bukinnim ù šu-ga-ri-im (in difficult context) CT 48 23:5 (both OB); šu-ug-ra ša hašhūri...ultēbilakku I am sending you a basket of apples CT 44 67:15 (MB let.); tarāmima Išullānu nukarib abiki ša ka:  $j\bar{a}namma$   $\delta u$ -gu-ra-a (var. tu- $[\dots]$ ) na= šâkki you (Ištar) loved Išullānu, your father's date-gardener, who brought you basket after basket (of fruit) Gilg. VI 65, var. from Garelli Gilg. 120 ii 31; uncert. (possibly to šugarrû): ištēn šu-gar-ru-ú ša elpetu one basket made of elpetu-rush BE 8 154:23 (NB list of objects for a ritual); difficult: ZÚ.LUM ištu-mi la ha ma tim [a] x a-na-mi šu-ug-ree-mi lu-pu- $\lceil li(?) \rceil$  am§alimami §u-ug-ree-mi iš-šu UCP 9 333 No. 8:7ff., see Stol, AbB 11 172.

Landsberger Date Palm p. 37 f.

šugû s.; old man; lex.*; Sum. lw.; cf. šugītu.

 $u.gi_4 = \delta u-gu-u-um, \delta i-bu-um, \delta u-ul-lu-mu-um$  Nigga Bil. B 137 ff.

 $sa\text{-}ar\text{-}rum,\ \check{s}u\text{-}gu\text{-}\acute{u},\ pur\text{-}\check{s}u\text{-}mu=\check{s}i\text{-}\lceil i\rceil\text{-}bu$  Explicit Malku I 79 ff.

For refs. wr. (LÚ.) $\S$ U.GI/GI₄ see  $\S \bar{\imath}bu$  A s.; for MUL. $\S$ U.GI see  $\S \bar{\imath}bu$  A s. mng. 5.

**šugû** see *šukû*.

**šugummû** s.; buzzing(?); NA*; cf. ša:  $q\bar{a}mu$ .

napšal[āti] qutārī mašqi[āti] ša šu-gumi-[euzni] salves, fumigants, and potions for buzzing [ears] Parpola LAS No. 265:4.

Parpola LAS 2 258.

šugunû see šuginû.

**šuguppu** s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*; Sum. lw.

šu.gub = šu-gu-up-pu-um Nigga Bil. B 140.

See imšugubbû.

šugurru s.; (a mat?); OB.*

šu-gur-rum ša inneppušu . . . 40 ma.na šu-gur-rum 1 gar šiddum ù  $\frac{1}{2}$  gar 1 kùš rup[šum] šu-gur-r[a]-am šuāti li-iš-ku-nu-ši (see kāmidu usage b) A 3529:21ff. (OB let., courtesy R. F. G. Sweet).

Possibly lw. from Sum. šu.gur "to roll," see Landsberger Date Palm 47 n. 162 and Steinkeller, Oriens Antiquus 19 92 n. 30. See also *šugarrû* and *šukurru*.

In ABL 156:5 (NA) read na-gu-ur- $t\acute{u}$ , see Parpola, SAA 1 No. 207.

šugurrû see šugarrû.

**šugurruru** adj.; free-roaming(?); NB*; cf.  $gar\bar{a}ru$  A.

imēru šu-gu-ru-ru ša ina muḥḥi appišu šendu (the animal sold is) a š. donkey which is marked on its nose Nbk. 360:9.

Possibly to be connected with the hemerologies' ašar imēru ittagrarru la izzaz Iraq 21 48:16 and dupls., see MSL 9 109.

šugurû see šugrû.

**šuh** prep.; as to, concerning, on account of; NA.

a) in letters (introducing a new topic, usually after the greeting formula): §u-

*šuḥaddāku šuḥarruru

uḥ PN ša šarru bēlī išpuranni as to PN, about whom the king, my lord, wrote me ABL 154:4, cf. (also with šapāru) ABL 155:4, 506 r. 1 and 9, Iraq 25 73 No. 67:3, Postgate Palace Archive 184:6, (with qabû) Iraq 18 42 No. 26:4; šu-uḥ LÚ.ENGAR.MEŠ ša GN ša šarru iḥhurūni mā concerning the farmers of GN who appealed to the king as follows Iraq 18 40 No. 24:3, see Postgate Taxation 375; note the atypical word order: ša bēlī tēmu iškunanni šu-uḥ kur Ullubaja . . . assa al šaṣbutu as my lord instructed me I have inquired about the Ullubians, they have (now) been organized Iraq 36 204 No. 97:7.

b) in lit.: šu-uḥ me-e-ni šu-uḥ me-e-ni zānāt da Tašmētu... šu-uḥ ša issika da Nabûa ana kirê l[allika] why, O why, are you adorned, O Tašmētu? — because I want to go with you, my Nabû, to the orchard TIM 9 54 r. 15f. (NA love lyrics).

The preposition šuh corresponds in meaning and usage to (ina) muhhi, and occurs in texts from the 8th century only.

In ABL 1387:5 (NB) read probably  $\delta u$ -uk-mut(!) kal  $r\bar{e}\delta i$  "the whole head glowing (with fever or zeal)."

*šuḥaddāku see šukudakku.

*šuhaddākūtu see šukudakkūtu.

šuhalulu s.; (mng. unkn.); MB(?) Elam.

eqlu wīşu u mādu ša KASKAL ša šu-ha-lu-lu ša šupāla libāri ša fPN u fPN₂ a field, as is, that is on(?) the . . . . road, that is below the lipāru-tree of fPN and fPN₂ MDP 22 155:10 (= MDP 4 190 No. 14); eqlu ša šupāl libāri ša fPN ša KASKAL šu-ha-lu-lu ibid. 71:2 (= MDP 4 171 No. 2, both "Mālamīr" texts).

Perhaps a toponym, identifying a road by its destination.

šuharratu see šahurratu.

šuḥarriš (or šuḥurriš) adv.; in numbed silence; SB*; cf. šuḥarruru v.

[ā] durma mūtu ana tāḥazi ul a'ir atūra arkiš [x-x]-x-ta-ma ana GN attašab šu-ḥarriš I feared death, I did not advance in battle (but) turned back, I [...]-ed to GN and stayed (there) in numbed silence 3R 38 No. 2 r. 64, see Tadmor, JNES 17 138:15.

šuḥarruru adj.; silent(?); SB*; cf. šu= harruru v.

ana mannu eršu ana mannu mūṣê ... mūṣê šu-ḥar-ru-ru-tu for whom is the bed, for whom the coverlets, the silent(?) coverlets? PSBA 23 pl. after p. 192:11 (SB lament.), see Lambert, JAOS 103 212.

**Suharruru** (šahurruru, šuhurruru, šuhurruru) v.; **1.** to become dazed, still, numb with fear, **2.** to abate, subside; from OB on; III ušharrir — ušharrar — šuharrur (OB šahur, fem. šahurrat), III/2 *uštahrir, inf. šahurruru RA 35 46 No. 16:2; cf. šahrarutu, šahurratu, šuharriš, šuharruru adj.

[ušum.gin_x(GIM)] ní.si.a.àm [ši.in èn.š]è ì.gi: [ $k\bar{i}ma$ ] bašmu puluhtu malū mīna tuš-har-ra-ar as before a horned serpent full of terror, why do you keep still? SBH 40 No. 20a: If., Sum. restored from UET 6/2 206: I; ši èn.šè ì.gi [t]a mu.un.[ni]. íb.lá: [a] di mati tuš-ha-ra-ar mīnam SBH 64 No. 34: 9f., see p. 152, dupl. BA 5 660 No. 19: 29; ur₅.mu šà.ba.mu ši ba.e.ni.gi: kabatti libbija [uš-tah-ri]-ir SBH 5 No. 2 r. 31 f.

mu.lu.bi al.si sipa.bi še.àm.ša₄: utullašu ušqammamu rē'ūšu uš-ha-ra-ar its (the temple's) herdsman is silent, its shepherd is still (Sum.: weeps) SBH 49 No. 24 r. 16f.; uncert.: [ír.r]a a.še.er.ra mu.ni.íb.x.si: ina bikīti u tānīḥi uš-har-ar(!)-an-ni SBH 58 No. 30:41.

SI = qarnu, SI = &u-har-ru-ru CT 26 43 viii 5 f. (astrol. comm.).

šiššu, šu-har-ru-ru (var. šu-uh-ru-ru) = ka-lu-u to cease Malku IV 100 f.; šu-uh-ru-ru, uteq $q\hat{u}$  = qa-a-lum ibid. 96 f.

šuḥarruru šuḥatinnū

1. to become dazed, still, numb with fear -a) said of persons, gods: A dad šaana rigmišu nišū uš-ha-ra-ra (var. uš-hara-ár-ra) Adad, at whose roar the people become cowed KUB 4 26 A 10 and 11 (coll.), restored from dupls. LKA 53:18 and 20, var. from BMS 49 r. 31 and 33, see Ebeling Handerhebung 98:18 and 20;  $n\bar{a}kir\bar{u}ka\ up-tal-\langle la \rangle -hu-ma$ *uš-ha-ra-ra-ma* your enemies became afraid, they are numb with fear VAS 12 193 r. 22 (= EA 359, šar tamhāri); (the hunter saw Enkidu) uš-ha-ri-ir  $iq\bar{u}lma$  he became numb with fear, he grew still Gilg. I ii 47, cf. uš-ta-aḥ-ri-ru panūšu ibid. 45; Nazimaruttaš uš-ha-ri-ir VAT 9820 r. i 34, cited AfO 20 115, cf. (in broken context) AfO 27 80 K.9986:3, ZA 61 54:107 (SB hymn to Nabû); liš-har-ri-ir šaltiš ul itamme (see šaltiš) CT 4 5:12, see KB 6/2 42, but ina bītišu liquīl liš-taḥ-ri-ir in his house let him be quiet, let him be silent KAR 177 r. ii 37. also Iraq 21 52:50 (hemer.); šumma ibrurma uš-ha-ri-ir (see barāru B) Labat TDP 190:26; abu mālikšunu šu-ḥa-ru-ur Enlil Enlil, the father, their (the gods') counselor, was despondent RA 46 88:2 (OB Epic of Zu), also CT 15 39 ii 24 (SB recension); ša . . . ana šitūltišu Anunnakū ašriš šu-harru-ru(Enlil) at whose decision the Anunnaku are humbly silent Kudurru i 8 (Nbk. I); uš-ha-ri-ir-ma Anšar qaqqari inatt[al] Anšar was seized with despair, looking down at the ground En. el. II 86, cf. (Ea) nēhiš uš-ha-ri-ir-ma ša= qummiš ušbu ibid. 6; if (the statue of) Marduk uš-ha-ra-ar CT 40 38 K.11004:11 (akītu omens), joined to K.3074+: 14, see Borger, Symbolae Böhl 45, dupl. von Weiher Uruk 35:13; amūt sá-hu-ru-ri-im ša ummānum ishur an omen of benumbing despair, (referring to the fact) that the army turned back RA 35 46 No. 16:2 (early OB Mari liver model).

b) said of buildings and topographic features: ekallum ša-hu-ur šaqummu ṣēru RA 32 180:10 (OB prayer to the gods of the night), cf. ibid. 181:11, see von Soden, ZA 43 306; šu-har-ru-ur ṣēru mātu šuqammum AnBi 12

283:36, also šu-ḥa-ru-ur ṣēru parka dalāti the plain is still, the doors are barred OECT 6 pl. 12:8, cf. [š]u-uḥ-ru-ur ṣēru šadû šu-qammama Aš-qa-a-an GIŠ.IG KUB 4 47 r. 39; šu-ḥar-ru-ur sagê'a šu-ḥar-ru-rat aširtī (see sagû A) STC 2 pl. 81:75, see Ebeling Handerhebung 134, cf. ša Ezida bīti kīni šu-ḥar-ru-ur sak-ki-e-šu MVAG 21 90 r. 29 (Kedorlaomer text); miṭratu šu-ḥu-rat the canal was still Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 112 v 33 (SB); sūqšu uš-ḥa-ra-ar Kraus AV 194 II 4 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn).

- c) other occ.: (the scorpion) ša-hur ina baṣṣi keeps quiet in the sand Nougayrol, RA 66 142:8 (OB inc.).

See also šuhruru.

Heidel, AS 13 26 ff.; Speiser, JCS 6 87 f.

šuhāru see šahūru B.

šuḥatinnū (šuḥutinnū) s. pl. tantum; (an alliaceous plant); OA, OB, Mari; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. (also with det. sar) and za. HA.DIN.SAR.

za.  $\dot{y}$ a.  $\dot{d}$ in sar =  $\dot{s}u$ - $\dot{y}u$ -tin-nu, nu- $\dot{s}u$ -u Hh. XVII 269 f., cf. za.  $\dot{y}$ a.  $\dot{d}$ in [sar] = za- $\dot{y}a$ -ten-[nu] RS Recension 155.

a) cultivation: let him give you ten SAR of field PN nukarribum SUM.SIKIL. LUM.SAR SUM.ÍL.LUM.SAR limalli šu-h[a-t]i-in-ni ina kirîm lišku[n] and PN, the gardener, should plant it completely with

šuḫattu šuḫḫānu

onions (and) . . . . -onions, let him set out §.-s in the garden YOS 2 103:40, see Stol, AbB 9 103; I have sent two employees ana §u-ha-ti-in-ni SAR §a mahrikunu ēpušu le=qêm . . . adi §u-ḥa-ti-in-ni SAR §unu in=nappalu hitajaṭašunūtima ina simanišunu linnaplu to fetch §. which I have planted in your (pl.) district, watch over them (the plants) until they are dug up, they should be dug up at the proper time VAS 16 92:7 and 10 (OB let.).

consumption:  $\delta umk\bar{i} \ \acute{u} \ \delta u-hu-\lceil t\acute{i} \rceil$ ni [šēb] ilam send me onions and š.-s OIP 27 6:13 (OA let.); ŠE.NUMUN ša karašī š $\bar{u}m\bar{i}$ šu-hu-ti-ni u šamaškillī šūbilam (see ša: maškillu usage a-1') TCL 17 61:33 (OB let.); X SUM.SAR X SUM.SIKIL.LUM.SAR 4 (BÁN) ZA.HA.DIN.SAR . . . ša ana šīm kaspim ana PN innadnu x garlie, x onions, x š., which were sold to PN (the merchant from Larsa) for silver YOS 12 182:4, cf. 5 GUR SUM. SAR 2 GUR SUM.SIKIL.SAR 2 GUR ZA.HA. DIN.SAR 9 GUR ta-bi-lu SAR five gur of garlie, two gur of onions, two gur of s., (in all) nine gur of dried vegetables JCS 34 160 No. 11:6, cf. also Boyer Contribution 111:15f.; 1 (BÁN) hazannu 1 (BÁN) šu-hati-nu (among spices) ARMT 12 734:2.

M. Stol, Bull. on Sum. Agriculture 3 63.

# šuḥattu s.; (a textile); MB(?), MA, SB; pl. šuḥattātu.

[túg.x].uš, [túg.x.x].a, [...] =  $\delta u$ - $\hbar at$ -tum (followed by sindu,  $maks\hat{u}$ ,  $ul\bar{u}pu$ , preceded by  $\delta usuppu$ ,  $edapp\bar{u}tu$ ) Hh. XIX 292 ff.; [túg...] = [...] = [ $\delta u$ ]- $\hbar at$ -tum (followed by  $ta\hbar ap\delta u$ ) Hg. Cr. 6, in MSL 10 140; Túg  $\delta u$ - $\hbar a$ -ta-ti (between  $ta\hbar ap\delta u$  and  $pit\bar{u}tu$ ) Practical Vocabulary Assur 295.

a.rá = \$u-ha-tum Proto-Kagal Bil. B 17; [a-ra] [A.D.] = \$u-ha-tum A I/1:201; A.RÁ DINGIR. RA KI =  $\mathring{u}$ -la(text-PA)-pa, A.RÁ DINGIR.RA KI A.RÁ : \$u-hat-tum (preceded by  $\$ip\bar{a}tu$ , \$irti Lú.síg.ùz) Uruanna III 547 f.;  $\mathring{u}$  zú.Lum.MA sA5 :  $\mathring{u}$  \$u-hat-ta-a-ti  $\$\acute{a}$   $tin\bar{u}ri$  ibid. 327; [21-1] b zig, [x].A $\mathring{s}$  = [it-tu]  $\$\acute{a}$  \$u-hat-t[i] Nabnitu I 236 f.

níg.kéš.da ki.a hur.ra [tú]g.a.rá su lú. ka du₈.a: maksûtu šā ina qaqqar eṣret šu-ḥat-tu ša ina zumur amēli paṭrat (see maksûtu) ASKT p. 86-87:73 and dupl., see Borger, AOAT 1 6. šu-ha-at-ti irrūšu // šu-uh-hi-it-ta-a-ti Hunger Uruk 36:15 (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet XIV).

- a) used for wiping clean: bētānu ša diqāri ina šu-ḥa-at-te tultanakkal you wipe the inside of the pot clean with a š. Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 18 i 18, p. 19 ii 16, p. 20f. ii 3 and 20 (MA); see also Uruanna III 327, in lex. section.
- b) as a piece of apparel: see ASKT, in lex. section; šu-ha-at-ti LUGAL ú-la-a[b-ba-šu-šu] akalu ina pani šarri ikkal šik[aru išatti] they will dress(?) him in a royal š., and he will eat bread and [drink] beer in the king's presence CT 22 247:38 (MB? let.).

Note also the entries [gada.a.DU lugal] ka-ad-ka-x-[ri-i]š lu-ga-al (pronunciation) = ši-hi-ta-[at šarri], gada.a. DU nin.dingir.ra ka-ad-ka-x-ri-iš i-ri-iš ti-gi-ra (pronunciation) = še-ši-[x]-ta-at i-ti Arnaud Emar 6 556:42f., which occur in the same context as the túg entries of Hh. XIX and on the basis of which the Sum. of Hh. XIX 292 should be restored as [túg.a].DU(!). See also suhattu.

# šuhātu s.; (mng. uncert.); SB (Elam).*

šumma GU-su irassu DAGAL-šu imittašu NU IGI šu-ha-ta-šu [S] $\Lambda_5$  ibašši lu MIN lu nukkur if its (the newborn piglet's) neck(?), chest, back(?), or shoulder is not conspicuous(?), (and) there is a red spot on its  $\delta$ ., or it is double, or strange Labat Suse 10 r. 9 (Izbu).

Possibly a variant of suhātu A.

*šuhehunu see šukênu.

# šuḥḥānu s.; plow yoked with two oxen; NB.*

2 GIŠ.APIN ša šinnû alpī šu-uḥ-ḥa-nu two two-oxen š.-plows BE 9 30:8, also (broken) Stolper Entrepreneurs and Empire No. 17:7f.; ŠE.NUMUN . . . 2 GIŠ.APIN šu-uḥ-ḥa-nu u 1 GUR uṭṭata ana ŠE.NUMUN . . . ibī in= šuhharampašha šuhhu A

namma please give me (for rent for three years) the field, two š.-plows, and one gur of barley for seed BE 9 26:4, cf. GIŠ. APIN a' 2 šu-uh-ha-nu . . . ittaššu he (agreed and) gave him the aforementioned two š.-plows ibid. 9, also ibid. 29:6 and 19.

Cardascia, RA 60 158; Salonen Agricultura 69.

šuḥḥarampašḥa s.; wet nurse's compensation; Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

(beside  $\S u-ku-na$ ) 50 (SÌLA) GIG.ME  $\S u-uh-ha-ra-am-pa-á\S-ha-a$  and  ${}^{\rm f}$ PN nadin HSS 13 362:19, cf. 1 An  $\S E \S E \S u-ha-ra-am-pa-á\S-ha$  and  ${}^{\rm f}$ PN  ${}_{2}$  ibid. 48; [x]  $\S E$  and  ${}^{\rm f}$ PN and  $\S u-uh-ha-ar-[x]$  HSS 14 597:28 (both translit. only).

Deller, Or. NS 53 107.

šuḥḥelu s.; (mng. unkn.); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

PN will make and deliver to PN₂ in MN one kusītu garment a year for five years šu-uḥ-x-lu ša kusīti ša PN₂-ma the š. of (or for) the kusītu also is PN₂'s (if PN does not make a kusītu every year, he will pay one ox) JEN 314:17.

The reading of the word is uncertain, since the third sign (collated) is damaged but is probably not -hé-. The kusītu garment to be made annually by the weaver (Zike son of Šerwija, see HSS 13 33:16 and HSS 14 593:2 where he is identified as an išparu) is elaborately decorated with dyed wools (see lines 1-7) and he is to deliver that as well as its š., suggesting a meaning such as "leftover raw materials" for the key word.

*šuḥḥittu s.; (mng. unkn.); SB*; only pl. šuḥḥi(ṭ) tāti attested.

 $\S u$ -ha-at-ti ir-ru- $\S u$  #  $\S u$ -uh-hi-it-ta-a-ti Hunger Uruk 36:15 (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet XIV).

šuhhu adj.; very long; SB*; cf. šâhu A.

gušūrē rabūti timmē şīrūti adappī šuhu-u(var. omits -u)-ti ša erēni šurmēni... magal ikbiruma išīhu lānu (I had hauled to Nineveh) huge beams, tall poles, and very long planks of cedar and cypress trees which had grown thick and tall in size Borger Esarh. 60 § 27 v 74.

šuhhu A s.; 1. buttocks, 2. (a part of the intestines), 3. (a stand or base); OB, MA, SB.

uzu.muru $b_x(SAL.LAGAB) = \&u-uh-hu, qinnatu$  Hh. XV 24a-b; [mu-r]u-u[b] SAL.LAGAB = &u-uh-hu, qinnatu Diri IV 183 f.; SAL+LAGAB **u-uh-hu, qinnatu Diri IV 183 f.; SAL+LAGAR **u-uh-hu, (preceded by Murúb with glosses qinnatum, hurdatum) OB Proto-Lu 240; uzu. & \(\delta\).lugal.nu. tuk = pi-i&u-uh-hu, min up-[pi], min kar-&i Hh. XV 114 ff.; [...] = [...] = &u-uh-[hu] Hg. B IV 14, in MSL 9 34; la.la.mu = &u-uh-hi Ugumu Bil. Section E 17; [...] = [min (= &i-ih-ha-tu) &a &u-u]h-hi Nabnitu B 84 f.

mu-šá-r[u] = šu-uḥ-ḥu von Weiher Uruk 37:15, cf. mu-šar(text-tir) šu-uḥ-ḥu ibid. 38:8 (both Izbu comm.), cf. mu-šá-[ru] = [\$]u-uḥ-ḥu Izbu Comm. 435; Murúb pu-ú // Murúb šu-uḥ-ḥu, Murúb // ūri ša sal CT 41 30:17 (Alu Comm.); [il]ku = šu-uḥ-hu Izbu Comm. 64; šú-ḥi-šú: šu-uḥ-ḥa-šú JNES 33 337:25 (NB med. comm.); Ku-sú ḥa-niq: šu-uḥ-ha-sú ḥa-di-iq Hunger Uruk 33 r. 5 (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet VII).

- 1. buttocks: emšēša šu-he-e-ša u raspalteša taṣammid you put a medicated bandage on the hypogastric region (of the woman in labor), her buttocks, and her inner thighs(?) Iraq 31 30:30 (MA med.), cf. šu-hi-šú rapaltišu taṣammid AMT 2,7:6; šapuhri šu-uḥ-hu ša imēri zikari zê kalbi zê namṣati tumallāma tapattan you will eat old cedar, a he-donkey's buttocks, having filled it with(?) dog turds and fly droppings TuL p. 19:17 (aluzinnu text), see Römer, Persica 7 64.
- 2. (a part of the intestines): šumma qerbū ana šu-uḥ-ḥi kamsu if the intestines are gathered toward the š. (preceded by ana karši, ana ḥabšūti) RA 65 70:23 (OB ext.), cf. qerbū šu-ḥu-um tīrānu surummum Starr Diviner 33:68 and 36:127 (OB ext. prayer); šumma tīrānu kīma gamlimma eliš (also:

šapliš) šu-uḥ-ḥa IGI.MEŠ if the convolutions (of the intestines) are like a curved staff, and face the š. at the top (also: the bottom) BRM 4 13:11f.

3. (a stand or base): lilissi siparri ina muḥḥi šu-uḥ-⟨hi⟩ [GUB] [...] the bronze kettledrum is placed on the š. RAcc. 115:13, see Lackenbacher, RA 71 46 r. 31, cf. lilissi ina muḥḥi šu-uḥ-ḥu ina panīšu iššakkan LKU 51:25; on the second day of each month urū.àm.me.er.ra.bi ina šēri ina muḥḥi šu-uḥ-ḥu ana Ištar (the prayer) "the city that was destroyed" (is recited) in the morning in front of the š. for Ištar TCL 6 48:3, cf. (on the 15th day) ina muḥḥi šu-uḥ-ḥu é.tùr.gin_x(GIM).nigin.na.a ana Anu TCL 6 48:12, also ibid. 13; in broken context: lu [šu]-uḥ-ḥa-ka (addressing Bēl) Pallis Akîtu pl. 9:24, šu-uḥ-ḥa ibid. pl. 10 r. 14.

# šuhhu B s.; (a festival?); OB Alalakh.*

 $\bar{u}m \, \&u-u\dot{h}-\dot{h}i$  Wiseman Alalakh 38 edge (omitted from translit. in Wiseman Alalakh p. 44 and from copy in JCS 8 6), cf.  $ina \, \bar{u}m \, \&u-u\dot{h}-\dot{h}i$  (on envelope) ATT/131 9/153 (coll. Dietrich and Loretz), see Arnaud, BiOr 26 317.

# šuhhû adj.; destroyed(?), ruined(?); SB.

sukkī parakkī nēmedī uşurāti šuḥ-ḥa-a-te ana ašrišina utīr I re-established the shrines, daises, cult platforms, and the destroyed ground plans Borger Esarh. 5 vi 17; ekurrāte šu-uḥ-ḥa-a-te uddiša anāku I restored the destroyed temples AfO 25 39:32 (prayer to Ištar).

von Soden, AfO 25 44.

šuḥhû A v.; 1. to have (illicit) sexual intercourse, 2. II/2 (passive to mng. 1); OB, SB; II, II/2; cf. tašhītu.

1. to have (illicit) sexual intercourse: NIN.DINGIR.RA šu(text SU)-ħa-at pašīšu eli ili la ṭāb the high priestess will have sexual intercourse, the purification priest will not be acceptable to the god TCL 6

4:6, also CT 31 44 obv.(!) i 15 (both SB ext.), with comm.: šá MIN šu-uh-hu-ú KI.MIN-'-ú (i.e., šu'û) . . . NIN.DINGIR.RA innâk ibid. 16 ff.; rihûssu kīma ša itti sinništi uš-ta-hu-u₁₆(UM) SUB-su his semen flows(?) like (that of) one who engages in sexual intercourse with a woman Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 227:6, see ibid. p. 246 f., cf. von Weiher Uruk 22 i 20.

2. II/2 (passive to mng. 1): uš-taḥḥa-a // aš-šum re-ḥu-ú na-a-ku — uštaḥḍâ
is said on account of reḥû, (that is) nāku
(to have illicit sexual intercourse) TCL 6 17
r. 32 f. (astrol. comm.); ēnum uš-ta-aḥ-ḥa RA
44 30:49 (OB ext.), also (ugbabtum) ibid. 27:41;
ēnu uš-taḥ-ḥa Boissier Choix 63:8 (SB ext.),
also Boissier DA 226:21; NIN.DINGIR uš-taḥḥa KAR 153:14, r. 21, cf. NIN.DINGIR.RA.
MEŠ uš-taḥ-ḥa-a ACh Supp. 2 Sin 1 iv 24, also
Thompson Rep. 94 r. 3, 108:3, 143:8, LBAT
1532:17.

The entry ** $kutahh\bar{a}$ 'u (HSS 5 53:23) cross-referenced s.v. to  $\delta uhh\hat{u}$  is to be read as the geographical name  $ku-u\delta-\langle\delta u\rangle-uh-ha-a-\hat{u}$ , see Dosch and Deller, Lacheman AV 104 f.

šuḥhû B v.; to remove, abolish; OB, Elam, SB; II.

- a) in OB, Elam: mašūssu šaknat mamman hawir sukkir ša mašūssu ú-šà-ah-hu-ú his freedom from obligations is established, any future ruler who removes his freedom from obligations (shall perish) MDP 23 282:22, also MDP 28 397:13, 398:16, VAS 767:19; 2 kanīkū ina UD.16 šu-hu-ú ša illiam sār two sealed dockets from the 16th day have been withdrawn, (any docket) which turns up is void Weitemeyer No. 73:24.
- b) in SB: you throw that linen cloth down at the gate of a tavern UD.15.KAM tu-šá-ab-ba-am-ma (var. tu-sá-ab-ba-ma) // tubharamma on the 15th day you remove it, variant: you wait (for 15 days) Or. NS 36 11:15′ (namburbi).

šuḥhû C šuḥruru

For Atr. (Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs) 94:41 see seh@ v. mng. 2b.

Arnaud, BiOr 26 316 f.

# šuhhû C v.; to ruin, destroy; SB*; II.

su-nu-[ki] damqa qadūtu li-še-eḥ-ḥi(var. li-šaḥ-ḥi) (Enkidu cursed the prostitute) May mud ruin your fine sūnu garment (may a drunkard stain your festive garment with vomit) UET 6 394:16 and dupls. (Gilg. VII), see Landsberger, RA 62 124, and transfer this ref. from sūnu A to sūnu B.

šuḥīnu s.; (a brazier?); (OB and SB) Elam; ef. šahānu.

1 nēpītu x itqurētu x šu-hi-nu MDP 22 151:11; ina šu-hi-ni tušeššebšu tuqattaršu you seat him over a š. (and) fumigate him Labat Suse 11 v 24 (med.), ina šu-hi-ni 3-šu tušeššebšu ibid. vi 4.

In the NB letter CT 54 55 r. 9 (context obscure), the personal name Šu-zib-in-ni-[DN] may occur.

Labat Suse p. 258.

#### šuhnu s.; heat; lex.*; cf. šahānu.

lú.izi. [tag]. ga =  $laptam \, \&u-uh-nim (text -tim)$  heat stricken OB Lu B iv 37.

immu, &u-uh-nu = &arhu An IX 10f., also LTBA 2 1 iv 37 and dupl. 2:103; tumru, &u-uh-nu = i&atu LTBA 2 1 iv 27 and dupl. 2:92.

#### šuhru s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

sag.gùn.gùn.nu = &u-uh-ru &a alli Nabnitu J 201.

šuhru see šahūru B, šu'ru, and šūru adj.

šuḥrû s.; (mng. uncert.); Mari*; WSem.(?) word.

šE ekallim...ušēṣidu šu-uḥ-ri-i[m] ana maškanim assukma I had the palace barley harvested and piled the š. on the threshing floor ARM 3 31:8, see Edzard, ZA 56 148.

*šuḥrubu (fem. šuḥrubtu) adj.; uncultivated, waste; SB*; cf. harābu.

kigallu šu-uḥ-ru-ub-tu ša ina šarrāni maḥrûte epinna la idû uncultivated areas which did not know a plow under former kings Lyon Sar. 6:36 and dupls.; [...] x šu-uḥ-ru-bat £.KUR (in broken context) BA 5 387 r. 3.

šuḥruru v.; 1. to lay waste, 2. III/2 to be laid waste; SB; III ušaḥrir (ušəḥarrir Iraq 16 192 vii 60), III/2.

urú nimgir.[ra] nu.mu.un.na.ab.sì.ga.ri ní.bi nu.mu.un.na.ab.sì.g[a.ri] : ālu ša nāgiri la usaḥḥirušu ina ra-<ma>-ni-šú uš-ta-taḥri-ir the city around which the herald no longer makes his rounds has been laid waste (or error for uštaḥrir has become silent) by itself SBH 31 No. 14:1-3.

- 1. to lay waste: apu u qīša ú-šaḥra-ár-ma kî dGirri aqa[mmu] I will devastate reed marsh and rush thicket, I will burn them like the Fire god Cagni Erra 88 He 28;  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}ah$ -ra-ru(var. -bu)  $rib\bar{\imath}ti$  ibid. 40; šarrāni ša māt Ḥatti ú-šaḥ-ri-ru šubatšunu the kings of Hatti laid waste their habitations STT 43:9 (Shalm. III), see W. G. Lambert, AnSt 11 150; ina sēri ih[tanabbatu] ú- $\delta ah - ri - ru(var. - bu) n[am \ell \delta u]$  in the plain (the people of GN) plundered and laid waste its pasture land Iraq 7 101:4, var. from 3R 29 r. 9 (= Streck Asb. 166);  $nag\hat{u} \check{s}u\tilde{a}tu$  . . .  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}ab$ -ri-ir(var. -ib)-ma  $\acute{s}aqummatu$  atbukPiepkorn Asb. 52 iii 51; Arameans and Sutians had pitched their camps in the desert and uš-har-ri-ru mētigšu made its roads desolate Iraq 16 192 vii 60 (Sar.); for *šuḥrur ṣēru* KUB 4 47 r. 39 see *šuḥarruru*.
- 2. III/2 to be laid waste: URU BI in-nam-di-ma uš-taḥ-ra-ár that city will be abandoned and laid waste CT 41 28 r. 20, URU BI uš-taḥ-ra-ár CT 40 43 K.2259+ r. 7, Wr. uš-taḥ-ḥar-ma (error for uštaḥrar-ma?) uššab ibid. 8; É.GAL BI uš-taḥ-ra-ár Boissier DA 104:30 (all SB Alu); see also SBH, in lex. section.

šuḥruru šuḥû

The variants *šuhrubu* for *šuhruru* (Cagni Erra IIc 40, 3R 29 r. 9, Piepkorn Asb. 52 iii 51), see Borger, BiOr 14 119 note to CAD H p. 87f., may indicate a conflation of *šuhrubu* and *šuharruru*; see also *šuharruru*.

šuhruru see šuharruru v.

šuhsilu see suhsilu.

šuhsu see suhsu.

Suḥtu s.; verdigris, patina, rust; Mari, Elam, SB; wr. syll. and SAḤAR.URUDU (SAḤAR.UD.KA.BAR KUB 29 58+ v 32).

[urudu.sahar.uru]du = šu-uh-tú Hh. XI 432; še-en sahar.urudu = šu-uh-tum Diri VI E 91; še-em, še-ek-nu, ša-ša-ba-nu-úr, sa-ba-nu-úr urudu.sahar.urudu = min ibid. 92 ff.; [urudu]^{še-en}iš = šu-uh-[tu], ìl-su-u[n] sumun = tu-up-[tu] Antagal Fragment b i 1 f.; še-en dub = šu-uh-tum, ú-ru-du dub = e-ru-ú A III/5: 10 f., also Ea III 202 f.; za-bar ud.ka.bar = šu-uh-tum A III/3: 201.

šen šu.gur an.na su dingir.re.e.ne in. dím.ma: šu-uḥ-tú šu.gur ša Anim <ša> ana <...> epšu the verdigris, the .... of Anu, made for the body of gods Studien Falkenstein 246:6.

ڻ kám-me AŠGAB: τ šu-uḥ-tú Uruanna II 365; [τ šim].Bi.zi: τ šu-uḥ-tú ibid. III 479, cf. Köcher Pflanzenkunde p. 8 No. 32b i 28; šim.zi <:> šuuḥ-tú, saḥar <:> min, šim.bi.zi <:> min ibid. 22 iii 10 (= Köcher Uruanna III 518).

mammu / S[u]-u-tu Lambert BWL 54 line j (Ludlul III Comm.).

- a) in gen.: patarni ina la ṭabāhi itt[ad]i šu-uḥ-tū our swords have become rusty for lack of slaughter CagniErraI91; uncert.: URUDU šu(or ru)-uḥ-ta (in broken context, in division of property) MDP 23 177:6.
- b) as ingredient in salves: SAHAR. URUDU ša šEN.TUR ina himēti tasāk you mix verdigris from a (copper) kettle with ghee (as a salve for eyes) Köcher BAM 510 i 9, cf. ibid. 515 i 51, 62, 64, iii 13, etc., also ibid. 480 ii 3, (in broken context) ibid. 580 v 4; SAHAR.URUDU ina ì.GIŠ [. . .] Hunger Uruk No. 50:15 (med. comm.); uncert.: [. . .] dišip šadî šu-hat kù.GI tasāk teqqi Köcher BAM 480 i 47 and dupl. ND 4405/16:8 (courtesy

D. J. Wiseman); note *šu-uḥ-ta ša aškāpi ina* KUŠ.EDIN [. . .] verdigris from the leatherworker on a . . . . (used for making an eye salve) Köcher BAM 510 i 7 and dupl. AMT 20,2:5 (joined to Köcher BAM 514, see Geller, ZA 74 293).

- c) in magic contexts: ūm rihūssu işar: ruru . . . šu-úh-tu(vars. -ta, -tú) inaššiqma ēl should his semen (still) be dripping, he should kiss verdigris (parallel: he should touch iron), and he will be clean Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 233:86'; (if a pregnant woman is bloated) SAHAR.URUDU tušeșșenšima NÍG.KALA.GA **(URUDU)** ina'es you have her sniff the patina of a copper drum and she will get well Köcher BAM 240:26; SAHAR.UD.KA.BAR ša pan salmi verdigris from the front side of a bronze statue (for a phylactery) KUB 29 58+ v 32, see Meier, ZA 45 210; uncert.: I gave strict orders to the officers ummami asak DN u DN₂ ša šu-uh-tam i-l[e-...] in these terms: "Anyone who [...] verdigris [infringes upon] a taboo of Adad and Šamaš" (followed by a ref. to ruggātim copper kettles, in fragm. context) ARM 5 72:13.
- d) in transferred meaning: see, explaining mammû "frost" by š. "tarnish?" Lambert BWL 54 line j, in lex. section.

In K.1034+ (= CT 53 17 r. 20) read *šu-ub-tú*. Thompson DAC 71.

šuhtu s.; anger; OA, SB; cf. šahātu C.

ina šu-hu-ut libbija . . . gimir karāšija harrān māt Aššur ušasbit in my anger I ordered my entire army to take the road to Assyria TCL 3 313 (Sar.), also ibid. 215, see ZA 34 116, cf. also Winckler Sar. p. 33:84 and 97, Lie Sar. 85; aššumini šu-hu-ut libbim la ta-x-x-x do not become angry on account of us (beside lumun libbim . . . la tarašši line 15) KTS 4b:26 (OA, coll. K. R. Veenhof).

šuhû (fem. šuhītu) adj.; (mng. uncert.); EA.*

ištēn eršu ušî hurāṣa šu-[ha(?)]-a u narskabtu šu-hi-tu ina hurāṣi (send) one ebony bed decorated(?) with gold and a gold decorated(?) chariot (and horses and textiles) EA 34:20f. (let. from Alašia).

šuhû see šu'û B.

šūhu (or šašūhu) s.; (mng. unkn.); MB.*

šumma . . . URU.KI.MEŠ ša ālik urkīti ina pani ša šu-hi ibaššû bīta šāšu . . . [l]ik= širu if there are settlements of . . . ., let them repair that temple JCS 6 144 Ni. 615 r. 16 (let.).

*šūḥu s.; (a small melon); lex.*; only pl.  $\delta \bar{u}h\bar{a}ni$  attested.

Ú.UKÚŠ.TUR.TUR =  $\delta u$ -ha-ni (for context see  $qi\delta\delta u$  lex. section) Practical Vocabulary Assur 50.

šuhulhu s.; (a wool or textile); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

13 pahussu 3 ma.na x(-)šu-hu-ul-hu (among stolen wool and textiles) JEN 125:6, see C. Gordon, RA 33 2.

The damaged sign (collated, copy accurate) after 3 ma.na is either sig or the initial syllable of the word.

šuḥunni s.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi*; Hurr. word; only Hurr. gen.(?) attested.

12 mardātu GAL.MEŠ-du ša kulinaš 2 mardātu GAL.MEŠ ša tamkarķu ša šu-ķ[uun-ni-we] (see kulinaš) HSS 13 431:33 (= RA 36 204f.), cf. 20 mardātu TUR.MEŠ ša šu-ķu-un-ni-we 13 mardātu ša erši ibid. 34.

Laroche Glossaire Hourrite 240.

šuhuppatu (suhuppatu, šuhuptu, suhuptu, šahuppatu) s.; boot(?); from OA, OB on; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. (with det. Kuš) and šuhub(šú.Mul), (Kuš.)šuhub (Mul); cf. šuhuppu.

šu-ḫu-ub (var. šu-ḫúb) šť. $\mathtt{MUL} = \mathit{šu-hu-up-pa-tu}(\mathtt{var.} \ \mathit{-tum})$  (var.  $\mathit{su-húp-pa-tú})$  Ea I 349; šu-ḫ[u]-ub šť. $\mathtt{M[UL]} = [\mathit{su]-hu-pa-tu}$  Ea II 281; šu-

hu-ub šť. $MUL = \delta u - hu-up-pa-tum$  (vars.  $\delta u - hup-tum$ , su - h[u-u]p-tum) S^b II 42; sú-húb MUL = sú - húp-pu-um, sú - húp-pa-tum MSL 14 94:140:1 f. (Proto-Aa); [šu-hu-ub] [šť.MUL] =  $\delta a - hu-pa-tum$  = (Hitt.) iš-tap-pa-an-da KBo 26 34 iv 10, see Otten and von Soden, StBoT 7 41 (Sa Voc.); [kuš].  $\delta u - hu - hu$  [síu]- $\delta u - hu$  (followed by types and varieties) Hh. XI 177, see MSL 9 199, dupl. von Weiher Uruk 52 v 1-5.

[kuš].e.sír kù kuš.[šuḥub] za.gìn.na. mu: [šēnu e]lletu šu-ḥu-up-pat uq-ni-i BM 38593+ i 11 (unpub., courtesy I. L. Finkel), cf. (Akk. broken) ibid. iii 37.

zunzunnatu = še-e-nu, šu-hu-pa-tú (var. šu-huppa-tum) Malku II 232 f.; [sallap]ittu = še-nu кuš. Suңuв СТ 18 9 К.4233+ ii 37.

- a) in OA: 3 šu-hu-pá-tum ša [zakkarī] 10 ša sinnišātim three pairs of men's boots, ten of women's RA 58 60 Sch. 4:6; šu-hu-pí-tí-in kunukkīa PN naš'akkum PN is bringing you two boots under my seal Kienast ATHE 64:47; 1 ištēnītīn šēnīn ša GN pūh šu-hu-pa-tim (see šēnu A mng. 1a-1') VAT 9281:12.
- b) in OB, Mari, Rimah -1' in gen.: anumma x kaspam Kuš. Šuhúb. Hi. A u x ša: maššammī PN uštābilakki herewith I am sending you (fem.) one shekel of silver, boots, and thirty silas of linseed oil with PN TLB 4 68:9; 5 tāpal KUŠ.ŠUḤÚB...ana LÚ.MEŠ *Lullî ina* KUŠ.ŠUHÚB *ša iškār* PN five pairs of s.-boots (issued) to men of GN from the s.-boots of PN's work assignment OBT Tell Rimah 195: 1 and 4, also ibid. 196:1; 14 KUŠ me-še-en ŠUHÚB 9 KUŠ  $me\check{s}\bar{e}n\bar{u}$  sag 16 kuš  $me\check{s}\bar{e}n\bar{u}$  armt 22 324 iii 10, also ibid. 301:2', cf. KUŠ mešēn ŠUḤÚВ Kuš mešēnū sag patinnū kaballū (and perfume should be delivered regularly to the king) ARM 18 27:13, cf. 2  $patinn\bar{u}$ 1 KUŠ mešēn ŠUHÚB 4 KUŠ mešēnū SAG ARMT 22 167 r. 23', also ibid. 150:17', ARMT for other refs. see mešēnu 23 43:15, usage b.
- 2' varieties: KUŠ [m]e- $\delta[e$ -e]n ŠUḤÚB  $\delta a$  SAL ARM 18 22 : 15; 35 KUŠ  $me\delta\bar{e}n$  ŠUḤÚB  $\delta a$  aluzinn $\bar{i}$  ARMT 22 324 iii 20; 2  $[t\bar{a}p]al$  KUŠ  $me\delta\bar{e}n$  ŠUḤÚB SAG 2  $[t\bar{a}p]al$  KUŠ  $me\delta\bar{e}n\bar{i}$  SAG ibid. 112 : 6; 1 KUŠ  $me\delta\bar{e}n\bar{i}$  SUḤÚB SAG 12 KUŠ  $me\delta\bar{e}n\bar{u}$  SAG 155 KUŠ  $me\delta\bar{e}n\bar{u}$

# šuhuppu

UŠ ibid. 324 iv 7, also ARMT 23 448: 79, 449: 89, 1 kuš mešēn šuhúb sag šūlūtum ana bīt ^dIM *§a Halab* ARMT 23 535 iii 17, also ibid. 536:22; KUŠ mešēn ŠUHÚB SAG ARM 18 27:8, ARMT 22 314:3, 315 iii 2, ARMT 23 230:8, 378:1 (= MARI 5 368 and 399), 447:7, 448:48, 450:65.

c) in EA, Nuzi, MA: 10  $\S U \times U \S \mathscr{S} u$ hu-up-pát-tum ten pairs (?) of š.-s EA 25 ii 41, cf. 10 šu kuš. šuhub. meš EA 22 iii 25 (both lists of gifts of Tušratta); eight women itti TÚG.MEŠ-Šu-nu itti KUŠ Šu-hu-up-[pa]-ti-šu-nu ... ana  $q\bar{a}ti$  PN ... nadnu entrusted to PN with their garments (and) their §.-s HSS 16 399:13, also (in similar contexts) ibid. 398:10 and 401:18; 3 tapalū KUŠ *šēnū* 3 *tāpalū* KUŠ *šu-hu-pát-tù*.MEŠ Genava 15 18 No. 9:2, [iltēn] nūtu KUŠ šu-hu $up-p\acute{a}t-t\grave{u}$  ibid. 15 No. 7:16 (all Nuzi);  $ilt\bar{e}ni\bar{a}tu$ KUŠ šu-hu-pa-tu KUR (Ku>-mu-ha-ia-tu one pair of s.-s of GN style Iraq 35 13:18 (MA); a woman of the harem, without express permission, may not send for [KU] §  $\delta u$ -hu-pa-a-te (var. KUŠ.ŠUHUB) u $mim[ma \ \S um\S u]$  AfO 17 274:43 (MA harem edicts), var. from YBC 7148:11', see Beckman and Foster, Sachs Mem. Vol. 5 No. 2.

For the logogram KUŠ.DA.E.SÍR/SIR in NA to be read mešēnu, see Stol, RLA 6 540.

šuhuppu (suhuppu) s.; 1. wheel rim,

Salonen Fußbekleidung 46 ff.; Stol, RLA 6 539 f.

2. (uncert. mng.); NB; Sum. lw.; cf. *šuhuppatu*.

sú-hub  $\mathtt{MUL} = sú-húp-pu-um, sú-húp-pa-tum$   $\mathtt{MSL}$ 14 94:140:1 f. (Proto-Aa);  $[gi.\dot{e}] n.bar = app\bar{a}ru$ , gi.èn.bar.šuhub, gi.èn.bar.dùg.ga = šu-huppu, gi.[èn.bar].an.né.bir = tu-bu-ú Hh. VIII

- 1. wheel rim: bronze given to the smiths ana mandītu ša šu-hu-up ša attari ša DN for the mountings of the wheel rim of the attaru wagon of Irragal Nbn. 1012:4.
- 2. (uncert. mng.): see (probably denoting a reed marsh) Hh. VIII, in lex. section.

Salonen Landfahrzeuge 118f.

šuhuptu see šuhuppatu.

šuhuraptu s.; (mng. unkn.); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

6 LÚ.MEŠ annûtu ašar bīt qarīti [ša šuhul-ra-ap-ti KI.MIN (= inassaru) (these are) the six men who guard the storehouse of š. (parallels: bīt qarīti ša kamari, ša  $kir\hat{i}$ , ša PN, ša libbi  $\bar{a}li$ ) HSS 16 356:25.

šuhurratu see šahurratu.

šuhurriš see šuharriš.

šuhurru see šaharru adj.

šuhurruru see šuharruru v.

šuhuršānu see šuhuru.

s.; (a vessel); **šuhuru** (or *šuhuršānu*) MB Alalakh.*

1 šu-hu-ur ša i (or read šu-hu-ur-šani) kừ.gi one gold š. for oil(?) (among zoomorphic vessels) Wiseman Alalakh 390:8, see Deller, Bagh. Mitt. 16 335 f.

šuhūru see šahūru A.

šuhutinnū see šuhatinnū.

**šu'ibta** s.; (a libation vessel or dipper); EA*; Egyptian (originally WSem.) word.

1 kukkubu ša abni šu-i-ib-da šumšu one glass jar, called s. (in Egyptian) EA 14 iii 61 (list of gifts from Egypt).

Lambdin, Or. NS 22 368.

šuiginakku (šuginakku) s.; barber; MB, SB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and (Lú) šu.i. GI.NA.

šu.i = gallabu, šu.i.gi.na = šu-ku Lu I 154 f.;lú. šu. i =  $gall\bar{a}bu$ , lú. šu. i.  $\langle gi \rangle$ . na =  $\S U$ -ku Igituh short version 236 f.

um.me.a nu.èš pa4.šeš ù šu.gi.na.ku ki. a.tu₅.a.šè mu.ni.íb.ku₄.ku₄.ne zag.si.il. si.il.la5.a.ni igi in.pà.pà.de.ne zag.sag. šuillakku šuillakku

du.a.ni.ta kir₄.šu.si.a.ni.ta igi [ba.an]. du₈.du₈.ne: ummānu nēšakku aḥu rabū u šu-gi-na-ku ašar ramku ušerrebušu mešrêtišu upaqqadu ištu pāṭ qaqqadišu adi appi ubānātišu ittanaplasušu the master (of the temple school), the nēšakku priest, the "elder brother" functionary, and the š. lead him (the priest to be initiated) into the room for the ritual bathing, examine his limbs, and look him over from the top of his head down to the tips of his toes Borger, BiOr 30 164:5f.

- a) in lit.: Gimil-Ninurta ana maḥar Lú.Š[U.I.G]I.NA [ēterub] ugallibma kal pērz tišu PN visited the barber and had all his hair shaved off (to resemble a physician) STT 38:115 (Poor Man of Nippur), see Gurney, AnSt 6 154.
- **b)** other occs.: (rations to) PN §U. I.GI.NA BE 15 120:9; as "family name": PN DUMU  $^{\rm m}$ LÚ.ŠU.I.GI.NA-ki PBS 2/2 116:8 (both MB).

For BiOr 10 14:11 see šuginû in ša šuginê.

**šuillakku** s.; (a prayer, lit. "of raised hands"); SB, NA, NB; Sum. lw.; pl.  $\S uillakk\bar{a}nu$ ; wr. syll. and  $\S U.fL.L\acute{A}/LA$  (usually with phon. complement) ( $\S U.fL$  DN.KAM KAR 25 i 20, STT 55:25 and 49,  $\S U.fL-ku$  KAR 252 i 78).

- a) in lit. catalogs (associated or contrasted with other types of prayers): KI.

  dutu.kam šu.fl.la.kam u dingir.ša.
  dib.ba.[kam] Kar 44:4 (Exorcist's Manual);
  šu.nigin 47 šu.fl.la.kam.meš a total
  of 47 š.-s (preceded by balag and ér.
  šèm.ma compositions) 4R 53 iv 29, cf.
  (heading the list of š.-s) šu.fl.la.kam.
  me[š] aš.[meš] individual(?) š.-s ibid.
  iii 43.
- b) in subscripts and colophons: [DUB x KÁM] [ŠU.fL.LÁ].KAM.MEŠ-[ni] BMS 18:21, also Rm. 2,232 r. 2', cited Mayer Gebets-beschwörungen p. 26; [DUB x KAM É]N ŠU. fL.LÁ.KAM-ni BMS 47 r. 9; KA.INIM.MA ŠU.fL.LÁ DN.KAM BMS 1:28 and 52, 2:9 and 42, 3:9, 4:8 and 23, and passim, note Wr. ŠU. fL.LA BMS 11:41, KAR 23 i 18, 25 iii 12, LKA 50 r. 11, (adding DN.ke_x(KID)) BMS 18:18,

47:6, LKA 47 r. 5; KA.INIM ŠU.ÍL  $^{\rm d}$ AG.KAM KAR 25 i 20; KA.INIM.MA ŠU.ÍL.LÁ DN DINGIR.ŠÀ.[DIB.BA.GUR.RU.DA.KAM] Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 83:12'; [KA].INIM.MA ŠU. ÍL.LÁ ÉR.ŠÀ.ḤUN.GÁ.DN.KE_x 4R 55 No. 2 r. 6; KA.INIM.[M]A ŠU.ÍL.LÁ DINGIR.RA KA.DUḤ.Ù.DA.[KAM] STT 200:82; KA.INIM ŠU.ÍL.LÁ.KAM  $\dot{s}ibit\ tul\hat{e}\ \dot{s}a\ munatti\ KAR$  228 r. 12.

- c) in rit. 1' in cultic contexts: LÚ. UŠ.KU.MEŠ ikalla . . . nigiu inassah šu.íl. LÁ.KAM  $f[L-\dot{s}i]$  (the king) holds back the lamentation chanters, makes a sacrifice and recites the (appropriate) §. van Driel Cult of Aššur 135: 20, see Menzel Tempel 2 T 47; as soon as Anu arrives at the wharf of the Boat of Heaven Lú.Maš.Maš.Meš u Lú. TU.É.MEŠ ÉN giš.má.gur, mu.un.us ŠU.ÍL.LA.KE, and dAnum íl-ú the exorcists and the clergy recite the s. (beginning) "he has boarded the boat" to Anu BRM 47:17; when Anu takes his seat on the dais of destiny [LÚ].UŠ.KU izzazma . . . šu.íl.lá.kam ina muhhi palag[gi inašši] the lamentation chanter steps forward and recites the s. prayer (specified in the text) to the accompaniment of a lyre RAcc. 110:20; the high priest removes the curtain from before Bēl and Bēltija šu. íl. Lá annâ ana Bēl inašši ana Bēl ikriba šuāti iqabbi and recites the following š. to Bel, blessing Bel in these words RAcc. 134:220, cf. Lú.uš.ku.man . . . en nir. gál.la [. . .] šu.íl.lá.kam ana DN inašši ibid. 91:5, cf. also 103 iv 23; (at foundation ceremonies) nigâ aggi . . . attaši šu.íl. LÁ(var. omits .LÁ).KAM Lyon Sar. p. 9:60.
- 2' in apotropaic context: [KA.IN]IM. MA ša pan Šamaš šu.íl-ku inaššīma pašir he recites the text of the prayer with raised hands in front of DN and he will be released KAR 252 i 78, cf. ana pan Šamaš šu.íl.la imannūma pašir Dream-book 340 K.3333:3'; ana pan Ištar nignak burāši [tašakkan] miḥha tanaqqi šu.íl.lá 3-šú ta[mannu] you set up a censer filled with juniper before Ištar, libate beer, and three

šuillakku šukāmu

times recite the prayer (to Ištar) with uplifted hands BMS 8:21, see Ebeling Handerhebung p. 62, cf. BMS 13:14; (when it is continually thundering) nignak burāši ina NE GIŠ.Ú.GÍR tasarraq [ŠU].ÍL.L[A-šu l]i-iš-ši-ma šimāt you scatter acacia coals upon a censer of juniper, he shall recite the š. prayer (to Adad), and it will be heard BMS 21:75 (coll. F. W. Geers), cf. ibid. 36:8.

d) in NA and NB letters dealing with exorcistic matters: nēpešānu ŠU.ÍL.LA. KAM-a-nu maltaru ša abnāti ša ana šarrūti tābi . . . bu'animma šūbilani search for rituals, §. prayers, and lists of (magical) stones fit for royal use and have them dispatched to me CT 22 1:23 (NB let. of Asb.); NAM.BÚR.BI HUL DÙ.A.BI . . . ÉR.ŠÀ.HUN. GÁ.MEŠ ša Nergal u šu-il-la-ka-nu ša Nergal Lú. Engar līpuš ina šà nam. búr. BI  $u \, \delta u - il - la - ka - nu \, li \, \delta \delta at[ir] \, umma$  the (king addressed as) farmer should perform the universal namburbi, penitential psalms to Nergal, and the s. prayers of Nergal, it should be written as follows in the namburbi ritual and the §. prayers CT 53 8:2 ff., see Parpola LAS No. 334, cf.  $k\hat{\imath}$ annî ina nam.búr.bi u šu-il-la-ka-nu liš: šaţir ibid. r. 6 (NB); ina 7 ūmē šu.íl.kamni ša ina pan ilāni mušīti u NAM.BÚR.BI HUL DÙ.A.BI issēniš ineppaš (those) seven days (both) the s. prayer cycle before the nocturnal gods and the universal namburbi are performed ABL 370 r. 1, see Parpola LAS No. 203, cf. SU.IL. LÁ.KAM.MEŠ *ša pan Sin u* NAM.BÚR.BI ⟨HUL⟩ DÙ.A.BI issēniš ana mār šarri . . .  $l\bar{e}pu\check{s}u$  ABL 23 r. 10, see Parpola LAS No. 185; 3 [Š]U.ÍL.LÁ.KAM.MEŠ ša pan [DN] 3 ša pan Sin 3 ša pan [DN3] 2 min ša pan mul. KAK.SI.SÁ 2 MIN ša pan MUL Şalba[tānu] ibid. 5; the king knows that ašipu UD. HUL.GÁL-e la tāba šu.fl.lá.kam la inašši it is not good for an exorcist to perform a š. prayer on a holiday ibid. 22; [š]U. fl.lá.kam.meš [ša pan] Ṣalbatānu [...] kajamānu [neppaš] we are continually performing s.-s before Mars ABL 1401 r. 4',

see Parpola LAS No. 233; ina ITI.ZÍZ ŠU. ÍL.KAM.MEŠ NAM.BÚR.BI HUL kišpī u ša di'i šibţu nētapaš (see šibţu A usage a-1') ABL 977:17, see Parpola LAS No. 218 (all NA); [...]-[ú] lēpušu u ŠU.ÍL.L[A.KAM.MEŠ... m] ala ibaššū ittî [lī]pu[šu] they should perform [...] and they should perform all existing š. prayers [for/to...] in addition Thompson Rep. 243:8 (NB).

Some of the refs. listed under usage c are possibly to be read  $n\bar{\imath}\check{s}$   $q\bar{a}ti$ , see  $n\bar{\imath}\check{s}u$  B lex. section and mng. 2, and  $na\check{s}\hat{u}$  A mng. 6  $(n\bar{\imath}\check{s}u)$ .

Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen p. 25 ff.

*šu'inannakku (or *šuinninakku) For refs. wr. šu. dinnin, to be read as a Sum. lw. or as Akk. qāt ištari, see qātu mng. 1e-1'b'-2'' and ištaru mng. 1d.

*šuinninakku see *šu'inannakku.

šuītu see šu'ētu.

**šukammu see šukkammu.

šukāmu s.; scribal skill; OB, SB.

Nabû . . . rapša uzni tāmih qan tuppi āhizu šu-ka-mi(var. -me) Nabû, wise one, who holds the stylus, who has command of the scribal skill 1R 35 No. 2:4 (Adn. III), cf. rapša uzni āšiši šu-ka-a-mu (see āšišu mng. 1) ZA 61 50:42 and 44, cf. also [er] šu palkû hāmim šu-ka-mu Ebeling Handerhebung 110:7, restored from dupl. cited von Soden, ZA 61 63, [...] uzni palkû ... ša šu-ka-mu ham= mu Rm. 569 r. 2;  $Nab\hat{u}$  . . .  $i\check{s}ruk\check{s}u$   $\check{s}u$ ka-ma Nabû bestowed on him (Nabonidus) (knowledge of) the scribal skills CT 36 21 i 10, dupl. RA 11 110 i 10 (Nbn.); [...] tuppāni mali šu-ka-mi Lambert BWL 82:205 (Theodicy), restored from BM 47745, courtesy W. G. Lambert; the goddess Mama massû: tam šu-ka-am expert in scribal skills HS "175" (= HS 1884) iii 12, also iii 9, cited von Soden, JNES 19 166 f. (OB).

šukannunu šukênu

šukannunu see sukanninu.

šukānu s.; ornament, jewelry; OAkk., SB, NA; cf. šakānu.

 $[\S u]$ -ka-né-e-a za'nāku I (Gula) am adorned with my jewelry Or. NS 36 126:161 (SB hymn to Gula); 14 abnē sammahūte tiqni ilūti šu-ka-ni DN u DN, aššatišu (see sum: muhu) TCL 3 391 (Sar.); šumma ana sin= ništi ithēma mimma šu-ka-ni-šá itbal if (a man) has intercourse with a woman and carries off some of her jewelry JCS 29 66:3 (SB omens); adu šu-ka-ni-šá adu KI. (in broken context) меš*-šá* 68:12 (NA rit.); ēzib šu-ka-an šarrūtišu ina [...] he left his royal ornaments in [...] AfO 18 46:9 (Tn.-Epic); lu ana dumāqišu lu ana šu-ka-an s $\bar{a}b\bar{e}\bar{s}[u]$  KAH 2 92:6 (Tn. II); 1 su-ga-nu kù.babbar maškanat ki.lal. BI 15 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR one silver ornament is deposit, its weight is 15 shekels of silver MDP 2 p. 7 ii 12, 10 vi 8, cf. Su. NIGÍN 1 su-ga-nu kù.babbar maškanat ibid. 7 iii 10, 10 vii 5 (Maništušu Obelisk); note in absolute state: šu-ka-an gerebša la inašši (a future ruler) must not remove even one piece of adornment from it (my palace) AKA 247 v 30 (Asn.); with ref. to funerary offerings: peti kimahhu ersû šuka-nu-u(var. -u)-a the grave is open (for me), my ornaments are ready (to be put in) Lambert BWL 46:114 (Ludlul II); (the mourners) šu-ka-ni-šú-nu išku[nu] AnSt 8 52 iii 34 (Nbn.).

šukaru in šukarumma epēšu v.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi*; Hurr. lw.

šumma GIŠ.SAR ša manni ina berišunu sė-hė-er ù šu-ka₄-ru-um-[ma DÙ(?)] if the orchard of one of them is small (as the result of the exchange), he (or: they) will .... BM 102355:9 (courtesy M. Maidman); ip-līšunu šu-ka₄-ru-um-ma īpušu (for context see iplū mng. 2a) JEN 249:6.

*šuka'unu see šukênu.

šukbusu s.; ramp; SB; cf. kabāsu.

amēla šuātu ina UGU šuk-bu-si tušzaz qāssu taṣabbatma [...] ana pani dŠamaš tušadbabšuma you position that man upon the ramp, take his hand, and have him recite [...] to Šamaš (and he prostrates himself) LKA 141 r. 7, also KAR 223:17, KAR 90:15, see TuL p. 118, parallel K.9680:8.

šukdu (or šuqdu) s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.*

 $\S u$ -uk-du AN.TA.MEŠ [. . .]  $\S u$ -uk-du KI. TA.MEŠ [. . .] STT 74 r. 29'f. (prayer).

šukėnu (*šuka'unu, *šuhehunu) v.; 1. to prostrate oneself, 2. to submit, to do obeisance, 3. to make submit; from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; III uš kėn and uškin (OAkk. uška'en, Ass. uš ka'in, Nuzi, Bogh., RS uš(te)hehin, ultehe hin, etc.) — uškėn (Ass. uška('a)n), III/2; wr. syll. and KI.ZA.ZA; cf. muškėnu, muštaškinu.

ki.su.ub = &u-ke-nu, ki.za.za = min, ki.za.za.bi = &u-ke-en-&u Izi C ii 18 ff., cf. [ki.su.ub] = &u-g] e-e-nu = (Hitt.) hi-in-ku-[u-wa-ar] KBo 26 19:6, [ki.za.za] = &u-g] e-e-nu = (Hitt.) min-pát ibid. 7; &u-ku-su-min-ka-&u-ku = &u-ken-nu, bultu sum-nu CT 18 30 iv 25 f. and dupl. RA 16 167 iv 29 f. (group voc.).

en dNin.urta.me.en mu.pà.da.mu.šè kir. ki.su.ub ha.ma.ab. (ak).kex(KID).e.ne (var.  $\verb"kir_4[\$u \ \ \verb"hal.ra.g[\&l.le.ne]"): \textit{belu} \ \ \ \ \textit{anaku}$ ana zikir šumija liš-ke-nu-ú-ni I am the lord Ninurta, let them prostrate themselves at the mention of my name Angim IV 9 (= 161); ám.kur.za. ra ki.a hé.su.ub: ina šadîka lu tuš-ke-na in your mountain land you (alabaster) have prostrated yourself to me Lugale XII 6 (= 518); kur.kur. ra kir4 ki.su.up.pa.[n]i kir4 šu ha.ra.ab. tag.ge: mātātu ina šu-ke-ni appa lilbinakunūši may all the countries humble themselves in prostration before you (stones) ibid. 33 (= 545); [bára].ga.na ki mu.na.ni.ib.za (var. [k]i.a mu.un.ni.íb.za) : [ina p]arakkiša uš-te-ke-ni (Nusku) prostrated himself at her throne STT 152:2f. + 153:4f. and dupl., see Civil, JAOS 103 53:47; [sar.um.gi] [lugal] ... dDa.gan.ra ki.a mu.na.za šud, mu.[na.rá]: [Sar-ru-GI] [LU]G[AL] ... ana dDagan uš-ga-en ikrub King Sargon prostrated himself to Dagan and prayed AfO 20 38 v 18 = vi 22, also 49 xiv 21 (Sargon);

šukênu šukênu

⟨ki⟩ ħe.li.ib.za.za.an.ne : li-iš-ke-nu-ni-ik-ku
Labat Suse 1 iv 17.

[ba]-[la]-su, [at]-nu = šu-ke-nu An IX 89 f.; [tu-u] š-ka-a-na 5R 45 K.253 vii 6 (gramm.).

1. to prostrate oneself -a) before gods -1' with the king as subject: ana  $b\bar{a}b$ DN [ina ka]šādi šarru ana bīt ili [er]rab uš-ka-an iggar[rar] šēhāte ana pan Aššur uš[arr]a ana parakki elli uš-k[a-a]n iggar: rar when he arrives at the DN-gate, the king enters the temple, prostrates himself (and) rolls (in the dust), lights the censers before Aššur, prostrates himself at the holy dais (and) rolls (in the dust) MVAG 41/3 8 i 31 f. (MA rit.); ina bāb ekurri ašriš uš-kin-ma nigēšu ušamhira uga'iša gīšāte at the gate of the temple I bowed humbly (in prayer), I offered sacrifices to him (and) bestowed many gifts WO 4 32 v 5, cf. ibid. vi 2 (Shalm. III); nu-uš-ke-nu [itti  $ahar{a}mear{s}]$ (in my dream) [together] we prostrated ourselves (at the gate of Anu, Enlil, and Ea) Bab. 12 pl. 9 K.8563:4, see Kinnier Wilson Etana p. 108; šarru ana papāha Antu illakma [ $u\check{s}$ ]-kin-ni DN₂ . . .  $ultu \check{s}ub$ : tišina ina makkītu ša nāmurtu šarri iteb: bânim the king goes to Antu's chamber and prostrates himself, DN2 (and other goddesses) leave their seats (for the procession) in the towboat which is the king's gift RAcc. 100 i 14; šarru išt[u] antalû uttammeru ana šūti uš-ken the king prostrates himself toward the south as soon as the eclipse clears CT 45:7, cf. ibid. 6a r. 5, ina ašar puzri amat liš-ken ibid. 5:18, ina mahar MUL.UD.KA.DU8.A MUL Zuqa=  $q\bar{i}pu$  uš-ken ibid. 33, see KB 6/2 42 ff.; note: šarru limtessi . . . mê lisluh GAR-in (= liškēn?) the king should wash himself, sprinkle water, (and) prostrate himself 4R 33* i 4 (hemer.); [ša] rru KI.ZA.ZA-ma BiOr 30 181:91, also, wr. *uš-ke-en* ibid. 169 iii 21 (foundation rit.); ina  $b\bar{i}t \ Sin \dots [\dots] \ u\check{s}$ kin-nu Grayson Chronicles 120:8 (Antiochus Chronicle).

2' other actors: enūma bārû bīra ibarrû egubbâ lirmuk b[ēl arn]i...ina imni bārê

liš-ken u kiam ligbi when the diviner wants to perform divination he should bathe in holy water, the sinner should prostrate himself to the right of the diviner and say the following BBR No. 11 r. i 17: bēl nigê gāssu inaššīma utnēn uš-keen-ma . . . nignagga unakkarma uš-ke-enma iššir the one performing the offering raises his hand, prays, prostrates himself, then removes the censer, prostrates himself, and straightens(?) BBR No. 1-20:89ff., 93, 96, 188 ff., cf. egubbâ tanandi [tuš]-ki-en teššir ibid. 100; KAŠ.SAG tanaggīma tušken tazzazma you libate beer and prostrate yourself, you stand up and (recite the incantation) AAA 22 48 iii 12; KI.ZA. ZA-ma  $DU_6+DU-ma$  BA 10/1 106 No. 25:5; KAŠ.SAG tanagqīma tuš-ken 4R 25 ii 19, wr. tuš-ke-en BBR No. 1-20:111, wr. tu-uš-ken KAR 230: 23, tu-uš-kén KAR 25 iii 19; [kīma ann] â tētepšu uš-kin 4R 60 r. 23, cf. [ina dalti] ša  $b\bar{a}b$   $s\bar{a}b\hat{i}$   $u\check{s}-k\grave{i}n$  ibid. 29, see RA 49 40 r. 10 and 16; riksa tapattarma tuš-ken you remove the ritual arrangement and prostrate yourself BBR No. 46-47:14, also AMT 94,9:5, LKA 114 r. 16, Farber Ištar und Dumuzi qātēka tanaššīma šiptu . . . 3-šú ana mahar egubbî tamannūma tuš-ken you raise your hands and recite the incantation three times in front of the basin for holy water and you prostrate yourself BBR No. 31-37:21, cf. ibid. 32, No. 38:6, cf. šipta 7-šú tamannūma tuš-ken(var. -ke-en) KAR 144 r. 14 and dupls., see RA 49 182, var. from Lenormant Choix 99:12, also Or. NS 40 149:24 (namburbis), tuš-ken-ma tattallaka BiOr 30 178:7, cf., wr. uš-ki-in-ma BMS 62 r. 30, see RA 48 10; ŠU.ÍL.LÁ 3-ŠÚ [X]-[...KI]. ZA.ZA you recite the *šuilla* prayer three times and prostrate yourself Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 14:44, see Ebeling Handerhebung 62:40; tašemme Šamaš suppā sulā u karābi šukin-na kitmusu lithušu u labān appi you accept, O Šamaš, prayer, supplication, and benediction, prostration, kneeling, ritual murmurs, and obeisance Lambert BWL 134:131; 3-šú igabbīma u alaktašu idabbubma uš-ke-en he recites (this) three

šukênu šukênu

times and recounts his situation, he prostrates himself CT 39 27:11 (namburbi), see Or. NS 36 11:14; ina [supê] šu-ke-ni aktanar: rabkunūši I continually pray to you (pl.) in supplication and prostration 73:111;  $k\hat{\imath}$  ša . . . appi la  $\bar{e}n\hat{u}$  šu-kin-ni la amru like one who does not bow down, is not practiced in prostration Lambert BWL 38:14 (Ludlul II);  $3-\check{s}\acute{u}$   $tamann\bar{u}ma$  . . .  $tu\check{s}$ ki-in-ma LKA 25 ii 19; [ $\check{s}iptu$  an]  $n\bar{i}tu$  3- $\check{s}\acute{u}$  tu= šadbabšu sinništu šî tuš-kin-ma KAR 223 r. 8; 3-*šú igabbīma* KI.ZA.ZA STT 231 r.(!) 25; 3-šú tušadbabšu KI.ZA.ZA šammu annâ išattīma KI.ZA.ZA kīam igabbi . . . [šamm]u balāṭi ša bēltija altati . . . u abtaluṭ 3-šú iqabbīma uš-ka-na you have him say (the incantation) three times, he prostrates himself, he drinks this medicine and prostrates himself, he says the following: "I have drunk the herb of life of my lady and I am cured," he says (this) three times and he prostrates himself KAR 73:28 ff., cf. AMT 15,3:11;  $l\bar{a}m$   $m\bar{u}\dot{s}i$  ina na=māri zī-ma tuš-ki-in-ma before dawn you(?) get up and you prostrate yourself LKA 79:5 and dupl. KAR 245:3, see TuL p. 67; šumma amēlu ina KI.ZA.ZA-šu . . . [egirrû  $\bar{i}p$ ]  $ul\check{s}u$  CT 39 41:2 and dupl. CT 40 9 r. 34 (SB Alu), cf. K.10755:1ff.; [... ana] imitti u šumēli uš-kin amēlu šû ilšu hadīš CT 39 42 K.2238+ i 6, cf. ibid. 2, 4, and 5; ina šu-ken-nika . . . taslītka sullêka suppêka [nīš] qātēka lišamgiri ana bēl bēlē (see magāru mng. 8) K.3446 + r.(?) 10; 1 sassurta . . . ana mahar  ${}^{
m d}P\hat{u} ext{-}li\check{s}ar{a}nu$  i $\check{s}akkan$  u $\check{s} ext{-}ka ext{-}an$  KAR 139:9 (NA), see Oppenheim, History of Religions 5 250 ff.; as Akkadogram in Hitt.: UŠ-KE-EN KUB 7 3:5, KBo 11 47 i 13, UŠ-GE-EN 101:2; UŠ-KE-EN-NU KUB 25 44 ii 24, KUB 41 46 ii 11, KBo 17 30 r. iii 5, 9, and passim in Hitt., see Ehelolf, StOr 19ff.; note the proscription of proskynesis: KAŠ.SUR.RA tanaqqi ul tuš-ken nignak kanakti ina šumēli bābi ana DN tašakkan karāna tanaggi ul tušken (on the day the lunar eclipse occurs) you libate mihhu beer and do not prostrate yourself, you set up a censer (burning) kanaktu aromatic for Enlil to the

left of the gate, you libate wine and do not prostrate yourself CT 4 5:5f., see KB 6/2 42, cf. la tuš-ke-en 4R 25 ii 37, NU KI.ZA.ZA LKA 123:3 and STT 231 obv.(!) 12, miḥḥa tanaqqīma la tuš-ken minūtu annītu ana maḥar Ištar 3-šú tamannu KI.ZA.ZAma ana arkika la tappallas (see minūtu mng. 3) STC 2 pl. 84:110, see Ebeling Handerhebung 136; [annā] iqabbīma NU KI.ZA.ZA LKA 108:3; 3-šú šigū išassi ul uš-kìn Köcher BAM 237 i 12, cf. ibid. 13, KUB 37 72 r. 2.

to a particular deity:  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ er\bar{e}$ : bijama ana bit Dagan ērumma ana Dagan úš-ke-en ina šu-ke-ni-ia Dagan pīšu iptēma kīam igbêm when I arrived, I entered the temple of Dagan, I prostrated myself to Dagan, as I was prostrating myself Dagan opened his mouth and said the following to me RA 42 128:15 (Mari let.), see WO 1 398; ana GN nubatt[am] ikšudamma [mahar] Dagan úš-ki-[i]n ARM 3 44:14;  $k\bar{i}ma\ \check{s}ar=$ rum ana Kiš isniqam ana £ dZa-ba4-ba4 *īrub uš-ke-en-ma* when the king arrived in Kiš, he entered the temple of DN and prostrated himself AUAM 73.3192:15 (unpub. OB let., courtesy W. van Soldt); er rab ina 1G1 Aššur uš-ka-na Or. NS 21 137:5 (NA rit.), see Menzel Tempel 2 T 43; ana DN DN, palhiš uš-kin-ma I humbly prostrated myself before Enlil and Ninlil TCL 39 (Sar.); ana pan Šamaš [u]š-kin-nu (after they killed the bull) they prostrated themselves (in prayer) before Šamaš Gilg. VI ikmis uš-kín ittaziz (Atra-hasīs) bowed down, prostrated himself, stood up Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 122:3;  $\delta u$ -ke-na- $\delta i$ prostrate yourselves (gods) before her (Ištar) AfO 19 54:216 (prayer to Ištar); ina šērim ana ilišu KI.ZA.ZA-ma teslīssu šemât in the morning he prostrates himself before his god and his prayer will be heard Köcher BAM 315 iv 31 and dupl. 316 i 24; šiptu annītu 3-šú ina mahar Ištar taman: nūma uš-ken mala libbašu sabtu idabbub teslīssu šemāt you recite this incantation three times before I star and then he prostrates himself, he relates whatever is afšukênu šukênu

flicting him and his prayer will be heard 4R 55 No. 2:20, cf. KAR 90:18, cf. also ibid. r. 12 and 14, see TuL p. 118f., cf. also AMT 72,1 r. 26, TSTS 1 7:18, STT 231 r.(!) 12; (the king makes offerings) ina šērim ana [Ninurta u Gul] a ina muşlāli ana dingir.mah ina kala ūmi [ana] Adad ina barārīti ana Ištar liš-ken 4R 33* ii 47; the priestess ana Ea tu-uš-h\acute{e}-ha-an Arnaud Emar 6 370:83; šarru... nigê inaggi ana Šamaš... liš-ken ibid. iii 23, also Bab. 4 104 ff.: 12, 25, 31, 37 f., wr. liške-en ibid. 29, dupls. CT 51 161:6, 22, 28, cf. 5R 48 iv 8, KAR 178 r. iii 62, STT 302: 1 ff., 303: 5, and passim in hemer., also cited ABL 1396:12, see Parpola LAS No. 71, Thompson Rep. 151 r. 4, cf. ana Ea liš-ken LBAT 1580 section 2 col. iii (Aquarius), note ana Ad[ad] la  $u\check{s}-k[en]$  he should not prostrate himself before Adad ibid. col. v (Aries), see Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen p. 35; ana pan nāri K[I.ZA.Z]A 3-šú kâm taqabbi you prostrate yourself before the river (and) say three times as follows LKA 123:11.

c) before a person of higher status: ina elē šarri ana GN irbīša šarra umahhir u mahar šarri uš-ki-[in] when the king came to Sippar, I presented its irbu-tax to the king and I humbled myself before the king PBS 7 83:27; inūma PN illakam ana panišu nu-uš-ki-in when PN comes we will prostrate ourselves before him ARMT 13 29:22; 2 mārū šipri awīl Elamtim [ana lib]bi mātim ikšudunim[ma anāku(?) ana panīšu] nu uşīma úš-ki-in two messengers from the ruler of Elam arrived in the interior and [I(?)] went out and prostrated myself before them ARM 14 122:12; [ana mīnim H]ammurapi [ana pan ini la ūṣêmm a la ú š-ki-in-ma alpam  $u \ imm[\bar{e}ram \ l]a \ iggi \ ibid. 19; \ ana \ \delta\bar{e}p\bar{e}$  $abija \dots u\check{s}-k\grave{e}-en$  Wiseman Alalakh 115:6; PN is illegally holding my district ina arkišu altannassi ana šarri uš-tu-hé-hi-in I repeatedly make claims against him, I appeal to the king JEN 321:8, see Or. NS 11 344 f., cf. PN ana šarri uš-te-hi-x-in SMN 2380:6 (let.); PN ana pa[ni] PN₂ u[s]-te- $h\acute{e}$ -

 $\langle hi \rangle$ -in PN made an appeal before PN₂ AASOR 16 71:2 (translit. only);  $m\bar{a}$  jamattu [pāh] assu luka'il uš-ka-nu iggarraru (the king declares to them) "Everyone may retain his office," (and) they (the reappointed officials) prostrate themselves and roll (in the dust) MVAG 41/3 14 iii 13 (MA); uš-kín-ma iššiq qaqqaru maharšu he prostrated himself and kissed the ground before him (the king) STT 38:73 (Poor Man of Nippur), see Gurney, AnSt 6 152; liplahuma . . . [ $\delta$ ] unu li- $i\delta$ -ke-e-nu KBo 19 98 side B 19 (šar tamhāri); DIŠ KI.MIN-ma mītu uš-kinšú if ditto (he descends into the nether world) and a dead person prostrates himself (in front of) him Dream-book 328 i 81; (if in his dream) ina muhhi šīnātišu uškin he prostrates himself in front of his urine ibid. 310 i x+14; said of gods: Adad uškin ilge têrtu Adad prostrated himself (and) took instructions RA 46 34:33 (SB Epic of Zu); uš-kin-ma iššią gaggara šapalšun he (Gaga) prostrated himself and kissed the ground at their feet En. el. III 69, cf. [pa]hruma Igigi kališunu uš-kin-nu-uš Anunnaki mala bašû unaššagu šēpēšu ibid. V 85,  $\delta unu \ u\delta - kin - nu$  ibid. VI 96;  $\lceil u\delta \rceil - kin - ru$ nu-šu-ma  $il\bar{u}$   $iqabb[\hat{u}ni\check{s}\check{s}u]$  the gods prostrated themselves before him and addressed him ibid. V 149; ilū rabûti uš-kinu-ni i[kmisuni] KAR 306:16, cf. ibid. 15, ul  $u - ki - na \ ul \ ikmi \cdot sa \dots$  ibid. 17.

2. to submit, to do obeisance — a) to submit, to appeal — 1' in OA: uš-kà-in ana tuppim ša dīn kārim saḥir rabi I herewith submit to the tablet with the verdict of the primary assembly of the kāru BIN 4 106:3; uš-kà-i-in ana tuppim ša Ālim u rābişim ša bēlija I herewith submit to the tablet of the City and the attorney of my lord BIN 4 114:19, also MVAG 35/3 No. 325:20, OIP 27 60:9, cf. nu-uš-ka-in ana tuppim ša Ālim u rābişim Kienast ATHE 23:10, uš-kà-(in) ana rābişim u bēlija CCT 1 49b:17, see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 167 and 187, wr. uš-kà-i-il5 BIN 6 211:21; 20 MA.NA.TA ēmudu a-šu-mì arnika uš-kà-i-

šukênu šukkallütu

ma [u]š-kà-in arrutum [ša]knatma [paṭ]ā=ram [la] imu'u (see arnumng. la-l') BIN 4 84:5f., see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 190 n. 89; maḥar PN u PN₂ tù-uš-kà-i-nam umma atṭama TCL 4 87:49.

- 2' in Bogh.: u ana Aššuraī arad abišu ša mandattu l[a] inaddinu ana panīšu ulte-hé-hi-in he submitted to the ruler of Assur, his father's subject, who does not give tribute KBo 1 3:7 (treaty), see BoSt 8 38.
- b) to do obeisance (in the greeting formula of letters) -1' in MA: letter of PN to PN₂ ul-ta-ka-in ana  $din\bar{a}n$   $b\bar{e}lija$  attalak I do obeisance, I go ever as a substitute for my lord JCS 7 135 f. No. 62:3, 63:3, 64:3 (all Tell Billa), cf. KAJ 302:3, AfO 19 35 VAT 8851:4, cf. [n]u-ul-ta-ka-in AfO 13 122:4.
- 2' in Bogh., RS, Emar, and EA: ana PN u PN₂ um[ma] PN₃ ul-tu₄-hé-hi-in lu šulmu Güterbock Siegel 2 36:3; ana šēpē bēltija ušhé-hi-in I do obeisance at the feet of my lady (the queen of Ugarit) Ugaritica 5 48:5, cf. *uš-hé-hi-in* Syria 10 pl. 76 No. 1:4, No. 2:4 (RS letters); ana šēpēkunu uš-héhi-in Arnaud Emar 6 266:23, cf. ibid. 265:7, also uš-hé-ha-nu (var. to imaggutu) ibid. 369:44; ana šēpē šarri bēlija 7-šu ši-bi-ta-AN uš-he-hi-in at the feet of the king, my lord, seven times and seven times I prostrate myself in obeisance EA 221:7, also 242:8, 222:6, 223:6, 235:8, cf. wr. [a]s-hi-hi-en EA 214:6, wr.  $i\check{s}$ -tihi-hi-in EA 302:10; lu i§-ta-ha-hi-inkabattumma u şēruma EA 320:13, 324:8, and passim, wr. iš-ti-ha-hi-in EA 301:10, and passim.
- 3. to make submit: muš-ta-aš-kin kib=rāt arba'i the one who brings about the submission of the four quarters 5R 33 i 40 (Agum-kakrime).

For ARM 10 84:10 and 38 see tagānu.

M. Gruber, Aspects of Non-verbal Communication in the Ancient Near East 162-171. For the verb morphology see A. Heidel, AS 13 37-46.

šukinnû s.; homage(?); SB.*

eli kadrê ša kal šatti šá ina šu-kin-né-e ina ipat mātitan hisib šadâni... ana ilāni rabûti... ušēribšunūti I brought in for the great gods (gold and silver) in excess of the presents for the whole year, which (come) from š., from the tribute of all lands, (and) the produce of the mountains VAB 4 282 ix 15 (Nbn.).

Probably identical to the infinitive  $\delta u k \hat{e} n u$ .

šukitu s.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

iltēnūtu magarru WA-zu-uħ-ri 1 šu-kitum u 1 ANŠE.KUR.RA one set of . . . . wheels, one š., and one horse HSS 15 167:18 (= RA 36 140).

Possibly a type of wagon or part of the associated equipment. Compare šukiz tuhlu.

W. Mayer, UF 8 212 f.

šukituhlu s.; foot soldier(?); Nuzi; Hurr. word.

5 simit[ti] 5 LÚ.MEŠ ša ANŠE.KUR.[RA]
16 LÚ.MEŠ šu-ki-tu[ħ-lu] HSS 15 54:3, cf.
(also beside mounted soldiers) 13 LÚ.
MEŠ an[nû] tu ANŠE.KUR.RA-šu-nu malû
10+[X] LÚ.MEŠ annûtu šu-ki-tuħ-lu these
13 men have a full complement of horses,
these x men are foot soldiers(?) HSS 15
29:39 (= RA 36 195), cf. PN šu-ki-tuħ-lu ša
qāt PN2 ibid. 14, 26 and 36; 18 LÚ.MEŠ
šu-k[i-tu]ħ-lu itti unūt[išu]nu itti šeš.
MEŠ-šu-nu la illikuni HSS 15 28:39 (= RA
36 194); PN šu-ki-tuħ-lu la illika PN2 šu-ki-tuħ-lu la illika ša qāt PN3 ibid. 1f.
and passim in this text; 13 LÚ.MEŠ šu-ki-tu[ħ-lu] HSS 15 30:11.

H. Lewy, Or. NS 28 3; W. Mayer, UF 8 212 f.

šukkallu see sukkallu.

šukkallūtu see sukkallūtu.

šukkammu

#### šukkammu s.; (mng. uncert.); NB.*

ina UD eššešē kî UN.MEŠ šu-uk-kám-mu PN a[na] PN₂ DAM-[šú i]nandin PN will give (provisions of food) to PN₂ his wife, (and salt and spices) on the day of the monthly festival, as š. (for?) the retainers (or: as (to) š. retainers) CT 55 133:5; ana 2 SìLA x 2 SìLA napṭu PN ana šu-ka-mu [...] PN LÚ.SIMUG SUM-in CT 55 340:6.

In EA 242:10 and ZA 63 71:25, ŠU.KAM.MA/MI is a log. for *erištu*, see Moran, JCS 31 247 f.

# šukkû v.; to cleanse; Bogh. lex.*

GÚ.GIL. an. n a da-fril = &u-uk-ku-u = (Hitt.) gul-ku-le-e&u-ki-iz-zi Erimhu&u-Bogh. A iv 17.

Var. of  $zukk\hat{u}$ , see Güterbock, MSL 17 114 note to iv 17.

šukkultu s.; dregs, scrapings; SB; cf. šukkulu.

Have you seen him whose ghost has no one to care (for him)? I have seen (him) šu-ku-la-at diqāri kusīpāt akali ša ina sūqi nadā ikkal he eats the scrapings from the pots, crumbs tossed out into the street Gilg. XII 153, corr. to šu su.ub.bé (var. adds utúl) [ninda.pad.pad] gub.ba sila šub.ba l.kú.e Shaffer Sumerian Sources 94: 294, var. from ibid. 97 U.16878: 15, see Deller and Watanabe, ZA 70 211 ff.

# šukkulu v.; to wipe, rub, polish; from OB on; II, II/2, II/3; cf. šukkultu.

zabar kỳ.gi.ga.gin_x(gim) u.me.ni.dadag zabar (var. gal.) kù.babbar.ra.gin_x šu u.me. ni.su.ub.su.ub: kīma qê hurāsi nummiršuma kīma qê kaspi šu-kil-šu-ma burnish him like a gold vessel, polish him like a silver vessel 81-2-4,196 r. 7'-10' (bīt rimki, courtesy R. Borger), var. from W.23273 iv 19f., cited ZA 70 210 n. 7; dug.bur ì.nun.na.gin_x u.me.ni.su.ub.su.ub: kīma pūri himēti liš-ta-kil let him be scrubbed like a vessel for ghee CT 16 11 vi 36 f., but (erroneously) ú-šak-lil CT 17 25:41; dug.bur ì.nun.na.gin_x ù.me.ni.su.ub.su.ub: kīma pūr himēti liš-tak(var. -ta)-kil Šurpu VII 83.

a) to wipe out a vessel: bētānu ša diqāri ina šuḥatte tul-ta-na-kal you re-

šukkuşu

peatedly wipe the inside of the pot with a *šuhattu*-cloth Ebeling Parfimrez. p. 38 ii 16, also p. 20 f. ii 3 and 20, ibid. p. 19 KAR 140:16 (all MA), cf. (in broken context) *šak-ku-lu* ibid. pl. 36 i 11 (NA); see also lex. section.

- b) to wipe away tears: ina si-gi ša tabrīpi ú-šá-kal dīmāteša he wipes away her tears with the hem of (his) red wool garment TIM 9 54 r. 13 (NA lit.), cf. dī'āz tija šá-ak-ki-il ABL 1149 r. 10 (NA), dīz mātija šu-uk-ki-il ARM 10 92:8; dimātija šu-ki-il Whiting Tell Asmar 12:45.
- c) to wipe someone's feet as a gesture of humility:  $\delta arr\bar{a}ni...ina$  libbi ziqni $\delta unu$  Kuš.DA.E.SIR- $\delta a$  lu- $\delta ak$ - $\delta ak$ - $\delta ak$ -lu may (all) kings wipe your shoes with their beards Iraq 20 182 (pl. 37) No. 39: 30 (Nimrud let. of Sar.), see Postgate, Iraq 35 22, cf. (the people) ina ziqni $\delta unu$   $\delta \bar{e}p\bar{e}\delta u$   $\delta a$ - u will wipe his (the king's) feet with their beards YOS 10 33 iv 8 (OB ext.).
- d) other oces.: šumma kalbu ana muhhi amēli qinnassu ú-šá-kil if a dog wipes its rear against a man CT 38 50:60 (SB Alu); šumma amēlu qātīšu ina igāri ú-šak-[kil] . . . šumma amēlu qātīšu ina TÚG-šú MIN if a man wipes his hands on a wall, if a man wipes his hands on his garment AfO 1877 K.1562:8f., see Deller, ZA 70 226; ša (var. ana) šaptīki šu-uk-ki-il wipe your lips KUB 39 71 ii 6 and dupls., cf. (uncert.) UZU la-bá-ak-ki ú-ša-ak-ki-il ibid. 82:11, see Goetze, JCS 18 95.

Deller and Watanabe, ZA 70 198 ff.

# šukkuptu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

[...] = šu-uk-kukup-tum Nabnitu O 76 f.

The reading is based on the preceding entries ukkupu and itkupu (see  $ek\bar{e}pu$  lex. section).

#### šukkuşu adj.; wild(?); lex.*

KA.KA.kala.BAD = &u-ku-&u (vars. [sul.kal.kal = ak-&u, [x].kal.kal = &u-[ru]) Erimhuš I 278 (formerly Erimhuš Imgidda A 6'), replaced in Erimhuš Bogh. A iv 15 with ka.zu.kal.la $^{qa-zu-gal-la}$ 

šukkutu šuklulu

=  $\delta u$ -up-pu-u (var.  $\delta u$ -uk-ku-u) = (Hitt.)  $\delta u$ -up-pi-ia-u-wa-ar.

See also akşu and šakşu lex. sections.

šukkutu v.; (mng. unkn.); NA*; II, III. [ú-gu-nu] U.DAR = šuk-ku-tum A II/6 iv A 146; KAS₄.KAS₄^{šu-GU-du-um} Proto-Izi I 435.

[GIŠ.GI]GIR(?).MEŠ Šā TĀ EDIN Ú-Šá-áš-kā-tu-nim-ma ana (var. adds libbi) āli ušerrebu Nābû šû [the chariots?] which they . . . . from the open country and bring into the city, it is Nābû TIM 9 59:8 (= Sumer 13 117), var. from dupl. LKA 71:7, see Matsushima, Orient (Japan) 15 5 ff., cf. šā ú-šá-áš-kāt-u-ni CT 15 44:23; PN 40 MA. NĀ KÙ.GI ina panīšu sanniqšu hurāsu ša-áš-ki-ta ina GIŠ.GIGIR-ka šukun PN has forty minas of gold with him, check it, . . . the gold, and put it in your chariot Tell Halaf 7:6.

šuklû see šuglû adj.

šuklultu s.; perfection, completion, complete form; SB; cf. šuklulu v.

 $^{\rm d}$ Nin.  $^{\rm su.du_7}$  =  $B\bar{e}let$ - $il\bar{\imath}$  Istar nin suk-lul-ti,  $^{\rm [d]}$ x.  $^{\rm su.du_7}$ : min min suk-lul-ti me-lam-me CT 25 30 K.2109+ r. i 4 and 6 (list of gods), restored from K.7041, etc. (courtesy W. G. Lambert).

suk-lul-tú  $/\!\!/ l\bar{a}nu$  Lambert BWL 54 line i (Ludlul III Comm.).

- a) of the human body: šuk-lul-ti mīti ana šuk-[lu]l-ti mīti mašil the form of (this figure of) the dead man is identical to the form of the dead man Laessøe Bit Rimki 37:7 and dupl. STT 76:7; šuk-lul-ti pagrija la'buma the (earlier) perfection of my body is afflicted BMS 12:53 and dupls., see von Soden, Iraq 31 87, cf. šuk-lul-tum pagrija iš-ta-at-[...] Lambert BWL 54 line i (Ludlul III), for comm., see lex. section.
- b) of objects, artifacts: sikkat karri hurāṣi kaspi u siparri ana šuk-lul-ti-ši-in almīšinātima to finish them (the doors) to perfection, I bordered them with knobbed pegs of gold, silver, and bronze Rost Tigl. III p. 76:32; zar.gin_x(GIM)

sa. GIR kù. ga [...] giš. ru. bi hé. mah: ina rikis šuk-lul-ti [...] elleti luz putma tilpānu šî lu ṣīrat 4R 18 No. 3 ii 9f. (+) K.2699.

c) other occs.: the ghost of one ša ina šuk-lul-ti NAM-šú mītu who has died at the completion of his allotted lifespan Or. NS 24 243:3, restored from BM 128118:3 (courtesy W. G. Lambert); uncert.: šumma qaq=qassu ana šuk(?)-lul(?)-ti-šú šer'āna uktal=lim Labat TDP 20:29, cf. ibid. 30; šumma iš[tu qaq] qadišu adi šuk-lul(?)-ti-šú šer'ānušu inuššu if, from his head to his . . . ., his muscles are loose(?) ibid. 28:85; [šum=ma x] GABA-su šuk-lul-ti[. . .] AMT 48,4:6.

šuklulu (šaklulu, fem. šuklultu, šaklultu) adj.; 1. perfect, complete, 2. ungelded, uncastrated; from OA, OB on; Ass. šaklul(t)u, pl. šu/aklulūtu (NB also šuklu=lānu); wr. syll. and šu.du; ef. šuklulu v.

ki.sikil šu nu.un.du₇.a [...] guruš á nu. un.lá.e [...]: ardatu la šuk-[lul-tu...] etlu la sum[mudu] K.5114+ and dupl. K.7926:17f., cited Falkenstein Haupttypen p. 38 n. 2; na₄.du₈.ši.a na₄.šuba(za.suḤ) sud^{ud}.ág an.ta.sur.ra šu.du₇.a: dušú NA₄ nisiqti elmešu antasurrā šuklu-lu (see elmešu lex. section) 4R 18* No. 3 iv 6 and 9.

1. perfect, complete — a) said of artifacts: ša salam gišnugallim ša 84 gū šipirtam ištiat šu-uk-lu-ul-tam ina £ . . . ušzizu (I am Samsuiluna) who erected an alabaster statue weighing 84 talents, a single perfect block (of stone), in the temple VAS 16 156:8, cf. ibid. 14; šubat hidātiša ajakka šuk-lu-la . . . ēpuš I (re) built (the temple), the abode in which she rejoices, the perfect sanctuary Weidner Tn. 20 No. 10:21; (various objects) u unūt qē šu-uk-lu-ul-tum and a complete set of copper vessels (for a dowry) YOS 13 91:23 (OB); 1 GIŠ.AP[IN . . .] ù GIŠ.x [. . .] šu-uk-lu-[ul-ta]-am iddin Kraus, AbB 5 12:6.

šuklulu šuklulu

b) in qātam šaklultam nadû to deposit a full share (OA only): lu kaspam lu ṣubātī ištappuku qātī ša-ak-lu-ul-tam itaddî whether they invest silver or textiles, deposit my full share BIN 4 23:25, cf. ibid. 37:22, also (in broken context) BIN 6 108:8.

c) other occs.: §ammī ŠU.DU₇.ŠU.DU₇ §a kīs libbi (various enumerated) perfect(?) herbs for kīs libbi disease PBS 1/2 72:32 (MB let.); UD.15.KAM NUMUN ŠU. DU₇ the 15th day: . . . . seed STT 301 i 15 (hemer.), also cited Parpola LAS No. 332:3 (NA), Wr. [U]D.15.KAM ŠE.NUMUN §uk-lu-lu ABL 1140 r. 6 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 243.

2. ungelded, uncastrated: UDU.SISKUR ŠU.DU7.MEŠ BAL-qi Bagh. Mitt. Beiheft 2 1:6, see Or. NS 47 445, cf. UDU.NITÁ SIZKUR KÙ ŠU.DU, teppuš 4R 60:18, see Ebeling, RA 49 38; ša ūm 2 gud.mah marûti šuk-lu-[lu]-ti ištēn alpu ṭābu šuk-lu-ul ša minā: tišunu šuk-[lu-lu] each day two fattened, ungelded gumāhu bulls (and) one fine ungelded bull, whose proportions are perfect VAB 4 154 A iv 29 ff., cf. ibid. 158 A vii 3, Wr. ŠU.DU7 ibid. 90 i 16, 92 ii 26, 94 iii 10 (all Nbk.); alpu šuk-lu-lu salmu ša garnī u supri šalmu an ungelded black bull whose horns and hooves are perfect RAcc. 10 i 2; GUD.MAH.MEŠ paglūti šu-uk-lu-u-u-tim (for context see sulumhû mng. 1) VAB 4 168 B vii 16 (Nbk.); gumāhē šuk-lu-lu-ti (var. šuk-lul-ú-te) Borger Esarh. 53 iii 76; GUD šakla-lu-te nigê ša šarri la ēpušu . . . gud šakla-lu-tú ša kāribi . . . ina muḥhi paššūri ša Nabû ussēliu ta libbi gud šak-lu-lu ša kāribi ša pan Nanâ epišūni . . . BIR imittišu lassu they have not sacrificed the ungelded bulls for the king's sacrifice, the ungelded bulls of the pious have been served on the table of Nabû, (and) as for the ungelded bull of the pious which was sacrificed to Nana, its right kidney was missing ABL 1202:23 ff. (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 281;  $[x gu]D \S U.DU_7.ME\S 2-i$  (beside taptīru) Nbk. 132:12, cf. CT 55 674:1, 697:1 ff., 711:14, 19;  $\S U.DU_7$  (in heading of list of sacrifices) VAS 6 29:3, also GUD ŠU.DU7

(beside GUD  $b\bar{\imath}ru$ ) ibid. 19:4, 21:3, wr. (GUD) šuk-lu-lu ibid. 32:3, 11:3 and 15, Nbn. 699:4; GUD šuk-lu-lu UD-gal-lu IGI DN AfO 16 pl. 16 82-3-23,y (= BM 49185): 1-3, cf. CT 55 499:3, Nbk. 213:1f.; GUD šuk-lu-lu 4-ú ana 12 GÍN kaspi CT 55 694:1;  $išt\bar{e}n$  GUD šuklu-lu šulušû one three-year-old ungelded bull (sold to Ebabbara) Nbk. 399: 1. cf. Nbk. 304:1, 1 GUD šuk-lu-lu mār šatti ibid. 4; 1 GUD ŠU.DU, mār šatti ša PN 1 ša PN, PAP 2 GUD.MEŠ ŠU.DU7.MEŠ TUR.MEŠ A MU one one-year-old ungelded bull from PN, one from PN₂, total two ungelded young oneyear-old bulls BRM 1 91:20 ff., 6 šuk-lu-lu GAL- $\acute{u}$ -tu 5  $\acute{s}uk$ -lu-lu TUR CT 55 672:4 f., ištēn gud šuk-lu-lu dumu mu.an.na ibid. 710:1, cf. 1 GUD ŠU.DU, mār šatti Nbn. 768:1, also BRM 191:13, and passim in this text, also Nbn. 127:3f., 10 GUD šuk-lu-lu.meš  $mar[\hat{u}t]i$  4- $\hat{u}$  5- $\hat{u}$  ten fattened ungelded bulls, four or five years old CT 22 46:7 (let.), cf. (beside tapțīru) CT 55 697:1ff.; 4 GUD šuk-lu-lu adi ummišunu CT 55 19:7, ef. [X GUD] ŠU.DU, ruhhu ibid. 10, cf. also Dar. 1:4, Nbn. 387:15, Moldenke 2 49:25, and passim in NB; 50 60 GUD ŠU.DU7.MEŠ hīrama get fifty or sixty ungelded bulls ready YOS 3 138:14 (NB let.); note the plural: 2 GUD.MEŠ  $\delta uk$ -lu-la-nu BIN 1 133:3, wr.  $\delta uk$ -lula-a-nu ibid. 1,  $\delta uk$ - $\langle lu \rangle$ -la-nu CT 55 658 i 6, 2 GUD  $\delta uk - \langle lu \rangle - la - nu$ .MES (beside  $b\bar{\imath}ru$ ) Nbk. 114:1; note exceptionally referring to sheep: 2 UDU šuk-lu-lu ana ešrû CT 22 153:6 (let.); PAP 102 ZI.MEŠ . . . ina libbi 6 *šuk-lu-lu* CT 55 519:11 and 14 (all NB).

Ad mng. 2: Landsberger, MSL 8/171 ff.; Parpola LAS 2 273 f.

**šuklulu** (*šaklulu*) v.; **1.** to complete a construction, to perfect the appearance of an artifact, to finish work on an object, to accomplish, carry out a task, a rite, to complete, to provide in full, to have ready, to carry to term, to grant full measure, **2.** III/2 to become fully formed or finished, to be carried out (passive to mng. 1); OA, OB, MB, SB, NA, NB; III,

šuklulu 1a šuklulu 1a

III/2, III/3 (ASKT p. 116:2 and 6); ef suklultu, šuklulu adj.

ši-ta  $\S ITA_4 = \$uk-lu-lu$  S^b II 234; [ $\S I-ta$ ], [ $\S u-tu-ul$ ] [ $\S ITA_4$ ] = \$uk-lu-lu Ea IV 11 and 13; su-uh TAG = \$uk-lu-lum Ea V 56, cf. su-uh (var. su-bu) TAG = \$uk-lu-lu A V/1:219; da-a TAG, ta-a TAG = \$uk-lu-lu A V/1:235 and 237; [ $\S u-(x)$ ]. bu = \$u-[uk-lu-lum] Nigga Bil. B 154; ga.  $\S ub.$   $\S ub$  = \$uk-lu-lu Izi V 157; \$u-uk-lu-[lu(?)] = [...] KBo 1 51 ii 23 (Akk.-Hitt. voc.).

lugal.mu ur.sag.me.en šu.du7.me.en ní. zu. šè geštú. zu: bēlu garrādāt šuk-lu-lat ana ra: manika uzunka my king, you are a hero, you are perfect, be on your guard! Angim II 21 and 22 (= 80 f.); á.zi.da.mu gal.bi túm.ma κờ.σι na₄.za.gìn.na šu.du₇.a: ša... ina imnija rabîš šūluku ina hurāṣi ugnî [šuk-lu-lu] (the mace) which is well suited for my right hand, fully decorated with gold and lapis lazuli Angim III 45 (= 149); a.a dNanna na.ám.men gal.le.eš šu.du₇.a: abu dNannar ša šarrūtu rabîš šuk-lu-lum father Nanna, who is perfectly suited for kingship 4R 9:15 f., see OECT 6 p. 7, cf. giš.tukul.sig.ga ur. sag ug₅.ga.zu šu.gal.bi du₇.ma.ab : ina tamhuş kakki qarrādu ša tanarru rabîš šuk-li-la Lugale XI 32 (= 494); a.bi nam.šub šu.gal ù. mu.e.ni.du₇: mê šipti rabîš šuk-lil-ma CT 17 31:34 f., cf. ibid. 39:59 f.; lú giš.hur.an.ki.a šu.du, : ša uşur[āt šam]ê u erşeti šuk-lu-lum Or. NS 30 4 r. 5 f. and dupl. (bit mēsiri), see Borger, JNES 33 192; ka.kù.gál.abzu.a [gal].le.eš  $\mathtt{mu.un.du_7.du_7.[u\,\check{s}]}: \bar{a}\check{s}ipu\ \check{s}a\ a[ps]\hat{\imath}\ rab\hat{\imath}\check{s}\ \check{s}uk$ lu-lu 5R 51 iii 44 f., cf. šà.gada.lá nun.ki.  $ga.k[e_x(KID) ga]l.le.eš mu.un.du_7.du_7.uš$ : lābiš kitê ša Eridu rabîš šuk-lu-lu ibid. 46 f., see Borger, JCS 21 11:28+af.; ezen.dingir.e.ne šu. du, a: isinni ilāni ana šuk-[l]u-li to prepare perfectly the festival of the gods KAR 4 r. 8, also ibid. 22 f.; [ká.dingir.ra.k]i ba.dù é.sag.íl šu.du₇: Bābilu epuš Esagil šuk-lul Babylon was built, Esagil was completed CT 13 36:14 (Eridu Creation Story); [dE]n.ki en geštú.dagal.la šu.du7.dè: ša Ea bēlu uzna rapašta ú-šak-li-lu-šúnu-ti (the seven sages) to whom lord Ea gave broad understanding in full measure Or. NS 30 3:29 ff., see Borger, JNES 33 192; amar ban.da si gur₄.gur₄.ra á.úr šu.du₇ : būru ekdu ša qarnī kabbaru ša mešrēti šuk-lu-lum fierce young bull, whose horns are thick, whose limbs are perfect 4R 9:19f.; dàra im.ra si.bi nu.mu.un.su.ub. su.ub: [tu] rāhu imhaşma qarnīšu ul ú-šak-lil (obscure, possibly error for šukkulu, q.v.) CT 17 25:40 f.

tu-šak-lal 5R 45 K.253 iii 57 (gramm.).

1. to complete a construction, to perfect the appearance of an artifact, to

finish work on an object, to accomplish, carry out a task, a rite, to complete, to provide in full, to have ready, to carry to term, to grant full measure -a) to complete construction on a building, a wall in royal insers. -a' in gen.: ziqqur: rassu ulli rabîš ú-ša-ak-li-il-šu-ma AAA 19 pl. 81 No. 260 ii 17. bītu ša kīam mimmūšu *šu-uk-lu-lu* ibid. ii 8 (Šamši-Adad I), see Borger Einleitung 9: bītam ša ipištam šu-uk-lu-luma ummênūtam quttû (see qatû v. mng. 4a) Syria 32 15 iv 6 (Jahdunlim); é. šu. nigin. šu.  $d\mathbf{u}_7: b\bar{\imath}tu$  ša napharšu šuk-lu-lu: É  $^{
m d}[Nab\hat{u}]$  KAV 42 r. 18 and dupl., see Frankena Tākultu 126: 174: adi ekurrāti ú-šak-lil-u-ma ilāni ina parakkišunu ušarmû šubat dārâti until he completed the temples and had the gods occupy a lasting abode in their shrines Borger Esarh. 46 ii 25; šipir É.SAG. íl ša abu bānūa la uqattû anāku ú-šaklil the work of Esagil which my father had not finished, I completed Streck Asb. 240 No. 5:9, cf. bīt ridūti . . . ana sihir=  $ti\check{s}u\ \acute{u}-\check{s}ak-lil\$ ibid. 88 x 104;  $k\bar{\imath}ma$  . . . anaepēši ahī la addû hanţiš ú-šek-li-lu(var. adds -ú)-ma because I did not neglect the construction but speedily completed (it) AKA 102 viii 21 (Tigl. I), cf. Weidner Tn. 29 No. 16:117, OIP 2 128 vi 37, 133:85 (Senn.); Esagil . . . ēpuš ú-šak-li-la uşurātišu I (re)built Esagil, I completed its reliefs Thompson Esarh, pl. 14 i 22, cf. ibid. 15 (Asb.); Bābilu . . . ú-šak-li-la māhāzašu rabâ Pinches Texts in Bab. Wedge-writing 16 No. 4:11, for other refs. see  $m\bar{a}h\bar{a}zu$  mngs. 2c and 3; bītu šâtu ištu uššēšu adi gabadibbīšu úše-ek-lil I completed that temple from its foundation to its parapet Weidner Tn. 18 No. 9:44, also ibid. 12 No. 5:82, 14 No. 6 r. 35, 20 No. 10:27, 23 No. 14:34, cf. ištu uššēšunu adi gabadibbīšunu ēpuš ú-[ša]-ak-lil u narīja aškun AOB 1 136 r. 11 (Shalm. I), ef. AfO 18 344:44 (Tigl. I), and passim in insers. of Adn. II, Adn. III, Tigl. III, Sar., Senn., Esarh.; Arbela ša ultu ulla dūršu la epšu la šuklu-la [šalhûšu] dūrašu arşipma ú-šak-lil šalhûšu whose wall was never built, whose outer wall was never finished, I conšuklulu 1a šuklulu 1a

structed its wall, I finished its outer wall Streck Asb. 248:2f.; ina tādirti u bikīti ša ušalpitušu nakru gātēja ummid ina hidâti  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}ak$ -lil that which, to (my) grief and sorrow, the enemy had destroyed, I with my own hands fully restored amid rejoicing ibid. 9; ana udduš ilāni rabûti u šuk-lul ešrēti ša kullat māhāzī (whom the gods raised to kingship) for the restoration of the (statues of the) great gods and the completion of the sanctuaries of every cult city Borger Esarh. 45 ii 20, cf. ana udduši ešrēti māt Aššur u šuk-lul  $m\bar{a}h\bar{a}z\bar{i}\ m\bar{a}t\ Akkad\hat{i}\ (see\ m\bar{a}h\bar{a}zu\ mng.\ 2b)$ Streck Asb. 190:12, cf. also mu-šak-lil ešrēti JCS 17 129:8 (Esarh.), for other refs. see aširtu A mng. 1a-2', see also Seux Epithètes p. 329 f.: bīta ú-ša-ak-li-il-ma ana DN kīma ūm unammir having finished building the temple, I made it as resplendent as daylight for DN YOS 1 44 ii 14 (Nbk.), ef. ibid. i 20; dūr Bābili uš-tak-lil BHT pl. 10 vi 9. cf. mu-šak-lil BAD ki x x CT 36 6:9 (Kurigalzu);  $d\bar{u}r\bar{a}ni\check{s}u$   $rab\hat{u}ti$   $\acute{u}-\check{s}a-ak-li-il$ VAB 4 72 i 18, cf. ibid. 90 i 43, PBS 15 79 ii 2, and passim in Nbk.,  $k\bar{a}ri\,Arahti\ldots aba\ldots$ ikşurma . . . la ú-ša-ak-li-il sittāti (see  $k\bar{a}ru$  mng. 1b) VAB 4 72 i 40 (Nbk.);  $en\bar{u}ma$ uš-tak-li-lu ša abannû anāku when I have finished what I am building BHT pl. 6 ii 8 (Nbn.).

b' in hendiadys: bīta ana sihirtišu . . . abni ú-šak-lil I finished building the temple in its entirety AOB 1 40:18 (Aššuruballit I); bītāt ilāni ša ālija Aššur anķūte ēpuš ú-šék-lil I completely restored the tottering temples of the gods in my city Assur AKA 87 vi 90 (Tigl. I), also ibid. 88 vi 99, 98 vii 97, wr.  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}e$ -ek-li-il Weidner Tn. 22 No. 13:24:  $\S a \ldots ab\bar{i} \ldots \bar{e}pu\S uma \acute{u}-\S a$ ak-li-lu AOB 1 88:9 (Adn. I); [É].GIŠ.NUx. GAL  $b\bar{\imath}t^{\mathrm{d}}Sin\,\check{s}a\,qereb\,Uri\,\bar{\imath}pu\check{s}ma\,\acute{u}$ - $\check{s}ak$ -li[l]Hunger Uruk 2:8 (chron.); Ezida ēpuš ú-šaak-li-il-ma VAB 4 114 i 35 (Nbk.), cf.  $k\bar{i}ma$  $lab\bar{\imath}rimma$   $\bar{e}pu$ š ú-ša-ak-li-il ibid. 142 i 29; ana šuk-lu-lu Esagil u Ezida 5R 66 ii 20 (Antiochus I): išissa ušaršidma ēpuš ú-ša-akli-il-ma VAB 4 212 ii 27 (Ner.), and passim, ētepuš u ul-tak-lil Herzfeld API pl. 16:11 (Artaxerxes); ištu uššēšu adi gabadibbīšu arṣip ú-šék-lil ussim ušarri[h] eli maḥrê u〈šā〉tir I completely repaired (the palace) from its foundation to its parapet, made it fittingly splendid, and enlarged it even more than before KAH 2 84:37 (Adn. II); ultu uššēša adi naburriša arṣip ú-šak-lil I built (that palace) completely from its foundation to its battlement OIP 2 130 vi 72 (Senn.), and passim in Adn. II, Asn., Shalm. III, Sar., Senn., Esarh., Asb.

c' with šipru as object: dūrāni rabûti ša Bābili ša RN . . . īpušuma la ú-ša-akli-lu šipiršun VAB 4 130 iv 72 (Nbk.), ef. ibid. 250 i 9 (Nbn.), and passim; Ezida bīti kīnim ina qerbišu ušēpiš ina kaspi hurāsi nisiqti abni erâ musukkanni erēni ú-ša-ak-li-il ši= piršu ibid. 126 iii 42, also ibid. 98 i 22; ina 15 ūmī šipirša ú-ša-ak-li-il-ma I finished its construction in 15 days ibid. 138 ix 1; ešrēti ilāni rabûti eššiš ēpušma ú-ša-ak-liil šipiršin ibid. 74 ii 38, and passim in Nbk., ef. ibid. 222 ii 9 (Nbn.), ef. also ibid. 226ff. iii 5 and 33; É.HÚL.HÚL ippušma ú-šak-lal-ma šipiršu AnSt 8 48 ii 8, cf. £. HÚL. HÚL eššiš *īpušma ú-šak-lil šipiršu* ibid. 16, also (referring to Harran) ibid. 9 and 17; Eulmaš šipiršu ú-šak-lil-ma CT 34 36 iii 67, also ibid. 33 iii 6 and 28 i 59 (all Nbn.).

2' other occs.: if a builder builds a house for a man  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}a$ -ak-li-il- $\acute{s}um$  and finishes it for him CH § 228:59; (I spoke to PN the priest and to the mother of the king saying) [RN šarrūt] Bābili ippuš Esagil ú-šak-lal Esarhaddon will exercise kingship over Babylon, he will complete the construction of Esagil ABL 1216:15 ^dAmurru ina bīt ^đAnim ušēšibuni umā bīt dAmurru epiš šak-lu-ul Amurru was installed (temporarily) in the temple of Anu, now the temple of Amurru is completely rebuilt ABL 1378 r. 12 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 19; āla teppušma dūrašu tu-šaklal vou will build a city and complete its wall BRM 4 12:39; (a city) ša  $d\bar{u}r$ šu šuk-lu-lu abullašu sabtat CT 40 42 81-7-27,104 r. 6; šumma uššē bīti petûma uššūšu (la) šuk-lu-lu if the foundation pit of a house is dug out but its foundation is (not) finished CT 38 10:25 and 26 (SB Alu).

- to perfect the appearance of an artifact, to finish work on an object:  $k\hat{\imath}$ ţēm ilima ze'pi ţiddi abnīma erâ gerebšu aštappaka kî pitiq ½ GÍN.TA.AM ú-šak-lila nabnīssun upon the inspiration of the god (Ea), I built clay molds, poured copper into each, and finished their forms (of the bull colossi) as perfectly as halfshekel pieces OIP 2 109 vii 19 (Senn.), cf. Borger Esarh. 88 r. 13; aladlammê . . . ina liptat DN  $\dots u$ ša' lidma  $\acute{u}$ -šak-li-la gattašun with the help of Ninkurra I had human-headed bull colossi, perfect in figure, fashioned OIP 2 108 vi 79 (Senn.); enūma Anu ibnû° šamê . . . ibni DN . . . ana mu-šak-lil šipir na[bnītiki] (see nabnītu mng. 4b) RAcc. 46:29, for other refs. see *nabnītu* mng. 4b; Ištar sent me oracular dreams ana šuklul ilūtiša sīrti to complete (the statue of) her divine majesty Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 ii 14 (Asb.); ana šuk-lul simat ekurri ADD 809+ r. 8, see Postgate Royal Grants No. 32; qaqqad şalmi šâšu uddišma ú-šak-lil bun= nannūšu I restored the head of that statue and made its features complete AfO 22 5 iv 34 (Nbn.); šu.du, mí.zi.dè.eš dug. ga: ina taknīti kīniš šu-uk-lu-ul (crescent) appropriately finished with care 4R 25 iii 60 f.  $(mis \ pi)$ ; (a tiara)  $\delta a \ldots in \ abni$ nisiqti šuk-lu-lu VAB 4 270 ii 37 (Nbn.); ana pan şalam DN ša SAR-su šuk-lu-lu kīam tagabbi you recite the following before the statue of Lugalgirra whose . . . . has been completed AfO 14 142:24 (bit mesiri); in hendiadys: ištuma tu-uš(copy -1š)-taak-li-lu-ma misarram tuštētepšam misar: rum ana gablija hamiš ubānātim arik if indeed you have produced a finished belt, the belt happens to be five fingers too long for my waist! TCL 17 62:25 (OB let.).
- c) to perfect the appearance of a person or animal: Bēlet-ilī bānāt gimra ú-ša-ak-

- li-lu bunnannêšu DN, creator of all, made his features perfect CT 36 21:9 (Nbn.), also RIM Annual Review 4 32:16 (Senn.), cf. šikin bunnannêja išeriš ú-šek-li-lu-ma KAH 2 84:6 (Adn. II), and see AfO 14 150:202, cited bunnannû lex. section; u šû ina gatti u ina minâtišu šuk-lu-lu and he (the diviner) must be flawless in body and limbs BBR No. 24:28, see JCS 21 132, cf. la šuk-lu-lu ibid. 31, mešrēti lu šuk-lu-lat BBR No. 1-20:4; sheep ša qarnu u şupru šuk-lu-lu RAcc. 65:29 and 32, cf. UDU BABBAR ša SI UMBIN SU.DU7 BiOr 30 178:28; (a bull) ša minâtušu [šu]-uk-lu-la-a-at VAB 4 158 A vii 4 (Nbk.).
- d) to accomplish, carry out a task: [ši]pra taqbiannima ú-ša-ak-li-il I have completed the task you enjoined on me Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 58 I 238 (OB); dāriš šuk-lu-lu šipri aḥāz ṭuppika to complete the task for all future, to learn your tablet Grayson BHLT 102:13.
- e) to carry out fully rites, etc.: me. bi šu nu.un.šu.du, šu.luh.b[i . . .]: parşīšu ul ú-šak-lil šuluhhīšu ule'īma he did not fully perform his rites, he defiled his purification ritual Grayson Chronicles 150:64, cf. parșī usurāti šuk-lu-lu (var. šutēšura) la idû they (the Gutians) did not know how to perform the cultic rites and ordinances properly ibid. 57, var. from dupl. BM 47679 (courtesy I. L. Finkel), Sum. from JCS 32 73;  $an\bar{a}ku$  RN . . .  $b\bar{a}n\bar{u}$   $b\bar{\imath}t$ Aššur ēpiš Esagil u Bābili muddiš ešrēti ša māhāzī mu-šak-lil parşī mukīn sattukkī Borger Esarh. p. 9 § 7:7 (Aššur-etel-ilāni), also ibid. p. 80:39, OIP 2 134:3, 144:4 (Senn.); parșī mašûti ša DN . . .  $\acute{u}$ -šak-lil AnSt 8 48 ii 15 (Nbn.); [mu-ša-ak]-li-il [šuluh]hīšun VAB 4 274 iii 2 (Nbn.); (I libate wine and beer for you) aššu parsī ša ilā ni rabūlti šuk-lulu [u] šuluhha šutēš [uru it] tikunu bašû because the perfect performance of the cultic rites of the great gods and the proper functioning of the purification rite lie with you Iraq 18 62:24 (namburbi, from Hama), cf. aššum parşī ša šamê u erşeti šuk-lu-[lu] gišhura šuluhha šutēšur[u itt]i=

šuklulu 1f šuklulu 1h

kunu bašû because it is in your power to carry out perfectly the rites of heaven and the nether world and to have the plans (and) purification rites properly performed PBS 12/1 7:9 (mis pi); ibni dKùsù . . . ana mu-šak-lil parşīki he created DN to be the one who would perform your (fem.) cultic rites properly RAcc. 46:36; epēšu É.HÚL.HÚL u šuk-lu-lu parşīšu AnSt 8 48 ii 4 (Nbn.); ana udduš šipri ekurri šuk-lul kidudê to renew the cult of the temple (and) to perform perfectly the cultic rites Winckler Sammlung 2 1:13 (Sar.); U4.an.na giš.hur.an.ki.a šu.du, : min mu-šaklil uşurāt šamê u erşeti von Weiher Uruk 8 i 1 f. and dupls., see Borger, JNES 33 192, and see Or. NS 30 4 r. 5f., in lex. section; muša-ak-li-il têrētim ša GN the one who has executed in full the rulings for GN CH iii 50, see also  $m\bar{e}s\bar{u}$  usage b; exceptionally in III/3: me.du₇:  $mu\check{s}$ -tak-li-la-at par $s\bar{i}$ ASKT p. 116 No. 15:5f., also ibid. 1f.

- f) to complete, to provide in full, to have ready (OA): aššumi bappiri ša tašpuranni bappirum ... epiš ša-ak-lu-ul concerning the beer bread you wrote to me about the beer bread is (now) finished and ready CCT 3 20:37; qātī ana bīt kārim itaddi ana nikkassī qātī ša-ak-li-il5 deposit my share to the kārum, (please) provide my share for the account in full CCT 2 5b:27, and see šuklulu adj. mng. 1b.
- g) to carry to term: erâtu ša libbiz šina ú-šak-la-la pregnant women will carry their fetuses full term Thompson Rep. 207 r. 5, also Labat TDP 206:69; ir-ri-ma ul ú-šak-lal KAR 472 ii 7, cf. ibid. 6 (physiogn.).
- h) to grant full measure of power, wisdom, and other attributes: (dedication of a throne)  $in\bar{u}ma$  DN  $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$   $m\bar{a}t$  Mari... ana  $b\hat{e}[lim]$  u  $\check{s}ap\bar{a}ri[m]$   $\check{u}$ - $\check{s}a$ -ak-li-la-lam] when my lord DN gave me full power over the land of Mari to rule and govern it MARI 3 42:9, cf.  $in[\bar{u}ma]$  DN...  $m\bar{a}t$  Mari... u  $namlak\bar{a}ti\check{s}u$   $\check{u}$ - $\check{s}a$ -ak-li-lam ibid. r. 8;  $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$  ittam ukall[im]  $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$  ittam  $\check{s}a$  ukallim[u] li-

ša-ak-li-lam (see kullumu mng. 3c) Syria 19 126:10 (Mari let.); bēlum simat hattim u agîm ša ú-ša-ak-li-lu-šu erištum Mama lord worthy of scepter and crown which wise Mama had granted him fully CH iii 27; DINGIR.MAH . . . [ze]ra el-lam li-šaklil-šu may Bēlet-ilī bestow in full on him pure progeny 5R 33 viii 1 (Agum-kakrime, coll. J. A. Brinkman), cf. (goddess) mu-šak-lilat tālitti Craig ABRT 2 16:23, and delete this ref. sub kullumu mng. 7;  $Il\bar{\imath}$ -tabni-šu-uk-li-il (personal name) YOS 13 191:21, cf. PBS 1/2 22:25 (OB), cf. Aššur-tabni-šuk-lil AfO 10 40 No. 89:7, etc., see Saporetti Onomastica 1 145 f.; the seven sages ša kīma Ea bēlišunu uzna sīrta šuk-lu-lu who, like Ea, their lord, are fully endowed with high intelligence Cagni Erra I 162, cf. é.geštú.mah.šu.du, : É uzni sī[rti] šuk-lu-lu KAV 43 r. 7; DN bēl nagbi nēmegam li-šak-lil-šu may Ea, the lord of the deep waters, make him (the king) perfect in wisdom 5R 33 viii 18 (Agum-kakrime), Marduk . . . hegallašu li- $\delta ak$ -lil- $\delta u$  ibid. 22;  $\delta a \ Nab\hat{u} \dots [uzna]$ rapaštu  $\acute{u}$ - $\check{s}ak$ -lil- $\acute{u}$ - $\check{s}u$ -ma Hunger Kolophone No. 330:3 and 342:3, see Borger, WO 5 168; Ištar *ša para qardūte šuk-lu-lat* who possesses fully all the attributes of heroism WO 2 144:13 (Shalm. III), also, wr. šuk-lu-la-at AKA 244 i 10 (Asn.), KAH 2 84:4 (Adn. II); nin me.šár.ra šu.du $_7$ :  $b\bar{e}ltu$ ša kullat parsī šuk-lu-lat OECT 6 pl. 17 Rm. 97:12 and 14; (Lugalmaradda) ša danā: nim šu-uk-lu-lu who is perfect in strength CT 36 23 ii 17 (Nbn.), cf. [guruš kala].ga šu.  $du_7$ .  $ke_x$ : etlu ša danāna šuk-lu-lu SBH 28 No. 12 r. 10f., nam.en.na šu.du₇: bēlūtam šu-uk-lu-lu Sjöberg Mondgott 104:8, nam.[ur].sag šu.du; : qarrādūtam šuk-ArOr 21 376:50; etellūta ú-šak-lal he will bring his power of disposition(?) to completion CT 51 147 r. 19; [šumma awīlum šā]rtam damiqtam šu-uk-lu-ul if a man is abundantly provided with beautiful hair AfO 18 63 i 17 (OB); Mannumšu-uk-lu-ul (personal name) Gautier Dilbat 33:7, 10, and 14 (OB); mu-ša-ak-li-il mimma šumšu ana GN (I am Hammurapi) who has

šuklulu 2 šukû

provided a full measure of all things for Nippur CHi57, cf. (Sirius) mu-šak-lil(var.-li-lu) mimma šumšu STT 215 i 66 and dupls. KAR 76:16, etc.; šullumu šu-uk-lu-lu Gula ittikima Limet Sceaux Cassites 8.14:5, cf. Ú-ša-ak-lí-il (personal name) UET 3 754 iii 11 and 1048:3, for other OAkk. refs. see Gelb, MAD 3 145; difficult: šumma šu-uk-lu-la-šu if all is well provided for him (preceded by šumma šutamįāšu) ZA 43 102:27 (Sittenkanon), cf. šu-uk-lu-la-šu (apod.) AfO 11 223:21; itti ili šu-uk-lu-u[l] Kraus Texte 62:9.

2. III/2 to become fully formed or finished, to be carried out (passive to mng. 1): u₄ dingir dím.me.en UD.SAR sikil.la šu.du₇.a.me.en :  $\bar{u}m$  ilu ib= banû askaru ellu uš-tak-li-lu at the time the god was begotten, the pure crescent was fully formed 4R 25 iii 42 f., cf. u₄ . . . alam sikil.[la šu.du₇.a]:  $\bar{i}nu$  ... şalmu ellu uš-tak-[li-lu] STT 201:2; ūtad= daš suggam uš-ta-ak-la-al Ekur VAB 4 148 iv 11 (Nbk.), li-iš-ta-ak-li-il lipit qātija ibid. iv 15; šikin bītišu la uš-tak-lal-ma the construction of his house will not be completed KAR 178 ii 54 and dupl. KAR 176 r. i 13 (hemer.);  $\bar{e}ma$   $b\bar{i}tu$  šu $\bar{a}ti$  uš-ta-ak-la-luma VAB 4 66 ii 14 (Nabopolassar);  $b\bar{\imath}tu\ \check{s}\hat{u}$ ila išu / uš-tak-lal that house will have good fortune, var.: it will be finished Labat Calendrier § 1:5, cf. bītu šû ul uqtattû (var. É BI *uš-tak-lal*) ibid. 13. *ul uš-tak*lal ibid. § 2:2;  $m\bar{a}tu$  šî ul uš-tak-[lal] CT 39 10a: 2 (Alu); ana dLisi likrub itti naphar bītišu uš-tak-lal AJSL 40 203 r. 16 (MUL.APIN II); sinništu šî ul uš-tak-lal AMT 65,3:20 (SB Alu); Egipar kummi ellu ašar paras ēnūti uš-tak-la-lu qerebšu Egipar, the pure sanctuary, wherein the rites of the office of high priestess are performed to perfection YOS 1 45 i 39 (Nbn.); me.zu  $u_4.ul.$ dù.a.šè šu ha.ra.an.du₇.du₇: par= şīka ana ūmu [şâ]ti liš-tak-li-lu may your cult be perfectly performed forever! CT 13 38 r. 12; ezen [. . .] šu nu.um.du7.du7 : isin[nu...] ul uš-tak-li-lu SBH 60 No. 31

r. 10f.; in broken context: *uš-tak-la-lu* (apod.) ZA 43 106 iv 22 (Sittenkanon).

For BE 17 40:12 see kalû v. mng. 9.

šuknušu adj.; obedient; SB*; cf.  $ka = n\bar{a}\delta u$ .

 $n\bar{\imath}$ š  $\bar{\imath}n\bar{e}$  DN DN₂ DN₃ šakkanakku mutznenn $\hat{u}$ ... malku šuk-nu-šu it $\hat{u}$ t k $\bar{u}$ n libbi DN₄ DN₅ (Sin-šar-iškun) the chosen one of Aššur, Enlil, and Ninlil, the pious governor, the obedient ruler, selected in true faith by Sin and Ningal CT 34 2 Ki. 1904-10-9+:3, see Streck Asb. 839 C.

šukru (or šugru, šuqru) s.; (mng. unkn.); MA.*

13 qaqqadātu burhiš kamsūtu [...] qimmātušunu ša NA4.ZA.GÌN qarnāšunu [ša...] šu-uk-ri IGI.MEŠ u tēqiātu [...] 13 heads of crouching burhiš animals [...], their manes are of lapis, their horns [are of ...], the š.-s of (their) eyes and the (eye) inlays [are of ...] AfO 18 304 ii 7 (MA inv.), cf. š[u-u]k-ri IGI.MEŠ-šu-nu ibid. 302 i 36.

*šuktumu (*šaktumu, fem. šaktumtu) adj.; covered; NA*; cf. katāmu.

ina kūri ša tukkanni ina harāgi šaktùm-te la eššete tušerrad išātu tašarrap you place (the mass of prepared glass) into a chamber kiln in a covered harāgu-pan, but not a new one, and you light a fire Oppenheim Glass 44 § 15:118.

šukû (šugû) s.; door pole; OB, Mari, MB, Nuzi, SB, NB; Sum. lw.

giš.su $\mu$ .ig =  $\delta u$ -ku(var. -gu)-u (followed by  $\delta agammu$ ,  $s\bar{a}hiv$ ) Hh. V 252; [giš.su $\mu$ ].I+LU =  $\delta u$ -ku-u Hh. IV 232; su $\mu$  =  $\delta [u$ -ku-u] Antagal G 69.

a) in econ. — 1' of wood: GIŠ šu-ka-a-am ša daltim ša ištu GN ublu GIŠ šu-ka-am šâti adi bēlī la īmurušu ul alappassu daltam ša bāb PN GIŠ šu-ka-am ana gam: rūtišu amdudma (concerning) the door pole which was brought from Carchemish,

I will not give that door pole as a work assignment until my lord has inspected it, (further) I measured the door pole for the door of PN's house in its entirety ARMT 13 7:8 ff., cf. aššum giš šu-ki-[im] ARMT 23 98:2: 2 GIŠ sāhirum u šu-ku-um BE 6/2 137:2 (OB inv.); aššum šu-ki-i ša itû PN šaknuma bēlī išpura ana bābi ša bīt bēlija ul illak kuburrâ mīṣ u mūraku ja'num concerning the door pole which is with PN about which my lord wrote to me, it does not fit the gate of my lord's house, it is not thick enough and there is not (enough) length BE 17 26:17 (MB let.); two wooden doors which are 15 cubits high and  $3\frac{1}{2}$  KÙŠ 8 ŠU.SI  $el\hat{a}t$  GIŠ  $\delta u-ku-\hat{u}$   $rap\delta u$ three and one-half cubits eight fingers wide, excluding the door pole PBS 2/1 173:2 (NB).

**2'** of metal: 1  $\delta u$ -ku-e  $\delta a$  URUDU  $\delta a$  IG.MEŠ HSS 13 174:14 (= RA 36 159).

b) in lit.: ēpušma dalta . . . šu-ku-šá sāhirša u šagammaša ištēn [. . .] I made a door (from the cedar), its door pole, its ferrule, and its . . . . are of one [. . .] Bagh. Mitt. 11 100 vi 9 (Gilg. V), cf. šu-ku-ki sāhirki u šagammaki (see šagammu) Gilg. VII i 44; do not approach the door ša sikkūrša mīšarumma šu-ku-šá(var. -šú) Anu whose bolt is justice, whose pole is Anu LKU 33 r. 6 and dupls. (Lamaštu, courtesy W. Farber).

DA.BULUG  $\S u$ -[(x)]-ga-e Gelb OAIC No. 43:16 (school text?) is unlikely to be connected with  $\S uk\hat{u}$ ; the expected OAkk. form is su-ku-e, see ibid. p. 304.

For VAB 2 (= EA) 22 iii 53 see *šukūdu*. Salonen Türen 68; Speiser, JCS 2 225 ff.

šukubbe adj.; (mng. uncert.); MB Alalakh*; Hurr. word; pl. šukubbena.

23 GIŠ.GU.ZA *šu-ku-ub-be* . . . 8 GIŠ. GÌR.GUB *šu-ku-ub-be-n*[a] Wiseman Alalakh 423:3 and 5.

**šukubtu** (or *šukuptu*) s.; **1.** (a class or category of persons), **2.** (uncert. mng.); Mari(?), MB Alalakh.

- 1. (a class or category of persons): x ana Lú šu-ku-ub-te x (kiššanu legume) for š. persons (beside amounts issued as fodder for horses and cattle) JCS 8 21 No. 267:10; Lú šu-ku-ub-ti ibid. 20 No. 264:10 and 16; x Lú.MEŠ māhiṣē x šu-ku-ub-tum ibid. 21 No. 268:11; x SAL É LUGAL x šu-ku-ub-tum (in list beginning x še-a-am ŠE.BA SAL.MEŠ ša É LUGAL) ibid. 23 No. 280 r. 3, cf. ibid. 18 No. 253:2, No. 254:15; x [še-a-am] ŠE.BA GEMÉ.MEŠ x [Lú.MEŠ] asīri x Lú.MEŠ uš.BAR... x šu-ku-ub-te Wiseman Alalakh 243:14 (all MB Alalakh ration lists).
- 2. (uncert. mng.) a) in MB Alalakh: x & e-a-am & u-ku-ub-tum ana L & u. ME & sipa JCS 8 17 No. 251:1; x & ziz & u-ku-ub(?)-ti & u. ana & u-ku-ub-ti ibid. 18 No. 255:2f., ef. ibid. 23 No. 276:1.
- **b)** other occ.: [x & ]u-ku-ba-tum and *hirhini* ARM 12 613 r. 4, see ARMT 12 p. 264.

For JEN 314:3 and 31 see *§uqultu* mng. 1a.

šukudakku s.; (temple) fisherman; SB; Sum. lw.; ef. šukudakkūtu.

 $\S u. \# A = \S u-ku$  (preceded by &aha homonyms) Nabnitu XXXI 12.

Utu-hegal šu-ku₆-da-ku ina pāṭ irat tâmti nūna tamarti ibârma Utu-hegal, the fisherman, would catch fish at the seashore as a present (for Marduk) ZA 42 53:25 (Weidner Chron.), wr. Utu-hegal šu-ku₆-da-ku (var.  $\S u$ -ku- $\lceil dak$ - $ku \rceil$ ) ibid. 29, see Grayson Chronicles 148 ff.: 58 and 62, var. from dupl. JCS 32 73:62 (bil., Sum. broken); in the reign of RN šu-k $u_6$ -da-ku ša Esagil . . . ana naptan  $Bar{e}l$ HA.MEŠ ibarr[u] the š. of Esagil caught fish for the meal of DN ZA 42 51:5, cf. ibid.  ${}^{\mathrm{f}}Ku^{\mathrm{-d}}Ba - ba_{\mathrm{x}}(\psi)$  and  $[\S u] - ku_{\mathrm{6}} - da - ku$ NINDA.MEŠ iddin mê iddin Ku-Baba gave food and water to the fisherman ibid. 10 (= Grayson Chronicles 147 f.: 38 ff.);  $el \ L\acute{U} \ \check{s}u$  $ku_6$ -da-ku [x]-u 20 dumu.meš  $B\bar{a}b[ili$ DUMU].MEŠ LÚ (var. omits) šu-ku₆-da-ku

šukudakkūtu šukūdu

labīrūti [a]na šuḥmuṭa nūnu bal-ṭi [ša] ūm ana ginė Marduk bēlija uma'iršunūtima in addition to the [former(?)] (single) fisherman, I assigned twenty Babylonians, descendants of the ancient fishermen, to rush fresh(?) fish daily for the regular offerings to Marduk, my lord VAB 4 156 A v 11 ff. (Nbk.).

The reading of the sign HA as  $ku_6$  in this learned loan word is based solely on the late variant JCS 32 73:62 to the Weidner Chron. While the context of the Nabnitu reference points rather to a reading šuhadakku. For OB references written  $\S U$ . HA.(MEŠ) UD.DA, see  $b\bar{a}$ 'iru mng. 1c-1', and add there CT 52 (= Kraus, AbB 7) 181:1.

Landsberger, MSL 8/2 111.

šukudakkūtu s.; trade of (temple) fisherman; SB*; cf. šukudakku.

[GIŠ].MÁ umahhar šu-ku₆-ud-da-ku-tú ša Eridu ippuš he (Adapa) steers the boat, plying the trade of fisherman for Eridu BRM 4 3:15.

šukūdu (šakūdu) s.; 1. arrow, 2. the star Sirius, 3. sharp end of a spindle; OB, MB, Nuzi, SB; wr. syll. and (in mng. 2) (MUL.)KAK.SI.SÁ.

[giš].kul.bal = §u-ku-du, [giš].me.te.bal = MIN, naprasu Hh. VI 27 ff.

mul.kak.si.sá = šu-ku-du, mul.[giš].pan = qaštu Hh. XXII Section 10:5f., restored from dupl. Bagh. Mitt. 10 132 W.23766:10f.; [mu]l. kak.si.sá = šu-ku-du = šil-ta-hu Hg. B VI 46, in MSL 11 41.

[iti.NE mul.kak.si.sá] ^dNin.urta.ra: ITI.NE Šu-ku-du ^dNinurta the month of Abu is (the month of) Sirius, (i.e.,) Ninurta KAV 218 A ii 1 and 8 (Astrolabe B), see BPO 2 p. 81.

dŠu-ku-du = dudu.bad.gu4.ud AfO 14 pl. 7 i 21 (astrol. comm.), cf. Mul.kak.si.sá = Mul.udu. Bad.gu4.ud CT 25 13 iv 4 (list of gods); Mul.Šu-ku-du = [...] LBAT 1577 r. 5 (comm.); urudu || erû ana arê || du-u kak || lillidu || za-al ud || nu-úr || Tag.ga ezēbi šanîš du-u kak lillidu || si || ešēri ša alāku aššum mul.kak.si.sá (comm. on urudu.kak.ud.tag.e) JNES 33 332:37.

 $\delta u$ -ku- $du = \delta il$ -ta-bu (among synonyms of  $\delta il$ - $t\bar{a}hu$ ) Malku III 16;  $malmallu = \delta ilt\bar{a}hu$ , u- $su = \delta u$ -ku-[du] An VIII 176 f.

- 1. arrow a) in hist. and lit.: ina qaštija dannate šu-ku-ud parzilli u mul: mullīja zaqtūte napištašunu ušeqti with my strong bow, iron (tipped) arrows and pointed mulmullu arrows, I slew them (four wild bulls) AKA 85 vi 66 (Tigl. I); tulul qašta šu-ku-du-ka(var. omits -ka) imta libillu draw the bow, let your arrow carry poison STT 21 i 10 and dupl. RA 46 28:10 (SB Epic of Zu), cf. leqēma tillu ana arkat šu-ku(var. -uk)-di-ka nukkis abrēšu STT 21:107 and 129, dupl. RA 46 36 iii 10, var. from 38 iii 33.
- b) other occs.: [x] KAK.SI.SÁ UD.KA. BAR UET 5 791 i 11 (OB household inv.); 1 mušākilum kù.babbar 1 šu-ku-du-um KÙ.BABBAR one silver eating utensil, one silver §. (beside goblets, possibly to mng. 3) ARM 9 267:3; 5000 GI.MEŠ . . . ana šu-ku-du ana epēši five thousand reeds for making arrows HSS 13 103:4, also ibid. 99:3, 206:3, (twenty thousand) ibid. 100:2, also, wr. *šu-ku-te* AASOR 1690:1, HSS 14 222:2, 586:2, 626:2; 2000 GI.MEŠ šuku-te ištu iškari two thousand reed arrows from the work assignment HSS 14 226:2, cf. 2000 gi.meš giš šu-ku-tum ša ekalli ibid. 224:2. 3000 GI.MEŠ šu-ku-tum. MEŠ ibid. 225:2; 50 GI šu-ku-tum PN ištu ekalli ilqe u utår HSS 13 60:1, cf. ibid. 175:2; 1000 gi šu-ku-tum ana pn ina gn ittadnu ibid. 71:2; 20 GI.MEŠ  $[\delta]u$ -[k]u- $\acute{u}$ -[du] EA 22 iii 53 (list of gifts of Tušratta), see Moran, Or. NS 53 302.
- 2. the star Sirius (α Canis Maioris)

   a) in astrol.: MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ: MUL

  meš-re-e Sirius (is called) star of wealth

  5R 46 No. 1 r. 51 (astrol. comm.), see Weidner

  Handbuch 52, also K.6507:4; DIŠ ina Du'uzi

  MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ MUL.MAŠ.TAB.BA MUL.

  UD.AL.TAR KUR.MEŠ-ma in the fourth

  month Sirius, Gemini, and Jupiter rise

  BPO 2 Text III 28; šumma MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ

  ina Du'uzi ittanmar BPO 2 Text IX 5, cf.

  ibid. Text X 5 and 40; MUL.IM.ŠEŠ ina GIŠ.

  NIM IGI.LÁ u MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ ina līlāti IGI.

  LÁ CT 33 4 iii 8 (MUL.APIN I); ina Du'uzi

šukūdu šukūdu

MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ MUL.Á.MUŠEN KUR-ud ACh Ištar 28:21, cf. ibid. 22; šá GUD MÚL. MÚL . . . šá šu šu-ku-du . . .  $ann\hat{u}$  kak: kabāni ša ITI.MEŠ gabbi TCL 6 11:6; šumma MUL.UDU.BAD ana MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ ithi if a planet approaches Sirius ACh Ištar 20:45, see ZA 52 244:38f.; Summa MUL.PAN ana MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ ikšud if the Bow reaches the Arrow (i.e., Sirius) ACh Supp. 50:16 and dupl. Symbolae Böhl 41:13, see BPO 2 Text XVI 18: [šumma an]a libbi MUL.[AŠ.GÁN MUL]  $\tilde{S}u$ -ku-du  $\bar{i}rubma$  DU K.3918+ :18 (partly in ACh Ištar 27); šumma MUL.KAK.[SI.SÁ  $s\tilde{a}m$ ] (with comm.) MUL.KAK.SI.[SÁ . . .] Thompson Rep. 246A 1 ff., restored from ACh Ištar 28:20, K.2346+r. 16, cf. (with unnut) Sm. 1093:10, (with adir) ibid. 5; MUL Su-ku-du (written on edge of tablet) K.15478; MUL.KAK.SI. SÁ MUL.LI9.SI4 li-si MUL Bēlet-balāţi annûti paniūti ša ina panīti innameruni Sirius, Antares, Vega, these are the ones which have already been visible ABL 1449:1, see Parpola LAS No. 68; note standing for the planet Mercury: [šumma] Sin ina tāmar: tišu mul Šu-ku-du ina libbišu izziz if at the first appearance of the moon the Arrow (= Mercury) stands within it ACh Supp. 2 9:15-21, cf. [šumma Sin . . .] IGI. LÁ-ma dŠu-ku-du ina libbišu izziz . . . dŠuku-du ^dGU₄.UD if the moon rises [...] and the Arrow stands within it, the Arrow (is) Mercury LBAT 1553 r. 22f., cf. ibid. 24; šumma tarbaşa lamīma Šu-ku-du ina libbišu izziz // šil-ta-hu PA.BIL.SAG ina tar: baş Sin izzazma if (the moon) is surrounded by a halo and the Arrow (= Mercury) stands within it, (explanation:) the arrow of Sagittarius stands within the halo of the moon TCL 6 17 r. 33.

b) as seasonal indicator: šamaššammī adi Šu-ku-dam tammaru la tamaḥḥaḥ do not soak the flax until you observe Sirius TLB 4 65:1 (OB let.); ina umše rabūti u dannat kuṣṣi ša Qaštu Šu-kud-du (ina) šēri līlāti u[štabarr]ū nipiḥšun in the great heat (of summer) and severe cold of winter when the Bow star and Arrow star shine

in the morning and evening, respectively TCL 3 + KAH 2 141 + VAT 8698a: 100 (Sar.), see Afo 12 145; ina emmūt ūmi piris mīl kiššati nipiķ dša-ku-di in the heat of summer, at the ebb of the floods, at the rising of Sirius Tn.-Epic "iii" 23; ina ūmāt nipiķ MUL.KAK.SI.SĀ ša kīma erî işuddu in the days of the rising of Sirius, which glows like copper AKA 140 iv 15 (Tigl. I).

- c) in prayers and rit.: 2 ša pan MUL. KAK.SI.SÁ two (prayers to be recited) before Sirius ABL 23:7, see Parpola LAS No. 185: mūšu anniu ša ud.22.kam ina pan MUL Dilbat ina pan MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ aninnu neppaš we will perform (the rites) this night of the 22nd day before Venus and Sirius ABL 1426:5, cf. ABL 648:14; KA. INIM.MA ŠU.ÍL.LÁ MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ.KAM Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 540 r. 4; for other prayers to Sirius see ibid. p. 430f., cf. dKAK.SI. sá eddešû CT 51 200:1; Enlil is my head MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ *lānī* the Arrow is my body Maqlu VII 50; MUL. PAN MUL. MUL MUL. KAK. SI.SÁ Salbatānu Narudu lipţuru Šurpu II 182, wr. (syll. Sum.) in Bogh.: MUL Ka4ak-sí-sí KUB 4 47 r. 44, see Weidner Handbuch p. 60 and BPO 2 p. 2; note representing Ninurta: [MUL] Šu-ku-du šumka KAR 83 i 4; šu-ku-du [la] āniḥu . . . ša mul.kak.si.sá ina šamê zikiršu (Ninurta) indefatigable arrow, whose name in heaven is Arrow star JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 2 v 8 and 12 (hymn to Ninurta); atta MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ dNinurta ašarid ilī rabūti you are Sirius, (that is) Ninurta, the first among the great gods BMS 50: 29 (catch line), see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 405: MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ šumšu mušālil qabli Arrow is his name, he who sounds the battle cry KAR 76:14 and dupl. STT 214-217 i 65.
- d) in oaths: niš MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ niš MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ KAR 76 r. 25 and dupls., also Iraq 14 63 ND 1103:1; ina IGI dSAG.ME.GAR dDil-bat MUL.UDU.BAD.SAG.UŠ MUL.UDU.BAD.GU4.UD MUL Sal-bat-a-nu MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ (treaty concluded) before Jupiter, Venus, Saturn, Mercury, Mars, (and)

šukuku šūkulu

Sirius Wiseman Treaties 15; adê issešunu issakan ina MUL.SAG.ME.GAR MUL.KAK. SI.SÁ uttammēšunu he has made an agreement with them, having them swear by Jupiter (and) Sirius Iraq 34 22:29 (NA let. from Šamaš-šum-ukīn to Esarh.); šum DINGIR. MEŠ ina MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ ultaqbīš he made him take an oath by Sirius GCCI 2 395:24 (NB let.), cf. MU.DINGIR ina MUL.KAK.SI. SÁ ana PN izakkar BM 33352:4.

3. sharp end of a spindle: see Hh. VI, in lex. section.

For HSS 15 167:18 see šukitu.

Ad mng. 1: E. Salonen Waffen 119 f. Ad mng. 2: Weidner, Bab. 6 29 ff.; Kugler, SSB 1 236 ff.; Gössmann, ŠL 4 Nos. 212 and 381.

šukuku s.; (a land measure); MB Alalakh; foreign word(?).

1 šu-ku-ku GIŠ.GEŠTIN.HI.A 1 šu-ku-ku GIŠ sirdu PN ana ^fPN₂ aššatišu ittadinšu PN has given one š. of vineyard (and) one š. of olive orchard to ^fPN₂ his wife Wiseman Alalakh 87:14 f., cf. ^fPN 1 šu-ku-ku ša GIŠ.GEŠTIN 1 šu-ku-ku ša GIŠ sirde ana ^fPN₂ iddinšu ibid. 88:3 f.

šūkultu A (šākultu, šākussu) s.; 1. banquet, 2. food, fodder; RS, Emar, MB Elam, MB Alalakh, MA, SB, NA, NB; cf. akālu.

1. banquet: on the fourth day Nabû and Tašmētu enter the bedroom UD.5.KAM šaku-su ša šarri ušakkulu on the fifth thev offer (to them) the king's banquet ABL 366:9 (NA), see Postgate, Sumer 30 70 n. 10; kiNIN.DINGIR ana šu-kúl-ti-ša uššab when the priestess sits down to her banquet Arnaud Emar 6 369:51, also ibid. 88; [MUŠEN].MEŠ *šamrātu ša ša-kúl-ti* (see šamrû) KAJ 247:2 (MA); šumma a'īlu ina ūmi rāgi šamna ana qaqqad mārat a'īli itbuk lu ina ša-ku-ul-te huruppāte ubil (see huruppu) KAV 1 vi 16 (Ass. Code § 42); NA₄  $\check{s}amm\bar{e}$  . . . ana  $\check{s}ipar$   $\check{s}a$ - $k\acute{u}l$ -te  $ep\bar{a}\check{s}e$ kunukkē ša PN kanik the šammu stones for work for the banquet were sealed with

PN's seals KAJ 178:18; obscure: [...] GIŠ. GIGIR *ša ša-kúl-te* KAJ 124:3 (MA).

- 2. food, fodder a) in gen.: šu-ku-ul-ta ina pursīti lilqe let him take the meal (consisting of a slaughtered sheep) in a bowl AfO 24 89:38 (MB Elam); I sent to my brother 10 UDU.HI.A 6 GA.KIN.AG šu-gulti MRS 12 4:8; emmer and barley of the palace šu-kúl-tú sīsê fodder for horses Wiseman Alalakh 297:5, cf. ibid. 17 (MB Alalakh), see JCS 13 53; šu-kul-ti ina panīšu assadir (see sadāru mng. 1a-1') UET 4 186:10 (NB let.); uncert.: 2 GÍN bu-un-ni-e šu-kultum ša LÚ šanî YOS 3 147:12 (NB let.).
- b) in transferred mng.:  $\&u-ku-lat^dGirru$  (in broken context, beside expressions for destruction) BA 5 387:7 (prayer of Asb. to Marduk).

In ABL 333 r. 11 read da-nu-te-šú (coll. S. Parpola). For Gilg. XII 153 see šukkultu.

šūkultu B s.; fattening shed(?); NB; cf.  $ak\bar{a}lu$ .

760 UDU.NITÁ šu-kul-tum 760 sheep from the fattening shed CT 55 618:6; UDU. NITÁ šu-kul-tum ša LÚ.SIPA.MEŠ ša PN ana Ebabbar iddinu sheep from the fattening shed (under the care?) of the shepherds, which PN has delivered to Ebabbar (as sattukku) (heading of list) Cyr. 57:1, cf. 18 UDU.NITÁ šu-kul-tum ana sattuk Nbn. 948:7; UDU.NITÁ šu-kul-tum ša LÚ.SIPA. MEŠ ša ana puḥādī nadnu Nbn. 490:1.

šūkulu (šākulu) adj.; 1. fattened, 2. steeped, tanned (hide); OB, MB, MA, NB; wr. syll. and κύ; ef. akālu.

kuš al.kú(text gar). e = [ $\delta u$ -ku-l]u, kuš nu. al.kú(text gar). e = [la MIN] Hh. XI 88 f., see MSL 9 198.

1. fattened: ištēn immeru šu-ku-lu ša urê one fattened sheep from the fold YOS 3 122:16 (NB let.); 2 alpū ša-ku-lu-ú-tu... nāmurtu ša PN two fattened oxen, PN's audience gift Donbaz Ninurta-tukulti-Aššur pl. 19 A.3190:1, cf. 8 GUD.MEŠ 170 UDU.

*šukumtu šukunnû A

NITÁ.MEŠ 30 UDU.GUKKAL.MEŠ ša-ku-lutu.MEŠ nāmurtu ša PN... 24 UDU.NITÁ. MEŠ 6 UDU.GUKKAL šá-ku-lu-tu nāmurtu ša PN₂ ibid. pl. 18 A.3186:3 and 6, see AfO 10 p. 40f. Nos. 94 and 90; 6 GUD.MEŠ šá-ku-lu-tu.MEŠ ša ana bīt sirāšî ana šākuli paqqudūni six fattened oxen consigned to the brewer's house for fattening KAJ 213:11 (all MA), see Donbaz, JCS 32 218; uncert.: [XUDU.NITÁ.(MEŠ) šu]-ku-lu-tum CT 55 588:1 (NB).

2. steeped, tanned (hide): see Hh., in lex. section; KUŠ.HI.A SAL.ÁŠ.GÀR.MEŠ ù KUŠ.HI.A U8.HI.A šu-ku-lu-tim ù la-a šuku-lu-tim . . .  $\check{subilam}$  send me hides of kids and ewes, whether tanned or untanned YOS 2 85:18f. (OB let.), cf. 1 KUŠ GUD ra-bi-a-am &u-ku-lam A.3558:5 (OB):2 kuš gud kú 15 kuš gud nu kú PBS 2/2 140:1f. (MB), and passim in this text, also (of sheep) ibid. 3, 10, and 15; KUŠ UDU KÚ, KUŠ UDU NU, KUŠ U8 KÚ, KUŠ U8 NU, KUŠ. SILA4.GUB SAL.SILA4.GUB KÚ, KUŠ KI.MIN NU, . . . KUŠ MÁŠ KÚ, KUŠ MÁŠ NU, KUŠ ÙZ KÚ, KUŠ ÙZ NU, KUŠ MÁŠ.TUR SAL. ÁŠ.GÀR KÚ, KUŠ KI.MIN NU (heading of list) BE 15 78:2-3 (MB); 9 KUŠ UDU.NITÁ. MEŠ šu-ku-lu-tu [ina] libbi 5 sarpūtu nine tanned sheep hides, among which are five dyed ones YOS 3 195:4 (NB let.); (within six months) PN rab būl ša ṣēnu ša dinnin Uruk 1000 kuš udu.nitá.meš šu-kullu-tu u kuš halīsiānu babbanūtu . . . ana makkūr Eanna inandin PN, the overseer of the herds of Ištar of Uruk, will deliver to the exchequer of Eanna one thousand tanned sheep hides and fine leather straps(?) YOS 7 138:4 (NB); see  $ak\bar{a}lu$  v. mng. 9e.

For AOS 53 142:223 f. (= Ea III), see  $ak\bar{a}lu$  v. lex. section.

Ad mng. 2: Salonen Fußbekleidung 77; Oppenheim, Eames Coll. p. 35; Stol, RLA 6 531.

*šukumtu s.; (mng. unkn.); Bogh. lex.*; only pl. šukumātu attested.

[é . . .] [e-x-]- $\lceil \dot{u}(?) \rceil$ - $\dot{u}r$  (pronunciation) = bi-it  $\mathcal{S}u$ -ku-ma-a-t[i] Kagal Bogh. I Section B 8.

šukūniš (or *šukunniš*) adv.; (mng. uncert.); SB.*

*šarru ana rabūtišu šu-ku-ni-iš iqbi* the (enemy?) king spoke . . . .-ly to his nobles KAH 2 84:77 (Adn. II).

šukunnā'u see šukunnû A.

šukunniš see šukūniš.

šukunnû A (šukunnā'u) s.; estimated yield (of an expected crop) and the pertinent cultivation agreement; OAkk., OB; wr. syll. and GAR.RA, NÍG.GAR, NÍG.GAR. RA (ŠU.GAR YOS 12 126:11 and 13); cf. ša: kānu.

[ga-ra] GAR = δu-ku-un-nu-<ú> MSL 14 97:209a:2' (Proto-Aa); in.gar.ra = kumurrů, δukun-nu-û Hh. II 74f.; níg.gar.gar = kumurrů, δu-kun-nu-û Ai. IV iii 12f.; níg.gar GIŠ.SAR = δu-kun-ni GIŠ.SAR ibid. 17; GIŠ.SAR níg.gar. ra = GIŠ.SAR δu-kun-ni-i, GIŠ.SAR níg.gar.ra íb. ta.an.è = GIŠ.SAR α-na MIN it-ta-şi ibid. 36f.

[é . . .] = [e]-[x]-úr-ku (pronunciation) = bi-it su-ku-un-ni (obscure) Kagal Bogh. I Section B 7.

a) referring to the estimated yield of a date grove to be delivered by the contractor: x zú.lum *šu-ku-un-ne* giš.sar é. GAL ša ana PN PN, šandanakkum u mā: dūtum iškunu ina MN šittīn gunnum ša: luštam sig, . . . šu-ku-[un]-ne sulupp $\bar{i}$ imaddad x dates, the estimated yield of a grove belonging to the palace, which the orchard administrator PN2 and others established for PN, in MN he will deliver the s. in two-thirds ordinary quality (dates) and one-third first-quality (dates) dates YOS 12 446:2 and 11; NÍG.GAR GIŠ.SAR PN ekallam ippal Riftin 91:3, cf. YOS 12 291:7; x gurnum x ZÚ.LUM SIG5 GAR.RA GIŠ.SAR PN ša ina šu PN₂ ... ZÚ.LUM Ì.ÁG.E VAS 7 165:3; dates GAR. RA GIŠ.SAR PN ša ana PN, iššaknu estimated yield of PN's orchard which was established for PN2 VAS 741:3, and passim, *šu-ku-un-*⟨ne⟩ PN *ša ana* PN₂ *iškunu* TCL 1 138:2,  $\S u$ -ku-un- $ne_x(BÍL)$   $kir\hat{i}m$  . . .  $\S a$ PN ša ana PN₂ iššaknu TLB 1 71:3, also ibid. šukunnû A šukunnû B

72:3, Szlechter TJA p. 102 FM 31:2, p. 103 FM 19:3; dates bilat kirîm . . . ša PN ša ana šu-ku-un-ne-e ana PN2 iššaknušim TCL 1 226:5; ana [ki]rîm ša GN ana šu- $\langle ku \rangle$ -unne-e-em šakānim ittalkunim kīma šanassu alkama kirâm šuāti šu-k[u-u]n-na-[a]mšukna they went to make a š.-estimate of the orchard in GN, go (pl.) and make a š.-estimate of that orchard just as (you did) last year TCL 17 43:8, 11 (let.), cf. u*šu-ku-un-na-am ana* PN *šukna* ibid. 20; [in]anna and  $\S u-ku-un-ne-e$   $\S ak\bar{a}n[im]$ [uw]a'irkama now I have ordered you to establish the estimate TCL 1 30:14 (let.); šu-ku-na-am išakkanušu (in difficult context, see Landsberger Date Palm 57 and Cocquerillat, JESHO 10 176) VAS 7 27:9; x dates NÍG.GAR GIŠ.SAR PN NAM PN PN2 IN.ÍL TCL 11 147:3, 169:5, etc.; inūma ištu UrukPN ana *šu-ku-un-né-e-em išpuranim* when they sent PN from Uruk for estimating dates TCL 10 87:16, coll. RA 70 86; x dates middat  $\delta u - ku - u[n-n]e - em$   $leg\bar{e}ma$ (see šākinu usage a) TCL 17 52:7 (let.); x dates šuku-un-ne kirîm PN ana šakkinūtim isbat (see šākinūtu) CT 48 97:4, but x dates šu-ku-un-ne-e kirî PN ki PN2 PN3 ana šuku-un-ne işbat (see şabātu mng. 3d-2') TCL 1 143:2ff., cf. (dates) Nfg.gar kirî PN KI PN . . . NAM.NÍG.GAR.RA IN.DIB YOS 12 183:3 and 7.

b) referring to the rental agreement: A.ŠÀ GIŠ.SAR . . . ana šu-ku-un-ni-e u er= rēšūtim a field and orchard (rented) under a & agreement and tenancy agreement (respectively) VAS 7 100:11;  $kir\partial m$  . . . KI PN PN₂ PN₃ ù mādūtim PN₄ ana ŠU.GAR ušēşi kirâm urakkab šu.gar išakkanušum: ma kīma ālim suluppī imaddad ana hīţi kirîm izzaz PN4 rented an orchard in a š. agreement from PN, PN2, PN3, and others, he will pollinate the orchard, they will establish the estimate (of yield) for him, and he will deliver the dates according to local practice, (and) he will be responsible for any shortfall in the orchard YOS 12 126:11 ff.; KI PN  $b\bar{e}l\ kir\hat{i}m$  PN₂  $ana\ \check{s}u$ -kuun-ne-e ana biltim ana mu.1.kam ušēsi ūm ebūr suluppī šu-ku-un-na-a išakkanu: šumma bilat kirîm ippal PN2 rented (an orchard) from PN, the owner of the orchard, for s. for one year against payment of rent, at the time of the date harvest they will estimate the yield for him, and he will deliver the rent of the orchard YOS 13 258:9ff.; ana MU.1.KAM ana tarkub\\tim> ana šu-ku-un-ne-e ušēsi BIN 2 77:16, also BIN 7 182:20, Wr. NÍG.GAR.RA Haverford Symposium 242 No. 9:13, see Landsberger Date Palm 57; x kirâm . . . ana PN ana šu-ku-unné-em addin... suluppī muhuršu I gave an orchard to PN in a s. agreement, accept the dates from him UET 5 12:11 (let.).

c) referring to the estimated yield in barley, fruit: x SE.GUR šu-ku-na-um PN imaddad PN will measure out x barley, the §. Çiğ-Kizilyay NRVN 152:3 (UrIII); a§§um . . . tēm šu-ku-un-na še'im babālim . . . ištēn tuppi šu-ku-un-ne-e-em lilgeamma . . . lillikam as for bringing a report about estimating barley yield, let one (of you) take a tablet about the estimate and come here TCL 7 34:7 and 12 (let. of Hammurapi); X ŠE.GUR  $\delta[u-k]u-[u]n-na-am$   $a\delta[k]un$  (in broken context) YOS 2 137:22, see Stol, AbB 9 137; difficult: še'am ša x eglim ša errēšu īrišu ana šu-ku-un-ne-e-em la tašakkana OECT 3 17:14, see Kraus, AbB 4 95; note x NU.ÚR.MA NÍG.GAR GIŠ.SAR PN TCL 11 176:2.

In TCL 17 37:27 read Nig. Sid (= nikkassu).

Landsberger Date Palm 56 ff.; Cocquerillat,
JESHO 10 175 ff.

šukunnû B s.; blasphemy, false accusation; MB, SB; wr. syll. and Nig.gar; cf. šakānu.

šu-kun-né-e ili u ištari blasphemy against god or goddess Šurpu VIII 81; PN kî šu-ku-un-ni ina muḥhi PN₂ iškun (if) PN made a false accusation against PN₂ UET 7 11 r. 8, also UET 5 259 r. 2 (both MB), see Gurney MB Texts Nos. 11 and 73; šarru māssu ibbalakkassuma Níg.GAR GAR (= iš=

šukunu šukurru

šakkan) ša-ga-šá(!)-a-tum ina KUR ibaššá the king's land will revolt against him and there will be false accusations, there will be carnage in the land UCP 9 392:18 (SB astrol.).

šukunu s.; (an administrative term); Nuzi, RS.

a) in Nuzi: (various amounts of barley) ana šu-ku-ni (beside ana KÚ, ana nīš bīti, ana lú.meš taluhle, ana sīsê for consumption, for household personnel, for ....-men, for horses) HSS 16 30:1, cf. (beside ana balāli) HSS 14 126:1, HSS 16 48:6f., note ana balāli šu-ku-nu HSS 16 120:2 and 11: x še.meš ana šu-ku-na.meš (totaling various quantities for women and the ta: luhlu) HSS 13 214:40; ŠE.MEŠ šu-ku-na (beside še.meš zēru, bappiru, buglu, and flour) ibid. 32:13; (barley and wheat) ana ŠE.BA u ana šu-ku-ni for rations and for š. HSS 14 153:7, cf. ana še.ba ana šuku-niu ana ANŠE.KUR.RA ibid.r. 9; (wheat, emmer, barley) ana šu-ku-nu. MEŠ ina MN ana PN LÚ ēpû nadnu x [ŠE] ana šu-kunu ana PN2 nadnu for §. in MN given to PN the baker, x barley for s. given to PN₂ HSS 16 125:5; (various cereal grains) ana arzannu ana šu-ku-nu ina arki isi[nni] ša Arkabinni ana qäti PN nadnu HSS 14 185:5, cf. ana šu-ku-nu.meš ana šintunni ibid. 42:3, HSS 15 236:6, HSS 16 135:3, (with ana matramme as supplement) HSS 16 219:6; x še.meš šu-ku-na ana muddîšu ana ^fPN ana PN₂ [nadin] (see muddû usage c) HSS 16 84:6; annûtu ana šu-ku-na ana šarrati ša Nuzi PN ilge HSS 14 63:27, cf. annûtu *šu-ku-ni ša šarrati ša Arraphe nadnu* ibid. 9, cf.  $ann\hat{u}tu \, \delta u - ku - na$  ibid. 164:11, 14, an=nûtu ša šu-ku-nu ša šarrati ša GN ibid. 126:10, (emmer and wheat) ana šu-ku-na (beside ana turmi) ibid. 163:1 and passim in this text; (wheat) ana šarrati ša Nuzi ana  $\delta u - ku - na$  ina MN  $\delta a$  na $\delta ru$  ibid. 122:6, cf. ibid. 143:8, 144:14, and passim, (for various women) HSS 13 395:12, X GIG.MEŠ Šu-kuna.meš ana ^fPN (beside šuhharampašha)

ibid. 362:17, cf. HSS 16 44:14, and passim; for other refs. see RA 52 24 n. 1; ina MN ana šu-ku-ni ša ekalli ittašru they took out (wheat) in MN for the palace š. HSS 14 218:5; 1 ANŠE šu-ku-na.MEŠ 2 la-am-x-x-a ina MN ša našru ibid. 597:23, annûtu šu-ku-ni ša MN HSS 16 48:12; (wheat and emmer) ana šu-ku-ni ana 5 ūmī ana qāti ana PN nadnu HSS 14 183:3; (barley) [ana šu]-ku-na ana 2 arḥī HSS 16 22:3, cf. HSS 14 591:1, 606:23, HSS 15 267:13, Wr. ŠE.MEŠ šu-ku-na-a.MEŠ HSS 13 301:20; note (barley) ana šu-ku-nu ina GIŠ.BÁN ša šu-ku-ni for š. in the š. seah measure HSS 14 141:2, also HSS 15 272:10.

b) in RS: 1821 UDU.MEŠ Šu-ku-na MRS 6 205 RS 16.155 side A:8, cf. 67 GUD.HI.A Šu-ku-n[a] ibid. side B:5; É.GAL qadu gabba šu-ku-na . . . ana PN iddin (King Niqmepa) gave PN (for four hundred shekels of silver) a palace together with all (its) §. MRS 6 103 RS 15.109+:18.

For MSL 13 149 (Kagal Bogh. I) B 7, see šuzkunnū A.

Ad usage a: E. Cassin, RA 52 22 ff.; H. Lewy, Or. NS 28 126 n. 1; M. Morrison, JCS 31 9 n. 37.

šukuptu see kuptu B and šukubtu.

šukurgallu s.; large spear; OB (Chagar Bazar); Sum. lw.; wr. igi.kak.gal; ef. šukurru.

[urudu.1]GI.KAK = sil[lit], su[kurru], [urudu.1GI.KAK].GAL = SU-lum Hh. XI 378 ff., cf. [giš.1G] $I^{[d]a-al}$ KAK = sillit, [GIŠ.1]GI $[^{Su]$ -kurKAK = sukurru, [giš.1GI.KAK].GAL = SU-lum Hh. VI 234 ff., glosses from BM 54204, cf. Su.gur.gal = Su-gur-gal-[lu] Arnaud Emar 6 545: 324.

[x] GIŠ.IGI.KAK.GAL 39 GIŠ.IGI.KAK hu-ub-bi Iraq 7 pl. 4 (= p. 65) A.994:33 (inv.).

šukurru s.; 1. spear, 2. (a household utensil), 3. (a metal peg or rivet); from OAkk., OB on; wr. syll. and igi.kak; cf. šukurgallu.

[GIŠ.I]GI^{[d]a-ai}KAK = sil-lu-u, [GIŠ.I]GI^[šu]-kurKAK = su-kur-ru Hh. VI 234 f., glosses from BM 54204, cf. su.gur = su(var. adds -ug)-gur-rum Arnaud

šukurru šukurru

[GIŠ.KAK] [ $\delta u$ -kur]-ri # SI # a-gal-lum # LAL # ra-ka-su (comm. on GIŠ.KAK.SI.[LAL] = saparru B) Hunger Uruk 27 r. 27 (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet I).

da-i-mu = šu-kur-ru An VIII 60, also Malku III 21

- 1. spear -a) in gen.: if a man from the land of the Hittites attacks a man from Kizzuwatna ina giš.igi.kak siparri patar siparri haşşin siparri with a bronze spear, a bronze dagger, or a bronze axe MIO 1 118:38 (Bogh. treaty); 1 IGI.KAK siparri 1 patar siparri (part of sale price) Wiseman Alalakh 54:9, cf. ibid. 78:8; x šu-kur-ri erî dannūti qallūte šēlât šu-kur-ri erî 1,514 copper spears, both heavy and light, and copper spearpoints (among booty) TCL 3 393 (Sar.);  $\mathbf{x} \ \delta u - kur - ri \ kaspi$  ibid. 378;  $\delta a$ patar parzilli u igi.kak parzilli ik-ke-pu (for ikkepâ) lišānšun the blades of the iron dagger and iron spear became blunt (and delete this ref. sub nakāpu B usage Bauer Asb. 2 74:13; ina šu-kur-ri us[ahhilanni] he pierced me with a spear CT 46 49 v 17 (SB lit.);  $\delta u$ -kur-ra u  $m\bar{e}$ [ta] (in broken context, among weapons) KAR 299:6 (NA lit.); māmīt patar siparri (var. parzilli) u giš šu-kur-ri (var. giš.igi.kak) oath by a bronze (var. iron) dagger and a spear Šurpu III 28, also VIII 77.
- b) in references to spearmen: aššum 9 ṣābē qašti ša itti erīn igi.kak eqlam sabtū about the nine archers who hold a field along with the spearmen UCP 9 354 No. 25:5 (OB let.); 5 Lú.meš sagbî qadum giš.igi.kak-šu-nu (see sagbû usage a) ARMT 13 41:21; land ša ilkam u dikût erîn.meš giš.igi.kak siparri <la išû>

which has no obligation to provide *ilku*-service or spearmen Wiseman Alalakh 55:8, see Kienast, WO 11 54; UGULA GIŠ.IGI.KAK (witness) Wiseman Alalakh 56:49; as logogram in Hitt.: PA.10 IGI.KAK.KÙ.GI IBoT 1 36:1'f. B-C; uncert.: warkija GIŠ.IGI. KAK naši he has been serving under me as a spearman OBT Tell Rimah 88:13.

- c) in similes and metaphors: the mountain peak ša kīma šēlūt šu-kur-ri zaqpatma which is as sharply pointed as a spearpoint TCL 3 18 (Sar.); RN . . . ina tukulti DN DN₂ u GIŠ.IGI.KAK [. . .] ana GN illikma trusting in the Storm god, Hepat, and [his own] armed might (lit. spear), RN marched on GN Wiseman Alalakh 1:3; GIŠ.IGI.KAK-šu lišbiru may (Hepat and Ištar) break his spear ibid. 17; obscure: I will carry you on my hip like a nursemaid GIŠ šu-kurra ina birīt tulēja ašakkanka I will place you between my breasts like(?) a š. Craig ABRT 1 27 K.883 r. 8 (NA oracles for Esarhaddon).
- d) as an emblem: [x]  ${}^{\rm d}\tilde{U}$ -mu-u[m] ša  $B\bar{e}l$ -gašer u  ${}^{\rm d}\tilde{S}u$ -ku-ru-um ša  ${}^{\rm d}W\bar{e}r$  imtagru (followed by oath) Greengus Ishchali 27:4;  $b\bar{e}l$  šuk $\bar{u}$ sim u GIŠ.IGI.KAK illakamma šuk $\bar{u}$ s wāšib $\bar{u}$ t libbi a-lam (for  $\bar{a}$ lim) immarma the man in charge of the allotment(s) and the spear (which is the emblem of his authority) will come and inspect the allotments for the inhabitants of the town Kraus AbB 1 29:23.
- 2. (a household utensil, possibly a spit or poker): 4 GIŠ.URUDU.IGI.KAK 9 šanda: lū (after copper and bronze tools) TCL 1 206:5 (OB); 2 URUDU.ŠEN 1 IGI.KAK si: parri (between bronze objects and textiles) ARM 21 257:14, cf. 1 ruqqu URUDU 24 IGI.KAK siparri Wiseman Alalakh 413:18; 10 šu-kúr-rum siparri 10 saplū siparri (among household utensils, preceded by weapons) EA 22 iv 21 (list of gifts of Tušratta), cf. ibid. iii 60; 1 šu-gur-ru siparri . . . 6 šiqil hurāşu ina libbišu nadi one š. of bronze, inlaid with six shekels of gold (followed by makkasu saw) ibid. ii 57, see also

šukurru šukūsu A

Iraq 7 pl. 4, cited sukurgallu; sutâm sipram ina GIS.IGI.KAK x x x x (you) [. . .] the fabric with a s. (or read sillû) (you spread put(?) and dry off the hem) UET 6 414:20 (OB lit.), see Gadd, Iraq 25 184.

3. (a metal peg or rivet):  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA HAR KÙ.BABBAR  $\hat{u}$  IGI.KAK KÙ.BABBAR 1 ŠU.GUR KÙ.BABBAR YOS 12 157:2 (OB); ana miţīt ihzī şa[lmim] 1 me giš.igi.kak. HI.A KÙ.BABBAR šūpiš (see miţītu mng. 1e) ARMT 134:7: itti PN GIŠ.IGI.KAK ērišma u 5 līmī giš.igi.kak ušābilam u lišānam ša GIŠ.IGI.KAK ušeppeš I asked PN for š.-s and he sent me five thousand š.-s, so I will have tips(?) made for(?) the š.-s Laessøe, Acta Or. 24 86 SH 868:6f. and 10 (OB let.); annakam mali ērišu arhiš mārī lišā: bilamma [u g]ıš.ıgı.[k]ak lušēpiš let my son promptly send me all the tin that I asked for so that I can have the s. made ibid. 24; receipt of 136 GIŠ.IGI.KAK.HI.A  $\frac{2}{3}$  ma.na.àm 185 giš.igi.kak.hi.a  $\frac{1}{2}$  ma. NA.AM 136 &., each (weighing) two thirds of a mina, 185 s., each (weighing) half of a mina ARM 18 52:1 and 3, cf. ARM 21 280:1ff., 282:1, 3, and 6, also (one mina each) ARMT 23 384:1; 1  $\delta \bar{u} \delta i$  I[GI.K]AK 10 GÍN.  $\lambda M u 1 \tilde{s} u \tilde{s} i I[GI.KAK] 4 GÍN. \lambda M (14 minas)$ of silver for) sixty s., each (weighing) ten shekels, and sixty s., each (weighing) four shekels ibid. 558: 11f.; *hūratu* and alum *ana* sarāp kurārim ša giš.igi.kak.hi.a staining the . . . . of the pegs (for a loom?) ibid. 129:5, also 157:3 and 163:4; obscure: tallow ana la-at GIŠ.IGI.KAK kaspi ibid. 416:3, also ana turruș GIŠ.IGI.KAK siparri ibid. 387:6, cf. (oil) iš simug iš šu-gur-ri ARM 19 334:3 (OAkk.); additional Mari refs. wr. giš.igi.kak are cited sub nazinu.

The reading of GIŠ.IGI.KAK as nazinu, q.v., proposed by Bottéro, ARMT 13 157, is now shown to be incorrect, since GIŠ. IGI.KAK and nazinu both occur in ARM 21 280; a reading sikkatu for the log. GIŠ. IGI.KAK as well as for GIŠ.KAK proposed by Durand, ARMT 21 p. 365, is unlikely.

In OB date formulas from Ishchali (UCP 10 p. 51, see RLA 2 195b No. 13) read KA.GAL kikurri(m), see Greengus Ishchali p. 32.

šukurû s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*; Sum. lw.

šukussu see šukūsu A.

šukūsu A (šukussu) s. fem.; subsistence holding, allotment of land; OB, Mari, SB; pl. šukūsātu; wr. syll. and A.ŠA.ŠUK.

šu-ku šu $\kappa = \check{s}u-ku-s\acute{u}$  MSL 9 123:6 (Proto-Aa).

a) in OB, Mari: awīlum imtūt [A.ŠA]. **SUK-su** ana PN idna the man has died, give (pl.) his subsistence holding to PN TCL 7 67:7, cf. ibid. 3:5, OECT 3 38:7; x eqlam ana A.Š $\lambda$ .ŠUK-*šu idiššum* give him x field to be his subsistence holding TCL 74:8, cf. OECT 3 30:9; ina [A.ŠA]. ŠUK ša bēlī iddinam x egli PN . . . irišma PN cultivated my field of two bur in the subsistence holding that my lord gave me TCL 7 14:7; ana A.ŠÀ.ŠUK rēdîm šutamlîm ištu iti.1.KAM wašbātunu you have been tarrying over assigning the soldier's subsistence field since last month TLB 4 55:12, cf. A.ŠÀ. ŠUK-su-ú šutamli atmâ ibid. 14; A.ŠÀ.ŠUKsú apulšu TCL 771:7; x eqlam ana PN x ana PN₂ x ana PN₃ . . . gadum A.ŠÀ.ŠUK-šu-nu labīrtim idiššunūšim give one bur of field to PN, one bur to PN₂, (and) one bur to PN₃, in addition to their old subsistence holding ibid. 2:9; 20 GÁN šu-ku-sí labīrtum . . . sabtāku BIN 7 25:4; šu-ku-sí šimtam la išakkanu they must not put a mark(?) (of ownership?) on my allotment ibid. 15; x eglum . . . ana A.ŠA.ŠUK-ti-šu kanīkum ikkanikma innaddiššum x field was conveyed to him by a sealed document, as his allotment BIN 7 8:31. cf. x šu-kusí ukannunikku Kraus, AbB 10 56:9; eqel PN ša ana PN₂ ana A.ŠÀ.ŠUK innadnu BIN 7 50:8: x field ša ana PN ana A.ŠÀ.ŠUK-

šukūsu A šukūsu A

šu PN₂ iddinušum VAS 7 51:7; ina A.ŠÀ. šuk-šu panītim x eqlam ša inanna immak: karuma alpūšu šipram ippešū ugarišam šutramma šūbilam send me detailed (lit. district by district) written information on the x field in his former subsistence allotment which is now being irrigated and on which his oxen are working BIN 7  $eqlam \ldots i \check{s} \bar{a} m \ u \ldots a - na \ A.\check{s} A.$ 9:8; ŠUK-šu išturu TCL 7 57:10;  $b\bar{e}l$  šu-ku-siim u giš.igi.kak illakamma šu-ku-ús wāšibūt libbi a-lam immarma (see šukurru mng. 1) Kraus AbB 1 29:23 ff.; A.ŠÀ.ŠUK PN ša GN mala ina tuppi ilkātim šumi PN u baqrum PN išassû (see ilku A mng. 4a) OECT 3 39:5; ištu šu-ku-sa-ti-ni nisabbatu after we take possession of our allotments ARM 2 99:33; aššum A.ŠA šu-ku-sa-at lú [Hana].MEŠ ARM 5 88:5; A.ŠÀ.ŠUK  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}$ BIN 7 6:6; x eqlam ina libbu A.ŠA.ŠUK-šu ibtagrušu they raised a claim against him concerning x field in his allotment OECT 3 30:15; la eqelšuma lu šu-ku-us abija it is not his field, it was my father's allotment YOS 8 63:21; ina A.ŠÀ.ŠUK-šu ušellûšu they will evict him from his allotment TCL 7 A.ŠÀ.ŠUK-sú-nu arhiš apulšunū: šimma la udabbabu give them their proper allotments at once so that they do not bring complaints OECT 3 33:39; ul A.ŠÀ. ŠUK- $s\acute{u}$  ul A.ŠÀ [x]-x- $\check{s}u$   $t\bar{a}pul[\check{s}u]$  TCL 7 72:10; ištu bēlī A.ŠÀ.ŠUK-sí ipšumu after my lord restored(?) my allotment 69:13, cf. ibid. 11; aššum šu-ku-sí-ka šarram  $[s]\bar{a}lma$  ask the king about your allotment BIN 7 47:6; aššum x A.ŠA.ŠUK-ka ša ana errēšūtim ittika ušēşû about the x (area) of your allotment that I rented from you for cultivation UET 54:6 and 15:6, cf. A.ŠÀ.ŠUK PN itti PN PN2 ana šamaššammī sapānim u še'im erēši . . . ušēşi YOS 8 173:3; inūma šakkanakkum PN ina GN A.ŠA šu-ku-si erēšam ušaddiannêt[i] when PN, the šak= kanakku in GN, made us quit cultivating my allotment (I put my draft animals to work elsewhere) TIM 27:8, see Cagni, AbB 87; nīdi ahim taraššīma A.ŠA.ŠUK-si ša AB KI im ul tukammasa (see kamāsu A mng. 4a)

Kraus AbB 1 135:9; šamaššammī ina šu-kus[i] la i'abbatušu they ought not to ruin for him the linseed in (my) allotment ibid. 119:9; A.ŠA.ŠUK-šu-nu ša ina la mê nadiā their allotments that are abandoned for lack of water TLB 4 74:30, cf. ibid. 31: A. ŠÀ.ŠUK . . .  $m\hat{e}$   $li\check{s}q\hat{u}$  CT 29 18b:13; inašu-ku-sa-ti-ni ašar 1 sar kirâm mê nišaggû ul ibašši (see mû A mng. 1b) Sumer 14 44 No. 20:7; mê idinšunūšimma šu(!)-ku-sa-ti*šu-nu lišqû* give them water so that they can irrigate their allotment ibid. 20; A. šà. šuk-i ana mê nesīma ajum errēšu ul ibašši my allotment is far from water and there is no tenant to farm it 133:6; eqlum ša PN u la libbi šu-ku-si-šu the field is not part of his allotment, it belongs to PN Sumer 23 pl. 13:13, cf. šu $ku-s\acute{u}$  ša PN mala ibašš $\acute{u}$  ibid. 5; sale of prebend a.šà.šuk.bi (with) its subsistence field PBS 8/2 182:2, 7, also BE 6/2 10:7,43:2; ina libbi šu-ku-sí-šu CT 4 47b:11; (a field)  $p\bar{u}t \ \&u-ku-sa-tim$  CT 45 117:4, cf. (a field) SAG.BI 2.KAM.MA A.ŠÀ.ŠUK. HI.A ša PN BE 6/1 50:5; ina suwār šammī ša šu-ku-sí-i-šu . . . ana kaspim la addinu . . . ina suwār še'im ša A.ŠA šu-ku-si-i-šu egel errēšim . . . sartam haliptam la ēpušu (see suwāru s.) TIM 4 36:15 and 19; note in Flurnamen: x eglam ina šu-ku-si-im GAL ... ušēsi Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 34:1; the barley ša A.ŠÀ HI.[IS(?)].SAR u A.ŠÀ.ŠUK A.AB. BA.A TCL 174:14; A.ŠA.ŠUK GÁN.DA PBS 8/1 12:3 and 11, A.ŠA.ŠUK.UKU.UŠ.E.NE TCL 1 58:2, see MSL 11 99:101 f. (Nippur Forerunner to Hh. XX).

b) in SB: ša šarkušu mērešu šu-ku-us-su šer'u (see mērešu A mng. 1c) En. el. VII 73; ša šu-ku-us-su ķegalla uṣṣabu ana māti the field which he allotted increases the abundant yield for the land ibid. 8; šu-ku-us-su iššir his allotment will prosper Dream-book 323 K.2018A 15; šu-ku-su ul iššir KAR 177 r. i 14, also Iraq 23 90:11, CT 51 161 r. 20 (hemer.), also LBAT 1564 r. 5.

Note that the reading of (A.ŠÀ) PAD followed by a profession or personal

šukūsu B šukuttu A

name, e.g., TCL 11 220:2, Birot Tablettes 1:8, may be either šukūsu or kurummatu; see kurummatu mng. 1a-3'.

von Soden, Festschrift Eilers 122 ff.

šukūsu B s.; (a divine headdress); OB, MB, SB.

[...] [GADA.TÙ]N = &u-ku-su &d GADA.TÙN A III/1:8, also Ea III 2; [...] su+uUŠ = &u-ku-[su]-um UET 7 94:3.

šubtu u šu-ku-zu ša Anu šar šamê the socle and s.-headdress of Anu, king of the heavens MDP 2 pl. 17 iv 1 (MB kudurru), for the representation of a socle with the headdress see Zimmern apud Frank, LSS 2/2 p. 34, and U. Seidl, Bagh. Mitt. 4 116f.; qaqqadu qarnu u šu-ku-su the head (of the deity is provided with) horns and a §. MIO 1 68 ii 25, 76 v 13, 78 v 52, and passim in this text (descriptions of divine images); šumma šu-kus ili šakin if he has (hair like) a *šumma qarnu šakin*) god's š. (parallel: Kraus Texte 6 r. 10; difficult: 1,15 siliptaka meheršu idīma šutākilšunūtima 1,33,45 illi  $1,33,45 \, \delta u - ku - \hat{u} - su \, 1,15 \, \text{is your diagonal},$ put down (a number) equal to it, multiply them, the result is 1,33,45 - 1,33,45 is the §. Sumer 18 pl. 3:6 (OB math.), see von Soden, Festschrift Eilers 123.

** $\S$ ukuş $\S$ ā'u (AHw. 1266b) see ku $\S$ ā'u.

šukuttu A (šakuttu) s.; jewelry; from OB on; NA šakuttu; cf. šakānu.

[gil].sa = šu-ku-ut-tum Nigga Bil. B 251; gil. sa.a = šu-kut-tum Lu Excerpt II 123; gi-e gil. = šu-ku-ut-tu A III/1:231; sa šu-ku-ut-tum Proto-Izi II 356, also Nigga 294; [sa-a] [sa] = šu-kut-tum A IV/2:17; [ú-nu] [TE].UNU = šu-kut-tum Diri VI B 17; šu-ku-ut-ti.Meš = (blank) Practical Vocabulary Assur 524.

gil.sa dumu.sal.lugal hi.li du₈.du₈.a: [§]u-ku-ut-ti mārat šarri [§]a kuzba tuhhuda the jewelry of the princess that is replete with beauty Ugaritica 5 169:17 f., Sum. from JNES 23 2:25; gil.sa.a ma.al.la k[úr.re ba.an.zé.èm]: šu-kut-ta šakinta [ana nakri taddin] (see makkūru lex. section) RAcc. 28 ii 26 f.; na.ám.gil.sa.a.na til.la.mu: aššum šu-kut-ti-šá ša iggammar (see makkūru lex. section) BRM 4 9:16, cf. ibid. 10;

unú.lá šuba.lá an.na: ša šu-kut-ti šubî šaknat (Ištar) who is adorned with jewelry made of šubū-stone SBH 98 No. 53 r. 19 f. and dupls. BRM 4 10:1 f. and Delitzsch AL² 135:20; TE. (UNU). á. šuba šu-ku-ut-ta-ki mí dug4.ga.[zu]: šu-bat-ka ša elliš kunnāt your jewelry (i.e., TE.UNU. á. šuba, glossed with Akkadian šukuttaki, but translated šubatka your throne), which is splendidly fashioned (var. ša š[u-kut]-ti š[u]bî uṣahhuka who makes you take pleasure in jewelry of šubū-stone) SBH 110 No. 57:24 f., var. from STT 156, see Civil, JNES 26 206.

NA₄.ŠUBA.UNU.KI GAL: janibu burrumu, NA₄. SUBA  $\langle ana \rangle$   $\delta u$ -kut-ti Uruanna III 141 f., see MSL 10 69:12,72 D 15 f. and E 50.

a) of women: property of a nadītu woman ezub . . . šu-ku-ut-ti-ša ša abuša id= dinuši apart from the jewelry that her father gave to her CT 2 1:13 (OB); šu-kuti sal.tur šâti . . . uhammişu (that) they stripped off that girl's jewelry ARM 10 114:19; šu-kut-tum annītu ša 2 sal.eme. DA GAL this is the jewelry for two nursemaids EA 25 iii 58 and 61, cf. ibid. ii 40 (list of gifts of Tušratta); šu-ku-ut-ta-ša la ilaqqeu they must not take away her (the harim: tu's) jewelry KAV 1 v 72 (Ass. Code § 40);  $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} & d \end{bmatrix} u m \bar{a} q \bar{i} \quad \delta a - \lceil kut \rceil - t u \quad \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} \end{bmatrix} \quad \delta a \quad \mathbf{3} \quad \text{SAL.MES}$ Iraq 32 152 No. 18:34 (NA legal); two thirds of a mina of silver šu-ku-ut-tum ša SAL (as dowry) Durand Textes babyloniens pl. 94 obv.(!) 1 and 93 r. (!) 2, cf. (part of a dowry) 5 GÍN hurāşu šu-kut-tum BM 74596:3, also ⅓ GÍN 〈κὺ.gi〉 šu-kut-tum 1 gín κὺ.gi inṣabāta Roth Marriage Agreements No. 26:17 (all NB); lubūšu argamanni šu-kut-ti kaspi hurāsi şubāti eššu riggē u šamna tāba la utahhâ ana zumrija I (the mother of Nabonidus) did not put purple garments, jewelry of gold or silver, new garments, aromatics, or perfumed oil on my body AnSt 8 46 i 22 (Nbn.).

b) of gods and goddesses: ikkil ahiša tašme tamhas DN šu-kut-ta ša zumri[ša]

šukuttu A šukuttu A

Bēlili heard her brother's wailing, she struck the jewelry on her body CT 15 47 r. 53, cf. ibid. r. 51 (SB Descent of Ištar), see von Soden, ZA 58 193; ezzu Girru šu-kut-tašú ūmiš unammirma the searing fire (god) made his (Marduk's) jewelry glisten like daylight Cagni Erra IIIc 50; ultu šu-kut-ti unammiruma ibid. I 142; šu-kut-ti(var. -ta) simat bēlūtika ša kīma kakkab šamā[mi] lulâ malât the jewelry befitting your majesty, which radiates splendor like the stars of heaven ibid. 127; šu-kut-ta šâša ušanbituma (see nabātu mng. 4c) ibid. IIb 21, cf. ibid. 23; note, referring to the moon as ornament of the night: u'addīšumma šuk(var. šu-uk)-nat mūši ana uddû ūmē (see  $id\hat{u}$  mng. 4c) En. el. V 13.

c) for images of gods and goddesses: šumma hurāsum ana šiprim šētu im[aṭṭ]û ina šu-ku-ut-ti DN hurāṣam ša ibaššû ele[q=  $q\bar{e}ma$ ] if there is insufficient gold for that job, I will take what gold is on hand from the jewelry of Ninhursag ARMT 13 116:13; tuppi šu-ku-ut-ti ša Ninegal bēlti GN list of the jewelry of Ninegal, Lady of Qatna RA 43 138:1, cf. ibid. 174:1 and 184 Inventaire IV r. 9 (all Qatna invs.), also Arnaud Emar 6 282: 6 and 16: lubussu šu-kut-tu ša ilāni gabbu amāru to inspect all the clothing and jewelry of the gods (is the responsibility of the alahhinu official) Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 37 ii 9, see Ebeling Stiftungen 24 (NA); šu-kut-ti [kaspi] šu-kut-ti [hurāṣi] (in broken context) 5R 33 iii 45f. (Agum-kakrime); [upa]h= $hir \check{s}u$ -ku-ut- $tu \check{s}\bar{a}rir[i \dots]$  (see  $\check{s}\bar{a}riru$ A mng. 1b-2') AfO 18 44:23 (Tn.-Epie);  $il\bar{a}ni$ mātāti šallūtu šu-kut-ta-šú-nu uddi[šma] I restored the jewelry of the gods (of the subject lands) who had been taken as plunder (and I returned them) 130:11 (Esarh.), also Borger Esarh. 74:22; [šu]kut-tú agartu ša ana bēlūtišun mādiš šūlukatma kišāssun utagginma umallâ irassun I adorned their (the gods') necks and covered their breasts with precious jewelry splendidly suited to their majesty ibid. 88:15, cf. 84 r. 36; I took the gods and

goddesses of Elam as plunder itti šu-kutti-šú-nu makkūrišunu unūtišunu along with their jewelry, their treasures, and their utensils (and along with the priests who served them) Streck Asb. 52 vi 45; šu-kuut-tu ša Ištar gabbu nušerrada (see arādu A mng. 3a) ABL 1094:10 (coll. W. G. Lambert); harāmama šá-kut-tú ša Nanâ neppaš (see harāma usage c) ABL 476: 26, see Parpola LAS No. 277; NA₄.MEŠ // ša-kut-tum gabbu ina panīšu / ana memēni issešu la ukallam he does not show any of his associates the beads – all the jewelry that is in his possession(?) ABL 951 r. 3, see Parpola LAS 2 217 to No. 224 r. 7;  $[hur\bar{a}]$  su ša issu mu[hhi]...] ša šu-kut-te a(?)-na(?) ilāni gold from the [...] of jewelry for(?) the gods ADD 676: 2 (all NA); ana batqa ana šu-kut-tú ša Aja kutimmū issabat the jewelers have received (gold) for repair of the jewelry of Aja CT 55 297:2, cf. ana batqa ša šu-kut-ti ša Bēlti ša Uruk u Nanâ ina pan PN u PN2  $kutimm\bar{e}$  GCCI 1 251:4, cf. Nbn. 406:3, CT 57 121:3, for other refs. see batqu mng. 3d; oil ana kuppuru ša šu-kut-ti ša DN for cleaning the jewelry of Nanâ GCCI 1 141:2; golden objects ina šaddu ša šu-kut-tum ša  $Nan\hat{a}$  (see  $\check{s}addu$  s. usage a) ZA 69 42:4;  $\check{s}u$ kut-tum ša DN (heading of list comprising agû, dudittu, kišādu, semeru, etc.) CT 55  $316:1, 318:1; \quad \check{s}u-kut-tum \,\check{s}a \,\mathrm{MN} \,\ldots \,\check{s}a \,ana$ Aja talliku ibid. 317:1, cf. ibid. 311 r. 5, 314:1 (all NB).

d) as tribute or plunder: šu-ku-tu hurāsi namkūru ma'du kišitti qātija aqīssunūti I presented them (the gods) with golden jewelry, many valuables from my conquests Iraq 14 34:67 (Asn.); šu-kut-ti hurāsi kišādāti hurāsi . . . maddattašu amhur I received golden jewelry and golden necklaces as tribute from him (Merodachbaladan) Rost Tigl. III p. 62:28; treasures that the Elamites had plundered, including šu-kut-tú aqartu simat šarrūti precious jewelry fit for kings Streck Asb. 50 vi 12 and 16, also Iraq 7 107:25 and Iraq 13 25:3, ef. lubultu šu-kut-tu mimma simat

šukuttu B šulhu A

 $\S{arr\bar{u}ti}$  Streck Asb. 318 i 3, and dupl., see AfO 8 196 ii 16 (all Asb.).

e) other occs. — 1' in econ. and letters: aššum šu-ku-tam ina qāti[šu n] ašû ādurma I became worried because he was carrying jewelry with him (so I did not let him travel by boat) ARM 14 127:18; x hurāsu ša ana šu-ku-tú epšuma ana bīt PN šūbulu x gold that was made into jewelry and sent to the house of PN BRM 1 89:12 (NB); uncert.: bāb namgarāti sukkur u šu-ku-ti [...] BE 17 27:34 (MB let.).

2' in lit.:  $t\bar{e}r$  pagruk šu-ku-ut-ta-ka  $t[i]ll\bar{\iota}ka$  put your jeweled battle gear back(?) on your body RA 45 171:11 (OB lit.);  $till\bar{\iota}$  uttallilu ša šu-kut-t $\hat{\iota}$  they put a jeweled harness on (the horses) STT 366:12 (NA lit.), see Deller, Assur 3/4 5; šu-kut-ta  $\bar{\iota}mur$  (in broken context) Thompson Gilg. pl. 33 K.8281:1 (Gilg. VIII); [...]-ta-ka-nu šu-kut-tu (in broken context) K.9020:10 (courtesy W. G. Lambert).

In JCS 23 27:265,2 (= Wiseman Alalakh 265), read &u-zu-bu(!)-tum. For YOS 7 74:21, see &u-qutu.

šukuttu B (or šuquttu) s.; (mng. uncert.); NB.*

45 ana baţlu ana Ebabbar 16 ana GN 2 ina muḥḥi šu-kut-tum epšu 45 (sheep) for Ebabbar to (replace) deficiencies, 16 for GN, two sacrificed on(?) the š. YOS 7 74:21, cf. 107 immerū ana sattukki ina lib[bi x ina muḥḥi] šu-kut-tum ibid. 11, also BIN 1 167:6.

šulāpu s.; (an ornament); NB; Aram. lw.(?).

14 [libb] ē hurāṣi 14 šu-la-pu hurāṣi 1 maqqû hurāṣi ša šullum būti 14 golden heart-shaped ornaments, 14 golden š.-s, (and) one golden libation bowl for the greeting ceremony of the temple YOS 6 62:20, also (always 14 each) ibid. 189:18, 192:16, YOS 7 185:18, RA 75 145:15, (four each) YOS 6 192:25; nu-us-hi ša šul-la-pi u libbē labīrūti

a container for old  $\xi$ .-s and heart-shaped ornaments CT 57 381:8; 2 li-bi(?) 36  $\xi u$ -la-pu  $bur\bar{a} \xi i$  (for a divine tiara) GCCI 2 261:4.

For a proposed Aram. source (\$lapa\$) see von Soden, Or. NS 46 195.

šulbû s.; (a lock or part of a lock); lex.*; ef. mukīl šulbî.

giš.mud.sag.kul = šul-bu-ú, giš.mud.gil = gišru Hh. V 276f.; giš.mud = nappasu, šul-bu-ú, uppu Hh. VIIA 44 ff.; mu-ud_MUD = šu-ul-[bu-u] (in same context) A II/6:81.

mé-de-lu, pa-ar-ku, mar-kás dalti = šu-ul-bu-u

 $me-ae-u, pa-ar-ku, mar-kas \ aatti = su-CT 18 4 K.4375 r. ii 1 ff.$ 

šulgu s.; (a container); Mari.*

1 (PI)  $n\bar{a}hum$  1 (BÁN)  $butn\bar{a}tim$  u &uul-gi &a 1 (BÁN)  $em\&i \dots a[knu]k$  I have put under seal (and sent to you) x lard, x pistachios, and (some) one-seah &ule-containers of sourdough bread(?) ARM 10 116:29.

#### šulhu A s.; (a textile); OA.*

l ma.na 4 gín kừ.babbar *šīm* 8 túg šu-ul-hi KTS 48c:5, cf. (referring to the same shipment) 1 ma.na 4 gin kù. BABBAR šīm 7 TÚG šu-ul-hi CCT 5 38b:6; seventy minas (of copper) [s] im 2 TÚG  $\delta u$ -ul-hi ICK 2 296:4, cf. (without  $_{\text{TUG}}$ ) ibid. 6 and 18; 56 TÚG  $\delta u$ -ul-[hu] u  $\delta a$   $akk[idi\bar{e}]$  $7\frac{1}{3}$  GIN.TA [. . .] 56  $\mathring{s}$ . and Akkadian textiles (costing) 7\frac{1}{3} shekels [of silver?] each LB 1293: 15, cited Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 168, cf. [X TÚG  $\delta u$ ]-ul-hi [. . .] X GÍN.TA KÙ. BABBAR ICK 2 258:1; send me textiles išti šu-ul-hi-i ša taša'amaninni together with the š.-s you will buy for me KTS 2 4:13, cited Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 168, cf. lu šu-ul-hi-i taš am CCT 6 7c:9; 2 TÚG šu-ul-hi ana bīt kārim aggātika addi I deposited two s.-s to your account in the office of the kāru TCL 19 49:27, cf. 2 TÚG  $\delta u$ -ul-hi ana  $q\bar{a}tika$  addi CCT 4 34c:19; umma PN amma 38 Túg šu-ul-hu addinak:

šulhu B šullānu

kum Or. NS 20 pl. 20:11; 31 TÚG kutānū 11 TÚG šu-ul-ḥu TCL 4 109:2.

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 168f.

šulhu B s.; (a cereal preparation); Nuzi.*

[X] ŠE ana šu-ul-ha.MEŠ (parallel ana  $qaj\bar{a}ti$  line 3) HSS 15 262:4.

šulhu C s.(?); (mng. unkn.); lex.*

si-li-ig  $uru \times igi = \delta u - ul - hu - um$  MSL 14 120 No. 7 ii 30 (Proto-Aa).

šulhû A s.; (a type of witchcraft or affliction); SB.*

šumma šerru ina salālišu ine'e... ina kirimme ummišu šu-ul-ļu kišpī epšušu if a baby tosses in its sleep (it means) š. of(?) witchcraft has affected it while cradled in its mother's arms Labat TDP 218:16, cf. ibid. 19, also, wr. šul-ļu ibid. 17; [ša] šul-ļu-a u miqti ezļu uqa'u kā[ša] (see qu'û mng. 2a-1') PSBA 17 138:3 (lit.).

šulhû B s.; (a scribe); SB.*

 $\delta ul$ - $\hbar u$ -u(var. - $\hat{u}$ ),  $\delta \hat{a}$ -as-suk-ku = tup- $\delta ar$ -ru Malku IV 10 f.

qan tuppu Lứ šu-ul-hu- $\hat{u}$  (followed by stylus of the  $b\bar{a}r\hat{u}$ ,  $\bar{a}sipu$ , etc.) BM 38681 r. 5 (courtesy I. L. Finkel).

šulhû see šalhû.

šulhullu see šerhullu.

**šulilanni** s.; mankind; syn. list*; foreign word.

šu-li-la-an(var. -a)-ni (between hušranni and etebranni) = naphar nišī Malku I 184.

šulīpu s.; (an object); OAkk.*

5 šu-li-pum (among reed and wooden objects) MAD 5 73:6.

šūlītu see šūlûtu B.

*šulkātu s.; plowshare; NB.*

3 AN.BAR ŠUL- $k\acute{a}t^{ka-a-ta}$  ZA 4 137 No. 5:1 (coll.).

Since the text is parallel to Cyr. 26:5 and similar texts cited *sikkatu* A mng. 5, the ref. is probably to be emended to *sikzkāta*; note that an unusual shape of the *sik* sign also occurs in CT 55 87:6.

šullahu s.; (a vessel); MB Alalakh*; only Hurr. pl. šullahena attested.

2 šu-ul-la-hé-na kừ.GI (among zoomorphic vessels) Wiseman Alalakh 390:7, see Deller, Bagh. Mitt. 16 335 f.

šullāmu s.; (a breed of or way of training horses); NA*; wr. syll. (abbr. šul).

PAP 23 [KUR . . .] 3 AN[ŠE  $k\bar{u}din\bar{i}$ ] ša [...] 3 ANŠE  $k[\bar{u}din\bar{i}]$  šul-la-[me] PAP 6 ANŠE ku-din PAP 29 KUR.MEŠ ku-din ša GN CT 53 11 r. 1 (= ABL 68 + 1450), see Fales, Assur 1/3 16; 121 sīsê pithalli 1 šul-lam pithalli PAP 122 sīsê pithalli ša turtāni ētarbuni ABL 71:8, cf. (in broken context)  $[\ldots \delta u]l$ la-me ABL 1122:11; 2 KUR.MEŠ Šul-la-me Iraq 23 31 (pl. 16) ND 2482:11, cf. ibid. 1 and 8, see Deller, ZA 74 236, abbr. šul ibid. 34 (pl. 17) ND 2491 side A 4; 78 NAM (=  $p\bar{a}heti$ ?), 3 (NITÁ) 1 (SAL.KUR) šul.ME, 97 NAM, 3 NITÁ 1 SAL.KUR šul, 94 (NAM), 4 NITÁ 1 SAL.KUR, 36 (NAM), 4 SAL.KUR šul Iraq 23 49 ND 2768 (pl. 26) 29-36, see Deller, Or. NS 35 193.

šullānu s.; pockmarked (?) person; OAkk., OB, Nuzi, SB; cf. šullu.

lú. šul. la. nu =  $\delta e^{-}$ -r[u] CT 37 25 iii 24, see MSL 12 228 iii 31;  $\delta u$ -ul-la-nu =  $\delta e^{-}$ -ru CT 26 43 vii 14 and dupl. CT 18 15 K.9980:1 (astrol. comm.); [ $\delta u$ -ub] [R u] =  $[\delta u$ (?)]-ul-la-nu A VI/4:158.

LÚ.BA.AN.ZU # pe-su-ú. . . GIG.TIL.LA # pe-su-ú # \$u-ú-lu # \$[\$] u-ul-la-nu (comm. on Labat TDP 4:38) RA 73 157 r. 13.

a) in gen.: šumma ina āli šu-ul-la-nu ma'du if there are many š.-s in a city CT 38 4:71 (SB Alu); šumma sinništu šu-la-nam ulid if a woman gives birth to a š.

šullu šullultu

Leichty Izbu I 64; *šu-la-nu-um i'allad* Jeyes Old Babylonian Extispicy No. 14 r. 6.

b) as personal name:  $\S{u}$ -la-num Owen Lewis Coll. 327:3,  $\S{u}$ -la-num BIN 9 533:15, 267:5, MAD 3 270 (all Ur III),  $\S{u}$ -la-nu-um Haverford Symposium 229:23, Kienast Kisurra 51:4, 144:13, 51 seal, 92 seal,  $\S{u}$ -la-a-nu-um ibid. 48:11 (all OB),  $\S{u}$ -la-ni MDP 24 389:13, 393:43,  $\S{u}$ -la-a-nu HSS 13 492:27 (= RA 36 158, Nuzi), for other refs. see NPN 137; note as attribute(?), beside a personal name: a house DA  $\backsimeq$  PN  $\S{u}$ -la-nu-um adjacent to the house of PN the  $\S$ . TIM 4 22:2 (OB).

Compare the name (I)  $\delta ull \bar{a} nu$ , cf.  $\delta u$ . kal. e. tu. da =  $\delta u - l[a - (x)] - nu - um$  Nigga Bil. B 124, see Hallo, RA 74 94.

šullu (šūlu) s.; (a pockmark or wart); OB, SB; cf. šullānu.

su-mug dub =  $\delta u$ -lu, min  $\delta \acute{a}$  zum-ri A III/5:23 f., also Ea III 205, Ea III MA Excerpt vii 17′, in MSL 14 315; su-\sup unduxu =  $\delta u$ -ul-lum MSL 14 97:193:1 (Proto-Aa); su-mug um× $\delta \lambda$  (var. um×u) =  $\delta u$ - $\acute{u}$ (var. -ul)-lum S^b II 114; dub =  $\delta u$ - $\acute{u}$ -lu,  $um \delta atu$  MSL 9 92 i 23 f. (SB list of diseases).

a) on the exta: if the "path" hangs to the right u ina libbi šumēlim šu-lum nadi and a s. lies within the left (side?) YOS 10 20:9 (OB ext.); šumma ina rēš manzāzi šul-lu nadi TCL 6 6 i 24, also Boissier DA 19 iii 53, cf. also [...]  $\S ul$ - $li \S UB$ -di K.6050:11'(all SB);  $\S umma ina [...]-ma [\S]u-ul-lum$ waşi YOS 10 33 ii 19; šumma amūtu šulli malât maḥīra napša mātu ikkal if the liver is filled with *§.*-s, the country will enjoy abundant trade TCL 61:53, cf. šulullu: maķīru napšu: šumma ina imitti  $am\bar{u}ti \, \check{s}u[l-lu \dots] \, \text{CT 20 40:28}; \, \check{s}ul-lu : \, ak\hat{u}$ i'allad: šumma ina imitti amūti šul-[lu nadi...] a š. (in the protasis predicts) a cripple will be born (attested in the omen) if there is a s. on the right side of the liver [...] CT 20 41 r. 14 (SB ext. with comm.), cf. šul-lu dakšu napāš maķīri : šumma ina imitti amūti šul-[lu dakiš] (see dakšu) ibid. r. 15, dupl. CT 18 24 K.6842:1f.; šumma ina

imitti amūti šīru kīma šul-la šakinma uhtallal if on the right of the liver there is a fleshy (growth) like a š. and it hangs down TCL 6 1:45, also ibid. 46; šumma šul-li(var.-lu) kīma a-[...] Lenormant Choix No. 94 ii 5 (with illustration), var. from parallel CT 31 14 K.2090 ii 12.

b) on the body: see lex. section.

šullû see sullû A s.

šullul num.; one third (of a shekel); NB; of. šalāš.

5 GÍN *šul-lul* GÍN KÙ.BABBAR five and one-third shekels of silver Camb. 250:2; *šul-lul* 1 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR one-third shekel of silver Nbk. 402:15, Nbn. 1019:5, 1033:5.

Back formation from *šullultu*.

šullultātu s. pl.; one-third shares; NB*; cf. šalāš.

2 ITI u 20  $\bar{u}mu$  PN 2 ITI u 20  $\bar{u}mu$  PN, 2 ITI u 20  $\bar{u}mu$  PN₃ ina ITI.MEŠ  $a_4$  8  $\delta ul$ lul-ta-a-ta šizib ana naptanu ša DN işabba: tu for two months and twenty days PN, for two months and twenty days PN2, for two months and twenty days PN3, in these eight (months), (each) will deliver one-third shares of milk for the meal of Belti-ša-Uruk YOS 7 79:15, see San Nicolò, ArOr 6 187f.; a boat and its appurtenances ša ana šul-lul-ta-a-ti  $\mu$ a.la ša  $pn pn_2$  u PN₃  $\delta akn\bar{u}$  which have been charged(?) as one-third shares of PN, PN2, and PN3 Nbn. 776:5; silver borrowed by PN from two persons, the proceeds [3(?)] utur šul-lulta-a-tum[...] Nbn. 652:7.

šullultu (šallussu) num.; one third; SB, NA, NB; cf. šalāš.

 $na_4.\frac{1}{3}.gin = aban manê şeh[ri] = šul-lul-ti šíq-lim Hg. B IV 97, in MSL 10 32.$ 

a) in gen.: šittāšu ilumma šul-luul-ta-šú amēlūtu two thirds of him (Gilgāmeš) are divine, one third is human Gilg. IX ii 16, also Iraq 37 160 i 46 (Gilg. I). šullumāniš *šullumtu

b) one third of a shekel or a sila — 1' in NA: 1 sìla šal-lu-su ša 1 sìla [làl. Meš 1 sìla šal]-lu-su ša 1 sìla ì.Meš halşu 1 sìla šal-lu-su ša 1 sìla hinhini one and one-third silas of honey, one and one-third silas of honey, one and one-third silas of .... Postgate Royal Grants No. 42-44:23, cf. 6 sìla šal-lu-su ša sìla ibid. 24, see ibid. p. 89; 3-su sìla kaš. [Meš(?)] one-third sila of beer ibid. No. 54 vii 14; 1 sìla šal-lu-su ša 1 sìla zíd hin: hini CT 33 13:4.

2' in NB: 19 gín *šul-lul-ti* 1 gín kù. BABBAR  $19\frac{1}{3}$  shekels of silver YOS 6 112:4, cf. (of gold) ibid. 6, cf. RA 23 46:13, 17, UET 4 123:5;  $r\bar{e}hi$  40 ma.na 13 gfn  $\check{s}ul$ -lul-[ti]TCL 13 224:20; 1 GÍN *šul-lul-tú* 1 GÍN KÙ. BABBAR one and one-third shekels of silver VAS 6 228:1, cf. ibid. 5:10; šul-lul(text -LUM)-ti 1 GÍN YOS 3 147:7 (let.); ITI šullul-tú 1 gín kù. Babbar PN ana PN2 inan= din PN will pay one-third shekel per month (as nursing fee) to PN2 BE 8/1 47:4, see San Nicolò, ArOr 7 22; [6 MA.NA] 50 GÍN šul-lul-ti 1 GÍN KÙ.PAD.DU Nbk. 164:27; bronze at  $1\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA 8 GÍN *šul-lul-tú* 1 GÍN (var. šal-šú 1 GÍN) KÙ.BABBAR JCS 21 236 n. 1 PTS 2098 r. 2, var. from YOS 6 168:8;  $\delta ul$ -lul-[tu] (beside 5- $\delta u$ ,  $gir\hat{u}$ , in distribution of small sums of silver) TuM 2-3 235:9; for refs. wr. 3-tú see šaluštu.

šullumāniš see šulmāniš.

šullumānu see šulmānu.

*šullumtu (*šullundu*, *šalluntu*) s.; compensation, restitution, repayment; NA, NB; cf. *šalāmu* v.

a) in NA – 1' referring to fines: PN DUMU-šú šal-lu-[un]-tú-šú x URUDU.MEŠ PN₂ . . . . ú(?)-[sal(?)]-li-me PN₂ paid x copper as restitution (lit. his restitution) on behalf of(?) his son PN (note  $b\bar{e}l\ dam\bar{e}$  šadduni the claimant to the blood-money being collected line 16) Postgate Palace Archive 95:2; x URUDU.MEŠ PN šal-lu-un-tu

sart[e] ina  $muhhi PN_2$  ina  $muhhi PN_3$  ana  $PN_4$  ana  $PN_5$  ú-sa-al-lam PN has paid x copper, as compensation for a theft, to  $PN_4$  and  $PN_5$  on behalf of  $PN_2$  and  $PN_3$  ibid. 96:3.

- 2' other occs.: 297 KUR.MEŠ unzerhi 342 KUR.MEŠ 4 kūdinī šal-lu-un-tú PAP 643 KUR.MEŠ kūdinī ša BE-qi GN 297 native horses, 342 horses, and four mules (as) š. (supplied to bring the unit up to strength?), a total of 643 horses and mules at the Borsippa muster (for parallel šul-lāmī ND 2482:1, see Deller, ZA 74 236) Dalley and Postgate Fort Shalmaneser 103 r. iii 6 (= Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists pl. 53); [ina] muḥḥi šal-lu-un-ti (in broken context) ABL 840 r. 3.
- b) in NB 1' referring to fines:  $k\hat{\imath}$  paspasi ištēn adi 30 kūm paspasī a' 2 . . . ana eṭēru ana makkūr Eanna šul-lu-un-du elišunu iprusu as (fine for) the ducks, they (the assembly and officials of Eanna) decreed for them (the thieves) to pay to the treasury of Eanna a thirtyfold compensation for those two (stolen) ducks Iraq 13 97:25 (Camb.).
- 2' referring to a discounted payment of a lien:  $4\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR ina manê  $\frac{2}{3}$  MA.NA 5 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR kî šul-lum-du ša  $B\bar{a}bili$ ... ihīṭma īṭiršunūti he weighed out and paid them  $4\frac{1}{2}$  minas of silver, (that is) 45 shekels on the mina, as compensation (at the exchange rate) of Babylon (for an original amount of six minas of silver) (parallel: kî kaspi kî ša Bābili eṭirannāšu pay us for the silver (owed) at (the discount(?) rate) of Babylon line 9) JCS 36 46 No. 9:12 (Kandalānu).
- 3' referring to other silver payments: X KÙ.BABBAR Šul-lum-du ina agurru KÙ. BABBAR X KÙ.BABBAR ina šul-lum-du ša šappi hurāṣi u x KÙ.BABBAR šul-lum-du [x] ina PN PAP x KÙ.BABBAR šul-lum-du ša eli kurummātika ša ina Eanna . . . ana Eanna eṭir pay to Eanna x silver as compensation for part of the agurru obligation due in silver, x silver for part of the compensation for the golden šappu vessel, and

*šullumtu šullušu A

x silver as a repayment due from PN, in all, x silver in repayment(s) that are debited against your ration-income account in Eanna AnOr 8 25:11ff. (Nbn.); x še.BAR ša kūm kù.BABBAR šul-lum-du ša agurru kù.BABBAR ... ina maššartišunu ana makkūri neḥseti x barley which was returned from their supplies to the treasury in lieu of silver in compensation for the agurru obligation in silver TCL 13 227:48; x kù.BABBAR šul-lum-du ša šappu hurāṣu GCCI 1 287:4 (Nbn.); uncert.: x silver šām šul-lu(text -su)-um-<du?> šā ku₆.HI.A CT 57 407:2 (Cyr.).

referring to repayments of or for temple livestock: kaspu šīm egli šuāti ina alpī makkūr Marduk šu-ul-lu-un-du ša eli PN u ahhēšu . . . ana makkūru Marduk ana Esagil šūrub the silver paid to buy that field was deposited with the treasury of Marduk at Esagil as the repayment for a debit against PN and his brothers (the sellers of the field) for cattle belonging to the treasury of Marduk 5R 67 No. 1 r. 7 (Ner.); kaspu šīm 60 áb.meš gal.meš šul^{ul}-undu ša ina muhhišu iššakkan (he will repay) the silver, the equivalent of sixty fullgrown cows, the repayment which is imposed on him YOS 7 157:10 (Camb.), see San Nicolò, Or. NS 25 38; 2 UDU.NITÁ malâtu 16 udu.nitá ina udu.nitá šullu-un-[di] ša ina pani PN PN ana Ebabbar ittadin PN has turned over to Ebabbar two sheep (acquired as) malitu offerings (and) 16 of the sheep (acquired) as repayments that are under his control Evetts Ner. 65:10, cf. x sēnu ina pani PN šul-undu ina panīšu (entire text) GCCI 2 209:4; X UDU.NITÁ.ME ina šul-lu₄-un-du ša ina muhhi tupšarrē YOS 7 8:11 (Cyr.); parrātu  $\delta u - ul - un - du \delta a r \vec{e} \hat{i} = 82 - 9 - 18,4038 : 1 \text{ and } 4;$ livestock šu-lu-un-du ša PN (in broken context) CT 55 598:13 (Nbn.).

5' other occs.: uṭṭatu ša ultu uṭṭati ša šu-lu-un-du ša šangî Sippar barley (drawn) from barley (acquired) by repayment to the šangû of Sippar (disbursed

as rations) Nbn. 1010:1, also, wr. šul-lu-un-du Nbn. 1009:2, cf. še.BAR ina še.BAR šu-ul-lu-un-tim ša bīt mār šarri VAS 3 210:1 and 7; note exceptional use of pl. (in unclear context): ina šul-un(!)-du-tu ša Šamaš ša maḥar PN aḥi ina libbi zitti ša PN2 itti PN pūt etēri ša imittu ša Šamaš mala zittišu PN2 naši of the (various) repayments owed to Šamaš by(?) PN, PN2 guarantees payment of his entire share of the imittu obligation due Šamaš, that is, a half of the portion (of the entire obligation) that is debited jointly against PN and PN2 (entire text) CT 55 76:1 (Nbk.).

šullundu see *šullumtu.

**šulluqu** adj.; (mng. uncert.); MB*; cf. *šalāqu*.

 $SA_5$  &u-ul-lu-qu a roan (horse) with split(?) (ears?) (parallels: hubbu&u, ki(?)-in-na-&u(?)-x) Balkan Kassit. Stud. 20 No. 11:12.

šullušiš adv.; in three parts; SB; cf. šalāš.

šumma šārat qaqqadišu <šu>-ul-lu-ši-iš alkat if his hair falls out in three parts (parallel māšiš, q.v.) Kraus Texte 3b ii 47, dupl. 4c ii 22'.

šullušu A adj.; threefold, tripled, worked for a third time; SB, NB; cf. šalāš.

[kaš].2.ta.àm =  $\delta ikar \, \delta inn\hat{u}$ , kaš.3.ta.àm =  $\min \, \delta u - lu - \delta \hat{u}$  (var.  $-\delta i$ ), kaš.1.ta.àm =  $\min \, malmalu$  Hh. XXIII ii 11ff.; pirig.zag.3 =  $\delta u l - lu - \delta \hat{u}$  Hh. XIV 133; giš.peš.a =  $\delta u - u [l - lu - \delta u]$  Kagal A 271; gi.pisan.3 =  $\delta u l - lu - [\delta u]$  Hh. IX 86 (= Gap B b 3), see MSL 9 182; gi.dur.3.tab.ba, gi.dur.3, gi.dur.[xl.na.3 =  $\delta u - u l - l [u - \delta u]$  Hh. VII 194 ff., restored from HS 1928+, courtesy J. Oelsner; [giš...] =  $[\delta u] - u l - l u - \delta u m$  Kagal E Part 4 19.

- a) threefold: ištēn uskari pappardilî šu-ul-lu-šu AN.NA one crescent of pappardilû stone, threefold, . . . . Nbk. 280: 2 and 7.
- b) (land) worked for a third time: [...] [x] na.aš.ki na.aš.bi.za [...].un.

šullušu B šulmānu

túm: [... k]u(?) mašlu u šu-ul-[lu]-š[u ...] [x]-bal Ugaritica 5 15:14 (Examenstext D), dupl. giš.ùr.ra giš.gi4.a giš.peš. [a]: šakku šebru šu-u[š-lu-šu] (see šakku) LKA 65:11 f., restored from unpub. dupl., courtesy I. L. Finkel.

c) tripled(?): see (referring to beer made with a triple amount of grain) Hh. XXIII, in lex. section, and cf. šaluštu A mng. lc.

# šullušu B adj.; (mng. uncert.); Mari.

[1 GIŠ].TUKUL KÙ.BABBAR KÙ.GI  $\S u$ -luúš one mace of silver, . . . . -ed with gold ARM 25 601 r. 8, cf. 1 GIŠ.TUKUL KÙ.GI KÙ.GI šu-lu-úš ibid. r. 4, also (various weapons) Kừ.GI šu-lu-úš (beside muhhašu u išissu KÙ.GI uhhuz obv. 12, r. 3, etc.) ibid. 7ff.; [GIŠ].TUKUL GAL KÙ.BABBAR KÙ.GI *šu-lu-úš* [... GIŠ.T]UKUL TUR KÙ. BABBAR [KÙ.G]I šu-ul-lu-úš ARM 24 98:12 f., and passim in this text, also 1 GIS. TUKUL kaptaraju KÙ. GI šu-lu-úš. . . 1 GIŠ. TUKUL KÙ.BABBAR GAL K[Ù.BAB]BAR Šu $lu-\acute{u}\check{s}$  ARM 21 231:16 f., and passim in this text, wr. šu-ul-lu-úš ARM 25 608:2, 6, 7, cf. also ibid. 420:2.

Occurs only in the predicative state. It has been separated here from *šullušu* "threefold" which does not seem to fit; a more general meaning, such as "decorated with," seems preferable.

## šullušu s.; (a type of log); OB.*

 $2 \, \delta u - ul - lu - \delta um \, \frac{1}{2} \, \text{NINDA} \, 4 \, \text{K\r{O}S} \, \text{(parallel:} \ tar \overline{i} tum, \ upq \overline{u} \, ep \delta \overline{u} tum) \, \text{CT } 45 \, 110 : 16 \, \text{(OB inv.)}.$ 

šullušû adj.; made of or with (something) tripled; lex.*; cf. šalāš.

gi.gilim.3, gi.gilim.an.na.3 = šul-lu-[šu]-ú reed bundle made of(?) tripled (reeds?) Hh. VIII 173 f.

šullušû see šulušû.

**šulluțu** adj.; masterful; SB*; cf. š $a = l\bar{a}tu$  A v.

*šar tamhāri* . . . *šu-ul-lu-ṭu gitmālu* (Ninurta) king of battle, masterful, perfect AKA 256 i 6 (Asn.).

šulmāniš (šullumāniš) adv.; peacefully, in peace; OB, SB; cf. šalāmu v.

mukinnu išdīšin qerbum Bābili šu-ul-ma-ni-iš (Hammurapi) who organized them (the people, to live) peacefully in Babylon CH iv 44; ummānija rapšāti ina qereb Bābili išaddiķa šu-ul-ma-niš my numerous troops marched peacefully into Babylon 5R 35: 24 (Cyr.), see Berger, ZA 64 198.

For ša ikarra[bu] šulmāni[š(?)] BE 1/2 129:19 and for šul-lu-ma-niš a[ppalis] BM 38067 iii 9 (courtesy I. L. Finkel), as var. to [ina K] Á. SILIM. MA šulmāna appal[is] Lambert BWL 60:81 (Ludlul IV), see šulmānu lex. section and mng. 1.

šulmānu (šullumānu) s.; 1. well-being, health, 2. present, gift, 3. retaining fee, gratuity; from MB, MA on; pl. šul=mānātu; ef. šalāmu v.

ki.ti gi.da.ri.a [ze-e]b-baDDG.ba šu an.è.a: dLAMMA ME-ri-i [...] ša ikarra[bu] šu-ul-ma-ni-[x] (he dedicated) a .... lamassu-statue making a gesture of blessing for his (the king's) well-being (for parallel ana balāṭišu see karābu v. lex. section) BE 1/2 129:18f. (NB copy of Ammiṣaduqa, coll. W. G. Lambert).

i-gi-su-u, ta-'-a-tú, ta-mar-tú =  $\delta$ ul-ma-nu LTBA 2 2 : 275 ff. and dupls. 3 iv 11 ff. and 4 iv 6 ff.

1. well-being, health: [ina k] A.SILIM. MA šul-ma-na (var. šul-lu-ma-niš) appal[is] at the Gate-of-Well-Being I found well-being Lambert BWL 60:81 (Ludlul IV), var. from BM 38067 iii 9 (courtesy I. L. Finkel); šu-ul-ma-na ša aḥija luš al (see ešēru mng. 11) EA 37:15 (let. from Cyprus); aššum annî šul-ma-na ul ašpurakku therefore I did not write to you about my well-being MRS 6 15 RS 15.33:12; ilānu ana šul-ma-ni lissuruka may the gods keep you in good health MRS 9 219 RS 17.424C+:7, also ibid. 180

šulmānu šulmānu

RS 17.286:5, Syria 21 248:5, Ugaritica 5 25:4, and passim in RS; itti bēlija minummê šulma-nu tēma literruni let them inform me about everything concerning the wellbeing of my lord MRS 9 224 RS 17.422:9, also Ugaritica 5 48:6, 49:19, 54:8 and 27, and passim in RS; ša igabbâkku . . . šu-ul-ma-ni ša ahātika ša annikā (why do you not send a trusted person) who could tell you about the well-being of your sister who is here EA 1:34 (let. of Amenophis III to Kadašman-Enlil I); kīmē šul-ma-an-šu ša ahija ešemmēma u ahaddu so that I hear about my brother's well-being and rejoice EA 17:49, cf. ibid. 53, EA 19:73 f., 27:7 and 36, 28:27 and 30, 37:8.

2. present, gift -a) exchanged between kings of equal rank: šu-ul-ma-na banâ mimma ul tušēbilam u anākuma šuul-ma-na banâ mimma ul ušēbilakku you did not send me any fine presents (with your messengers), and I did not send you any fine presents (either) EA 10:13f. (let. of Burraburiaš); minummê šu-ul-ma-nu ša ušēbilu ana jāši anāku 2-šu ana muhhika utirru whatever present (you my brother) sent to me I returned to you twofold EA 35:51 (let. from Cyprus); 1 maninnu . . . ana *šul-ma-ni ša ahija ultēbil* I have sent a necklace as a present to my brother EA 21:37, also EA 19:80 and 85, 35:41, and passim in EA, also KBo 1 14 r. 4 and 8; šu-ul-ma-na ma'da banâ ul ušēbilakku . . . kî šu-ulma-an qāti ana aḥija ultēbila I did not dare to send you many fine presents (because of the dangers of the road), I am now sending to my brother (four minas of good lapis lazuli) as a small gift EA 7:55 f. (let. of Burraburiaš);  $k\bar{i}m\bar{e}$  abuka u anāku šul-ma-na ina berini hašhānuma just as your father and I wished (to receive) presents from each other EA 41:18; šumma šar Hurri ... [šu-ul]-ma-na mimma īteneppuš [anāku . . . šu-u]l-maan-šu ul ammangar if the Hurrian king offers (me) any presents, I (the Hittite king) will not accept his presents KBo

1 5 iii 53 and 55, also ibid. 61 and 63, and passim in treaties from Boghazköi, see Labat L'Akkadien p. 214; ana šul-ma-an [ahija] (herewith I have sent gold items and textiles) as a present for my brother KUB 34 2 r. 1 (let.), see Edel, Studien zur altägyptischen Kultur 1 109; note as Akkadogram in Hittite ŠUL-MAN KUR Miṣri present from Egypt KBo 2 11 r. 13, also KUB 26 66 r. iv 5.

b) sent by vassals or clients to patrons and high officials: šul-man-na-šú-nu iššûma ēterrišuš kitra (see erēšu A mng. 1a-13') Winckler Sar. pl. 44 D 32; *šul-ma*na-ti ša ana lú.meš gal tušēbilu mīsa danniš anākû aqtabâkku mā šul-ma-na-ti ša ana GAL.MEŠ tušebbala lu mīşa the presents which you sent to the high officials are very meager, did I tell you "Let the presents which you will send to the high officials be meager"? Ugaritica 7 pl. 18 RS 34.136:6ff.; ana šul-ma-ni ša bēltija... ultēbil I sent (a garment) as a present to my lady Ugaritica 5 48:15, cf. ibid. 28 r. 17, Owen, Tel Aviv 8 8:39, MRS 12 6:9, 16 r. 8, JCS 8 9 No. 117:5 (MB Alalakh); šul-ma-na-ti šarri qadu šul-ma-na-ti-ia šūbila send me the presents for the king together with presents for me MRS 9 191 RS 17.247:18f.. note anākuma ana akkāša abija šul-ma-na ašpur u šūbilta [an]a muhhika ultēbil EA 44:12, cf. (also beside *šūbultu*) KUB 3 70 r. 9; when I arrived my doors were sealed šuul-man-na banâ ana bēlija ul ušēbila so I could not send a fine present to my lord MARI 3 187:42 (MB let.); šarru rabû šul-mana-ti.meš annûti ana muhhi šar Ugarit... iškunšunūti the Great King imposed on the king of Ugarit (the obligation to send) these gifts (to the various officials) MRS 9 82 RS 17.382+:47 (edict of Muršili), cf. hurāşu mandattu u šul-ma-na-tum.meš . . . kabit= mi the gold, tribute, and gifts (demanded) are burdensome ibid. 23; RN ana šul-mani-šu la işşabbat MRS 9 42 RS 17.227:42.

c) offered to gods: aššum šu-ul-ma-na ana DN la ušēbilu . . . lillikma u ina elê šulmānu šulmānu

*šu-ul-ma-na ana* DN *lišēbil* since she sent no present to DN when she left, should she go and bring a present to DN when she returns? JCS 11 90 CBS 12696:1 and 4 (MB ext. report), see Kraus, JCS 37 146 No. 17; ezib ša šibsat ili u ištari mihha mashatu šul-mannu ša(?) ilāni ištarāti eliša bašû K.8139:4, also r. 8 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); ana ešrēti ilāni kališina sadru šu-ul-ma-nu presents are made regularly to all the temples RA 22 61 i 30 (Nbn.); (gold) ša ana šul-ma-na-a-ti ana Bēl īruba which came in as presents for Bel ABL 498:11; *šul-ma-ni babbanû ana Bēl inandin* he (the king) should give a first-quality present to Bel ABL 1431 r. 8, cf. ibid. r. 9; kî šulma-nu ana Ezida īpušūnu when they make a present to Ezida ABL 805 r. 11 (all NB); (jewelry) *šu-ul-lu-ma-an-na ša šarri ana* DN Nbk. 280:2 and 7; (gold) šul-lu-manna-a-tú ultu bīt hilşu ša Esabad . . . iššûni Iraq 43 136:4, cf. (silver) šul-lu-man.meš ša ultu bīt ķilṣu ša Esabad . . . ittašûnu CT 49 161:1 (all NB adm.); UDU.NITÁ šulma-ni ša lipî ana pani Šamaš tatarras (see  $lip\hat{u}$  mng. 1b-3') KAR 66:12 (rit.).

d) other occs.: §ul-ma-na-te [ana] §arri uqtanarrubu šul-ma-na pania . . . ana bīt Aššur ubbulu they offer presents to the king, the first present they take to the Aššur temple MVAG 41/3 14 iii 4 f. (MA royal rit.); igisê šul-ma-nu ušābilu šunu ana šášu (see  $igis\hat{u}$  mng. 2b) En. el. IV 134; māršu rabû itti igisê šul-ma-ni ušatlimanni he handed over to me his oldest son together with gifts and presents TCL 3 54 (Sar.);  $\hat{u}$  šu-ul-ma-na(?) šugra ša hašhūri ana šulmika ultēbilakku for your wellbeing I sent you a present of a basket of apples CT 44 67:14, cf. immer šu-ulma-ni PBS 1/2 79:20 (both MB letters); one tahluptu šul-ma-nu ša PN Bezold Cat. Supp. 57 1905-4-9,68:4 (early NB); uncert.: *šundu* nakru issehlu u šû ana šu-ul-ma-ni illika (see sahālu mng. 3) HSS 14 248 (= 643):25 (Nuzi); šul-ma-na-a-tum ta mu.6.kam en MU.9.KAM BE 14 168:15 (MB); Ahu-DI-

m[a-n]i The-Brother-Is-My-Present JCS 7 153 No. 14:16 (MA Tell Billa).

3. retaining fee, gratuity (presented to officials to ensure their patronage):  $k\hat{\imath}$ šul-man sa[hri] ubilka enza as a small gratuity, I brought you a goat (see [mi]nuhibiltakama kadria našâta what wrong was done to you that you bring me a bribe? line 40) STT 38:29 (Poor Man of Nippur), see Gurney, AnSt 6 150; hurāṣu anniu šul-manu šūt abassu amrat šul-ma-šu iddan u tuppušu ihappi this gold is a retainer, (when) his case has been attended to, he will pay his retainer and break his tablet KAJ 49:9 and 13, also KAJ 73:10, 51:9, cf. še'u anniu šul-ma-nu šūt abassu emmar u šul-ma-šu ilaqqe KAJ 75:10 and 14, KAJ 54:10 and 13,94:7 and 9, Iraq 30 160 TR 2028:9, 171 TR 2903:9, and passim in MA leg., kî šulma-ni KAJ 91:14, also 93:8; ^fPN amassa ana PN₂ ana šul-ma-ni tattidin she gave her slave girl fPN to PN2 as a retaining fee KAJ 100:18; ša . . . ta'tu  $q\bar{i}$ stu u šul-ma-nu imahharu whoever accepts a bribe, present, or gratuity RA 16 126 iii 19 (NB kudurru), also BBSt. No. 11 ii 6; adi la ţa'ti u [šul]- $[ma-ni \ a]na \ muhhišunu \ [\dots]$  CT 54 37:18 (NB let.); there is no patron ša šul-ma-annu addanaššunni to whom I could give a present (and who would receive it from me and take up my cause) ABL 2 r. 17 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 121; nišē ana muhhi *šul-ma-na-a-te amru* the people wait for presents ABL 459:8 (NB); šul-ma-nu issu panīšu ētakal u issēniš liš'ulušu mā ana manni šul-man-nu taddin . . . ākilūti ša šul-man-nu ina muhhi bīt Aššur ekkalūni issēniš liš'ulu he has taken a gratuity from (?) him, let them question him as well as follows: "To whom did you give a gratuity?" - At the same time let them question those who keep enjoying gratuities at the expense of the Aššur temple ABL 429 r. 5 ff., see Parpola LAS No. 315; *šul-ma-na*te uzâzi iddūkanni (see zâzu mng. 5d) ABL 84 r. 13; LÚ.SIPA.MEŠ *šul-ma-nu ana* šākin tēmi [u LÚ].Š[A.TAM] ittannu the

šulmānūtu šulmu 1a

shepherds gave bribes to the governor and the temple administrator (as a result no accounting was made) ABL 1202:20, see Parpola LAS No. 281 (all NA); DIŠ šulma-nam [l]id-di-nam if (he says) "He should give me a gratuity" CT 51 147 r. 10 (SB omens).

In Tn.-Epic ii (= "v") 33 read ^{md} Šul-ma-an-[SA]G; for the divine name ^d Šulmānu see Saporetti Onomastica 1 467 ff. In BE 15 199:21, also BE 14 99a:5, 6 DI(?)-ma-nu (referring to three-year-old cows), is uncertain, since the sign is not a normal DI.

Ad mng. 3: Finkelstein, JAOS 72 77 ff.

**šulmānūtu** s.; gift, present; SB*; cf. *šalāmu* v.

SAL.ŠÀ.É.GAL-Šú ú-za-an ana šul-manu-ti ana māt Ḥatti u māt Elamti išarrak he adorns a concubine of his and presents her as a gift to GN and  $GN_2$  von Weiher Uruk 58 iii 44, cf. ana šul-ma-nu-ti ubil ibid. 15 and 27.

Variant form of šulmānu.

šulmu s.; 1. well-being, health, completeness, 2. ceremony of greeting, court audience, 3. peace, safety, 4. end, completion, 5. bubble (of oil), 6. (a crease on the sheep's liver); from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and SILIM, often with complement -mu or -me; cf. šalāmu v.

si-li-im silim = šul-mu Sb II 184; si-lim silim = šul-mu Ea IV 93; silim = šu-ul-mu CT 11 44 K.14938:6 and dupl. CT 19 12 K.4143:13 (text similar to Idu); uzu.silim = šul-[mu] Practical Vocabulary Assur 921; [k]i. sisilim.ma = a-šar šul-me Izi C i 27; dLugal.silim.ma = En šul-mi An = Anum VI 48.

silim.ma.zu (later version: silim.zu.ta) nam.ba.ra.b[é]: ina šul-mi-ka ē tannašer (see našāru A lex. section) Lugale XI 29 (= 491); ki.silim.ma (var. ki.si.li.ma) gìr.ús.dím. ma.kam: ašar šu-ul-mi-im tappût ulāli alākum (see mētequ lex. section) Sumer 11 110 No. 4:3 (= TIM 9 21:5f.), see ZA 65 188:117, cf. ki. silim.ma šu.mu ús.en: ašar šu-ul-me qātī ummad I (the exorcist) lay on hands (lit. my hand) in a propitious place KAR 31:5f.; lú.ux(GIŠGAL). lu pap.hal.la siskur.arhuš.sù silim.ma. bi.ta zabar.ginx(GIM) šu.su.ub.bé: amīlu muttalliku ina nīq rēme u šul-me kīma qê maššī limmāšiš (see niqū lex. section) ASKT p. 98-99

iv 54 and dupls., see Borger, AOAT 1 15:272; me.silim me.nam.ti.la: paraş šul-me paraş balā[ti] PBS 1/2 126:33f.; še.er.zi.silim.ma ù.gar.ra.ab: šarūr šul-mi šukunšunma (see šarūru lex. section) 4R 17:47f.; šu.gi.gi.da hé. en.da.ab.rig.eš: ina šul-mi littarrūka 5R 51 iv 29f., see Borger, JCS 21 12:6+c.

siliм // šu-lum Hunger Uruk 72 г. 18 (Izbu

1. well-being, health, completeness a) in gen.: ana RN . . . šu-ul-ma-am u balātam . . . liqīšušum let (the gods) grant Samsuiluna well-being and life 37:148 (Samsuiluna C);  $\lceil mal \rceil \hat{u} \, \check{s}a \, \check{s}u - ul - mi \, u$ [ba] lātim VAS 10 215: 11 (OB lit.); DN [a] ttima šul-ma ana šarri kî tašīmi how you have decreed well-being for the king, O Nanâ (incipit of a song) KAR 158 ii 24; Aššur- $\check{s}a$  ...  $\check{s}u$ -lu-um (var.  $\check{s}u$ -lum) šarrūtišu ana rūgāti kīma šadî kunnu the well-being of whose kingdom is established as secure as a mountain even to distant regions AOB 1 62:30 (Adn. I); Assur ... šīmat šu-lum šangûtija ... littazkar (see  $\S{angûtu}$  usage b-1') ibid. 124 iv 32 (Shalm. I); ana balāṭija šu-lum zērija u šalām  $m\bar{a}t A š š ur$  (see  $z\bar{e}ru$  mng. 4a-1') ibid. 140 No. 6:9 (Shalm. I); adi 1-en ina libbikunu... ina ekalli silim-mu ša šarri . . . emmaruni until one among you sees the well-being of the king in the palace Wiseman Treaties 209; ana... šu-lum ramanika la teggi do not be negligent about your own well-being A XII/93:11 (Susa let., courtesy J. Bottéro), cf. *šu-lum ramanka hussu* ABL 219 r. 5 (NB); šu-lu-um-šu elika išû (see  $\S{a}l\bar{a}mu$  v. mng. 8c) BIN 722:12, see Stol, AbB 9209; ana . . . SILIM-mu bītišu u nišēšu (he offered it) for the well-being of his house and of his people 1R 35 No. 2:11 (Adn. III), cf. šáša ana balātiša . . . silim-mu-šá . . . taqîš (see  $\dot{s}a\dot{s}i$  usage a-3') ADD 645 r. 7, cf. also (ritual) ana SILIM LUGAL Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 24:8 (MA); šūzubšu SILIM nap: šātešu . . .  $qabi k\bar{u}n$  AMT 57,2:3;  $n\bar{i}qu$  ša šul-me ina 191 Sin eppaš ana šarri bē: lija akarrab (see niqû usage b-9') ABL 514 r. 15 (NA); šul-mu damgu ana māti urra[d] pleasing well-being will come šulmu 1a šulmu 1c

down on the land Thompson Rep. 39 r. 1; ūmu šul-mu arhu hidûtu šattu hegallaša lībila let the day bring well-being, the month joy, the year wealth Or. NS 39 149:24' (namburbi); ana amāri šul-m[a-kunu u amāri] šul-ma ša mātikunu to see your well-being and to see your land's well-being KBo 1 21 r. 12f.; ana qātē dam: gāti ša ilija ana šul-me balāţi pigdanni entrust me to the propitious hands of my god for well-being and health KAR 58:20, also CT 39 27:8, STT 215 iii 2; tašar= rakšināti šu-ul-ma (var. silim-ma) BMS 58:4, see Ebeling Handerhebung 16:12: ilāni [ša šarri] bēlija silim-mu issaknu the gods of the king, my lord, granted well-being ABL 503:16, also ABL 348 r. 2, see Parpola LAS No. 180, ABL 126:8, 660:8 (all NA); ašri šuul-mi u balāṭa lu irteddânni (Marduk) led me in places of well-being and health VAB 4 214:21 (Ner.); DN ina pihat šu-ulmi-ka ūmiša lirteddīka may Marduk lead you every day safely in your (lit. in your safe) office CT 2 11:37, see Frankena, AbB 2 81; ashur bēlūtki lu balāṭu u šul-mu I approached your ladyship: let there be health and well-being BMS 8:11; Ninlil nādinat silim-mu u balāţi oect 6 pl. 13 K.3515:14; the goddess  $\delta a \dots \text{silim-}mu$ balātu ana šarri bēlija taddanuni ABL 204 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 263; note Ina-šēpišu*šu-ul-mu ù Ina-šēpišu-balāṭu* (personal names) TIM 5 68:11 f. (OB), see Stol, AfO 32 94 n. 7; Sin nāsih zīri GAR-nu SILIM-me who removes hate (magic), who provides well-being KAR 74 r. 12, cf. the NB personal names Sin-šu-lum-šu-O-Sin-Provide-Well-Being UET 4 115:4 and 19, also TCL 12 43:10, Nabû-šákin-šu-lum TCL 13 143:10, 174:19, Su-lumana-Bābili Well-Being-for-Babylon VAS 4 123:3, but cf. Su-lum- $B\bar{a}bili$  VAS 3 137:16, Su-lum-Tin.Tir.Ki JCS 28 p. 42 No. 33:14, Wr. SILIM-E.KI RA 16 112:5, r. 2, and passim; note referring to a protective deity guaranteeing well-being: adi baltu ilšu lu  $r\bar{a}bi$ ş  $\delta u_{11}$ - $\hat{u}l$ -mi- $\delta u$  let his god guard him to good end as long as he lives Limet

Sceaux Cassites 7.22:6; MAŠKIM SILIM itti amīli rakis (this) man will always have a guardian spirit with good intent CT 392:98 (SB Alu); aj ipparki rābiş SILIM-me (var. šul-[mi]) ina arkija may the guardian for good not disappear from behind me BMS 6:124, 10:22 and dupls.; er[ba rā]biş SILIM-me ṣī rā[biş lemutti] KAR 298:43, see Wiggermann Bab. Prophylactic Figures p. 99, cf. ibid. 250 i 9, see also rābişu; for maṣṣar šulmi see maṣṣaru mng. 1c, and note EN.NUN-tim šu-lum u balāṭi ipqidu ittija (the gods) appointed for me a guard for well-being and health AnSt 8 58 i 30 (Nbn.), see Röllig, ZA 56 220.

b) in medical contexts: ana mārat PN u mārat PN2 šu-ul-mu šīršina ṭāb the daughter of PN and the daughter of PN2 are well, they are healthy BE 17 31:8; the two girls are not sweating ana šu-ul-mi-šina & u-ul-mu PBS 1/2 71:27 f. (both MB letters); tašrīt silim-me marşu šû [iball]ut beginning of recovery, that patient will get well STT 89: 198 (diagn.), cf. tašrīt SILIM ana amīli CT 40 17 r. 66 (SB Alu); he has been sweating for two days  $silim-mu \ s\hat{u}$  he is well (now) ABL 363 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 152; PN SILIM-mu adanniš adanniš PN is very, very well ABL 740 r. 13, see Parpola LAS No. 258, also ABL 392 r. 13, 570:5; SILIM-mušú-nu ana šarri aqabbi I shall tell the king about their health ABL 1 r. 6, see Parpola LAS No. 142; adu šu-la-an-šú ammuruni until I have examined his health ABL 109 r. 12, see Parpola LAS No. 250, also ABL 1149:9 (all NA).

c) in omens — 1' as apod.: §u-ul-mu-um (there will be) well-being (entire apodosis) YOS 10 52 i 2, also CT 3 3:47, YOS 10 53:6 and 16; §u-lu-um ru[b]êm well-being of the prince YOS 10 31 iv 33 (OB ext.); ana harrānim šu-ul-mu-ú-um for an expedition: well-being YOS 10 24:19; ana awīlim šu-ul-mu-um CT 3 4:65 (all OB); ana šarrī SILIM-mu TCL 6 9:22 (SB), also (citing and interpreting omens) ABL 1006 r. 4, 46 r. 10, 1397:7, 407:17; kakki šu-ul-mi-im

šulmu 1c šulmu 1d

weapon-mark (indicating) well-being YOS 10 46 i 39 (OB ext.); *šu-lum* MU.1.KAM wellbeing for one year Sumer 34 Arabic Section 62 IM 74500: 45 (SB Alu), also CT 28 45 r. 3, KAR 150:19, VAB 4 288 xi 42 (Nbn.), ana harrāni SILIM-um MU.[1.KAM] CT 31 34:11;  $\delta u$ lum şābija well-being for my troops YOS 10 51 iv 9 and dupl. 52 iv 10 (OB), also, wr. SILIM(-um) BRM 4 12:67, KAR 151 r. 36; SILIM-mu napišti KAR 423 ii 49 and 58, KAR 427:15, 5R 63 B 12 (Nbn.); note šulum ilim kīnum steady well-being (granted) by a god CT 3 3:29 (OB oil omens), cf. SILIM DINGIR ana amīli u bītišu Sumer 34 Arabic Section 62 IM 74500: 52 (SB Alu), šu-lum amīli u bītišu well-being for the man and his house ibid. 33, cf. šu-lum tallakti ibid. 36; rēmu u šul-mu GAR-šú mercy and well-being will be provided for him Thompson Rep. 130:3.

2' in ref. to an expected portent:  $[t\hat{e}]$ : rēt im ana šu-lum bēlija u šu-[lum] halşim elîm ēpuš (see šalāmu v. mng. 3a) CRRA 2 47:9f., cf. (ana) têrētim ana šu-lum hal= sim šūpušim ARM 3 41:14, also RA 66 123 A.315:27 and 31 (all Mari letters), têrtam ana *šu-lum* GN *šūpiš* have an extispicy made about the well-being of Šušarrâ Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 81 SH 812:65, see also šalāmu v. mng. 3a; 1 udu . . . ana šulum PN one sheep for (an extispicy concerning) the well-being of PN JCS 21 220 B 2, also Bab. 3 pl. 9:2, ana šu-ul-mi JCS 21 223 BM 78655:3 (all OB ext. reports), cf. 1 SILA₄ ana *šu-lum* GN PBS 8/1 68:2; *šumma ana* SILIM marsi têrta tēpuš if you make the extispicy concerning the health of the sick man Boissier DA 249 f. iv 8, 18, CT 31 36 r. 3, and passim in SB ext.; šumma . . . ana SILIM karaši têrta tēpuš if you make the extispicy concerning the well-being of the expeditionary force Boissier DA 248 ff. i 13, iv 23, and passim in SB ext.; têrēt šu-lum ka= rašija extispicies about the well-being of my army Tn.-Epic "iv" 42; šumma ana SILIM māti têrta tēpuš if you make the extispicy for the welfare of the country CT 30 38 K.9084 ii 11 and 16, cf. ana SILIM marşi ana SILIM karaši ana SILIM māti Boissier DA 212 r. 30, cf. (the omen) ana SILIM šarri kakki sakāp nakri šalmat KAR 151 r. 49 (all SB ext.); decision of the gods ana SILIM-um šarri ana sakāp nakri ana SILIM ummāni ana şabāt āli BBR No. 79 iii 21, cf. ana SILIM šarri āli u nišēšu teppušma išallimu ACh Šamaš 2:11, cf. also šumma ana SILIM-um šarri āli u [...] KAR 423 iii 53 (SB ext.), cf. CT 20 44 i 59 f.; bārût šulum u purussē īpuluš (see bārûtu mng. 1a) Pinches Texts in Bab. Wedge-writing 16 No. 4:14 (acrostic hymn).

d) in letters -1' with ana or dative a' reporting on the sender: ana ia-a-ši *šu-ul-mu* I am well EA 8:4 (MB royal), also EA 27:3, 21:8, 38:3, and passim in EA, KUB 3 22:3 and passim in Bogh., see Labat L'Akkadien p. 214; note ana mahrija šul-mu EA 1:3 (let. from Egypt), [ana] muhhija šulmu EA 35:3 (let. from Cyprus); ana jâši ahātiki šu-ul-mu I, your sister, am well KBo 1 29:3, also KUB 3 63:3, SILIM-mu jāši I am well ABL 302:3, 303:3, 896:3, and passim in NA letters mostly from the Assyrian king; šulmu jáši ABL 914:2, CT 54 10:2, SILIM-mu  $j\hat{a}$ \$i ABL 517:2, also 290:2, 294:3, 400:3, 403: 3, and passim in NB letters from the king, also in later NB: šu-lum jāši YOS 3 2:4, 3:5, 4:3, SILIM-mu ajaši TCL 9 68:3; exceptionally in lit.: šul-mu ana Ani Enlil u Ea ilāni rabûti it is well with Anu, Enlil, and Ea, the great gods (in response to a greeting with lu šulmu) STT 28 i 45, also 46ff. (Nergal and Ereškigal), see Gurney, AnSt 10

b' reporting on family, country, etc.: annakam ana bītika šu-ul-mu-um here your house is well Kültepe p/k 7:6' (OA, courtesy B. Landsberger); ana ālim Mari ekallim bītāt ilāni nēparātim u maṣṣarātini šu-ul-mu-um the city Mari, the palace, the temples, the workhouses, and our service are well Syria 48 10 A 438:8, also ARM 2 59:13; ana ālāni ša bēlija šu-ul-mu the cities of my lord are well Aro, WZJ 8 572 HS 114:4,

šulmu 1d šulmu 1e

also PBS 1/2 16:2, PBS 13 76:4; ana bīt bēlija  $\delta u - ul - mu$  PBS 1/2 25:5, 15:2 (all MB); and bītija aššatija mārīja sābīja sīsēja [nar= kabātija u ina libbi mātija gabbi danniš *šul-mu* my house, my wife, my sons, my troops, my horses, my chariots, and all my land are very well KBo 1 10 + KUB 3 72:4 (let. of Hattušili), also EA 1:9; ana Šarrukīn . . . u karašišu adanniš adanniš šul-mu Sargon and his army are very, very well TCL 3.5 (Sar.); SILIM-mu adanniš adanniš ana PN SILIM-mu adanniš adanniš ana PN2 it is very, very well with (the prince) PN, it is very, very well with (the prince) PN2 ABL 977:5 and 7, see Parpola LAS No. 218, also ABL 109:7, 439:7; SILIM-mu adanniš ana pi= qittati qabbu all the "charges" (i.e., royal children) are very well ABL 970:8, see Parpola LAS No. 188, also ABL 586:4, 178:7; SILIM-mu ana Ešarra SILIM-mu ana ekur: rāte silim-mu ana uru Aššur silimmu ana māt Aššur Ešarra, the (other) temples, the city of Assur and (all) Assyria are well ABL 397:3ff., also ABL 92:3ff., 191 r. 1, CT 53 36:4 ff., and passim in NA, cf. ana  $m\bar{a}ti$  ša šarri šul-mu ABL 227:7 (NA): SILIM-mu ana āli u É.DINGIR.MEŠ (= ešrēti) ša šarri the city and the temples of the king are well ABL 254 r. 2, also ABL 1074:5, 1200:4; šu-lum ana Esagil u Bābili ABL 1047:4; *šul-mu ana birti ša šarri* the king's fortress is well ABL 524:5; ana mas: şartika mātika ilāni ša šarri u Nippur akkî mādê šul-mu ABL 797:15, cf. šul-mu ana maşşarti ša ekurri ABL 831:10; šu-lum ana massarti ša Eanna É.DINGIR.MEŠ-ka YOS 3 7:13, and passim in NB; šu-lum ana ekurri āli u bīti ša bēlija šá-ki-in well-being is granted to the temple, the city, and the house of my lord CT 22 208:7, also TCL 9 123:12; šu-lum ana sēnu ša bēlija šá-kin BIN 176:8 (all NB).

2' in absolute use: aššum ţēm bītim šu-ul-mu-um as concerns news about the house, it is well CT 52 152:9; mimma ul ša na'ādim šu-ul-mu-um there is nothing to worry about, (everything) is well ARM

6 1:29, also ibid. 11;  $naw\hat{u}m \dots [\S]a ina$ halsija ikkalu šu-ul-mu-um the flocks which graze within my district are well ARM 2 59:6; šu-ul-mu-um mimma hitītum ul ibbašši ARM 6 2:11; annānum šu-ul-mu here (everything) is fine OBT Tell Rimah 114:14; umma anākuma tēm mātim kî šuul-mu-u umma šu-ul-mu-umasked, "What is the news about the land, is it well?" and he said, "It is well" ARM 14 88:13; şābušu narkabātušu mādu magal *šul-mu* all (the king's) troops and chariots are very well RA 19 105:25 (= EA 367), also RA 31 127:27 (= EA 369), EA 162:81, 163 r. 5; ina māti elīti adi [māti šaplīti] ṣīt Šamši adi ereb Šamši magal šul-mu Or. NS 16 15:29 (= EA 370); SILIM-mu adanniš all is verv well (the gods have blessed the king my lord and his sons) ABL 23 r. 7, see Parpola LAS No. 185, also ABL 997 r. 5, 207 r. 3, 414 r. 13 (all NA).

3' other constructions: itti šarri u ittija gabba šul-mu everything is fine with the king and with me MRS 9 222 RS 17.383:7, cf. itti Šamši gabbu bītiš[u] šu-ul-mu Ugaritica 5 33:4; ina șilli ša ilī šu-lum anāku I am fine thanks to the protection of the gods CT 22 6:5, also 151:5, 194:6, YOS 2 9:7, 88:6, and passim in NB, cf. šu-lum anīni BIN 1 29:6, šu-lum ina panīja YOS 3 1:7.

e) as greeting (mostly in letters) -1'with lu: ana kâša lu šu-ul-mu may you be well JCS 6 144:3, 145:6, PBS 1/2 30:3 (all MB letters); ana kâša bītika ana [aššā: tik] a ana narkabātika u sābika lu-ú šul-mu may you, your house, your wives, your chariots, and your troops be well EA 15:6 (let. of Aššur-uballit I), also EA 21:12, 19:8, and passim in EA; ana kâša šar māt Mirâ lu-ú *šul-mu ana mātika lu-[ú šul-mu]* may you. king of Mirâ, be well, and may your land be well KBo 1 24+:6 (let. from Egypt), cf. KUB 3 71:6 (let. from Babylon), 66:10 ff.; muhhika lu-ú šul-mu EA 166:3, also EA 170:4, ana mahrika lu-u šul-mu EA 1:4; ana mimmūka lu šul-mu Wiseman Alalakh 109:5, ef. ibid. 115:9; lu-ú šul-mu ana Ani

šulmu 1e šulmu 1f

Enlil u Ea ilāni rabûti may the great gods Anu, Enlil, and Ea be well STT 28 i 40, etc. (Nergal and Ereškigal), see Gurney, AnSt 10 110: ana Aššur abu ilāni . . . lu šul-mu TCL 3 1. also 2 ff. (Sar.); lu-u SILIM-mu ana šarri bēlija may the king, my lord, be well Hilprecht AV 257 No. 1:5, also ABL 190:3, 251:3, Iraq 34 21:3, CT 53 33:3 (all NA), (citing letter of Sarduri) Streck Asb. 84 x 47; lu šulmu ana ikkari bēlija ABL 38:3; lu šul-mu addanniš addanniš ana šarri bēlija ABL 108:3, Wr. SILIM-mu ABL 204:3, and passim in NA; note lu-u silim-mu lu-u silimmu lu-u silim-mu ana šarri bēlija adu 1 lim lu-u silim-mu ana šarri bēlija ABL 377:3 ff., CT 53 2:3, 5:3, 16:3, etc., lu-u šulmu ana kâša ABL 185:3 (NA); lu-ú šu-lum ana šarri bēlini may the king, our lord, be well ABL 261:4, also ABL 202:3, CT 54 393:2, lu-u šul-mu ana šarri bēlija ABL 498:2, CT 54 462:3, Wr. SILIM-mu TCL 9 67:3; lu-ú šu-lum ana kâšunu may you (pl.) be well TCL 9 99:5; lu-u šu-lum ana ahija CT 22 67:3, ABL 214:3, TCL 9 141:3, also ABL 815: 6, 1439: 3, YOS 3110: 3, and passim in NB.

- 2' without lu: mušlahhu išpuranni šul-mu (the mouse said to the snake:) A snake-charmer sent me, greetings (to you) Lambert BWL 216 iii 20; SILIM-mu ana [kâši] be well! ibid. 45 (popular sayings); SILIM-mu ana šarri bēlija ABL 151:3,532:3, 938:3, CT 53 87:3 (all NA); šul-lum ana šarri bēlija ABL 1247:11 (NB).
- 3' with qabû: ilāni šu-lum-ka liqbû may the gods pronounce well-being for you CT 55 28:4, TCL 9 137:3, Wr. SILIM CT 22 70:3; Bēl u Nabû šu-lum ša aḥḥēja liqbû CT 22 112:5, šu-lum balā[ṭu...] ša šarri bēlija [liqbû] ABL 279:3, šu-lum u balāṭa ša bēlija liqbû CT 22 80:4, also BIN 1 7:3, 27:7, YOS 3 16:4, 17:2, 150:3, CT 55 3:3, and passim in NB letters, šu-lum u ṭūb libbi YOS 3 180:3, cf. ABL 771:3; note lilliku šu-lam-ka liqbiu let (the gods) go and order your (the king's) well-being Langdon Tammuz pl. 2 ii 27 (NA oracles).

- 4' šulumka lu dāri may your wellbeing be continuous: šu-lum-ka maḥar Šamaš u Marduk lu dāri Kraus AbB 1 3:9, also VAS 16 159:9, TCL 18 103:10, 124:9, VAS 7 199:9, TCL 152:6, YOS 2 62:9, and passim in OB letters.
- 5' other occs.: DN u DN₂ ... šu(!)-lum ina massartikunu liš-ku-nu let Bēl and Nabû provide well-being in your office YOS 3 171:6, also TCL 9 125:4, BIN 1 48:5, and passim in NB letters, cf. šu-lum ina naš: partika liškunu YOS 3 101:5.
- f) referring to written messages -1'in gen.: su-lum bītim kališu in tuppim lišturunim let them write a message about the whole household's well-being on a tablet MAD 1 290 r. 3' (OAkk.); šu-lu-um aḥika ašar wašbuni šupra send me a message about the well-being of your brother wherever he may live OIP 27 5:26 (OA); I sent to you six tablets matima tuppaka ana šu-ul-mi-ia u aššum tēm bītija ul illikam but no tablet of yours (asking) about my well-being and about news of my household ever came to me TCL 1721:7, cf. šu-luum-ka lil\li\kam let a message about your well-being come here TCL 1 27:19; *šu-lum-šu u tēmšu mali tešmê šuprim* write to me about his well-being and any news from him you heard OBT Tell Rimah 32:10; šalmāku šu-lum-ki šuprim I am fine, write me about your well-being TCL 17 56:6; šu-lum PN šupram tēm bītim . . . šupram ibid. 50:5, *šu-lu-um-ka šupram* BIN 7 21:21, also VAS 16 154 left edge 6, TIM 2 12:37, TCL 1 23:16, and passim in OB letters; aššum šu-ulmi-ia tašpuri šalmāku BIN 7 221:5; ana mīnim šu-lu-um-ka ana bītika la tašappa: ramma why do you not write to your household about your well-being? Kienast Kisurra 177: 6, cf. BIN 7 52: 14; SILIM-mu ana šarri bēlija assapra silim-mu ša šarri . . . lašme I wrote a greeting to the king, my lord, let me hear news about the king's well-being ABL 554:6 (NA); šul-mu ša šarri bēlija . . . šarru bēlī ana urdišu lišpura let the king, my lord, inform his servant

šulmu 1f šulmu 1f

about the well-being of the king, my lord ABL 44:7, see Parpola LAS No. 301; tēnkunu u SILIM-me-ku-nu...  $\check{s}upra$  ABL 1125 r. 5, see Dietrich Aramäer 194: note šar ilāni ša šamê u erşeti šu-lum ana šarri bēlija iltapra the king of the gods of heaven and earth sent a message (predicting) well-being to the king, my lord ABL 1006 r. 7 (both NB); tup: paki ša ana šu-ul-mi-ia tušābilim ešme I read (lit. heard) your tablet which you sent (asking) about my well-being OBT Tell Rimah 98:4, 102:5;  $a š š u m š u - u \bar{l} - m i - i a$ ša tašpurim umma attima ana mīnim šulum-ka la kajān ištu inanna ša šu-ul-mi-ia ana mahriki lu kajān as for my greetings about which you wrote as follows: "Why does your greeting not come regularly?" from now on my (message of) greeting will indeed come to you regularly ibid. 28:7 and 11 ff. (all OB letters);  $\delta u$ -lum  $b\bar{e}li[ne]$ ana  $\sqrt[3]{e}$  [ne] lu  $k[aj\bar{a}n]$  let the greeting of our lord come to us regularly ARM 10 102:8, cf. šu-lum ekallim ana şērija lu kajān ibid. 121:19 (let. from the king), šu-lum-ka ana şērija lu kajān ARM 18 27:21; tuppāt šulum abija ana ṣērija lu sa[dr]a let tablets with a greeting from my father keep coming to me Voix de l'opposition 182 A 1153:41 (Mari let.);  $\delta u$ -lu-um RN  $\delta u$ -lu-um*ṣābišu šu-lu-um ṣābim ša ana ṣēr* RN  $[a]trud[u] \dots [si]tapparam$  keep me informed about the well-being of Zimrilim, the well-being of his troops, and the wellbeing of the troops which I sent to Zimrilim RA 42 37:10ff. (Mari let.); atta ištu šul-mi-k[a] ištu mahar šarri bēlija šāri pīka tutīranni with your greeting from the king, my lord, you brought back to me the breath of his (text: your) mouth 145:7; en dNin.urta.ra silim.ma mu. na.ab.bé: ana bēli dmin šul-ma igabbi he greets the lord Ninurta Angim II 20 (= 79); giš.si.gar kù an.na.ke, silim. ma hu.mu.ra.ab.bé : šigar šamê ellūtu *šul-ma liqbûkum* (see *šigaru* mng. 1e) Abel-Winckler p. 59:3f. (hymn to Šamaš), see OECT 6 p. 11; ana PN šul-ma qibi greet PN EA 170:44, cf. (Cyrus) šu-lum-šu-nu

iqtabi BHT pl. 10 vi 2 (Nbn. Verse Account), see also BHT pl. 13 iii 19, cited mng. 3a; ana mīnim ul tuwaššaruni šu-lum-ka ana jāši why do you not let your greeting come to me? BASOR 94 17 No. 1:14 (Taanach let.); [īd]iršumma Anšar šarru šul-ma ušāpīšu (see apû A v. mng. 5c) En. el. V 79; hanţiš šipirtaka ša šu-lum ana panīšunu tella' your message of greeting will quickly go to them ABL 1236 r. 21, see Dietrich Aramäer 204; aššum mānahāteni šu-ul-mi-ia im= dahar because of our efforts he accepted my greetings Smith Idrimi 54, see Dietrich and Loretz, UF 13 205; anniu šul-mu ša ina IGI DN ina IGI ilāni šakinuni this is the message (predicting) well-being which is placed in front of DN and the (other?) gods Craig ABRT 122 ii 8, also ibid. 23 ii 26 (NA oracles); note as Akkadogram in Bogh.: if the Sun writes *ŠU-LU-UM ŠA* Šunaššura KUB 8 81 ii 7.

2' with abālu: šu-lum-ki šūbilim send me news of you (fem.) MAD 1 185: 4 (OAkk.); šu-lu-um-ki u šu-lu-um bītim šēbilam (sic) send me a message about your well-being and that of the house CCT 4 15b: 14f., also BIN 4 75: 8f.; šu-lu-um-ku-nu šēbilani CCT 5 49b: 13, cf. ICK 1 17: 6 and 11; annakam... kīma šu-ul-mì-kà šēbilam send me the tin as a greeting from you CCT 4 1a: 32 (all OA); mamman ša šu-lum-ki ubbalamma... ul i[šu] there is no one who would bring me your greeting Kraus AbB 1 53: 12; for additional refs. see abālu A mng. 5a (šulmu).

3' ana šulmi šapāru: ana šu-ul-mi-ka ašpuram I wrote to (inquire about) your well-being VAS 7 203:8, also PBS 7 95:9, CT 2 11:9, TCL 18 102:8, VAS 16 124:9, and passim in OB letters, cf. ana šu-ul-mi-ka ša DN... ana naṣārika la iggū ašpurakkum I wrote to (inquire about) your well-being, (you) whom Marduk never neglects to protect TLB 4 50:5; ana šu-lu-um šāpirini nišpuram TCL 18 135:6, ana šu-lum abija ašpuram CT 2 12:8, CT 29 28:8; naṭū...ša...ana šu-ul-mi-ia la tašpuranim is it proper that you (pl.) did not write about my well-

šulmu 2 šulmu 3a

being? PBS 7 51:7 (all OB), cf. EA 7:30 (let. of Burnaburiaš); PN ana káši ana šul-mé-e-ka assapra I (Aššur) am sending PN to greet you ABL 1369:4 (NA); ana šul-mi šarri bēlija altapra ABL 327:10, also ABL 907:6, YOS 3 157:9 (all NB letters).

4' with šemû: šul-ma ša mārī šarri kî ašmû when I heard about the well-being of the sons of the king KUB 3 24:13, also ibid. 63:10f. (letters); u išme šu-lu-um-ka so that I may hear about your well-being EA 39:13; šul-mu ša šarri bēlija . . . lašme let me hear about the well-being of the king, my lord ABL 50: 6, see Parpola LAS No. 302, also ABL 186 r. 19, cf. ABL 108 r. 19, and note the personal name silim-mu-en-la-áš-me Let-Me-Hear-the-Well-Being-of-the-Lord ABL 1012:2, for other NA refs. see Tallqvist APN p. 224; tēmu u šu-lum ša ahija lušme let me hear news and the wellbeing of my brother CT 22 175:16, also YOS 3 28:27, 62:31, TCL 9 127:22, BIN 1 77:24, and passim in NB letters, tēmu u šu-lum ša abbēa nišme YOS 3 113:27.

5' with šâlu: see šâlu A mng. 1g-1'.

ceremony of greeting, court audience: šatammu ša ana šul-mi-šu alliku the šatammu-official whom I went to greet BE 17 21:4 (MB let.); ana šul-me ša abišu ša sabituni šû illaka he comes to do homage to his father who had been seized KAR 143:8, see ZA 51 132 (NA cultic comm.); (report on the ruler of Muşaşir) ahušu mara' šu ana šul-me ina muhhi šarri Urar: taja ittalku his brother and his son went to an audience with the king of Urartu ABL 197 r. 18, also r. 21; ana šul-me ša šarri attalka I came for an audience with the king ABL 109 r. 13, see Parpola LAS No. 250, also ABL 241 r. 18, Iraq 20 187 No. 40:14, Iraq 28 182 No. 87:4 (all NA letters); la marṣāk ana *šul-mi šarri attalkamma* if I had not been ill I would have come to an audience with the king ABL 327:7, see Dietrich Aramäer 156; anāku u šībūtu ana šul-mu ša šarri bēlija kî nillika when the elders and I came for

an audience with the king, my lord ABL 753:6 (both NB).

3. peace, safety  $-\mathbf{a}$ ) in gen.: ana epēši šu-ul-mi adi ūmi annî to make peace until this day KBo 1 7:26 (treaty); šul-ma it= tišunuma lu eppaš I will make peace with them MRS 9 180 RS 17.286:11, šul-ma itti= šunu  $\bar{\imath}[t]epuš$  ibid. 16;  $a\bar{s}r\bar{\imath}$  šu-ul-mi-im ešte' īšināšim I looked for peaceful places for them (the people) CH xl 17; ebūr šuul-mi-im zēr mātija ul īṣid the people of my land could not bring in the harvest in peace Voix de l'opposition 185 A.1101:24 (Mari let.); SILIM-mu ina māti there was peace in the land RLA 2 432 year 758;  $m\bar{a}r$ šiprija ša šul-me uma'ir ṣēruššu I sent my messenger (with an offer) of peace to him Streck Asb. 24 iii 21; šu-lum ana āli šakin Kuraš šu-lum ana Bābili gabbišu gi-bi (the king's) peace was placed upon the city, the proclamation of Cyrus was read to all of Babylon BHT pl. 13 iii 19, see Oppenheim, Cambridge History of Iran 2 539; u4 kaskal.silim.ma.ta im.ma.ni. in.gur.eš.a.ta: ēnu  $i\check{s}[tu]$ harrān *šul-me itūrūni* when they have returned from a safe journey Ai. VI i 20, cf. KASKAL šul-lum u mešrê VAB 4 260 ii 31 (Nbn.); ina qaqqar šul-me mahraka littallak (see qaq: qaru A mng. 3d) AfO 19 59:160 (SB prayer to Marduk); ummānum ina qaqqar šu-ul-mi-ša nakrum . . . idâkši (see qaqqaru A mng. 3d) YOS 10 21:10 (OB ext.); ina eqel SILIM-me ilāni idi ummānija illakuma nakra adâk (see eqlu mng. 3a) KAR 423 ii 39, also Boissier DA 8 r. 11, CT 31 50:7, cf. ummānī u ummān nakri ina egel silim-me(var. -mi) ná.meš Boissier DA 248 i 16 (all SB ext.);  $k\bar{a}r \, \check{s}u$ ul-mi-im lu ummissu (see kāru A mng. 1a) LIH 57 i 23 (Hammurapi), cf. ana Šamaš bēlija kār šu-ul-mi-im lu ummid (see kāru A mng. 1a) VAB 4 64 ii 14 (Nabopolassar); markasu ša elippi ana kār šul-me (see kāru A mng. 1c-1') Köcher BAM 248 ii 51 (SB inc.); uruh šu-ul-mu (vars. šul-mi, šul-me) u tašmė uštasbituš harrānu (see sabātu mng. 8 (harranu a)) En. el. IV 34;  $r\bar{e}^{\gamma}\hat{u}$ 

šulmu 3b šulmu 4a

kēnu ṣābit uruḥ šu-ul-mu VAB 4 104 i 4, also 176 No. 20 i 4 (Nbk.); gerrēt šu-lum u ḥūd libbi līpuša ana qereb Bābili (see girru A mng. 1c) Pinches Texts in Bab. Wedge-writing p. 16 No. 4 r. 8 (SB lit.).

- b) in legal contexts: §u-ul-mu-um adi  $5 \ \bar{u}m\bar{e} \ i s s a k k a n$  peace will be established for five days TCL 20 131 r. 13, cf. [adi(?)] [u]-ul-mu-um [u] [u] VAT 9276:39 (both OA); SILIM-mu ina birtešunu issakanu they established peace between them Tell Halaf No. 106:14, cf. egirtu ša SILIM-mu ša saltu ša PN ana PN, iddububuni tablet about settlement of the lawsuit which PN brought against PN₂ ibid. 5; SILIM-mu ina birtešunu there is peace between them (the parties to the lawsuit) VAS 1 97:7, also ADD 168:8, Tell Halaf No. 107:7, 110:12, Jacobsen Copenhagen 68:18, and passim in NA leg., see Kaufman, Finkelstein Mem. Vol. 124; niššu DN u DN₂ rābiş šu-lum-šú-nu zakir the oath is sworn by Ninurta and Nusku who watch over their (i.e., the parties') peace BE 8/1 4:8 (NB), see San Nicolò Bab. Rechtsurkunden No. 44, cf. Biggs, OIP 97 75 No. 25 r. 5, also ibid. 74 No. 24:24.
- c) ina šulmi safely, in peace: ina šuul-mi u balāṭi ana Bābilim erbamma (see balātu s. mng. 1a) PBS 7 119:27 (OB let.); anāku ina šul-me ina šalāme ina [b]ītija l[e]rub let me enter my house in safety and well-being KAR 134 r. 13 (inc.); ina SILIM-mu ana bīt ili nīterub we entered the temple safely ABL 886:5, cf. ina šulum ana Bābili nīterub YOS 3 144:7 (both NB letters); makkūršunu u būšašunu ina šulum errubunu ana mahrija AnSt 8 58 i 38 (Nbn.): Aššur dnin.LfL ina šul-me ittuķiu ina šalinti ētarbuni . . . ina šul-me ina šub: tišunu i[tt]ušbu Aššur and Mullissu left safely, they entered in good condition, (all the gods who had gone out with Aššur) sat down safely on their thrones ABL 42:7 and 12, see Parpola LAS No. 311, for other refs. see Parpola LAS 2 272; harrāni illika litūr ina šul-me let him go back safely by the very road on which he came Gilg. XI 207, cf.

Gilg. Y. v 213; ana URU Ḥalap ina šu-ul-miim itūramma JCS 12 126:30 (Alalakh); ina SILIM-me u hadê ana mātātišunu utīršunuti I had them (the guests) return to their lands safely and in high spirits Iraq 14 35:153 (Asn.); ina šu-ul-mi-im alkamma šēp DN  $b\bar{e}lika \dots i\check{s}iq$  come here safely and kiss the feet of Dagan your lord ARM 10 62:13, also ARM 3 17:14; aššu atta u PN ina šu-lum tattalkanu because you and PN came here safely YOS 3 22:7 (NB let.); likšud PN ina šul-mi let PN arrive safely EA 161:18, also EA 168:5 and 9, 167:18; ša etla u ardata ina šul-[m]i ittanarrû who guides safely man and woman Cagni Erra I 22; ina kār Bābili igribma iţţehâ ina šul-me (Nergal) approached the quay of Babylon and arrived safely Streck Asb. 266 iii 15;  $s\bar{u}q$  $\bar{a}li\check{s}u\ ina\ \text{SILIM}$ -me $u\check{s}akba[su]\ (\text{see}\ kab\bar{a}su$ mng. 7a) STT 73:18, see JNES 19 32; ana rābisūtika in šu-ul-mi-im epēšim (corr. to Sum. sag x x.za silim.ma.ta aka.dè) RA 63 34:76 (Samsuiluna C); ina šu-ul-mi-im attabbalšināti (see abālu A mng. 7b) CH xl 55; ina šu-ul-mi-im u balāţi[m] eşissu (see  $e \tilde{s} \tilde{e} du$  usage a-1'c') TCL 18 85:23 (OB let.); ša ina šu-lum šibiršu irte'û aburriš māssu (see aburru mng. 2c) Weidner Tn. 26 No. 16:6. cf. nišīja rapšāti ina šu-ul-mi artane'e VAB 4 216 ii 3 (Ner.); uncert.: šammī ina šu(text ma)-lu-um libbišunu lizbilu: nimma TLB 4 11:35 (OB let.).

4. end, completion — a) in gen.: ištu šu-lum Agade adi šarrūtija adi ṣabāt Nurzrugi 7 dārū ītiquma (see dāru A) AAA 19 pl. 81 i 15 (Šamši-Adad I); ištu šu-lu-um bīt abika matima šuttam annītam ul āmur at no time since the end(?) of your dynasty have I had this dream ARM 10 50:3, see Durand, ARMT 26 No. 237; I took a reed, I do not know its length ina šu-ul-mi-šu x šiddam allik in its completeness I went through the length x times (i.e., the length of the figure concerned was x times the length of the reed) MKT 1 303 ff. VAT 7535 r. 26, also ibid. 2 and r. 2, ibid. 294 VAT 7532:1 (OB, = TMB 93 ff. Nos.

šulmu 4b šulmu 6d

190:2, 191:2, 192:2, 193:1); šu-lum kippī šutēšur hašê ina libbi immeri ul išakkan (see kippu mng. 1b) KAR 26:23.

- b) in šulum šamši setting of the sun, west: TA tâmti AN.TA ša šu-lum šamši from the Western Upper Sea Sumer 29 52:15, also Rost Tigl. III pl. 26:29; ultu tâmti elēnīti ša šul-mu šamši CT 26 1:15, OIP 2 66:3 (both Senn.); for refs. wr. SILIM-mu or SILIM-me see šalāmu B s. usage b-2'.
- 5. bubble (of oil): šumma šamnum šu-ul-ma-am iddiamma if the oil (dripped into the water) produces a bubble CT 3 3:30, also CT 5 5:48f., cf. YOS 10 58 r. 9, and passim in oil omens, šu-ul-mi šina iddīma (if the oil) produces two bubbles CT 5 5:41, 6:50, wr. šumma 2 SILIM iddiamma CT 3 3:34, also (three to seven bubbles) ibid. 37 ff., and passim, see Pettinato Ölwahrsagung 1 48:141 ff.; šumma ina libbi ummatim šu-ul-mu-um ūṣiamma if a bubble comes out from the middle of the mass (of oil) CT 3 4:56, cf. šu-ul-mu mādūtum uṣûnimma ibid. 52.
- 6. (a crease on the sheep's liver)—a) in extispicy reports, usually listed between danānu and martu gall bladder: šu-ul-ma-am išu it has a š. YOS 10 8:26, also, wr. SILIM YOS 10 2:4, JCS 21 222 BM 78564:4, 225 MAH 16274:2, 221 AO 7615:4, AoF 11 101 No. 10:4, VAS 22 81:8, SILIM.MA JCS 21 224 BM 81364:4, JCS 11 96 No. 3:4, Finkelstein Mem. Vol. 201:4, and passim in OB reports; ina libbi SILIM šīlum nadi there was a hole in the middle of the š. JCS 11 99 No. 8:7; šu-ul-mu parku šakin CT 4 34c:4 (OB); šu-ul-mu-um šakin there was a š. JCS 21 229:24 (Mari let.); SILIM išu BE 14 4:4, JAOS 38 83:19 (MB).
- b) in relation to other parts of the liver: §umma SILIM ina nār takalti šakin if the §. lies in the bile duct TCL 6 3 r. 37; §umma SILIM ana idi marti ipluš if the §. breaks through toward the gall bladder ibid. 38, cf. §umma SILIM ana idi marti larā TUK-§i ibid. obv. 2, cf. YOS 10 61:2, §umma SILIM

- ana idi bāb ekalli ipluš TCL 63 r. 39, šumma SILIM ana idi bāb ekalli larâ tuk-ši ibid. šumma silim kīma manzāzi u padāni šakin if the š. is placed like the manzāzu and the "path" TCL 6 3 r. 29; šumma silim ina maškan tarbaşi šakin ibid. 30; [šum]ma silim ina fid marti [šakin] KUB 37 172 r. 7: *šumma ištu maškan* SILIM uşurtu ana bāb ekalli esretma if a drawing is found from the place of §. to the porta hepatis TCL 6 3:7; [šumma . . .] rēš marti ana SILIM ishurma if the top of the gall bladder turns back to the §. CT 30 50 Sm. 823:5; šumma silim eli bāb ekalli parik TCL 6 3 r. 32; see also the "foie d'orientation" RA 62 39 where the lines referring to *šulmu* are placed between martu and bāb ekalli; šumma [SILIM.MA] ana bāb ekalli nehelsu if the §. has slid toward the porta hepatis KUB 37 228 obv. upper right.
- c) descriptions etc.: šumma silim.ma kapiş if the & is bent over Labat Suse 5 r. 18, also Boissier DA 209: 15 ff., see kapāsu mng. 1b-1'; šumma silim rahiş the §. is flattened PRT 124:4, 127:3, 128:4, etc.; SILIM nabalkut the š. is displaced TCL 6 6 ii 21; šumma silim uštešni if the š. is doubled TCL 6 3 r. 24, also VAB 4 268 ii 25 (Nbn.); *šumma* SILIM *qê sadid* (see sadādu B) TCL 63:8, cf. ibid. 9; šumma SILIM nesu... šumma silim tarik ibid. 42; šumma SILIM kīma U if the š. is like the U-sign KAR 423 ii 56; [šumma] SILIM kīma uskari ana idi marti ittabši if a š. like a crescent forms toward the gall bladder CT 20 25 K.12648 ii 13, KAR 423 ii 51, KUB 37 167:5, 7, 9, for further comparisons cf. ibid. 172 r. 1 and 4, TCL 63:14 ff., KAR 423 ii passim, STT 308:150 ff., šumma ina maškan šu-ul-mi-im hal if there is a HAL-sign at the emplacement of the §. YOS 10 61:7 and 9, also ibid. 1. cf. STT 308: 153, maškan SILIM.MA patrat Labat Suse 6 iii 10.
- d) parts: šumma ina rēš silim šūlu nadi TCL 6 3 r. 4; qabal silim ibid. r. 5, suhuš (text tu) silim ibid. r. 6, šumma išid silim kakka ibnīma if the base of the

šulpatu šulpu A

š. produces a "weapon-mark" TCL 6 5:39; šumma... KI.A SILIM paṭir KAR 423 r. ii 42.

- e) presence or absence: *šumma* SILIM *šakin* KAR 423 ii 48, VAB 4 266 ii 12, PRT 16 r. 17, and passim in PRT; *šumma* . . . SILIM *martu u ubānu la ibašši* if there is no *š*., gall bladder, or "finger" TCL 6 1:18, also ibid. 14 f.
- f) šulum şibti: šu-lum şibtim šakin JCS 21 231:4' (Mari let.), also, wr. SILIM MAS Boissier DA 11 i 17, VAB 4 286 xi 6, KAR 423 iii 2, see Jeyes, JCS 30 220.
- g) other occs.: šu-lum tešmêm ištu maṣraḥ martim ana bāb ekallim lu maqi[t] let a š. indicating acceptance go down from the cystic duct to the "gate of the palace" YOS 11 23:49, see Starr Diviner 32 (OB); šumma ina libbi SILIM kakku šakin KUB 37 168 iii 3 and 5; šumma padānu 2-ma kakki SILIM šakin TCL 6 5 r. 7ff., cf. CT 31 10 K.2086+ ii 8; šumma SILIM.MEŠ 2 3 4 nadū if there are two, three, or four š.-s KAR 151 r. 36, also TCL 6 1:23 ff., cf. STT 308:154.

In RMA (= Thompson Rep.) 240 r. 6 read dul(!)-lum. For UET 7 41:4, see &alamu v. mng. 8.

Ad mng. 1b and 1c: E. Salonen Grußformeln. Ad mng. 2: Landsberger, MAOG 4 299. Ad mng. 6: Nougayrol, RA 61 37 n. 5; U. Jeyes, JCS 30 220-223 and Old Babylonian Extispicy p. 61f.

šulpatu s.; (a utensil); Akkadogram in Hitt.; pl. šulpātu.

1 ŠUL-PÁT KÙ.BABBAR . . . [X ŠU]L-PÁT KÙ.GI KBo 23 26 + KBo 16 83 i 3f., and passim in this text, see Košak Hittite Inventory Texts 87 ff. and index p. 293, also, wr. 2 GIŠ ŠU-UL-PA-TI KUB 42 21:11, see Košak Hittite Inventory Texts 47; 2 ŠU-UL-PA-TI (in description of deities, context broken) KUB 38 2 iii 25, see von Brandenstein, MVAG 46/2 No. 1 p. 10.

šulpu A s.; 1. stalk, 2. area under cultivation, cultivated field, 3. (a flute or other reed instrument); OB, SB, NB, Akkadogram in Hitt.; pl. (as Akkadogram in Hitt.) šulpātu; cf. šulpu A in ša šulpi.

[gi].s[u]D =  $ni\dot{s}$ - $\dot{h}u$ ,  $\dot{s}ul$ -pu = em-bu-bu Hg. A II 36 f., in MSL 7 69; gi.sud =  $\dot{s}u$ -ul-pu UET 4 208: 12 (Nabnitu comm.); giš.al.gar.sur_x( $\dot{v}z$ ×BALAG) =  $\dot{s}u$ -u = [ $\dot{s}u$ ]l-pu  $\dot{s}\dot{a}$  BUR.UR Hg. B II 165, giš. sur_x.gal =  $\dot{s}u$ -lum = [ $\dot{s}u$ ]l-pu ibid. 167, in MSL 6 142; [gi].sug^su-ug.  $\dot{s}e$  =  $\dot{s}ul$ -pu, sud = min  $\dot{s}\dot{a}$  L $\dot{v}$ .  $\dot{s}u$ .[i] Antagal A 157 f.; [...] = min (= si-lu)  $\dot{s}\dot{a}$   $\dot{s}ul$ -p[i] Nabnitu Fragm. 5:5.

[em-b]u-bu=\$u-ul-pu CT 18 10 iii 62; ni-is-bit-tu, \$ul-pu, \$i-in-qa-tu=u-ba-num Malku IV 217 ff.

- 1. stalk (of cereals): iš-te-en šu-ul-pu 2 3 šu-bu-ul-la-tum (if) one stalk (of grain) (with) two or three ears (is found) CT 39 9:12 (SB Alu); šumma šu-ul-pa īkul if (in his dream) he eats a stalk Dreambook 318 K. 4570+7251:x+24.
- 2. area under cultivation, cultivated field -a) in OB:  $\S \lambda$ . BI  $\times$  GÁN A.  $\S \lambda$ im GÁL.KÍD (= teptītum) šu-lu-up-šu i-mada-ad-du 1 GÁN 1 ŠE.GUR Ì.ÁG.E of it (the field rented) the newly cultivated field is x iku, they will measure its s. and (the tenant) will pay one gur of barley per iku Waterman Bus. Doc. 77 r. 1, cf. x A.ŠÀ ina A.GAR MAR.TU teptītum šu-lu-up-šu [imal-da-du-ma 1 GÁN 1 ŠE.GUR Ì.ÁG.E PBS 8/2 253:17; ŠÀ.BA...2 GÁN pi- $\langle i \rangle$  &u-ulpi-[im] 4 GAN teptitum of it (the field rented) two iku is cultivated field, four iku is land to be newly cultivated Szlechter Tablettes 88 MAH 16.046:10; 3 GÁN A.ŠÀ ina A.GAR  $\delta u$ -ul-pi  $\delta a$ -ap-li-i-im x field in the lower 5. commons BM 64294:1 (courtesy M. Stol), cf. A.GAR *§u-ul-pi* YOS 2 59:6 (let.); ūm ebūrim ana pi-i šu-ul-pi-šu eqlum iššaddadma 1 bùr x še . . . ì.Ág.E harvest time the field will be measured according to its §. (i.e., as much as is under cultivation) and he (the tenant) will measure out x gur (of) barley per bur (of field) CT 6 24b:9, cf. BE 6/2 110:11, TCL 1 154:14, 181:11 and passim in this phrase, cf. Scheil Sippar 101 r. 1 f. (= BA 5 517 No. 57), note (omitting ana), wr. pī šu-ul-pi-šu Meissner BAP 74:23,  $p\bar{i} \, \check{s}u$ -ul-pi-im Waterman Bus. Doc. 15:16. for other refs. see šadādu mng. 4c-2'; 1 GÁN 1 ŠE.GUR GÚ.UN ša šu-ul $pi-\delta u$  . . . 1.AG.E BA 5 508 No. 42:11.

šulpu A šulpu B

b) in NB: x gur še.numun pi-i šuul-pi adi kirî zaqpi arable land of x gur, cultivated (for cereals), together with a planted orchard VAS 1 35:7, cf. ibid. 36 (early NB kudurru); ŠE.NUMUN KA šul-pu  $\dots a$ -na  $err\bar{e}\check{s}\bar{u}tu\dots iddin$  he gave in tenancy arable land, cultivated (for cereals) BE 8/1 124:1, cf. (beside zēru zaqpu ana nukarribūtu, q.v.) BE 9 10:5 and passim; X ŠE.NUMUN eqel şēri kirû gišimmarī zaqpi u pi-i šul-pi arable land, field in the open country, an orchard planted with date palms and land cultivated (for cereals) Coll. de Clercq 2 tablet B (after p. 120) 2, see pl. 26 No. 2, cf. BBSt. No. 10 r. 24, VAS 5 4:15, also qaqqaru . . . zaqpu pi-i šul-pu u manzāzi [A.MEŠ] (var. me-e) land planted (with date palms), cultivated (for cereals) and drained land (see manzaltu B) Sack Amel-Marduk No. 14:6, var. from No. 13:2; ŠE. NUMUN *pi-i šul-pu* TCL 12 12:16, BE 9 48:11, YOS 6 11:3, wr. šul-i-pu CT 22 7:7, wr. KA šul-pu AnOr 9 19:21 and 25, BE 9 86a:7 and 16, BE 10 114:2, and passim, eqlu KA šul-pu bīt gašti BRM 183:1, eqlu qaqqar pi-i  $\delta ul$ -pu BIN 1 130:1, qaqqar  $\delta$ E.NUMUN pi-i šul-pu UET 4 45:1, 47:1; ŠE.NUMUN pi-i šul-pu u gišimmarī AnOr 9 11:12, cf. TuM 2-3 132:7, Nbn. 4:12, YOS 7 47:12 and 19, ŠE.NUMUN zaqpu u pi-i šul-pu Dar. 265:1, 316:1, BE 9 101:1, PBS 2/1 106:3, TuM 2-3 148:1, TCL 13 203:1, 234:1, 249:1, Bagh. Mitt. Beiheft 2 No. 131:1, BRM 1 88:4, 101:3, eqelšu zagpu u pi-i šulpu Camb. 257:6, Dar. 144:8, 167:11, PBS 2/1 64:5, TuM 2-3 179:1, and passim, note KA GIŠ šul-pu BE 9 100:6; note: zēru pi-i šul-pi mala ana uttatu ina libbi ippušu as much of the area under cereal cultivation which he will plant with barley within (the date grove) YOS 7 51:14; obscure: in the month Simānu ašar ganāti 1GI-tú iddina ina pi-i šul-<pi> inandin he will deliver (a borrowed amount of reeds at the place) where he gave the former reeds in . . . . BRM 1 57:6; u'il[tu & a]½ MA.NA kaspi ki-i šul-pu ana PN ittadin (a receipt for two minas of silver plus interest, the balance of a debt of two and

one-half minas, the two minas being repaid) he gave PN a loan document concerning one-half mina of silver as(?) §. TCL 13 185:11.

3. (a flute or other reed instrument): see Hg., CT 18 10 iii 62, in lex. section; as Akkadogram in Hitt.: GI ŠU-UL-PA-TE. MEŠ-ŠÚ-NU KUB 30 16+ i 4, see Otten Hethitische Totenrituale p. 18 and 120 f.; see Šulpu A in ša šulpi.

The meaning "area under cultivation" (as opposed to newly broken ground) may derive from the meaning stalk; the cultivated area is measured in terms of stalks (ana pī šulpim/šulpišu). In NB, the phrase pī šulpi was reinterpreted to designate grain fields as opposed to date palm groves.

Landsberger, WZKM 26 127-130 and JNES 8 280 n. 106; Ries Bodenpachtformulare 28-30.

šulpu A in ša šulpi s.; (a reed-instrument player); OB Elam; cf. šulpu A.

lú.gi.di = ša šu-[ul-pi-im] (preceded by ša maz līlim, ša enbūbim) OB Lu A 244.

PN  $\dot{s}\dot{a}$   $\dot{s}u$ -ul-pi (witness) MDP 22 21 r. 10.

#### šulpu B s.; (a vessel); SB, NA, NB.

a) beside kallu: ušēpišma giš kal-li šul-pi hurāși ruššî ana me-si gātēšu ellēti (the king) ordered the making of a kalluvessel (and?) a š. of shining gold for the washing of his (Nabû's) pure hands AfO 16 306 (pl. 15) VAT 9948:7, ef. (inser. wr. on) kalli šul-pi ša Nabû ibid. 10 (Sin-šar-iškun); [kalli] šul-pi ša NA4.A.LÁL.LUM ana naše-e me-[e]  $[q\bar{a}ti] \dots \bar{e}pu$ š HSM 899.2.282:3 (Nbn., courtesy W. L. Moran); x silver kalla ša  $m\hat{e} q\bar{a}t\bar{e} \, \check{s}a \, ziqqurratu \dots \check{s}ul-pu(\text{text-sal})$ ša mê qātē ša ziqqurratu 5 MA.NA kaspu KI. LA-šú a bowl for the basin (for washing the hands), for the temple tower, a s. for the basin, for the temple tower, weighing 5 of a mina of silver (between makkasu and šappu) Dar. 373:9; ina 2 kal-lum šul-pu hurāşi mê qātē a[na . . .] itti ahāmeš inašši šulpu C šulšu

he simultaneously(?) presents to [...] the pitcher(?) in(?) two kallu's (and?) a gold šulpu RAcc. 91 r. 4; kal-la u šul-pu flam-ma burāša ina išid šul-pu ana mê isammaḥ he lifts the bowl and the š. and stirs into the water the juniper at the bottom of the š. CT 51 95 ii 14 f., cf. ibid. 96:3, also (in broken context) ina dug kallu u dug šu-ul-pu LKU 51 r. 5.

**b)** other occ.: 15 &ul-pu &uspi &u &uspi &u

**šulpu C** s.; (mng. uncert.); RS(?), SB.

nakru ālka ina šimētān ina šul-pi [iṣabɛbat] the enemy will capture your city at dusk by š. (parallel ina ṣūmi by thirst) CT 30 45 K.3699+ 83-1-18,415 r. 7 (SB ext.); šul-pu ina māti ibašši there will be š. in the land (bad omen) ACh Sin 25:79, restored from VAT 9817 r. 10, see AfO 17 76 n. 21; [šēp nak]rūti ana eqlika [... šu(?)]-ul-pi-ka ḫu-u-mu-ṭa-a-ti KUB 4 3 + KBo 12 70 r.(!) 9, for Hitt. translat. see Laroche, Ugaritica 5 781, corr. to ka-tá i-ṣ[u-t]um šu-ru-[bá]-ku šá-mu-te-ti Ugaritica 5 163 iii 8'.

šulputtu see šalputtu.

šulputu (fem. šulputtu) adj.; desecrated, defiled, ruined; OB, SB; cf. lapātu.

hu-ul Hul = šul-pu-tu Diri II 142; [hu-ul] [H]ul = šul-pu-tu Sa Voc. AA 29'; hul = šul-pu-ut-tu Igituh I 280; hul = šul-[pu-tu] (in group with šal-puttu and šahluqtu) Antagal G 233; [lú.níg.hul] lu-ni-hu-ul (pronunciation) = šu(text zu)-ul-pu-du = (Hitt.) gur-ša-m[u-uš(?)] Lu Bogh. 21, in MSL 12 214

urú.mu ḫul.a.bi ír na.ám.mà.ni :  $\bar{a}l\bar{i}$  šul-pu-tum bikītu ublamma my destroyed city has brought me wailing SBH 141 No. IV 223 f.

HUL =  $\delta ul$ -[pu- $t\acute{u}$ ] Izbu Comm. 428.

a) referring to divine images: šarru lu ilšu lu ištaršu lu ilīšu šul-pu-tu-ti uddiš (if) the king renews (the statues of) his god or his goddess or (of any of) his gods which have been desecrated 4R 33* iii 51 (hemer.), also Labat Calendrier § 31:18, cf. ilšu lu ištar šu-ul-pu-ut-ta uddiš (var. ilšu

lu ilu šul-pu-tú uddiš) Labat Calendrier § 31:1; [šumma DINGIR-š]u lu DINGIR šul-pu-tú īpuš ibid. 14 (= KAR 392 obv.(!) 5), see ibid. p. 228; enūma URU parṣī uṣurāti [...] [DINGIR].MEŠ-šú šul-pu-tu-ti ana ud-d[u-ši...] K.2331:8 (rit.); ilī šul-pu-tu-ti abni ašaršunu uttēr I (re)built the desecrated (statues of the) gods, I restored their shrines von Soden, AfO 25 39:33.

- b) referring to countries, cities:  $D\bar{e}r\bar{a}=n\bar{\imath}tu \langle tabku \rangle$ ... ša naplu ālšu ķepû šulpu-tu bīt abišu the woman of Dēr cried, whose city was destroyed, whose family estate was broken and ruined JAOS 103 212:15 (SB lament.); ^dSin mātu šul-pu-ut-ti ušeššib Sin will settle the land which was desecrated Thompson Rep. 246F:4, cf. mātu šul-pu-ut-tum uššab ACh Sin 34:30; mātu la šu-ul-pu-ut-tu uštalpat BM 16776:21 (OB, cited AHw. 1269b).
- c) other occs.: šumma amēlu... BĀRA ušalpit u lu šu-ul-pu-ta i-[pu-uš] CT 40 8 K.7932:6, also ibid. 20; šumma ina ÈŠ.GAL šul-pu-ut-ta (parallel ina ÈŠ.GAL ŠUB-ti line 8) CT 40 9 Rm. 136:9, cf. šumma ina ÈŠ.GAL ŠUB-ti ÈŠ.GAL ŠUB-ti ÈŠ.GAL šul-p[u-ut-ta] ibid. 11, cf. also ibid. K.7177:3; ašši qātī la šul-pu-ta ušalpit (see lapātu mng. 5c) KAR 45 + 39:14, see JNES 33 282:143.

**šulsudu** see *šuršudu*.

**šulšān** see *šuššān*.

*šulšu (fem. šulultu) adj.; third; Nuzi*; ef. šalāš.

ša šu-lu-ul-ti šatti of the third year (in sequence ištēn, šanīti, šululti, rubūti, hamulti) HSS 16 46:6, cf. ibid. 18, 33.

šulšu num.; one third; Mari, NB; cf. šalāš.

giš. $\frac{1}{3}$ .sila =  $q\hat{e}$  šuššān = SAR-ki qu // šul-šu [qu(?)] Hg. B II 112, in MSL 6 111.

½ MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR qalû šul-šú babbanû istatirānu ša RN two-thirds mina of refined silver, one third (of which) is of šultu šūlû

best quality, in staters of Antiochus ZA 3 150 No. 13:1.

In ABL 878:5 read *§u-ul-lim*, see *liginnu*. F. R. Kraus, RA 64 142.

šultu (šulutu) s.; (a grass); plant list.*

 $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}u$ -ul- $t\acute{u}$ ,  $\acute{u}$   $\acute{s}u$ -lu- $t\acute{u}$ :  $\acute{u}$  si-lam-mu Uruanna II 173 f.,  $[\acute{u}$   $\acute{s}u$ -l]u- $t\acute{u}$ : si-la-mu CT 37 27 iii 28.

See also aššultu and uššultu.

šultu see šulūtu.

šul'u adj.(?); small(?); syn. list.*

§ul-ú = [şe-e]ħ-rum Explicit Malku I 229a.

šulû see sulû.

šūlu A s.; (a demon); OB(?), SB.

dù.mu.un.hus = su-ú-lu An = Anum II 103. ù.mu.un.hul ub.ta [mu.un].sus.sus.ge. es: su-ú-lu lemnūtu sa tubqi ittanamzazu sunu they (the seven demons from the Apsû) are the evil spirits that stand in the corners CT 17 13:19f.; sag.gig ù.mu.un.hul(var. adds.gig) síg.dúb síg.dúb.ba: murus qaqqadi su-ú-lu lemnu ra'ibtu ratītu ASKT p. 82-83 i 24 f., see Borger, AOAT 1 4. su-lum = etemmu Lambert BWL 40:53 Comm. (Ludlul II).

「šu-ú]-lu lemnu ittaṣâ apsûššu the evil šūlu-spirit has left its (abode, the) Apsû Lambert BWL 40:53 (Ludlul II), for comm. see lex. section, cf. [ušē]rid apsûššu šu-ú-lu lem[nu] ibid. 52:6 (Ludlul III); uncert.: uddakam napšassu kî šu-ú-[lim(?)] PBS 1/1 2:27b (OB lit., photo pl. 37).

#### šūlu B s.; (a reed); Nuzi.*

5000 GI.MEŠ šu-ú-li ša ekalli ša Nuzi ana šukūdu ana epēši x š. reeds for making arrows for the palace in Nuzi HSS 13 103:1, cf. ibid. 99:3, 116:2, 206:2, HSS 14 223:1; x GI.MEŠ šu-ú-li ša KAK.TAG.GA šilannu ša eššu ša ekalli ša Nuzi HSS 13 74:2; uncert.: TÚL arinni šu-ú-li tu-ul-li-i' HSS 13 402:8 (let., translit. only), cf. ibid. 16 and 22.

šūlu C s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.

uru.dù.a = &u-lu mātim OBGT XI v 15, cf. [uru.dù].a = &u-lu m]a-tim Proto-Izi I Bil. Section D iv 13.

[...-t]um ^dIštar šu- $\acute{u}$ -lu KUR.URI.KI [...] (in broken context) AfO 18 42:29 (Tn.-Epic).

The lex. refs. are possibly to be emended to  $\S u$ -lu- $\langle ut \rangle$   $m\bar{a}tim$ , see  $\S \bar{u}l\hat{u}tu$  B s. The meaning "fortified city" fits the Sum. refs. for uru.dù.a, see Römer Königshymnen 275.

šūlu D s.; cough; SB.

[ú-uḥ] [uḤ] = šu-ú-lum A V/2:136; "ੈuḤ = šu-[ú-lum] Antagal V 4'.

šá-na-'u, šu-u-lu (var. šu-lum) = sa-a-lu Malku IV 68 f.

šu-lu u di'u  $/\!\!/$  hahhu māta isabbat (see di'u usage b) CT 39 19:129 (SB Alu).

šūlu see šullu.

šūlû A adj.; high, elevated; SB; cf. elû v.

ina šuttija MUL.GAL dSin u dMarduk ina qereb šamāmē šu-lu-tú damqiš appalisšu: nūti in my dream I saw with joy the Great Star, the Moon, and Jupiter in the midst of the high sky VAB 4 278 vi 33 (Nbn.).

šūlû B adj.; mated, covered; NB; cf.  $el\hat{u}$  v.

4 GUD burātu šu-le-e-tum four mated cows Evetts Ev.-M. 20:3, see Sack Amēl-Marduk No. 30.

See elû v. mng. 9e.

**šūlû** s.(?); ordeal(?); lex.* i ld = nāru, díd, šu-lu-ú A I/2:229 ff.

Compare elû v. mng. 9f.

šūlû in ša dama šūlû adj.; (qualifying gold); EA*; cf. elû v.

šuluḫḫatu šuluḫḫu

hurāṣu ša dama šu-ú-lu-ú (objects made of) gold from which the (red color of) blood is absent (or: heightened?) EA 22 i 25, ii 8, 15, wr. šu-lu-ú ibid. i 20, EA 25 i 27, ii 7, 9 (both lists of gifts of Tušratta).

### šuluhhatu s.; drizzle(?); SB.*

AN-tum (= šamûtu) šu(copy: dul)-luḥḥa-tum izannun Bab. 7 pl. 17 ii 17, cf. [AN šu]-luḥ-ḥa-tum [izannun] (parallel: AN iṣtu) ACh Supp. 2 Šamaš 31 x (K.11983): 10, cf. ina ūm mašil [...] AN šu-luḥ-ḥa-tum izannun ACh Šamas 1 ii 20 and 22, also ina ūm mašil šu-luḥ-ḥa-[tum ...] ibid. 26.

šuluhhu s.; (a rite of purification); OB, SB; Sum. lw.; occ. mostly in pl.; wr. syll. and SU.Luh.ha.

ſšu.luḫ l.ḫ a = &u-luḥ-ḫu-um Nigga Bil. B 219; [š]u.luḫ = &u-lu-ú[ḫ-ḫu-um] Nigga Bil. A v 17; &u.luḫ = &u-luḥ-ḫu(var. adds -ú) (in group with  $m\bar{e}s\bar{u}$ , &saksu) Erimhu&su VI 11.

šu.luh sikil.la a.ra.an.gar: šu-luh-hi(var. -hu) ellūti aškunka I have prepared the pure š. rites for you KAR 101:13f., var. from Or. NS 36 288:11 (namburbi), cf. siskur kù.ga šu.luh dadag.ga a.ra.an.gar.ra: niqa ella šu-luh-hi ebbūti aškunku KBo 7 1+:23, see Cooper, ZA 62 74; šu.luh sikil.bi šu na.lál.e: šu-luh-hu-šú ellūti ša la ulta'û (see lu'û v. lex. section) OECT 6 pl. 17 Rm. 97:7f., cf. é šu.luh  $u_x(gisgal).ru$ : É [ša] šu-luh-hu-š[u n] a-ak-lu(?) UET 6 117 : 6 f., see Charpin Le clergé d'Ur 398 f.; im.babbar.ra mu.un.nigin.en.zé.en : šulub(var. adds -bi) gassi almēšunūtima (see gassu usage b-4') AfO 14 149:191 f. (bīt mēsiri); šu. luh(var. adds .ha) mu.pà.da dingir.re.e.ne.  $ke_x(KID)$ :  $\delta u - luh(var. adds - ha) zikir (var. <math>ni[bit]$ ) [ilāni] the divinely ordained š. ritual KUB 37 100a: 11 and dupls., see Cooper, ZA 61 14.

 $\delta u$ - $lul_p$ - $lul_p$  = me-si (var. mi-is) qa-ti LTBA 2 1 vi 51 and dupls. 2:386, CT 18 24 K.4219+14813 r. ii 5.

a) as kept holy by gods: (Marduk)  $g\bar{a}mir\ \check{s}u\text{-}lu\underline{h}\text{-}\underline{h}i\ \text{VAS 1 37 i 7 (NB kudurru)};$  (Nabû)  $mu\check{s}t\bar{e}\check{s}iru\ ^d\check{s}u\text{-}lu\underline{h}\text{-}\underline{h}i\ (\text{var. omits}\ ^d)$  KAR 25 ii 31, var. from BMS 58 "r." 15, see Ebeling Handerhebung 16:5, cf. (Ištar) [ $mu\check{s}t\bar{e}$ :  $\check{s}irat$ ]  $\check{s}u\text{-}lu\underline{h}\text{-}\underline{h}u\ \text{YOS 1 38:11 (Sar.)}$ , 42:5 and dupl. UCP 9 388:5 (Asb.);  $\check{s}a\ nagab\ \check{s}u\text{-}lu\underline{h}$ - $\underline{h}u\ \check{s}upqudu\ q\bar{a}tu\check{s}\check{s}a\ (I\check{s}tar)$  into whose hands are entrusted all the  $\check{s}$ .-s Borger

Esarh. 75:2, cf. im-ni-ki šu-luh-hi-šu [. . .] [DN] entrusted to you (goddess) his š.-s 79-7-8,135 ii 12; DN mukīn šu-luh-hi K.8663:10 (Adn. III hymn), cited von Soden, AHw. 1270b; Ea, Šamaš, and Asalluhi  $\lceil mu \rceil k \bar{\imath} n$ ešrēti mubbibu [š]u-luh-[hi] Iraq 18 62:6 (inc.), cf. [aš]šu šu.luh.ha šutēš[uru it]ti=  $kunu\ ba ilde{s}\hat{u}$  ibid. 25;  $mummu\ b\bar{a}n\ pars\bar{i}$  $u \, \check{s}u - luh - hi(var. - hu)$  (you Ištar) are creator, who creates rites and š.-s BMS 5+: 17 (= Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 15) and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 60:7: bēlu šurbû ša ina šamê *šu-luh-hu-šu ellu* exalted lord, whose *š.-*s in heaven are pure BMS No. 48:17 (catch line), cf. Anum bēlu šurbû [ša ina šamê]  $\delta u$ -luh-hu- $\delta u$  [ellu] CT 51 211:1 and 3, also cited AfO 12 43:23 (mis pi).

as maintained by kings: šu-luh Eabzu (Hammurapi) who keeps the š.-s of the Eabzu temple pure CH ii 1, cf. mubbib šu-luḥ-ḥi u nindabê AOB 1 110 i 3 (Shalm. I), (Adad-nīrārī) išippu mubbib šu-luh-hi ilī KAR 260:7 (= KAH 2 143:7), dupl. AfO 17 369; mukīn parṣīka mub: bibu šu-luh-hi-ka a $[n\bar{a}ku]$  I am the one who upholds your rituals and purifies your š. rites KAR 128 r. 16 (bil. prayer of Tn., Sum. broken); mušaklil paraş Ešarra mašûti ... mušarbû šu-luh-hi-šú-un (Sennacherib) who restored the neglected rites of Ešarra, who made their (the gods') š. rites more important OIP 2 135:5 (Senn.); ša ina māḥāzū rabûti simāti ištakkanu uštē: širu šu-luh-hu (var. šu.luh.ha) ruler) who established proper procedures and regulated the s. rites in the great cult cities JCS 17 130:12 (Esarh.), var. from Borger Esarh. 74:25, cf. also ibid. 71:13, cf. muţahhid sattukku muštēširu šu-lu-uh-hišu-un VAB 4 214 i 10; bursaggê ana ullulu  $\S u$ -lu-uh-hu a-na na- $[\dots]$   $takl\bar{\imath}mu$   $\dots$  anaubbubimma ibid. 216 ii 17 (Ner.); paraş šarrūti šu-lu-uh bēlūti ina libbiša ušāpâm I made the royal decrees and lordly š. rites resplendent in it (the restored temple) ibid. 94 iii 41, also Unger Babylon 284 iii 7 (both Nbk.); note: (Šulgi) parsišu ul šuluhhu šulummatu

ušaklil šu-luḥ-ḥi-šu ule'īma failed to perform his (Marduk's) rites properly, he profaned his š. rites ZA 42 53:31 (Weidner Chron.), see Grayson Chronicles 150:64, restored from dupl. JCS 32 73; Ištar . . . ša . . . Lú Urukāja šú-luḥ-ḥi-šú ušpēllu atmanšu idkûma Ištar whose š. rites the Urukians replaced and whose cella they moved (left Eanna in anger) VAB 4 274 iii 19 (Nbn.).

c) referring to a particular ritual:  $l\bar{e}$  i paraş anūtu šu.luh.ha ellūti sakkê šarrūtu adi šu.luh.ha ilūti writing board (recording) the rites of highest divine rank, the pure *š.*-s, the royal ritual regulations, including the s.-s for the gods RAcc. 65:44, see Hunger Kolophone No. 107:2; šu-luh-he-e sakkê u sattakkī [. . .] Craig ABRT 1 30:44; [namburbi lumun par] şī aran kidudû u šuluh-[hi] and  $am\bar{e}li$  ... la  $teh\hat{e}$  apotropaic ritual to prevent an evil arising from a temple office, (due to) an offense committed in ritual performances, and s.-s affecting a man KAR 38: 2 and dupl. RA 21 129 r. 15, see Or. NS 39 124; šu-luh-hi tusallah BBR No. 1-20:155, cf. šu-luḥ-ḥi [isallah] BBR No. 26 iv 42, and passim, see salāhu A mngs. 1c and 5c; Twin Gods ša šu-luh-hi-kunu uštēširukunūši for whom I have correctly performed your s.-s Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 523:16; ina [...] [s]ulluhu *šu-lu-hu-ia* my *š.*-s are performed with my (the date palm's) [...] Lambert BWL 160 r. 3 (fable); difficult: for the personal god and goddess of the owner of the sacrificial lamb uşuru saparr[u x x x]  $\S u$ luh-hu (for sulluhu?) šu-luh-hu nadû ul-luhat [...] a net (design) is drawn, [...] are sprinkled(?), š.-s are positioned, [...] is adorned(?) BBR No. 83 iii 16; agdamar  $\S u - luh - h[u]$  I have completed the ritual sprinkling Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 26:11; you cut the ash tree with a bronze ax šuluh-hi (var. šu.luh.ha) turabbāma riksa tapaţţarma tuškên you . . . . the š.-s, you remove the cultic arrangement, and bow down BBR No. 46 i 13 and dupl. 47:14, cf. (the exorcist recites the incantation) arki riksi rummî šu-luḥ-ḥi rubbî Abel-Winckler 60:26, see OECT 6 p. 12; obscure: ana sirqi IGI-i ana DINGIR.MEŠ dajānī ana šu-luḥ-ḥi ana ZA.GÌN.NA ana qāt Šamaš u Adad ilāni dajānī BBR No. 81:13 and dupl. 80 r. 11.

In HSAO (= Studien Falkenstein) 246:6f. read SU.GUR, see unqu.

šuluḥḥû s.; washbowl; MB; Sum. lw.; wr. šu.luḤ.

1 patru z[ABA]R(?) 1 ŠU.LUḤ ZABAR... 1 NA₄ narkabu 1 kuss[û] Peiser Urkunden 96 r. 2 (coll. J. A. Brinkman).

In PN LÚ.ŠU.LUḤ YOS 13 30:4, PN ŠU.LUḤ (last witness) TCL 10 37:25 (both OB), and PN ŠU.LUḤ (replacing PN RÁ.GABA lines 3f.) Legrain TRU 362 seal (Ur III), ŠU.LUḤ may be a variant writing for ŠU.ḤA- $gun\hat{u} = b\bar{a}^{*}iru$ .

šuluḥtu s.; shipment, consignment; EA*; WSem. word.

[u]ššir šarru bēlija šu-lu-uḥ-ta ina qāt PN ana jāši u nadan PN GAL 1-en ḥurāṣi u 12 tapal kitê the king, my lord, sent me a shipment by PN and PN gave (me) one gold goblet and twelve sets of linen garments EA 265:8 (let. from Palestine, coll. W. L. Moran).

Cf. Heb. šlh "to send."

šūluku adj.; (describing a stage in the preparation of malt); lex.*; cf. alāku.

titab.si.ga (var. titab.a.sì.ga), titab.al. si.ga =  $(tit\bar{a}pu)$  &u-lu-ku-tum Hh. XXIII iii 29 f.; titab.u₄.zal.le = se-ek-ru-tum heated, &u-lu-ku-tum ibid. 33 f.

šulultu see šuluštu.

šūlulu see *alālu B v.

**šulummatu** s.; (a feature of the sheep's lungs); SB.

šulummu šulūšā

a) in the prot.: šumma ... šu-lummat hašî imitta u šumēla šakna if there are s.-s of the lung to the right and left TCL 65:21, also 33, CT 30 46:16, 10 r. 11; *šumma* šu-lum-mat hašî ša imitti ana ruqqi hašî ša imitti işir if the right s. of the lung is drawn in the direction of the right thin part of the lung CT 31 34:12, cf., wr. MIN ibid. 13 ff., wr. šu-lu-mat hašî ibid. 2 K.70+: 15 and dupl. 7 S.238 ii 3; šumma šulu-mat hašî ša imitti iprik if the right š. of the lung lies crosswise JNES 42 112 r. 6, cf. šumma šu-lu-mat hašî 3 šu.si gíd.da if the  $\delta$  of the lung is three fingers long ibid. r. 8, and passim in this text, Wr. SILIMum-mat hašî VAB 4 288 xi 41 (Nbn. ext.).

b) other occs.: šumma DU8 BI [iš-ta]-taḥ šu-lum-mat ḥašî šumšu if that fissure is elongated, it is called š. of the lung CT 31 34:11, restored from BE DU8 BI iš-ta-taḥ šú-lu-mat ḥa-de-e JNES 42 112 r. 3; šu-lu-mat ḥa-de-e TE-am a . . . . of joy will approach K.4028:12, cited Starr, JNES 42 117.

Starr, JNES 42 117.

**šulummu** s.; (a leather part of the harness or equipment of a chariot); Mari.

[x] šu-lum-mu ša Kuš x š. of leather ARM 7 161:14, also (among parts of a harness) ARMT 22 317:7; 2 KUŠ šu-lum-mu ARM 21 294:13.

(Durand, ARMT 21 286 f.)

šulummû s.; recovery(?); SB, NB*; cf. šalāmu v.

ina šu-lum-me-e māti kaspa ki-i taddina ina hapê māti kaspa tamdaharanni after you lent me the silver during a (financial) recovery(?) of the land, you received silver from me when the land was in ruins ABL 527:11 (= Winckler Sammlung 260), cf. (in broken context) ABL 1316 r. 3, CT 54 276 r. 2 (all NB letters); note as var. to šulmu: ina tajārtija ša šul-lum-me-e (var. šul-me-e)... pan nīrija utīr ana māt Aššur on my return journey in safety(?) I turned my

march (lit. yoke) toward Assyria Streek Asb. 46 v 41.

von Soden, Symb. Koschaker 205 n. 36.

šulummû see sulummû.

šulupkā'u see  $šilipk\bar{a}$ 'u.

šulupkī'u see  $\&ilipk\bar{a}$ 'u.

šūluşu s.; (mng. uncert.); syn. list.*

kūn daltu, šu-lu-uş da-al-tum, karās dalti, katāmu = edēlu CT 18 4 K.4375 r. ii 9 ff.

Occurs among phrases describing means of fastening a door. Possibly III inf. of *elēsu*.

šulūšā adv.; three each; OB, SB; wr. syll. and 3(.TA).Am; cf. šalāš.

ki.bi.gar.ra níg.gil.gil.bi ka.kéš.ta [... 3.ta.àm] eme.urí.ra si.sá.e.dè nu. [gar.ra] i.zu.u: pūḥta egirta kaṣirta šumeru x [x x] šu-lu-šá-a ša akkadū ana šutēšuru la naṭū tīdê do you know the substitutions, crosswise equivalents, compounds(?), whose(?) Sumerian (version) has three (meanings?) each, not suitable for translating directly into Akkadian? ZA 64 142:15 (Examenstext A), see Civil, JNES 33 333.

šumma ubān hašî qablītum imittam u šu:  $m\bar{e}lam \, \delta u - lu - \delta a \, puttura[t]$  if the middle "finger" of the lung is split in three parts each to the right and to the left YOS 10 39:31, cf. [...]  $\delta u$ -lu- $\delta a$ -a putturu ibid. 17:13; [šumma] ṣēr ubānim [šal]aštašunu *šu-lu-ša ipturu* if all three parts of the back of the "finger" are each split in three (followed by rubu'ā, šina ipṭuru v 24 and 26) YOS 10 33 v 22, cf. (in same context) šumma sēr ubānim šalaštašunu šu-lu-ša-a puţţuru ibid. v 28, cf. v 37 (all OB ext.); nīnuma šulu-šá nittabi šumīšu we ourselves have proclaimed three names each for him En. el. VI 159, cf. 3. $\lambda$ M šumīšu imbû ibid. 157; kakkabāni 3. ta. am ina pūti ina libbi līsiru let them draw the "Three-Stars-Each" (per month) on (a writing board) according to (another writing board) Thompšulūšā'um šulušû

son Rep. 152 r. 6, cf. 12 arḥāni kakkabāni 3.TA.ÀM (var. šu-l[u-...] ušziz En. el. V 4. F. R. Kraus, RA 64 144.

šulūšā'um adv.(?); threefold(?); OA*; cf. šalāš.

URUDU 3-ša-ú itūr the copper was converted at a triple (rate of exchange) (cf. šīmam ša ina šanā'im . . . watru line 9, see šanā'um) CCT 3 16b:12; [. . .] l[i]-li-kà-[ku]-um x x kabtam PN nu'ā'e ukallimuma šu-lu-ša-ú-um ana kà-ba-ri-im ukallūni (cf. ina maḥīrim ša-na-ú-um ana URUDU sà(or ṣa)-ḥi-ri-ia ip-šu-[u]r-ma 12'ff.) Ka 435:5', cited Anatolia 12 131.

Donbaz and Veenhof, Anatolia 12 131 f.

šulušīu see šulušû.

šuluštu (šulultu) num.; one third; SB; wr. syll. and  $\frac{1}{3}$  with phon. complement; cf. šalāš.

nisiq narkabātija šu-lu-ul-ta lu alge I took (with me) one third of my chariot elite AOB 1 118ff. iii 16 (Shalm. I), ef. adi  $\frac{1}{3}$ -ti  $\bar{u}me$  AKA 58 iii 100 (Tigl. I); šummadanānu šittāšu ezibma šu-lul-ta-šú nabal: kut if two thirds of the danānu are left (in the normal position) and one third of it is upside down (for parallel see *šaluštu*) Boissier DA 6:3, cf. ibid. 4 (SB ext.); ina šulu-ul-ti sissinni gišimmari te-eş-şi you make an incision with one third(?) of a date spadix Studies Landsberger 285:17 (MA inc.); note the unique expression for three: šu-lu-uš-ti 9 ūmē taşammid ina 4 ūme ta: pattarma tammar you put on the bandage with the medication for one third of nine days, on the fourth day you take the bandage off and check it Küchler Beitr. pl. 14 i 7 (= Köcher BAM 578).

šulušû (šulušīu, šullušû, fem. šulušītu) adj.; three-year-old; OB, MB, MA, Nuzi, NB; wr. syll. and 3 with phon. complement, MU.3 (GUD.3 UET 7 30:1, r. 1); cf. šalāš.

gu₄. [mu]. 3 (wr. with horizontal wedges) =  $[\S u]l$ -[ $lu-\S u-u$ ] Hh. XIII 330; gu₄. 3 $^{gu-e-\S a}=\S u-lu-\S u-u$ Rm. 307: 9 (Alu Comm.), cited MSL 8/1 47 note to Hh. XIII 329 ff.; [åb.mu.ni]m. [mu].uš.bal = åb.mu.3 =  $\S u-lu-\S i-tu$  three-year-old cow Emesal Voc. II 92.

a) said of cattle: six minas of silver ŠÁM GUD(text AMAR).MU.3.HI.A chase price of three-year-old oxen (text: calves) YOS 13 530:2, cf. GUD(!) MU.3 Loretz Chagar Bazar 12:3, 35:22; 2 GUD MU.3 damqūtim BiOr 10 14 r. 10; 5 GUD MU.3 qadu 1 ÁB MU.3 YOS 13 97:4, cf. ibid. 350:1 ff., VAS 18 93:2, 5f., Birot Tablettes 31:12; 2 ÁB. HI.A šumma MU.3 šumma ša-ad-di-da-tim two cows, either three-year-old ones or draft cows PBS 7 124:23 (all OB); 4 GUD. NITA.MEŠ Šu-lu-Ši- $\acute{u}$  1 GUD.SAL Šu-lu-Ši- $\acute{u}$ four three-year-old oxen, one three-yearold cow HSS 13 425:5f. (Nuzi); 1 GUD.NITA  $\delta u$ -lu- $\delta u$ -u SMN 2498:10 (unpub. Nuzi); GUD. NITA.MEŠ MU.3 KAJ 289:9 (MA), cf. ibid. 2: GUD.3 (wr. with horizontal wedges) UET 7 30:1, r. 1 (MB);  $i š t \bar{e} n$  GUD  $\check{s} u - l u - \check{s} u - \acute{u}$ Nbn. 1071:1, wr.  $3-\acute{u}$  Speleers Recueil 284:1; 5 GUD šunu'i 1 šu-lu- $\langle šu \rangle$ - $\acute{u}$  CT 22 24:8:  $1 \text{ GUD.NINDÁ } 4-\acute{u} 1 \text{ GUD.NINDÁ } 3-\acute{u} 1 \text{ GUD.}$ NINDÁ 2-ú Nbn. 202:2; 2 GUD *šuklulu* 3-ú CT 55 580:3, cf. ibid. 11, cf. 1 GUD *šuklulu*  $2-\acute{u}$  2 GUD.NINDÁ (=  $tapt\bar{i}ru$ )  $3-\acute{u}$  ibid. 677:2;  $puh\bar{a}l$  [x x]  $m\bar{a}r$  šatti [2]-ti 3-ti ibid. 504:3, puhāl 3-ú 2-ú x-x-tum 3-tum 2-tum (all column headings) ibid. 519:4, also  $puh\bar{a}l$  ÁB.GAL.ME GUD 3- $\acute{u}$  ÁB 3-tiGUD  $2-\acute{u}$  ÁB 2-ti (etc.) YOS 6 130:1; 2 GUD 3- $\acute{u}$  (preceded by 2-i and  $m\bar{a}r \, \check{s}atti$ ) Nbn. 127:5, cf. Dar. 222:6, YOS 6 118:4f., AB 3-tum ibid. 6, AB 3-i-tum ibid. 7; note as a conflation with the idiom  $m\bar{a}r \, \delta atti$ : one red ox ma-ar MU 3- $\acute{u}$  (i.e.,  $\check{s}ulu\check{s}\hat{u}$ ) Dar. 282:1 (all NB).

b) said of equids: ANŠE.NITA MU.3 KAJ 311:7 (MA); 1 GUD SIG₅.GA rubu'īu 1 ANŠE SIG₅.GA(!) šu-ul-lu-ši-ú one fine four-year-old ox, one fine three-year-old donkey HSS 19 133:9; ša PN [AN]ŠE.KUR. RA-šu šu-lu-ši-i-ú ù la iṣ[mid] HSS 15 100:6; 1 ANŠE.NITA ša šu-lu-ši-du damqu

šulutu šūlūtu B

RA 23 154 No. 47:15; I ANŠE ša šu-l[u]-ši-du(text -šu) damqu HSS 19 124:11, cf. also HSS 15 103:27; note u 3 sīsî annâti . . . šumma lu atānu u šumma lu nita šumma lu šu-lu-ša-ta. An u šumma lu ru-bu-a-ta. An and (I will hand over) these three horses, either mare or stallion, either three or four years old HSS 9 36:18; I sīsû MU.3 AASOR 16 100:2, cf. ibid. 15 (all Nuzi).

c) said of sheep and goats: 2 UDU. NITA.MEŠ ištēn šu-lu-uš-šu-ú u ištēn rubu'û BE 8/1 139:5; [ṣe-e]-nu šad-di-tum 3-tum CT 55 553:4 (both NB); [šu-lu]-ši-ta išām enza he bought a three-year-old goat STT 38:15, wr. šu-u-lu-[ši]-ta ibid. 44 (Poor Man of Nippur), see Gurney, AnSt 6 152.

In OB, MB, MA, the number 3 is written in this word with horizontal wedges; in NB, with verticals.

Landsberger, MSL 8/1 47, 75-77. For Nuzi, see C. Gordon, Or. NS 7 46, for NB, see San Nicolò, Or. NS 18 303.

šulutu see šultu.

šūlûtu A (šēlûtu) s.; 1. votive object,
votary; Mari, Emar, MA, SB, NA, NB;
pl. (Ass.) šēluātu; cf. elû v.

1. votive object — a) in SB, NB: (gold objects) šu-lu-ut RN votive offerings of Burnaburiaš (and other Babylonian kings) UET 4 143:3, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12 (NB temple inv.); unclear: šumma mimma šu-lu-ut £ A.BA uddiš if he restores any of the votive objects(?) of the paternal estate CT 40 11:70 (SB Alu).

b) in Emar, MA, NA: (a bead) šu-lu-ut PN ana DN Arnaud Emar 6 68:1; (the scribe of the Aššur temple bears the responsibility) še-lu-a-ti ša ilāni gabbu maḥāru for receiving the votive offerings for all the gods Ebeling Stiftungen 25:10; 33 MA.NA ḥurāṣu adu še-lu-a-te ina BABBAR. DIL [x] nuṣijidi (we have weighed the gold and silver that are in the treasury of Sin

and) melted down the 33 minas of gold together with the votive offerings into (?) pappardilû-stones ABL 997:9; 23 MA.NA hurāṣu ina <...> ša BABBAR.DIL adu še-lu-a-ti nuṣijidi ABL 1194:4, cf. ibid. 9, see Postgate Taxation 296 (all NA); še-lu-[a-te] (in broken context) KAJ 84:5 (MA).

2. votary, person dedicated to a deity—a) in Mari: 1 TUR.SAL PN šallat GN pirsu PN₂ šu-lu-tum ana DN one young girl (named) PN, prisoner taken from GN, PN₂'s unit, dedicated to DN ARM 8 93 r. 7', cf. ibid. 8 and r. 3'; ^fPN NÍG.ŠU PN₂ šu-lu-tum ana DN (totaled as x SAL.MEŠ ša šallat GN lines 18f.) ARM 21 413:5, 9, 14, and passim, see Stol, JAOS 106 356.

b) in NA: PN še-lu-tú ša dnin.líl SAL+KUR ša šarri . . . ana še-lu-te tussēliš (concerning) fpn, the votary of Mulissu, the queen dedicated her as a votary (and PN₂ married her) Iraq 16 56 ND 2316: 2 and 4, see Jakobson, AoF 1 116f.; as long as her divorced husband is alive SAL adu DUMU. MEŠ-šá še-lu-tú ša DN ša GN tadnu the woman together with her sons is considered a votary of Istar of Arbela Iraq 41 98 IM 76882:25 (marriage agreement); ina libbi 10 gín.meš kù.babbar ana še-lu-uti ša ^dNIN.LÍL talqe Iraq 16 56 ND 2309:9; eglu bītu nišē dumu.meš še-lu-a-te PN lú. SANGA ina libbi unqi issatar ana ramanišu uttēri u anāku ina muhhi la šašlutāku PN, the temple administrator, has taken for himself by recording in a sealed tablet the fields, houses, retainers, (and) children of the votaries, and I have no control over them ABL 177 r. 6; (oracle of Ištar of Arbela for Esarhaddon) ša pī fpn šelu-tu ša šarri 4R 61 v 11; 1 še-lu-tú (in census list) Johns Doomsday Book 5 (= Fales Censimenti 21) viii 13.

For the meaning "to dedicate" see elû v. mng. 9c.

šūlūtu B (šūlītu) s.; garrison; SB; cf. elū v.

šūlûtu C šumatkanu

şābē šu-lu-ti-ia ušērib gerebšun I settled my garrisons therein OIP 2 39 iv 59 (Senn.), cf. AfO 14 46 col. B 19 (Sar.); six hundred cavalrymen and 4000 Lú.ERÍN.MEŠ šulu-ti (var. re-șe-e-šu) ālikūt pan ummāni: *šu* four thousand garrisoned troops, the vanguard of his army Lie Sar. 276, var. from Winckler Sar. pl. 20 No. 42:292, cf. LÚ.ERÍN. MEŠ šu-lu-ti-šu ēpiš tāhazi Lie Sar. 449; LÚ šu-lu-tu ana GN ultēli he stationed a garrison in Nippur Grayson Chronicles 90:32, cf. Wiseman Chron. pl. 13:15f.; šu-lu-tu ša *šar Akkadî ana libbi ušēlû iddūku* he defeated the garrison which the king of Akkad had stationed therein Chron. pl. 12:68 (Fall of Nineveh), cf. also ibid. 74; šu-lit ša ramnišu lu ušēli [. . .] [arki] šulit-su u šarri ina libbi ibašši he (Cyrus) stationed his own garrison (there), afterward the king and his garrison were in it (the defeated city) BHT pl. 12 ii 17 f. (Nbn. Chron.), see Grayson Chronicles 96 ff. and 107 f.

For the meaning "to man a garrison" see  $el\hat{u}$  v. mng. 8d.

šūlūtu C s.; summons(?); MB; cf. elû v.

PN (a slave)  $ina\ \check{s}u\text{-}lu\text{-}\acute{u}\text{-}ti\ ultu\ \text{URU GN}$  PN₂ . . .  $u\check{s}\bar{e}l\mathring{a}\check{s}\check{s}uma$  PN₂ summoned him from GN (and PN₃ questioned him) CBS 8089:2 (MB leg., courtesy J. A. Brinkman), cf. (fodder for horses given to) PN  $r\bar{e}$ ' $\mathring{u}\ \check{s}a$  ana  $\check{s}u\text{-}lu\text{-}ti\ \check{s}a[p]\text{-}r\grave{u}$  PBS 2/2 20:37.

šulūţu s.; (a preparation of aromatics); SB.

[Ú(?).M]EŠ annûte ištēniš tapās ana libbi mē [nāri(?) tanaddi] šu-lu-ţi ŠIM.[HI].A anznûti ana libbi mē nāri [tanaddi] ina tinūri tesekkir these (above enumerated) herbs you crush together, put them in river water, these . . . . aromatics you put in river water, you heat it in an oven Köcher BAM 151:39; šu-lu-uṭ riqqē ina lipī tuballal you mix the . . . . aromatics in tallow (and heat it in an oven) ibid. 130:12, also šu-luṭ ŠIM.ḤI.A AMT 60,3 ii 12, 94,2 ii 11, also ibid. 5, Köcher BAM 168:4 and dupl. 88:23, cf. ibid.

196:9, von Weiher Uruk 100:7, wr. *šu-lu-ut* Köcher BAM 52:69.

Possibly a general term for "cuttings" or the like (possibly from a by-form of  $sal\bar{a}tu$ ), as is the term  $hibisti\ riqq\bar{e}$ ; note, however, that in all refs. except Köcher BAM 151 the word occurs in lists of herbs and aromatics, and is included in the totals.

šumakkû see šumekkû.

***šumaki(j)û (AHw. 1271a) To be read la  $ma-ki-iu-\acute{u}$  ABL 455:19, ma-ki-u-te ABL 981 r. 2, ABL 1180 r. 8, see Parpola, SAA 1 143, for other refs. see  $ak\^{u}$  A. See also  $\v{sumekk\^{u}}$  in  $\v{sa}$   $\v{sumakk\^{v}}$ .

šumamtu s.; parched grain; lex.*; cf. šamû v.

 $\Se.\Su.hu.uz = \Su-ma-am-tum$  Hh. XXIV 164.

**šumāru** (AHw. 1271a) For a proposed emendation to *šu-ba*(?)-ru-[ú] Tn.-Epic "v" 36, see naḥarmumu mng. 1.

šumatakanu see šumatkanu.

šumatkanu (šumatakanu, šumutkunaja, šamtaknaja) s.; (a title); NB.*

LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ amirūtu 17 LÚ šu-ma-tapersons inspected(?) (column heading): 17 §. (first entry, with personal names in following entries) VAS 6 264:2, also ibid. 8, and, wr. Lú šu-ma-ta-ka-nu ibid. 249:2 and 10; 4 AN.  $\langle BAR \rangle h\bar{a}l \langle il\bar{i} \rangle$ kittāta lú šu-mat-ka-nu four iron hālilu tools from the crucibles (?), for (?) §. VAS 6 205:16, also ibid. 8; land belonging to PN and his coparceners ša hatri ša Lú šumu-ut-ku-na-a-a ša ina gātē PN₂ šaknu ša LÚ šu-mu-ut-ku-na-a-a (members) of the landholding group of the s.-s under the control of PN2, overseer of the s.-s BE 10 115:8f., also ibid. 12, and, wr. in Aramaic script [šmtk]nj' ibid. reverse; LÚ šu(copy

šumatkilu šumēla

MA)-ma-ta-ka-nu PSBA 10 527:10, LÚ §am-ták-na-a-a BIN 2 123:5 (coll. M. Cohen).

Perhaps a gentilic from a WSem. tribal name, see Cardascia Murašû 112 and Zadok, West Semites in Babylonia 63, and Rép. géogr. 8 296.

šumatkilu see šamaškillu.

šumdu s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.*

DIŠ KI.MIN šu-um-du šakkadirru [...] for(?) ditto, [you take(?)] the š. of(?) a marten(?) AMT 62,3 r. 6, see Biggs Šaziga 51

šumdulu see šuddulu.

šumekkû (šumakkû) s.; (a wooden tool or utensil); lex.*; Sum. lw.; cf. šumek: kû in ša šumakkî.

giš.šu.me.gi(var..gi₇) =  $\delta u$ -me-ek-ku-u (vars.  $\delta u$ -u,  $\delta u$ -ku) (preceded by dubdimmu) Hh. IV 22, see MSL 9 168, cf. giš. $\delta u$ .má.gi LTBA 1 79 v 4, see MSL 9 168, giš. $\delta u$ b.dím, giš. $\delta u$ mun.gi₄ N 4953:9 f. (courtesy M. Civil, both Forerunners to Hh. IV).

Note giš.sumun.gi₄ =  $\delta a$ -ma-gi-lum MEE 4 242 No. 380.

šumekkû (šumakkû) in ša šumakkî s.; (a profession); lex.*; Sum. lw.; ef. šumekkû.

lú.sumun.gi $_4$  = [ša šu]-ma-ki-i, lú.ſgišl.dub.dím = š[a d]a-ab-di-mi (see dubdimmu) OB Lu A 464f., cf. lú.giš.dub.dím, lú.giš.sum[un].gi (Akk. col. blank) OB Lu D 305f.

šumēla (šumēlam, šuwēlam, šumēli, šumēlu) adv.; to the left, on the left; OB, MB, SB, NA, NB; wr. syll. (šu-wela-a-am AfO 13 46 ii 7) and (A.)GÙB, 2,30; cf. šumēlu, šumēlû.

zì.sur.ra a im.babbar.ra ká bar.ra á.zi. da á.gùb.bu ù.ba.e.hur: zisurrā ša m[ê g]aşşi bāba kamā [im]na u šu-me-la [ēṣ]irma I drew a magic circle with whitewash at the outer gate to the right and to the left ASKT p. 92-93 iii 17, see Borger, AOAT 1 10:162; šà ká.ta á.zi.da á.gùb.bu u.me.ni.gub: ina libbi bābi imna u gùb

ulziz I stationed (two guardian statues) right and left within the gate AfO 14 150:221 ff., cf. ibid. 202 ff., and passim, for further refs. see *imna*.

a) in contrast or association with imna, of architectural or topoimitta - 1'graphical features, etc.: ZAG u GÙB ušas: bita šigaršin (see imna usage a) Borger Esarh. 61 vi 21, cf. also ibid. 63 v 46, 87:25, golden shields imnu u šu-me-lu it'ulama TCL 3 370 (Sar.); (two statues) ZAG u GÙB ušaršid VAB 4 222 ii 17 (Nbn.); imna u šume-la (var. zag u 2,30) ša bābika Anu u Enlil ušarbasa kīma alpī I will make Anu and Enlil recline to the right and left of your (Marduk's) gate like bulls Erra I 189; for other references see imitta usage b, see also šumēlu mng. 1b; salam  $\delta arr \bar{a}ni \dots z$ ag u gùb  $\delta a$  d[Sin]  $lu \delta azz iz u$ they should set up the royal statues to the right and left of (the statue of) Sin ABL 36 r. 4, see Parpola LAS No. 7, cf., wr. imit-tú šu-me-li ABL 257 r. 6, see Parpola LAS No. 286; (standards) imittam u šu-wi-la-aam (see qarnu mng. 5k) AfO 13 46 ii 7 (OB lit.), cf. šurinnī . . . ina bīt Ištar imit: tam u šu-me-lam «iš-ša» iššakkanu RA 35 2 ii 6 (Mari rit.), cf. ibid. i 16, ii 18; uttammir imna u šu-me-la I have set up lights to the right and left BBR No. 83 ii 7; ana 2-šú tazâzma ina askuppi bābi kamî 15 u 2,30 tetemmirma you divide (the mixture) into two parts and bury (it) at the threshold of the outer gate to the right and to the left KAR 298 r. 40 (rit.), see AAA 22 74; A.MEŠ KAŠ.SAG ZAG u GÙB liqqi let him libate water and beer to the right and to the left ABL 1396: 6, see Parpola LAS No. 69+71 and LAS 2 p. 374; note with inverted order: *sigaru uddannina šu-me-la u imna En. el. V 10; for additional references see imna and imitta.

2' of features of the exta, ominous phenomena: 15 amūti u 2,30 amūti paṭir šanîš bāb ekalli 15 u 2,30 paṭir the right side of the liver and the left side of the liver are cleft, variant: the "gate-of-the-palace" is cleft at the right and at the left CT

šumēla šumēlu

31 36:17; *šumma kaskasu* 2,30 *kapi*ş 15 napargud if the (sheep's) breastbone is bent to the left (and) lies flat to the right PRT 129 r. 3, cf. *šumma kaskasu* 15 u 2,30 naparqud CT 20 45 ii 17, and passim in SB ext.; rēš immerim imittam liwwir šu-mi(var. let the "head-of-the--me)-lam litruk sheep" be light on the right, dark on the left RA 38 85:1, var. from YOS 11 23:22, see Starr Diviner p. 31, wr. šu-me-lam RA 38 85:2 and passim in this text; martum išdāša imittam [kēna] šu-me-lam nas[ha] the base of the gall bladder is secured at the right, torn out at the left RA 41 50:7', also YOS 107:13, 19:7 (ext. report), and passim; *§umma* padānum imittam u šu-me-lam_x(LIM) ipšug YOS 10 11 i 8, cf. ibid. 51 iv 15; šumma lišānum imittam u šu-me-lam pater YOS 10 51 ii 29, and passim in similar constructions in YOS 10 51 and 52 and dupl. RA 61 23; šumma padānum imittam u šu-wi-lam uššurma RA 67 51:30 (all OB ext.); šumma šamnum imittam u šume-lam ana şīt šamšim u ereb šamšim ipţur if the oil splits to the right and left, to the east and west CT 5 5 r. 45, cf. ibid. r. 40, cf. šamnum imittam u Á.GÙB qarnāšu hasra CT 5 4:16, see Pettinato Ölwahrsagung 2 16, and passim in OB oil omens; for additional refs. see imna and imitta.

3' with the connotation "everywhere": ša pani arki im-na šu-me-lu elānu u šaplānu ihâţu (Marduk) who perceives what is in front, in back, to the right, to the left, above and below ABL 1240:11 (NB); limītu ziggurrat šuātu 15 2,30 pani u arka ahtutma I excavated that temple tower complex to the right, left, front, and back CT 34 28 i 72, cf. I dug for three years im-nu šu-me-RI(var. -lu) pani u arku uba'īma la akšud ibid. 32 ii 60, var. from VAB 4 246 ii 54 (Nbn.); the great gods have led me like a child im-ni u šu-me-li ittallaku ittija they went everywhere with me OECT 6 pl. 11 K.1290:15 (prayer of Asb.), see von Soden, AfO 25 46; Ištar . . . 15 u 2,30 tullātu išpāti Ištar is hung with quivers all over Streck Asb. 116 v 53; I heard about your illness and am worried imittam u šu-me-lam bēlī u bēltī ana naṣārika aj īgû may my Lord and Lady not fail to protect you in every way PBS 7 106:13 (OB let.); šarraḥat mam-lūssu tuša[rrap la] ādiri pana u arka qāedat irḥūssu tuḥammaṭ la šēmî šu-me-la u imna his heroism is glorious, it burns the unregenerate in front and in the rear, his aggressiveness is afire, it scorches the disobedient to the left and right AfO 18 48 F 11 (Tn.-Epic); imna u šu-me-la kadrā upaq-qad he hands out gifts right and left Lambert BWL 218 iv 9.

b) alone: rēš hašî gùb šatiq Szlechter TJA 158 UM G 15:7 (OB ext. report); padānu GUB marti šakin JAOS 38 82:15, cf. ibid. 9 (MB); šumma martum ishuramma šu-me-laam izzaz YOS 10 31 xi 3; šumma šutgum šume-lam tarik YOS 10 49:10 and dupl. 48 r. 38; if the "weapon-mark" šu-me-lam inattal faces the left YOS 10 46 i 31, cf. ibid. iv 17, RA 27 149:12, see Riemschneider, ZA 57 130;  $\delta u$ mi-lam tarkat šapalšu šu-mi-lam tarkat YOS 10 10:2 ff., cf. karšum šu-me-lam tarik ibid. 8:19 (both OB ext. reports), and passim; the middle "finger" of the lung Gùb patrat KAR 153 obv. (!) 15 (SB), and passim, wr. gub in this text; if a green fungus ina bīt amēli GÙB šakin CT 40 18:79 (SB Alu).

šumēlam see šumēla.

šumēli see šumēla.

šumēlu s.; 1. left side, 2. left hand, 3. left wing (of an army), 4. neighbor to the left; from OB on; wr. syll. and GÙB(.BA), A.GÙB, 2,30 (16 Labat Suse 3 passim, 9 r. 19, 10+2 VAS 5 126 (see mng. 1c-2'), 20 YOS 10 54:8); cf. šumēla, šumēlû.

gu-bu gừ B =  $\delta u$ -me-lu S b  II 272; gù b. bu, 2,30 =  $\delta u$ -[me-lu] Igituh short version 143 f.; [gù b. b] u, [á. gù b. b] u, [šu. gù b. b] u, [. . .]. [a] =  $\delta u$ -me-[lu] Nabnitu E 101 ff.; [á]. gù b. bu =  $\delta u$ -mi-lu = (Hitt.) gừ B-la-aš Izi Bogh. A 32; [. . .] =  $\delta u$ -me-lu Lanu F iv 15; [šu]. níg. gig =  $\delta u$  ma-ru- $u\delta$ -tum, [šu]. níg. gig. ga =  $\delta u$ -me-lu (opposed to [šu]. silig =  $q\bar{a}tu$  elletu, imnu) Antagal C 242 f.; á. zi. da, šu. an. na,

šumēlu 1a šumēlu 1b

 $\S u. k \mathring{u} (text .NAG) = [(\S u) imittu], \mathring{a}. g \mathring{u} b. b u, \\ \S u. k i. t a = [(\S u) \S u-me-lu] STT 398 side b ii 4 ff., cf. \\ [(...) \S] u. an. t a = i-mit-tu, [(...) \S] u. k i. t a = \S u-me-lu CT 24 45 xii 44 f. (both group voc.), see Civil, JAOS 103 47.$ 

á.zi.da.na [dUtu...] á.gùb.bu.na dNanna: ina imnišu Šamaš [...] ina šu-me-li-šú Sin 4R 18 No. 3:21 ff. (mīs pt); á.gùb.bu: ana šu-me-li CT 16 48:270 ff., also ibid. 7:264 f., cf. BRM 4 8:25 and passim; á.gùb.bu máš á.gùb.[bu] lú.šè (var. á.gùb.bu á.gùb.bu.šè) ba.an.sum: šu-mel urīṣa ana šu-mel amēli ittadin he gave the left side of the kid for the left side of the man STT 172:26 f., var. from CT 44 26:14; zi.da gùb.bu.šè...gùb.bu zi.da.šè: imna ana šu-me(text-GAR)-lu... šu-me-[lu] ana imni ASKT 130 No. 21 r. 43 ff.; dlamma.sa6.ga...gùb.bu.na mu.un.du: dlamma.sa6.ga...gùb.bu.na mu.un.du: dlamma.sa6.ga...gùb.bu.na mu.un.du: dlamma.sa6.ga...gùb.kaR 16:19 f. and dupl. KAR 15:19 f.

ŠU^{II} AN.TA im-na // ŠU^{II} šap-lit // šu-me-lu ZA 6 243:38 (NB comm.); kabittu = šu-me-lu Malku IV 223, also An VIII 109.

1. left side -a) without associated substantive: 7 kirșī ana imitti 7 kirșī ana šu-me-li (var. gùв) iškun she placed seven lumps (of clay) on the right, seven lumps on the left Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 60 I 258 (OB), var. from ibid. 60 S iii 6 (SB), cf. Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 138:196, and passim in rit.; [išt]ēn ana imittim inaqqi [ištēn an]a šu-me-lim inaggi one (pašīšu) libates to the right, one to the left RA 35 3 iv 29 (Mari rit.), note ana pašāš imitti u šume-li MARI 3 89 No. 36:6; šumma martum panūša ana šu-me-li-im šaknu YOS 10 31 ii 44; šumma sí (= sikkat sēlim) ištu šume-lim ana imittim illak YOS 10 45:6, cf. RA 27 149:26, see Riemschneider, ZA 57 130, and passim; šumma bāb ekallim . . . ina A. GÙB šakin YOS 10 23:5, 10, and passim in OB ext.; note ina 2,30 la šalmat CT 20 46 iii 1 ff. (SB ext.); imittum šu-me-lam ītekim YOS 10 33 iv 24 and 28,  $\S u$ -me-lu[m i] mittam *ītekim* ibid. 29, and passim, see ekēmu usage f-1'b', also šumma ina sēr ubānim gablītim imittum šu-me-lam(text -el) šu-me-lum imittam īkim CT 44 37 r. 6 (all OB ext.); šumma šamnum ana šu-me-lim ipţurma CT 3 3:43 (OB oil omens), and passim; (prepare) 7 šappī ana imitti . . . 7 šappī ana 2,30 RAcc. 75:3;

(Dilbat) ina 15 2,30 igi u egir du.meš Symbolae Böhl 41 r. 22, also, wr. ZAG u GÙB K.7275:4: two torches issen ana zag issen ana gùb lušētigu should be moved past (the king), one to the right and one to the left ABL 670 r. 6, see Parpola LAS No. 4; the mongoose ištu gùb ana zag ē tetig passed from left to right ABL 385 r. 3, see Parpola LAS No. 15; [an] a ZAG ana šume-li nissatappar ABL 996:4, cf., wr. ana 2,30 ABL 635:12; ša ana imitti illakūni ... ša ana GÙB illakūni Wiseman Treaties 634 f. (all NA); 2 ( $m\bar{u}rtu$ ) MI ša GÙB PN 1  $(m\bar{u}ru)$  1  $(m\bar{u}rtu)$  MI ša ZAG PN₂ two female foals, black, for the left (side of the cart?), (belonging to?) PN, one male and one female foal, black, for the right, PN₂ Aro, WZJ 8 572:8; BÀD  $\delta a$  URU GN KÁ.GAL i-[...] ana šu-me-li 3 KÙŠ BE 17 66:25 (both MB letters); for other refs. see imittu A mng. 1a.

modified by a noun or a suffix: šumma amēlu ana gdb-šú imqut if a man falls on his left side Ebeling KMI 55:8 and 10; [níg.gi].na á.zi.da.zu al.gub. bu níg.si.sá á.gùb.bu.zu al.gub.bu : kittu lizziz ina imnika mīšari lizziz ina *šu-me-li-ka* (see *imnu* mng. 2) BA 5 711 No. 66: 14 f. and dupl. BA 10/1 68: 19 f., cf. lizziz ilī ina zag.mu lizziz ištarī ina gùb.mu BMS 22:18, and passim, wr. šu-me-li-ia BMS 9:18 var., see Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 26 r. 3; ina  $15-\check{s}\acute{u}$  u  $2.30-\check{s}\acute{u}$  kittu lib $\check{s}i$  BBR No. 82 iii 14; MUL TA ZAG.MU lilsumamma ana GÙB-ia DIB-iq (see lasāmu mng. 1b) STT 73:87, cf. CT 39 24:29; if an ox gets up and ana 2,30-šú illik proceeds to its left STT 73:131, cf. ibid. 125, and passim, see JNES 1934 f.; ina mihrit Ištar ušzassuma . . . [ina š]ume-el Ningizippara [...] RA 35 2 i 10 (Mari rit.); GN ana GÙB-ia ūtaššir I left Ahānu on my left (and approached GN2) AKA 368 iii 71 (Asn.); you made one son king in Assyria, one king in Babylon 1 ina zagka 2-ú ina šu-me-li-ka tu-sa-ze-'-iz you placed one on your right side, the second on your left side ABL 870+:12, see Parpola

šumēlu 1b šumēlu 1c

LAS No. 129; I set up a kidinnu-emblem in my gate ina zag bābija u gùb bābija ultezziz DN u DN2 on the right and left sides of my gate I stationed Lugalgirra and Meslamtaea Maqlu VI 141, cf. ibid. IX 130;  $b\bar{a}b$ zīgi ... ina 2,30 bābišu apti I opened an air passage to the left side of its door Winckler Sar. pl. 48:17, cf. ina let 2,30 abulli Borger Esarh. 111  $\S$  72 r. 11;  $\S u$ -me-el- $\S u$ damam malīma imittašu damam lupput (if) its (the sheep's) left side is full of blood and its right side is smeared with blood YOS 10 47:33 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb); šumma . . . ina šu-me-el takaltim šīlum iplušma RA 27 149:42 (OB ext.), see Riemschneider, ZA 57 132, cf. YOS 10 44:1, RA 38 86 r. 12 f.; šumma šīrum ina šu-me-el ubānim ... šakin YOS 10 11 ii 24 (OB); GÙB ŠU. SI patir YOS 10 2 r. 4 (MB ext. report), cf. [tê]rtam āmurma šu-me-el ubānim [p]aţer ARM 5 65:33; šu-me-el-ša šamiţma ù imit= tum šu-me-lam īkim (see ekēmu usage f-1'b') YOS 10 40:7; *šumma* . . . *ina* 15 marti u 2.30 marti šīlu nadi CT 30 46:2 (SB ext.), and passim with parts of the exta; if the oil *šu-me-el kāsim işbat* clings to the left side of the cup CT 54:21; if the oil has a bubble ana šu-me-el šamnim ishuramma šu-me-el šamnim işbat (see sahāru mng. 3b-3') ibid. 5:44 (OB oil omens); šumma qut= rīnum ina sarāqika šu-me-el-šu illak imit: tašu la illak (see qutrīnu mng. 2a) UCP 9 373:7, cf. ibid. 5: note with a fem. predicate: šumma gutrīnum ana i[mi]ttišu iksurma šu-me-el-šu magtat if the smoke concentrates to its right and its left side hangs down UCP 9 377 r. 44 (OB smoke omens), also (with opposite directions) ibid. 46, see RSO 41 319:29f., cf. GÙB-šu tab-kát Labat TDP 188:11f. and parallel AMT 77,1:8f.; IGI MUL.ŠU.PA KUR.URI.KI EGIR.BI KUR. NIM.MA.KI ZI.BI KUR.SU.B[IRx].KI [G]ÙB. BI KUR.MAR.[TU].KI VAT 9437 i 5, also (referring to MUL.MAR) Rm. 2,293 i 5, cf. (referring to Dilbat) ZAG-šá [KUR.NIM. MA.KI GÙB-ŠÁ KUR.URI.KI ACh Ištar 7:16, see also (of the moon, see šaplātu) ABL 1006:11 (NB), also cited Thompson Rep. 268:11,

CT 26 40 iv 24; in topographical indications: §E.NUMUN §a 2,30 §a fD GN a field to the left of the GN Canal TuM 2-3 143:21, also ibid. 11, BE 9 45:21; GN §a ina 2,30 §a Nār-dSin BE 10 72:4, cf. (grain received) §a kišād fD GN ana 2,30 [. . .] YOS 7 95:40, x GUR . . . §E.NUMUN pī šulpu kišād Nār-dSin 15 u 2,30 §a fD GN BE 9 102:1; qaštu §a PN §a ina GN 2,30 §a fD PN2 TuM 2-3 187:5; fD §a PN 2,30 §a fD dSin BE 9 65:7 (all NB); for other refs. see imnu mng. 2, imittu A mng. 1b; see also §umēla.

c) qualifying a preceding substantive—
1' parts of the exta: šumma sikkat sēlim
ša šu-me-lim lariam irši if the left rib
has a fork YOS 10 45:70; [šumma naplastum] ina erṣet šu-me-lim šaknat if the
"spy-hole" lies in the left region YOS
10 13:22, cf. šumma tībi šu-me-lim ina imitti
ubānim izziz ibid. 11 ii 31, cf. RA 27 142:23ff.;
šumma ina išid šu-me-li-im kakkum šakin
YOS 10 31 xi 38; šumma qaran naglabim ša
šu-me-lim paṭer YOS 10 47:56, cf. ubān
hāšî šā šu-me-li-im ibid. 40:24 (all OB), cf.
tarpaš hāšî ša 2,30 KAR 151 r. 3, and passim.

2' parts of the body: (a horse) uzunšu ša GÙB HSS 14 648:9, cf. ibid. 12, 18, š $\bar{e}p$ šu ša GÙB ibid. 15; [šumma SAL Ù.TU-ma] ŠU.SI.MEŠ-Šú Ša 2.30 NU GÁL.MEŠ Leichtv Izbu III 52; šumma izbu šēpšu mahrītu ša 2,30 kīma [...] ibid. XIV 42; šumma izbu  $15-\check{s}\acute{u}$   $\check{s}a$  2,30 ZI ibid. 11 and passim, cf. imittašu sēlūšu u pēmšu ša šu-me-lim la ibašši YOS 10 56 ii 43 (OB Izbu); note, wr. 16: [šumma sinništu ulidma] imittašu (wr.  $15-\delta u$ )  $\delta a$  16 NU i.GAL if a woman gives birth and (the child) lacks its left shoulder Labat Suse 9 r. 19; kappi GÙB-šú islil (if a bird) flutters its left wing CT 40 49:12 (SB Alu); if the ox ina si 2,30-šú sahar. HI.A is-lu STT 73:137, see JNES 1935; šumma ina sēlim šalšim ša gùb sūmum nadi YOS 10 52 iv 35, cf. ibid. 31 ff.: šumma izbu uzun 2,30-šú ina lētišu tehât Leichty Izbu XI 21; šumma izbu kursinni gdb-šu mahrītu nu GAL if a malformed newborn animal has no left front fetlock ibid. XVI 2; šumma

šumēlu 1c šumēlu 1d

izbu garanšu ša 15 gfd.da-ma ša 2,30 ikri if the malformed newborn animal's right horn is long and the left one is short ibid. IX 56, and passim in similar formulations; šumma uzun GÙB-šú paţrat Labat TDP 68:7;  $l\bar{e}t \ 2,30$  Kraus Texte 44:13, cf. kinsi GÙB-Šú ibid. 22 i 9, 11, and passim; šumma ina qaqqadišu ša GÙB mahiş Labat TDP 26:74; ina ubān šēpika rabīti ša 2,30 šipta tanaddi you cast a spell with your left big toe Küchler Beitr. pl. 4 iii 61, wr. ša GÙB ibid. 59 (= Köcher BAM 574 iii 56 and 53), cf. (the medication) ina šu gubšú išatti ibid. pl. 3 iii 39, and passim in med., physiogn., Izbu; if a lizard has two tails ša ZAG kurât ša GÙB arkat the right one is short, the left is long CT 38 40:8, cf. ibid. 39:2f., STT 323:62f. (all SB Alu); kalīt GÙB ša sahratuni aktanak ana šarri bēlija ussē: bila I sent to the king, my lord, under seal the left kidney which is (abnormally) small ABL 975 r. 11, cf. ibid. obv. 9 (NA); šumšunu ina naglabi gdb-šú-nu tašattar you write their (the figurines') names on their left hips KAR 298:4; ana libbi uzni GÙB-šú tulahhaš you whisper (the incantation) into its (the bull's) left ear RAcc. 12:11, and passim, see lahāšu mng. 2b; ina šer'ān gùb ša rapašti bābšu tašappi you fasten its (the lilissu drum's) opening with the left sinew from (the bull's) loin RAcc. 22 r. 9, cf. ina šer'ān rapašti GÙB-šú RAcc. 14 ii 30, also ibid. 18; NA4 ašgikû ina ŠUII GÜBšá ajartu na₄ zibītu ina Gìr^{II} zag-šá na₄ šubû ajartu ina Gìr^{II} Gùb-šá (for easy childbirth) STT 241:3f.; NITA ina qāt ZAGšú sal ina gāt 2,30-šú inašši he holds the male (bird) in his right hand, the female in his left hand OECT 6 pl. 6 obv.(!) 11, dupl. STT 235:9, see Or. NS 36 275 and Or. NS 40 179; (the figurines) ina qātē gừ Β-šúnu banduddû našû carrying buckets in their left hands KAR 298: 12, see AAA 22 64, and passim in these texts; ina rittišu ša GÙB huppalâ fl MIO 1 76 v 22 (descriptions of representations of demons); a slave ša ritti GÙB-šú ana šumi ša PN . . . šatratu whose left hand is marked with the name of ^fPN

(the seller's wife) VAS 5 93:3, cf. ša ritti 15-šú ana šumu ša  $^{\rm f}$ PN šaṭratu u ritti 10+2-šú ana šumu ša  $^{\rm f}$ PN $_2$  . . . ummu ša  $^{\rm f}$ PN šaṭratu VAS 5 126:3; note the writing 20: ina šuḥrišu ša 20 (see šu'ru) YOS 10 54:8 (OB physiogn.).

3' other occs.: ša eli asumitti ša 2,30 (this is the copy of the inscription) on the left stela Borger Esarh. p. 85 subscript; I constructed two quays ištu kišād Puratti adi sippi šu-me-lu ša abulli Ištar from the bank of the Euphrates to the left doorjamb of the Istar gate VAB 4 188 ii 24 (Nbk.); [uše]ššibka šubta nēhta šubat šu-meli (see šubtu A mng. 1) Gilg. VII iii 43, cf. Gilg. VIII iii 2; šumma Dilbat ina A GÙBšú (vars. 2,30-šú, á 2,30-šá) mul leq atK.2226 ii 49, vars. from BM 75228 r. 6, K.137:9; šumma bibbu ina garni 2,30 Sin izziz TCL 6 16:24, see ZA 52 240, and passim in astrol.; ma-a-ka-nim ša agurrātim [ša imittim] u  $\S u\text{-}mi\text{-}li\text{-}im$  [. . .] (see  $mak\bar{a}nu$ ) ARMT 13 17:27; UZU GÙB ina IGI [DN] BBR No. 66 r. 4, ef. uzu šu-me-la ana igi DN KAR 154 r. 10; obscure: [te]-li-tum šu-me-lu hal-qa CT 55 482:12, cf. ibid. 594 r. 2 (both NB accounts of sheep).

d) ša šumēli the one on the left: (in the vision, the king and his soldiers were on board two rafts) ša imittim [u š]a šu-mi-lim išassû the (raft) on the right and (the raft) on the left were shouting ("The kingship has been given to Zimrilim") ARM 10 10:11; [guruš á.zi.d]a mu.un.ná.a ... [guruš] á.gùb.bu mu.un. <ná>.a: etlu ša imitti inâr . . . etlu ša šu-me-lu inâr (see nêru lex. section) SBH 39 No. 19 r. 22; if a woman gives birth 2 uznāšu ina zag šaknama ša GÙB (var. 2,30) NU GÁL (and the child) has two ears on the right and none on the left Leichty Izbu III 18; [bam] at imitti lu šūšurat ša šu-me-lim lu napargudat RA 38 86 r. 5, cf. ibid. r. 3, 9, and passim;  $\S{umma} b\bar{a}b$ ekallim kajānum kajānumma ša šu-me-lim naplastam u padānam išu if the normal "gate-of-the-palace" is completely noršumēlu 2 šumēlu 3b

mal, but (another) one on the left has a "spy-hole" and a "path" YOS 10 26:4 (OB ext.); for other refs. beside *imittu*, see *imittu* A mng. 1d.

left hand: á.gùb.bu.mu dšár. gaz.mu mu.e.da.gál.la.à[m]: ina šu-me-li-ia dŠár-gaz našâkuma in my left hand I hold my Sargaz-weapon Angim III 25 (= 130); šu.gur hu.luh.ha ... šu. sì tur á.gùb.bu.a.ni.ta u.me.ni. gar : unqi lulūti . . . ina ubānišu şihirti ina šu-me-li-šú(var. omits -šú) šukunma put a *lulūtu*-stone ring on the little finger of his left hand ASKT p. 90-91 ii 52 f., cf. síg. gi₆...á.gùb.bu.a.ni.ta a.ba.ni.in. kéš: šipāti şalmāti . . . ina šu-me-li-šú rukussuma tie black wool on his left hand ibid. 59, see Borger, AOAT 18:122 ff. and 131 f.; marsu ina GÙB-šú inaššīma gizillā ina ZAGšú garan alpi ina GÙB-šú inaššīma the patient holds (the ox horn) in his left hand, he holds the torch in his right hand and the ox horn in his left hand KAR 234 r. 7 and dupls., see Or. NS 24 262, cf. (the flour and dates) ina GÙB-šú fL-ši Or. NS 40 142 r. 11 (namburbi); šarru ina ZAG-šú u gùb-šú mullila fl-ma (see mullilu) BBR No. 26 v 40; GIŠ.MÁ.GUR, AN.BAR ina 2,30-šá inašši she holds an iron makurruboat in her left hand RA 18 25 r. ii 8 (SB inc.); ina gùb-šú-nu irātišunu tamhu they clasp their breasts with their left hands KAR 298:20, also ibid. 3, and passim in this text, also BBR No. 46 i 18, see AAA 22 66ff.; šārat gaggadišu ina GDB-šú sabit ina 15-šú namsaru [sabit] he was holding his hair with his left hand, in his right hand he was holding a sword ZA 43 16:42 (SB lit.), cf. ibid. 48 ff.; irassa petât ina Gùb-šá šerra našātma (see irtu mng. 1a-1') MIO 1 70 iii 43 (SB description of representations of demons), cf. ibid. 80 v 58; (various items of jewelry)  $\delta a$  GÙB.BA- $\delta u$  for his (the divine image's) left hand (cf. ša zAG-šu line 5) RA 43 174:9 (Qatna inv.); for other refs. see imittu A mng. 2, imnu mng. 1; uncert.: šu ki. ta.zu: ina s[u-me]l(?)-ti-ka**JAOS 103** 

53:42, and cf. šu.ki.ta = *šumēlu* cited lex. section.

- 3. left wing (of an army) a) in gen. 1' in OB and SB: šu-me-el ummānika nakrum ilappat the enemy will attack your army's left flank RA 27 142:28 (OB ext.), cf. (always with šumēlu in the prot.) šu-me-el nakrika tadāk YOS 10 46 i 11 (OB), kiṣir 2,30 nakri adāk I will defeat the enemy's left flank CT 30 24 K.8178 r. 17 (SB); la upaḥḥira kiṣrīja ša 15 u 2,30 ana idija la <û>-te-ram (see imittu A mng. 3a-1') TCL 3 130 (Sar.).
- in Nuzi: in all x giš.gigir ša *šu-me-li* x chariots of the left (chariotry) (parallel ša ZAG line 16) HSS 15 99:9 (= RA 36 173); ŠU.NIGIN 2 mâti 1 ŠEŠ. MEŠ la DU-ku.MEŠ-ni GÙB HSS 15 26:20, cf. [šu.nig]ín 1 mât 1 lú.meš ša anše. KUR.RA.MEŠ la išú ana [...] ina GN ša la DU-ku.MEŠ-niša šu-me- $\lceil li \rceil$  ibid. 40:59, wr. ša šu-mi-li ibid. 29:42 (= RA 36 195); LÚ. MEŠ Ša ANŠE.KUR.RA Šunu [UN].MEŠ [Š]a GÙB HSS 15 35:46, cf. (receipt of barley) annûtu ša GÙB ibid. 37:20 (= RA 36 186), also HSS 16 101:5, X ŠE.MEŠ Ša GÙB ibid. 91:22; PN PN, PN, 3 LÚ.MEŠ ša šu-me-lu- $\acute{u}$   $\lceil (x \, x \, x) \rceil$ ša tabriu la išû HSS 15 121:4, for other refs. see imittu A mng. 3a-2', see also Fadhil Arraphe 20f. and 274.
- b) in titles of officials: [dNíg].si.sá sukkal á.gùb.ba: mi-ša-a-ru sukkal *šu-me-li* (preceded by [Kittu]m SUKKAL e-mi-i[t-ti]) KUB 4 11:2 f. (god list); see also sikkatu B in rabi sikkati, sukkallu lex. sections; lú tur-ta-nu 15, lú tar-tan-nu 2,30 Bab. 7 pl. 5 i 1f., in MSL 12 238; [L]Ú tur-tan ZAG [L]Ú tur-tan GÙB ADD 928 i 4 f., see Postgate Taxation 309; limmu PN LÚ turtānu GÙB ADD 308 r. 7; (horses) LÚ turtāni ša šu-me-li ABL 649:5. turtānu GÙB ADD 1070:2 (all NA); note: I appointed one of my officers as governor over them Lú turtānu £ Gùb aqbīšuma and named him turtānu of the left (i.e., north) Lie Sar. p. 72:10; PN šaknu ša taš:

šumēlu šumeru

līšānu ša 2,30 BE 10 130:31, 131:28, cf. PBS 2/1 144:30, 146:28, 147:26, BE 10 26:5; PN šaknu ša māķiṣē ša 2,30 BE 10 58:8, cf. also PBS 2/1 59:6, 188:6 (all NB).

4. neighbor to the left, in the expression  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ imitti(\check{s}u)\ u\ \check{s}um\bar{e}li(\check{s}u)\ (O\bar{B}\ only)$ : kīma imittišu u [šu]-me-li-šu še giš.bán dutu ina bāb qagîm ì.Ag. e he will measure out (the portion of the yield to be paid to the lessor) like his neighbors to the right and left, in the seah-measure of Samaš at the gate of the  $gag\hat{u}$  CT 33 30:10; bilat eglim šuātu kīma imittišu u šu-me-lišu še'am amaddad JCS 5 85 MAH 15914:29; kî imitti u šu-mi-li še'am imakkisu YOS 12 32:11, wr. kīma imittim u šu-mi-li-im ibid. 117:10, cf. YOS 13 510:16, RA 69 119:12, and passim in OB, see imittu A mng. 4, wr. kīma Á.ZI.DA  $\hat{u}$  Á.GA.BI TLB I 21:8; note indicating in addition the percentage due: (field rented)  $k\bar{\imath}ma$  imittim u  $\check{s}u$ -mi-liana rabiātim TIM 5 45:8.

For writings with numerals see Nougayrol, RA 66 96. For the identification of left with the north in NA see Parpola LAS 2 p. 117.

šumēlu see šumēla.

šumēlû adj.; left, left-handed; OB, MB, SB; wr. syll. and A.GÙB(.BA/BU); cf. šumēla, šumēlu.

- a) left-handed person: Šu-me-lu-ú (personal name) VAS 13 18 left edge 2, cf. PN DUMU Šu-me-li-i VAS 7 202:26, see Frankena, AbB 6 219, cf. also PN DUMU Šu-me-lu-um Birot Tablettes 72 iii 25 (all OB).
- b) standing at the left:  $l \acute{u} . \acute{a} . z i . da = imn\^{u}$ ,  $l \acute{u} . \acute{a} . g \grave{u} b . b u = šu-me-lu-\acute{u}$  OB Lu A 386 f., also OB Lu C₅ 15 f.; šumma ekal tīrāni 2-ma šu(var. š\acute{u})-me-lu-\acute{u} if there are two "palaces-of-the-intestine" and (both are) on the left (preceded by  $imn\^{u}$ ) BRM 4 15:25, var. from dupl. 16:23 (MB ext.); you prepare  $pašš\~ura\ qabl\^a\ ana\ DN . . . pašš\~ura\ Å.G\`UB(var. adds .BA)-a ana DN₂ . . .$

paššūra A.ZI.DA-a ana DN₃ (see imnû) BBR No. 1-20:104.

c) qualifying the  $\S ub \hat{u}$ -stone:  $[na_4.\S uba. \acute{a}.zi.da] = [i]mn\hat{u}, [na_4.\S uba. \acute{a}.g \dot{u}b.bu] = \S u-me-lu-\acute{u}$  Hh. XVI 167 f., Sum. restored from MSL 10 52:70 f. and 57:69 f. (OB Forerunners), cf.  $na_4.\S uba. \acute{a}.g \dot{u}b.ba$  (var.  $na_4.\S uba. g \dot{u}b.bu) = \S u-me-lu$  (var.  $\S u-mi-lu-\acute{u}$ ) Hh. XVI RS Recension 130; you string  $NA_4$  halta  $NA_4.\S uba$  halta 
šuměnu s.; (a stone); SB.

[...]: §u-me-nu (in list of medicinal substances and medical terms) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 32a i 16.

The stone, which always occurs in the lists after  $na_4$ . §u.u (for which see §û s.), in unilingual Sum. texts designates a tool of the metalworker.

In AMT 9,1 ii 36 (= Köcher BAM 510 ii 21 and dupl. 514 ii 32) the reading of  $NA_4.\$U.U.U$  is uncertain, see l&su A v.

šumeru s.; the Sumerian language; SB; wr. syll. and EME.GIR₁₅(ŠÈ); cf. šumerû.

eme.gir₁₅ = &u-we-rum Sag Bil. A iv 30; dub. sar.eme.gir₁₅ = min (= tup-&u-&u-me-[ri] Lu I 141f; [nam].dub.sar = tup-&u-&u-ru-tu, [eme]. gir₁₅ = &u-me-r[u] Igituh I 47f.; eme.gir₁₅, ki. in.gi = &u-me-ri PSBA 18 pl. 1 (after p. 256) r. ii 1f.; eme.gir₁₅ = &u-me-Lu, ki.in.gi = min UET 7 147 r. i 1f.

eme.gir₁₅ a.na ì.zu níg.dul.bi ur₅.ra bur. ra i.zu.u: ina Šu-me-ri mala tāḥuzu katimtašu kīam še-x-[x] tīdê do you know how to explain(?) the hidden meaning of all that you have learned in šumeru šumbu

Sumerian? ZA 64 140:13 (Examenstext A); KA. bal inim. šár. šár an. ta eme. Uri ki. ra ki. ta e[me.gir₁₅.ra] an.ta eme.gir₁₅.r[a ki.ta eme.Uri^{ki}.ra] i.zu.u: KA.BAL(var. adds .E.DA) šutābula eliš Akkadâ šapliš Šu-me-ru šapliš Akkadâ eliš Šu-me-ru tīdê do you know how to translate and expound (texts with) Akkadian above and Sumerian below, (or with) Akkadian below and Sumerian above? ibid. 14; ki.bi.gar.ra níg. gil.gil.bi ka.kéš.ta [...3.ta.àm] eme.Uriki ra si.sá.e.dè nu.[gar.ra] i.zu.u : pūḥta egirta kaşirta Šu-me-ru x [. . .] šulūšā ša Akkadū ana šu: tēšuru la naļū min (= tīdê) (see šulūšā lex. section) ibid. 142:15; [...] eme.gir₁₅ níg.sè.ga.eme.  $[\mathbf{ur}_{\mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{ur}^{\mathbf{k}i}).\mathbf{ra}\ \mathbf{i}.\mathbf{zu}.\mathbf{u}]:[x\ l]i\tilde{san}\ \tilde{S}u\text{-}me\text{-}ri\ tam\tilde{s}\tilde{\imath}l$ Akk[adî tīdē] do you know the Akkadian counterpart for the [...] in Sumerian? ibid. 20; níg.zu diri.ga eme.gir₁₅(var. .gi) zu.zu.dè: ihzu šūturu Šu-me-ru ahāzu to learn Sumerian, the language of the elite JCS 24 126f.: 14 (Examenstext D); 2 ka.inim.ma eme.gir₁₅: 2 šipāt Šu-[me]-ri two incantations in Sumerian 1190+: 12f., in Bezold Cat. p. 1469.

aštassi kammu naklu ša EME.GIR₁₅ sul= lulu akkadû ana šutēšuri ašţu I am able to read text(s) so sophisticated that the Sumerian is obscure and the Akkadian hard to expound Streck Asb. 256 i 17; adi ... kidudê eme.gir₁₅ eme.uri.ki šitē a tahhazu (see kidudû usage c) KAR 44 r. 15; 2 iškarātu 10 [zamārū] tegê šu-me-ra I listed two collections, (consisting of) ten songs, as tegû's in Sumerian KAR 158 iii 9, also ibid. 17 and 29; naphar 23 tegû šu-me-ru ibid. 31; 5 zamāru iltât iškaru adapa šu-me-ra amnu (see manû v. mng. 1a) ibid. 38; naphar 8 šu-me-ru 3 akkadû napharma 11 šerkugû a total of eight in Sumerian, three in Akkadian, in all eleven šerkugû songs ibid. vi 4, also, Wr. šu-me-ru.MEŠ ibid. viii 9, 25, and 40; u ina muhhi šu-me-ra-ni ša ušburrudāni ša šarru bēlī iqbûni concerning the Sumerian (versions) of the (bilingual?) ušburruda rituals, about which the king my lord said ABL 18 r. 1, see Parpola LAS No. 173; as gloss: Ú.DIRI: Ú.NÍG^{šu-me}PA^{-rum} Köcher Pflanzenkunde No. 4:11;  $PA_{\delta u-me-rum}$ : AŠ GÌR.PAD.DU $_{\delta u-me-rum}$  [...] ibid. 29; NA4.HAR.UD.KA.BAR NAM.LÚ.  $U_x^{\delta u-me-rum}$ : NA₄ ŠÀ bir-ki LÚ $^{a-me-li}$  ibid. 56.

In Köcher BAM 343:13 the stones listed are identified by the ill they serve to counteract, therefore the entry is to be read either  $NA_4$  SU ME-ri-[...] "stone against 'hand of ....'" or  $NA_4$  Su-ME-ri-[...] "stone for ....".

**šumerû** adj.; Sumerian; NB; cf.  $\delta u = meru$ .

ki.in.gi ki  (var. ki.bi.e.gi) =  $\delta u$ -me-ru-u (preceded by  $nippur\hat{u}$ ) Erimhuš V 23.

PN  $\S u\text{-}me\text{-}ru\text{-}\acute{u}$  Hunger Kolophone 123:2, also JNES 33 333:55, wr.  $\S u\text{-}me\text{-}ru_6^{ru}\text{-}\acute{u}$  Hunger Kolophone 121:8,  $\S [u]\text{-}me\text{-}[r]u_6\text{-}u$  Durand Textes babyloniens pl. 57 AO 17661 r. 25;  $makk\bar{u}r$   $b\bar{\iota}t$   $\S u\text{-}me\text{-}ri_6$  Hunger Kolophone 40:5 (all colophons).

Oelsner, RA 76 94 f.

šumgallu (dragon) see ušumgallu.

šumhu s.; abundance; OB, MB, SB; cf. šamāhu A.

(various foodstuffs) inba ruššûti šumuh (var.  $\S{u}$ -mu-uh)  $\S{i}pp\bar{a}ti$  . . .  $pa\S\S\bar{u}r$ Nabû u Nanâ bēlēja el ša panu udašši and red-gold fruits, abundant produce of the orchards, I laid more lavishly than before on the offering tables of DN and DN2 VAB 4 160 A vii 12, var. from 168 B vii 23, cf. inbi kirî šurru[h šu-mu-u]h sippātu Iraq 27 7 v 7, cf. VAB 4 154 A iv 43, dupl. RA 14 161: 2 (all Nbk.); u dNisaba šu-muh niš $\bar{i}$   $ud\hat{a}[\bar{s}]$  I (the Tamarisk) also thresh the grain, abundant wealth of the people Lambert BWL 158:16; GIŠ.BANŠUR šá-muh nišī (var. šu-mu-uh ni-š[i] bal-tum) aj innadi ina bītiki may no table, abundant wealth of mankind, be laid in your house CT 46 25:17 and dupl. UET 6/2 394:21 (coll. W. G. Lambert, Gilg. VII), see Landsberger, RA 62 125; fD Hammurapišu-mu-uh-nišī RN-Is-the-Abundant-Wealth-of-the-People (var. to Hammu: rapi-nuhuš-nišī Hammurapi year 33) Kramer AV 188:19 (tablet) and 23 (case); \[ \textsup \data dad \]šu-mu-uh-nišī (personal name) Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden p. 98 No. 50 r. 3; rubû

šumburta šumma

šû šu-muh šammīšu māta [ušakkal] that prince will provide the land with an abundant supply of his fodder BiOr 28 10 Assur iv 12 (SB prophecies); [...l]ú.kúr. ba [kir₄.zal n]am.nir.ra kala] m.ma [... g]  $\dot{\mathbf{a}} : ab\bar{u}b \quad na-k[i-ri]$  $\dots$ ] §u-um-ha-am me-te-[lu-tam] pí-i matim and  $i \pm t \bar{e}n$   $\pm ak \bar{a}n[am]$  A 3518:2 (OB royal); may Sin and Šamaš give me a portent for [...] ka-šid littūti šu-muh pir'i reaching extreme old age, abundance of offspring Borger Esarh. 68:19; Su-mu-uh-^dNergal (personal name) PBS 2/2 79:6, CBS 6633, cited Clay PN p. 130b (MB).

šumhurta (šumhurtam) adv.; (mng. uncert.); SB*; cf. mahāru.

šumma imitti appi ruqqi padāni šu-umhu-úr-tam paţir if the right side of the tip of the ruqqu of the "path" is split in opposing part(s)(?) Labat Suse 6 iv 14, cf. (the left side) ibid. iii 52; šumma Nfg.PI ubān hašî qablīti šu-um-hur-ta zag paṭrat if the uzuntu of the middle "finger" of the lung is split opposite(?) the right side (between zag paṭrat and adi 2 paṭrat) Kar 153 obv.(!) 23, cf. [šumma ubān] hašî qablītu šu-um-hur-ta paṭrat (preceded by zag, Gùb, zag û gùb paṭrat) ibid. 10; uncert. (in broken context): Ta šum-hur-tum x [...] SBH 146 No. VIII iv 8.

## šumhurtam see šumhurta.

šumišam adv.; name by name; OB, Mari; cf. šumu.

sābum šû kalušu šu-mi-ša-am ina tuppim šatir all those men are recorded name by name in a tablet ARM 1 42:8, also ibid. 23; šu-mi-ša-am šumšunu šuttiramma šūbilam record their names individually and send (the list) to me CT 52 33:7, see Kraus, AbB 7 33; šu-me-ša-am igrišam šutramma šūbilam (see šatāru mng. 3a-1') LIH 75:25.

šumittu see šāmiţu A.

šumkalathu s.; (a vessel); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

10 &u-um-qa-[la(?)]-at-&u &a siparri ten &a.s made of bronze HSS 15 130:37 (= RA 36 139), see W. Mayer, Lacheman AV 251.

**šumkū** ( $\delta unk\bar{u}$ ) s. pl. tantum; onions; OA.

Ú.SUM.SIKIL.LA.SAR =  $\S u$ -un-ki Practical Vocabulary Assur  $\S 2$ .

šu-um-ki u šuhutinnī [šēb] ilam (see šu-hatinnu) OIP 27 6:13; ina šattim ina harpē ½ MA.NA 3 GÍN kaspam išaqqulu ú kà-ar-pá-at šu-um-ki iddunu every year at harvest time they will pay 33 shekels of silver and deliver one pot of onions TCL 21 237:10; 2 DUG šu-um-ku (var. 2 kà-ar-pì-im šu-um-ki) 1½ GÍN kaspum šīm-šunu two pots of onions valued at one and one-half shekels of silver OIP 27 55:10, var. from BIN 4 162:14, see Matouš, StOr 46 p. 196; ½ GÍN ana šu-um-ki ú NINDA KTS 52a:20, see Donbaz and Joannès, Mémorial Atatürk p. 39, cf. KTS 51a:4.

J. Lewy, HUCA 27 63 n. 263; Landsberger, AfO 18 337.

šumma adv.; 1. when, 2. now, see, truly; OB, Bogh., EA, Nuzi, SB, NA.

- 1. when (Nuzi, Bogh., EA): x flour šum-ma LUGAL ištu URU GN ina Nuzi illika when the king went to Nuzi from GN HSS 14 42:8, also HSS 15 240:12 (both Nuzi); šum-ma [inan]na GN . . . itti Šamši nuzkurt[a iṣṣa]btu Šamši ana [tāḥa]zišunu allik when [then?] the land of Išuwa started hostilities against (me) the Sun, (I) the Sun went to fight them KBo 1 5 i 8; u šum-ma mār šiprika issaḥur when your messenger returns EA 5:17 (let. from Egypt).
- 2. now, see, truly:  $[\check{s}u]m$ -ma ina paš $\check{s}\bar{u}$  rija ikkal šarrum šum-ma ina bukinnija [ik: k] alu  $qarr\bar{a}[d\bar{u}]$  verily the king eats from a tray made of me (the tamarisk), the warriors eat from a trough made of me

šumma šumma

Lambert BWL 156 r. 4 (OB fable); ašnan šumma daddariš ala'ut I swallow cereal like stinkweed indeed Lambert BWL 44:88, cf. nigûtašu ana damiqti šum-ma (see nigûtu usage b) ibid. 40:28 (Ludlul II); šum-ma ina mātija qāti Nergal see, the hand of Nergal (i.e., pestilence) is in my land EA 35:13 (let. from Cyprus), see Moran, JCS 779, cf. šumma atka[lku] truly I trust you Stol, AbB 9 253:13; ù šu[m-ma] and verily CT 53 152 r. 3 (NA), see Parpola LAS 2 197 ad No. 199; uncert.: šum-ma ištēnma (parallel: iqabbi šanû) Lambert BWL 32:59 (Ludlul I).

For personal names in the form of Šumma-DN see Stamm Namengebung 135, and note that in Šum-ma-us-se-zib ADD 640:4 and 775:7 and other NA names šumma may stand for the pronoun šû-ma, see šû pron. mng. 1q.

Moran EA p. 72 n. 6.

šumma (šummu) indecl.; if, whether, either-or; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. (šu-um-mu MRS 9 228 RS 18.54A:4, šu-ú-ma KAJ 58:19 (MA), in NA often šúm-ma/mu, DIŠ šúm-ma KAR 448 passim) and BE(-ma), in OB and Bogh. omens also AŠ, MAŠ, UD (UD.ŠÈ KUB 30 9 iii 1ff., DIŠ UD CT 39 9:11 ff., see Kraus, JCS 4 151 ff.), MU rarely in NA, see Deller, WZKM 57 36 n. 19, 6,40 (Köcher BAM 393 passim), TUKUM(ŠU.NÍG. TUR.LÁ).BI JNES 33 199:22.

SU.NÍG.TUR.LÁ = šum-ma Hh. I 276; tu-ku-um-bi šu.NíG.TUR.LÁ.BI = šu-um-mu Diri V 120; tukum.bi = šum-ma, tukum.bi.àm = šum-ma-fal-[ma] OBGT Ia r. i 16f.; tukum.bi, u₄.da, zag.gar.ra = šum-ma Nabnitu IVa 366 ff., cf. u₄.da, tukum.bi, za.ga.ra = [šum-ma] NBGT III ii 11 ff.; u₄.da = šum-ma OBGT Ia r. i 14; gú = šum-[ma(?)], u₄.da = šum-[ma] CT 19 14 K.8662 iv 13 f., cf. u₄.da = šum-ma KI.TA NBGT II 22; ù UD = šum-ma A III/3:19; á.šè = anumma, šum-ma EME.GAL, me.èn = MIN EME.SUKUD, i.gi.in. zu = MIN EME.SUḤ.A, DAG.KISIM׊E. ma.[id].du = MIN EME.TE.NÁ, SU.UD.AŠ.AŠ = MIN EME.SI.SÁ ZA 9 160 f. ii 10 ff. (group voc.).

[u₄]. da èn. mu mu.ra.[tar].ra: [šu]-um-ma ana šumija i-šá-il-ka if (someone) asks for my name JRAS 1919 191 r. 14, see Behrens Enlil und Ninlil 31:69; u₄. da u₄. me. da. šè: šúm-ma matima if at

some future time Ai. III iii 51; tukum.bi: šumma Ai. VII iii 29, and passim in Ai.; tukum.bi gú.gal an.bar šám.šám.da: šumma šarru parzillu išām Hunger Uruk 85 r. 1 and passim in this text.

 $^{\text{di-eš}}$ DIŠ =  $\S{um}^{-mu}ma$  Izbu Comm. 119; DIŠ  $/\!\!/$   $\S{um}^{-mu}$  BRM 4 32:1 (med. comm.),  $e^{-ma} = \S{um}^{-mu}$  Izbu Comm. 550.

a) introducing a conditional clause with a finite verb as predicate: šuma aššatam šanītam ētahaz x kaspam išag: gal if he takes another wife, he pays x TCL 4 67:10;  $\check{s}u$ -ma ina  $\bar{u}m\check{i}\check{s}u$ mal'ūtim la išqul... sibtam ussab Kienast ATHE 5:8; šu-ma PN ittaṣâm if PN has already left (give the goods to the next caravan) KTS 14b:12; šu-ma tara'amanni if you love me TCL 4 18:47 (all OA); šumma la imgurki TCL 1 45:14, but šum-ma "awatum la imtagrakka ibid. 27:15 (OB let.); *šum-ma-mi jipušumi ilānu ša šarri* if only the gods of the king would permit EA 245:3; in leg.:  $[\check{s}um]$ -ma aw $\bar{i}lum \check{s}e$ 'am u kaspam ana hubullim idd[in] if a man has lent barley or silver as a loan Kraus Verfügungen 172 § 7:27, and passim in the law collections; in technical texts: šu-ma kīam išâlka if he (the teacher) questions you as follows Sumer 7 30 No. 1:1 (OB math.); šúm-ma šamna... turaqqa if you prepare perfume Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 42:32, and passim in these texts; šum-ma NA₄ zagindurû ana epēšika if you want to produce za: gindurû-colored glass Oppenheim Glass 34 § 1:13, and passim; šum-ma LU.MAŠ 13 RÍN if (the position in) the zodiac is given as 13° Libra Neugebauer ACT 200 i 26, also, Wr. BE (-ma) ibid. r. ii 15, 812 r. ii 2, etc.; in omens: šum-ma Amurrum işahher [(an= nium) kī am iššakkan if Amurru will be reduced, it (i.e., the liver to be examined in the future) will look like this RA 35 44 No. 12b, and passim, also omitting the apod. annium kīam iššakkan, in these liver models; for writings other than *šum-ma* introducing protases of omens note UD YOS 10 62. BE Hunger Uruk 70, 72 r. 21 f. (colophon), 74, 80, etc., BE-ma (beside DIŠ and šum-ma)

šumma šumma

Hunger Uruk 94:1, TUKUM.BI JNES 33 199:22, and note DIŠ UD CT 39 9, DIŠ UD.DA CT 41 22:4-18. DIŠ BE-ma ibid. 20 ff., DIŠ šum-ma CT 41 4 Rm. 488, DIŠ TUKUM.BI JNES 33 199: I and 3, and most commonly DIS alone, which, however, is unlikely to have the reading šumma, since in those omens which are introduced by DIS or BE any alternative protasis is introduced by *šum*ma or BE-ma, e.g., (beside BE) KAR 423 iii 22, Boissier DA 18 iii 13, etc., Leichty Izbu XX 21, CT 31 16:5 and 7, (beside DIŠ) CT 3 2:14 (OB), CT 38 26:26, 34:21, Labat TDP 80:3, 222:40; note šum-ma-ma En. el. II 123, III 58, 116; note with the alternatives stated: šu-ma PN kaspam uštēbilam ana nikkassī azzaz šu-ma la uštēbilam ana bīt kārim la errab if PN has sent the silver, I will be present(?) at the accounting, if he has not sent it, I will not go to the office of the kāru KTS 6:5 ff., and passim, see Hecker Grammatik § 137-138; šum-ma mû ana Larsa . . . ittabšû . . . šiknam la tašakkan šum-ma mû ana Larsa . . . la ibšû . . . šiknī šukunma (see šiknu A mng. 2f-4') OECT 3 2:4 ff. (OB let.); note: šu-ma išti ellātim illak la illak têrtaka lillikam uznī piti inform me whether he goes with the caravans or not CCT 3 26a:15 (OA): note the construction with both the condition and the consequence of the condition introduced by šumma: šum-ma ina še'im ša tašāmu kaspum wasbakkum idin šum-ma ana girrim mimma la tallak if silver accrued for you after buying the barley, pay (my creditor), failing that, do not undertake any business trips VAS 164:18 and 20; šumma atta dīnam kīma simdatim šūhissu šumma atta dīnam la tušahhassu ana mārē ālišu qibi if you (are able), give him a verdict in accordance with the regulations, or if you cannot give him a verdict, speak to his fellow-citizens VAS 16 138:11 ff.; šum-ma ana GN šurkibanim šumma ana GN la tušarkabam ina GN2 . . . pi= hiašunūti if (you can), ship them to GN, if you cannot ship them to GN, store them in GN₂ YOS 2 117:21 f. (all OB letters).

2' with a nominal predicate: šu-ma da: migšum if it suits him CCT 2 27:10 (OA); šum-ma ana šāpirija tāb TCL 17 34:22 (OB let.); šum-ma digilki if you see fit Kraus, AbB 10 64:11; see also niţlu mng. 5a; šumma šušqulum šušqili (see šaqālu mng. 8b) YOS 2 33:16; šum-ma libbaki VAS 16 18:14, also TCL 1 49:21. and passim: Sum-ma-libbiilim (personal name) VAS 8 132:15 (tablet) and 133:17 (case, all OB); šu-ma ana Alim harrakka if your journey is to the City (Assur) BIN 4 222:14 (OA);  $\S um-ma$   $h\overline{i}=$  $t\bar{u}ja$  ina panīka MRS 12 18:11 (let.): šuma umma attama CCT 3 50b:20; šu-ma 8 GÍN. TA ula 9 GÍN. TA ana kaspim šāmma šē: bilam šu-ma e-li-iš ina 9 gín. ta la tušeb: balam if (the gold) is eight or nine shekels (of silver) per (shekel), buy it for silver and send it, if it is over nine shekels, do not send it CCT 3 47a: 6 ff. (both OA).

b) introducing an oath (with opposite sign, i.e., asserting the truth of an utterance with la, denying something with a positive formulation) -1' assertoric oath: [šum]-ma ahi Purattim gulgullātim la umalli (see kabûtu) CT 4 la:11 (OB let.); *ītamma mā šum-ma ušāhizušini* he will take an oath, saying "If I instigated her (let the gods punish me)" (i.e., I did not instigate her) KAV 1 i 61 (Ass. Code § 5); šum-ma PN ina mūši . . . šaššūgu . . . la it= takissunūti PN cut down šaššūgu-trees at night HSS 97:3; PN declared šum-ma 2 ANŠE A.ŠÀ  $ann\hat{\imath}$  . . . ul ša PN₂ ša abuja(I swear) that these two homers of field do belong to PN2, that is, to my father JEN 393:4, also *šum-ma ina ekalli la ušē*: ribšunūti u šum-ma annâšni la utterrušu:  $n\bar{u}ti$  AASOR 16 5:3 f., cf. ibid. 6:4 f. (all Nuzi); šúm-mu udûni u šúm-mu šammuākuni (see  $\check{s}em\hat{u}$  v. mng. 5) ABL 896:12 (NA);  $il\bar{a}nuka$ u Samaš lu idûnim šum-ma la ina Tunip ašbāku your gods and Šamaš be my witnesses: (I swear that) I resided in GN EA 161:34.

2' promissory oath: šum-ma attunu tu: nakkarašuni (you swear) that you will

šumma šumma

not start hostilities against him Wiseman Treaties 55, and passim; utammīšu šúm-ma attunu sīsê ana KÚR.ME-ia salmija tad<da>nuni (see salmu usage a) Scheil Tn. II 25.

c) introducing an indirect question: *šu-ma šalim amuršuma* check whether he is well AAA 1 pl. 26 No. 13:5 (OA); šarru bēlī liš alšu šúm-mu la rab kisir šūtuni let the king, my lord, ask him whether he is not a commander ABL 1432:11, cf. šarru bēlī liš'ala šúm-mu la urdu šūtuni Iraq 17 137 No. 18:34, see Parpola, SAA 1 235 and 171, cf. also Iraq 25 75 No. 68 r. 4; examine the wall of Uruk šum-ma libit: tašu la agurrat (see agurru mng. 1b) Gilg. XI 304; let this ox give a portent šumma nenni a nenni şibûssu ikaššadu whether so-and-so will attain his desire STT 73:117, see JNES 19 35; with an alternative specified: my lord should write me šum-ma ittiqu uluma ikkallû whether they may go on or should be detained ARM 6 19:10; beli temu lutere [šúm-mu] i[baš]ši  $\dot{s}\dot{u}m$ -mu la $\dot{s}\dot{s}u$  ABL 1201:6 and r. 9f., see Parpola, SAA 1 220; ašrāti Šamaš u Adad ašte'ēma šum-ma ša eli ilūtišunu ţābu ù eli Marduk . . . bēlija I approached Šamaš and Adad (again, to ask) whether what was pleasing to them would also (please) my lord Marduk VAB 4 264 ii 7, but aššum ša eli Marduk bēlija tābu ibid. 268 ii 21 (Nbn.).

d) disjunctive whether-whether, either-or - 1' šumma ... šumma in parallel clauses: šum-(ma) ittadnunikkum ittadnunikkum šum-ma la iddinunikkum 1 géme-ta piqidma la ihalliq if they gave (the slave girl) to you, all right, if they did not give (her) to you, hand over one slave girl so that she(?) does not perish AfO 24 pl. 16 Dring 2:15 ff., see Kraus, AbB 10 145; šum-ma ana mahrija illakanim šumma tībi nakrim šum-ma tībi habbātim la ibaššīma ana mahrija lillikanim šum-ma ana Kiš šūribama (establish by extispicy) whether (the cattle) should come to me,

if there will be no attacks by the enemy or by robbers, let them come to me, failing that, take them into Kiš TCL 17 27:16ff.; šu-ma illakam lillikam šu-ma la illakam liš: qulakkum RA 51 3:28 ff. (OA);  $\delta um$ -[ma] [qāt]āšu ina muhhikunu il[laka ù] šúm-ma mār šiprišu išappara [lu l]a errab whether he comes to you in person or whether he sends his messenger, he must not come in CT 53 76 r. 5'ff., see Parpola, SAA 1 13; u šum-ma urram šēram mannummē ša šar: rutta ina libbi māt Ugarit eppaš u šumma [mann]umma ušamraşušunūti MRS 12 2:24 ff. (let.); šumma attunu a[na ṣērija] tanaššênim šum-ma anāku ana şērik[unu] anaššêm (see našû A v. mng. 5b) ARM 1 103 r. 12'f.; šum-ma ana mutim inandinši šum-ma harīmūta ippussi géme-sa ul išak: kan (see amūtu C usage b) BE 14 40:6f. (MB): šum-ma rubû šû . . . šum-ma muš= kēnu šû BBR No. 60 r. 30f.; I will write to my lord šúm-ma issakan šúm-ma la iškun whether (the eclipse) occurred or not ABL 337 r. 9, see Parpola LAS No. 278; šu(!)-ma atānu mītati Anše lege ù šu-úma atānu balṭati 2 túg . . . anandinakku if the she-ass is dead, take an ass, but if the she-ass is alive, I will give you two garments TuM NF 574:12 and 14, see Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden No. 9; note with repeated šumma: šum-ma šah.giš.gi.tur.ra šumma 1 udu.nitá... šum-ma 1 gín kaspam ana PN idinma (see šahapu) VAS 7 195:4 ff. (OB let.); šúm-mu GUD.NITÁ šúm-mu [UDU. NITÁ] šúm-mu huzīru (whether he will give you) an ox, a sheep, or a pig ABL 101 r. 5f., see Parpola, SAA 1 41; šum-ma dīku šum-ma kīşi šum-ma nuppulu šum-ma sabit šum-ma in bīt kīlu nadi Lambert BWL 146:44f.

2' šumma . . . šumma la kīam: aššum suluppī šum-ma kaspum ana kaspim idin šum-ma la «ki-a» kīam . . . la tanaddin as for the dates, if it is silver (that they offer), sell them for silver, otherwise do not sell AfO 24 pl. 16 Dring 2:29 ff., see Kraus, AbB 10 145; šu-ma PN ihaššah lilqe šu-ma lá

šumma šummaman

kīam ana şibtim dina if PN needs it, let him take it, otherwise lend it out on interest BIN 6 25:18ff., for other refs. see kīam mng. 1a-4'a'; šum-ma mukinnam išâ... šum-ma la kīamma mukinnam la išâ Bagh. Mitt. 2 59 iv 32 ff. (OB let.).

3' other constructions:  $m\bar{a}$  šúm-ma  $em\bar{u}qi$  ibašši [it]talkuni ...  $m\bar{a}$  ú-la-a  $em\bar{u}qi$  illikuni Iraq 17 26 No. 2:20 (Nimrud let.), cf. šúm-mu ... šúm-mu ... ú-la-a ABL 630:13 f., see Parpola, SAA 148; šum-ma x kaspam šuqul šum-ma ù-la-su-ma x se'am mudud (see  $mad\bar{a}du$  mng. la-l'c') Sumer 14 45 No. 21:8 f. (Harmal let.); note as second element only (reinforced by -mi in EA): u la-mi tillakuna atta ana mahrija u šum-ma-mi tuwaššeruna ahaka neither do you come to me nor do you send your brother BASOR 94 25 No. 6:10 (Taanach let.).

*šumma* . . . *šumma* (in the same clause) either-or: šum-ma lu-ú atānu u *šum-ma lu-ú* uš (I will give PN three horses) either mares or males HSS 9 36:16 f. (Nuzi); *šum-ma ana 3-šú šum-ma* ana 4-šú purus divide (the diviners) either in three or in four (groups) Sammlung 2 53 K.4730 r. 9 (Sar.), see Tadmor, Eretz Israel 5 156; BE-ma ina šikari BE-ma ina šizib enzi tarabbak you moisten it either in beer or in goat's milk Köcher BAM 3 iii 26 f.; BE-ma mūtu BE-ma lemuttu  $DUG_4.GA-su$  either death or evil fate is ordained for him CT 39 45:27 (SB Alu), cf. be-ma qāt ili be-ma qāt šarri ikaššas: su ibid. 30; šum-ma ina MN šum-ma ina MN₂ Thompson Rep. 217:4f., and similar passim.

On the semantic range of tenses in clauses introduced by *šumma* see, e.g., J. F. Maloney, The T-Perfect (Ph.D. diss. Harvard University 1982) p. 214f. and Hirsch, AfO 33 344, and (for NA) Parpola LAS 2 28f. For examples from the various periods and areas see the various dialect grammars, such as Hecker Grammatik § 137 and 138, and Hirsch, Or. NS 41 430f. (OA); Finet L'Accadien § 85 (Mari); W. Mayer Grammatik des Mittelassyrischen § 99, 101 (MA);

Aro Gramm. p. 144f. (MB); Postgate NA Leg. Docs. index p. 208 s.v. (NA); Parpola LAS 2 28f. (NA); C. Gordon, Or. NS 7 229f. (Nuzi); Farber, ZA 64 177ff. (SB).

šumma prep.; considering, (negated) barring; OA, OB.

šu-ma li- $bi_4$ - $k\grave{a}$  if you so please TCL 4 31:19, and passim; šu-ma  $l\acute{a}$  PN BIN 6 45:1, cf. šu-ma la šuāti TCL 14 11:30, šu-ma la kuāti CCT 4 16c:22 (all OA); šum-ma la šâti Genouillac Kich 2 D 15 r. 5, see Kupper, RA 53 30, and passim in OB; in personal names: Šum-ma-la-Šamaš-manni YOS 12 92:12, cf. Šum-ma-la-Marduk-manni YOS 13 410:9, CT 33 26a:6, Šum-ma-la-Marduk-ma-an VAS 16 162:6 (all OB).

**šummaman** (*šummamin*, *šumman*) indecl.; were it, if only (modal conditional); OA, OB, MB, Bogh.; cf. *šumma* indecl.

 $u_4$ .da.giš.en =  $\delta um$ -ma-ma-[an] OBGT Iar. i 15;  $u_4$ .da =  $\delta um$ -ma-an Erimhuš II 278; me. en.dė.da.nam.me.a, nam.da.me.en.da.na =  $\delta um$ -ma-an la ni-a-ti, nam.da.me.en.za.na =  $\delta um$ -ma-an la ku-nu-ti, e.ne.ne.da nam.me.a, nam.da.meš.a =  $\delta um$ -ma-an la  $\delta u$ -nu-ti OBGT I 475-79.

- a) šummaman: šum-ma-ma-[a]-an la i-zi-ir-[x] ma-ti-ma-a-an kīma ni-ši-im ušib KUB 4 i 40:10 (proverb), cf. ibid. 9, see Lambert BWL 278, cf. šum-ma-ma-an şibûtam la išu ma-ti-i-ma-an ašpurakkum TLB 4 33:9 (OB let.), cf. šu-um-ma-ma-an . . . kīmaman RB 59 246 str. 8:3 (OB lit.).
- b) šummamin (OA): šu-ma-mì-in mētāku naruqqī-min tatbal (see naruqqu mng. 3) TCL 19 32:29, cf. šu-ma-me-en anāku u mer'ūa ina ēnīka kabtāni VAT 9233 r. 4, cited KT Blanckertz p. 29; šu-ma-me-en PN warkassunu illikma (followed by láme-en damiq) CCT 5 6b:16; šu-ma-me-en mātum.KI.me-en kīma qabāim TCL 20 90:34, cf. šu-ma-mì-in la ša bīt abini qá-tí-mì-in ula uka'il TCL 14 20:11, and passim in OA; note followed by the particle -ni: šu-ma-mì-ni [ta]ddinanim [da]miqni [šu-m]a la

šummannu A šummannu A

taddinani[m] [da]miqma RA 60 119 MAH 16203:13; as prep.: šu-ma-mì-in la awitim annītim lu-mì-in a-tal-kam (in broken context) VAT 9301:52 (coll. K. R. Veenhof).

c)  $\S{umman-1'}$  introducing a verbal clause: šum-ma-a-an šārum išširam še'am kalašuman uzzakki if the wind had been right, I would have winnowed all the barley TCL 17 4:8 (OB let.); *§um-ma-an* . . . tuppi bēlija ikaššadam ittâm . . . uštar: ki⟨b⟩man ARM 14 27:19; *§um-ma-an* . . . išātumman ītakalšunūti would that a fire had destroyed them (the dates)! YOS 2 41:24 (OB let.); šum-ma-an ana panīšu takmis (see kamāsu B mng. 1b-2', followed by *lu-ú-ma-an*) KBo 1 11 r.(!) 12 (Uršu story), see ZA 44 120; šum-ma-an ālum ana şibûtišu la na(text nu)-zu-Az şi-di-sú-maan uhtalliq (see sidītu usage a) Sumer 14 21 No. 4:37 (Harmal let.), cf. šum-ma-an aššum mê la addaram (see adāru B mng. 1c) TCL 177:7; šum-ma-an šūbulumma la tušabbalam . . . šum-ma-an libbī imras ARM 5 20:14 ff., see Veenhof, JCS 30 186 f.; cf.  $\S um$ -ma-an . . .  $\mathring{u}$ -la-ma-an ibid. 29:  $u \S um$ ma-an ul uwaššarši OBT Tell Rimah 161:18; in personal names: Šum-ma-an-la-Šamaš YOS 12 74:17, 102:8, cf. YOS 14 159:6 and 8, and passim in OB, exceptionally in MB: see CBS 3737 cited Clay PN p. 133, TuM NF 5 68:37; difficult: šum-ma-an la "Nu-úr-dim i-tara-ma-an CT 48 23:6 (OB).

2' as prep.: šum-ma-an la kâti awīltum šî iḥtaliq if it had not been for you, that woman would have run away TCL 18 136:13, cf. [šum]-ma-an la šamêm [in]a erēšim kalušuman gamer (see kalu usage c-l'a') TCL 17 5:19; šum-ma-an la Šamaš u Marduk 1 LÚ ú-ul-ma-an iblut if it were not for Šamaš and Marduk, not one man would have remained alive Kraus, AbB 5 232:24, cf. Kraus, AbB 10 169:6; in personal names: Šum-ma-an-la-ilija VAS 8 56:26, and passim in OB, see Stamm Namengebung 136.

šummannu A s.; rope, tethering rope; OA, SB, NB; wr. syll. and £š.LAL.

ÉŠ.SUD.[NUN.KU].TU = šum-m[an]·[nu] Hh. XXII Section 11:27'; ÉŠ.SUD.NUN.KU.TU = šum-man-nu = kurṣê qar-nu-tum "horned" fetters Hg. B VI 55, in MSL 11 41; sa-ma-an É[Š.SUD.NUN.KU.TU] = šum-ma-[nu] Diri V 152, cf. [ÉŠ.SUD].NUN.KU.TU] = šu-ma-nu-um Proto-Diri 571; ÉŠ. SUD.NUN.KU.TU = šu-um-ma-nu-um Proto-Diri 571; ÉŠ. SUD.NUN.KU.TU, ÉŠ.SAG, ÉŠ.LÁ = šu[m-man-nu] (followed by giš.gú zi.rí.kum = ŠU [(...)]) NBGT III ii 15 ff.; ÉŠ.SUD.NUN.KU.TU^{sa-mu-un}, ÉŠ. lá, ÉŠ.kiri₄(var. .sag) = šum-man-nu šá GUD Nabnitu IV 375 ff.; su-ra É[Š×KA] = šum-ma-[nu] Diri V 151

giš.kul zu.ruk.kum = šum-man-n[u] Hh. VI 152; giš.gú zi.rí.kum (var.giš.kul zi.ri.kum) = min (= šum-man-nu) šá burt[i], gú.bar.ra = min (vars. min ša min, šu[m]-man-nu) Nabnitu IV 378f.

ùz.sag maḥ dim.gal an.ki.a mu.un.bu. re.eš: šum-man-nu(var. -na) şīra markas šamē u erşeti issuḥuma they tore out the great lead-rope, the band of heaven and earth CT 16 43:62 f., restored from K.5215 and K.5169, coll. G. Farber; [ur.sag] dab.dab.mu gud du₇.du₇.gin_x(GIM) £Š.SUD.NUN.KU.TU (var. SUD.NUN.KU.TU) ḥa. ma.[šub]: qarrādū ša akmû kīma alpi muttakpi šum-man-ni lid[di] let him place lead-ropes, as one does to butting bulls, upon the warriors whom I have captured Angim IV 6 (= 158).

šum-man-nu = nardappu Malku V 1; ^d£š.bu. Nun.ku.tu = ^dšakkan šá šúm-ma-ni CT 24 42 xi 95 (list of gods).

a) for tethering animals: kīma šūrī marûti ša nadû šum-man-nu (I slaughtered my enemies) as if they were tethered fattened bulls OIP 2 45 v 88 (Senn.) and dupl. AfO 20 92:87; gud.gin, £š.sud.nun.ku. TU bí.in.lá: alpu šu-um-ma-nam iddi Lambert BWL 257 vi 6 (bil. proverb), Sum. from STVC 3 v 28, cf. šum-man [GU]D [şab]it MIO 1 78 v 23; kalama ikkaru nēme[la] ma: lašu išu šúm-ma-ni tamšārī ebel naşmadī u  $e[b\bar{\imath}h\bar{\imath}]$  whatever benefits the farmer, I (the palm tree) have, s., whips, ropes for the team and straps Lambert BWL 158:18 (MA Fable of the Tamarisk and the Date Palm), see Wilcke, ZA 79 177:62'; wr. ÉŠ.LAL: you place the bull on a reed mat ina éš.LAL ša  $\check{s}\bar{a}rat\ enzi\ [x\ (x)]$ - $\check{s}i\ tarakkas\ you\ tie\ [...]$ with a tether of goat hair RAcc. 10:14; 10 ÉŠ.LAL ša kitî ša ištēn ÉŠ.LAL 10 ammatu arku 1 éš.lal ša kitî ša 1 me ammatu arku 10 ÉŠ.LAL ša šārat enzi ša 4 ammatu arku 1 ÉŠ.LAL ša alpi ina libbi raksu (among

šummannu B šummu

materials for the  $kal\hat{u}$  ritual) RAcc. 18 iv 25 ff.

- b) as part of a water-hoisting device: see Hh. VI, Nabnitu IV 378 f., in lex. section; 9 GIŠ šum-man-nu (in list of tools) YOS 6 146:9, cf. ibid. 17 (NB).
- c) other occs.: šum-man-nu u birītu parzilli addīšuma I threw him into š.-s and iron fetters OIP 2 39 iv 50 (Senn.); do not hasten to a banquet in a tavern [in. n]u.da [li.b]í.in.da.ab.lá.e: šumman-na la te-en-né-'-il and you will not be bound by a s. Lambert BWL 256 K.9050+:11 (bil. proverb, join courtesy W. G. Lambert);  $ina \ \check{s}um\bar{e}li\check{s}[u \ldots] \ \check{s}um-ma-an$ IM. [DUGUD.MUŠ]EN s[abit] in his left hand [. . .] he (Ninurta) holds the š. of the anzû-bird MIO 1 66 i 59' (SB description of representations of demons); ÉŠ.LAL tapattar (for context see napdû mng. 1) RAcc. 14 ii 31, cf. Éš.LAL ša kitî ana muhhi tašaddad ibid. 26; uncert.: [kīm]a tale'û epuš šu-ma-nam laškunakkum act as you can, I will tether(?) you BIN 6 51:20 (OA); šum-ma-nu DINGIR-šú eli amīli imaggut the rope of his own god will befall the man Boissier DA 18 iii 18.

In CT 6 4 i 2, read probably *Ištar-taq-ba-an-ni* (for -taqbianni?); in SLB (= TLB) 1 52:7 and 53:7, the name *Sin-ši-im-ma-an-ni* probably contains an element derived from a verb **šummu*.

**šummannu B** (*šumunnu*) s.; (mng. unkn.); OB.*

kīma šu-mu-nim lunē'i kibiska like a š. I will turn back your approach TIM 9 72:15, see Whiting, ZA 75 181, also kīma šu-mu-un-ni-im hu-bu-ú-ša-ki ē tatbukim ZA 75 200:36, kīma šu-[um-ma]-ni-im itaplasinni YOS 11 87:21 (all OB incs.).

šummannu C s.; gift, present; syn. list.*

qīštu, šum-man(var. -ma)-nu = biltu Malku IV 176 f.; pu-us-su-u = sum-[man-nu], qīštu = bil[tu] Malku VIII 158 f.

šummānu s.; (a defect); Mari.*

ša mimma šu-um-ma-nu-um ina TÚG šātu la nabšîm epuš make certain that there is no š. in that garment Iraq 39 150:55, cf. ša šum-ma-a-an lamassi[m] šāti la nabšîm epuš ARM 18 3 r. 6'; choose weavers ša ištu suprim adi šārtim ša qaqqadim šu-um-ma-na-am la išā who have no š. anywhere (lit. from (toe)nail to head hair) ARM 10 126:15.

The personal name Šum-ma-an-[nu]um A. 32094:44 (OB, courtesy M. Stol) may belong with this word or it may be a hypocoristic of a name such as Šummanla-DN, see Stamm Namengebung 136.

šummu s.; collection of statements beginning with *šumma*; SB; cf. *šumma*.

şâti himmāt šum-mi u mīšarī word lists (and) collections of laws (lit. šumma-paragraphs) and edicts BBR No. 1-20:15, see Landsberger, Symb. Koschaker 220 n. 5, and Oppenheim, Dream-book 256 n. 2;  $ridd\bar{\imath}$  [te]mēš šum-me taṭpil you have despised propriety, you have profaned ordinances Lambert BWL 82:214 (Theodicy), cf. (uncert.) šu-um-mu ul-tú u[lx] im(?) mešrû u lapānu . . . . wealth and poverty ibid. 80:198.

šummu v.; 1. to reflect, deliberate, consider, 2. III/2 (uncert. mng., occ. in personal names only); OB, Mari, MB; II, III/2; cf. tašīmtu.

dím.ma = *šum*(var. *šu-um*)-mu, ba.ra.dím. ma = nu-ut-tu-lu Erimhuš IV 152 f.; dím = *šu-um-mu* (var. *šum-ma*) Nabnitu IV 352.

1. to reflect, deliberate, consider — a) in letters: ina libbija kīam ú-ši-i-im I reflected like this Voix de l'opposition 181 A 1153:24 (Mari let.); šittīn ana anniātim libbī ú-ši-im-ma ana la erēb ṣābim amguršunūti mindēman šitūl ina libbi ⟨ja⟩ ibšû ina libbi PN ibši two times (?) my heart deliberated on this, and I agreed with them not to have the soldiers enter (the town) — but who knows whether the considerations I made are the same PN made? Bagh. Mitt.

šummu šumna

2 57 ii 11 (OB let.); awīlum šû mādātim ana mātim annītim ú-ša-am that man contemplates much against this land ARM 10 6 r. 4'; pīqat annītam bēlī ú-ši-im-ma perhaps my lord has given some thought to this ARM 2 23 r. 15'.

- b) in lit.: i tušūlil šarrašu i tahīš i tu-ši-im La-aş ina muttika make haste to rejoice as its lord, may Laṣ reflect(?) in front of you BiOr 30 361:31, cf. ibid. 15, see AHw. 1484a sub wašāmum; difficult: aḥhū u ibrū ištanabbusu [elišu] šu-ú-um-šu-nu-ši-im ana na-i-il ka-a[q-qá-ri-im] PBS 1/12:29.
- 2. III/2 (uncert. mng., occ. in OB and MB personal names only): Lu-uš-taši-im-ì-lí May-I-Be-Brought-to-Consider(-It)-My-God UET 5 425:2, 6; *Li-iš-ta*ši-im-ilum May-the-God-Be-Brought-to-Consider(-It) ibid. 202:16, VAS 13 104 iii 24, YOS 12 355:25, TCL 17 56:10 and 46, TLB 1 17:19, 52:5, cf. ibid. 53:5, Grant Smith College No. 253:8 and 26, but note Li-ta-ši-im-ilum BRM 3 22e 2f. and 22g 2, abbr. Li-iš-ta-šiim (preceded by Li-ši-im) TIM 9 85 vi 4', also Mu-uš-ta-ši-im, Mu-ši-im ibid. vii 4'f. (Silbenvokabular) (all OB); Muš-ta-ši-im-Ninurta BE 14 59:3, cf. CBS 3172, cited Clay PN 109a; Muš-te- $\langle$ š $i\rangle$ -im-A dad Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden No. 2:5, cf. Mu-uš-te-ši-im-Adad ibid. 15, 32, wr. Muš-te-šim-Adadibid. 14:33, 36, abbr. Muš-te-ši-mu PBS 2/2 95:14 (all MB).

šummu (a mouse) see ušummu.

šummuhu (fem. šummuhtu) adj.; luxuriant, lavish; OB, Mari, MB, SB; ef. ša: māhu A.

eme_x(sal+HúB) dam.šè mu.ni.pa.da: šu-mu-úḥ-ti a-na mu-ti ú-za-ki-ſrul the beautiful one whom he has chosen as spouse (Akk. for a husband) Kramer Two Elegies 138.

 $\S{u}-u[n]-mu-ku$  (var.  $\S{u}-u[m-m]u-t\acute{u}$ ),  $in-na-bu=\S{u}m-mu-bu$  Malku VIII 26 f.

a) luxuriant (said of vegetation): Lab: nānu ša-ad-du-[ú] qí-ša-tim dMarduk šu-

um-mu-uh-tim ša irissu ṭābu Lebanon, the mountain of Marduk's luxuriant, sweetsmelling forest VAB 4 174 ix 14 (Nbk.).

- b) lavish: ipti kabitti igiså šu-um-mu-hu... ana mahrišu ušērib I brought into his (Marduk's) presence substantial tribute, a lavish offering VAB 4 124 ii 37, also ibid. 114 i 31, 152 iii 32, CT 37 7 i 26, PBS 15 79 i 24 (all Nbk.); uncert.: qí-bu šu-me(var. -mu) šu-mu-hu (see sippu A mng. 1b-3') LKA 38 r. 4 and 6.
- c) as personal name: Šu-um-mu-hu
  BA 5 510 No. 45:4, Šu-mu-hu-um PBS 8/2
  148:4; PN mār Šum-mu-hi ibid. 163 r. 12 (all
  OB); Šu-um-mu-uh PBS 1/2 69:5 and 18;
  PN mār "Šum-mu-hi BE 14 25:20, 148:6,
  Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden No. 14 r. 26' (all
  MB); as feminine name: "Šu-mu-uh-tum
  ARMT 13 1 x 49.

šummuku adj.; luxuriant; syn. list.*

 $\S{u}-u[n]$ -mu-ku (erroneous var.  $\S{u}-u[m-m]u$ - $t\acute{u}$ ), in-na-bu =  $\S{u}m$ -mu-hu Malku VIII 26 f.

Variant of šummuhu, q.v.

**šummunu** v.; to oil, to rub with oil; NA*; II/2 (only perfect ussatminu attested); cf. šamnu.

§a... marṣūni ibtalṭu bariūti issabbu ubbulūti us-sa-at-mi-nu mērešūtu kuzippī uktattimu those who were ill have become well, the hungry are sated, the parched are oiled, the naked are covered with kuzippu-garments ABL 2 r. 2, see Parpola LAS No. 121 and LAS 2 p. 107, and discussion sub mânu A v.

**šummuţu** adj.; plucked (branch); lex.*; cf. *šamāţu*.

giš. $\mathtt{HI.BAD.}$  gišim mar =  $\delta u$ -mu-tu Hh. III 403, see Landsberger Date Palm p. 18.

šumna s.; agent(?); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

5 MA.NA annaku . . . PN ašar PN₂ šuum-na ša PN₃ ilqe PN received five minas of tin from PN₂, the agent(?) of PN₃ HSS 9 117:6. šumnašušhu šumşulu

šumnašušhu s.; (a container); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

1 nansītu ša ud.k[A.BAR] 2 nansītu ša ur[udu] 1 šu-um-na-šu-uš-hu š[a min] HSS 15 156:3.

The ref. 2 nansītu GAL ša UD.KA.[BAR] u 2 nansītu TUR.ME ša šu(?)-um-na(-) a-šu-uš-hé-n[a] TCL 9 1:16 cited s.v. ašhauš=šuhu may contain a derivative of this word.

*šumqutu ( $\S unqut(t)u$ ) s.; adjustment, deduction; NB*; cf.  $maq\bar{a}tu$ .

epuš nikkassī ša PN u PN2 itti aḥāmeš qatû . . . šu-un-qu-ut-tu itti aḥāmeš ītepšu rendering of accounts that PN and PN₂ settled with each other, they (each) made the deduction (for the donkeys that PN gave to PN2 and for the silver that PN2 paid to PN) from the other Cyr. 338:8; sulup: pī imittu ša mu.12.kam 1 me suluppī kî  $p\hat{i} \times \text{GUR } \delta u - un - qu - t\hat{u} \text{ ep} \delta u$  (as for) the assessment in dates due for the twelfth year, one hundred (gur) of dates per x gur (of area?) were deducted (if there is a balance from the old obligation – in excess of the deduction – the current debtors will pay it, if the old obligation is less than the deduction, the negative balance is a credit to the current debtors' obligation) Nbn. 715:13; kaspu ša ina epiš nikkassi[...]ina IGI PN šu-un-qu-tú CT 55 571:13, cf. ibid. 4; 100 mašīhī ša ina panīšunu šuun-qu- $t\acute{u}$  CT 57 312:11;  $\check{s}u$ -un-qu- $t\acute{u}$  (in broken context) Cyr. 364:5;  $[k] \hat{i}(?) hum=$ mušu ša [...] PN ša ina IGI PN₂ šu-unqu-tú u ud.ka.bar CT 55 200:1.

For the meaning compare  $maq\bar{a}tu$  mng. 9b. In Strassmaier, Actes du 8° Congrès International No. 20:5, cited isru A usage b, the reading and interpretation of ina MU-KU-ut-[x] x-ri are uncertain.

šumru s.; fury; SB; cf. šamāru A.

ina šu-mur tāḥazi[ja] abā' I swept over (the enemy lands) with my furious attack

Weidner Tn. 32 No. 19:10; šu-mur tāḥazija ēduruma ana šadē... inūqu they feared the fury of my attack and fled to the mountains ibid. 4 No. 1 iv 13; ina šu-mur kakkīja ezzūte with the fury of my terrifying weapons AKA 44 ff. ii 63, iv 87, v 86 (Tigl. I).

**šumruşu** (fem. *šumruştu*, *šumruštu*) adj.; afflicted, distressed, painful; OB, SB; cf. *marāsu*.

[x x] mu.un.gig.ga.mu šud_x(KA׊U).dè kúš.ù.mu:[u]nninnīja šum-ru-su-ti ikribīja šūznuhūti (Marduk heard) my anguished supplications, my weary prayers 4R 20 No. 1:9 f. + AJSL 35 139 1904-10-9, 96:4 f. (prayer of Nbk. I); [...] fb.ba.an.lá har.ra.an giš.gigir.ra: ina urhi šum-ru-si uruh narkabti BA 10/1 112 No. 30:3 f., dupl. BA 5 674 No. 30:13 f.

- a) in prayers 1' said of the supplicant and his fate: anāku alsīki anhu šūznuhu šūm-ru-şu aradki I called upon you (Ištar), I, your weary, exhausted, afflicted servant STC 2 pl. 78:42, also AfO 25 39:16, cf. anāku . . . marşu šum-ru-şu aradka BMS 22:11, cf. also Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 228:11', RT 24 104 K.2493:13; ahulap libbija šum-ru-şu have mercy on my afflicted heart STC 2 pl. 79:47; in broken contexts: alzkakātišu šum-ru-ş[a-ti(?) . . .] KAR 83 ii 5, cf. [. . .]-ti šum-ru-şe-e-ti STT 68:25.
- 2' characterizing the prayer: šimi ikribīja šum-ru-[ṣu]-ú-ti listen to my distressed prayers Bab. 3 32:2 and dupl. K.9252:3, cf. (relent) ana siqrija šúm-ru-si AfO 25 39:14.
- b) other occs.: eli awatim annītim awaztum šanītum šu-um-ru-uš-tum ibašši there is another matter even more distressful than this matter TCL 17 59:7 (OB let.); niţāztūa šum-ru-şa my beatings were excruciating (for context see niţû usage b) Lambert BWL 44:99 (Ludlul II).

šumsuku see šussuku.

šumşulu v.; to spend the day; OB, EA, MB, SB; III, III/2; cf. muşlalu, salālu.

šumšû šumšû

 $u_4$ .zal gi $_6$ .sá.a.šè: ina šum-ṣú-lim u šumš[îm] spending days and nights TuM NF 3 25:4 (OB lit.), cf. ša.ga.ba.ta  $u_4$ .zal.la.mu.dè: ištu amšali ina šum-ṣú-li-ia ibid. 1, see Wilcke Kollationen p. 27 and AfO 23 84 f.

tu-šá-an-şal 5R 45 K.253 vi 47 (gramm.).

PN itârma ana bīti ša fPN2 šu-un-ṣu-ul-ma ana šurbubi u šunšûma ana nu<br/>
bat>ti īterumma (if) PN ever again should enter fPN2's house either to spend the day in rest or to stay overnight UET 7 8 r. 5, see Gurney MB Texts No. 8; uncert.: ina šimētān arki Lú.ME šum-ṣil (or Lú.ME.TAG.NUN, quotation among illustrations of za-alzal) A II/1 Comm. B 15, see MSL 14 269; [an]a bīt nūni ul-ta-am-ṣi-il I spent the day in the home of the fish EA 356:53, cf. [ú-šal-am-ṣi-i-flu] ibid. 3 (Adapa).

šumšû v.; 1. to spend the night awake, to stay overnight, 2. to keep overnight; OA, OB, Mari, MB, SB; III; cf. mašû B, mušamšû, mūšu.

[za-al] [NI] =  $\delta \acute{a}$  MI.ZAL  $\acute{s}um$ - $\delta \acute{u}$ -[u] A II/1 iii 9, cf. za-al NI  $\rlap/$  . . .  $\delta \acute{a}$  MI.ZAL  $\rlap/$   $\acute{s}um$ - $\delta \acute{u}$ -u/ MI  $\rlap/$  mu- $\delta \acute{u}$ / ZAL  $\rlap/$  x-[. . .] A II/1 Comm. B 19'; GI =  $\acute{s}um$ - $\acute{s}u$ -u  $\delta \acute{a}$  mu- $\acute{s}i$  CT 12 29 BM 38266 iv 12 (text similar to Idu).

á.  $u_4$ . gú. da ab. zi. zi = i-še-e-er, á.  $u_4$ . gi $_6$  ba. sá. e =  $\acute{u}$ -ša-am-ša (see š $\acute{e}$ ru A lex. section) Ai. IV i 34;  $u_4$ . zal gi $_6$ . sá. a. šè: ina šumsuilim u šum-ši-i[m] (see šumsuiu) TuM NF 3 25: 4, see Wilcke, AfO 23 85.

1. to spend the night awake, to stay overnight -a) in gen.: keep five men and *šittātim šu-um-ša-am-ma ṭurdam* send me the rest after nightfall TLB 4 51:14, cf. aššum Lú.hun.gá.meš šu-um-ša-[am-ma ...] ibid. 47:22 (both OB letters); šumma la kīamma tu-ša-am-ši-ma ina GN-ma tabtīt šêrum šēramma alkam (see bâtu mng. 1c) ARM 4 51:19, cf.  $[nu(?)-\check{s}]a-am-\check{s}a-a\check{s}-\check{s}um$ (in broken context) ARM 5 88:20; mūša māru ú-šàm-ša-a-ku tonight, darling, I will spend the night with you (incipit of a song) KAR 158 vii 13, cf. [...] ú-šam-ši-ma  $mu-\dot{u}-\dot{s}[\dot{u}(?)...]$  (Sum. broken) Lambert BWL 265:18 (bil. proverb); ina šēri dunqi ina muslali nēmeli [ina] šum-še-e kušīru (see

kušīru usage a) JRAS 1920 567 r. 20 (SB); ina harāpišu šum-ši-šú when he gets up early (or) stays up late IM 67692:294 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); MI tu-šamša(!) arkatka taparras you stay awake all night, and you will find out your future STT 73:81, see JNES 19 34; šumma Sin ina tāmartišu ú-šam-šam-ma ki.min ú-šeš-šeram-ma ina gabal šamê izziz if the moon at its appearance is up all night, variant: moves forward, and stands in the middle of the sky ACh Sin 3:14. explained as šumma ú-šam-šam-ma šaqūma igi šumma UD.12.KAM šaqūma itti Samaš IGI-ma ibid. 15.

- b) beside sêru and sumsulu: PN itârma ana bīti ša ^fPN₂ sunsulma ana surbubi u su-un-šu-ma ana nu<br/>
  bat>ti īterumma (see sumsulu) UET 7 8 r. 6 (MB leg.); ina ūmim ina ūmim a-ši-ar ù ú-ša-am-ša every day, morning and night C 15:19, ef. a-ši-a-ar u ú-ša-am-ša Kültepe c/k 266:22 (courtesy K. Balkan, both OA); see also Greengus Ishchali 23:8 (OB let.), BE 17 27:16 (MB let.), and STT 303:9 (SB hemer.), all cited sêru A usage a.
- e) said of sick persons: šumma ina mūši maruṣma ina šēri baliţ u ú-šam-šá if he is sick during the night and well in the morning, but spends the night sleepless Labat TDP 166:78, cf. šumma si[nništu ina balt]ūtiša ú-šam-šá u ina murṣiša ú-šam-šá if a woman stays awake at night whether she is well or sick ibid. 214:20, also (if the baby) ūma u mūša ú-šam-šá ibid. 218:8, and passim in these texts.
- 2. to keep overnight: he who steals (this tablet) or appropriates it ša ērišu ú-šam-šu-ú he who requests it and keeps it overnight KAR 203 r. i-iii 35 (= Köcher BAM 1 iv), also KAR 111 r. 7, LKA 76 r. 16, STT 247 r. 20, 40:47 (all Asn. colophons).

The expression MI.ZAL time from sunset to moonrise (during the second half of the month) ZA 2 338 K.90:16ff. (astron.) may have the reading *šumšû*.

*šumţû šumu

*šumţû (šamţû) adj.; diminished, weakened; MA*; cf. maţû v.

šam-ţa-a īnāša ul tadaggal katma šaptāša ul tapatte her (the woman in labor's) eyes are weakened, she cannot see, her lips are closed, she cannot open (them) Iraq 31 31:42 (inc.).

šumu ( $\delta u'u$ ,  $\delta emu$ ) s.; 1. name, 2. fame, reputation, 3. (as pronoun, prep., and conj.) any, because (of), 4. offspring, 5. line, item, entry; from OAkk. on; pl.  $\delta um\bar{u}$  (ZA 44 32:28, OB) and  $\delta um\bar{a}tu$  ( $\delta u=m\bar{a}nu$  YOS 1 45 ii 30, ADD 812:15, Wr. MU. MEŠ-ni ABL 537:13); Wr. syll. ( $\delta u-\hat{u}$  Or. NS 36 116:8 (SB), CT 28 37 K.798 r. 5 (NA), CT 22 129:5, 146:9, VAS 3 9:4 (NB), Lambert BWL 40:30 var., note  $\delta e-mu-\delta u$  Gilg. IX ii 1) and MU; cf.  $\delta umi\delta am$ ,  $\delta um\hat{u}$  C.

mu-u MU =  $\delta u$ -mu A III/4: 3, also MSL 9136: 618 (Proto-Aa); [še-e] [s] $\Lambda_4$  = na-bu- $\acute{u}$ -um,  $\delta u$ -mu- $\acute{u}$ -um MSL 14 102: 844: 1-2 (Proto-Aa); [i-bi-la] [TUR]. UŠ, T[U]R.ARAD, TUR+SAG, TUR+DIŠ = ap-lu, ma-ru,  $\delta u$ -mu Diri I 267-278, also A VI/1: 99-104; [ár] = [ $\delta u$ ]-mu Izi H 143.

 $\{nig.m\}u.\{tuku\} = \delta a \delta u - ma - [am]i - \delta u - u, nig.$  $mu.sa_4 = \delta a \delta u - ma - a[m n]a - bu - u, nig.[m]u.pà.$ [d]  $a = zi - ki - ir [\check{s}u] - mi - im \text{ Nigga Bil. B 70 ff.}; m[u] =$  $[\check{s}u]$ -mu, mu. $ne = [\check{s}u]$ -um- $\check{s}\acute{u}$ , mu.ne. $n[e] = \check{s}u$  $um-\check{s}\check{u}-nu$  Hh. II 105 ff.; mu.gub.ba =  $[\check{s}i-t]ir\ \check{s}u$ mi Erimhuš VI 67; na.rú.a =  $\delta i$ -tir  $\delta u$ -[mi],  $\delta u$ -mu zak-r[u] CT 14 16 K.240 r. 11 f. (Uruanna III 188d-e), see MSL 10 70; mu = za-kar &u-meHh. II 189; mu.pà.[da] = z[i]-k[i-i]r &u-me, mu.x= na-bi [šu]-me Erimhuš VI 245 f.; níg.mu.pà.  $da = za-kar \delta u-mu(var. -me)$  Hh. I 40;  $[p \grave{a}(?)] =$ [MIN (= [na]-da-nu) § $\acute{a}$ ] § $\acute{u}$ -me Antagal O i 5'; mu.sar.ra = ša-ţar šu-mi, ku-nu-uk šu-mi, šu-mu Izi G 53 ff.; mu.dili.dili = MU a-hu-u Izi G 60;  $mu.sig_5.ga = mu dam-qu, mu.nu.min = mu la$  $MIN, mu.d\dot{u}g.ga = MU ta-a-bu, mu.nu.d\dot{u}g.ga =$  $\verb"mu" la min Izi G 62 ff.; [\verb"nig.nam"].ma, [\verb"nig.na"].$ me = mi-im-ma šum-šu Nigga Bil. B 46f.; níg. nam.bi ... in.na.an.sum : mimma MU-šu ... iddin Ai. III ii 69; for other refs. see mimma lex. section.

téš. bi mu.ni in. sa₄. eš:  $mith\bar{a}ris$  Mu-šú imbû together they named him (for kingship) Lugale I 35, cf. ibid. XI 28 (= 490); na₄. gug bùru. da mu.bi hé. sa₄:  $s\bar{a}nta$  ina palāši šu-ma šuātu lu nabât when you perforate carnelian, be called by that name Lugale X 17 (= 432), also ibid. XII 18 (= 530), and passim with nabû, see nabû A lex.

section; ama. dinnin.mu za.da.nu.me.a mu x. mu.da.pà.de(?): ištarī ina balika šu-me(?) ulna-bi without you, my goddess, a name is not given OECT 6 pl. 7 K.4648: 13 f. (coll. R. Borger); mu.mu.šè ka.ki.su.ub ha.ma.Ag.ne (late version: mu.pà.da.mu.šè ka.ki.su.ub ha.  $ma.ab.\langle ak \rangle.ke_x(KID).e.ne)$ : and zikir šu-me-ia liškēnuni (see zikru lex. section) Angim IV 9 (= gaba.ra mu.pàd.da.mu.šè dKi.šár mah.a mu.sa₄.zu hé.em: ana mihir zikir šume-ia Antu șīrtu lu nibīt šu-me-ki-ma (see nibītu lex. section) TCL 6 51:39 f.; lú.mu.pà.da in. tuk.a lú.mu.pà.da nu.tuk.a: ša zikir šu-me išú ša zikir [šu-m]e la išú ASKT p. 88-89 ii 32 f., see Borger, AOAT 1 7:105f.; ki.níg.sig.ga m[u.zu] hé.en.pà.da: ašar damiqti šum-ka liz: zakir (see zakāru A mng. 7) Lugale XII 9 (= 521), cf. mu. mu nu. mu. un. pà: šu-mi ul izzakkar PBS 1/2 135:30 f.; mu.ne.neì.pà.da: šu-me-šunu tazzanakkar you name them one after the other KAR 4 r. 12; ul.dù.a.ta ní.tur.tur.ra kir₄. dù mu.pà.da.bi.da.aš: ina ... qerêtu utnen labān appi u za-kar šu-mu (see qerītu lex. section) RA 12 74:27 f., for other refs. see zakāru A mngs. 1d, 2a-1'a', 2d-1'; lugal ti.la u4.sù.da mu.ni íb.gá.[gá.a]: šarru ša ana balāt ūmē rūqūti mušú išakk[anu] the king who would make himself famous for all ages Lugale XI 13 (= 475); mu. zu.a nir hé.galam.galam (gloss: ga-ga-la-ma) : šîma ana šu-me-ka li-te-et-li let her (Ištar) rise to (the rank of) your (Anu's) name TCL 6 51:19f.; eme. ha. mun mu. dili. ginx(GIM) si ba. ni. íb. si.sá.e: lišān mithurti kīma ištēn šu-me tušteššir (see lišānu mng. 4a) JCS 21 5:40; u₄.da èn.mu mu.ra.[tar].ra: šumma ana šu-mi-ia i-šá-il-ka if he asks you my name JRAS 1919 191 r. 14, see Behrens Enlil und Ninlil 31:69; mu.bi an.ki.a la.ba.an.gál.la.a.meš: MU-šú-nu ina šamê erșeti ul ibašši their (the demons') names do not exist in heaven or on earth CT 16 44:96f., cf. ibid. 33:189; kur.igi.nim.ta mu.un.zu mah. àm:  $ina\ matu\ elitu\ { t MU}$ - $ka\ siri\ in\ the\ upper\ country$ your name is exalted SBH 71 No. 39 r. 17f., also ibid. 19f. and 23f.; síb.ta.mu.nam.gal.la: elât šu-um ahi rabî additional share in the name of the elder brother Ai. VI i 3; dnin.mah mu. mu.šè (older recension: nam.mu.šè) ki.bal.a mu.un.búr.en.na.gim : [Bēlet] ilī ana šu-me-ia ana māt nukurti kî tērubi because you, DN, entered the enemy country on my account Lugale IX 17 (= 391).

NE = &u-u&-&u (comm. on En. el. VII 129) STC 2 pl. 52 ii 22; EN.KUR.KUR MU-&u, MA = &u-uu MA = uab&u (comm. on En. el. VII 136) STC 2 pl. 57 ii 9 f.

šumu la

1. name -a) in naming constructions - 1' referring to gods:  $\delta u - u[m - \delta] a Irnina$ her name is DN VAS 10 214 vi 25 (OB Agušaja);  $b\bar{e}let \ kala \ il\bar{i} \ lu \ \tilde{s}[u-um]-ki$  let your name be "Mistress-of-All-Gods" Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 60 I 248 (OB); lušzizma lullā lu amēlu šum(var. MU)-šu (see lullû s. usage a) En. el. VI 6; ištījumma šu-uš-šá (see ištīju) AfK 1 21 ii 2, see Lambert, Kraus AV 198 III 53; mu.[1.k]am di.da me.e gašan.an.[na ...] [i.im.mèn].u. gašan.kur.kur.[ra]: kam.ma.mu šu-mi ištēn anāku Ištar [. . .] šanû šu-mi bēlet mātāti my first name is "I-Am-Ištar [...]," my second name is "Mistress-of-All-Lands" SBH 109 No. 56 r. 57 ff.; MU.BI Nintu her name is DN MIO 1 72 iii 51, also, Wr. MU.NI ibid. 66 ii 10, and passim in this text (description of representations of demons); šūpû мu-ka Sagmegar your brilliant name is Sagmegar (i.e., Jupiter) Craig ABRT 1 30:41; gašru lu MU-ka CT 15 40 iii 16, 39 ii 42 (SB Epic of Zu); mārat Ani MU-šá ištēn her first name is "Daughter-of-Anu" 4R Add. p. 10 to pl. 56 i 1 and dupls. (Lamaštu); šum ištêt DN the name of the first one is DN KBo 10 1:18 (Hattušili bil.); ša kīma šumi-šu-ma lamassi ili u māti (see lamassu mng. 1d) En. el. VI 149; Şarpānītu ša kīma šu-mi-šá-ma bānât zēri (see ṣarpānītu) K.3371:21 (joining Craig ABRT 2 16 K.232); Anu abī kīma mu-šú-ma (var. šu-me-šuma) imbânni Or. NS 36 124:142 (hymn to Gula), cf. mārat šarri (Šerua-ēţerat) kīma MU-šá-ma dŠerua van Driel Cult of Aššur 100 ix 56, also x 54, cf. x 56f.; mu.zu dBIL+GI nà.a: šu-um-ka dGi-ri ibbû they named you Girra Labat Suse 2 i 22 f.; Lugaldim= merankia šum-šú ša nimbû puhurni (see nabû A mng. 1a-2'a') En. el. VI 139, also ibid. 147; note as a generalizing idiom: ilāni rabûti mala ina šamê u erşeti MU-šúnu zakru BBSt. No. 6 ii 37.

2' referring to persons — a' in gen.: PN šu-um-šu RA 60 119 MAH 16203:19 (OA); [Mag]irtum šum-ki (parallel: nabâki) your name is Agreeable-One JCS 15 9 iv 21 (OB lit.); PN šum-šu MRS 9 238 RS 17.231:6; PN MU.NI CT 13 39 i 17 ff. (SB Cuthean legend), see AnSt 5 100:39 ff.: PN 2 MU.NI HSS 13 262:15; PN MU.NE RA 66 169 ii 3 (MB kudurru); PN MU-šú ABL 49 r. 25, also, wr. šumšú Iraq 17 131 No. 14:6 (both NA), CT 27 45 K.749:6 (NB), Nbn. 391:5, von Voigtlander Bisitun line 44, also, wr.  $\delta u$ -um- $\delta u$  ibid. 90, and passim in this text; mannum šu-um-ka qibiam jâšim what (lit. who) is your name? tell me! Gilg. M. iv 5 (OB), cf. Gilgāmeš *šu-mi anāku* ibid. iv 8; atti mannu MU-ki mannu Lambert Love Lyrics 118 col. B 26, cf. Ma-nu-um-šum-šu (personal name) ICK 1 4:10, CCT 1 36e:6 (both OA); annûte MU.MEŠ-šú-nu these are their names (after an enumeration of governors from Urartu) ABL 444:12 (NA); note as a generalizing idiom: ša ina awīlūtim šu-maam nabû anyone (lit. who is called by name) among mankind ZA 68 116:70 and 128:30 (Takil-iliššu);  $m\bar{a}r$  šarri ša ina  $p\bar{i}$ nišē MU-šú la nabû JCS 18 17:21, see Biggs, Iraq 29 122, also KAR 421 ii 14 (SB prophecies); mamman ša mu.ne la nabû TCL 6 10:9 (SB Alu); for other refs. see nabû A mngs. 1b-2'b' and 2'c'; kiništu šūt nabû šu-maan-šu-un (see kiništu usage a) YOS 1 45 ii 30 (Nbn.); mimma la ṭābu ša MU la nabû (see  $nab\hat{u}$  A mng. 1b-2'b') BBR No. 45 i 10.

b' referring to second names: PN MU. NI KI.2 PN₂ Jean Tell Sifr 76a: 15, 75: 20 and 27 (OB), see Charpin Archives Familiales p. 343; PN  $\delta a$  MU- $\delta u$   $\delta a$ nu PN₂ BIN 2 136: 16, also BRM 2 36: 1, 55: 1, VAS 15 41: 19, and passim in texts from the Hellenistic period, see  $\delta a$ nu A adj. mng. 1a-4'.

3' referring to slaves: a slave girl PN §um-ša named PN Kraus AbB 1 53:21; PN §u-um-šu (introducing a slave sale) UET 5 88 case 1, Wr. MU.NI UET 5 89:1, TCL 10 110:2, Riftin 36:1, Wr. MU.NI.IM TCL 1047:1, YOS 5 132:1, 141:1, Riftin 24:1, YOS 8 8:1, 31:1, MU.BI.IM Riftin 25:1, also VAS 13 72:1, 73:1; 1 amtum...1 wardum...MU.NI.IM. MEŠ Waterman Bus. Doc. 63:3; 1 amtum PN §u-mi-ša 1 wardum PN2 MU.NI.IM Böhl

šumu la šumu la

Leiden Coll. 2 p. 20 No. 772:11; 1 wardum PN šum-šu ARM 8 10:1, wr. MU.NI.IM UCP 10 173 No. 105:1, YOS 8 13:1, 56:1, and passim in OB slave sales, also (sale of a child) PN MU.NI BE 14 1:3, wr. MU-šú UET 7 23:1, wr. MU.NE UET 7 21:2, 25:2 (all MB).

- referring to cities, topographical features, buildings: āl māt Urusalim šumu-ša GN a city in the land of Jerusalem named GN EA 290:15; šu-un-«un»šu ša āli ša Kizzukwa la šūt-mi šu-un-šu ša uru gn šūt-mi jen 325:16 ff.: ina gn MU- $\delta \hat{u}$  in a city named GN VAB 3 25 § 19:36, see von Voigtlander Bisitun p. 21, and passim in this text; ištu abul Šamaš adi nāri Tu-ba MU.NE from the Samas gate to the river, its (the district's) name is Tuba Iraq 36 46:101, also ibid. 99 ff. (topography of Babylon); šu-un-šu ša dimti the name of the district JEN 512:14, also JEN 135:20; ša šadî še-mu-šú Mašu the mountain's name is Mašu Gilg. IX ii 1. cf. Arakadri šadû MU-šú a mountain named GN VAB 3 17 ff. § 11:15, § 13:23 (Dar.); MU BAD GAL-e... MU šalhîšu the name of the great wall, the name of its outer wall (for the names, see  $d\bar{u}ru$  A mng. 2) KAH 1 30 iii 10, see WO 1 58, also WO 1 387:16 (Shalm, III); MU bīt papāhišu OIP 2 140:4 (Senn.); bītum rīmum šu-um-šu the name of the house is Wild-Bull Belleten 14 224:16 (Irišum), cf. (referring to the door, the lock, etc.) ibid. 17 ff.;  $b\bar{a}bu$  $ag\hat{a} \dots MU-\check{s}u$  VAB 3 109 § 3:11 (Xerxes).
- 5' referring to animals: işşūr šadîm arzasû šum-šu a mountain bird called .... HUCA 40-41 89 i 26 (OB bird omens), cf. aššu MUŠEN la tīdû DAR.MUŠEN MU.NI if you do not know the bird, it is called ittidû CT 39 5:56 (SB Alu); ištêt littu ša d Sin GEMÉ-dEN.ZU.NA šum-šá a cow of Sin, her name was Geme-Suena Köcher BAM 248 iii 10, cf. (a cow) MU.NI VAS 7 49:2, for OB names see G. Farber, Kraus AV 34 ff.; şēr karāni MU.NI (a snake) called wine-snake CT 40 25 K.11668:5 (SB Alu).
- 6' referring to plants and stones: šumša šību iṣṣaḥir amīlu (see ṣeḥēru mng. 1c)

Gilg. XI 281; ajar kaspi ša ú nuṣābu MU.NI (see nuṣābu) AMT 59,1 i 32; a red fungus šá miqtu MU.NI called miqtu CT 40 17:55 ff. (SB Alu); šadānu ṣābitu MU-šú its name is "grabbing" hematite Köcher BAM 194 vii 15 (series abnu šikinšu); x MU.NI STT 93:9 and passim, also, wr. MU-šú Köcher Pflanzenkunde 33:13 and r. 8 (both šammu šikinšu), also (referring to stones) STT 108 and 109 passim.

- 7' referring to stars: Šukūdu MU-ka your name is Arrow Star KAR 83 i 4, cf. MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ MU.NE KAR 76:14; a planet Ṣalbatānu MU.NI called Ṣalbatānu TCL 6 16:46, cf. ša Ninurta MU.NE called Ninurta ibid. r. 38, wr. MU-šú ibid. 18, wr. šum-šú Hunger Uruk 90:15.
- 8' referring to manufactured objects: (a vessel) namša MU-šu its name is namša EA 14 i 67, and passim in this text; note the forms šum-ša-šu RA 43 140:22, šum-šu-nu (vars. šum-ša-šu-nu, šum-ši-šu-nu) ibid. 179 (Qatna inv.).
- 9' referring to diseases, anomalies:  $\dot{s}ibit\,\dot{s}\bar{a}ri\,\mathrm{MU.NI}$  AMT 84,4 iv 8, cf. AMT 44,1 ii 4 and 9, 30,2:9 ff.,  $\dot{s}u$ - $u\,\dot{s}um$ - $\dot{s}u\,$  Köcher BAM 124 iv 11, and passim in med.; exceptionally in Izbu:  $tigrilu\,\mathrm{MU}$ - $\dot{s}\dot{u}\,$  Leichty Izbu I 82.
- 10' referring to configurations on the liver: nanmurtum šu-um-šu its name is nanmurtu RA 61 29:53 (OB ext.), ŠU.NU.GAR MU.NI its name is . . . . Boissier DA 219 r. 11, perniqqu MU.NE.NE CT 31 50:12, and passim in ext., note Dím.MA MU-šu Labat Suse 10 r. 5; mehû dannu MU-šu its name is "heavy storm" ibid. 8 r. 23, see ibid. p. 193; note as a generalizing idiom: BE-ma pitruštu mala ina bārûtu MU.NI.NI nabû contradictory omens, as many as there are in (the corpus of) the diviner's lore TCL 6 5 r. 33; uṣurātu mala ina bārûtu MU.NI.NI nabû the configurations, as many as are named in the extispicy texts TCL 6 5 r. 36.
- 11' referring to other entities: ina MN...ša...arah dsig, nabû mu-šu in MN, which is called month of the Brick-god

šumu 1b šumu 1c

Lyon Sar. 9:58; šum-ša lu nāṣirat napišti (see naṣāru mng. 7d) Lambert-Millard Atrahasīs 126 r. 8; MU ša narî annî the name of this (boundary) stone is (as follows) BE 1 83 r. 21, and passim in kudurrus, cf. MU ṣalmi annê Adad-išdēja-ukīn MU-šú Pognon Inscriptions sémitiques de la Syrie 106:6 (NA); balag.ba . . . mu.bi.im Civil, NABU 87/28:15.

with verbs referring to giving a b) name: Rīmanni-Bēl gallašu ša Rīmūt šuun-šú imbû his slave PN whom they called Rīmūt Nbn. 697:2 and 5; i nimbêma haššā  $\delta u$ -me-e- $\delta u$  (see  $nab\hat{u}$  A mng. 1b-2'c') En. el. VI 121; imbīma ša qašti kīam MU. MEŠ-šá he gave names to the bow as follows ibid. 88; ša rēš šarri ša kīma bēlišu MU nabû an official who was given the name of (the king) his lord BBR No. 57:13; īnu . . . Bābilam šum-šu sīram ibbiu when (Anu and Enlil) had pronounced the exalted name of Babylon CH i 17, cf. Bābili ša tazkura mu.ne (var. šum-šu) En. el. V 137; É.am.kur.kur.ra ... šum-šu abbi I called (the temple) The-Houseof-the-Wild-Bull-of-All-Lands AOB 1 22 iii 12 (Šamši-Adad I), also Weidner Tn. 29 No. 16: 114; *Kār-Tukulti-Ninurta šum-šú abbi* I named it GN Weidner Tn. 31 No. 17:47, also AKA 361 iii 50, 3R 8 ii 35, Unger Bel-harran-beli-ussur 14, KAH 2 26:7 f., Rost Tigl. III p. 42:7, Lyon Sar. 27:11, and passim in Ass. royal inscriptions; §umšú maḥrâ unakkirma Kār-Sin-aḥḥē-erība attabi nibīssu (see nibītu mng. 1a) OIP 2 29 ii 29 (Senn.); May-Nebuchadnezzar-Live-May-He-Who-Provides-for-Esagila-Reach-Old-Age ana šu-mi-šu ambi I named (this palace) VAB 4 120 iii 29; šumu (var. mu) abul Šamaš u Adad . . . azkur (thus) I named the gates of Šamaš and Adad (preceded by their names) Lyon Sar. 17:84, and passim in Sar.;  $b\bar{a}b\ \check{s}arr\bar{u}ti\ \mathbf{MU}$ - $\check{s}u$ ambi OIP 2 145:17, and passim in Senn.; I dug a canal Patti-hegalli MU-šá abbi and named it Patti-hegalli AKA 387 iii 135 (Asn.), cf. AOB 1 38:10 (Aššur-uballit I): MU isinnišu ša iti. Aš tašrihtu mu-šá abbi (see isinnu

šapliš mng. 1c) Iraq 14 34:74f. (Asn.); ammatu šu-ma (var. šu-mu) la zakrat (see ammatu B) En. el. I 2, cf. (when the gods) šu-ma(var. -um) la zukkuru šīmata la šīmu (see zakāru mng. 5) ibid. 8; AMAR.GA ištakan šu-um būri (see būru A mng. 1a-2') Köcher BAM 248 iii 32; difficult: ani atti meraki ú šu-ma-am taškunima la tulabbiš KT Hahn 5:14 (OA); annānum amat= kama u kûmma anāku šu-um-ka elija šukun here, I am your slave girl and belong to you, place your name on me ARM 10 92:28; when I have a son Aššur-bān-apli MU GAR-an I will name him Assurbanipal SAA Bulletin 1 66:7 (NA leg.); obscure: šum Zababa elija šukun Kraus, AbB 10 158 r. 17.

c) with reference to mentioning, pronouncing, invoking someone's name — 1' of gods — a' in swearing an oath: šu-mu ili ana aḥāmeš ultēlû they took an oath together ABL 282 r. 4 (NB), cf. MU ili lušēlāššunu I will make them take an oath ABL 502 r. 8 (NA), and passim, see elû v. mng. 12; šu-um ilāni ina MUL.KAK.SI.SĀ ultaqbīš I made him swear by Sirius GCCI 2 395:24 (NB let.); [šu-u]m ili lu la izakkar (see zakāru A mng. 2a-1'b') Afo 17 280:61 (MA harem edicts), cf. MU ili la izakkir KAR 177 r. iii 6 (hemer.); šu-mu ša Bēl ina muḥḥi [. . .] zukra ABL 945 r. 2.

b' in praise, worship: šūquru šu(text e)-mu-u-ki your (fem.) names are precious ZA 44 32:28 (OB hymn to Nanâ), cf. *šu-mi Ištar šūguru nišēja uštāhiz* Lambert BWL 40:30 (Ludlul II), cf. also  $[\check{sut}]uru \check{su}$ mu-šá Kraus AV 198 III 51; gašrāti malkāti *šu-mu-ki sīru* you are strong, you are queen, your names are exalted STC 2 pl. 75:4, see JCS 21 258; MU-ka kališ ina pī  $ni\check{s}\bar{e}\ t\bar{a}b$  your name is wholly sweet when uttered by men BMS 9:8 and dupls. STT 55:8, Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 26:9, etc., see Ebeling Handerhebung 64; ša ardi gābū damigti MUku qibi damiqta[šu] speak favorably (O Sarpānītu) of the servant who praises your name RAcc. 135: 262; šu-mi rabī anāku *şīrāku* my name is great, I am exalted šumu 1c šumu 1c

Or. NS 36 118:62 (SB hymn to Gula), cf.  $\delta u - u$ rabû Nintinugga ibid. 116:8; ina kullatim šutarbi šu-um-šu extol his name everywhere RA 46 88:10 (OB Epic of Zu), also, wr. MU.NE CT 15 39 ii 30 (SB recension), and passim; dunnaša lulli šu-um-ša let me extol her power (and) name VAS 10 214 i 4 (OB Agušaja), see Groneberg, RA 75 108; izakkarši innišī inabbi šu-um-ša (see nabû A mng. 2) RA 22 170:20 (OB lit.); MU-kirašba ištammara tenēšēti (see šamāru B mng. 2a) STC 2 pl. 76:22, see JCS 21 260, cf. BMS 4:33; ana hissat šu-me-ki šamû u erseti irubbu heaven and earth tremble when your name is mentioned STC 2 pl. 76:20, cf. Šurpu IV 87; *ša ana šu-me-šú* (vars. šu-mi-šu, šu-me-šu) ilū kīma meļiê išubbu palhiš En. el. VII 108; Šum-su-His-Name-Is-Feared (personal pá-luh name) RA 9 34 v 11 (OAkk.); ana zikir *šu-mi-šu-nu kabti pitluhāk* I am reverent toward their important name VAB 4 122 i 49 (Nbk.); ina šērti nubatti šu-me-šú-nu tazakkar (see nubattu A mng. 1d) Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 10:31 (NA rit.), cf. DINGIR ana MU-šú tazakkar you invoke (each) god by name ibid. pl. 11 r. 6; ina paššūr mākalê ilāni rabûti MU-ka azkur KAR 55:15, and see zakāru A mng. 2a-1'a', nabû A mng. 2; note issûni jammina šu-mi-šá (var. šumé-e-šá) Igigi Kraus AV 202 IV 40 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn); MU ša ilāni rabūti . . . nu= salla we will be seech the great gods (for the life of the king) ABL 6 r. 3, see Parpola LAS No. 125; note, referring to failure to invoke the gods: ina surqi(nni) MU ilišu imēšu in his incense offering he omitted his god's name Šurpu II 75; šumi ilika u mutakkilika . . . liblî (see mu: takkilu usage a) TCL 140:22 (OB let.).

c' other occs.: ilū mala ina muh kudurri annî MU-šu-nu zakru all the gods whose names are invoked on this boundary stone BBSt. No. 3 vi 22, also MDP 2 pl. 17 iii 19, Hinke Kudurru v 6, ZA 65 58:77, and passim in kudurrus, Wr. šu-un-šu-nu BBSt. No. 8 iii 24, also mala ina narî annê šu-mu nabû OIP 2 85:59 (Senn.), and see  $zak\bar{a}ru$  A mng. 2a-1'a'.

2' of persons -a' in gen.: mimmašu-mì la tazakkaršunūti do not mention my name to them at all CCT 3 19b:11. cf. šu-mì la tazkur mannumma šu-mì lizkur BIN 4 22:27 f.. šu-mi awīlim la tazakkara (cf. šu-mi awīli la tutaddāni line 13) VAT 13542:19: šu-mì la tazakkara u ina naš: pertim šu-mì la uddû (see zakāru A mng. 2a-6') KT Hahn 17:28 and 30; *šumma am*: makam mimma kārum šu-mì-i-a ul šu-mì PN ahīja izakkarma if the kāru over there says anything concerning me or my brother PN KT Hahn 12:11f.; šu-um-kà azkur ICK 1 64:10 (all OA); (the king) ša ana zikir MU-šú nakaršu ina panīšu lemniš ittarradu (see lemniš usage d) VAS 1 37 ii 34 (NB kudurru), cf. ana zikir šu-mi-ia kabtu kullat nākirī littarri VAB 4 260 ii 44 (Nbn.); ina zikir MU-ia kabti hadû irīšu kibrāt erbetti the whole world gladly rejoices at the mention of my name Streck Asb. 260 ii 13, and see zikru A mngs. 2, 4a-3', 4b-2'; ana šu-mi-šú kibrāt inuššu at (hearing) his name the whole world will tremble Hunger Uruk 3 r. 10 (prophecy); Gimirraja ša ina nibīt MU-ia šapalšu ikbusu (see šaplu mng. 3b-1') Streck Asb. 22 ii 119; tūru šumu nizzakar nētapaš we pronounced (his) name again and performed (the ritual for him) ABL 636:6, see Parpola LAS No. 157; do not listen to anyone ša šu-mi la damgiš igabbû who mentions my name with bad intention ARM 10 49 r. 6; PN is a dog u iqabbû MU-šu ina [pa]nī šarri but they (nevertheless) mention his name before the king EA 85:65; šu-un-qa PN iqtabi umma PN-ma PN mentioned your name, saying HSS 13 149:4 (Nuzi); šu-un-qa ana šarri aqabbi I will mention your name to the king HSS 14 21 left edge 1; šumma PN ... šu-ú-mu ša amēli šanî [iq]abbi JEN 434:9 (both Nuzi).

b' to appoint, to favor: išakkan šuum šarrim (Erra) appoints (lit. establishes the name of) the king BiOr 30 362:41 (OB šumu 1c šumu 1c

lit.): RN ša ilu . . . zakār mu-šú izkur RN, whom the god appointed JRAS 1892 342:7 (Aššur-bēl-kala); eli mārē šarri šu-me izkur (Marduk) appointed me above the (other) sons of the king Streck Asb. 258 ii 6, cf. ša ana mār-šarrūti . . . mu-šú izkuruni Wiseman Treaties 45, šu-um damga ana šar:  $r\bar{u}ti~izkur$  VAB 4 214 i 27 (Ner.); TA  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}$ damqūti šu-mi izzakkar ABL 1285:15 (NA); Marduk zākir šu-mi-ka Marduk who pronounced your name TLB 4 50:5 (OB let.); Sin-mu-isqur (see zakāru A mng. 2a-5') BE 15 182:7 (MB); for other refs. with za= $k\bar{a}ru$  see  $zak\bar{a}ru$  A mngs. 2a-2', 2d-3'; [i]- $bi \check{s}u$ - $u\check{s}$ - $\check{s}\check{u}$  (see  $nab\hat{u}$  A mng. 3b) JAOS 88 127 ii 31 (NB votive), [i] bi šu-me(var.-mi) *šūrik ūmija* pronounce my name, extend my days! BMS 5:3 and dupls., see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 462:20, also KAR 59 r. 6, and see nabû A mng. 1a-2'b'; for other refs. with nabû see nabû A mng. 3b; rā'imūti šume ša šarri bēlija (the gods) who love the name of the king, my lord ABL 514:7 (NA);  $il\bar{i}$   $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$   $b\bar{a}n\bar{u}$  MU-ia (var.  $\delta u$ -me-ia) my god, my lord, who created my name JNES 33 276:40.

c' to know, remember, call by name: aššum la tamšiannima šu-mi tīdû because you have not forgotten me and (still) know my name TLB 4 22:12 (OB let.): šum-ki ul idi Maqlu II 209; we are dead dogs ša šarru MU-a-ni idû whose names the king knows ABL 454:19 (NB); šu-ma-nu ša tam=  $k\bar{a}r\bar{e}$  la uda I do not know the names of the merchants ADD 812:15, cf. MU-šú la uda ibid. 4; PN išāluma šu-um abišu ki-mi šu-um abišu ul idi šu-um ahišu išālu: šuma šu-um ahišu jānummi igbi asked PN what the name of his father was, but he did not know his father's name, they asked him his brother's name, but he said his brother had no name BE 14 8:6f. (MB leg.); PN šu-um abišu la udda PN, father's name unknown KAV 156:1 (MA); ša ina šarrāni ālikūt maḥrija ajumma . . . ми- $\delta \hat{u}$ -nu la i $\delta m \hat{u}$  whose name none of my royal predecessors had ever heard

TCL 3 67 (Sar.); šu-um-ki fpn ešmēma libbī mādiš ihdu I heard your name, Ištaršamšī, and I became very glad ARM 10 141:20; enūma aštemu šu-um šarri u šuum ummānišu u palhu danniš when I hear the name of the king and the name of his troops, they will be very much afraid EA 149:43 (let. of Abi-milki); ša mārē ummâni ēpiš šipri uaddûni zikir MU-šú-un (see zikru A mng. 4a-3') Borger Esarh. 83 r. 25; MU-šú aj immašu ana dūr dāru RA 16 126 r. top (NB kudurru); ina Esagil . . . šu-mi ina damiqtim ana dār lizzakir let my name be favorably pronounced in Esagil forever CH xl 93, cf. MU-šu ina damiqti izzakkar CT 39 4:35 (SB Alu), and passim in apod., also BMS 12:120; *šum-šu izzakkar* his name will be mentioned (contrast: šum-šu immassik) YOS 10 54 r. 23, also 31 (OB physiogn.), cf. ina KA NU ZU MU-ŠÚ MU Labat Calendrier § 45:10: šu-um-ka u zikirka ina Ebabbarim ša tarammu lu dāri may your name endure in Ebabbar which you love CT 4 12a:11 (OB let.); have the king think it over so that he comes here and exempts Babylon for Marduk (from taxes) MU-kunu ana dārâ[ti] ina Esagil u Ezida your (pl.) name (will remain) forever in Esagil and Ezida ABL 1431 r. 15, see Landsberger Brief n. 52; note with the connotation to summon, to address: ina MU-ia ilsânnima (in my dream the Great Star) called me by name VAB 4 278 vi 36 (Nbn.); RN šar kiš: šati šum-ni izkur Sargon, king of the world, has summoned(?) us VAS 12 193:18 (šar tamhāri); ša . . . qibīssu u zikir MU-šú la išhutuma (Samaš-ibni?) who did not fear his (Marduk's) command and his summons(?) (lit. the mention of his name) Borger Esarh. 32:11.

d' in idiomatic use -1" with hasāsu, hissatu: ištu ilam taršī matima ina šīm 15 šE kaspim šu-mi ul tahsusi ever since you (fem.) became affluent, you have not sent me a present (lit. mentioned my name) of even (as little as) 15 grains of silver YOS 2 15:11, cf. [h]i-sà-at [š]u-mi-

šumu 1d šumu 1d

ki ul [ušā] bilakki [šum] ma PN taṭarradiššu hi-sà-at šu-mi-ki ušabbalakkimma I did not send you a present, if you send PN to me, I will send you a present Kraus, AbB 5 171:29 and 33; matima hissat šu-mi-ia [ul t]aḥsusima OBT Tell Rimah 119:10, cf. mamman ša hissat šu-mi-šu la tušābilim ul ibašši ibid. 16.

2" with zakāru, zikru: ana šarrim . . . aḥdūma şubātam ša kīma [lub]uštika aqīšma šu-mi ul izkur I gladly presented to the king a garment which is as (fine as) your attire, but he did not order a gratuity to be given to me ARM 10 39:32; zikir šu-mi-ka. . . uštābilakkum I sent you a present Kraus, AbB 5 220:31; mimma zikir šu-mi-im ša šūbulānu ina āl dūrāni nizzi: bamma Bagh. Mitt. 2 56 i 19, cf. kīma bītum annûm libbam gamram ittika ītawû u zikir šu-mi-ka irammu since this (royal) house speaks with you wholeheartedly and loves to mention your name ibid. 59 iv 24; anāku ul ašapparakkum u atta šu-mi ul tazakkar Kraus AbB 1 106:10; inūma illikam šu-mi izkur when he came he greeted me with a present TLB 4 22:35, kīma šu-mi-ia zakāri Kraus, AbB 10 55:11, and passim in OB letters, see Kraus, RA 65 99 ff.

d) with reference to recording a name in writing -1' for posterity:  $man\bar{a}ma \, MU$ RN . . . ušassakuma . . . MU-su išakkanuma whoever removes the name of Rīmuš and places his (own) name there AfO 20 55 r. iv 23 and 30, also UET 1 276 i 2, 12, 19 and 21; me. te.ni ì.šid: MU-su u-sa-mi-id (see emēdu mng. 5a) AfO 20 68 r. xiii 17 (Rīmuš): lú mu.sa.ra.ba ... šu ib.te.ri.ia mu.ni.im im.sar.ri.ia : ša šu-mi šat= ram . . . ipaššituma «du-ú» u mu.ni.imšu išattaru TIM 9 35: 14 f.; šumma . . . šu-mi šatram ipšitma šum-šu ištatar if he erases my written name and writes his name (instead) CH xlii 33 and 35, cf.  $[\S a]$  . . .  $\S um$ - $\S u$ pišit šu-mi šutur iqabbû MARI 3 63 No. 11: 8 f., cf. su-mi su-tur JAOS 88 57 6N-T658 iii 3. see Veenhof, BiOr 28 349; ša... MU šaţra ipaš: šituma MU-šu išattaru AKA 106 viji 69 f.

(Tigl. I), also Streck Asb. 244:63, 248:82, and passim; ša . . . šu-mi ušassakuma šum-šu išattaru who removes my name and writes his own name AOB 1 24 v 16f. (Šamši-Adad I), also Weidner Tn. 29 No. 16 i 128, and passim, see nasāku A mng. 5a; ša šu-ma ša šarri RN ipeššitma šu-un-šu ilappatu whoever erases the name of king RN and writes his (own) name MDP 11 pl. 3 No. 2:3 and 5; ми šaţra ina ašrišu lutēr let him return my inscribed name to its place KAH 2 84:131 (Adn. II), also AKA 159:4, 246 v 25 (Asn.); let him return my inscription to its place u mu-šu itti mu-ia lilţur and write his own name along with mine AKA 105 viii 59 (Tigl. I), also Borger Esarh. 76:21, cf. mannu ša ... MU-šú itti MU-ia išaţţaru 4R 56 iv "50" (Asb. colophon);  $\delta a \dots MU RN \dots u \delta p \hat{e} =$ luma šu-me šarri šanâmma inambû he who changes the name of Assurbanipal and names another king KAR 361 r. 6f. and dupl. KAR 105 r. 9 f.; šu-mu ša šarri bēlija ina muhhi ni-iš-tur let us write the name of the king my lord on it (the limestone block) ABL 628:8 (NA); šu-um šar[rim el= šu] nu šatir the name of the king is written on them (the gates?) BiOr 30 362:51, also ibid. 50 (OB lit.); zikir MU-ia . . . itti MU-šú sēruššu lišturma JAOS 38 169 r. 10 and 12. also WO 8 44:9' (Asb.); for nibīt šumi, see nibītu mng. 2b.

- 2' for personal identification: kunuk uqnî ša šu-mi-ia a lapis lazuli seal with my name ARM 10 95 r. 7'; ša aban šu-mi-ia [ubl]akkim who brought you the (seal) stone with my name TIM 2 20:21, see Cagni, AbB 8 20; kunuk šiţir MU-šú ik: nukma (the king) sealed it with a seal inscribed with his name VAS 1 37 iv 54 (NB kudurru), and see kunukku mng. 1c; ina limme šatti MU-a(var. -ia)-ma in the eponym year named after me AKA 288 i 99 (Asn.), also 3R 7 f. ii 13 and 67 (Shalm. III).
- 3' other occs.: zikir šu-um ša Ninkarrak... ṣēri kalbi šaṭirma the name of DN was written on the figurine of a dog VAB 4 144 ii 18 (Nbk.); MU.MEŠ-šú-nu ina

šumu 1e šumu 1e

šumēlišunu tašattar you write their names on their left side KAR 32:9, cf. ibid. 10ff., also KAR 298:4, LKU 33 r. 35; passi ša tiddi teppuš mu-šu tašattar you make a clay doll, you write its name (on it) KAR 178 r. vi 24; amēlu ša MU-šú ina nijāri annā *šatru* the man whose name is written on this papyrus Knudtzon Gebete 116 r. 9, and passim in oracle queries; MU.MEŠ-šu-nu...la šatru their names (of all the other animals) were not recorded AKA 142 iv 32 (Tigl. I); ina sadīri MU-šu-nu ul imbi (see sadīru mng. 2b) Hunger Kolophone 321:16; implements ša nibīt mu-šú-nu ana šatāri la tābu (see nibītu mng. 2b) TCL 3 364 (Sar.).

e) with reference to registering in someone's name -1' silver, merchandise (OA) - a' in gen.: x silver  $\delta a \dots PN$  and PN₂ iddinuma šu-mì tamkārim waddû which PN gave to PN2, and which is marked with the name of the merchant ICK 2 103A 6: šu-mì la tuwaddâ šu-mì tamkārim waddia do not make known my name, make known the name of the merchant CCT 4 41b: 16 f., cf. (also with waddû) MVAG 35/3 No. 332:18 (= Hecker Giessen 13), BIN 4 32:21, CCT 4 40a: 27, BIN 6 241: 10, and passim, see idû mng. 4a, and Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 41 ff.; X silver ša šu-mì tamkārim laptuma which is recorded in the name of the merchant ICK 1 38b:12, also CCT 5 2b:8, CCT 1 22a:2, 45:26, TCL 20 90:6, TCL 21 244A:21; x gold ina naruq PN šu-mì PN2 PN3 ilput PN3 wrote down in the business venture of PN in the name of PN₂ TCL 21 244A:4, cf. (gold) ša i-narug PN išti ummeānī PN, šu-um-šu il= putu CCT 5 2b:26; šu-mì lilputma . . . šuum-kà nilappat ICK 1 184:42 and 45; silver ina tuppim šu-mi tamkārim nilput TCL 4 28:27: ibbīt kārim šu-ma lupta in the office of the  $k\bar{a}ru$  enter (the five percent) (on) my(?) name TuM 1 2b:32, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 286.

b' ana šumi on someone's account: 1 mana kaspam a-šu-mì ilim irraminika malli pay in full one mina of silver from your own (account) to the god's TCL 4 26:32, cf. BIN 4 104:6; luqūtum a-šu-mì PN eglam ettiq the merchandise will go overland on PN's account (i.e., at PN's risk) TCL 14 70:9, also CCT 1 1a:11, BIN 6 247:13, ICK 278:4 and 9, KT Hahn 24:11, BIN 4194:14 and 17, cf. (the textiles) ana šu-mì-kà annānum eglam ettiqu u kasapšunu ana šumì-kà-ma ettigam CCT 5 46b: 10 ff.; liwītum a-šu-mì-šu-nu-ma ihalliq the loss of the wrapping will also be charged to their account CCT 1 24a:19, cf. išallimu ihal=  $liqu \ a-\check{s}u-m\grave{\imath}-k\grave{\alpha}-ma \ \mathrm{CCT} \ 1 \ 50:9; \ \mathbf{x} \ kaspum$ ša a-šu-mì PN ana PN, ašquluma ver which I paid to PN2 to the account of PN CCT 2 10:55,  $\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA  $a-\check{s}u-m\grave{i}-k\grave{a}$ ašqulma TCL 19 32:21, also BIN 4 130:9, CCT 3 12a:8 and 10, TCL 20 111:22, CCT 1 29:33, 42a: 20; x kaspam a-šu-mì-ka PN irraminišu ušaggil VAT 13459:23; x kaspam PN a-šumì-ka işabbat PN will seize x silver on your account CCT 4 3b: 8, also ibid. 4b: 26; ša ana sibtim a-šu-mì PN talgeani (silver) which you (pl.) borrowed on the account of PN CCT 4 10b:6; x şubātī ana bīt kārim a-šumì PN niddin TCL 20 158:10; you know mala . . . a-šu-mì-kà kaspam lapputākuni TCL 19 73:51; a-šu-mì PN 1 mana weriam šēbilam send me one mina of copper on PN's account BIN 4 40:11; ša a-šu-mì abišuma whatever is in his father's name BIN 4 74:8: a-šu-mì tuppim annîm abuka ana abini ušēbilam lu tuppī abuka . . . ana nabšîm ēzibu (whether) your father sent (silver) to our father according to the account of this tablet or whether your father gave tablets as deposits CCT 1 45:30; šum= ma...a-na šu-mì kaspišunu luqūtam ikal= lû if they hold back merchandise on account of their silver CCT 4 29a: 18, cf. a-šumì kaspim annîm tuppam . . . addiššunūti because of this silver I gave them a tablet (with obligations) KT Hahn 19:24, a-šumì kaspim . . . ša addinakkunni KTS 2b:7; (silver) a-na šu-mì luqūtika akla I held back to the account of your merchandise C 18:18; exceptionally in OB: ana šu-mi-ika 8 še gur . . . ana zíd.še pn ušamdid šumu 1e šumu 2b

I had eight gur of barley measured out for PN's flour on your account TIM 2 103:4.

2' in cadasters, personnel records - a' ina tuppi šu-mi išturu they entered my name in the cadaster TCL 7 69:19, cf. mala ina tuppi ilkātim šu-mi PN . . . išassû wherever in the tablets of ilku duty they read the name of PN OECT 3 39:8; šum PN ušapšitma šum-šu . . . ušaš= tir he had the name of PN erased and his own name inscribed TCL 7 15:11f. (all OB letters); šum-šu-nu ina tuppāt šūt rēšim lisbatu let them add their names in the register of the attendants ARM 14 66:39; ša šu-me PN . . . ina pī tuppi šiāti šaknu (a debt note) in which tablet the name of ¹PN is entered KAJ 165:4 (MA); gabbišunu uptahhir ana šu-ma-a-ti assaṭar ana pan šarri bēlija ussēbila I assembled them all; listed them by name, and sent them to the king, my lord ABL 212:7, also, wr. MU. MEŠ-ni-šú-nu assa[tar] ABL 537:13, MU. MEŠ-šú-nu ina libbi egirti šutur Iraq 25 73 No. 66:8 (all NA); uncert.: canals, plows, and agricultural workers libbû ša ina mu.meš ina gittāni ša sepīri šatari as they are listed by name(?) in the tablets of the scribe BE 9 80:6, cf. libbû ša šaţāra ina MU.MEŠ-Š $\acute{u}$ -nu BRM 2 17:14, also 16 (both NB).

b' ana šumi (NB): ša rittašu ana MU PN šatratu (a slave) whose hand was inscribed with PN's name Nbn. 666: 3, also BRM 2 2:2 and 4, Wr. šu-um Dar. 492:2, ša ritti imittišu ana šu-mu ša fpn šatratu u ritti šumēlišu ana šu-mu ša fPN2 šatratu whose right hand is inscribed with the name of PN and left hand with the name of PN₂ VAS 5 126:3f., also BRM 2 25:2f., and passim in NB, see šatāru v. mng. 1d; ša šindu ana MU šá PN našâta (a black cow) which carries a mark in the name of PN BE 9 20:2, also VAS 6 135:1;  $am\bar{e}lu\ ša\ldots tuppa\ ana\ šu-mi$ ša mamma iknukuma a man who has sealed a document in the name of somebody (else) SPAW 1889 828 (pl. 7) ii 5 (NB laws); tuppu ša PN ana šu-mi-šú iknuku Nbn.

85:10, also Nbn. 293:6, cf. šipirtu ša sepīru ša ana šu-mu ša PN šatratu YOS 7 19:11; silver ša ina u'ilti . . . ana šu-mu ša PN šatru TCL 12 43:35; ša ana mu ša PN u'ilti e-le-ti (dates) concerning which a document was drawn up in the name of PN VAS 3 202:2, also VAS 4 38:6; silver ša ana šu-um ša PN u'ilti i'ilu Evetts Ev.-M. 16:6, cf. BRM 1 66:7, and passim; adi zēri ša PN ana šu-mu-šú ana šu-mu ša ^fPN₂ aššatišu u ana šu-mu ša mamma šanâm: ma mahīra īpuš (see mahīru mng. 4d-3') Dar. 379:55f.; shares of a prebend ina šu-mu ša PN agâ ana kaspi ina qāt PN, imhur (which) he (PN₃) had purchased in this PN's name from PN₂ TCL 13 243:11, also BRM 2 24:13.

**2.** fame, reputation – a) with  $i \hat{s} \hat{u}$ ,  $ra \hat{s} \hat{u}$ : bīt Mari šu-ma-am išû u bīt Qatanim šuma-am išû the (royal) house of Mari is famous, and the (royal) house of Qatanum is famous too ARM 1 77:9f., cf. PN abu šu-ma-am irši [mārū] kalušunu šu-ma-am  $i\check{s}\hat{u}$  ibid. 76:16f.;  $kabtum\ \check{s}a\ \check{s}u$ -ma-am  $i\check{s}\hat{u}$ ibbašši an important person who is famous will appear YOS 10 24:3, cf.  $\bar{a}l$  $p\bar{a}tika \, \delta a \, \delta u$ -ma-am  $i\delta \hat{u}$  ibid. 44:15 (OB ext.): amīlu šû lu zikar lu sinniš mu tuk-ši that person, whether man or woman, will become famous CT 38 36:70; bītu šû MU damigti TUK-ši that house will acquire a good reputation CT 39 49:19 (both SB Alu); inūma kīma rabi amurrim ištēn šu-ma-am araššû when I will acquire a unique(?) name as rabi amurrim VAS 16 63 r. 13; MU TUK-ši he will become famous CT 4 5:20 (hemer.).

b) with leqû: bārû šum damiqtim ileqqe the diviner will become renowned RA 27 149:1, also, wr. šu-mi damiqtim YOS 10 46 iv 18 (OB ext.), wr. MU damiqti CT 28 43:11, CT 30 44 83-1-18,415:6, CT 31 10 ii 9, TCL 62:21, LÚ.ḤAL(!) šu-ma-am ileqqe YOS 10 18:45; note atartu: zakār šu-mu: šumma sikkat ṣēli ša imitti ištêt atrat um: mānī MU SAL.SIG5 ileqqe (see atāru mng. 1a-5') CT 20 39:5, also (with zuqqurtu, q.v.)

šumu 2c šumu 2c

ibid. 6; the king §u-ma-am ileqqe KAR 212 i 37, see Labat Calendrier § 38:1; ummānī MU damiqti [ileqqe] my army will become famous KAR 422 r. 10f. (SB ext.), also Labat Suse 7:28; he said: Cut off my head and take it to your king leqe MU damiq[ti] acquire fame! AfO 8 182 ii 7 (Asb. epigraph); see also leqû mng. 1e-3'.

c) with  $\delta ak\bar{a}nu$ :  $i\delta k[un] \delta u$ -um- $\delta u$  Pettinato, Archives of Ebla p. 25:19 (Ibbit-Lim of Ebla), see Lambert, RA 75 95; šu-mi rabêm u narīja ina māt Lab'an . . . lu aškun I established my great fame and my stelas in the land Laban AOB 1 24 iv 12 (Samši-Adad I); šākin šu-mi-im ina nišē uhhurāti (Gilgāmeš?) who established (his) fame among later generations MDP 27 210 (school text), cf. šu-ma ša dārû anāku luštaknam I will establish everlasting fame for myself Gilg. Y. v 187, also Gilg. IV vi 39; amīlu šû MU  $i\check{s}akkan$  CT 39 6 K.9665:8 (SB Alu); MU  $\grave{u}$ (text Hul) išdīļu iššakkanšu fame and fortune will be provided for him 1396:14, see Parpola LAS No. 71, and see šakānu mng. 5a (šumu b).

d) with damāqu, damqu, banû: šu-umka damiq your reputation is good Kraus AbB 1 52:32;  $\delta a$  DN u DN₂  $\delta u$ -um- $\delta u$  udam= m[iqu] (see  $dam\bar{a}qu$  mng. 2b) TCL 18 150:2 (both OB letters); ina elâti šum-šu lidmiq above (on earth) may he be well remembered, (below may his spirit drink clear water) VAS 1 54:15 (funerary text); šu-umšu lidmiq Limet Sceaux Cassites 7.12:6; MUka ina panija tudammiq you earned yourself a good reputation with me ABL 523 r. 5, cf. šu-mì ina pan bēli[ja] lu de'iq ABL 885:6, cf. also ABL 561:14 and r. 13; MU.NI idammiqhis reputation will improve Köcher BAM 194 viii 11, also CT 39 3:4 (SB Alu); DN ina s[u]-mi damq[i]m lilabbirkunūti may DN let you (pl.) reach old age in honor CT 52 168: 1, also Kraus AbB 1 15: 2, PBS 7 122: 2; Uruk kalušu hadi u kīma šu-mi-ka damqi ikarrabukum all Uruk is glad, and they bless you because of your good reputation Bagh. Mitt. 2 58 iii 20; ina GN lu šu-mu-um

damqu ša bēlija kâta may there be good repute for you, my lord, in GN CT 2 48:33, see Frankena, AbB 2 86; šu-ma-am damqam . . . lišrukakkum may (Marduk) grant you a good reputation PBS 7 84:2 (all OB letters), for other refs. see damqu adj. mng. 1a; banî šu-me(var. -mi)-ia qibi order a good reputation for me BMS 19:22, var. from PBS 1/1 17:20; kî nimuttu ina MU babbanî nimūt if we have to die we will die honorably ABL 520 r. 5, also ABL 301 r. 6; MU-ga (i.e., šunga) agâ ša ina panīja banû ABL 290 r. 20, cf. šu-un-ku-nu ša ina panija u ina pan mātāti gabbu banû la tuba'aša do not sully your reputation which is good in my eyes and the eyes of all countries ABL 301:20, cf. ibid. 12 (all NB).

e) other occs.: abum kî šu-mì-šu man= num lu ide who knows whether the father is as (good as) his name CCT 3 8b:24, cf. ahī atta a-wa-tum kî šu-mì-šu šaṣṣir CCT 5 22c:17; kaspam 10 ma.na ina bītim ammîm šulhamma lu šu-um-kà (see ša=lāhu mng. 1c) CCT 2 30:13, ef. ana sik=katim larkabma lu šu-um-kà Kalley Coll. C 1:9. alākika lērubma lu šu-um-kà VAT 9212:27; mala ina bāb abullim la abâšu  $lu \& u-um-k \grave{a}$  CCT 2 1:34 (all OA); uncert.: ubaštum u šu-mu-um jâti I will achieve dignity and good reputation Jankowska KTK 18:4'(OA); šumma amtaqut šu-mi lušziz even if I fall I will establish my fame Gilg. Y. iv 148; Ina-dAššur-MU-asbat Through-Aššur-I-Became-Famous (name of an eponym) Weidner Tn. 14 No. 6:43, cf. ABL 1285:23 (NA); I erected salam šarrūtija mukin MU-ia my royal statue which makes my fame permanent Iraq 25 52:13, also 3R 7 ii 8 (Shalm. III); issi šamê u qaqqiri MU-ka Aššur luke'in CT 53 31:21, see Parpola LAS No. 129: Gilgāmeš ša šu-um-šu it= tanambala mātātum whose fame all countries spread Gilg. Y. v 182; [ša ina] alāla tābi ušēlû mu-ka (see alāla usage b) Gilg. VIII i 24, from STT 15:15, see JCS 8 92; eli šarrāni ša kibrāt arba'i mu rabîš lušarbû (when Aššur) made my fame far greater

šumu 3a šumu 3b

than that of all the world's kings AKA 268 i 41 (Asn.); ana šarri ša tarammuma tanambû zikiršu . . . tušteššer šu-um-šu (see ešēru mng. 12d) VAB 4 122 i 59 (Nbk.); šum-šu u zi= kiršu ina mātim la šubšâm . . . ligbi (see zikru A mng. 4b-1') CH xlii 76; šu-mu ša ababišu . . . lu la ihalliq let the memory of my(!) grandfather (and his service) not be lost ABL 885 r. 11 (NA); jānu šu-um*šu ina gabbi māti* all over the land his fame is gone EA 147:47, contrasted with šu-um-šu ana dārīti ibid. 51; kīma lamin MU-ka ana panī šarri (I know) that your reputation with the king is bad EA 97:5; šu-ú tābtika . . . rabâta great is the fame of your good deeds CT 22 129:5, also ibid. 146:9 (both NB letters); you have surpassed all your former deeds ša ana muhhi šume-iá ramanga [it] ti šanê ša Aššur Marduk taprus (see šanû B adj.) ABL 539:12 (NB); eli šarri ālik mahri ušātir mu-šu made him more famous than (any) king preceding him Hinke Kudurru ii 7, cf. Šum-May-He-Become-Very-Fa*šu-li-te-er* mous YOS 13 279:9, Šum-šu-nu-wa-tár Dalley Edinburgh 44:10, UET 5 569:4, abbr. (?) Su-um- $\check{s}u$ -nu YOS 13 112:15,  $\check{S}um$ - $\check{s}u$ -nuibid. 218:4, and passim in OB; note awīl šu-miim a famous man ARM 1 90:22; šīr šume-em (or emend to  $\delta u - \langle ul \rangle$ -me-em, see imna) ARM 5 65:35; šumma āl šu-mi-im ina wāšibim u samukānē urrad (see samu:  $k\bar{a}n\bar{u}$ ) RA 35 49 No. 27b:1, cf. be-al šume-em ibid. 48 No. 24a:2 (early OB Mari liver models).

3. (as pronoun, prep., and conj.) any, because (of) — a) (with pron. suffix) as indefinite pronoun — 1' alone: subātam šu-um-šu mamman ana rabi simmiltim la iddan nobody must give any textile to the rabi simmiltim TuM 1 21c:3; unūtam šu-um-šu ša ibbītim ibaššiu any tool which exists in the house CCT 3 14:7 (both OA); ana bīt ilim šu-um-šu-ú la illak she should not go to any temple BIN 7 38:28 (OB let.); ša . . . šarrum šum-šu ālam la īpušu (I built a city) which no king had built

Kramer AV 302:39, cf. awīlūtum šum-ša any person Syria 32 16 v 11 (both Jahdunlim), zikaram šum-šu any man ARM 4 24:12; tuppum šu-um-šu any tablet TCL 21 264A:14, mera' PN ajum šu-um-šu ina tup: pim luptam write me what the situation is concerning the son of PN Kienast ATHE 60:33 (both OA);  $r\bar{e}\check{s}\bar{e}\ i\check{s}kari\ \bar{a}\check{s}ip\bar{u}ti$  . . . naphar MU.N[E] all incipits of the incantation series KAR 44:1; note the phrase awīlum u šumšu "in detail, item by item" or the like: tuppi awīlim u šum-šu ša ubbibu ana ṣēr bēlija ušābilam I sent to my lord an itemized tablet of all whom I mustered ARM 14 64:3, also ARM 6 77:16. ARM 3 37:8, ARM 5 51:10; ana mīnim mal uš= tanabbalakkim lu še'um lu kaspum lu šam: num ţābum lu šipātum awīlam u šu-um-šu ina tuppim la tašattarimma why do you not write down itemized whatever I send you, be it barley, silver, fine oil, or wool Kraus AbB 1 130:26.

2' in mimma šumšu: mimma šu-umšu la upazziru (I swear) that I have not hidden anything ABIM 35:7, cf. ana . . . mimma šu-um-šu ul awat ibid. 20 (OB let.); inaddin . . . mimmi šum-ši-šu he gives everything MRS 6 68 RS 16.269:5, also ibid. 101 RS 15.138+ : 3, mimmi šum-ši-ša ibid. 146 RS 16.153:5: mudû mimma MU-šú (var. šum-šú) (Šamaš) who knows everything KAR 80:20 and dupl., also 1R 35 No. 2:3 (Adn. III); muštēšir kal mimma šum-šú he who keeps everything in order OECT 6 pl. 5:13; [uš] tagmir kullat mimma šum-šú Kraus AV 198 III 37 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn); níg.nam. kal.la: mimma šum-šú agra (if the king buys) anything valuable Hunger Uruk 85 r. 11f. (bil. omens); níg.nam mu.ne (var. níg.nam mu.zu): mimma šum-šú ZA 62 70:3 (bil. prayer); note mimmu šu-unšum- $\mathcal{S}u$ - $\mathcal{I}[a]$  Lacheman AV 386 No. 6:10 (Nuzi); for other refs. from OA on, see mimma lex. section and usage b-1'a'-1".

b) (after ana) as prep. "because of, as for": ša... ana šu-mi erretišu šaniam ušahhazu he who, because of (fear of)

šumu 3c šumu 4b

its (the inscription's) curses, instigates another (to efface the inscription) Sumer 34 125:30 (Ur III?); a- $\delta u$ -mi tuppim . . . a- $\delta u$ mì mer'išu tašpuranni you wrote to me about the tablet, and about his sons CCT 4 46a: 3 and 5; a-šu-mì amtim PN išpuram= ma PN wrote to me about the slave girl CCT 3 25:32, a-šu-mì annikim ša tašpuranni TCL 14 7:7, miššu ša a-šu-mi bītim taš: puranni KTS 3c:16, and passim in OA; a-šumì-ni šuhut libbim la tallaka do not walk around in anger because of us KTS 4b: 25; aşşēr abiki a-šu-mì-ki ana šēşuiki aštap: ram BIN 6 104:7; awatam ištēn a-šu-mì-a qarrib TCL 19 52:23; annakam PN a-šumì kīam sahir PN is delayed here for that reason CCT 2 35:28, cf. ana šu-mì la sahārika in order not to delay you BIN 4 51:47; a-šu-mì ša PN ša tašpuranni BIN 6 201:23, KT Blanckertz 6:3, TCL 4 28:19, and passim in OA; for refs. from other periods, see aššum prep.

- c) (after ana) as conj.: a-šu-mì kaspam la tušēbilani because you (pl.) did not send me silver TCL 19 29:33; a-šu-mì têrtī u anāku errabani so that my message or I myself will arrive KT Hahn 13:21, a-šu-mì ana qīptim taddinušinani BIN 6 26:18, cf. BIN 6 11:16, BIN 4 10:21; a-šu-mì uzakka apte'u because I informed you Kienast ATHE 43:5; a-šu-mì-i iṣṣērija awâtum ša mal'a šamā'ē nad'ani because affairs as huge as the skies lie upon me RA 51 6 HG 75:11 (all OA); for refs. from other periods, see aššum conj.
- 4. offspring a) in curses: aplam u MU aj iddinušum may (the gods) grant him neither heir nor son Sumer 34 125:58 (Ur III?), also UET 1 276 ii 21 and dupl. UET 8 13 iv 6 (Narām-Sin); DN . . . aplam līṭiršuma šu-ma-am aj ušaršīšu CH xliv 45, cf. MU aj ušaršūšu MDP 6 p. 47:3 (MB kudurru); šāšu MU.NI u zērašu aj ušabšū may (the gods) deprive him, his offspring, and his progeny of existence BBSt. No. 4 iv 8; Ninurta bēl apli šu-ú-mi u kudurri aplam nāq mê līķimšuma (see kudurru C usage b) MDP 2

pl. 23 vii 7 (both MB); Adad . . . MU lissuh may Adad remove (his) progeny Unger Reliefstele 32;  $\delta u$ -ma- $\delta u$  u  $z\bar{e}r\bar{e}\delta u$   $lihal\langle li\rangle qu$ may (the great gods) destroy his son and his offspring Smith Idrimi 97, cf. ilānu MU-šu lihalliq MRS 6 105 RS 15.109+ :57, cf. also MDP 2 pl. 17 iii 25, MDP 6 pl. 10 vi 24, and passim in kudurrus; MU-šu (var. šu-um-šu) zērašu . . . ina māti luḥalliqu may they destroy his offspring and progeny in the land AKA 11 r. 34 (Adn. I), see AOB 1 66:52, also AOB 1 124 edge 7 (Shalm. I), Weidner Tn. 29 No. 16:145, AKA 108 viii 88 (Tigl. I), and passim in Ass. royal insers., wr. šu-uš-šú u zērašu 4R 12 r. 32: MU-šú zērašu ina māti lišēlû KAR 143 r. 25 (colophon); for other refs. see zēru mng. 4a-2'; note in letters and leg.: Jupiter, Venus, etc. Mu-šú lihalliqu ABL 1169 r. 1 (NB), cf. MU  $z\bar{e}ru\ \check{s}a\ PN\ldots lihliq$ may the offspring (and) progeny of PN perish ABL 1217 r. 9 (NA), cf. also (directed at the violator of a contract) VAS 521:33 (NB leg.).

b) in personal names: Šu-mu-um-li-si May-a-Son-Come-Out YOS 13 90 r. 21, 94:11 (OB); mdDa.mu.mu.Aš.hé.gál: Gula- $\delta u - m \hat{i} - e - di - lib \delta i$  (see  $\bar{e}du$  usage a - 1') 5R 44 ii 19, see JCS 11 12; DN-nādin-šu-ú VAS 3 9:4, for other refs. see Stamm Namengebung 139 and 217; Nabû-Mu-libūr O-Nabû-May-the-Son-Stay-in-Good-Health Nbn. 776:13 and see Brinkman PKB 147 n. 883; Šamaš-MU-līšir O-DN-May-the-Son-Prosper CT 53 141:2, and passim, see Stamm Namengebung 155, Saporetti Onomastica 2 162 f., Tallqvist APN 161;  $B\bar{e}l$ -MU-taqqin ADD App. 1 v 20 (NA); DN-MU-ukin YOS 17 132:4, and passim, abbr. MU-ukīn ibid. 300:8, etc., see Stamm Namengebung 143f.; Šu-mu-um-libši Let-There-Be-a-Son YOS 13 206:5, and passim, see Saporetti Onomastica 1 471ff., Stamm Namengebung 148, note: MU-TUK- $\dot{s}i$  (=  $u\dot{s}ab\dot{s}i$ ?) BIN 2 110:13, also UET 4 13:34 (NB); uncert.: MU-li-ir-bi Iraq 30 pl. 58 TR 3003:9, see Saporetti Onomastica 1 473; Ana-šu-mi-ialiblut TLB 1 229:11; Nu-mi-i-li-ia VAS 13 3:3, VAS 16 197:7 and 14, cf. Su-mi-i-li-SuTCL 1 220:15, 183:11 (all OB),  $Su_4$ -mu- $\cancel{E}$ -a

šumu 4c šumu 5e

RSO 32 93 edge 10 (OAkk.), for Su-mu-DN see MAD 3 274 and Stamm Namengebung 261.

- c) other occs.: šu-mu u til.til.la  $l\bar{\imath}\dot{s}ir(G_{1}\dot{s})$  may (his) offspring and . . . . prosper RA 16 71 No. 5:6, see Limet Sceaux Cassites 7.21, cf. šu-um-šu iššir his offspring will prosper Kraus Texte 62:13; ina panīka šu-mi (var. mu) u pir ī līšir may my offspring and progeny prosper before your eyes BMS 12:75; ilšu mu tuk-šú his god will provide him with a descendant KAR 389 b (p. 351) ii 4, also KAR 386 r. 35 (SB Alu); Nabû u Marduk mu u zēru ana šarri bēlija li[qīšu] ABL 923:5 (NA): for other refs. see zēru mng. 4a-1'; biltī usuhma šu-ma šuknanni (see biltu mng. 1c) Bab. 12 pl. 3:40 and 6:16 (SB Etana); note *šu-mu ṭābu Nabû* (referring to Nabû's name  $Mu.d\dot{u}g.ga.sa_4.a$ ) BMS 11:32.
- 5. line, item, entry -a) in summaries: 24 MU.BI 24 are its lines RA 32 180:25 (OB); ŠU.NIGIN 3 ŠU MU.BI.IM Ai. VI colophon; 5 MU.BI šīlum five lines concerning "hole" KAR 150 r. 15; X MU.BI.IM CT 39 22:19, also x MU.ŠID.BI.IM passim, see Hunger Kolophone p. 177; X MU.DIDLI TCL 6 16 r. 52, also x MU.DIDLI.AM CT 20 50:7, and passim, MU.DIDLI.IM CT 40 5:40; 21 MU. MEŠ ištu libbi... nasha 21 lines excerpted from (followed by incipit) CT 27 47: 22 (Izbu), and passim; 11 MU.MEŠ rigmu eleven lines concerning thunder ACh Adad 22:6; naphar 72 MU.MEŠ KAR 152 r. 35; X MU.MEŠ BAR. MEŠ x non-canonical lines CT 283:17,4:12, MU.MEŠ ša ina bārûti BAR.MEŠ CT 30 28 K.11711:7, 43 Bu. 89-4-26,171 r. 7, and passim, see ahû mng. 2b; uncert.: MU.MU NU UR. A.ME (see mitharu mng. 1a-2') Iraq 26 15:23 (chron.).
- b) as heading in lists: MU.BI.IM PBS 8/2 126:1, MU.NI.IM Holma Zehn altbabylonische Tontafeln 3:1 (OB), PBS 2/2 15:2, 19:3, Wr. MU.NE Peiser Urkunden 100:5, TuM NF 5 11:1, 12:1, and passim in MB, note MU.DIL. DIL various entries (standing in lieu of names of recipients) ibid. 11:6, 12:6, PBS 2/2 56:6, Ni.2243:6, Ni.6967:6, Ni.8716:6, UM

- 29-15-184:6, CBS 11701 iv 8 (all MB, courtesy J. A. Brinkman); MU.NI (in heading of a list of items) UET 4 119:1, 123:2, 124:3, 129:1, 143:1, AnOr 9 2:2, Wr. MU.NE ibid. 34, GCCI 2 317:2, etc., MU-nu VAS 6 10:1 (all NB); note PN 2 LÚ MU.NI (opposed to LÚ.DILI lines 12 ff.) HSS 13 262:8, 9, 15, LÚ.MEŠ MU. NI ibid. 5.
- c) introducing another protasis or apodosis of an omen: ša-nu šum-šu another omen for it (variant apodosis follows) YOS 10 18:63, also, wr. MU.NI KI. MIN ibid. 58 r. 10 (OB); šanû MU.NI RA 68 63 K.2092 ii 1, also LKU 133:2, CT 31 44 r.(!) ii 4, and passim in SB omens, see šanû A adj. mng. 1b-5'; also with several variants, e.g., šalšu MU. NI LKU 133:4, šeššu MU.NI CT 31 9 r.(!) ii 11, 10 iii 1, 9-ú MU.NI CT 31 44 obv.(!) i 9, cf. RA 68 62 i 2 ff., 63 ii 1 ff., and passim in SB ext., note šanîš MU.NI CT 30 19 r.(!) ii 6.
- d) referring to explanations in commentaries: [ina sât]i MU.NI qabi in the commentary, its explanation is given (as follows) CT 28 46 K.8100:16, also ACh Sin 3:82, TCL 6 5 r. 41, (with ina lišāni) RA 68 65 iii 12 (SB ext.); šumma ina sâtu MU.NI ana amārika if you are to look up its explanation in a commentary TCL 6 5 r. 32, also CT 31 40 iii 12, 12 ii 18 and 22; BE-ma šu-ma-a-ti ši-bi u mukallimti ša ubāni ana amārika CT 30 48 r. 13, also Boissier DA 11 i 1, TCL 6 6 iii 9, CT 20 23 r. 4, CT 51 156 r. 13.
- e) lines on a tablet (in a concrete sense): āmiršu MU hepā lišallim may its (the tablet's) reader restore any broken line STT 174 r. 11, also 177 r. 11 (colophon); MU (var. šu-mi) šaṭra la tapaššiṭ do not erase a written line KAV 218 r. 40, and passim in colophons, see Hunger Kolophone No. 43:8 (Tigl. I); 4 MU.MEŠ GAZ.ME four lines broken A VIII/1:102-105; x MU.MEŠ GUD. UD.MEŠ x lines left out (see šaḥāṭu A discussion section) Studies Albright 346 r. 14, also SBH 26 No. 11 r. 19, 44 No. 21 r. 25, and passim, see SBH p. xvf.; 4 MU uhessir (see hesēru usage e) BBR No. 43:8'.

šumû A šumû A

f) other occs.: eda & u-ma(var. -mu)ul uraddi ina muhhi he (the poet) did not add a single line Cagni Erra V 44, cf. um= mânu ša MU NU GI.GI the scholar who does not change(?) a line TCL 6 37 r. ii 50 (colophon); šu-mu anniu la ša iškari šû (see iškaru A mng. 6a-1') ABL 519 r. 1; ina muhhi šu-mu agâ šarru ma'du lu rahuş the king ought to have much trust in this omen ABL 1006 r. 5 (= Thompson Rep. 268); ina muhhi pišri ša šu-me concerning the interpretation of the omen (about which the king wrote) ABL 355:7, also ibid 14, see Parpola LAS No. 35, cf. ABL 688 r. 8, akî ešrat MU.MEŠ ABL 1277: 12, see Parpola LAS No. 318; šu-mu anniu siliāte šû this line (quoted by a colleague of the writer) is nonsense Thompson Rep. 235 r. 2; annûti MU.MEŠ ša ina muhhi qurbūni these are the omens which are pertinent CT 40 21 K.743 r. 9, cf. anniu šu-u ina muhhi qurbu CT 28 37 K.798 r. 5 (report).

In RA 9 2:19, read  $\S$ E.NUMUN, see  $laq\bar{a}tu$  mng. 1a-2'.

Ad mng. 1c-1'a': Landsberger, ZA 39 289. Ad mng. 1c-2'd': F. R. Kraus, RA 65 99 ff. Ad mng. 3a-1': Landsberger and Balkan, Belleten 14 248 ff.

šumů A (šuwů, šubů, šubāu) s.; roasted meat; Mari, Bogh., MA, SB, NA; wr. syll. and (UZU.) KA.NE (UZU.NE.KA Iraq 21 pl. 14:11 and 26); cf. šamů v.

[uzu].KA.NE = ši-ir šu-me-e, pu-ut-tu-ú Hh. XV 260 f.; uzu.KA.NE, uzu.izi.sìg.ga, uzu.izi.tag.ga, uzu.KA.NE.tab = š[um-mu-u] Nabnitu Q 172 ff.; uzu.KA.NE = šu-wi-i Practical Vocabulary Assur 910; uzu.di[R] = šu-me-e STT 402 iii 7 (comm.).

a) in rit. and hemer.: NINDA še-am itti UZU.KA.NE līkulma let him eat barley bread with roast meat (and drink beer) CT 4 6 r. 7, cf. UZU.KA.NE NU KÚ KAR 177 r. iii 20, 44, and passim in hemer., Wr. UZU šu-me-e ibid. r. i 7, Wr. UZU šu-mi-e (T 51 161 r. 16, UZU.NE.KA Iraq 21 pl. 14:11 and 26; [ana] Aššur UZU šu-bé-e ibbal he presents roasted meat to Aššur van Driel Cult of Aššur 194:16; UZU šu-me-e ikaššaduni

*šarru itabbi* uzu *šu-me-e ibbal* KAR 146 r. i 16 f., cf. ibid. obv. ii 22 and i 22, see Ebeling, Or. NS 21 143 f.; UZU imittu UZU hinşu UZU šu-me-e DUG.A.GÚB.BA tullal you purify the shoulder, the fatty tissue, and the roast meat in a holy water basin 1-20:164, and passim in this text, cf. imittu hinşu ka.ne tarakkas BBR No. 16 r. 7, also KAR 73:10, BBR No. 57:8, Wr. *§u-me-e* Köcher BAM 214 ii 3, Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 227:25; for other refs. see *imittu* C usage b-2'; [UZ]U.KA.NE.MEŠ ina UGU GAR-an you place roast meat on (the golden table) RAcc. 142:387; UZU šu-me-e tutahha AnBi 12 286:97, also, wr. UZU.KA.NE RAcc. 12 f. ii 3, 34, 16 iii 19, and passim, Köcher BAM 234:20, Or. NS 36 22:13, LKA 141 r. 6; UZU. KA.NE . . . ina pan Bēl ikarraruni they place the roasted meat before Bel ZA 52 226:10; UZU.KA.NE tugarrab you offer roast meat BBR No. 60:17, cf. KAR 26 r. 16; naptan u uzu šu-me-e hantūtu ina muhhi našappi hurāsi ana Ani ugarrab (see na: šappu mng. 2) RAcc. 90:24; LUGAL ana UGU GIŠ.BANŠUR [...] iqarrib &u-ba-e [...] ZA 50 196:23' (MA rit.), also (in broken context) ibid. 13', 16', and 26'; LÚ.NAR šu-we-e šuwe-e šu-we-e līkulu izammur the singer sings "Let them eat the roasted meat, the roasted meat, the roasted meat" KAR 146 r.(!) i 20, see Ebeling, Or. NS 21 143 f., cf. [x šu-me-e napīš šu-me-e napīš šu-me-e šáman [...n] a-piš šu-me-e šá min a min šaana Gula ú-šel-tu-[u] (see šetû mng. 2) LKA 20:30f.

- b) in econ.: UZU šu-we-e ša 1 GUD S.133,177, cited ARMT 21 p. 31; 3 UZU.SAG. DU GABA.MEŠ ša 4 UDU šu-bi-e (see irtu mng. 1b-3') ADD 1021:6, cf. ADD 1008:6, 1030:6; 4 SAG.DU GABA.MEŠ ša 4 UDU. NITÁ šu-bi-e ADD 760 (= 1004):6; 2 UZU ša 1 UDU šu-bi-e darî ADD 1016:5.
- c) other occs.: ištakkanu šu-me(var. -mi)-e še-e-ri (var. ši-i-ri) they served roasted meat (to the gods) Gilg. VII iv 43; marşu ana bibil libbišu šu-me-e ši-i-ri irz rišma the sick man will crave roasted

šum $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$  B

meat Cagni Erra IIIa 24; ana šu-me-e [...] (in broken context) KUB 4 55:6, also KUB 37 2:27 (med.).

šumû B s.; handle(?); OB, MB; pl. šumû.

giš.kul.mar =  $\delta u$ -mu-u MIN (= mar-r) Hh. VIIB 33; giš.kul.bi.iz =  $\delta u$ -mu-u  $\delta a$  gi- $\delta a$ l-li Hh. IV 415; [...] [giš.kul] =  $\delta [u]$ -m[u-u ( $\delta a$  ...)] Ea II 105b; [na₄.x].algame $\delta$  (UD+SAL+ $\theta$ u) =  $\delta u$ -me MIN (= al-ga-me- $\delta u$ ) Hh. XVI RS Recension 19.

5  $p\bar{s}\bar{s}$  5 GIŠ &u-mi-i  $\&u\bar{b}ilam$  send me five winnowing shovels and five &u-s PBS 7 77:20 (OB let.), see Stol, AbB 11 77, cf. 1 GIŠ ra[p&u] 2 GIŠ &u-mu-[u] YOS 13 240:9 (OB), 67 GIŠ SAG rap&i 77 GIŠ [&u]-mu-u (among agricultural tools) CT 51 36:18 (MB); 1 GIŠ &u-mu-um &u gisappim BE 6/2 137:5, cf. 2 GIŠ &u-mu-u &u u MAR ibid. 14 (OB).

šumû C s.; tablet, record; lex.*; cf. šumu.

im.mu =  $\S U - u = imm\hat{u}$ ,  $\S u - mu - u$  Hh. X 456 f.

šūmū s. pl. tantum; garlic; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and sum.sar (also with det.  $\psi$  in NA, with det.  $\delta$ E in NB).

su-um sum =  $\delta u$ -mu(var. -ma) Ea IV 128; sum $^{\delta u$ -um. sar =  $\delta u$ - $\hat{u}$ -mu (var.  $\delta u$ -mu) Nabnitu IV 370; [su-um] [sum] = [ $\delta u$ -u-m]u S a  Voc. S 10'; sum s_1  sar =  $\delta u$ - $\hat{u}$ -mu (first in the sequence of alliaceae) Hh. XVII 247, [sag.sum sar] = [qaq-qa-a]d  $\delta u$ -mi ibid. 255; sum sar =  $\delta u$ -mu min (= ti- $\delta a$ -ri) Hh. XVII RS Recension 138; [ú]. sum sar =  $\delta u$ -u-(mu) MSL 10 102:4 (Practical Vocabulary); ki.sum.sar.gar.ra =  $\delta i$ -ki-i[n  $\delta u$ -mi] Izi C ii 29'; giš.gag.sum(var. .si).ba.lá = sikkat  $\delta u$ -me-e peg for hanging garlic Hh. VI 134, var. from (third col. broken) Hg. B II 19, in MSL 6 78, see sikkatu A mng. 1b.

mu.im.ma sum.sar im.ma.an.kú.e mu. àm šà.mu al.tab.tab.e: &addagda &algaule u.[mu] &algaule u.[m

a) cultivation — 1' in OB: eqlam mala hašhu . . . KI PN PN₂ ana SUM.SAR ana 1 (BÙR).GÁN.E 40 ŠE.GUR GIŠ.BÁN Šamaš fB.TA.È.A a field, as much as is needed,

PN₂ rented from PN for (the cultivation of) garlic for (a rent of) forty gur of barley per bur of field (in) the seah-measure of Šamaš YOS 12 135:6; SUM.SAR nukarib= bū mala išakkanū rēdûm ištēn pītam inad: the  $r\bar{e}d\hat{u}$  will deliver one large bundle(?) of garlic from what the gardeners plant ibid. 301:11; 10 SAR SUM. SAR aškumma ukīlma mamman ul imhuran: ni sum sar eqlim kalûninni I planted ten SAR of garlic (field) and offered it, but no one has taken it from me, the garlic from the field is withheld from me TCL 17 60:18 ff., cf. SUM.SAR-ia anappalma I will dig up my garlic ibid. 28; šE.NUMUN ša karašī šu-mi šuhutinnī u šamaškillī (see šamaškillu usage a-1') TCL 17 61:33; 4 (BÁN) NUMUN SUM.SAR GIŠ.BÁN Šamaš ù  $1\frac{1}{2}$  sìla [sum.sar ud(?)] PN uštāb[ilak= kum] numun [šû] maḥri[ka] limmaḥiḥ I am sending you with PN x garlic seed in the seah-measure of Samaš and x dried garlic, the seed should be soaked (before planting) in your presence TCL 1 47:1ff., note šàm ... sum.sar ud YOS 12 3:2; SUM.SAR . . . kīda šunumi lībalumami ina pisannim šūbilam (regarding) the garlic which should dry outside, send it to me in a box CT 4 12a: 31, see Frankena, AbB 2 89; note a.šà ki.sum.ma plot planted with alliaceae PBS 8/2 180:1 and 254:8.

2' in MB: SUM.SAR (in broken context) PBS 1/2 20:31.

3' in NB: (contract for) dulli SUM. SAR û uţṭati ša āli u ṣēri work on garlic and barley in the city and the outlying regions TCL 12 76:2; [...] SUM.SAR ša PN īrišu ibid. 43:22; SUM.SAR eš-šu(text-še)-tu innassaḥu' SUM.SAR KA NU(?) TUK liddin u SUM.SAR agâ ana «ina» muḥḥi minî kî la aṣ-u' elippa bēlī lišpuramma SUM.SAR suluppī lišēlû the new garlic is being pulled up, let him give . . . . garlic, why is this garlic not . . . ? let my lord send a boat and they will load the garlic and the dates CT 22 81:17 ff., cf. ūmu mam SUM.[SAR] ul issuh today (the 5th of

šūmū šūmū

Nisannu) no one pulled up the garlic ibid. 83:19; kaspu šīm ŠE.NUMUN ša SUM.SAR silver, the purchase price of a garlic field Evetts Ner. 43:5; (give us for rent) land, equipment, and (seeds of various cereals and vetches) 1 GUR 2 (PI) 3 (BÁN) SUM. SAR one gur two PI three seahs of garlic BE 9 35:10, cf. 6 GUR SUM.SAR (as yearly rent) ibid. 13, cf. PBS 2/1 49:6, and passim in the Murašū archive, wr. ŠE.SUM.SAR PBS 2/1 39:10, BE 9 86a:11, and passim, for other refs. see šamaškillu usage a-2'.

4' other occs.: if he plants ina libbi āli sum.sar sum.[sikil.[sar...] garlic and onions in the middle of the city Dreambook 309 K.3941+ r. ii x+6; SUM.SAR, SUM. SIKIL.SAR, GA.RAŠ.SAR, mi-ir-ga SAR CT 14 50:1 (list of plants in Merodachbaladan's garden); Ú.SUM.SAR: A.DÍR: libbi māti la itâb Köcher BAM 1 iii 47, dupl. CT 39 8:16 (SB Alu).

b) consumption -1' in econ. and adm. contexts -a' in measures of capacity: various commodities and 4 (GUR) LÁ 2 BÁN SUM GUR ...  $[al PN PN_2 u] PN_3 in$ GN iškun[u] x gur of garlic they have imposed upon PN, PN2, and PN3 in GN RTC 106:4, cf. ITT 1 1079:1; 4 GÍN 2 GIŠ.LAGAB×U SUM MAD 1 302:5 (coll.), cf. (preceded by x ŠE.GUR) 1 GIŠ.LAGAB×U SUM RTC 119:2 (all OAkk.); 4 GUR SUM.SAR . . . ša ana 1 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR 4 (PI) SUM.SAR innadnu JCS 34 161 No. 12:1 and 4; 1 (GUR) 1 (PI) 4 (BÁN) GUR SUM.SAR (beside šamaškillu and šuhatinnu) YOS 12 182:2, cf. Boyer Contribution 111:13 and 16; 50 GUR 2 (BÁN) SUM.SAR (beside šamaškillu, sahlû, and other food) BE 14 21:6 (MB); 3 (BÁN) SUM.SAR ADD 962:3, etc., 5 (BÁN) SUM. BE 9 18:7, PBS 2/1 45:1 and 4, and passim in NB.

b' in strings or bundles: 12 bi-ribu ša SUM.SAR Kraus, AbB 10 201:19; see also biribbu, pītu, riksu; 1 šu-ši riksu ša SUM.SAR sixty bundles of garlic Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 38:14, cf. 3 šu-ši

gidlu SUM.SAR ZA 36 95 No. 7:1 (all OB); 1 ME Ú.SUM.SAR 1 ME Ú.SUM.SIKIL.SAR one hundred (strings of) garlic, one hundred of onions (for the royal banquet) Iraq 14 35:125 (Asn.), 1300 pīti ša SUM.SAR . . . ana 2 MA.NA kaspi Nbn. 130:1;  $\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN 15 ŠE KÙ.BABBAR Šĩm 30 SUM.SAR Szlechter Tablettes 39 MAH 16.621:2; 5500 gidil SUM.SAR kāri ša šarri Nbk. 397:1; 26 pīti ša sum.sar 600 gidil ša sum.sar x strings of garlic and x bundles of garlic (to be delivered in month I) Nbn. 169:2, cf. ibid. 8, (1000 qidlu) Evetts Ner. 8:8, 2 pītu ša SUM.SAR VAS 4 35:2, 1 ME LIM 62 LIM gidil SUM.SAR 162,000 bundles of garlic Sack Amel-Marduk 23:1, cf. BRM 1 60:13, and passim, see also gidlu and pītu; 1223 SUM. SAR ša ba-ab-tim Birot Tablettes 28:29; Ú. SUM (in sellu-baskets) ADD 961:10, r. 10, see *šamaškillu* usage b-2'.

other occs.: erbî sahlî [kasî] hal=  $l\bar{u}r\bar{i} \dots \hat{u}$  šu-mi š $\bar{u}$ bilam send me locusts, cress, kasû, chick peas, and garlic YOS 2 152:26 (OB let.); SUM.SAR annûtim kīma ša ramanika šūbilam CT 52 40:7; (barley) ana SUM.SAR Gautier Dilbat 46 r. 3; SUM. SAR (beside other staples) Jean Tell Sifr 78:2; silver ša KU₆.A.AB.BA KU₆ ZÚ.LUM SUM.SAR JCS 34 167 No. 23:14, cf. TCL 11 205:3, cf. also (as part of the sūtu tax) TCL 11 194:2, 197:2, and passim; SUM.SAR  $\hat{u}$  SUM. SIKIL.SAR.HI.A ana akāli jānu (see ša: maškillu usage b-2') BE 17 83:33 (MB let.); x-di-il aš sum.sar ešrû ša Nergal attûka u ikkarīka ana MN panīja šudgil hand over to me the . . . . of (?) garlie, the tithe due Nergal, yours and that of your plowmen, for MN CT 22 8:6, see also šibšu mng. 1 f; two minas of silver ana SUM. SAR ana PN . . . iddinu kù.babbar šīm sum.sar PN2  $\dots$  ina  $q\bar{a}t$  PN  $\dots$  mahir etir (which) they gave to PN for (buying) garlic, PN₂ has received from PN the silver, purchase price of the garlic, he is satisfied Dar. 336:4f., cf. šīm suluppī u SUM.SAR Camb. 17:11, for other refs. see šamaškillu usage b-2'; 1 ma.na kaspu ša ina mīnišu šūmū šum'uttu

ana SUM.SAR (see  $m\bar{i}nu$  mng. 1b) Nbn. 515:2, cf. Evetts Ev.-M. 2:1; (silver)  $k\bar{a}ri$   $\delta a$  elippi  $\delta a$  SUM.SAR Nbk. 384:1; SUM.SAR zitti  $\delta arri$  garlic, the share of the king (from the gardeners) Nbn. 232:1.

in lit., med., and rit.: if a man is sick nūna sum.sar karaša šīr alpi [šahî] u kaš lú.din.na la uštamahhar (see mahāru mng. 11d) Köcher BAM 575 iii 66, restored from ibid. 578 i 2; irišti SUM.SAR // sahlî elišu GIG Labat TDP 180:22; šēr alpi immeri işşüri ikkal sum.sar karaša nūna la ikkal ABL 1405 r. 5, see Oppenheim, JAOS 61 p. 267: on the first day of Tašrītu sum. SAR SUM.SIKIL.SAR la ikkal he must not eat garlic or onions CT 51 161 r. 14, wr. Ú.SUM.SAR Iraq 21 46:6, also (on the second day) ibid. 48:9, KAR 177 r. iii 11, (on the fourth day) ibid. 39, 147:23, cf. Iraq 31 162:26' (dream omens), and passim in hemer., see šamaškillu usage b-3'; SUM.SAR s[ahl]û karašu ikkib Išt[ar] la ikkal garlic, cress, (and) leeks are an abomination to Ištar, he must not eat (them) Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 139:207 (rit.), cf. Or. NS 36 287: 10, Or. NS 39 132: 8 (both namburbis), AnBi 12 286:105 (prayer to the gods of the night); (a man going to the temple of his god) karaša sahlė sum.sar sum. SIKIL.SAR . . . ikkalma ul ēl (see saḥlû mng. 2b-1') CT 39 38 r. 11, parallel ibid. 36:107 (SB Alu), cf. BMS 33:45; for other refs. see šamaškillu usage b-3'.

c) as medication and apotropaion: SUM.SAR tasâkma ina agarinni ikkal (see agarinnu mng. 1b) AMT 85,1 ii 1, cf. AMT 19,7:7; Ú.SUM.SAR: Ú KI.MIN (= hiniq ellibuhi): sâku ina šamni u KAŠ.SAG šaqû garlic is a remedy for stricture of the bladder: to crush and give to drink in oil or fine beer Köcher BAM 1 i 28 and dupl. CT 14 35 K.4180A+: 29, cf. Köcher BAM 1 ii 10, 575 ii 18, 21 and 27, 578 i 14, 25, ii 70, iii 3, also SUM.SAR urqīssu hi-biš hi-biš u'allat he will swallow finely chopped fresh garlic ibid. 575 ii 8, cf. ibid. 574 ii 10; (as a salve) hašû Ú. SUM.SAR: Ú himiţ ṣēti Köcher BAM 1 i 54, SUM.SAR (among other ingredients) ibid.

469:45 (= AMT 99,3:12), and dupl. 216:53, AMT 60,1 ii 12; SUM.SAR ina muhhi uhašša (see  $ha\check{s}\hat{u}$  A v.) AMT 105:18, cf. (for the ears), wr. Ú.SUM.SAR RSO 32 116 iv 10; qilip(?) SUM.SAR (to wrap in a tuft of wool) AMT 14.3:14, 47.3 iii 10; SUM.SAR ...  $i\langle na\rangle$ qātēka teleggēma [eli] marşi tukâni . . . āšipu (ana) gāt marsi išakkanma [SUM. SAR] iqallapma ina išāti inaddi you take garlic (etc.) in your hands and place it over the patient, the conjurer places it in the patient's hand, he then peels the garlic and throws it into the fire Surpu I 13 and 18;  $a[n]n\bar{u}a hit\bar{a}t\bar{u}a gill\bar{a}t\bar{u}a ... k\bar{i}ma$ SUM. SAR liggalpam let my misdeeds, sins, crimes be peeled off like (the skin of this) garlic Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 466:9, for other refs. see qalāpu mng. 4, also, wr. *šu-mi* Ugaritica 5 19:8; SUM.SAR (among paraphernalia for a ritual) BE 8 154:29.

Bottéro, RLA 6 39 ff.; Stol, JCS 34 142 and Bull. on Sum. Agriculture 3 57 ff.

šumuḥalše s.; (name of a month); MB Alalakh*; Hurr. word.

(x copper) ina ITI Šu-mu-ḥa-al-še ilz qēšumma ina ITI Ḥi-ia-ri kaspu uttêršu (PN and PN₂) received in the month of Šumuhalše, they will pay him silver in the month of Hijari Wiseman Alalakh 46:6.

šumunnu see šummannu B.

šumutkunaja see šumatkanu.

**šum'uttu** s.; (mng. uncert.); SB; cf. mâdu.

agannû ša šum-'-ut-tu this (preceding prescription) is additional(?) (cf. annû ša pī tuppi line 10) Köcher BAM 240:16.

šumuttu šumuttu

**šumuttu** (*šamuttu*, *šimittu*) s.; (a red plant, possibly beetroot); MB, Bogh., Nuzi, MA, SB; Sum. lw.(?); wr. syll. and Ú.SUMUN.DAR(.SAR), Ú.SU.AN.DAR(.RA).

ú.sumun.dar = Šu-ma, ú.búr = Ša-mu-[ut-t]u (var. mu-ut-gu ša-mu-ut-tum) ú.búr.búr = Ša-mu-[ut-tu] (var. šām-mu šā-mu-ut-ti) Hh. XVII RS Recension 42 ff., cf. ú.pi.in.zé.ir = Ša-mu-ut-tum ibid. 34 var.; ú.mìn.du = dīm-me-tú = Šu-mu-tú Hg. D 228, sal.da.sar = mit-tum = Šu-mut-tú ibid. 239, also Hg. B IV 202, in MSL 10 104 f.; šu-mu-un-da Ú. $_{\rm DU_6}^{\rm DU_6}$ .še.sar = Šu-mut-tum Diri IV 5, cf. Ú. $_{\rm DU_6}^{\rm DU_6}$ .še.[sar] = [šu]-mu-ut-tum (var. šu-mu-ut-tu) Proto-Diri 193; [šu-mun-da] [ $_{\rm DU_6}^{\rm U_6}$ ] = Ša  $_{\rm DU_6}^{\rm DU_6}$ .še. sar šu-mu-ut-tu Ea III 19; Ú. $_{\rm LAGAR}^{\rm AGR}$ .še.sar (vars.  $_{\rm DU_6}^{\rm U_6}$ ) = Ša  $_{\rm LAGAR}^{\rm UQ}$ . sar, [x].x.še su-mun-dusar, [Ú].[Lagarךe]. Še.sar) = Šu-mut-tum(var. -tú) Nabnitu IV 369.

- a) in pharm.: [šammu šikinšu kīma GÁ]N.ZI.SAR Ú *šu-mut-tum* [MU.NI] Köcher BAM 379 ii 20; Ú.NINDÁ.SIG7: Ú šu-muttú: šammu ša nahšāte Uruanna I 403c; Ú. MUD, Ú mi-in-du, Ú.GUG, Ú.NÍG, Ú.BÚR. BÚR, Ú.LUL.AZ, Ú.ÚŠ  d BE, [Ú. $_{\mathrm{DU6}}^{\mathrm{DU6}}$ .ŠE.S]AR, Ú.SUMUN.DAR: Ú šu-mut-tum Uruanna I 545 ff.; Ú.SU.AN.DAR : Ú  $[MIN] = \delta u - mut$ tum)] // SUMUN.DAR ibid. 553; Ú šu-muttum (var. Ú.SUMUN.DAR) : AŠ zê NAM.LÚ.  $U_x(GI\check{S}GAL).LU, [\acute{U}] \check{S}u-mut-tum : A\check{S} P\acute{E}\check{S}.$ SÌLA.GAZ Šá GIŠ.GI Uruanna III 5f.; Ú. SUMUN.DAR, Ú šu-BE-dar, Ú mi-it-tum, Ú ši-mi-it-tum, Ú.GIŠ.SAR.GIŠ.SAR, Ú ši $ib-ru = \text{ } \acute{\textbf{b}} \quad \check{\textbf{s}}u-mut-t[u] \quad \text{CT } 51 \quad 176 \quad \text{ii } 5 \text{ ff.}$ (Uruanna I); Ú.SUMUN.DAR (one of the herbs in a  $qab\bar{u}tu$  bowl) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 v 25 (pharm. inv.).
- b) in econ.: 1 naruqqu ša  $sam\bar{e}di$  [. . .] 1 KI.MIN ša ša-mu-ut-te 1 KI.MIN ša [. . .] 1 KI.MIN ša  $sibibi\bar{a}ni$  KAJ 277:9 (MA); 10 (Sìla) šá-mu-ut-ti HSS 16 202:5 (Nuzi).
- c) in med. 1' in gen.: Ú.SUMUN. DAR.SAR 14 Ú.〈ḤI〉.A UR.BI [tubbal] tapāṣ ina zíd.kum ḤI.ḤI tuka[ppat] (13 plants and) š., you dry and crush (these) 14 plants together, you mix (them) with is qūqu flour, and you roll (them) into balls KUB 4 48 ii 9, dupl. STT 280 iv 5, see Biggs Šaziga 55 and 67; Ú šu-mut-tú ina mê išatti Köcher BAM 147:24; PA GIŠ.ḤA.LU.ÚB ŠIM.

IM.MÌN.DI Ú.SU.AN.DAR ZÍZ.ŠE.MUŠ, ZÍD. ŠE.BULÙG Ú.HAR.HAR GIŠ.GEŠTIN KA5.A ištēniš tapāş (for a poultice) CT 23 41 i 16, cf. ibid. 17 (= Köcher BAM 482 i 61f.), cf. Ú.SU.AN.DAR AMT 20,1 iii 6; Ú.KI.KAL,HI.RÍ Ú.SU.AN.DAR.RA ŠIM.MUK *ištēniš tahaššal* tanappi Köcher BAM 3 iii 32, cf., wr. Ú. SUMUN.DAR ibid. 216:34; Ú.SUMUN.DAR sah-li-e ištēniš tasāk ina KAŠ.SAG tanaddi ana pan dGula tukân you crush together (four plants), š., (and) cress, put them into fine beer, place them before Gula KAR 73:11; Ú ša-mu-ut-ta Ú.ŠE.LÚ Ú hur-ša-an Ú.ZAG.AH.LI Ú  $\delta i$ -in-bu-ra-[tu] (etc., for a poultice) KUB 37 1:20, see AfO 16 48: Ú *šu-mut-tú* (against sorcery) Köcher BAM 435 iii 5, (as fumigant) ibid. 469:48, BBR No. 11:27, (as salve) Köcher BAM 394:5, Ú šumut-ta (with other materia medica, for a potion) ibid. 190:14, also 438:21, cf. ibid. 59:5, 434 iv 46, ½ NINDA SUMUN.DAR Hunger Uruk No. 64:9, cf. ibid. 63:3; 10 GÍN Ú šu-mut-(among ingredients for a lotion) Köcher BAM 409 r. 16, cf. AMT 42,2:8, 57,3 r. 8; Ú.SUMUN.DAR AMT 17,7:5, 59,1 i 36, Köcher BAM 3 iv 43, 168: 10, and passim in medical texts.

- 2' parts: NUMUN Ú šú-mut-te (for a salve) Köcher BAM 263:6, see Farber and Freydank, AoF 5 256; išid Ú.SUMUN.DAR.SAR AMT 75,1 iv 22.
- d) other occs.: if in a field [ $\circ$ ] šu-mut-tu ittabši CT 39 9:20 (Alu); šumma [ $\circ$ ] šu-mut-tu īkulma lasāma le-x-[x] if he eats š., he will be able(?) to run Köcher BAM 318 iii 21;  $\circ$ .SU.DAR K $\circ$ : ŠÀ.ZI.GA umaṭṭa Köcher BAM 1 iii 34 and dupl. CT 14 43 Sm. 60+:14, [ $\circ$ .SUMUN].DAR zirût da=mēšu the . . . . of his blood is š. KAR 307:18 (cultic comm.), cf.  $\circ$ . $\circ$ . $\circ$ 8 BE (dam dBēl) = šumuttu Uruanna I 550, cited usage a.

Sumerian mythological contexts (for BM 120011 see Kramer, The Bible World (Festschrift C. H. Gordon) Rendsburg et al., eds. 90 ff.) suggest that ú.sumun.dar is a red plant, as do the cultic comm. KAR 307 and the Uruanna refs. comparing *šumuttu* 

šunāja

šundu

with blood. See also *sumundu* discussion section.

Thompson DAB 49 ff.

šunāja adv.; two each, two apiece; NA; wr. syll. and 2-a-a; ef. šina num.

2 ANŠE.A.AB.BA ša 2-a-a karrūni two camels which are two-humped ADD 117:2, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 38, cf. ANŠE. A.AB.BA.MEŠ ša šu-na-a-a sērišina Layard 98 i 2 and iii 1 (Shalm. III), see WO 2 140 A and C, also ša šu-un-na guggalipīšina Iraq 25 52:18 (Shalm. III); 3 mardītu anīnu nimattaḥa šunu šu-na-a-a imattuḥu we take care of three stages, they take care of two each Iraq 28 184:33, see Parpola, SAA 1 172; (in his two hands Nergal held two axes?) 2-a-a qaqqadāte [...] ZA 43 17:51; 2-a-a ERÍN.MEŠ ina libbišunu piqda ABL 867:8 (NA).

Postgate NA Leg. Docs. 64 § 6.1.4.

šunakilu see šubakilu.

šunamerimmakku s.; (an illness, lit. "hand of the oath"); SB; Sum. lw.; wr. SU.NAM.ERÍM-ku.

SU.NAM.ERÍM-ku (var. SU.NAM.ERÍM. MA) ša iṣbatannima (may the wind remove) the "hand of the oath" which seized me KAR 246:20 and dupls., see Laessøe Bit Rimki 57:70.

For other refs., written without phon. complement -ku and probably to be read  $q\bar{a}t$   $m\bar{a}m\bar{i}ti$ , see  $m\bar{a}m\bar{i}tu$  mng. 2a.

šunannu s.; (a wooden piece of furnishing); MB Alalakh, NA; pl. šunannāti.

a) in Alalakh: 27 šu-na-ni x 23 šu-na-ni [x]-ur-hé 140 šu-na-ni taskarinni Wiseman Alalakh 438:1 ff.; 4.TA.A.AN GIŠ šu-na-nu (in list of furniture) ibid. 417:4; 10 GIŠ ka-at-ta-at-tù 5 GIŠ šu-na-nu PN ibid. 421:4, also 6, 8, and 12; aššum an-ri-hé-na | GIŠ šu-na-an-na | qar-pa-nu ša-an-nu-mi u la ilqûnim ibid. 114:19.

b) in NA: 2 GIS šu-na-na-ti ADD 1059:9; 2 šu-na-ni giriṣāte two š.-s with (?) loaves of bread ADD 995 i 7; šu-na-nu ša te-şe-pi (unpub., cited AHw. 1591b sub tişabu).

šunāšunu see šāšunu.

**Šunatu (AHw. 1276b) In HSS 15 17:31 read 1 išpatu ša hurāṣi uḥhuzu 30 GI. MEŠ ša libbišu nadû.

šunātunu see šâtunu.

šunāzi s.; (a plant); SB*; foreign word. Ú šu-na-zi: Ú [tubāqānu ina KUR Ḥatti] Uruanna I 649.

šammu šikinšu kīma lišān kalbi ... zērašu kīma t túb-ba-qi 3.ta. Am ummud t BI t šu-na-a-zi MU-šú tubāqānu SAR iqab=bīšu EME KUR Ḥatti the plant which looks like the "hound's tongue" plant, (its leaves are long, its fruit is like that of the UKUŠ. dIM plant, it is tall) its seed is .... in three like that of the tubāqu plant, that plant is called š., they call the tubāqānu plant (by that name) in the language of Hatti (it is good for scorpion sting) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 33:16 (series šammu šikinšu).

**šundu** conj.; when, at the time that; Nuzi, SB.

- a) in SB: *šu-un-du Anu irḥû šamû* when Anu impregnated the heavens Köcher BAM 508 iii 1 (inc.) and dupls. 333:1, STT 240 r. 5, 1905-4-9,90+95 obv.(?) ii 21 (reverse in Bezold Cat. Supp. pl. IV No. 500).
- b) in Nuzi 1' in gen.: (delivery of wheat) šu-un-dum DINGIR.MEŠ GIŠ. SAR īrubu when the gods entered the garden HSS 14 218:2, cf. HSS 16 67:2; (barley for the horses of the palace) šu-un-dum LUGAL ina Nuzi when the king was in Nuzi HSS 14 41:13, cf. ibid. 56:24; (barley for horses) šu-un-du LUGAL ina MN ištu GN ittalkuni when the king left GN in

šundu šuni

MN HSS 14 53:22, cf. ibid. 46:30, 54:18, 78:12; [ana NIN.DINGIR].RA ša (one sheep) GN šu-un-du illika HSS 16 278:8, cf. HSS 13 187:6, šu-un-du PN iš[t]u GN illikuni when PN came from GN JEN 297:36; annûtu lu ittu šu-un-dum ašappar (see ittu A mng. 3a) HSS 15 291:5 (let.), cf. šanûtu šu-undum aqtabi ibid. 9, allûtu lu ittu šu-undu ana PN aššum A.MEŠ wa-ru-un-du HSS 15 255:16, *šu-un-dum aqabbi* HSS 5 105:13 (both letters); (garments issued) šu-un-du narkabātu ina GN tāhaza ippušu HSS 14 523 (= 249):20, also ibid. 8, cf. ibid. 171:9;  $\delta u$ un-du [še.me]š ana PN ittadnu HSS 13 286:21; šu-un-du gig imdudu (cf. lām gig imdudu line 2) HSS 14 532:4;  $\delta u$ -un-duenzu. Meš ina Nuzi hušumma epšu HSS 13 457:11; (clothes given to PN)  $[\S u]$ -un-du  $PN_2 suh\bar{a}r$  HSS 14 643 (= 248):15, cf. also (in broken context) HSS 15 2:20.

2' in date formulas: šu-un-dum Kušši-Ḥarbe ina Nuzi ḥazannūta īpuš when PN was in office as mayor of Nuzi JEN 46:23, also JEN 252:44, [šu]-un-du Kušši-Ḥarbe ḥazannu JEN 587:31; šattu ša ṭuppi ilṭuru šu-un-dum ašūḥu ištu māt Ḥanigalbat ubbalu u šaṭir (see ašūḥu usage c) AASOR 16 65:48, cf. JEN 307:23.

Compare undu; for other temporal conjunctions in Nuzi see Speiser, AASOR 16 p. 61.

Speiser Introduction to Hurrian 89 f.

## šundu s.; (a kind of wool); NB.*

117 TÚG Šir'amēti ša SÍG.X.ḤI.A [X] ša SÍG.SAG [X] ša SÍG šu-un-du GCCI 2 361:3, cf. (qununnītu and gammidu garments) ša SÍG šu-un-du ibid. 4f.

šundulu see šuddulu.

**šunduru** (*šudduru*) s.; (mng. unkn.); Mari.*

(tin received) ina abūsim ša šu-un-duri from the storehouse for (or: of) š. ARMT 23 524:22 (= Dossin, Voix de l'opposition 187), also ARM 24 315:2, also ina abūsim ša šudu-r[i-im] ARM 786:4, coll. MARI 277; silver ina abūsim ša šu-un-du-ri-[i]m ARM 930:6, coll. ARMT 16/1 200; x ha-asim ša šu-un-du-ri ARMT 22 288:7.

šungallu (dragon) see ušumgallu.

šunhu (šun'u, šunuhu, šūnu) s.; (a bulbous plant); SB.

sum. huš. a sar =  $\acute{u}$ -ru-ti =  $\acute{s}u$ -un- $\acute{u}$  Hg. D 231, in MSL 10 105.

- a) in pharm.:  $\circlearrowleft$  amuššu:  $\circlearrowleft$  šu-nu-u (var. šu-un-'u) Uruanna II 204,  $\circlearrowleft$  a-ušše:  $\circlearrowleft$  šu-nu ibid. 221;  $\circlearrowleft$  šu-un-u $\hslash$ : [...] CT 14 32 K.9061: 6.
- b) in med.: Ý šu-nu-hu Ý andahšum Ú hašû 3 Ú HAR.MEŠ ina dišpi šamni halşi ů šikari ina kakkabi tušbât la patān išatti —  $\delta \dots$ , thyme, three plants for the lungs, you place (them) overnight under the stars in (a mixture of) honey, halşu-oil, and beer, and he drinks it on an empty stomach Köcher BAM 161 vii 3, cf., wr. Ú  $\delta u$ -un-hu ibid. 14, and dupls. ibid. 43:4 and 44:11, also, wr. ú *šu-un-'u* (for kidney disease) ibid. 163:3; Ý šu-un-hu Ý an= dah[šum] (for chest pains) ibid. 165 ii 5 and parallel 44:9, cf. also ibid. 44:18; Ú šu-un-'u (among 14 šammē hiniqti 14 herbs for stricture) AMT 60,1 ii 8; Ú andahšum Ú (as ingredients in a vaginal šu-un-hu suppository) Köcher BAM 240:48; 1 GÍN  $\delta u$ -nu-hu (for a potion) RA 54 172:4, (in broken context) Köcher BAM 275 i 5 and 8.

šuni pron.; they (dual nom.); EA*; cf. šunīš, šunīti.

PN LÚ GN u PN₂ LÚ GN₂ šu-ni-ma en=niriru | naz'aqu ina 50 narkabāti ana muh=bija Surate of Akkā and Intaruta of Akšapa both hastened to my help with fifty chariots RA 19 106:24 (= EA 366, let. of Šuwardata).

Moran, BASOR 211  $50\,\mathrm{ff.}$ ; Whiting, JNES 36 209.

šunīš šunu

šunīš pron.; to them both (dual dat.); OAkk.* (occ. only in personal names); cf. šuni.

Su-ni-iš-da-gal Trust-in-the-Two-of-Them MAD 1 86 iv 10.

**šunīti** pron.; **1.** the two of them (dual oblique), **2.** those two; OAkk., OA (royal), OB; cf. šuni.

- 1. the two of them: PN and PN₂ are still with my lord  $a[na\ m]\bar{i}nim\ \delta u-ni-[ti]$   $[b\bar{e}l\bar{i}\ ul]a\ i\delta puramma$  why has my lord not sent the two of them to me? Tell Asmar 1930-T399:13 (= Whiting Tell Asmar 30), cf.  $[\delta]u(?)-ni-ti$  (in broken context) ibid. 43; uncert.:  $[2(?)]\ su_4-ni-ti$  [x] KIN.LUGAL A 708:10 (OAkk. let.), see Whiting, JNES 31 334.
- 2. those two: ina ēnēn šu-ni-ti sig₄.

  BAD.KI albin I made bricks at those two springs ZA 43 115:36 (= AOB 1 8 ii 1, Ilu-šuma).

Whiting, JNES 31 331 ff.

šuniu see šunû adj.

šunkū see  $šumk\bar{u}$ .

šunniru see šurinnu.

šunnu v.; (mng. uncert.); OB; II, II/2.

SAL.UŠ.NA = šu-un-[nil RA 28 134 K.4320 ii 8 (med. comm., coll. from photo).

[...] ná.a nu.un.ši.ku₄.ku₄ šu-un-nu-um (gloss to ná.a) TuM NF 4 7 153; àr.àr.zu UNU.na la.ba.e.ná (with gloss) ú-ul uš-ta-a-an your milled grain is not laid on a . . . . ibid. 155, see Wilcke Kollationen 48.

šunnu see šennu.

šunnû (or šinnû) adj.; double; SB*; cf. šina num.

lugal.mu kur.ra gi.min.tab.ba. gin_x(GIM) Aš mu.un.da.bad.rá : *bēlu*  ša šadâ kīma qan šun-na-a tunassû lord, you who parted the mountains like a double reed Studies Albright 345 r. 5.

For Köcher BAM 376 iv 3, see  $\delta an\hat{u}$  B v. mng. 4d.

šunnuqu adj.(?); suckling(?); lex.*; cf. enēqu.

ga. $\S$ U.BU =  $\S$ u-un-nu-qu (preceded by three entries  $\S$ ūnuqu, see enēqu lex. section) Izi V 148.

šunnušu see sunnušu.

šunnūtu see šunu'tu.

*šunnûtu s.; alteration; SB*; only pl. sunnâte attested; cf. šanû B v.

ina la šu-un-na-a-te zikir šaptikun mārē ummāni... uznu ṣīrtu šurkašunūti grant supreme skill to the craftsmen through the inalterability of your (pl.) word Borger Esarh. 82 r. 17.

šunquttu see *šumqutu.

šunqutu see *šumqutu.

šunšudu see šuršudu.

šun'u see šunhu.

šunu pron.; 1. they (masc. pl. nom.), 2. those, the aforementioned (masc. pl.); from OA, OB on; NA also (with suffix) dissimilated to šanuni; cf. aššunu, iššunu, šunû adj.

e-eš  $ES = \Su-nu$  A II/4:183; i-iš  $IS = \Su-nu$  A IV/2:123; bi-i  $BI = \Su-u$ ,  $\Su-nu$  A V/1:137 f.; [ti-il(?)]  $TI = \Su-nu$  A II/3 Section D 9'.

e.ne.ne, e.ne.ne.ne, lú.ù.ne, lú.bi.ne,  $ur_5.me\S$ ,  $ur_5.bi=\S u-nu$  OBGT I 379 ff.; e.ne. ne.àm, lú.ù.ne.àm, lú.bi.ne.àm,  $ur_5.me\S$ . àm,  $ur_5.bi.àm=\S u-nu-ma$  ibid. 390 ff.; e.ne. ne.ì.me.àm(!), lú.ù.ne.ì.me.àm,  $ur_5.ì.me\S$ . àm,  $ur_5.bi.ì.me.àm=\S u-nu-ma$  ibid. 397 ff.; e.ne.ne.na.nam, lú.ù.ne.na.nam,  $ur_5.na$ . nam.me§,  $ur_5.bi.na.nam=\S u-nu-ma$  ibid. 406 ff.; in.ga.me§.àm, e.ne.ne.in.ga.me.a, e.ne.ne.an.ga.àm,  $ur_5.an.ga.me$ §,  $ur_5.bi$ .

šunu la šunu le

 $an.ga.àm = \delta u-nu-ma$  ibid. 414 ff.; [e.ne.ne. n]u, [e.ne.ne.in.nu] =  $\lceil \hat{u} - ul \rceil \delta u - nu$  ibid. 425f.; e.ne.ne.e.še =  $\delta u$ -nu-mi ibid. 459; e.ne.ne. giš.en =  $\delta u$ -nu-ma-an ibid. 462;  $\dot{u}$ .e.ne.ne.ur₅.  $bi = \delta u - nu \delta u - nu - u$  ibid. 465; me.en.dè e.ne.  $ne.bi = ni-nu \ u \ šu-nu$ ,  $ur_5.bi \ me.en.de.da =$ *šu-nu u nīnu* ibid. 468 f.; me.a an.  $si_{12}$ . e[š], me.a an.ti.eš, me.a i.ti.eš = ali šu-nu ibid. 653 ff., [me.a] e.ne.ne = ali šu-nu ibid. 660a; [x]. meš = kî maşi šu-nu OBGT II 17; e.ne.ne, e.èš = šu-nu NBGT I 147f.; e.ne, e.ne.ne, un.ne, an.ne, in.ne, en.ne, un.n[e.ne], a[n.ne.ne],  $[in.ne.ne] = \delta u - nu \ maritu \ ibid. 171 ff.; e.ne,$ e.ne.ne, i.ne.ne, un.ne, an.ne, [in].ne, [en].ne =  $\delta u$ -[nu KI.TA] NBGT II 227 ff.; [e].ne =  $\delta u - u - [nu]$  Izi D iv 1; [e.n]e.àm, [e.ne].al.me.  $\lambda m$ , e.ne.nu.me. $\lambda m$ , e.ne.in.ga.me. $\lambda m = \delta u$ nu-[ma] ibid. 2 ff., e.ne.in.ga.me.àm =  $\delta u$ nu riquma ibid. 6; e.ne.da.me.àm = MIN ramanuma ibid. 7.

ki.šà.dib.ba dingir.re.e.ne.kex(KID) e. ne.ne.ne sag.sum.mu silig.silig.g[a.a. meš]: ašar kimilti ili šú-nu ihiššuma gūla ina[mdû] they rush to the place where the god (has turned his) wrath (and) cast a silence (of dejection) Šurpu VII 17 f.; e.ne.ne.ne hul.a.meš: šú-nu lemnūtu they are the evil ones CT 16 1:13, cf. e.ne.ne. ne maškim hul.a.meš: šú-nu rābişū lemnūti šúnu ibid. 23 f., and passim; igi dnergal ur.sag kalag.ga den.lil.lá.kex(KID) mu.un.sug.sug. ge.eš: ina mahar dmin qarrādu dannu ša dbe it: tanallaku šu-nu they (the demons) march before Nergal, the mighty warrior of Enlil CT 16 15 v 16f.; den.ki.e.ne d[nin.ki.e.ne]: ša dmin šú-nu ša dmin šú-nu CT 16 3:107c (from CT 17 47); sag.giš kalam.ma mu.un.ra.ra.e.ne: ša mātu inarru šu-nu they are those who destroy the land CT 16 9 i 42 f.; Dur.an.ki uru.na.nam àm.dúr.ru.ne.en.dè.en: ina min ālišunu šu-nu ūšiba they dwelt in Duranki, their city JRAS 1919 190:1, cf. ibid. 2f., see Behrens Enlil und Ninlil 14.

- 1. they (masc. pl. nom.) a) in OA: summa su-nu siamātim iddunusum u anāku siamātim addassum if they give him purchase goods, then I will (also) give him purchase goods CCT 2 27:26; ušakniku u su-nu ittišunu iknuku they had (five strangers) seal it and they themselves sealed it along with them CCT 5 3a:32, cf. su-nu suāti \(\frac{1}{3}\) MA.NA.TA ušaškinušu TCL 14 3:33; ul su-nu-ma kaspam iddununikkunni BIN 6 61:19, cf. TCL 4 25:18.
- b) in OB, Mari, Shemshara, Elam: manz našu PN annûm ša anāku A.ŠA ana PN₂

anaddinuma šu-nu-ú ana šâšum inaddi: nušu who is that PN that when I want to give a field to PN2 they want to give it to him? TCL 1 31:19 (OB let.), cf. šunu-ú-ma ītanappalu they themselves will be responsible CT 2 47:36: šu-nu še.giš.ì ušēlûnim u nīnu ina šuddîm še.giš.ì ul nippeš Kraus, AbB 5 262 r. 6'; awīlū šūt ittišunu ušbu šu-nu-ma aššīmim id: dinuninni the very men with whom I lived have sold me Tell Asmar T30-230:5 (OB, = Whiting Tell Asmar 28); \$\sigma \bar{a}bum \cdot \cdot ana B\bar{a}bili\$ illiku u šu-nu wašbu ARM 3 19:25; šu-nu ana ahmāmi u mārūšunu ana ahmāmi ul itebbû ul iraggamu neither they (who receive shares in a division of property) nor their children will raise claims against each other MDP 22 6:10, also ibid. 7:6, MDP 23 172:23, and passim in OB Elam; the men ša aātija šu-nu are under my command PBS 7 116:21 (OB let.);  $\lceil b\bar{a}'ir\bar{u} \rceil \delta u-nu \lceil it \rceil tikunu$  $b\bar{a}$  erūtam līpušu they are fishermen, they are to do the fishing with you PBS 7 112:23, cf. ibid. 16 (OB let.).

- c) in MB:  $err\bar{e}šu\ ša\ birit\ URU.DI[DLI]\ šu-ú-nu$  they are the tenant farmers of the village region PBS 1/2 22:9 (let.);  $t\bar{a}b\bar{u}tu\ šu-nu$  EA 10:10;  $mandatti\ maṣṣ\bar{a}r\ qišti\ ša\ GN\ šu-nu-ma\ ana\ PN\ LÚ.KÙ.DÍM\ iddinu$  (agricultural implements) delivery due from forest watchmen of GN, they themselves have delivered (it) to PN, the silversmith CT 51 36:22.
- d) in MA:  $mar'\bar{e}$   $esr\bar{a}te$   $mar'\bar{u}$  &u-nu the sons of the concubines are (legitimate) sons KAV 1 vi 13 (Ass. Code § 42);  $^f\text{PN}$  u  $lid\bar{a}nu[\&a]$   $\bar{a}l\bar{a}j\hat{u}$  &a  $^d\text{PN}_2$  u  $mar'\bar{e}\&u$  &a &u (see  $*\bar{a}l\hat{u}$  usage b) KAJ 7:23 (leg.).
- e) in Bogh., RS: šu-nu nakru u anāku nakrākuma they are hostile and I am (also) hostile KBo 1 11 r.(!) 9 (Uršu story), see Güterboek, ZA 44 120; šu-nu šībūtu ša amāte ša māmīti they are the witnesses to the words of the treaty KUB 3 47 r. 5, and passim, see Edel, ZA 49 196 ff., cf. KUB 3 70 r. 6; šu-ú-nu akanna iqbû thus they have

šunu 1f šunu 1i

spoken KUB 3 76:9 (all letters); minummê ālāni ša ebirtān ša PN ukallu ša PN-ma šu-nu all the cities from across the river which PN holds indeed belong to PN KBo 1 1 r. 21 (treaty); ultu labīrti šar māt Ugarit u šar māt Sijanni ištēnūtu šu-nu from of old the kings of Ugarit and of Sijanni have been united MRS 9 71 RS 17.335+:4, also ibid. 80 RS 17.382+:4 (both letters of Muršiliš); šu-nu sarru mārūsunu [sarruma] ana ekalli la errub[u] they are traitors, their sons are traitors, they must not enter the palace MRS 6 98 RS 16.249:24; kīšuma šu-nu-ma they will be treated in the same way Ugaritica 5 6:23 (leg.).

- f) in EA: šarru eštakanšu elišunu ul šu-nu the king appointed him over them, not they EA 101:31; [a]nūma ittija šu-nu now they are with me EA 105:84; tīde inūma šārūtu šu-nu know that they are enemies EA 102:32; šu-nu šu-nu inūma ītirubu ina Ṣumura URU.MEŠ annūtu EA 104:43 f., see Moran, RA 69 157 (all letters of Rib-Addi); note the Assyrianism: šu-nu mīṣūtamma altaparšunu I sent them with a small escort(?) EA 28:15 (let. of Tušratta).
- g) in Nuzi, Alalakh: šumma £.HI.A. MEŠ u A.ŠA-[lum] pāqirāna iraššû šu-numa uzakkû . . . ilka ša A.ŠA £.HI.A.MEŠ šu-nu-ma našû if the houses or field are claimed, they themselves will clear (the claim), they themselves are responsible for the ilku on the field and houses JEN 400:17 ff., also JEN 588:20, and passim, also Wiseman Alalakh 67:10, 70:13, 72:11 (all MB); 5 LÚ.MEŠ annûtu eqla šu-nu-ma ilmû šu-[nu-ma] kaspa ittadnu JENu 523:26, and passim in Nuzi, see lamû mngs. 1b-3'b' and 8b.
- h) in hist.: (list of countries) šunu pā ištēn lu ultaškinšunu I brought them under one rule Weidner Tn. p. 28 No. 16:82; šu-nu nišēšunu alpēšunu ṣēnī: šunu ana epēš ardūtija ana māt Aššur im: qutunimma they, their retainers, their cattle, their flocks arrived in Assyria to do

obeisance to me Streck Asb. 42 iv 121;  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}$ . . . ana mihrit šar māt Elamti uma'ir . . . *šu-nu adi Uruk ištamdihu* I sent the army against the king of Elam, they marched on as far as Uruk OIP 2 87:31 (Senn.); u šu-nu hammā'ē ēpiš sīhi u barti and they, the rebels and instigators of revolt and rebellion Borger Esarh. 44 i 82; ina pan māt Aššur šu-nu šu-nu-ma irrubunimma they (the Elamites) depend on Assyria, but those (the Assyrians) will invade Elam Streck Asb. 44 v 27; may Šamaš and Adad lu mulammenu igirrīšu šu-nu-ma those who give him bad omens Kudurru iv 17 (Nbk. I); naphar 10 LUGAL. MEŠ-ni ša Ad.MEŠ šú(var. šu)-nu-ni in all ten kings who are (tribal) chieftains JNES 13 212 i 21 and dupl. (Ass. King List), see Landsberger, JCS 8 34 sub (e).

i) in lit. and omens: §u-nu limūtuma anāku lublut šu-nu lītebbiruma anāku lūšir šu-nu liqtûma anāku lum'id šu-nu līnišu: ma anāku ludnin (see ešēru mng. 1c) Maqlu II 93 ff., cf. Lambert, AfO 18 294:78 ff.; šu-nu iddûma anāku ušanni they (the gods) have recited (the incantation), I have only repeated it BE 31 56 r. 22 (= Köcher BAM 398), cf. CT 23 10 iii 21, and passim; u šu-nu upīš kaššāpi u kaššāpti Ea... linē u irassun as for them, let Ea turn back the machinations of the sorcerer and the sorceress upon themselves KAR 59 r. 14 and dupls., see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 445; annûtu šú-nu annûtu salmānišunu kīma šú-nu la izzazzu şalmānišunu ina maḥar ilūtika rabītu agallūšunūti these are they, these are their images, since they themselves are not present, I am burning their images in the presence of your divine majesty AfO 18 292:26 (SB inc.), also KAR 80 r. 11; lu endu dulli ilīma šu(var. šú)-nu lu pašhu let the work of the gods be imposed on them (mankind) so they (the gods) can be at rest En. el. VI 8; the servants of a king of a great country will despoil the palace u šú-nu arki bēlišunu imuttu ihalliqu but they too will die or perish after their lord

šunu 1j šunu 1k

TCL 6 16 r. 27, see ZA 52 250:88; *§u-nu-ma* šubarrê ša Marduk they indeed are entitled to freedom through Marduk KAR 321:11 (hymn to Babylon); lu kakkūka ezzūti šu-nu-ma lilliku idāka šu-nu ezzuma tebû kakkūšun let them be your terrible weapons and go at your side, they are indeed raging, their weapons raised Cagni Erra I 44f.; note in penultimate position in poetry: ana Marduk bukrišunu šu-nu iz: zakru to Marduk, their first-born, they spoke En. el. IV 20, VI 48, 96; magilla iddûma šu-nu [irtakbu] (see magillu) Gilg. X iii 48; šú-nu izzizzu Gilg. IV vi 41; ina pī dajāni ul ippalu šu-nu ahhūšu his own brothers will not vouchsafe for him at the summons of the judge Lambert BWL 130:93 (hymn to Šamaš), cf. ibid. 132:117; [lu s] andat ummatki lu ritkusu šu-nu kakkūki En. el. IV 85; ina nūrišu namru littallaku šú-nu (var. šu-nu) kajān let them walk continuously in his bright light En. el. VI 128, cf. ibid. 132, IV 134.

j) in NA: salmu šarri ša mēşiri anāku ēteşiri şalmu šarri ša kappusīte šu-nu ētapšu (see kappusītu) ABL 1051:7, cf. ABL 992 r. 9; they do not do the work sunu annak nišē ammaka they are here and the families are there ABL 537 r. 14; should the king ask mannu šú-nu who are they? ABL 252:7, see Postgate Taxation p. 272; total: three men Sinaja šú-nu la Ḥamataja šúnu they are from GN, they are not from GN₂ ABL 331 r. 4f.; lu PN lu PN₂ lu šú-nu lu mārēšunu lu mār mārēšunu lu aḥḥēšunu lu mār ahhēšunu whether PN or PN2 (the sellers), whether they or their children or their grandchildren or their brothers or their nephews ADD 474:3; mannu ša el= lâni šu-nu ÚŠ.MEŠ ušallumu (his wife, his brother, or his son) anyone who comes forward, they themselves (the killer's fellow-villagers) will pay the blood money in full ADD 618 r. 4; PN PN₂ šu-nu bēl batāqi PN and PN2, they are informers ABL 493 r. 12; ša illikūninni šu-nu-ú ina muhhikunu ma'du are those who have come more

numerous than you? ABL 1186:7; [DN] DN₂ ilāni ša utakkilūkani šu-nu ubtallituššu Bel and Nabû, the gods who give you confidence, made him recover ABL 204 r. 3; ina panātūa šu-nu lú Gar-[. . .] šadû ukallu they are in my presence, the people of GN are staying in the mountains ABL 1044:4 (coll.); note resuming the demonstrative annûte: ina muhhi abite ša GN šumma ibašši annûte udû šumma laššu šunu-ma udû CT 53 46: 7, see Fales, AfO 27 143; as predicate of a nominal sentence: dibbi annûte kunnūte šu-nu these words are reliable ABL 145 r. 10; ālāni...qabassi mu= dabiri šú-nu the settlements are located in the middle of the steppe Iraq 25 79 No. 70 r. 14 (Nimrud let.); Ajaru Simānu urhāni  $t\bar{a}b\bar{u}ti \ \delta u$ -nu MN and MN₂ are favorable months ABL 1092 r. 10, 1308:8; gabbu saklūte šú-nu all of them are common men ABL 1103:6: lu ša ina māt A ššur šu-nu-u-ni lu ša ina māti šanītimma innabtūni whether those who are in Assyria or whether those who have fled to another country Wiseman Treaties 216, cf. ina panija ša-nu-u-ni ABL 556:5; bīt šá-nu-u-ni gabbišunu pahhira wherever they are, assemble all of them Iraq 28 181 No. 86:10. but bīt šu-nu rēssunu iši summon them wherever they are ABL 304 r. 4.

k) in NB: I gave the fugitives food and drink and returned them to their land u*šu-nu mār šiprēja* . . . *iktesû* but they arrested my messengers ABL 1260:13, cf. ibid. 6; ana gabbi ţābtu ēpuš u šu-nu le: mutti ētepšuni I have shown kindness to everyone, but they have done evil to me ABL 295:8; as predicate: LÚ.DIN.TIR.KI. MEŠ šú-nu mār banî bēlē ţābti ša ana muhhi šarri . . . amrū they are Babylonians, free citizens, friends who are loyal to the king ABL 844:7; sābē agannūtu ul bēlē tābti šu-ú-nu bēlē dabāba šu-ú-nu these men are not friends, they are adversaries ABL 326 r. 11; UDU.NITÁ šu-nu amat agarti sheep are a precious commodity YOS 3 104:6; alpī attūa šú-nu the

šunu 11

oxen belong to me YOS 7 30:15; Kumaja annûte halqūte šu-nu these Kumians are fugitives TCL 9 67 r. 35 (let.);  $\S a$  PN  $ana \ \bar{u}mu$ şâtu šú-nu (the various shares of the prebend) belong to PN in perpetuity VAS 15 4:18, also BRM 2 29:24, 36:30, VAS 15 19:22, 26:16, 32:22, 37:28, Speleers Recueil 296:19, and passim in NB leg.; PN and PN2 ina eqli šāšu ahātu šú-nu will share equally in that field VAS 5 48:15, for other NB refs. see ahāta, see also ahāmeš mng. 2b; ul tīdê nišē mušāhizē šú-nu (see mušāhizu) YOS 3 9:52;  $alp\bar{e}\ ul\ imutti\ ša\ {\tt AN.BAR}\ \check{s}u(!)$  nu the oxen will not die, they are (made) of iron YOS 6 103:21, also ibid. 150:18, see Oppenheim, IEJ 5 89ff.

1) in personal names: Šu-nu-ma-i-lu YOS 13 411:4, Wr. Šu-nu-ma-DINGIR.MEŠ ibid. 112:4, Šu-nu-ma-DINGIR ibid. 111:14, VAS 22 65:11, and passim in OB, see Stamm Namengebung 298; Šu-nu-aḥḥūa Jean Tell Sifr 8a r. 1 (OB), Wr. Šú-nu-PAP.MEŠ-ia KAV 197:6 (MA), for Šunu-qardu see Saporetti Onomastica 1 473.

m) introducing direct speech: umma šu-nu-ma BIN 6 8:9 (OA), Bagh. Mitt. 2 56 i 11, also, wr. umma šu-nu-ú-ma CT 29 22:5 (both OB), and passim in OA, OB, Alalakh, Nuzi, Bogh., note: [umm]a lu šu-nu-ma MDP 23 327:5; umma šu-nu-ma-mi HSS 9 8:27 (Nuzi); [umma l]u šu-nu-ma-a-me EA 20:51 (let. of Tušratta).

2. those, the aforementioned (masc. pl.): \$ubātū šu-nu ša PN those textiles belong to PN BIN 48:18 (OA let.); ēma ṭuppū šu-nu šaknū ul nīde we do not know where those tablets are kept CT 6 6:31 (OB leg.); aššum mê ša fD GN mū šu-nu mādiš puššuqu u imtīdu as for the water of the GN canal, that water is very . . . . and it has swollen Kraus AbB 1 37:5; awīlū šu-nu ul uṣṣū those men will not escape ARM 2 103:15, cf. awīlū šu-nu la na-pa-ar-<br/>
⟨ki⟩-im those men are not to stop working ibid. 35:21; šumma kakkū šu-nu ib=

balkituma elīta ittulu if those weaponmarks are inverted and face upward KAR 446:2, and passim in this text, cf. KAR 423 iii 35 (SB ext.); three men from GN, four men from GN₂, one man from GN₃, five men from GN₄ 13 LÚ.MEŠ šu-nu ša umma šu-nu-ma the above mentioned 13 men are those who said as follows JEN 512:12: ina libbi ekalli ana sudulnitá.meš šú-nu ša lú. GAL.MU ušēṣânni ussēli I had to drive to the palace those rams which the official in charge of the kitchen had brought to me ABL 357:8, see Parpola LAS No. 147; ana muhhi sābē šu-nu halgūtu u sidêti PN ana akan: na iltapparanni PN sent me instructions here concerning those fugitive workers and the provisions BIN 1 13:15 (NB let.); nišē šú-nu ina appari bāşihī igabbûšunūtu those people in the marshland, they call them . . . . ABL 258:5 (NB).

In poetry, a redundant *šunu* sometimes appears as the penultimate word of a line, possibly for reasons of rhythm.

In MSL 13 166 (= Izi V) 179, the text has an =  $\delta u$ -ru (coll.).

šunû (šuniu, iššunû, iššanû, fem. šunūtu) adj.; belonging to them, their; OA, OB, NA; NA iššanû; ef. šunu.

lillissina  $\delta u-nu-um-m[a]$ their (the slave girls') children belong to them (the slaves' owners) TuM 1 22a: 32; lu šu-nu-tùma it is their (business) KTS 15:26, see J. Lewy, Or. NS 15 p. 401 f. (both OA); because the men of Dūrum started a lawsuit in a matter not concerning them (la awâ: kīma ša la šu-ni-a-am ibquru šērtam īṣirušunūšim they (the judges) meted out punishment to them because they claimed (something) not theirs Kraus AbB 1 14:23, cf. aššum šu-ni-i-im ša PN u $PN_2$  [i]  $tt[a]dnu[s]un\bar{u}ti$  VAS 16 71:5, see Frankena, AbB 6 71:5;  $i - \delta a - nu - u = 20 - m[a(?)]$ (x)] ša pithallāti[šunu] their own cavalrymen (number) only twenty ABL 174:24 (NA), ef. i- $\delta u$ -nu-u (opposite: ia- $\acute{u}$ ) CT 53 888:11, see Parpola, SAA 1 182.

šunû A šunû A

šunû A s.; (a shrub); Bogh., SB; wr. syll. and GIŠ/Ú.ŠE.NÁ.A, GIŠ.ŠE.NA.A, GIŠ. ŠE.NU.

giš.še.ná.a = šu-nu-u Hh. III 49.

- a) in gen.: if in the low-lying area of a city GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A innamir a š. appears CT 39 11:41, cf. ibid. 12:8, 30 (SB Alu).
- b) in pharm.: Ú NAGA.SI.MEŠ: AŠ ŠE.NÁ.A (var. AŠ GIŠ.NIM) Uruanna III 110; Ú ŠE.NÁ.A Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 i 11.
- c) in med. -1' without specification of the part used: Giš šu-na-a ištēniš taballal you mix together (various herbs and) &. (for a poultice) KUB 37 1:21, see AfO 16 48, cf., wr.  $\circ su-ni-e$  ibid. 24, cf. also, wr. GIŠ.ŠE.NU AMT 70,7:3, 31,7 ii 11;  $\frac{1}{2}$  SÎLA GIŠ.ŠE.NU Küchler Beitr. pl. 6 i 4 (= Köcher BAM 575), pl. 14 i 4 (= Köcher BAM 578), (for an enema) pl. 10 iii 8 (= Köcher BAM 575), Ú. ŠE.NÁ.A (among 63 ingredients for an enema) Köcher BAM 168:14 and dupl. 52:33, Wr. GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A ibid. 240:23, cf. ibid. 58, LKU 61:2 (= Köcher BAM 403), AMT 56,1:5, (as ingredient in a lotion) RA 69 43 r.(!) ii 7 and 12, cf. GIŠ šu-num ibid. r.(!) i 4; GIŠ.ŠE.NU (in a bath for feet) Köcher BAM 124 ii 13; GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A (for a salve) TCL 6 34 r. ii 12; GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A (worn around the neck in a phylactery) Hunger Uruk 46:11, Köcher BAM 434 v 15, 17 and parallel 435 v 17, 311: 11, STT 280 i 49, see Biggs Šaziga p. 66, STT 95 i 20; Wr. GIŠ  $\S u$ -[nim] AMT 43,1 i 20, also 4,4:3.
- 2' the shoot: SE.KAK GIŠ.SE.NÁ.A (among 16 plants for fumigation) AMT 91,1:6, cf. Oefele Keilschriftmedicin pl. 2 Rm. 265:13.
- 3' the leaves: Ú PA GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A: Ú sibit šadâni: sâku ina šamni pašāšu Köcher BAM 1 i 40, cf. Ú PA ŠE.NÁ: Ú sibit ŠĀbi, Ú GIG šá-da-[ni], Ú DIB dMAR.[X] ibid. 423 i 30-32; PA GIŠ šu-nim AMT 20,1 obv.(!) i 38, AMT 69,7 ii 9, 83,1 r. 32 (= Köcher BAM 555 iii 70), Küchler Beitr. pl. 9 ii 57 (= Köcher BAM 575 ii 56), Wr. PA GIŠ.ŠE.NU ibid. pl. 6 f. i 18, 50, etc., AMT 52,5:14, Wr. PA GIŠ.

ŠE.NÁ.A AMT 51,12:6, AMT 13,1:3 (= Köcher BAM 516 ii 27), and passim in med., STT 280 ii 5, see Biggs Šaziga 67, wr. PA GIŠ.ŠE.NA.A Köcher BAM 173:12.

- 4' the seed: NUMUN GIŠ.ŠE.NU . . . tubbal tahaššal tanappi ... ina maški teterri bahrūssu šu.bi.dil.àm (= tasam: missuma iballut) you dry, crush, and sift s. seed, smear it on a poultice and apply it to him hot and he will recover Köcher BAM 398:8 and r. 28, cf. NUMUN GIŠ.ŠE.NU AMT 55,1 r. 5, Wr. NUMUN GIŠ *šu-ni-e* KUB 37 1:14 and 28, see AfO 16 48, NUMUN GIŠ  $\delta u$ nim Köcher BAM 173:27, NUMUN Ú šu-nim AMT 59,1 i 38, NUMUN GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A AMT 98,3:8, cf. NUMUN GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A (to be worn around the neck) CT 14 23 K.9283:21 and dupl. STT 92 i 21, and passim in med., note GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A NUMUN GIŠ.MIN (among ingredients for a lotion) Köcher BAM 253:8.
- 5' mê šunê: me-e šu-ne-e turammakšu you bathe him with an infusion of š. Labat Suse 11 v 13 and vi 5, cf. ina mê Giš šu-nim KÚM RA-su you bathe him with a hot infusion of š. AMT 83,1 r. 21, Wr. A GIŠ.ŠE. NÁ.A KÚM-ti AMT 25,4:9, ina A GIŠ.ŠE. NÁ.A sekrūti AMT 79,1 iv 15, ina mê kasî Giš šu-nim Köcher BAM 111 ii 26, and passim, Wr. A GIŠ.ŠE.NU Köcher BAM 405:12, Wr. A GIŠ Šu-nu Küchler Beitr. pl. 14 i 13 (= Köcher BAM 578); note [DIŠ A... GIŠ].ŠE.NÁ.A SUM-šú if (in his dream) one gives him [juice of ...] of the š. Dream-book 325 K.12525+ r. ii 3.
- 6' the root: Ú SUḤUŠ GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A: Ú hahî: sâku ina šikari rēštî šaqû root of š.: plant for cough, to bray and to give to drink in fine beer Köcher BAM 1 ii 44 and dupls., cf. ibid. 31; SUḤUŠ Ú.ŠE.NÁ.A: [Ú] MUŠ KUR-e STT 94:17; SUḤUŠ GIŠ. ŠE.NA.A Köcher BAM 311:67.
- 7' other forms: KU kibti KU kasî qalûti KU GIŠ ŠE.NU Köcher BAM 240:41, ef., Wr. KU GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A ibid. 50.

For the possible identification of šunû with the chaste tree Vitex agnus-castus

šunû B šunūši

(cf. Syr.  $\sin \bar{a}j\bar{a}$ ) see Löw Flora 3 491 ff., and see also  $\sin turtu$ .

šunû B s.; (mng. unkn.); Bogh.*; foreign word(?).

[. . .]  $\bar{\imath}pu\check{s}uni\check{s}\check{s}un\bar{u}ti\ u\ \check{s}u-ni-\lceil ia\rceil$  [. . .] KUB 3 65:10 (let. from Egypt).

šūnu see šunhu.

šūnuhiš adv.; at great pains, with great hardship; SB; cf.  $an\bar{a}hu$  A.

ina nērebīšun pīqūti šu-nu-hi-iš ērumma (on a sedan chair with selected soldiers) I penetrated their (the mountains') narrow passes with great hardship OIP 2 37 iv 21 (Senn.); ina ālišu Nippuri šu-nu-hi-iš ašibma he was living in his city Nippur in great misery (he had neither silver nor gold) STT 38:3 (Poor Man of Nippur), see Gurney, AnSt 6 150.

See also tānuhiš.

šunuhu see šunhu.

šūnuhu adj.; weary, miserable; SB; cf. anāhu A.

 $\$u\,d_x(\text{KA}\times\$u).\,d\grave{e}\,\,k\check{u}\,\$.\,\grave{u}.\,mu\,\dots\,g\check{u}.\,bi\,\,nigin\,:\,ikrib\bar{\imath}ja\,\,\&u-nu-hu-ti\dots\,ki\&\bar{a}ssu\,\,usahhira\,\,(see\,\&um=ru\&u\,\,lex.\,\,section)\,\,4R\,\,20\,\,No.\,\,1:9\,f.\,+\,\,AJSL\,\,35\,\,139\,\,Ki.\,\,1904-10-9,\,96:4\,f.;\,[g\&.e]\,\,e.ri.\,za\,\,k\&\&.\,\grave{u}.\,\,gin_x(GIM)\,\,g\grave{u}\,\,[mu.ra.an.d\acute{e}]:\,[an\bar{a}ku]\,\,aradki\&u-nu-hu\,\,a\&assiki\,\,ASKT\,\,p.\,115\,\,No.\,\,14:3\,\,f.,\,restored\,\,from\,\,dupl.\,\,4R\,\,29^{**}\,\,No.\,\,5:3\,\,f.$ 

a) said of persons: ummānāt Aššur dalpāti ša . . . šu-nu-ha u muqqa (see muqqu v. usage b) TCL 3 127 (Sar.); parrakku i-šem-me šu-nu-hu Marduk chapel (named) Marduk-Has-Mercy-on-the-Weary Iraq 36 44:46 (topography of Babylon) and dupls., courtesy A. R. George; [u] jāti šu-nu-[hu] i-na-sak mi-iq-ti Lambert BWL 40:49 (Ludlul II, coll. O. R. Gurney); anāku aradka šu-nu-hu dalīlīki ludlul may I, your weary servant, proclaim your praise von Weiher Uruk 22 ii 37, dupl. UET 7 124 r. 12;

naplisma bēlu šu-nu-ļu aradka AfO 1957:57 (prayer to Marduk), cf. [tappa]llas anļa šu-nu-ḥa(var. -ḥu) ša īnunu [...] BMS 12:41 and dupls., see Iraq 31 85; enenna anļu šu-nu-ḥ[u] eše'e panīki now, weak and weary, I seek your favor PBS 1/2 121:11; anāku ... anļu šu-nu-ḥa šudlupu aradka I, your weak, weary, and harassed servant Scheil Sippar 2:4, see Ebeling Handerhebung 8; anāku ... šu-nu-ḥu kansāku I, the weary one, kneel (before you) Köcher BAM 323:27; anāku ... anļu šu-nu-ḥu ātamar panīki Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 133:105, also ibid. 185:27, cf. Schollmeyer No. 27:14, and passim in prayers, for other refs. see anļu mng. 1a.

b) other occs.: inhīja šu-nu-hu-ti Ištar išmēma Ištar heard my wearily uttered (lit. weary) prayers Streck Asb. 190:23; ana atmûa šu-nu-hi libšā uzunki (see atmû A mng. 1b-2') ZA 5 79:13, see von Soden, AfO 25 39.

šunundu see  $\delta an\bar{u}du$ .

šunūnūtu see šinūnūtu.

šūnuqu (fem. šūnuqtu) adj.; milk-giving; MA, SB; cf. enēqu.

l UDU gurrutu šu-nu-uq-tum da'iqtu one fine, milk-giving ewe (for context see agurratu) KAJ 96:2 (MA); obscure: Ú šu-nu-qu: Ú imhur-ašru Uruanna II 422.

šunūši (šunūšim) pron.; to them (masc. pl. dat.); OB, Mari, NB.

Igá.al.ne.a = alkam šu-nu-ši go to them OBGT VII 247, also (corr. to Sum. ne infix) ibid. 248-318; [un.ne.š]i = [ana šu-nu-šim] NBGT II 234, cf. (corr. to Sum. da) ibid. 244 ff. but un.ne.ta, an.ne.ta, in.ne.ta, en.ne.ta = [...]-a-šim ibid. 248 ff.

inanna še'em ša ana hubullim ilqû qadum sibtišu ana šu-nu-ši-im-ma uwaššar now I will remit to them the (debt of) barley that they have borrowed, along with the interest on it ARM 4 16 r. 7'; kīma ana LÚ.KIN.GI4.A ša tillātim PN isanniqu u ana

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šu-nu-ši-im isanniq A 7537:49 (OB let.); ukullî šu-nu-šú innaniššunūtu give fodder to them CT 22 116:18, cf. ibid. 24 (NB let.).

## šunūšim see šunūši.

**šunūti** pron.; **1.** them (masc. pl. oblique, rarely nom.), to them (as dat. in OA), **2.** those, the aforementioned (masc. pl.); from OAkk. on.

e.ne.ne.ra =  $\delta u$ -nu-ti OBGT I 544; e.ne. ne.er.ì.me.a, e.ne.ne.ra.àm =  $\delta u$ -nu-[ti]-ma ibid. 550f.; e.ne.ne.da.nam.me, nam.da. meš.a = ela  $\delta u$ -nu-ti ibid. 473f.; [e.ne.ne.da]. [na.an.nam] = [e-la-ma-an]  $\delta u$ -nu-ti ibid. 482; e.ne.ne.a. $\delta u$ b.ba = ezi[b  $\delta u$ -nu-ti] ibid. 493, cf. ibid. 496; [...] =  $\delta [u$ -nu]-t[i  $MURUB_4$ -T]A NBGT I 180-182; meš = (blank, for  $\delta u$ nuti KI.TA?) ibid. 183; e.ne.a, e.ne.ne.a, un.ne.ne.a, an.ne. ne.a, e.ne. $\delta e$ , un.ne. $\delta e$ , an.ne. $\delta e$ , in.ne. $\delta e$ , en.ne. $\delta e$ , un.ne.ta, in.ne.ta, en. ne.ta, un.ne.da, an.ne.da, [i] n.ne.da, en. ne.da =  $\delta u$ -nu-ti AN.TA ibid. 185-201; un.ne.a, an.ne.a, in.ne.a, en.ne.a = mIN (= [ana])  $\delta u$ -nu-ti NBGT II 252 ff.

3.àm.ne.ne dingir dumu.ne.ne.er gi₆ an. bar_x(NE) gá.e ba.gub.ba múš nu.túm.ma e.ne.ne.ne mu.un.ne.ši.in.ág.ge.eš: ana šelaltišunu ilī mārīšu mūša u urra uzuzu la naparkā šu-nu-ti uma'iršunūti he gave the three of them (Sin, Šamaš, and Ištar), the gods, his children, the commission to stand without cease day and night CT 16 19 f.: 64 ff.

- 6 bàd.gal.gal(var. adds .la).bi RN ... [m]i.ni.in.dù.a:6 dūrāni rabiūtim šu-nu-ti ša RN ... [i]pušu those six mighty fortresses which Sumulael had built LIH 98:61 and 99:61 (Sum.) = LIH 97:58 and VAS 1 33 iii 6 (Akk., Samsuiluna); a.bi dug.šè ù.mu.e.ni.ši.in.gi₄: mê šu-nu-ti ana karpati tērma (move the water past the patient) return that water to the pot CT 17 32:9f., cf. ibid. 26:69f., 39:60 and 66.
- 1. them (masc. pl. oblique, rarely nom.), to them (as dat. in OA) a) as direct object 1' in gen.:  $\delta u$ -nu-ti uqa'a I am waiting for them CCT 3 38:16, also CCT 4 6d:10; u  $\delta u$ -nu-ti  $\delta \bar{e}bilanim$  send those too (the mentioned debt notes) TCL 14 31:18 (all OA);  $\delta u$ -nu-ti-i-ma ana GN  $u\delta t\bar{a}\langle b\rangle il$  (in broken context) Kraus, AbB 5 104 r. 5'; as to them  $\delta u$ -nu-ti [ina]GN u GN₂ [mu(?)]-[h]u-ur receive (them) in GN and GN₂ ARM 5 27:21;  $\delta u$ -nu-ti u-htappiam ina

uzzišu he smashed them (the šūt abnī) in his anger Gilg. M. iv I (OB); mêša la šūṣâ šu-nu-ti(var. -tú) umta'ir he (Marduk) commanded them not to let her (Tiāmat's) water escape En. el. IV 140; la ṭābat alkassunu šu-nu-ti igammila though their ways are not good, she (Tiāmat) indulges them En. el. I 28.

- 2' with a resumptive suffix:  $u \, \check{s}u$ -nu- $ti \, \check{h}tiajassun\bar{u}ti$  as for them, watch them CT 4 24a:14 (OB let.);  $ep\check{s}\bar{e}ti\check{s}unu \, k\bar{i}ma$   $gi\check{s}\langle par\rangle ri \, libbalkitu[\check{s}un\bar{u}ti] \, \check{s}u$ -nu- $ti \, lib\bar{a}$ = $ru\check{s}un\bar{u}[ti]$  let their deeds overwhelm them as though with a net and catch them PBS 1/1 13:36 (SB inc.).
- with prepositions 1' in gen.: ezub la šu-nu-ti abi ašlim . . . ul ibašši apart from them there is no surveyor TLB 4 74:22 (OB let.); aššum kīma šu-nu-ti PN ig= muru baqrīšu<nu> u rugummîšunu PN īta: nappal because PN settled (the lawsuit) in their (the brothers') stead, PN will compensate their (eventual) claimants CT 45 18:29 (OB leg.); aṣṣēr šu-nu-tí (in broken context) CCT 4 45a:5 (OA); aššum šiltāhī šu-nu-ti ašapparakkum ARM 185:16; kīma *šu-nu-ti-ma umtaššilāku* Smith Idrimi 60, see Dietrich and Loretz, UF 13 220 f.: kî šu-nu-t[i] EA 138:7 (let. of Rib-Addi); note in Bogh. after ša, as inverted genitive construction: ša šu-nu-ti awâtišunu ištenemme he always listens to their words KUB 1 16 i 12; ša šu-nu-ti tēmšunu iparrir their plans will become confused KBo 1 11 obv.(!) 18 (Uršu story), see ZA 44 116.
- 2' (ša) kīma šunūti their representatives (OA): PN u PN₂ ina šahūt aššat PN₃ mer'āt PN₃ u mer'ē PN₃ kīma šu-nu-tí izzizzu PN and PN₂ served as the representatives for the wife, daughters, and sons of PN₃ Kienast ATHE 22:6; 10½ MA. NA kaspam ša mer'ē PN ša kīma šu-nu-tí PN₂ eppulu the ten and one-half minas of silver of the sons of PN their representatives will pay PN₂ TCL 414:25, cf. BIN 6 62:24, 91:15; 30 MA.NA kaspam...

šunūti šunūti

- c) as dative pronoun (OA): ina bīt kārim ana šu-nu-tim šaddu'itī 1 mana'um 1 gín addiššunūtima in the office of the kāru I gave to them my šaddu'utu dues of one shekel per mina TCL 14 26:3.
- d) asyndetic constructions: *šu-nu-ti-ma ilū rabūti bēlē šīmāti nābū šumija* they indeed are the great gods, the masters of destinies, who appointed me VAB 4 150 iii 5 (Nbk.).
- 2. those, the aforementioned (masc. pl.) - a) qualifying the direct object - 1'ištum kaš+x.kaš+x su₄-nu-ti in gen.: iš_v(LAM×KUR)-ar-ru after he (Narām-Sin) won those battles YOS 1 10:11 and dupl. RA 11 89:11 (OAkk.);  $tupp\bar{u} \ \delta a \ PN \dots tupp\bar{i}$ šu-nu-tí petiama bariama PN's tablets, open (pl.) and check those tablets TCL 20 99:14, cf. BIN 6 57:15; šumma tuppum ibašši ša ša-lá-<ša>-at šu-nu-tí (see šalāš usage d) BIN 6 49:15;  $aw\bar{\imath}[l\bar{e}]$  §u-nu-tí PN işbat PN has seized those men OIP 27 5:20, cf.  $\delta \bar{i}b\bar{e} \delta u$ -nu-ti AnOr 6 pl. 2 No. 7:8 (all OA); sarrūtim šu-nu-ti la iṣṣabtamma (if the tavern keeper) does not seize those criminals CH § 109:30: awīlē šu-nu-ti attardak= kum I have sent those men to you VAS 16 32:12, also CT 52 78:11, ARM 3 80:20; 4 nuhatimmī šu-nu-ti ina pī kankišu ušaš: tiranni he made me register those four cooks in his sealed document LIH 1:9; paršīgī šu-nu-ti ana bēlišunu litērušumma they should return to him those headdresses for their owner PBS 7 113:24 (all OB letters); ālāni šu-nu-ti sull[umumma] usal= lam I will surely have those cities make peace ARM 10 121:16; ālāni šu-nu-ti ana ašrišunu utēra I restored those cities 3R 8 ii 38 (Shalm. III), cf. Lie Sar. 261, (with var.  $\S u$ -a-ti) Streck Asb. 46 v 57;  $m\hat{e} \S u$ -nu- $te ş\bar{e}r$

tamirti Ninua ukinnamma OIP 2 114 viii 29, also ibid. 79:11, but mê ša-tu-nu qerebšun ukinna ibid. 115 viii 40 (all Senn.);  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}\,\check{s}u$ -nutim tupšikka emēdam if he (the king) imposes forced labor on these people Lambert BWL 112:24; ummâni šu-nu-ti ana apsî ušērid Cagni Erra I 147; mê šu(var. šú) nu-ti ana pan Šamaš tanaggi... $m\hat{e}$  šu(var. šú)-nu-ti telehhem you libate this water before Šamaš and then you may drink from this water CT 38 24 BM 34092 r. 2 f., var. from 23 K.2312 r. 15, 17 (SB Alu), see Caplice, Or. NS 40 150 r. 33' and 35', cf. KUB 37 50:6, 55 iv 10, AMT 86,1 ii 2, KAR 43:13; abnē šunu-ti itti Ú.AN.HÚL.MEŠ tašakkak thread these stones with the . . . . -s BMS 12:104, see Ebeling Handerhebung 82; you take dust from the gate SAHAR šu-nu-ti šēpēšu ana māḥirti umašša' (see māḥiru mng. 2b) AMT 74 ii 30; upīšī šú-nu-ti ana libbi mašak šahî takammis Köcher BAM 449 i 5, cf. ibid. 2, kiṣrī šú-nu-ti . . . puttir ibid. ii 1; 3 arhē šú-nu-ti uštapaššagma iballut he will suffer for the above-mentioned three months (only Nisannu and Ajaru mentioned), but he will recover CT 38 34:21, also ibid. 22.

- 2' with resumptive suffix:  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}$  šunu-ti... lubulti birme uḥallipšunūti I clothed those men in garments with multicolored trim OIP 2 82:33 (Senn.);  $m\bar{a}r\bar{e}$   $B\bar{a}bili\,\bar{s}u$ -nu-ti ina pašsūr taknė ulzissunūti Streck Asb. 30 iii 90;  $iss\bar{u}r\bar{e}\,\bar{s}u$ -nu-tim amēlu ina qātēšu inašsīšunūti the man lifts those birds in his hands Or. NS 36 274:11 (namburbi), cf. AAA 22 56 r. i 15.
- b) in apposition to a genitive: §a...

  \$\bar{u}m\bar{u}\tank\bar{a}r\bar{i}\timesu-nu-ti\ a\bar{b}uruni\ that the
  term of those merchants is overdue TCL 4
  14:19 (OA let.); ina qerab sub\bar{a}t\bar{i}\timesu-nu-ti\ among the aforementioned garments BIN
  4 123:8 (OA); warkat sulupp\bar{i}\timesu-nu-ti\ lip=
  paris the matter of those dates should be
  investigated TCL 1 32:7 (OB let.); ina b\bar{i}t\bar{a}t\ nukaribb\bar{e}\timesu-nu-ti\times\bar{u}\sigma\bar{v}\ nu-ti\times\bar{u}\sigma\bar{v}\ nu-ti\times\bar{u}\sigma\bar{u}\ nu\times\bar{v}\ nu-ti\times\bar{u}\sigma\bar{u}\ nu\times\bar{u}\ nu-ti\times\bar{u}\sigma\bar{u}\ nu\times\bar{u}\ nu-ti\times\bar{u}\sigma\bar{u}\ nu\times\bar{u}\ n

šunūti šunu'û

isqi annî înšu la ittašû whoever does not covet the aforementioned villages or this prebend MDP 10 pl. 11 ii 24; ana ālāni šunu-ti la ere[bi] not to enter those villages ibid. ii 2, ša ālāni šu-nu-ti sibit alpī u sēni isabbatu (he who) seizes the tax on large and small cattle of these villages ibid. iii 32 (MB kudurru); ana kišpī šú-nu-ti pašāri to dispel that witchcraft KAR 80:7; ana ummâni šu-nu-ti libba rapša iddinšu: nūtima he (Marduk) gave to those craftsmen great understanding Cagni Erra IIb 19, cf. (Marduk) ša ummānī šu-nu-ti e[lāšu= nu] ul iqbi ibid. 16; ana DN u DN2 u ilāni šú-nu-tú RAcc. 93 r. 22; ana muhhi upīšī  $\S u-nu-ti$  AMT 87,2:4; ana  $il\bar{a}ni \S u-nu-ti$ ukīn dāriš he (the governor) established (offerings) for all future for those gods Unger Bel-harran-beli-ussur 16, also isqe nin= dabê ša ilāni šu-nu-ti the income and food offerings of those gods ibid. 18: ša šu= barrê šu-nu-ú-tu ina palêšu aj ibbaši ešīs: sun (see šubarrû usage b) YOS 1 38 ii 30 (Sar.); ša mārē āli šu-nu-ti zakûssunu uštā: bil kabat[ti] I conceived a desire to (establish) freedom from encumbrances for those citizens (of Assur) Sammlung 2 1:38 (Sar.), see Saggs, Iraq 37 16, cf. Lie Sar. 231.

c) in apposition to the subject:  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}$ šu-nu-ti ša birti u nagê abikti PN bēlišunu ēmuru those soldiers of the fortresses and the districts saw the defeat of their lord Ursa TCL 3 174 (Sar.); āšib Bābili  $\delta u(\text{var. }\delta u) - nu - ti \,\delta u(\text{var. }\delta u) - nu \, i \, s \, \bar{u} \, rumma$ arrašunu attama those inhabitants of Babylon – they are birds and you (Erra) are their decoy Cagni Erra IV 18; adi mārē Bābili šu-nu-ti gereb māt Aššur ušuzzu idaggalu pan šakān tēmija Streck Asb. 30 iii 93; mannu . . . lu ṣābē šú-nu-te [lu mar'ē] = šunu lu marmar'ēšunu (whoever lodges a lawsuit) be it the aforementioned people or their sons or their grandsons ADD 500:4; GIG šu-nu-ti adanna iršû those sores have a fixed period AMT 74 ii 25, cf. AMT 71,1:15.

šunu'tu (šunnūtu) s.; team of two; lex.*; ef. šina.

giš.apin.gud.2.lá =  $\delta u$ -nu-'-tu (var.  $\delta u$ -un-nu-[tum]) (plow with) a team of two (oxen) Hh. V 133. F. R. Kraus, RA 64 145.

**šunu'û** (fem. *šunu'ītu*) adj.; two-yearold; NB; wr. syll. and 2 with phon. complement; cf. *šina* num.

gud [mu]  $.2 = [8u] -nu - [^{\circ}-u]$  Hh. XIII 331, cf. gud  $.2^{gu-me-ni} = 8u -nu - ^{\circ}-u$  Rm. 307:10 (Alu comm.), cited MSL 8/1 47; GUD MU.2.MEŠ Practical Vocabulary Assur 324; ANŠE MU.2.MEŠ ibid. 332.

- a) in early NB: [x] UDU.NITÁ.MEŠ Šu-un-ú-tu [x] UDU.NITÁ.MEŠ DUMU.MEŠ MU.AN.NA BIN 1 134:12 (Šamaš-šum-ukīn), but 5 GUD.NINDÁ.MEŠ MU.2.KAM 6 ÅB. NIGIN.MEŠ MU.2.KAM five two-year-old bulls, six two-year-old heifers BRM 1 3:5f. (Nabû-šumu-iškun).
- in later NB: 5 GUD šu-nu-'-i 1  $\delta u - lu - \langle \delta u \rangle - u$  five two-year-old oxen, one three-year-old one CT 22 24:7 (let.), wr. 1  $b\bar{i}ru$  4-u 1  $b\bar{i}ru$  3-u 1  $b\bar{i}ru$  2-u Nbn. 202:3: 5 KUŠ giladu ša GUD ina libbi ištēn ša GUD  $\delta u$ -nu-u five oxhides, among them one of a two-year-old ox (drawing on back of tablet depicts a one-humped bull) AJA (First Series) 8 190:2 (= Hilprecht Assyriaca pl. 1); 2 GUD *šuklulu* 2-ú-i two ungelded twoyear-old bulls CT 57 289:2, cf. (followed by mār šatti) Nbn. 127: 3; 1 GUD 2-ú tamīm TCL 12 112:3; GUD 2-i.MEŠ YOS 3 25:25 (let.); GUD  $2-\acute{u}$  ÁB 2-i-tum YOS 6118:9f.; GUD  $2-\acute{u}$ AB 2-ti (heading of list) YOS 6 130:1, wr. 2-tum Nbn. 54:4; 13 GUD 2-i 43 ÁB 2.ME UCP 9 69 No. 58:3f.; ana ištêt AB.NIGIN 2-ti CT 55 661:6, wr. 2-i-tum CT 56 744:8, see also  $s\bar{a}hirtu$ ; note 72 UDU MU.2-[ú] (followed by mār šatti) BE 9 1:2; 2 urīsu  $MU.2-\acute{u}$  BE 10 105:4, 106:4.

Since no syllabic writings are attested before the NB period, it is not known whether the writings MU.2 (with the numerals written as two vertical wedges in OAkk., and with two horizontals in the shape of the sign HAL in OB, MB, MA,

**šunu'ûtu šupālu

Nuzi) following GUD, AB, UDU, etc., are to be read *šunu'û* and *šunu'ītu*. For refs. see Gelb, JCS 21 64 ff., Kraus Viehhaltung 42 ff., Landsberger, MSL 8/1 75 ff.

Landsberger, MSL 8/1 47.

**šunu'ûtu (AHw. 1278a) In Dar. 257:7,  $2-\acute{u}$   $tu-\acute{u}-qa-ti-ma$  (see  $qat\^{u}$  mng. 4c),  $2-\acute{u}$  stands for  $\check{s}an\^{u}$  "second."

šupāla see šupālu.

šupālānu s.; lower or western border or district; Nuzi; ef. šapālu.

URU Dúr-ša 〈ša〉 šu-pa-la-[nu] West Durša JEN 492:9; kirû 47 šiddašu ina [elēnāniššu] 43 gìr Ki.min-ma ina šu-pa-la-ni-iš-[šu] (beside dimensions ina i[lt]ā: nāniššu, ina sūtānāniššu) an orchard, 47 (feet) its long side on the upper border, 43 feet ditto on its lower border AASOR 16 22:4; ina dimti ša PN ina elēniššu u šu-pa-la-[š]u (see elēnu mng. 1c) JEN 287:11.

šupālītu s.; 1. undergarment, 2. foundation(?); EA, SB, NA, NB; wr. syll. and (TÚG.)KI.TA (KI ADD 758:3, 973 iii 3, etc.); cf. šapālu.

- 1. undergarment: šu-pal-li-tum ša kitê a linen š. CT 2 2:8, also ibid. 11, 14 ff., and 21; ištêt TÚG šu-pa-li-tum eššetu babbanītu one fine new š. VAS 6 141:1; ištêt TÚG šir'am šu-pal-li-tum eššetu babbanītu (see siriam) Nbk. 12:3, cf. VAS 4 168:7, also TCL 9 117:46 (all NB); 2 TÚG.KI.TA ADD 974:5; [TÚG].KI ḤAL-p[at...] ADD 758:3, 2 KI. TA.MEŠ GI6 ibid. 9, 1 KI ḤAL-pat ADD 973 iii 3 and 5, for other refs. see *hallupu; 3 TÚG.KI.TA ZI(?) 1 TÚG KI.MIN [...] Iraq 23 43 ND 2687:9 f.; TÚG.AN.TA.MEŠ TÚG. KI(?).[TA].MEŠ ADD 680:6 (all NA); uncert.: TÚG AN.TA.KI.TA EA 25 iv 48, cf. EA 22 iv 11.
- 2. foundation(?): eliš ne dAnu imnuk ... šapliš šu-pa-li-it-ka dEa bēl nagab erṣeti above, ... Anu, your right hand, below, Ea, lord of the underground

waters, your foundation(?) KAR 128 r. 34 (bil. prayer of Tn. I, Sum. destroyed).

šupālu s.; 1. depression, low-lying area, 2. (in prepositional and adverbial use) beneath, (Nuzi) west of; from OB on; wr. syll. (šu-pel PBS 2/1 81:8, 159:6, šu-pul PBS 2/1 215:12) and (in EA) KI.TA; cf. šapālu.

bu-ru u = šu-pa-lum A II/4:89; giš.galam. ma = MIN (= simmiltu) šu-pa-li Erimhuš II 275.

- 1. depression, low-lying area: damīšina šu-pa-lu u naḥall[ū umtalli] he filled the depressions and watercourses with their blood RA 70 117:24' (OB lit.); kīma 12 gín £.SILA.DAGAL.LA \(\frac{1}{3}\) SAR £ warkatum šu-pa-lum DA bīt PN ana PN2 innadin in lieu of an area of twelve shekels by(?) the square, one third of a SAR of rear area, low-lying(?), adjoining the house of PN, was given to PN2 (the buyer) CT 2 45:13 (OB house sale), cf. CT 47 34:5.
- 2. (in prepositional and adverbial use) beneath, (Nuzi) west of -a) in concrete mng.: si-ru-šu ina šu-pa-al dutu la i-šari may his progeny not prosper beneath the Sun MDP 41 66 No. 32:10 (bil.), see ibid. p. 69, restored from MDP 11 p. 13:8, also MDP 28 p. 31 No. 17:7, MDP 32 2:7, MDP 32 2bis:7, see MDP 41 p. 106 (all MB Elam); (the medication) ina šu-pal erši šakānu Köcher Pflanzenkunde 1 v 23, 59, 61, cf. ina šu-pa-lum nignakki Köcher BAM 417:21; 1200 kusīpēti šamni ša ina šu-pal makkas u asnê iššak: kan (see makkasu A usage b) RAcc. 77:40;  $tinammušu\ libittu\ \dots\ ištu\ [š]u-pal\ (re$ placing šapal) tappātiši u anāku la inam: mušu ištu šu-pal šēpī šarri bēlija (see namāšu mng. 2) EA 296:19ff., 292:14ff.;  $b\bar{\imath}t\bar{a}t$  agurri  $\check{\imath}u$ -pa-lu- $u\check{\imath}$ - $\check{\imath}u$  (see agurrumng. 1d) AOB 140:12 (time of Aššur-uballiț I); [. . .] a-ki takkassu ša rēšiššu giš.gìr.gub  $ugn\hat{i} \, \check{s}a \, \check{s}u$ -ba-la- $a\check{s}$ - $\check{s}u \, a \, block \, of [...] at$ his head, a lapis lazuli footstool at his foot VAS 12 193 r. 13 (= EA 359) ( $\check{s}ar tamh \bar{a}ri$ );  $l\bar{i}ruba=$ ma šu-pa-la lamassāti u kāribāti lu salla they (the women guardians) should come

šupālu šupālu

in and sleep at the feet of (lit. beneath) the lamassu and kāribu figures MDP 2 p. 122:5 (= MDP 4 pl. 18 No. 3), see AfO 24 95; in NB date grove rentals: dullu ina šupa-lu gišimmari ippuš...mimma mala ina šu-pa-lu gišimmari ippuš ana ramnišu ikkal . . . ina ūmu dullu ina šu-pa-lu gišim: mari la ītepšu ½ GUN kaspa . . . ana PN inandin he will do work beneath the palms (i.e. cultivate the land between the trees of the palm grove), anything he plants beneath the palms, he will have the usufruct of for himself, if he does not do work beneath the palms, he will pay PN half a talent of silver BE 9 99:6, 8, 12, cf. BE 8 132:9f., 97:10f., BE 9 10:8, 21, 101:9 ff., PBS 2/1 115:6 f., 215:7, BIN 1 125:10, VAS 5 110:16, wr. dullu ina šu-pa-la gišim= mari ippuš BIN 1 117:11, cf. ša ina šu-pala ippuš ibid. 14; mimma mala ina šu-[pal]-la [gišimmari] illâ PN u PN2 ikkalu of anything which grows beneath the date palms, PN and PN2 will have the usufruct Dar. 427:10; dullu šu-pal gišimmari ippušu BE 8/1 128:4, cf. šu-pal gišimmari iherri Camb. 42:9, ina & u-pa-lu [GI\u00e3.GI\u00e3IMMAR(?)] i-hel-ri Nbk. 115:21; with gisimmaru omitted: mānah [mala] šu-pa-lu išakkanu PN of all that he plants under- $\lceil ik-kal \rceil$ neath (the date palms), PN will have the usufruct VAS 5 26:15, cf. mānah [ša šu= pāli] ina libbi išakkan ibid. 12; note the writings: ina šu-pel gišimmari PBS 2/1 159:6,  $\delta u$ -pel-la(?)  $gi\delta immari$  ibid. 81:8, [ina ūmu dul]-lu ina šu-pul la it-te-ép-šú ibid. 215:12, see Ries Bodenpachtformulare 110ff.

b) in topographical indications — 1' in NB: (a field) ša ina šu-pal Barsip Dar. 476:3, cf. ša šu-pal āli VAS 3 100:3, šu-pal āli TuM 2-3 17:12, ša ina šu-pal GN BE 9 59:3, eli nāri u šu-pa-lu nāri Cyr. 123:18, his field ša ina šu-pal nāri VAS 4 16:7, ša elēnu u šu-pa-lu ḥarrān PN TuM 2-3 135:4.

2' in Nuzi (in the sense of "west of"): a field ina elēni eqli ša PN ina šu-pa-al eqli ša PN₂ east of PN's field, west of PN2's field HSS 9 27:5, (beside ina iltān, ina elān, ina sūtān) ibid. 20:7, HSS 19 30:8, and passim in Nuzi, cf. ina šu-pa-al dimti (ša) PN JEN 651:6, ina šu-pa-al harrāni ša GN HSS 9 101:5, ina šu-pa-al āli JEN 408:6, ina šu-pa-al bītāti ša PN HSS 9 21:20, CT 51 1:11, ina šu-pa-al miṣri ša GN JEN 654:7, ina šu-pa-al kirî ša PN JEN 605:5, ina šu-pa-al kuppāti [. . .] JENu 941:5, see Fadhil Arraphe 46, Wr. i-na šu-pa-li HSS 15 134:8; bītāti . . . ša iltān u ša šu-pa-al bītāti HSS 9 35:4; eqlu ša šu-pa-al harrānāti JEN 390:16, see Gordon, RA 31 101 ff.

3' other occs.: eqlu . . . &a &u-pa-la  $lib\bar{a}ri$  a field (situated) below the  $lip\bar{a}ru$ -tree MDP 22 155:11 (= MDP 4 p. 190 No. 14), wr. &u-pa-al ibid. 71:1.

c) with  $\delta \bar{e}pu$ , etc., referring to submission: Azira . . . ana šu-pa-al šēpī Šup= pilu[liuma ab]a abij[a imtaqut] Azira fell at the feet (lit. beneath the feet) of my grandfather Šuppiluliuma KBo 1 8:5 (treaty); dŠamšu šarru rabû kitta ša Niq= manda ītamarma kî šûma ittalka ana šupa-li šēpī ša dŠamaš šarri rabî bēlišu igta: rar the great king, the Sun, saw the righteousness of Niqmanda, (namely) that he came and rolled at the feet of his lord, the great king, the Sun MRS 9 43 RS 17.227:45 (treaty between Suppiluliuma and Nigmanda); šiţirtu ša māmīti . . . ana šu-pa-al  $\delta \bar{e} p \bar{i} \delta a$  [DN . . .]  $\delta a k i n$  the text of the treaty lies at the feet of DN KBo 1 24 r. 6, also ibid. 9 (let. from Ramses II), see Edel, ZA 49 196 r. 15, 18; ana šu-pa-li upri šēpī šarri bēlija 7 u 7 amqut seven times and seven times I fall down to (lit. under) the dust of the feet of the king, my lord RA 19 107 : 4 (= EA 363), Wr. ana KI.TA  $\delta \bar{e}p\bar{i}$  EA 138:3, 137:3, cf. EA 128:22, 126:2, RA 19 102:3 (= EA 362), ana šu-pal šēpī šarri EA 186:10; umma PN aradka epri šu-pa-al šēpī š[arri] bēlija thus speaks PN, your servant, the dust beneath the feet of the king, my lord EA 185:4, 187:4, cf. ištu ša šu-p[a-li u]priša šēpī šarri bēlija EA 183:6; anāku epru ištu šu-pa-li šēnī šarri bēlija I am the dust

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under the shoes of the king, my lord EA 147:4, and passim in letters of Abimilki of Tyre, wr. §u-pa-al EA 149:4.

- d) in other transferred mngs.: um=
  ma[šu] aššassu mārīšu u qinnaššu gabbi kî
  ikmesu id Ulaj ana šu-pal šāru itebir ana
  uru Talah ittalka when he had assembled
  his mother, his wife, his children and his
  whole family, he crossed the Ulaj river
  in the direction of "under the wind" and
  came to GN ABL 281:9, cf. ša ugu im u
  KI.TA IM BHT pl. 13 iii 11; PN... ina šupa-la PN₂ iterub PN entered the service
  of PN₂ ABL 1109 r. 13 (= Thompson Rep. 90);
  TA šu-pa-[li] be-li (in broken context) ABL
  540:1 (all NB).
- e) in adverbial use -1' with prep.: 9 ina 1 къ̀ lurappiš ana šu-pa-li dannassu mê lušekšidi I made (the moat) nine cubits wide and, in a downward direction, I made the bottom of the foundation pit reach the (subsoil) waters KAH 2 84:65 (Adn. II); 20 mušarī ana šu-pa-lu mê nagbe lu akšud (after excavating) twenty mušaru downwards I reached the groundwater Weidner Tn. 32 No. 18:8, ef. 80 muš $ar\bar{i}$  ziqpa [u]š $\bar{e}l\hat{a}$ ana šu-pa-li dannassu ibid. 12 No. 5:77, cf. also ibid. 5 No. 1 iv 50, 10 No. 3: 26, AfO 19 141: 7; 20 ina ammati ana šu-pa-li [. . .] ikšudu m $\hat{e}$ nagbi Winckler Sar. pl. 44 D 24; obscure: ana  $\delta u$ -pa-lu it-ta- $\delta u$ - $\lceil \acute{u}(?) \rceil$  ABL 1317 r. 4; 15 loads of reeds a-na šu-pa-lu še. BAR šá ki še du man [di e] BRM 1 96:5;  $B\bar{a}bili\ \check{s}\hat{u}\ u\ [al]temu\ umma\ ana\ \check{s}u-pa-lu$ ana na și IGI PN u emūqā ibašši ittišu he is in Babylon, and I have heard the following: . . . . before PN, and (there is) a military force with him ABL 436:6 (all NB); (a field) ina  $\delta u$ -pa-li-i JEN 411:7, wr. [ina šu-pa]-al-li-i JEN 479:6; note with adverbial -a ending: if a hole opens ina šu-pa-la bēl bīti under the owner of the house CT 40 20: 19 (SB Alu); a field ina dimti ša PN ina šu-ba-la in PN's manor to the west JEN 95:5; ina &u-pa-la-a [...] ABL 1135:9 (NB).

2' other occs.: namgaru ša šu-pa-la PBS 1/2 81:12 (MB let.); URU Puhišenniwe ša *šu-pa-al-li* West Puhišenniwe HSS 13 247:7, cf. [URU Pu]-hi-še-en-ni-we ša šupa- $\lceil li \rceil$  HSS 15 124:4; ištu dimti  $\lceil ša(?) \rceil$ šu-ba-la ša PN ša GN from PN's western manor at GN JEN 256:18; ina KASKAL §u-pa-la on the western(?) road JEN 224:16; ana pani abulli ša šu-pa-al šatir written in front of the West Gate HSS 5 30:23, cf. KÁ.GAL ša šu-pa-li HSS 1946:56; difficult: [10 i]na ammatu mūrakšu u [14] ina ammatu rupussu ša pitakku ana 3 i[na] ammatu šu-pa-[li] šu-ka-il-ma ša uru gn ten cubits, the length, and 14 cubits, the width, of the pitakku, for(?) three cubits westward(?), . . . of GN HSS 15 259:14, also ibid. 19, 24, 29 (all Nuzi); as "Flurname"?: 10 GÁN.A.ŠÀ  $ina šu-pa-\lceil lu \rceil$  PBS 8/2 262:2, cf. GÚ  $\S u$ -pa-lu . . .  $\S A$ G.E ibid. 12 (OB);  $X A.\S A$  $\delta u - pa - lu$  ARMT 23 467:19 and 22.

**šupālû** (fem. *šupālītu*) adj.; lower; Elam, MB, SB, NB; wr. syll. and KI.TA (Weidner Tn. 11 f. No. 5:6 and 67); cf. *šapālu*.

- a) in Elam: DA ummati šu-pa-li-ti adjoining the lower... MDP 22 70:4; eqlu pû šu-pa-li-tu ša PN īterrišu the field, the lower outlet(?), which PN has been cultivating MDP 23 289:14,290:15; A.ŠA šu-pa-la u GIŠ.SAR e-le-nu išām he bought the lower field and the upper orchard MDP 23 229:8.
- b) in MB, NB: dulla ina kāri šu-pa-li-i ṣabtama epša begin (pl.) work on the lower quay BE 17 1:9; igāra šu-pa-la-a kî ihlušu tīda altakan when they scraped off the lower wall, I applied the mud plaster JCS 19 97:31 (both MB letters); mušen-nītu šu-pa-li-tum ša PN TCL 13 223:6; eqlu šu-pa-lu-ú (opposite: elēnû) Nbn. 103:6; kirû eblu šu-pa-lu-ú (beside elēnû) TuM 2-3 5:7; bīt qāti epuštu šu-pal-lit-tum (beside bīt qāti elēnītu) VAS 15 48:8, also ibid. 12 and 15, (replacing šaplû, q.v.) mi-ṣir šu-pa-lu-ú BE 8/1 118:3; URU Puqudu šu-pa-lu-u ABL 752 r. 10 and 11; ištēn GIŠ É

šupapītu šuparruru

nu-ú-ri 1-et x-x-ti šá GIŠ. <MES>.MÁ.GAN.

NA ištēn elēnû u ištēn šu-pa-lu-ú ú-di-e
ša PN ina muḥḥi PN₂ Dar. 418:6; note the
writings šu-pa-la-ni-ti, šu-pa-la-li-i-ti
FLP 1523:9f. and dupl. FLP 1524:9f. in Dillard
NB Lewis Coll. 37 (all NB).

c) in hist.: ištu ebertān fd Za-be šu-pa-li-i AKA 82 vi 40, 126 r. 5, AfO 18 350:37 (all Tigl. I), cf. Weidner Tn. 8 No. 2:20, KAH 2 84:23 (Adn. II), and passim; I crossed Zāba šu-pa-la-a AKA 58 iii 94 (Tigl. I); ina muḥḥi URU Zaban šu-ba-le-e CT 34 39 ii 16 (Synchron. Hist.), see Grayson Chronicles p. 164; šar tâmti AN.TA u šu-pa-li-ti Weidner Tn. 30 No. 17:16, cf. šar tâmti elīti KI.TA (var. u šu-pa-li-ti) ibid. 11f. No. 5:6, ina tâmti KI.TA (var. šu-pa-li-ti) ša şî dămši ibid. 67.

šupapītu see šubabītu.

** $\S$ u-PAP.PAR sar (AHw. 1278b) see  $\S \bar{a}mitu$  A s.

šuparrû see šubarrû.

**šuparruru** (fem. *šupparrurtu*, *šuparruštu*) adj.; outspread, widespread, extensive; SB; cf. *šuparruru* v.

[giš.sa.bàr]a.[g]a = (šētu) [ŝu]-par-ru-ur-tú Hh. VI 183; giš.sa.bàra.ga = šu-par-ru-uš-tum = šētu ša Lú.mušen.dù Hg. B II 33, in MSL 6 78; [udu.ri].[ri].ga = udu miqittu, šu-par-ru-ru, [udu.na.r]i.ga = min Hh. XIII 30 ff., restored from Nippur Forerunner 19 f., in MSL 8/1 83.

an bàra gig. ga ki.a mu.un.zi: šamê šu-par-ru-ru-tú(vars. -ti, -tum) murşu ana māti idkûni the widespread heavens have sent out an illness against the country AfO 16 302 r. i 23 f., see Geller, Iraq 42 31:163 f.; sa.pàr a.ab.ba.ke_x(KID) 1á.a: šētu šu-par-ru-ur-tú // saparru ša ana tâmti tarşu a widespread net, variant: saparru net, which is cast on the sea 4R 26 No. 2:22 f.

a) qualifying a net: see Hh. VI, Hg., 4R 26, in lex. section; sapārša šu-par-ru-ru ana ajābī šunullu (see nālu mng. 4b) AAA 20 pl. 90:9 (Asb.); [...] šuškall[im]... [...] šu-pár-ru-ur-tú (in broken context) K.9764:10 (SB rel.).

b) referring to the moon's halo: šumma Sin supūra lami...[x] TừR šu-par-ru-ru if the moon is surrounded by a "sheepfold" (explanation?): an extended tarbaṣu halo ACh Sin 3:131, cf. dSin TừR šu-par-ru-ru LBAT 1532 r. 10.

c) referring to an infirmity of sheep: see Hh. XIII, in lex. section.

**šuparruru** v.; to spread, spread out (trans.), to broaden; OB, SB; III *ušparrir*, III/3; wr. syll. and BARA(.GA); cf. *šuparruru* adj.

[ba-ra] [DAG] =  $\delta u$ - $p \dot{a} r$ -r u-r u m, [pa-ar] [DAG] = [ $\delta a$  sa.par sa]-p a r-r i Ea III 237 f.; ba-ra DAG =  $\delta u$ -p a r-r u-r u S^b II 235, also Ea IV 15; [ba]-ra DAG =  $\delta u$ -p a r-r u-r u m MSL 14 98:237:1 (Proto-Aa); DAG [ $\delta u$ -p a r-r u-r u m Proto-Izi I 146;  $\rho a$ -d u-d u-

á. sàg nu[mun.b]i túg.gin_x(GIM) ba.an.dul gada.gin_x ba.an.bàra: asakku lillissu kīma şuzbāti iktum kīma kitê uš-pa-ri-ir the asakku-demon has covered its offspring as with a garment, it has spread (it) out like a linen cloth 5R 50 ii 32 f. and dupls. (bīt rimki); an.šè sa.pàr.na an.šè ba.ni.in.bàra: ana šamê sapāršu uš-pa-ri-ir-ma (see saparru A lex. section) ibid. 42 f., see Borger, JCS 21 8:63 and 67; [gal₅.1á]. [hull sa.pàr.gin_x mu.un.bàr.ra: [gallû lemn]uša kīma saparri šu-par-ru-ru evil gallû demon who is spread out like a net Iraq 27 164:12; [a.šàl bàra e GIŠ da.gin_x [(x)] x bàra.ga: eqlum kīma šiţêm šu-pa-ar-ru-ur Nigga Bil. B 340 f.

mušen gùd.bi.ta igi tab.ba á.dúb ba. búr.búr (gloss) uš-ta-pa-ri-ir at its nest the bird looked about, spread its fluttering wings CT 42 42 iii 5; en UD. ANNA dagal búr men an uraš.a: ana bēlim ša ṣēt warḥišu rabîš šu-pa-ru-ru agê šamê u erṣetim to the lord (Nanna) whose moonlight is spread far and wide, the crown of heaven and earth AnBi 12 71:3 (OB), see Sjöberg Mondgott 104.

DIRI # \$u-par-ru-rum, DIRI # halāpu AfO 14 pl. 7 i 7 (astrol. comm.); DIRI \$u-par-ru-ru DIRI na-par-ru-ru DIRI rabû STT 339 obv.(!) 30 (astrol. comm.).

a) to spread a net:  $u\check{s}$ -pa-ri-ir-ma belu saparrašu ušalmiši the lord spread out his net and had her (Tiāmat) surrounded En.

šuparruštu šupe'ilu

el. IV 95, cf. kî ša lemna Anzâ ana kamêšu šu-par-ru-ra-[at še-et-su] his net is spread out as if to capture the evil Anzû Cagni Erra III c 33; uttassih nuballīja ša uš-[pàr]-[ri-ru] (see nuballu mng. 3) Gilg. I iii 10 and 37.

- b) to extend, spread protection: ša nuballūšu kīma urinni eli mātišu šu-par-ru-ru-ma (see nuballu mng. 1) AKA 94 vii 58 (Tigl. I); RN... ša kīma šarūr Šamši andillašu eli mātišu šu-pár-ru-ru-ma ittabbalu nišēšu ina šulmi (see andullu mng. 2b) AAA 19 109:16 (Asn.).
- c) referring to the moon's halo: summa tarbaşa lamīma kabar u šu-par-ru-ru UD.1. KAM tarbaşa lamīma kabar u rap[p]aš // DIRI // naparruru // DIRI // šeţû if (the moon) is surrounded by a halo and it is thick and spread out, (explanation:) it is surrounded by a halo on the first day and it is thick and (abnormally) broad, DIRI (means) "to be scattered," DIRI (also means) "to spread" TCL 6 17 r. 11 and dupls., also ibid. r. 41 (catch line), and AfO 14 187:9 (catalog), see Weidner, AfO 14314; šumma Sin ina tāmartišu kīma mul.mul šu-parru-ur . . . ina tāmartišu šaqûma 161 if the moon at its appearance is as diffuse as the Pleiades, (explanation:) at its appearance it is seen (abnormally) high ACh Sin 3:7; see also AnBi 12, in lex. section.
- d) other occs.: lu-uš-pa-ri-ra uzunka may he (Anu) broaden your understanding (Sum. broken) KAR 130 + 131:4 (MA lit.); difficult: ana muḥḥi ṣuprēka tuš-ta-[na]p-ra-ar (see ṣupru A mng. 1b) KAR 134:14, see Ebeling TuL p. 98.

In CT 20 28:2, 10 and 13, DAG is a log. for subtu, q.v. In Bauer Asb. 73 K.2524:5 su-par-ru-ru tabkat is an error for suharratu tabkat, see sahurratu usage b.

šuparruštu see šuparruru adj.

šuparrûtu see šubarrûtu.

** $\S$ ūpāru (AHw. 1279a) Read  $\S a$ - $\S u$  ( $\S a$ )  $ub\bar{a}ra$   $iltan\hat{a}s$ , see Moran EA p. 402 n. 10.

šuparzuhu (šubarzuhu) v.; to make abundant, to provide abundantly; SB; III.

GAB^{du-du}GAB = *šu-pár-zu-hu* (in group with *sul-lunu* and *russunu*) Erimhuš V 157.

 $\delta u$ -par-zu-hu = hi-du-tu Malku V 99, cf.  $\delta u$ -par-zu-hu = hi-du-tu Malku VIII 21.

sattuk ilī rabûti uš-pa-ar-zi-iḥ-ma eli ginê labīri ginâ ušātir I provided abundantly for the offerings for the great gods, I increased the regular offerings beyond the old offerings VAB 4 92 ii 38, also Unger Babylon 282 No. 26 i 16 (Nbk.); Adad gugal šamê u erşeti [...] mušabšû še'i u qê muuš-par-zi-hu sat[tukkī] Adad, the canal inspector of heaven and earth, who provides barley and flax, who makes abundant the offerings AAA 18 95 No. 16:8 (Asn.); gumāhī rēštûti gukkallī marûti zībī qašdūti ina mahar Nabû Tašmētu bēlīja aggīma ušpar-zi-ha qereb Ekurri I made sacrifices consisting of first quality bulls, fattened gukkallu sheep, and holy food offerings to Nabû (and) Tašmētu, my lords, and thereby I provided lavishly for Ekur Leiden Coll. 3 p. 35:34, also RA 10 203 iv 16, see Streck Asb. 842 (both Sin-šar-iškun); Nabonidus šakkanakka zāninu mu-uš-pa-ar-zi-[hu eš-re-e-ti] Sumer 13 190 i 7; niqē tašrihti aqqi uš-par-zi-ih šigarša I offered splendid sacrifices (to Ištar), I provided for her temple (lit. lock) abundantly Borger Esarh. 76:15; in broken context: [...]-x-tuu - pa - ar - zi - ih - ku K.9583:8.

šupātu see šipātu A and šubtu.

šupa'ultu see šupêltu.

šupa'ulu see šupêlu.

šupe'ilu adj.; exchanged; Nuzi*; cf. šupėlu.

*ṭuppi eqlēti šu-pé-i-le-ti* tablet concerning exchanged fields (for context see

šupêltu šupêltu

*šupėlu* mng. 1a–2') JEN 273:3, wr. *šu-*  $p\acute{e}$ -i-le-ti JEN 253:1.

šupēltu (šupe'ultu, šupa'ultu, šapūltu, šapūlsu, šupūltu) s.; 1. exchange, 2. trading, 3. substitute; from OAkk. on; OAkk., Elam šapūltum, OB, MB šupe'ultu, MA šupa'ultu, NA šapūssu, NB (rarely) šupūltu; wr. syll. (šu.Pel.lum-tum, šu. Pel.lum-ū-tū BRM 2 45 passim, šu-pi-(e)-tum BM 31870:1, 1882-9-18,296a) and še.BAL (see mng. 1c); cf. šupēlu.

še.bal = &u-pel-tum Hh. I 4, also Nabnitu K 106; še.še.bal = min (&u-pel-tum u Hh. II 111; giš.bal = u-pel-tum, &u-pe-[u-l-el-tum Nigga Bil. B 312f.; [u-pa-al] [u-pel-tú u-pe-i]l-tú u-pa-co-pel-tú u-pel-tú u-pel-tú u-pel-tú u-pel-tú u-pel-tum Hh. XXIII v 18, cf. [u-u-pel-tú u-pel-tum Hh. XXIII v 18, cf. [u-u-u-pel-tum Hh. u-pel-tum Hh.

1. exchange -a) to make an exchange: eqlam ša-pu-ul-tam ana ahmahim īpušu they have made an exchange of fields with each other MDP 24 366:13, cf. ša-pu-ulta-am īpuša ibid. 367:6; x A.ŠÀ PN x A.ŠÀ  $\label{eq:pn2} \text{PN}_2 \, \&u\text{-}p\acute{e}\text{-}ul\text{-}tum \,\&a \, ki\text{-}la\text{-}\lceil li \rceil -\&u \,\, \text{JEN} \,\, 563:5;$ tuppi šu-pé-ul-ti ša PN itti PN, eqlēti kīma eqlēti uš-pé-i-lu deed of exchange concerning PN and PN₂ having exchanged fields with each other JEN 237:1, and passim at the beginning of Nuzi real estate exchange wr.  $\delta u - p \acute{e} - e l - t i$  JEN 247:1,  $\delta u - p\acute{e} - \acute{u} - lu - ti$  JEN 282:1;  $tuppu \delta a m \bar{a} r \bar{u} t i \delta a$ PN u tuppu ša šu- $p\acute{e}$ - $\acute{u}$ -ul-ti JEN 662:69and 71, also tuppi šu-pè-ul-ti (referring to slaves) SCCNH 2 158 JEN 812:1; x A. [ŠÀ ša] GN kīmum A.ŠA ša GN, ina qātē[šun]u  $\delta u$ -pe-il-t[i (x x x)] amhur I received from them 95 homers of land in GN in return for land in GN2 as an exchange Postgate Royal Grants No. 32:45 (Sar.); tuppi ša šupel-ti ša PN u PN2 ana ahāmeš indalkūma ú-šap-pi-il deed recording an exchange, to the effect that PN and PN2 made an exchange with each other after consultation UET 4 32:1, cf. ibid. 34:1, cf. mannu ša ib= balakkitu qāssu ina šu-pel-ti te'illi he who breaks the contract will forfeit (the object of) the exchange ibid. 32:15; tuppi šu-pel-ti bītāti . . . ša PN u PN2 itti aḥāmeš uš-pe-lu VAS 5 38:1; tuppi šu-pel-ti ša zēri zaqpi u pī šulpu ša . . . itti aḥāmeš uš-pe-e-li Dar. 265:1, cf. Camb. 349:1, 375:1; tuppi É.MEŠ šu-pel-tum ša PN PN2 u PN3 itti ahāmeš uš-pel-lu-' UET 4 35:1; PN u PN2 aḥāmeš iltemû šu-pul-ti itti aḥāmeš īpušu PN and PN₂ have heard each other's (proposal) and carried out the exchange (of land) UET 4 33:15; ana muḥḥi šu-pel-tum-šú-nu ul iturruma they will not go back on their exchange BIN 2 135:35; ana la enê tuppi *šu-pel-ti išturuma* in order not to change (the agreement), they drew up a deed concerning the exchange (of fields) 375:25; tuppi qanâti šu-pel-ti-šú-nu ištēnâ ilqû they have each taken a real estate document attesting to their exchange VAS 5 18:30; tuppi šu-pel-tum ša qanāti ša şal= māni ša itti PN uš-pi-il-lu tablet with figural representations(?) concerning an exchange of real estate which he exchanged with PN VAS 6 120:4; kaspu ša ana bīti ša PN šu-pel-tum itti PN2 u PN3 uš-pe-e-lu nadin the silver is given for the house which PN has exchanged with PN2 and PN3 Camb. 372:9 (all NB); note the writing: gabbi annâ šu.pel.lum-ú-tú ša PN BRM 2 45:17, 24, cf. ibid. 26, 28 (Sel.), cf. also [tuppi SU.P]EL.LUM-tum ibid. 1.

b) to give or take in exchange (ana š. šupėlu, nadānu, leg $\hat{u}$ ): ana [šu]-pé-[ill-tim ana PN [A.ŠA] PN₂ u PN₃ A.ŠA uš-pé-н1-lu PN2 and PN3 have given the field in exchange to PN TIM 4 39:4 (OB Diyala); (a field) [PN] ana PN2 ana šu-pè-úul-ti iddin . . . u PN $_2$  x A.ŠÀ.MEŠ . . . anaPN  $ana \dot{s}u-p\dot{e}-\dot{u}-ul-ti\ iddin\ JEN\ 284:5$  and 16, cf. JEN 399:9; eqlēti ana šu-pè-ul-ti ana PN attadimmi u eqlēti kīma šu-pè-ul-ti-šu . . . ana jäši iddimmi JEN 373:6f.; (barley and wheat) PN ana šu-pè-ul-ti ištu URU GN il= tege x še.meš x gig.meš puhizaršu PN ina URU GN₂ . . . *inaddin* HSS 9 16:4, also 47:2; x barley ša PN ana šu-pè-lu-ti elteqēmi u inannama x annaku kīma x še.meš šâ: šupêltu šupêlu

šuma . . . ana PN anandin JEN 469:6; ŠE. MEŠ ana šu-pé-ul-ti ana PN attadin JEN 110:2; ina qaqqiri pasiūti . . . ša PN kimu tarbaşi rabê ana šu-pa-ul-ti ana PN2 iddinu from the fallow land that PN has given for the large courtyard in exchange to PN₂ KAJ 175:6 (MA leg.); EN LÚ ana šá-pu-si ina libbi sal tadāni owners of the man given in exchange for a woman ADD 318:4, cf. fpn GÉME-ŠÚ ŠÁ-pu-u-su issu pan LÚ.MEŠ-e annûte izzirip ibid. 10, cf. [... A.ŠÀ.G]A ana  $\delta a$ -pu-s[u . . .] ADD 389:3;  $ki\delta ubba$ šuātu . . . ana šu-pel-tum ša bīti [a]na PN ... ittadin BIN 2 135: 18 (NB), cf. ibid. 31, VAS 5 18:12; PN  $qallašu \dots šu-pel-tum k\bar{u}m$  PN₂ ana PN3 iddinu YOS 7 114:7; imitti eqli . . . ana PN ana šu-pel-tum kî addinu mimmu kūmu ul iddinu when I gave (barley), rent assessed on the field, to PN as an exchange, he (text: they) gave nothing in place of it YOS 7 23:10, dupl. BIN 2 115:11; barley . . . ša PN ana šipāti . . . iddinuma  $a - \langle na \rangle \& u - pel - ti \dots ana PN_2 nadnatu ZA 67$ 43:4; (dates) ša PN ana šu-pel-ti ana uttati iddinu YOS 6 32:11; amur ana muhhi PN ša suluppī ana šu-pul-ti niddaššu concerning PN, to whom we gave dates to(?) exchange YOS 3 36:22 (let., all NB).

c) referring to the object of exchange: x uttatu šu-pel-tum ša uttati x barlev (to be delivered) in exchange for barley (received as a loan) VAS 3 191:1, cf. (barley and emmer) YOS 614:2; five gur of dates ina u'ilti ša šu-pel-tum ša uttati ana PN nadin given to PN (as set out) in the promissory note concerning an exchange for barley Camb. 32:2, cf. ten gur of barley *šu-pel-ti ša uttati* YOS 6 14:27; note wr. ŠE.BAL: X ŠE.BAR(text .NUMUN) ŠE.BAL ša še.bar HSM 913.2.219:1, 8 GUR še. BAR SAG.DU ŠE.BAL Ša ŠE.BAR 913.2.220:1. note x ŠE.BAR ŠE.BAL  $\delta a$  KÙ. BABBAR HSM 913.2.216:1 (all Uruk, Dar. II(?), courtesy M. W. Stolper); mannu pūt šu «pu-ut šu»-pel-ti-šú naši each (party) guarantees his (object of) exchange VAS 5 108:31, cf. Camb. 349: 29, VAS 5 38: 39; x barley ša ina

12000 gur uttati šu-pel-ti ša uttati u suluppī TCL 12 75:26; uṭṭata šu-pel-tum ša suluppī anandankunūšu YOS 6 202:8, cf. Camb. 96:7, Dar. 6:1, Nbn. 446:1, TCL 12 68:1; 4 (PI) 2 (BÁN) 4 SÌLA ZÚ.LUM.MA ana *šu-pel-tum ša* 1 pi 2 sìla še.giš.ì CT 56 167:2, cf. (barley)  $\delta u$ -pel-[ $tum \times sulu$ ] $pp\bar{i}$ CT 55 172:1, and passim in NB; nillik šu-peltum-šú-nu nišša' let us go and fetch what is exchanged for them (the dates) TuM 2-3 255:27 (NB let.); note the exceptional spellings *šu-pu-ul-tum* Nbk. 72:1, BE 8/1 (barley) šu-pe-e-tum ša uttati 1882-9-18,296a:1 (= BM 74573), tuppi šu-pitum BM 31870:1; note barley ana šu-pul-ti ana zíd.da(!) GCCI 2 351:1; x flour šupel-ti (beside bitga and sadar flour) GCCI 1 203:4; 5 UDU.NITÁ šu-pel-tum Dar. 55:1; uncert.: UDU.NITÁ  $\S u - pu - \langle ul \rangle - ta - \S u - nu$ PN ina qāt PN, ītabak PN took from PN, a sheep, their object of exchange(?) Nbn. 562:5; 1 qaštu gimirruīti šá iš-šá-a šu-pel-ti ù 10 qappāti (among weapons and implements brought to a fortified outpost) YOS 6 237:4 (all NB).

- 2. trading: barley šu sa-pu-ul-ti š[E] šiPN (resulting) from transactions involving barley of PN MAD 1 292:13, cf. (barley) ana ša-pu-u[l(?)]-t[i šE(?)] ibid. 321:9' (OAkk.); x barley ana šu-pé-ul-tim UCP 10 145 No. 75:9, cf. ša šu-pé-ul-tim ibid. 148 No. 79:8 (OB); 3 (BÁN) šu-pé-el-ti x (barley) my trading (expenditures) Birot Tablettes 19:11; 10 GUR ŠE šu-pé-ú-ul-tum KI PN PN₂ u PN₃ ŠU.BA.AN.TI.ME.EŠ ten gur of barley (to be used for) trading which PN₂ and PN₃ have received from PN TIM 3 (= Reschid Archiv des Nūršamaš) 118:1.
- 3. substitute: ina maḥar DN u DN₂ šu-pél-te šaknat a substitute (image?) of me is placed before Nusku and Girra Maqlu V 22; LÚ šu-pè-ul-te substitute person HSS 15 145:35, see Or. NS 28 7 n. 4.

**šupêlu** (*šupa'ulu*) v.; **1.** to exchange (property), **2.** to change, to alter, to replace, **3.** III/2 to be changed; from OA

šupêlu šupêlu

on; III ušpėl (OA ušpa'il, ušpe'il) — ušpėl, pl. ušpellu (ú-šap-'i-lu Orientalia Neerlandica 124:3, 8, 13), III/2; wr. syll. and SU.BAL (BRM 2 35:3, TCL 13 239:16); cf. šupe'ilu, šupėltu.

bal, [šu].bal =  $\delta u$ -pe-lu  $\delta a$  mimma (between puhhu and  $en\hat{u}$  sections) Nabnitu K 104 f.; šu. bal =  $\delta u$ -[p]  $\acute{e}$ -e-e-l-lum Nigga Bil. B 208;  $\acute{u}$  th. ta. an. bal =  $u\delta$ -bal-[kit],  $\acute{u}$  t. ta. an. bal =  $u\delta$ -[pe-el] Ai. I iv 60 f.;  $\acute{u}$  t. bal =  $\delta u$ -[pe-lu],  $\acute{u}$  t. bal. a.  $\acute{u}$   $\acute{e}$  = a-na  $\acute{e}$  [u-pe-li],  $\acute{u}$  t. bal. a. ka. dè = ana [min],  $\acute{u}$  t. bal. bí. a. k. =  $u\delta$ -[pe-el] Ai. II i 79-82.

dA.nun.na me.mu m[e.kú]r.ra šu.bal ak. a.bi: Anunnaki par[s]ūa ana paras n[akri uš-(te)-p]ė-el SBH 9 No. 4:106f.; giš.hur.an.ki.a nu.kúr.ru.da dingir diš.àm nu.bal.e: uṣurāt šamê u erṣeti ša la uttakkarū ilu ištānu la muš-pelu (for ušpēlu) the designs of heaven and earth that cannot be changed, which no god has been able to replace CT 17 34:5ff.; ní.te.a.ni šu.bal ba.ab.ši.in.ak.a: ramanšu uš-te-pel-lu (the demons have given him their hands for his, etc.) thus replacing his own self with their selves RA 65 126 ii 10 (ardat lili).

tu-šá-pa-a-la 5R 45 K.253 vi 52 (gramm.).

1. to exchange (property) -a) real estate, chattel -1' in OB: a field  $\delta a$ PN PN₂ u PN₃ itti PN₄ u PN₅ uš-pé-lu-úma itūrūma . . . ibqurūma which PN, PN₂, and PN3 had exchanged with PN4 and PN5 but about which they later raised a claim TCL 1 74:9;  $p\bar{u}h\check{s}u$  2 BÙR  $\check{s}ati$  2 BÙR  $\check{s}u$ up-pi-il-ma ašaršana sabat in place of this (field of) two bur choose two bur somewhere else in exchange for them TCL 7 68:19, see Kraus, AbB 4 p. 47 note b; x field KI. PN.TA PN $_2$  uš-pé-el ina GN PN ŠU.BA.AN.TI PN₂ ina GN₂ SU.BA.AN.TI TIM 5 39:4; with reciprocal(?) -t-form: PN ana PN₂ iddin... PN₂ ana PN iddin imtagruma uš-te-pé-lu-ú PN has given (a house) to PN₂ and PN₂ has given (a house) to PN, they have made the exchange in full agreement TLB 1 236:10; PN u PN₂ bītam ana bītim uš-te $p\acute{e}$ -lu TLB 1 238:15, also, wr.  $u\acute{s}$ -ta- $p\acute{e}$ -lu Gautier Dilbat 25:16; eqlam PN u PN₂ ušt[e]-pi-i-lu FLP 1384:3 (courtesy D. I. Owen), cf. YOS 14 155:17.

2' in Nuzi:  $tuppi \ \tilde{s}upe'ulti \ \tilde{s}a \ PN \dots u \ \tilde{s}a \ m\bar{a}r\bar{u} \ PN_2 \ ina \ DAL.BA.NA-\tilde{s}u-nu \ eqla \ k\hat{\imath}$ 

eqli uš-pé-i-lu HSS 13 380:3, also, wr. uš $p\dot{e}$ - $\acute{u}$ -lu JEN 233:5, 486:4; ANŠE.KUR.RA kīma anše.kur.ra ina birišunu uš-pè-ilu they have exchanged horse for horse (a mare for a foal) JEN 264:6; kirâ u kirâ uš-pè-i-lu they have exchanged one orchard for another HSS 14 618:5, wr. uš $p\dot{e}$ -ul JEN 255:7,  $i\dot{s}$ - $p\dot{e}$ -lu-u JEN 230:6; tuppi šupe'ulti ša PN itti PN, uš-pè-ul-ti tablet concerning an exchange (of a slave) PN has made with PN, SCCNH 2 158 JEN 812:4; note with reciprocal(?) -t-form:  $tuppi \ eqleti \ \S u-p\acute{e}-i-le-ti \dots PN \ PN_2 \ eq$ *lētišunu uš-te-pé-i-lu*₄ tablet concerning exchanged fields, PN (and) PN2 have exchanged their fields JEN 253:3, tuppi šupe'ultiša...mārī PN itti PN2 bītāti uš-te $p\dot{e}$ -i-lu JEN 234:6, cf. JEN 265:7, cf. also eqla itti PN nu-uš-te-pè-i-il JEN 199:5, also uš-te-pè-i-lu JEN 226:5, and passim, Wr. uš-ta-pá-i-luJEN 251:4, 282:4, ul-ta $p\acute{a}$ -i-lu JEN 225:4, i-s-te- $p\acute{e}$ -i-il JEN 222:24; itti PN eqlēti nu-uš-pè-il-mi we have exchanged fields with PN JEN 152:6, cf. JEN 194:5, cf. also eqlēti nu-uš-te-pè-il-mi JEN 480:6; see also šupėltu mng. 1a.

3' in NB: (field, house, and servants) ina migir libbišunu ana ahāmeš uš-pe-e-lu Camb. 349:28; PN u PN2 . . . eqelšunu ana ahāmeš ú-šap-'i-lu Böhl, Orientalia Neerlandica 124:3, see San Nicolò Bab. Rechtsurkunden No. 40, also ibid. 8 and 13; three slaves ša itti PN ana bīti ša ina GN uš-pe-e-lu-' Camb. 362:7, also 377:6;  $ki\check{s}ubb\hat{u}$  . . . itti  $ah\bar{a}me\check{s}$ ana ūm sâtu uššu. BAL. MEŠ they have exchanged empty plots in perpetuity BRM 2 35:3 (Sel.), cf., wr. uš-pel- $lu_4$ .ME $\S$  ibid. 45:7, wr.  $ak\hat{\imath}$  §U.BAL-lu- $\acute{u}$  TCL 13 239:16, see van der Spek Grondbezit 217; UDU.NITÁ kî iddinu udu.nitá ul attūa ul-te-pi-il u ittannu when he sold the sheep, the sheep was not mine, he substituted (another) CT 22 82:11 (let.); for refs. beside šupėltu see *šupėltu* mng. 1a.

b) to interchange, to convert: šumma awīlum š[e'am] . . . iddinma še'am ana kaspim uš-te-pi-i[l] ina ebūri še'am u māš.

šupêlu šupêlu

BI I GUR I (PI) 4 (BÁN) ilegge if a man has loaned out barley but wants to convert the barley into silver, at harvest time he may (nevertheless) take repayment only in barley including the interest on it, at the rate of one PI four seah per gur Goetze LE § 20:11; [x (GUR)] 3 (PI) 1 (BÁN) še gur ana zì.še šu-pe-li-im x barley to be processed into coarse flour UET 5 486:2 (OB);  $\frac{1}{2}$  DUG buglam uš-pá-i-lu one half pot they converted into malt KT Hahn 35:12, cf. 3 DUG [ar]šātim [buq]lam nuuš-pá- $il_5$  TCL 4 84:17, 10 SÌLA Ì.GIŠ ša Kaniš ina šamnim ša GN šu-pá-i-li-ma šē: bilim Ka 876:22 (courtesy L. Matouš, all OA); muš-pel nišē māti elēnīti u šaplīti who interchanges the populations of the upper and lower lands Rost Tigl. III p. 42:3; amūt Šarrukīn ša ummānšu rādu īsiruma tillī: šunu ana ahāmeš uš-pe-lu (see esēru B mng. 1a-2') CT 20 2 r. 10 (catch line) and 3:2; muš-pe-el idāti ittāti mal[a bašā] (Šamaš) who is able to give ominous events and signs an opposite meaning Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen p. 519:8'; šīmti lemutti šupe-lu to turn a bad fate (into a good one) Surpu IV 19; the gods [u]štēnûki uštabal= kituki [u]š-ta-pi-lu amat ipšiki changed you, overturned you, have reversed your witchcraft Maqlu III 58; for other refs. see enû v. mng. 1a, 1d.

to change, to alter, to replace: šumma awīlum šû . . . awâtija uš-te-péel uşurātija uttakkir if that man alters my words or changes my prescriptions CH xlii 30, cf. ibid. 8, cf. ša sīt pīšu ilu mamma la  $u - p e - e l - l u_4$  MDP 2 pl. 23 vi 32 (MB kudurru); dajān kīnāti la muš-pe-lu-ú righteous judge who never changes (a verdict) Tn.-Epic "iv" 33, cf. ibid. "v" 17, 37; ša... šum RN . . . uš-pe-lu-ma šumi šarri šanâmma inam: bû (the poet) who would replace Assurbanipal's name and mention the name of some other king KAR 105 r. 11 and dupl. 361 r. 7; Ištar ša ina palê RN šarri Uru= kāja šuluķķīšu uš-pe-el-lu whose rites the Urukians had changed in the reign of

king Erība-Marduk VAB 4 274 iii 20 (Nbn.); zīmī turragi bunnannê tu-uš-pe-el-li you (Lamaštu) make the face pallid, you bring about a change in the features 4R 56 ii 3 and dupls. (SB Lamaštu);  $ezib \, \check{s}a \dots k\bar{u}n \, q\bar{a}ti$  $\bar{e}n\hat{u}$  uš-pe-lu (see enû v. mng. 1a) PRT 29:15, 33 r. 4, 35 r. 3, and passim in these texts, wr. uš-pe-el-lu PRT 11 r. 6, uš-pe-il-lu PRT 26 r. 5; *šarrūssu šu-pé-lam . . . liqbi* may (Enlil) order his kingship to be replaced (by someone else's) CH xlii 75; RN karānī  $maqq\hat{a}ti...ana RN_2...\delta u-pel-lii[qbi(?)]$ (Sum. šu bal mu.u[n ...]) RN₂ ul uš-Ur-Zababa ordered Sargon to change the wine libations, but Sargon did Grayson Chronicles not change (them) p. 148:46f., Sum. from JCS 32 78:2; difficult: tuš-pel qinni you have upset my nest Bab. 12 pl. 2:15 (SB Etana), see von Soden, WZKM 55 61: you touch him seven times enūma TAGšu raman(Nf)-šu uš-pel (each time) you have touched him (with the reed) he will change his position Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 138:192, cf. ibid. 186:57; [...]-ma uš-pe-elma (in broken context) ZA 4 249 K.9594:4 ekurrāti kīma zalāgi unammar: m[a] ilī kalīšunu uš-pè-el BiOr 28 10 iv 20 (SB prophecies); aranšina uš-pe-l[u]AfO 19 65 iii 2 (SB lit.); note with reciprocal(?) -t-form: ša amat qibītišu la uš-ta-pé-lu ilu ajumma (Anu) whose word, once it is pronounced, no god whatsoever may replace Borger Esarh. 79 § 53:2, cf. Or. NS 36 25 r. 5; É.É maštak lalêšin[a] uš-te-pé-el-ši-na-tim[a] rubû šû šumuh šammīšu māta K[t]he will change their (the goddesses') gorgeous residences and that ruler will provide the land with the very best of food BiOr 28 10 iv 11 (SB prophecies); uš-ta-pe-il gillassina ipattar arnī she removes their crimes, looses the sins Craig ABRT 2 17 K.232 + r. 22; tu-uš-te-pe(var. -pel) -li š $\bar{i}ma$ : tamma idammiq lemnu you change the fate so that evil becomes good Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 14:14, var. from KAR 250:9, see Ebeling Handerhebung p. 60; exceptionally in passive sense: ina ṣīt pīšunu ša la uš-pe-e-lu Streck Asb. 184 r. 10, cf. ina qibītika şīrti ša la šušupe'ultu šupku

pé-e-lu VAB 4 88 No. 7 ii 30 (Nbk.), cf. ibid. 102 iii 25, 192 iii 1 (all Nbk.); note the participle used in passive sense: annašun kēnu la muš-pe-lu attakilma I trusted their positive and unalterable answer Borger Esarh. p. 83:27, cf. Lyon Sar. 9:56; [ina] pīšu elli la muš-pe-li [with] his pure and irreplaceable word ABL 923:2 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 117, also ZA 65 56 ii 58; ina pīšunu la muš-pe-li Sumer 23 66 iii 16 (Merodachbaladan I kudurru).

3. III/2 to be changed (passive to mng. 2): KA.KA.na šu nu.bal.e.dè: ša sīt pīšu la uš-te-pel-lu₄ SBH 9 No. 4:100 f., also 130 No. I 10f.; amat ul innenni șit pija ul uš-ta-pe-el-lu (my) word is not altered, my utterance is unchangeable Or. NS 36 118:61 (SB hymn to Gula), cf. ina șīt pīka ša la uš-ta-pe-lu Bauer Asb. 2 49 r. 10; ša annašu ilu mammam la innû qibīssu la uš-ti(text -NU) -pe-e-li whose positive answer no god can change, whose order cannot be altered Schollmeyer p. 139 VAT 5:6; beside la uttakkaru: [dug4.ga.n]i šu nu.bal.  $e.dam: \delta a$  $qibar{\imath}ssu$  lauš-te-pe-el-lu whose command cannot be changed RA 63 33:18 (Samsuiluna C); ina amat ilūtika rabīti ša la uš-te-pe-lu VAB 4 260 ii 31 (Nbn.); á.ág.gá.galam.ma. bi si mu.un.si.sá.[x]: têrētušu naklā: tu ša la uš-te-pe-el-lu its (the temple's) sublime orders that must not be replaced (Sum. differs) OECT 6 pl. 17 Rm. 97:4f.; é. zi.dè bal.bi bal.da.kúr.re šu.bal ba.ab.ši.in.ak: ša bīti kīni palū[ša] palû nakri uš-te-pe-li the rule of the trustworthy house has been turned into an alien rule SBH 60 No. 31 r. 18f.

In GC (= GCCI) 2 140:3 šu-bu-ul-lu stands for šūbulu; for an emendation of Sg. Cyl. (= Lyon Sar. 10) 61, see qerbetu mng. 2a.

Civil, JCS 28 79 ff.

šupe'ultu see šupêltu.

šuphatu see šubhatu.

šūpîš adv.; openly, overtly, publicly; SB; cf. apû A.

me u₄. ul.lí.a.šè pa.è.a.ke_x(KID) é.šu.me. ša₄ pa.è dib.dib.bé.ke_x: parṣīšu ana ūm ṣâti ana šu-pi-i ana £.šu.me.ša₄ šu-pi-iš (var. šu-piš) ina bâ'ika (var. ana bâ'išu) in order to make his divine powers manifest for all time, you (var. he) (Ninurta) proceeded openly to Ešumeša Angim IV 43 (= 194).

šunu šarqiš ēpušuni anāku šu-piš eppussunūti they bewitched me furtively, I will bewitch them openly Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 230:24, cf. šī šarqiš ēpušanni anāku ina panīka šu-piš a-x-x-ka Laessøe Bit Rimki 39:33, restored from STT 76:35, 77:35; šu-piš ina puḥri īruranni ardī my servant has cursed me publicly in the assembly Lambert BWL 34:89 (Ludlul I).

For RA 15 176 ii 13 and 17 (OB Agušaja) see  $ap\hat{u}$  A mng. 4a.

**šupiu** (or *šubiu*) s.; (an ornament); Qatna.*

6 mašhu uqnû damqu 1 šu-bi-u uqnû six mašhu-ornaments made of fine lapis lazuli, one š. made of lapis lazuli (as part of a necklace) RA 43 158:196.

šupku s.; base; SB; wr. syll. and UL. ḤÉ (= šupuk šamê ACh Adad 12:3); cf. šapāku.

ul $_4$  = \$u-puk an-e, ul $_4$ . hé. a = min bu-ru-me (in group with elât \$amê, qereb \$amê) Antagal G 223 f.; ú-ta-ah u+ga = \$á-mu-ú (var. \$u-pu-uk \$á-mu-u) S b  I 87, var. from MSL 4 206:87.

ul. hé. šè. mumú: ša ina šu-pu-uk šamê naphatu (Ištar) who rises from the horizon SBH 99 No. 53 r. 48 f., dupl. Delitzsch AL³ 136 r. 1 f.; dalàd uš. nu. kú ul. hé. a sig., ga. meš: šēdū la pādūtu ša ina šu-puk šamê ibbanû šunu they are the merciless šēdu demons who were created at the horizon CT 16 19:3 f.; dingir. hul. a. meš ul. hé. a du., du., meš: ilū lemnūti ina šu-puk šamê isurru the evil gods whirl about at the horizon ibid. 20:70 ff.; ul. hé. a si. sá. e. dè: šu-puk šamê ana šūtēšuri to keep the horizon in order CT 16 19:59 ff.; umun ka. nag. gá mu. hé mu. un. dù mu. lu. ra nu. un. ex(DU6+DU). dè (var. nu. ta. è): bēl mātu šu-pu-uk (var. elât) šamê tēpušma mamman ul illi lord of the land, you have created the hori-

zon (var. the zenith), no one may ascend to it SBH 130 No. I 34 f., var. from KAR 375 ii 42 f., see Nötscher Ellil p. 100.

- a) referring to a structure: as for its (the palace's) foundation platform askup=pāt pīli rabbāti asurrušu ušashira udannin šu-pu-uk-šu I laid large slabs of limestone around its damp course, thus reinforcing its base OIP 2 100:52, parallels (referring to the same building) ibid. 96:77, 106 vi 10, 119:19 (Senn.).
- b) referring to the base of a mountain:  $i \not s d i \not s u \ [k i ma \not s] u pu uk \not s a d i \ [lu udan] nin$  I made its foundations as strong as the base of a mountain Weidner Tn. 10 No. 3:29, cf. temen su k i ma su pu uk sad i danni udan nin Borger Esarh. 22 Ep. 26b:18; harrāti sun udannin k i su pu uk sad i I reinforced their waterways as (solidly as) the base of a mountain OIP 2 115 viii 39 (Senn.).
- c) šupuk šamê horizon: the Twin mountains which every day keep watch over the rising and setting of the sun elus šunu šu-pu-uk šamê [...] over which [extends only] the horizon Gilg. IX ii 4; for other refs. see lex. section; note, wr. UL. HÉ: UL.HÉ GAM-iš (apod., obscure) ACh Adad 12:3.
- **šuplu** s.; **1.** depth, **2.** (as astron. technical term) minimum (i.e., extreme negative) latitude; from OB on; wr. syll. and BÙRU, (in math.) GAM, (in astron.) SIG; cf. šapālu.

bu-ru u = \$up-lu Ea II 155, also S^a Voc. N 25; bu-ru u = \$u-up-lum A II/4:88; gi-bu-rum u = \$up-lum ibid. 140; bù ru = \$u-up-lum Hh. II 235, cf. u \$. sa g = \$id-du pu-u-tum, u \$. bù ru (var. u \$. ù. bù ru) = min (= \$id-du) \$up-li ibid. 251 f.; bu-ur u = \$up-lu Antagal III 14; bù r = \$up-lum Antagal A 233; bù ru = \$up-[lu] VAT 12927:1' (Igituh App. C); pu-\$u (LAGAB $\times$ U = \$u-up-lu (var. \$up-lu) Ea I 51a (MA Recension), also A I/2:152; tu-u1 LAGAB $\times$ U = \$u-up-lu Ea I 52b (MA Recension), also A I/2:168; ub LAGAB $\times$ U = \$u-up-lu A II/1 Comm. B r. 5, in MSL 14 269.

 l[u] von Weiher Uruk 42:3 (astrol. comm.); [d] ù n. lá = [ $\delta u$ -up]- $\lceil lum \rceil$  Proto-Izi Bil. I Section D iv 9; hu-um LUM =  $\delta u$ -up-lum A V/1:16; [si-d]ug LAGAB×DAR =  $\delta up$ (text DUG)-lu A I/2:247; [...] = [ $\delta u$ -u]p-lum (in group with huppu,  $\delta u$ ttatu) Antagal A 255; KI  $\# \delta up$ -lu A VIII/3 Comm. 4, in MSL 14 506.

ta-a  $/\!\!/$  a-par  $/\!\!/$  hu-up- $\langle ti? \rangle$  IGI  $/\!\!/$  sup-lu IGI  $/\!\!/$  sup-lu: a-par sa sag.du u(!) gó (comm. on ta-sa hu-pat sag.du u gó TCL 6 34 i 4 and dupls. AMT 35,3:3, Köcher BAM 178:2) BRM 4 32:4 (med. comm.); [s]u-up-lu = har-ru Malku II 62.

- 1. depth -a) of excavations, wells: 40 NINDA 4 KÙŠ 40 šipri 1 KÙŠ šu-uplim ša ālum ihrû (total) forty ninda, four cubits, by forty (ninda of) work, one cubit in depth, which the town (labor force) has dug Birot Tablettes 41:26, also ibid. 9, cf. YOS 12 462:17; &u-up-lam  $ub\bar{a}n \&uppil$  (see  $\delta ap\bar{a}lu$  mng. 3b) BIN 7 15:7 (all OB); [x]in] a ammatim  $rup \delta$ [ am u x] ina ammatimšu-up-lam [šipi]r namsîm šâtu [uše]ppeš I will have this basin dug x cubits wide and x cubits deep ARMT 13 128 r. 4'; 10 ina ammeti šu-pu-ul-ša adi mê... epera lu umelliši I filled in with soil (the well) whose depth down to water (level) is ten cubits AOB 1 38:13 (Aššur-uballit I).
- b) of the water table: hirīssu aḥrēma šu-pu-ul mê akšud I dug down to its (the wall of Babylon's) foundation ditch until I reached water level (lit. the depth of the waters) VAB 4 74 ii 17, 82 i 18, 90 i 46, 108 ii 30, 178 i 59, 188 ii 15, CT 37 14 ii 48, PBS 15 79 ii 44, cf. temenša aptēma šu-pú-ul mê akšud VAB 4 116 ii 13, 136 vii 60 (all Nbk.), 212 ii 24 (Ner.); išissa miḥrat apsî ina šu-pu-ul mê berūti ušaršid I firmly established its base against the ground water, below the water of the foundation pit VAB 4 86 ii 19 (Nbk.), wr. šu-pú-ul Crozer Quarterly 23 68 ii 31.
- c) of water (in rivers, sea, wells): bitqam āmurma 8 GI.HI.A rupšum u 7 ammā: tim šu-pu-ul mê ša bitqim šātu I have examined the breach: the width is eight reeds, and the depth of the water at this breach is seven cubits ARM 6 9:9; ID Husur ša ultu ullā mēša šu-up-lu ṣabtūma

šuplu šuplu

... mamma la issiršunūtima itabbaku Idigelatiš (I had canals dug from) the river Husur, whose water from ancient times had been deep enough but which none (of my royal ancestors) had dammed, (so that the water) still disgorged into the Tigris OIP 2 114 viii 23; kīma nūnī iṣbat šu-pul mê rūqūti he took to the depths of distant waters like a fish Streck Asb. 44 v 20; [š]u-up-li ul ēneḥma ṣūmī ul at-r[u] (see anāḥu A mng. 2a) Lambert BWL 278:4 (proverbs, from Bogh.).

- d) in math.: 30 mithartaka 6 šu-puul-ka 30 is (the side of) your square and 6,0 (= 360) is your depth Sumer 7 30 No. 1 r. 6; šu-up-lu mīnu what is the depth? MDP 34 122 i 7, 123 ii 4, cf. atta 1G1 12 šuup-li puţur 5 tammar ibid. 84:3, cf. also ibid. 118:24, 26, 39, abbr. šu MCT 81f. L 6 and passim, see p. 88; BÙRU minam lūrid lu 1 sìla to what depth (of the seah) do I have to go for (the contents to be) one  $q\hat{u}$ ? TMB 33 No. 68: 2, and passim in OB math., see TMB Index p. 226, 239, MCT p. 172; wr. GAM: hiri= tam abni 6 GAM I constructed a ditch. the depth is six TMB 23 No. 48:3, cf.  $\frac{1}{2}$  KÙŠ GAM the depth is half a cubit MCT p. 55 Ea 8, TÚL.SAG mala šiddim GAM-ma TMB 11 No. 23:1, and passim, in some refs. to be read kippatu, q.v., see TMB p. 238.
- e) other occs.:  $\hbar \vec{a}$ 'it elâtu šamê  $b\bar{a}r$  šup-lu erşetim (Ninazu) who inspects the heights of heaven, who looks into the depths of the nether world Or. NS 36 118:48 (SB hymn to Gula); the  $m\bar{e}su$  tree ša ina tâmtim rapaštim mê 1 ME  $b\bar{e}r$  išissu šurz šuda(!) šu-pul aral[lê] (see arallû) Cagni Erra I 152, cf. [Anu]nnaki i[pl]ahuma šu-pu-ul [arallê...] ibid. II a 9, see Lambert, AfO 27 79; šumma ana BÙRU illak if (the incense) sinks to the bottom (opposite: ana UŠ) CT 39 36:91, restored from RA 61 36 K.57:30 (SB omens).
- 2. (as astron. technical term) minimum (i.e., extreme negative) latitude: ina 9 mu.meš išappil nim u

Bùr šá Sin ana epēšika after nine years (the moon) will be at the greatest positive latitude, after nine years it will be at the greatest negative latitude, to compute the greatest positive or negative latitude of the moon JCS 21 201:10f.; 6 KÙŠ DAGAL mālaka ultu nim ana bùr išappilma šupul-šú ikaššad it goes down six cubits, the width of the path (of the moon) from highest latitude to minimum latitude, reaching its minimum latitude ibid. 15 f.; 3 KAS GIN-ma MURUB₄- $t\acute{u}$ ...3 KAS GIN-ma*šup-lu* when it (the moon) has proceeded 3  $b\bar{e}ru$  (= 90°) (from maximum positive latitude), it is at the node, when it has proceeded 3 beru (from the node), it is at minimum latitude JCS 21 201:2; ina 7 UD BÙR sabit in seven days it (the moon) passes by at minimum latitude ibid. 202 r. 22, cf. ina 3 ITI BÙR DIB ibid. r. 23; ana NIM lu ana sig tašakkan you take positive as well as negative (values of lunar latitude) Neugebauer ACT 200 i 26, cf. NIM u SIG *ša Sin tašakkan* ibid. 201:8, 21, r. 6, cf. ibid. 22, r. 17, 200i r. 5, cf. also  $ep\bar{e}\check{s}u\check{s}a$  NIM usig ša Sin procedure for maximum and minimum (latitude) of the moon ibid. 200 i 20; šūga u šup-lu ša Sin teštene'i you investigate the positive and negative latitudes of the moon (see šūqu mng. 2) LBAT 1600 r. 9; ša nim u sig ina libbi sar u ta: nassarma you . . . . and you observe for positive or negative latitude Hunger Uruk 94:4; šumma ina qaqqar dur mahīri múl. BABBAR lu nim şa-bit u Şalbatānu šul sig MÚL.UD.AL.TAR şabit ina gimir ana šamê itbal lu šu-pul şabit mahīru magal dur-ma if Jupiter has positive latitude in the region of "the increase of economy," and Mars . . . . stands below Jupiter (and) altogether disappears from the sky or has negative latitude, the economy will greatly increase ibid. 10 f.; šumma šu-pul harrāni şabit if it (the moon) has negative latitude (the economy will diminish) ibid. 21; n sig n degrees negative latitude Neugebauer ACT 91, 93, 100, 104 passim, see ibid. 488b s.v. sig.

šuppatu šuppultu

**šuppatu** (*šubbatu*) s.; (rush, reed thicket); from OB on; wr. syll. and ( $\acute{\mathbf{U}}$ ).  $_{\mathrm{GUG_4}}$ .

ú. gu g₄ = um-ṣa-tum,  $\circlearrowleft$ su-ub-gu g₄, ú. gu g =  $\lq$ sub-ba-tum (vars.  $\lq$ sup-pa-t[um],  $\lq$ su-up-pa-tum) Hh. XVII 6 ff. (revised version); [á]š-ki  $\circlearrowleft$ . Gu G₄ = ur-ba-tum, [šu]-ub  $\circlearrowleft$ . Gu G₄ =  $\lq$ sup-pa-tum, [nu]-mu-un  $\circlearrowleft$ . [Gu] G₄ = el-pe-tum Diri IV 12 ff., cf. S^b I 282 f. and MSL 14 50: 454 f. (Proto-Ea).

KID.MÁ.ŠÚ = ku-tum-mu,  $\delta u$ -up-pa-[t]um Proto-Diri 368 f.; gi š. gu .za.  $^{\text{TIR}}_{\text{TIR}}$ . £(var. omits £). dù.a =  $(kuss\hat{u})$   $\delta \hat{a}$  ina  $\delta u$ -[up-pa-t] i  $ep\delta u$  Hh. IV 117; [. . .] =  $\delta u$ -up-pa-du KUB 3 109: 2 (unidentified voc.).

mušen.bi ť.GuG4.šè ì.dal.la.bi ť.GuG4.šè ba.da.a[b.gam]: iṣṣūršu ša ana šup-pa-ti ipparšu ina šup-pa-ti imtū[t] its bird which had flown to the š.-thicket, died in the š.-thicket LKU 14 ii 13 f.; ú.GuG4.ginx(GIM) mu.e.sìg.ge.en.zé. en ť.GuG4.ginx mu.e.bu.re.[en].zé.en: kīma šup-pa-ti tannasḥani kīma elpeti tabbaqmani you (stones) have been pulled out like š., you have been plucked like rushes Lugale XIII 8 (= 564); zi. ni.ta ú.GuG4.ginx in.da.an.bu.re: [na]-piš-ta-šú ki-ma šup-pa-ti i-na-sa-ḥuK.9292+:7f. (courtesy W. G. Lambert), restored from RA 65 132 ii 7ff.; ú. GuG4. ba dù.a.ginx: kīma šup-pa-ti ušēmanni (see elpetu lex. section) SBH 10 No. 4:127f.

 $^{\$ \text{U-ub}}$   $_{\text{Zl.LAG[AB}}^{\text{Zl.LAG[AB}}$  # & Sup-pa-t'u # & kima # & Sup-pa-t'u # & Ima & Ima # & Ima  $\& \text{Ima$ 

- a single reed: šumma ina hirīt  $\bar{a}li \ \acute{u} \ \check{s}u$ -[up]-pa-tum [ $ittab\check{s}i$ ] if a  $\check{s}$ . appears in the city moat CT 39 21:164 (SB Alu); šumma ina mušpāli āli ti šup-pa-tum in= namir ibid. 11:46, 12:18;  $\delta u$ -up-pa-ta-amišātum ikkalma u tappātaša igulla (proverb, see qâlu A mng. 2a-1') ARM 10 150:9; ina šup-pa-ti ša 7 kişrūša 7-šu ta: lappassu you touch him (the patient) seven times with a seven-noded §. LKA 69 r. 5 and dupl., see Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 138:191; masab šub-ba-ti a basket made of š. (listed among emblems of gods) MDP 2 pl. 17 iv 26 (MB kudurru);  $s\bar{a}bum...ana qa=$  $n\hat{a}tim$  GI  $\delta u$ -up-pa-tim u GIŠ.KAK.ḤI.A... ul kašdu (see sikkatu A mng. 1a) ARM 3 11:35, cf. ibid. 26:24 and 27.
- b) reed thicket: ina šippim ṣērum irab: biṣ ina šu-pa-tim (var. ši-pa-ti-im) irabbiṣ bašmum the snake lurks in the root(?),

the viper in the §. TIM 9 66:15 (= Sumer 13 93), var. from TIM 9 65:8 (= Sumer 13 95) (OB inc.); suluppū ā x ina šup-pa-tum ina būt PN inandin he will pay those x dates in the §. in PN's estate Cyr. 335:2, cf. eqelšu ša ina šup-pa-tum ša tehi PN2 his field which is situated in the §. adjacent to (the field of) PN2 ibid. 5; as toponym: PA5 šu-up-pa-t[um] YOS 13 333:3 (OB), see Stol, JCS 25 223; uncert.: 3 šup-pa-ti [...] (among garments) MRS 6 207 RS 15.135:16; as Akkadogram in Hitt.: BE-EL ŠU-UP-PA-TI (obscure) Friedrich Gesetze 34 § 52:7.

Farber Ištar und Dumuzi p. 181.

## šuppu s.; (a topographic term); NB.*

(a field including) zaqpi pī šulpu kālû gabībi šup-pi man-za-tum mê u li-mi. MEŠ orchard and grain-producing land, marshy ground, ground suitable for pasture, š., drained land, and enclosures BRM 1 101:11, also ibid. 3.

šuppuhu (or šubbuhu) v.; to incite; OB*; II.

tēšī la šubbîm gabarah halāqišu in šubz tišu li-ša-ap-pí-ha-aš-šum may he (the god) incite against him in his own residence a revolt which cannot be quelled, a rebellion which will bring about his ruin CH xlii 63.

**šuppultu** s.; (mng. uncert.);  $SB^*$ ; cf.  $\check{s}ap\bar{a}lu$ .

tu-un TÙN = šup-pu-lu A VIII/1:126, with comm. [...] šu-pu-ul-tum A VIII/1 Comm. 10, in MSL 14 495.

šumma sinništu šu-pul-ti libbi i[šu...], šumma sinništu šu-pul-ti libbi la išu [...] if a woman has (no) š. of the stomach(?) KAR 206 ii 4'f. (physiogn.); šumma amīlu rēš libbišu šup-púl-ta irtanašši Kocher BAM 190:22 and dupls. STT 102:7, AMT 48,2:1, cf. šumma amīlu qerbūšu napņu rēš libbišu šup-pu-ul-ta irtanašši Kocher BAM 575 ii 46.

šuppulu

šupšuqu

**šuppulu** (fem. *šuppultu*) adj.; **1.** deep, **2.** short (of stature); OAkk. (occ. as personal name only), SB; cf. *šapālu*.

pu-u P $\circ$  =  $\delta u$ -up-pu-lu A I/2: 153;  $\circ$  a-ab LAGAB×  $\circ$  =  $\delta up$ -[pu]-lum ibid. 187, and delete this ref. s.v.  $bat\bar{a}lu$ ; [p]  $\circ$  . p $\circ$  =  $\delta u$ -up-pu-lu Erimhu $\circ$  Bogh. A 26.

- 1. deep: hirissī šup-pu-lu-te deep moats [were dug around them] TCL 3 242 (Sar.).
- 2. short (of stature): as personal name: Šu-pù-la RSO 32 90 r. iii 12' (OAkk.); Šu-pu-ul-tum UET 3 1506 r. i 12, 1585 r. ii 9', cf. Šu-pù-ul-tum RA 19 44 No. 118:6 (all Ur III).

*šupšatu see *šipšatu.

šupšikku see tupšikku.

šupšuhiš see pašāhu.

šupšuhu see pašāhu.

šupšuqiš adv.; under difficult circumstances; SB; cf.  $pa \bar{s} \bar{a} qu$ .

qereb ālišu šup-šu-qiš ēsiršu (in order to prevent his escape) I besieged him in his city (placing him) under the most dire conditions Winckler Sar. pl. 26 No. 55:10; ana GN... girri asbatma ašqūma adi GN₂ šup-šu-qiš attallak (see šaqû A v. mng. 1b) OIP 2 114 viii 32 (Senn.).

šupšuqtu s.; woman having difficulty in childbirth; SB; ef. pašāqu.

 $[na_4.SAL].la.ra.ah = NA_4 \&up-\&uq-ti = [...]$  Hg. B IV 84, in MSL 10 32, cf. Hh. XVI 214, cf.  $na_4.SAL.la.ra.ah = \&up-\&u-u[q-tu]$  Hh. XVI RS Recension 171.

šup-šuq-tùm-ma  $\parallel$  šup-šu-qa kâšu šanîš dannati (comm. on [KA.INIM.MA ša] šup-šu-[uq-ti] Köcher BAM 248 i 36) JNES 33 332:14; šup-šuq-ta  $r\bar{e}mi$  DN have pity, O Marduk, on the woman who has trouble in delivery KAR 196 (= Köcher BAM 248) iv 6.

For refs. written sal.la.ra.ah see muštapšiqtu.

šupšuqu (fem. šupšuqtu) adj.; 1. narrow, strait, 2. painful, distressed; SB; cf. pašāqu.

šup-šu-qa kâšu šanîš dannati (comm. on šupšuqztu, q.v.) JNES 33 332:14.

- 1. narrow, strait: ašru šup-šu-qu ina šēpēja rīmāniš attaggiš the narrow terrain I climbed on foot like a wild bull OIP 2 26 i 71 (Senn.), also ibid. 58:21, 67:10, cf. ašar ana kussî šup-šu-qu ina šēpēja aštaķ: hit where it (the terrain) was too narrow for the sedan chair I went forward on foot ibid. 36 iv 5, also ibid. 71:40 (all Senn.); allik tuddī marṣūte u nērebēti šup-šu-qa-ate(var. -ti) I marched on difficult roads and through very narrow mountain passes AKA 64 iv 54 (Tigl. I); pašqat nēbertu šup*šu-qat uruhša* (see *nēbertu* mng. 2a) Gilg. X ii 24; temmid ana allāki ša šup-šu-gat ur[uhšu] you (Šamaš) stand by the traveller whose road is strait Lambert BWL 130:65; (mountains) ša arhūšunu šu-up*šu-qa-ma* whose paths are extremely narrow Weidner Tn. 2 No. 1 iii 8, cf. VAB 4 152 iii 16 (Nbk.), cf. ša... šup-šuq-qu ašar= šin Lie Sar. 449; (mountains) ša mūlû mūraddu šup-šu-qu whose (trails) are narrow for both ascent and descent TCL 3 128 (Sar.), cf. ša. . . šup-šu-qu mālakša ibid. 22; note [š] a terriš alāka urhāt šu-up-šugá-at alakta marsat where you want to go is difficult of access, having narrow roads VAS 12 193: 26 (= EA 359, šar tamhāri); for other refs. in the stative see  $paš\bar{a}qu$ .
- 2. painful, distressed: našūninni ana dīni šup-šu-q[i] they are taking me to a painful lawsuit KAR 71:1 and dupl. LKA 104:12 (inc.); [na]plisamma annanna mār annanna šup-šu-qa-am look at me, the distressed so-and-so, son of so-and-so AMT 93,3:7; in broken contexts: [...] šup-šu-uq-ti ša Uruk Ugaritica 5 163 i 27; [...] šup-šu-qu-ti [...] Schollmeyer No. 24:1.

šupta'e šūpû

šupta'e s.(?); (mng. unkn.); Nuzi.*

Seven women received their barley rations *šu-up-ta-e ina* MN HSS 16 358:9 (translit. only).

šuptu (or šubdu) in šuptumma epēšu v.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi*; Hurr. lw.

(wool rations taken by various persons) undu ša nīš bīti sīg.BA-šu-nu šu-up-du-ma īpuš tuppa i-he-pè- $\lceil x \rceil$  when the personnel have received(?) their wool rations, they will break the tablet RA 36 215 (= HSS 13 287):23.

šuptu see šubtu A.

*šupû adj.; thick(?); NB*; fem. pl. šupêtu.

[x] gam-mi-da-a-ti &u-pi-e-[t]i x thick(?) gammidu-cloths GCCI 2 361:7.

Probably a by-form of šapû A adj.

šupû A s.; (a wrapper?); SB; cf. šapû B v.

ina šu-pi-[e] tešeppi ina kišādišu tašakkan you wrap (the materia medica) in a wrapper (and) place it around his neck Köcher BAM 66:19, wr. ina [šu-pi-i]  $D\dot{\mathbf{U}}$ (!).  $D\dot{\mathbf{U}}$ -p[i] ibid. 30:11.

**šupû B** s.(?); (mng. unkn.); lex.*

še-[galan an =  $\delta u$ -p[u(?)]- $\acute{u}$  MSL 14 142 No. 20:8 (Proto-Aa).

The second sign in the Akk. column is uncertain; see Civil, MSL 14 142 note.

šupû see ašibu and šubû B.

šūpû (šāpû, fem. šūpûtu) adj.; manifest, brilliant, shining, splendid, famous, great, exalted; from OB on; Ass. šāpû (3R 66 iv 9); wr. syll. and È; cf. apû A v.

[da-al-la] [PAP.GÚ.GÀR] =  $\delta u$ -pu- $\acute{u}$  Ea VIII 36, see also  $ap\acute{u}$  A v. lex. section; [dil-mu-un] [NI. TUK.KI] =  $\delta u$ -pu- $f\acute{u}$ l Diri VI C 10'.

dBIL.GI ur.sag pa.è nir.gál: dGirri qardu su-pu-ú etellu O Girra, heroic one, splendid one,

manly one Labat Suse 2 i 5f.; zalag.ga pa.è ù. tu.[ud.da dNin.gal.la.kam]: namru šu-pu-ú ša dNin[gal uldušu] brilliant one, splendid one, whom Ningal has borne ibid. iii 5f.; ur.sag nam. ur.sag.gá.a.ni pa.è.a.kex(KID): qarrādu ša qarrādūssu šu-pa-a-ta valiant one, whose prowess is manifest Angim IV 49 (= 201); [mu]1. šu. pa šudun pa.è.a  $[\ldots]:[n]$  ir ša  ${}^{d}Enlil$  šu-pu-u x[...] Symbolae Böhl 277:5; u₄.gin_x(GIM) zalág mu.un.è: ša kīma ūme nūri šu-pu-u (I hold my weapon) which is as brilliant as the daylight Angim III 41 (= 145); su.mu.ug.ga.bi an.na dalla (MAŠ.GÚ.GAR) mu.un.è.a: na'duršu ina šamė šu-pu-u his (the moon's) eclipse is clearly visible in the sky CT 16 21:138f.; ama šà. DU è.a.bi: ummu ša ina qerbeti šu-pat (see gerbetu lex. section) CT 24 14:11 and dupls.; urú.è.a: ālu šu-pu-u (in broken context) 4R 23 No. 1 iii 1f.; mu.gi_x(GIG).ib pa.è.a: ištarītu šupu-tu SBH 155 No. 55:1f.; ní.tuku è.a kala.ga dumu. dEn.líl.lá: gašru šu-pu-ú mār Enlil (Irra) the mighty one, the splendid one, the son of Enlil BA 5 642 No. 10:1ff.

kur.kur.ra zag.du(var. šè) mu.bi: ša...
ina dadmē zikiršu šu-pu-u SBH 99 No. 53 r. 48f.,
dupl. AL³ 136 r. 1f.; a.a. dNanna umun.men.
dalla(PAP+NÁ).na nir.gál.dìm.me.er.e.ne:
abu dSES.KI bēlu agê šu-pu-ú etelli ilī (Sum.) father
Nanna, lord of the brilliant crown, prince among
the gods 4R 9:13f., see Sjöberg Mondgott 166.

 $\S{u}$ -pu- $\acute{u}$  = ra-bu- $\acute{u}$  Malku I 15, also Explicit Malku I 41;  $\S{u}$ -pu- $\acute{u}$  = MIN (= kak-ka-bu) Malku II 103;  $\S{u}$ -pu-u =  $\S{ar}$ -ru LTBA 2 2:31;  $\S{u}$ -pu-u = kab-tum ibid. 35;  $\S{u}$ -pu-u // ba-nu- $\acute{u}$  ACh I  $\S{t}$  ar 21:3.

in attributive use - 1' referring ilam šu-pa-a-am lulli I will to gods: extol the splendid god (Papulegarra) JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 9 r. vi 32 (OB lit.), also ibid. pl. 7 r. iv 5 and 7; ana Šamaš . . . ilim šu-píim Syria 32 12 i 8 (Jahdunlim); dMUŠ ilu šupu- $\acute{u}$  BBSt. No. 6 ii 49 (Nbk. I); (Ninurta) allalli ilāni šu-pi-i brilliant hero of the gods 1R 29 i 8 (Šamši-Adad V); (Nergal) ālilu šu-pu-ú Böllenrücher Nergal 50:1; (Nabû) mamlu šu-pu-u LKA 42:2; (Ninurta) bēli šu-pu-ú JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 2:4; (Sin) dNannaru šu-pu-ú BMS No. 1:1, cf. rubû šu-pu-ú Perry Sin No. 5a:4; dGula iltu *Šu-pu-tu* ZA 65 58:72 (kudurru), ef. KAR 73:16; ilu namru šu-pu-ú etellu [...] the bright god, the brilliant one, the lord (among the gods) KBo 1 12:12 (hymn to Šamaš), see Or. NS 23 213: Ea, Samaš, Marduk ilāni rabûte

šūpû šupuḥru

šu-pu-ú-<te> şīrūte the great, brilliant, and majestic gods RA 7 24:7, see MAOG 14/2 18, cf. LKA 112:25, 129:3, Wr. È.MEŠ KAR 35:16 and dupl. 36:3, cf. also [...] šu-pu-tum lē ûtu ša šamē u erṣeti [...] KAR 355:10; ilāni šá-pu-tú... šumēšunu tazakz kar you pronounce the names of the sublime gods 3R 66 iv 9, see Frankena Tākultu 6, but šu-pu-ti STT 88 v(!) 6, see Frankena, BiOr 18 200, and passim, see Tallqvist Götterepitheta 89.

- 2' other occs.: Šarrukīn šu-pu-u Bezold Cat. 1627 Rm. 618:5 (lit. catalog), also Kramer AV 314 K.13684+ :6; *šarrum dannum* etlum šu-pu-um Syria 32 12 i 27 (Jahdunlim), also (Nabonidus) eţlu šu-pu-u VAB 4 230 i 3, lulīmu šu-pu-u ibid. 252 i 6; seven kings šu-pu-u banûtu AnSt 5 100:37 (Cuthean Legend); šu-pu-tum kakkabāni the brightest stars AnBi 12 283:41 (prayer to the gods of the night); kīma qereb šamê šu-pu-UL-ti ši= kinšunu ubannīma (see banû B mng. 4b) VAB 4 182 iii 38 and dupl. PBS 15 79 iii 38 (Nbk.); šu-pu-ú-ti māhāzīšu his splendid cities Pinches Texts in Bab. Wedge-writing 16 No. 4 r. 12; mēdilū šu-pu-tu shining doorbolts VAB 4 256 ii 6 (Nbn.).
- b) in substantival use: [idni?] gašram *šu-pa-am narāmki* give us the mighty one, the brilliant one, whom you love RA 46 90:37 and 39 (OB Epic of Zu), also JCS 31 88:124 and 126 (SB recension); gašru šu-pu-ú mudû Gilg. I ii 26; (Marduk) gašru šu-pu-u etel Igigī BMS 18 r. 20; nīš gašri rašbi šu-pi-i dŠulpa'ea . . . lu tamâta be conjured by the awe-inspiring one, the mighty one, the famous one, Sulpa'ea CT 51 199 r. 10 and dupl. STT 214-217 vi 15; (Adad) murtaşnu šu-pu-u ilu gašru BMS 21 r. 76; ana gašru *šu-pi-i hāmiriki* (Ninurta) Or. NS 36 128: 198 (SB hymn to Gula), (Ninurta) tarbīt apsî šupu- $\acute{u}$  ilitti ^aMami ibid. 118:51; (Sin)  $\acute{s}u$ -pu- $\acute{u}$ ša É.KUR BMS 1:16; (Marduk) Enlil ilī  $\delta u$ -pu-u  $n\bar{u}r$   $il\bar{i}$   $abb\bar{e}\delta u$  VAB 4 214 ii 31 (Ner.), cf. Streck Asb. 288:5, (Ningal) etellet šamê  $ell\bar{u}ti\,\check{s}u$ -pu-[tu] ibid. 290: 25; (Ištar)  $\check{s}u$ -pu- $\acute{u}$ -tum  $labbat Igig\~{i}$  STC 2 pl. 77:31, see JCS 21 261, also cited Hunger Uruk 50:35 (med. comm.);

šaqûtu šu-pu(var.  $-p\acute{u}$ )-tum qarittu Ištar Craig ABRT 1 67:22, var. from KAR 144:13, see ZA 32 172.

c) in predicative use: gašru sīru šu-úpu-ú parṣūša strong, mighty, (and) outstanding are her divine powers RA 22 170:22 and 24 (OB hymn to Ištar);  $\delta u$ -pu- $\acute{u}$ narbûša famous is her greatness VAS 10 214 i 9 (OB Agušaja), cf. dGAŠAN šu-pu-ú narbûki STC 2 pl. 75:8 (SB hymn to Ištar); šupu-u zikrūka Lambert BWL 128:64 (hymn to Šamaš); etellēku bēlēku šu-pa-ku u sīrāku I am lord, I am ruler, I am famous, and I am mighty Or. NS 36 116:2 (SB hymn to Gula); [šu-p]a-at šagāt ašaridat (in broken con-KAR 100 i 7; ša GEŠTIN šu-pu- $\acute{u}$  $et l \bar{u} t u \check{s} u$  VAS 12 193 r. 9 (šar tamhāri); (a temple) *ša kīma kakkab šamê šu-pu-ú* as brilliant as a star in the sky AKA 98 vii 93 (Tigl. I); Nineveh ša . . . itti šiţir bu= rumme işrassu eşretma šu-pu-ú sindūšu (see simdu A mng. 4) OIP 2 94:64 (Senn.); ša ina ilāni rabûti šu-pu-ú (Sin) who is most brilliant among the great gods MDP 2 pl. 23 vi 43; ša ana agê ša ilūti šú-pu-u (Marduk) who has been made exalted to wear the divine headdress KAR 26:17; obscure: minû kî ina bīti epšu šu-pu-ú (since I left) what has been . . . . in the house? CT 22 6:31 (NB let.); see also apû A v. mngs. 4 and 5.

šupuḥru (šapuḥru, supuḥru) s.; (a variety or part of the cedar); MB, Bogh., MA, SB, NB; wr. syll. and GIŠ.ERIN.BAD.

giš.erin.sud, giš.erin.bad = ši-i-hu, giš.erin.bad, [giš.bad].erin = šu(vars. su, šā)-pu-uh-ru Hh. III 220-222, for coll. see MSL 9 162; giš.erin.bad // šu-pu-uh-ri // giš.erin.bad // šanīš baltittu ša libbi erēni (see buštītu lex. section) BRM 4 32:15 (med. comm., to TCL 6 34 r. ii 10).

a) in med.: GIŠ.ERIN.BAD...12 šam= mē annûti [malmališ] tušamṣa teṭên — š. (and eleven other drugs), these twelve materia medica you crush in equal amounts AMT 27,2 ii 18, cf. GIŠ.ERIN.BAD (and other medications for a tampon for the ears) šupukkû šuqallulu

RA 53 16 r. 25 and dupl. Köcher BAM 3 iv 20, GIŠ(!).ERIN.BAD . . .  $tas \hat{a}k$  Labat, RSO 32 112 iv 13, cf. also AMT 56,1:5, (beside GIŠ. ERIN) AMT 98,2:9, 35,6:2, Küchler Beitr. pl. 10 iii 8, TCL 6 34 r. ii 10, for comm. see lex. section; Ú sú-pu-uh-ra...ina esitti tahaš:  $\delta al$  KUB 37 1:11, see AfO 16 48; GIŠ  $\delta u$ pu-uh-ru (in list of materia medica) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 45:12, Wr. GIŠ.ERIN.BAD RA 54 174 AO 17617:5; note weighed: 14 minas and seven shekels of Ú šu-pu-uh-rum PBS 2/2 107 i 7 (MB);  $\frac{1}{2}$  GfN su-pu-uh-ru Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 45:21 (MA), cf. (in broken context) ibid. 41:8: ten shekels of GIŠ.ERIN.BAD Küchler Beitr. pl. 10 iii 28; denoting specifically the resin: SIM šu-pu-úh-rum Köcher BAM 394:31, cf.  $\S$ IM  $\S u-pu-uh-[ru]$  ibid. 11:4, note šim.li šim.gam.ma šim.me.ni giš. ERIN.BAD ibid. 406:5, and passim in med., KU GIŠ.ERIN.BAD Köcher BAM 124 i 40; uncert.:  $s\bar{\imath}ha$   $arg\bar{a}na$  la zu-pu-uh-ra ibid. 171:28.

b) other occs.: šumma šaršeru ša ina muhhi ilī ša-pu-uh-ri lu panīkunu lu qātēzkunu lu napultakunu tapaššašanni if you smear your faces, your hands, or your throats with red paste which (is like) š. in the eyes of the gods Wiseman Treaties 373, see Pritchard ANET³ p. 537 n. 13; in the month Šabāṭu what will your food be? šá-pu-uh-ri šuhhu ša imēri zikari zē kalbi zē namṣāti tumallāma tapattan (see šuhhu mng. 1) 2R 60 K.4334 r. i 17, see TuL p. 19.

šupukkû s.; (a type of ration?); lex.*; cf.  $\delta ap\bar{a}ku$ .

še. ba si. ga = &u-pu-k[u-u] Ai. V A₃ 17', cf. Ai. IV iii 62; [ú] [&u-si] = &u-pu-[ku-u]?)] (text:  $\&u-pu-b^{e-pi}$ ), &u-pu-[ku]?)] (text:  $\&u-pu-b^{e-pi}$ ) A II/6 iii A 30 f.

šupûltu see šupêltu.

šupupu see šububu.

**šuqallulu** v.; **1.** to be suspended, to hang loose, to dangle, **2.** to suspend,

hang; OA(?), OB, SB, NA; III ušqallil (ušqillal KAR 375 r. iv 13) — ušqallal (also išqallal) — šuqallul; note uštaqlil 4R 28* No. 4 r. 64, ušaqlil ibid. 66, attaqallalla Craig ABRT 1 22 ii 16 (NA); wr. syll. and LAL; ef. ašqulālu, mašqalillu, šuqullālu.

ní.balag a.šà.ga gin.na kuš.a.ga.lá šu(!).šè.lal: kubburu ša eqla ina alākišu naruqqa šu-qal-lu-lu (see naruqqu lex. section) Lambert BWL 255:5f.; gal4.la.bi ur.re an.da.ab.lal PA+GAN.bi mu.bar.ra an.da.ab.lal: qallāšu kalbu uš-ta-qal-lil (var. uš-[ta]q-lil) // nakri ittaši saphūssu barbaru uš-ta-qal-lil (var. ú-šaq-lil) (see qallā s.) SBH 122 No. 70:7ff., vars. from 4R 28* No. 4 r. 63ff., dupl. (Sum. only) CT 15 12 r. 9f.; am.ti.la šu.bi.šè hé.im.lal: rīmu balta ina qātišu uš-qa-lal-šu (see baltu lex. section) CT 15 43:7f. (Lugalbanda); na4.kišib.a.ni suḥur. máš ku6 bí.in.lá: ša... kunukkašu suḥurmašū uš-qa-li-lu-ma Or. NS 30 3:18ff. and dupls. (bīt mēsiri), see Borger, JNES 33 191f.

1. to be suspended, to hang loose, to dangle - a) said of snakes: šumma sīru ištu abulli . . . uš-qa-li-lam-ma if a snake hangs from the city gate JCS 36 207:1, also KAR 389b (p. 350) i 13, wr. uš-qá-lal JCS 31 221 iii 22, [šumma MUŠ ina bīt ili ištu ...]  $u \not s - q \not a - lal$  CT 41 5 Sm. 909:5 (all SB Alu); [ $\check{s}umma \, \text{MUŠ} \, i\check{s}tu \, \dots ] \, \text{X BI} \, u\check{s}-qa$ -[li]-lamma CT 28 37 K.798 r. 1 (Alu report), cf. (if ištu gušūri uš-qa-la-la snakes) 384:11, dupl. CT 40 25 K.5642 r. 11, cf., wr. iš $q\acute{a}$ -[li]-la KAR 389b (p. 350) i 4, wr. LAL-laibid. 1f., ii 15, JCS 36 207:2 and 4f. (all SB Alu); kīma sippim lu-uš-qa-li-il ina ṣērika I will hang above(?) you as (from) a lintel (for context see sippu A mng. 1a-1') TIM 9 72:13 (OB inc.).

b) said of features of the exta: *šumma* ina libbi bāb ekallim qûm šakinma iš-qá-<*la>-al* if there is a filament in the middle of the "gate of the palace" and it is

šuqallulu šuqallulu

dangling YOS 10 11 iv 13, cf. ibid. 25:63 ff., 26 iv 11 and 13; šumma šēpum warkat šēpim x-x-[x]-qa-la-la-ni ibid. 44:12 (all OB); šum=ma... šīru kīma šul-la šakinma LAL-al if there is a (piece of) tissue like a wart and it is hanging loose TCL 6 1:45, cf. šīru ina libbišu LAL-al ibid. 3 r. 9 (both SB); šumma... zi-hu luhhu[ma] u iš-qá-la-al (see ṣiḥhu usage a-1'b'-3'') YOS 10 22:25 (OB); šumma ina maṣrah marti DI-hu na=dīma uš-qa-lal BM 41009:25, cf. šumma ina libbi bāb ekalli DI-hu nadīma LAL-al Boissier DA 217:9; šumma ubānu LAL-al PRT 139:27 (all SB).

- c) said of parts of the body: *šumma* atānu ulidma iškāšu uš(var. iš)-qá-lal-la if a she-ass gives birth and its (the foal's) testicles are descended LKU 124 r. 10, var. from dupls. CT 40 33:18 and TCL 68:16, see Moren, AfO 27 67:139; šumma izbu ina libbi izbimma qaqqassu ina pīšu uš-qá-lal if there is one malformed animal within another, and the head (of the first) dangles from the mouth (of the second) Leichty Izbu VI 39; šumma izbu libbašu petīma takaltašu uš-gá-lal if the malformed animal's belly is open and its stomach hangs out ibid. XVI 51; šumma šir ku ana libbi šub-ma ki kalâti raksa u šu $q \partial l - l u - l a$  if the testicles of . . . . are turned inward(?) and are attached at the place where the kidneys should be and are hanging down KAR 152 r. 20, šumma kalâtu ina KI kalât burki raksa u šu-gàl-lu-la ibid. r. 21 (SB ext.);  $q\bar{a}t\bar{a}\check{s}u\;\check{s}\bar{e}p\bar{a}\check{s}u\;u\check{s}-q[\acute{a}]-lal-la$ (if) his hands and feet are hanging down (and he cannot move his hands and feet of his own volition) Iraq 18 pl. 25 i 17, see Iraq 19 40.
- d) said of clouds: Mount GN ša kīma erpeti issu šamê šu-qa-lu-lat(var. -la-at) that floats (lit. hangs from the sky) like a cloud WO 1 462 ii 6, WO 2 414:4, 3R 8 ii 70, KAH 2 115:7 (all Shalm. III), ef. šu-qa-lu-la 1R 30 ii 48 (Šamši-Adad V), AKA 361 iii 51, note wr. šú-qa(var. -qu)-lu-la AKA 275 i 62 (both Asn.); šumma ašqulālu ištu šamê ina qabal

šamê šu-qal-lul (see ašqulālu mng. 1) CT 39 32:24 (SB Alu).

- e) other occs.: the (demon's) head is the head of a serpent, fleshy folds are drawn around its snout ina pišu mû šuqal-lu-lu-ni streams of water hang from its mouth MIO 1 72 iii 54; kappī ZAG u gùв šaknatma šaplānu šu-qal-lu-lu she has wings on the right and left sides and they hang downward ibid. 82 vi 31, also CT 51 209:118 (all descriptions of representations of demons); uncert.: ištu libbi abulli šamė at-ta-qa-al-la-al-la (I Aššur have heard your cry of distress) I float down(?) from the gate of heaven Craig ABRT 1 22 ii 16 (NA oracles); uncert.: šumma min (= sikkat namzaqi ša ekalli) ina muhhi uppi aškutti NU LAL (see aškuttu mng. 1a) CT 40 12:3, ef. ibid. 21, ihliqma LAL ibid. 14 K.7030+ 21, [ihliqma] NU LAL ibid. 22 (all SB Alu); obscure: werium ša bīt alahhinim iš-qá-láal-ma ana šagālimma BIN 4 63:4 (OA).
- 2. to suspend, hang: [eli] digāri ubānā: teka tu-uš-qa-la-al you let your fingers hover over the bowl KAR 222 i 16 (NA), see Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 34; šumma šerru ki= šādānuššu tuš-qa-lal-šu-ma (see kišādu mng. 1a-1') Labat TDP 216:3; šadā tanašši [x]-x šu-qal-lu-la ul tale'i you want to lift a mountain yet you cannot dangle a [...] Lambert BWL 253:11 (bil. proverb, Sum. broken); šumma izbu ina limmú.bi-šú kursinnātu ahâtu uš-ga-lal if the malformed animal has extra fetlocks dangling from its four legs Leichty Izbu XVI 27, cf. ibid. 26 and 28; šumma izbu irrīšu ina papān libbišu uš-galal ibid. 98, cf. ibid. 68 and 72; obscure: a.a. mu ma.da nu.me.a m[a.d]a nu.me.  $\mathbf{a}:[a]bar{\imath}\ mar{a}tar{\imath}\ x\ x\ /\!\!/\ i$ -šá-a-ti ittešbir ina KAR 375 iv 12 f.; idirti uš-qí-lal-an-ni šumma sīru surdû lal-ma ta [...] if a snake . . . . -ing a falcon [. . .] from [. . .] CT 38 32:21, cf. šumma MUŠ BE NÍG BAR-šú KÚ ina pī SÚR.DÙ.MUŠEN LAL-ma ana bīt amīli iddi CT 40 22 K.6940+:12, dupl. KAR 389b (p. 352) ii 36, but [...] KI.MIN MUŠEN ina KA-[...] CT 38 32:20 (all SB Alu).

šuqammumu šuqd**ā**nu

In Proto-Izi II Bil. Section A iii 12,  $\delta u$ -uq-lu-lum is probably to be emended to  $\delta u$ -uq- $q\acute{u}$ -lum.

šuqammumu adj.; silent; SB*; cf. šu= qammumu v.

ina majālišu šu-qam-mu-mì ina sanāqi amata šuāti išmēma (Sum. broken) Iraq 42 43 BM 130660 i 13 (utukkū lemnūti), var. to GIŠ. LAL ki.ná.da.na gi₆.a.bi.šè dug₄.bi giš bí.in.tuk.a: ina qūlti majāl mūši amat šuāti išmēma (see qūltu lex. section) CT 16 45:118 f.

šuqammumu v.; 1. to fall silent, to become still, subdued, 2. to cause silence; OB, Bogh., MA, SB; III ušqam=mim — ušqammam (išqammam MIO 12 54 r. 20, OB) — šuqammum (šuqammamu SBH 115 No. 60 r. 36); cf. šaqummatu, šaqummiš, šaqummu, šuqammumu adj.

[Šu-ur] SUR =  $\delta u$ -qam-mu-mu A III/6:112; sur =  $\delta u$ -qam-mu-mu  $\delta a$   $u_4$ -me Nabnitu X 304; si. DI =  $\delta u$ -qa-mu-[mu] 2R 44 No. 2:8 (group voc.).

dìm.me.er ki.a gú / gù mu.un.si.si.eš : ilū ša erseti ana šisītika uš-ga-ma-am-mu / ītenšu // pahruka at your cry the gods of the nether world fall silent, variant: grow weak, variant: gather about you 4R 30 No. 1 r. 5 f. and dupl. ASKT p. 125 No. 20 r. 15f. (Nergal hymn); mu.lu.bi al. si sipa. bi še. àm. ša4: utullašu uš-qa-am-mamu rē'ûšu ušharrar its (the temple's) herdsman is silent, its shepherd is still (Sum.: weeps) SBH 49 No. 24 r. 16f.; [...] é.líl.lá ba.si.si.ig.[ga]: [x x] bīt ziqīqi ša uš-qa-am-ma-[mu] the haunted place that has become silent (in broken context) SBH 80 No. 46:4f.; še.eb si.si.ig.ga.bi: [ana] libittiša ša šu-gam-ma-mu for its brickwork which has become silent (catchline) SBH 115 No. 60 r. 35 f.; [. . .] mu.un.na.ab.si.ig : erşetu šu-qammu-mu-šú BA 5 636 No. 7:1f. and passim, with various subjects, in this text; [...] é sìg.ga ra. a.ba: ina mūši mašil bītu ina šu-qa-mu-[mi-šu] at midnight, when the house has fallen silent CT 17 1:12.

1. to fall silent, to become still, subdued: u  $Ti\bar{a}mat$   $\delta u$ - $q\acute{a}m$ -mu-mat (var.  $[\delta u]$ -qa-am-mu-m[a-at]) ina IGI- $\delta u$ -un (Apsû could not diminish their noise) and Tiāmat fell silent before them En. el. I 26;  $\delta u$ - $\delta$ 

steppe is still, the open country silent AnBi 12 283:36 (prayer to the gods of the night), cf. šuharrur ṣēru . . . nadû šigarū šu-qammu-mu[...] OECT 6 pl. 12 K.3507:9, cf. also šuharrur ṣēru šadû šu-[qám]-ma-ma . . .  $nad\hat{u}$  si-gar-ra  $\check{s}u$ - $g\acute{a}m$ -ma- $\langle ka \rangle$ -ma  $il\bar{i}$ mušīti KUB 4 47 r. 39 f., see Oppenheim, AnBi 12 292; ina aṣīka naphar ginâ šu-qammu-[mu] at your rising (Šamaš), everything becomes silent (all men beseech you) KAR 32:34, also K.9175:4'; zīmūšu ušqa-ma-am-ma (if) his appearance becomes subdued (parallel inahhišu line 54) Labat TDP 140 iii 53; šumma ešrēt āli ušqá-ma-am-ma if the shrines of a town become silent CT 38 8:26, cf. (with ribēt āli) ibid. 27 (SB Alu);  $[x \ x \ b]i$ -tum iš-qá-ma-aam (in broken context) MIO 12 54 VAT 17107 r. 20 (OB lit.); *uš-qa-mi-mu ba-`i-ru*. MEŠ ba-'i-ir.MEŠ x [...] (in broken context) Studies Landsberger 286 r. i 12 (MA inc.).

2. to cause silence: my enemies drove away the harvest-song from my fields  $k\hat{\imath}$   $\bar{a}l\ n\bar{a}kiri\ u\dot{s}$ -qa(var.-qam)-me-mu (var.  $u\dot{s}$ -qa-mi-im-ma)  $\bar{a}l\bar{\imath}$  they have silenced my city as (they would) an enemy city Lambert BWL 36: 102 (Ludlul I), var. from AnSt 30 106.

For RA 32 180:3 and 10 and 181:11 see  $\delta aqummu$  usage a. In Lambert BWL 108:15 the reading of  $\delta u$ -[x]-me-em [x]-u- $di\delta$  is uncertain.

šugāgu see sugāgu.

šūqātu s. pl.(?); flute(?); SB.*

 $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}u$ -qa- $ti\ \check{s}a\ L$ Ú.SIPA (comm. on if Adad thunders  $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}i$ -ga-ti, see  $\check{s}ig$ =gatu) ACh Adad 7:21.

šuqdānu s.; (a plant, lit. the almond-like plant); SB; cf. šiqdu, šiqittu.

Ú šu-uq-da-nu: Ú himit ṣēti: sâku ina šamni pašāšu — š.-plant is a plant (for) ṣētu fever, to crush, to apply as a salve with oil Köcher BAM 1 i 56 and dupls., also,

šuqdu šuqlu A

wr.  $\delta uq$ -da-nu ibid. 423 i 7, 422 iii 1; U  $\delta uq$ -da-na (among other materia medica, for stricture of the bladder) AMT 59,1 i 41.

šuqdu see šiqdu and šukdu.

šuqlu A (šuqulu) s. fem.; (a package for shipping metals); OA, OB; pl. šuq=lātu (šuqlū CCT 1 39a:18); cf. šaqālu.

a) in OA - 1' for tin - a' with weight specified: 4 šu-uq-lá-tum ša annikim... ištēniš 4 gú 20 ma.na annukum kunukkū ša Ālim four š.-s of tin, in all 260 minas of tin, under the seals of the City (Assur) CCT 5 29a:1; 1 šu-uq-LIM 1 GÚ 5 MA.NA kunukki PN CCT 1 39a:19, note the exceptional pl. 4  $\delta u$ -uq-lu ibid. 18; 3  $\delta u$ uq-lá-tim ša 1 GÚ 15 MA.NA.TA u ina pani šu-uq-lim ištêt riksum ša 15 ma.na an[ni= kim] ša[knat] three packages of 75 minas each, one bundle of 15 minas of tin has been put into(?) (each) package BIN 6 252:5f., cf. ibid. 12; 7 GÚ 30 MA.NA kunukkija PN ublam 6 šu-uq-lá-tù-kà 3 MA.NA.TA imtia PN brought seven and one-half talents under my seal, your six packages are each three minas short Kienast ATHE šu-ug-lam aššinīšu nizūzma we divided the s. in two (and PN took thirty minas of tin) BIN 6 79:24; 2 šu-uq-lá-an 50½ MA.NA.TA ICK 158:1: for fluctuations around a mean of 65 minas weight, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 15.

b' without weight specified: 2 riksān ša 5 MA.NA.TA annikim ina pani šu-uq-lim nad'u two bundles of five minas of tin each were put on top of the package KTS 28:31; x annukum riksu illibbi šu-uq-li-ka nadi x tin, a (separate) bundle, has been put in your package CCT 2 2:48; 15 MA.NA AN.NA ikribū ša Aššur ana libbi šu-uq-lim ša PN addi I put 15 minas of tin for the offerings for Aššur in PN's package VAT 13458:41, cited J. Lewy, MVAG 35/3 104 note a; adi erāb kaspim annakam šu-uq-lam zakū[tam] leqe'ama before the silver arrives, acquire a package of tin clear of

tax claims VAT 9220:13, cf. AN.NA šuuq-lam zakū[tam] šāmama ibid. 17, cited Hecker, OLZ 1970 357f.; annukum 13 GÍN. TA  $u \, \delta u - uq - l u m \, z a k \bar{u} t u m \, la \delta \delta u$  there is no tin available, neither the cheap kind (lit. at the rate of 13:1) nor (in) a package clear of claims TCL 14 7:9, cf. CCT 5 23a:21; 1 šu-qú-lam ša annikim ša ina bītini PN iptur PN opened a package of tin which was in our house CCT 1 1b:1; 1 šu-uqlu-um ina harrānim paţrat one package broke open en route TCL 4 96:6; išti PN etallūtam ēpušma šu-ug-li ipturma annikī ilge (see etellütu mng. 2) TCL 14 3:8; šuuq-lá-an la ippattea the two š.-packages must not be opened HUCA 39 8 L29-556:22; miššu ša ašammeuma šu-[uq]-li ina GN ipaṭṭurunima u atta taštapû how is it that I learn that they open my package in GN and you have kept quiet? CCT 4 20b:7; [šu]-ug-lam patāram ētawwu they are discussing breaking open the package ICK 1 95:12, ef. ibid. 14 and 17; 12 ma.na nishāt 6 šu-uq-lá-tí-ka niddin we paid twelve minas as nisihtu-taxes on your six packages BIN 6 79:28; 8 MA.NA nishātum ša ekallim  $11\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA  $mutar{a}$  šu-uq-la-ti- $k\grave{a}$  uannak qātika (see muţû usage a) BIN 4 29:13, cf. BIN 6 79:31; I paid one-half mina of silver as the equivalent of 4 MA.NA annikim nishāt 2 šu-uq-lá-tí-šu 38a: 10, cf. BIN 6 255: 4; [i] na libbi [š] u-uqli-im ša ina ekallim [ur]-du-«x»-ni x an= nakam [an]a nishāt [e]mārīni [ana] kārim [addin] I paid to the kārum, for nisihtutaxes on our caravan, x tin from the package which was released by the palace Jankowska KTK 13:2; *šu-qú-lu-um ištu ekal=* lim ittardam TCL 19 81:19; ina 6 šu-uqlá-tim kunukki ša Ālim ša PN ublanni nis: niqšu TCL 192:3, cf. BIN 4 173:37, see sanāqu mngs. 4a and 10a; 2 šu-uq-li-in liddiakkum= ma ištêt usuq (see nasāqu mng. 1a-3') TCL 4 8:12; appūh šitta šu-ug-le-en ištêta: ma ukallimka instead of two packages I showed you only one TCL 20 92:19, cf. 2 šu-uq- $l\acute{a}$ -an CCT 5 28c:3, but 2-ta šuuq-lá-tim ICK 1 124:14; jattum šu-uq-li

šuqlu B šuqultu

šaḥhuḥat (see šaḥāḥu mng. 4) TuM 1 19b:18 and dupl. 20a:19; x annakam ina šuuq-li-kà PN ilqēma HUCA 39 14 L29-560:6; šu-qú-lam 1 u 2 lu nutīr we have converted a š. or two (of tin) (into aši'ummetal) BIN 4 45:14.

- 2' for copper: 12 tamalakkī ša tuppī kaspam kunukki hurāṣam kunukki 2 šu-uq-lá-tim ša weri'im kaspam u hurāṣam u weriam...ipqidunikkum they deposited with you twelve containers of tablets, silver under seal, gold under seal, two š.-packages of copper, (as well as loose) silver and gold and copper Arkeologya Dergisi 4 7 No. 1:9, see Matouš, ArOr 37 169.
- b) in OB: x urudu šu-uq-lu-um x urudu hussurum x husû x copper in package(?) form, x copper in broken form, (and) x copper in scraps(?) Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 195:10, cf. (in similar enumerations) ibid. 193:2 and 9, 194:4, 196:3 and 8;  $1\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA 5 GÍN.TA URUDU NI.TUK.KI 11 GÍN.TA AN. NA šu-uq-lu[m] IM 52834:10 (let., courtesy Kh. al-Adhami); šu-uq-la-tim ša ub-lam anāku epte I opened the packages which he brought RA 72 132 No. 21:15 (let.).

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 14 ff., 30 ff.

šuqlu B (šuqulu) s.; 1. marsh(?), 2. (a marsh plant?); SB.

pu-ú LAGAB $\times$ U = &uq(var. &u-uq)-lu Ea I 51 c, also A I/2:154.

e.ne.èm ^dGu.la.ka gi.èn.bar pú.ba mi. ni.íb.gúr: ippāra ina šuq-li-šú ušmīt the word of Gula destroyed the reed thicket in its marsh(?) BA 5 617 No. 1:7f.; umun.e e.ne.èm.mà.ni gi.èn.bar pú.ba.àm mi.ni.íb.gúr.[gúr]: ša bēlu amassu appāra ina šuq(var. šu-uq)-li-šú ušmāt SBH 21 No. 10:24f., var. from SBH 1 No. 1:23f.; [e.n]e.èm.mà.zu gi.èn.bar LAGAB×A.ba mi. ni.íb.kár.kár: [a]matka appāri ina šu-qu-li-šú ušmāt BRM 4 11:15f.; gi.èn.bar pú.bi.ta ba. da.an.ša.ra: appāri ina šuq-li-šú ubbil (see appāru lex. section) SBH 73 No. 41:3f.

1. marsh(?): see lex. section; ezib ša še-im ina ṣītišu mūnu [ākilu] mubattiru ina šuq-li-šú la ulappatuši overlook the fact that the caterpillar, the ākilu-pest,

(and) the *mubattiru*-pest not(?) infest in its §. the barley when it is growing 79-7-8,84 ii 6 (tamītu), see Lambert, JSS 24 273.

2. (a marsh plant?): Ú A.AB.BA: Ú tam-tu, Ú šu-uq-lu: Ú ša libbi UZU.MEŠ Uruanna II 539 f.; Ú šu-uq-lu: Ú (var. Ú Ì.UDU) ša libbi kanakti ibid. 542.

šuqru see šukru.

- šūqu A s.; 1. height, 2. (as astron. technical term) maximum (i.e., extreme positive) latitude; SB, NB; wr. syll. and NIM; cf. šaqû A v.
- 1. height: ša ina šu-qu šamāmu etelliš izzaz (Nergal) who stands in lordly fashion in the height of heaven BiOr 6 166:2.
- 2. (as astron. technical term) maximum (i.e., extreme positive) latitude: §u-qa u §up-lu §a Sin teštene'i you investigate the positive and negative latitudes of the moon LBAT 1600 r. 9, cf. NIM u BÙR §a Sin (for context see §uplu mng. 2) JCS 21201:11, cf. also ultu NIM ana BÙR ibid. 15, for other refs. see Neugebauer ACT p. 485b; if Jupiter NIM DIB stands in positive latitude Hunger Uruk 94:10, also 13, cf. (planets and stars) §a NIM u SIG ibid. 3; (the moon) NIM DIB-at JCS 21 201:5.

## šūqu B s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

[ku-šu-um] [LUL] =  $\delta u(\text{text } su) - u - qum$  Ea VII iv 36'.

 $\delta u - \hat{u} - qu = h \hat{e} - g \hat{a} l - lum$  abundance An VIII 3.

For Sum. ku š u m see  $\hat{saqu}$  A. See also  $\hat{suqatu}$ . The two lexical references cited may not belong to the same word.

šugullālu s.; (an ornament); RS.*

4 tāpal šu-qúl-la-li.MEŠ KÙ.GI (among items belonging to the queen) MRS 6 182 RS 16.146+: 2.

šuqultu s.; 1. weight, 2. stone weight; from OA, OB on; wr. syll. and KI.LÁ(.BI)

šuqultu šuqultu

(note KI.LÁ.BI-šú-nu Cyr. 161:34 and 37, and passim in Qatna); cf. šaqālu.

ki.lá = \$u-qul-tu, ki.lá.bi = \$u-qul-ta-\$ú, ki.lá.bi.ne.ne = \$u-qul-ta-\$ú-nu Hh. I 45 ff.; na₄. ki.lá = NA₄ \$u-qu-ul-ti Hh. XVI RS Recension 340; [ki].lá = \$u-[q]u-ul-tum Kagal C 8; ki.lá = MIN (= \$a-na-qu) \$á \$u-qul-ti Nabnitu N 101; níg.lá[\$u-qu]-ul-tum Nigga 23.

urudu ki.lá.a.ni i[n.sum] : erâ mala KI.Lá-šu iddin Ai. III iv 2.

1. weight -a) in gen.: 1 NA₄  $u\delta \hat{u}m$ šapiltum KI.LÁ NU TUK one diorite anvil stone, the weight not given YOS 8 107:2 (OB): abnam elaēma šu-qú-ul-ta-ša ul idi I took a stone, but I do not know its weight TCL 18 154:19 (OB math.); namkūr ekallišu ma'du ša ki.lá-šu la sabtat numerous treasures of his palace, of which the weight cannot be determined 3R 8 ii 75 (Shalm. III), cf. annanna KI.LA of suchand-such weight (see ahāzu mng. 8a-1') Streck Asb. 290:21, and see şabātu mng. 8 ēpuš zibānīta ša šu-qul(var. (*šugultu*); -qúl)-ti šārtī u sissiktī ana šu-qul-ti ašqul (see šagālu mng. 2d-3') Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 58:32; riksam . . . nisniqšuma x šu $q\hat{u}-ul-t\hat{u}-\delta u$  we checked the parcel, its weight was four minas  $21\frac{1}{2}$  shekels ICK 1 149:6; they take to you 3 ilātum 5 GÚ weriam masiam šu-qul-ta-ší-na (see  $mes\hat{u}$  adj. mng. 2a) CCT 2 40a:5; 23  $mašk\bar{u}$  $wa-di-\dot{u}-tum \times \dot{s}u-q\dot{u}-ul-ta-\dot{a}\dot{s}-nu \ 23 \ldots$ hides weighing one and one-half talents TCL 14 62:4 (all OA); 10 [GUN] abāram KI.LÁ- $\check{s}u$  20  $kubd\bar{i}$  30 ma.na.àm  $\check{s}a$   $\frac{1}{3}$  ma. NA kaspim ten talents of lead, the weight of twenty lumps of thirty minas each, worth one third of a mina of silver ARMT 13 3:10, also ibid. 6; 156 shekels of silver ina na4.hi.a níg.šu lugal ki.lá.bi 4 hul= lātim (etc., for context see simittu mng. 6) ARM 8 89:3; x gold ina NA₄.HI.A ša bīt têrtim KI.LÁ.BI 10 ihzī . . . ana şarāpim (weighed) by the stone weights used by the bīt têrti (is) the weight of ten mountings to be refined ARM 9 189:3; annutti gabbu hurāşu ki.lá.bi x hurāşu ki.lá.bi ša kaspi x kaspu all these (pieces of gold-

plated wood furniture), the weight of the gold is x gold, the weight of the silver is x silver EA 5:26f. (let. from Egypt), cf. x GÍN ina KI.LÁ.BI EA 22 i 45 ff. and passim; I am delivering the stones to you under my šu-qú-ul-ta-šu-nu kù.BABBAR idin pay the silver (I ask you to advance) (corresponding to) their weight MRS 6 20 RS 15.63:24; aššum NA₄ mekku . . . attadin ana šarri bēlija 1 meat KI.LA (see mekku usage a) EA 148:8 (let. from Tyre); hīta KI.LA šutra weigh (the ivory and ebony), write down the weight (and send them in a container under your seal) KAV 99:28, cf. KAV 205: 10 (both MA); 1-ni-a-tu šuršurrātu siparri . . . ša x ki.lá ina libbi šatruni ihtītu one set of bronze chains, on which a weight of x is written, they have weighed it KAJ 124a: 6 (MA); note the unusual constructions: 2 URUDU šabartu ša URUDU 54 MA.NA.TA.ÀM ana KI.LÁ two copper ingots weighing 54 minas each (one for nails and tools, the other for metal overlay) KAJ 178:1;  $3 gurr\bar{u} ša$  an.na babbar 3 gun 12MA.NA ana KI.LÁ (see gurru s.) KAJ 274:1, ef. KAJ 130:8, 5 [MA.NA] ana šu-qu-ul-tu Iraq 30 185 ND 3029:3 (all MA); 1 PISAN URUDU 8 MA.NA a-na  $\S u$ - $q\acute{u}$ -ul-ti RA 23 142No. 2:18; 1 subātu 4 kudukti ša šu-qú-ul-ti JEN 311:2, also Lacheman AV 381 No. 2:13f., X ina šu- $q\acute{u}$ -ul-ti TCL 9 29:9, ina šu- $q\acute{u}$ ul(!)-ti- $\delta u$ -nu JEN 314:3, ina KI.LÁ HSS 13 246:1 (all Nuzi); 9 ZA.GÌN  $m\bar{i}nu$   $2\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN ZA.GÌN KI.LÁ nine lapis stones by count. two and one-half shekels by weight PBS 2/2 105:14, also ibid. 10 (MB);  $1 [\ldots] qarn i \ldots$ ša 2 gun hurāşu sagīru ina šu-qu-ul-ti šapku (see sakru usage a) TCL 3 372 (Sar.); obscure: x kaspu ana dullu ina pani PN nappāhi ina ki.lá šá ur [x] ud.ka.bar AnOr 8 35:30 (NB).

b) describing manufactured objects by weight — 1' objects of metal, stone, etc.:  $4 p\bar{a}\tilde{s}\tilde{\imath} \, 1 \, nakkupum\,\tilde{s}u$ - $q\acute{u}$ -ul-ta- $\acute{a}\tilde{s}$ - $nu\, 2 \, \text{MA}$ . NA four axes and one nakkapu-tool, the two weighing two minas BIN 4 198:2, but  $10 \, \text{MA.NA} \, \tilde{s}u$ - $q\acute{u}$ -ul- $t\acute{a}m \, mazlig\bar{\imath} \ldots iddin$ 

šuqultu šuqultu

... x  $p\bar{a}$ š $\bar{u}$  x  $nakku[p\bar{u}]$  6 ma.na [šu]qúl-tám OIP 27 62:33 and 39, see Ichisar Imdilum 387; kirissum ša tamlîm x gín šuqú-ul-ta-ša (see kirissu usage a) TuM 1 16f r. 3; šawirī ša gātija šu-gúl-ta-áš-nu 1 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR my bracelets weighing one mina in silver Matouš, Kraus AV 270:6: 7  $su\bar{a}tum \ \check{s}u-q\acute{u}-ul-ta-\acute{a}\check{s}-na \ 9 \ G\acute{U}$ 50 ma.na (see sû A usage a) KTS 7a:14 (all OA); 9 HARA4 KÙ.BABBAR Ša KI.LÁ. BI  $\frac{1}{3}$  GÍN.TA.ÀM KÙ.BI 3 GÍN nine silver harû-ornaments(?), each weighing one third of a shekel, their (total) silver value three shekels TCL 10 100:14 (OB); uncert.: 50(?) [MA.N]A  $\delta u - gu - ul - t[u]$  YOS 2 37:13 (OB let.); GÚ ŠÀ 5 kussū hurāşu 2 gullā: tum hurāşu 15 gín igi.4.gál ki.lá.bi a necklace with five kussu-ornaments of gold and two gullatu-ornaments of gold, weighing  $15\frac{1}{4}$  shekels RA 43 138 i 9, wr. KI.LÁ.BI-Šu-nu ibid. 8, and passim in Qatna invs., see Bottéro, RA 43 23; 2 simitti šahu= maš siparri talpittu 2½ MA.NA KI.LÁ.BI two pairs of ....-s overlaid with bronze, weighing two and one-half minas PBS 2/2 49:3, cf. (a gold ring) 6 GIN KI.LA ibid. 85:3 and 5, and passim in MB; 6 birītu ina semerīši[na] x ki.lá.bi 6 amīlū . . . na:  $d\hat{u}ma$  (see semeru mng. 3) PBS 2/2 126:2; various bronze objects naphar x ki.lá. BI (with a) total weight of x ibid. 110:5 (both MB); 1 katinni ša siparri ša 1 MA. NA  $\delta u$ - $q\acute{u}$ -ul-ta- $\delta u$  (see katinnu) AASOR 16 97:2, cf. 4 semer šēpi ša kaspi . . . x  $šu-q\acute{u}-ul-ta-\check{s}u-nu$  HSS 13 61:3,  $i\check{s}t\bar{e}nuttu$ URUDU šeršerratu x šu-qú-ul-ta-šu ša URUDU ša ekalli HSS 13 54:4 (all Nuzi); [...] KI.LÁ-Ši-na 148 GÍN KUB 3 39 r. 12, cf. ibid. r. 8, also (in broken context) ibid. 49:8; 1 şalam RN . . . x urudu. HI. A KI. LÁ one statue of Argišti (made of) sixty talents weight of copper TCL 3 402 (Sar.); 2 kam: kammāt kaspi hurāşi ša 1 GÍN. AM KI.LÁ. BI tašakkan you put two small rings, (one of) silver (and one of) gold, which weigh one third of a shekel each AnBi 12 286:95 (SB lit.); [...] [2] GÍN KI.LÁ.BI telegqēma ina askuppi bābi kamî [tetemmir] you take [...] weighing two shekels and bury it at the threshold of the outer gate Or. NS 40 136:4 (namburbi); I want to place on the breast of Enkidu ištêt šibirti hurāsi ISAHAR KUR(?)- $\delta u$ 1 30 MA.NA lu KI.[LÁ]. BI one lump of gold, mountain ore, let its weight be thirty minas STT 41:23 (let. of Gilgāmeš); dumāgī annûte . . . x ki.lá-šú-nu the weight of these pieces of (gold) jewelry (given by Sennacherib to Esarhaddon) is  $92\frac{1}{2}$  shekels ADD 620 r. 1 (= ABL 1452), cf. ADD 645:7 and r. 5; naphar 5 AN. (BAR) hālilī kitāta 9 ma.na an.bar šu-qul-ta-šúnu in all five iron hālilu-tools from the crucible(?), whose (total) weight is nine minas of iron VAS 6 205:19, also ibid. 12 (NB);  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA 2 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ŠÁM 2 mušah:  $hin\bar{a}nu$  ud.ka.bar ša  $7\frac{1}{2}$  ma.na šu-qul-tašú-nu 22 shekels of silver, the price of two bronze cooking pots whose weight is seven and one-half minas Camb. 331:4; ištêt lišānu hurāși 1 ma.na ki.lá-šú one gold blade weighing one mina (given to Šamaš) Nbn. 331:2; 2 timmē sīrūti pitig zahalî ebbi  $\delta a$  2500 gun ki.lá- $\delta u$ -nutwo tall obelisks, cast out of shining zahalû alloy, the weight of which was 2,500 talents Streck Asb. 16 ii 42; [PAP] anniu dullu epšu 5 GUN.TA.AN 12 MA.NA LÁ kaspu KI.LÁšú-nu all this is finished work, their (the statues' and ornaments') weight is five talents less twelve minas of silver 1194:17 (NA, coll. K. Deller); note wr. syll.: (silver)  $\delta u$ -qul-ta- $\delta u$ -nu CT 22 180:11 (NB

2' textiles: 2 šuššī nahlapātum mīsi nārim Ki.lá.Bi x Ma.na 120 cloaks, washed in the river, weighing  $287\frac{1}{2}$  minas Birot Tablettes 23:3 (OB); hirišnāna u ša emūz qi[m] x šu-qú-ul-ta-áš-nu Kienast ATHE 64:22 (OA); 1 subātu eššu x šu-qú-ul-ta-šu HSS 5 82:11, cf. HSS 9 103:13, HSS 15 308:5; (various articles of clothing belonging to Šamaš) x Ma.na Ki.lá BBSt. p. 127:6 and passim in this text (Nabopolassar), also x Ki. Lá-šú-nu ibid. 4; x Ki.lá Túg.hi.a ša Šamaš x weight, the clothing of Šamaš

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(including wool and garments, delivered by the weaver) VAS 6 71:4, cf. ibid. 5 ff., Nbn. 1015:4 ff., 320:3 ff., and passim in NB.

c) referring to the weight of the material used for all or part of an object: X KÙ.GI ina NA4.HI.A NÍG.ŠU LUGAL KI. LÁ.BI 2 inşabātim ša šarrim x gold, (determined) by the weights used for royal goods, is the weight of two earrings for the king ARM 18 40:3, also ARM 7 145:2;  $\frac{1}{2}$ MA.NA 12 GÍN KI.LÁ 4 hiduhhi mašīri u 1 hiduhhi ša GIŠ.GIGIR BE 14 123a:10, also ibid. 6 and 8 (MB); kakkussāni annûti . . . 7šú-nu x κừ.GI KI.LÁ-šú-nu these kak: kussu-ornaments, the seven of them weigh x gold ABL 438:10 (NA); (x bronze) ina libbi 3½ MA.NA KI.LÁ 3 tarikāta gammar of which three and one-half minas' weight has been used for three . . . . -s Nbn. 223:5, cf. x parzillu dullu gammar KI.LÁ 1-et unqu ša dalti 17 sirpū ša gizzi Nbn. 960:2; x KÙ.BABBAR KI.LÁ raqqātu ... dullu gamri Nbn. 159:2; X KÙ.BABBAR KI.LÁ ungu 51 shekels of silver, the weight of (an old) ring (given to a smith for making a new ring) Dar. 11:2; x KI.LÁ šēnu x weight (for) shoes (for the divine image, among silver given to smiths) Nbn. 673:4; (x silver and gold) KI.LÁ 2 kušrī ana epēšu ša  $nignaqq\bar{u}$  the weight of two ingots for making censers Nbn. 121:3, cf. Nbn. 10:1ff., 119:9; 35 MA.NA dullu gamru KI.LÁ TÚG. HI.A (purple wool, including) 35 minas' weight of finished garments VAS 6 28:8; PAP x gammar ki.lá ana ša abulli ina hāṭu ša ina pan PN PN2 u PN3 nappāḥū ittan= nu the smiths PN2 and PN3 have delivered a total of x minas, the full weight (of bronze) for (naşbaru's for) the city gate, from the weighed stock (of metal) which is under PN's supervision Nbn. 545:4, cf. x Gín [...] gam(!)-ri KI.LÁ ešr $\hat{u}$  . . . ina(!)  $h\bar{a}tu$  ša inapanīšu Nbn. 118:2; x parzillu šu-qul-tum (for iron implements) CT 55 233:2, also (bronze) Nbn. 1052:2 and 3, and passim in NB.

d) (NB only) referring to the weight of the silver equivalent to the object's value: X KÙ.BABBAR KI.LÁ X iṣṣū ša ana dGIGIR nadnu 29¾ shekels of silver, the value(?) of two thousand pieces of wood, given for the divine chariot Nbn. 337:1; x zēru eqlu mērešu u taptū kī 1 (BÁN) zēri ana 1 šiqil kaspi x KÙ.BABBAR KI.LÁ-šū for x arable land, both cultivated field and land to be developed, at the rate of one seah of land for one shekel of silver, x silver is its weight (in silver, i.e., the full price) 5R 67 No. 1:19, also ibid. 16, Wr. KI.LÁ.BI Nbn. 116:23 and 25, and passim in NB real estate sales; x silver KI.LÁ.BI bīti šuāti the value of that house VAS 5 91:7.

2. stone weight: 1 MA.NA GI.NA NfG. GA PN GABA.RI KI.LÁ ša RN... ana GABA. RI KI.LÁ RN₂ šarri maḥri ukinni (this weight of) one true mina, property of PN, is a copy of the weight which Nebuchadnezzar established following the weight(-standard) of Šulgi, an earlier king RA 26 116 (= Lehmann-Haupt, Actes du 8° Congrès International 179):3 and 8 (inser. on a stone weight); [111 kakkuru GIŠ.KU.HI.A ina NA4 KI.LÁ.BI eleven talents of taskarinnu wood, weighed by (the standard) weight Wiseman Alalakh 442b:2 (MB).

šuqulu see šuqlu.

šugummatu see šagummatu.

šūquriš adv.; (mng. unkn.); SB*; cf. aqāru v.

*Summa ... padānu šu-qu-riš šakin āl birtija nakru ileqqe if the "path" is ...., the enemy will take a fortress of mine von Weiher Uruk 46:8, dupl. CT 20 25 K.9667:14 (ext.).

šūquru (fem. šūqurtu) adj.; prized, precious, valuable, costly, splendid; OB, Mari, SB; cf. aqāru.

gú.gíd =  $\delta u$ -qu-rum Izi F 116; kal.kal =  $\delta u$ -qu-ru EME.SUḤ, KASKAL  $^{\text{bu-MIN}}$ KASKAL = MIN EME. TE.NÁ,  $^{\text{pe-e8}}$ peš,  $^{\text{RI}}$ ta-al $^{\text{RI}}$  = MIN EME.SUKUD, nigìn  $^{\text{ni}}$ .galam.ma, mul = MIN EME.SI.SÁ ZA 9 161:31 ff. (group voc.).

šūquru šūquru

šu.um.du.um kal.kal.la.bi inim.dib.ba. mu mu.un.zu.a : šaptān šu-qu-ra-a-tuš mudû pi= rištija (my faithful sukkallu) whose counsel (lit. lips) is esteemed, who is privy to my secrets TCL 6 51:41f., see RA 11 145:21; me.kal.kal.šu. luh.ha.e.ne PA.AN.bi sun.ga.e.ne ki.bi.šè hé.en.gi4.gi4: parṣīšunu šu-qu-ru-tu pilludūšunu nussuqūtu ana ašrišunu lu utīr (see nussuqu adj.) 5R 62 No. 2:51 (Šamaš-šum-ukīn, coll. G. Frame); ama.da.da kal.la.me.en [...] ama.da. dingir.da kal.la.me.en : ina ilāti šu-qú-ra-t[i . .] ina ilāti šaqāti you are most revered among the goddesses, you are most exalted among the goddesses BA 5 707 No. 61:9ff., cf. [...] kal: [...] aqrat u šuq-qu-rat KAR 100 i 2f.; á.ág. gá kal.k[al].zu x dìm.fmel.er sagl nu.un. gá.gá: ša têrētika šu-qu-ra-tim ilu mamman ul i'dr you (Ištar) whose august pronouncements no god may oppose TCL 15 16:18; PA.AN \$u-q\u00ed-ru-\u00ed-t\u00fc[m] (gloss to nì.kal.kal.la.kam) Çiğ-Kizilyay-Kramer ISET 1 126 Ni. 1180:50, see Wilcke Kollationen 22; (Babylon) uru me.bi kal.la.ki = ālu ša parşūšu šu-qu-ru Iraq 5 56:10 (Topography of Babylon) and dupls. (courtesy A. R. George).

a) said of materials, objects: mimma šuqú-ra-am ša şibûtika šupramma lušābilak: kum write to me about anything of value that you need and I will send it to you PBS 1/2 4:21, see Stol, AbB 11 153; mimma šumšu šu-qú-ru šundulu . . . unakkim (see šuddulu usage b) VAB 4 136 viii 12, also ibid. 86 i 26, 112 i 28, 116 ii 19, 124 ii 32; erēnē . . . ša dumuqšunu šu-qu-ru šūturu  $b\bar{u}n\bar{a}$ šunu asmu (see  $b\bar{u}$ nu A mng. 2b) ibid. 174 ix 40 (all Nbk.); salam gišnugalli ebbi namri šu-qu-ri a statue made of pure, bright, precious alabaster Iraq 24 94:37 (Shalm. III); gišnugallu ša . . . ana karri namşari šu-qu-ru alabaster that (once) was too precious even for the pommel of a sword OIP 2 107 vi 55 (Senn.);  $igis \hat{e} \check{s}u$ -quru-ti attanabbalšunūši I brought valuable gifts to them (the temples) VAB 4 262 i 22 (Nbn.); ana kaspika šu-qu-ri lalūa illik I coveted your precious silver JNES 33 282:142 (SB rel.); note in specific ref. to (semi)precious stones: I ornamented the temples ina hurāşi kaspi abnē nisiqti šuqú-ru-ú-tim . . . mimma šumšu hišihtu šuqú-ur-tim with gold, silver, precious gems, every precious material necessary VAB 4

182 iii 35 f., cf. ibid. 152 iii 28, 168 vii 12, YOS 1 44 i 16 (all Nbk.), VAB 4 220 ii 1, 226 ii 62, 294 iii 27 (all Nbn.); nisiqti abnē šu-qu-ru-ù-tim CT 37 6 i 25, also VAB 4 86 i 24, 124 ii 30 (all Nbk.); nisiqti abnē šadê šu-qu-ru-\ti> uza\in\ti I decorated it with precious gems from the mountains AfO 25 39:37 (prayer of Asn. I); aban šadê šu-qu-ru (among booty) KAH 2 84:58 and 69 (Adn. II), also AKA 284 i 86, 352 iii 21  $NA_4.\langle ME\S \rangle \quad \check{s}u-qu-ru-ti \quad [riqq\bar{u}]$ (Asn.); šamnu tābu precious stones, aromatics, fine oil AnSt 8 52 iii 14 (Nbn.); kunukki ašpû *šu-qu-ru aban šarrūtu* (see *jašpû* usage b) VAB 4 286 x 33 (Nbn.); [N]A₄.d_LAMA (i.e., [N]A₄.AN.KAL) šu-qu-ru NA₄ la-mas-si CT 51 89 i 21 (list of amulet stones); NA₄.ŠE+TIR  $\dots$  ša  $\dots$  mala kišādi šu-qu-ru (var. aq-ru) (see  $ki\check{s}\bar{a}du$  mng. 2b) OIP 2 127 d 5 (Senn.).

said of personal and divine atb) tributes, actions: awâtija šu-qú-ra-tim lišmēma let him heed my esteemed pronouncements CH xli 13; awâtija šu-qu-ratim ina narûja ašturma CH xl 74; lipit gātija šu-gú-ru-um hadîš naplisma (O Marduk) look with favor on my splendid handiwork VAB 4 216 ii 31 (Ner.), also 102 iii 1, 198 No. 32:5, YOS 1 44 ii 19, CT 37 19 ii 46 (all Nbk.), VAB 4 258 ii 21 (Nbn.); kala epšētija šu-qu-ra-a-tim . . . ina narî ašţurma (see epištu mng. 4a-4') VAB 474 ii 44, also ibid. 110 ii 78, 184 iii 57, CT 37 18 f. ii 23 and 43 (all Nbk.); epšētija šu-qu-ra-a-ti libbakunu lihdūma may you (Šamaš and Anunītu) rejoice over my splendid undertakings CT 34 36 iii 59 (Nbn.); ina anni šu-qu-ri ša Samaš qurādi (see annu mng. 2a) TCL 3 319 qerbuššun šu-qú-ru emū<qū>ki (see  $em\bar{u}qu$  mng. 1c-2') VAS 10 215:28 (OB lit.): ina šiprika šu-qu-ru lillikka rēsūtu at your (Šamaš') revered command may he (Bunene) come to my aid VAB 4 232 ii 19 and 260 ii 38 (Nbn.); šu-qur zikiršina ana ištarāti their commands are most esteemed by the goddesses OECT 6 pl. 11 K.1290:4, see von Soden, AfO 25 45, cf. zikir pīka šu-qu-ra K.8663:20, cited AHw. 1282b;  $[\ldots t]$   $\bar{e}mu$  asmu

šuquttu šurānu A

šaptān šu-qu-ra-a-tu fitting thought, estimable speech (lit. lips) BBSt. No. 35:10 (Merodachbaladan II), cf. lu šu-qu-ra šapztāka Lambert BWL 100:27; aššaru tēnga šu-qu-ru [...] your expert mind, [your] revered [...] Lambert BWL 80:167 (Theodicy); [ib]rī damqat šunat[ka...š]uttum šu-qu-rat my friend, your dream is excellent, the dream is of great value Gilg. V ii 39, cf. Gilg. I vi 6, VII 20a, see Landsberger, RA 62 116 ff.

- c) said of persons: pir'i URU.BAL. TIL šu-qu-ru august scion of Assur Levine Stelae 16:23 (Tigl. III), also Borger Esarh. 32 § 20:17, 74:29, JCS 17 130:14 (Esarh.); malku šu-qu-ru hišihti Enlil revered ruler, favorite of Enlil KAR 334 r. 6 (hymn of Asn. to Ištar); note as personal name: Šu-qú-[r]a-tum ARMT 13 1 v 78; Šu-GU-ur-tu-um UET 5 429:3 (OB).
- d) said of rites of gods: [kidud]ēšu šu-qu-ru-t[i ana ašr]išunu utīrma I restored his splendid rituals Borger Esarh. 22 Ep. 27:25; parșēša šu-qu-ru-ti uk[īnma] ušallima mēsēša I confirmed her precious rites, I carried out her rituals properly Thompson Esarh, pl. 15 ii 23 (Asb.); ana . . . šurruhu mēsēša šu-qu-ru-ti (see  $m\bar{e}s\bar{u}$ usage b) ibid. ii 15, cf. Streck Asb. 150 x 54; hāmimat parṣē Anim šu-qu-ru-ti Ninlil who gathers to herself the august offices of Anu AAA 20 80 (pl. 90):6 (Asb.); pilludê  $\delta u$ -gu-ru-[ti] (in broken context) TIM 9 77 r. 5 (OB lit.).
- e) other occs.: obscure: šumma amēlu ana sinništi šu-qú-ur u ginā KU È-šú CT 39 44:12 (SB Alu); [šumma...] šu-qu-ru šakin KAR 464:2 (SB ext.), cf. von Weiher Uruk 46:8, cited šūquriš.

šuquttu see šukuttu B.

šurampašhu s.; (a compensation); Nuzi*; Hurr. word.

10 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR.MEŠ *šu-ra-am-ba-aš-hi-šu ašar* Lú *mutija ileqqe* (my brother

will give me in marriage and) he will take ten shekels of silver, his &., from my (future) husband AASOR 16 54:16.

Wilhelm Untersuchungen 65 n. 2.

# šurāmu s.; (a container); OB, Mari.*

10 šu-ra-me-e işappu (or ihappu) he will soak ten š.-s (of ground groats) Riftin 38:7; 4 šu-ra-mu ša 2 GUR.AM four š.-s of two gur capacity each (among namharu vats and namzītu vats) ARMT 12 743:13′, cf. ibid. 24′.

šurāniš adv.; like a cat; SB; cf.  $\delta u = r \bar{a} n u$  A.

DIS  $\S u$ -ra-ni $\S$  D[U(?)...] if (a man's nostrils) [...] like a cat('s) Kraus Texte 13:22, dupl. ibid. 14:5.

šurānu A s.; cat; OAkk., OB, SB, NB; wr. syll. and sA.A; cf. šurāniš.

sa.a =  $\delta u$ -ra-a-nu (var. sa.a  sa  =  $\delta u$ -ra-nu) Hh. XIV 108; sa-a sa =  $\delta u$ -ra-nu Idu II 150; sa.a =  $[\delta u$ -r]a-nu Practical Vocabulary Assur 376; kuš. sa.a = ma- $\delta ak$   $\delta u$ -ra-[nu] Hh. XI 48.

gul.lum me.luh.ha*i: šu-ra-an Meluh[ha] (for context see marga A) Lambert BWL 272:7 (OB proverb, coll. M. Civil).

SA.A / šu-ra-nu von Weiher Uruk 36:21 (Alu comm.).

- a) among wild animals: ana rimmatija igruru nimrū middinū lābū šu-ra-a-nu (see mindinu usage a) Lambert BWL 192:23 (Fable of the Fox); [i-ha]b-bi-il šu-ra-a-nu hurrašu ku-[...] ibid. 196 VAT 10349:15; š[u]-ra-nu CT 22 48:8 (šar tamhāri), see Weidner, BoSt 6 86; šu-ra-ni at-mi [...] pi-'a-zi [ú]-[...] K.9266 r. 2, cited W. G. Lambert, Or. NS 38 538.
- b) in comparisons: ēdiš ipparšidma kīma šu-ra-ni tehi dūrišu isbatma ēruba a[muḥ-ḥu]-uš-šu he fled alone, creeping like a cat along the wall he entered (the city) through its rampart Winckler Sar. pl. 34:132; šumma šēp šu-ra-ni šakin if he has cat feet Kraus Texte 24 r. 10, cf. šumma šapat SA.A šakin ibid. 12c iii 10'; šumma DU SA.A DU (see alaktu mng. 1) ibid. 22 iv

šurānu A šuratļu

16; IGI^{II}.MEŠ SA.A *šaknākama* you have cat eyes (or: face) LKA 35:15; *abnu šizkinšu kīma mašak* SA.A NA₄.UR *šumšu* the stone whose appearance is like the fur of a cat is named . . . .-stone STT 108:38 and dupl. Köcher BAM 378 iii 5 (series *abnu šikinšu*).

- c) in omens: šumma sa.a ina bīt amēli ibki if a cat weeps in a man's house CT 39 50 K.957 r. 1, cf. (with SA.A peşû, şalmu,  $s\bar{a}mu$ ) ibid. 3-5, šumma SA.A GAL ina  $b\bar{i}t$ amēli ibakki CT 40 41 K.4038 r. 8; šumma SA.A ina bīt ili innamir ibid. r. 4, cf. ibid. 5 ff., also (with pesû, salmu, sāmu, burrumu, arqu) CT 39 48:6 ff., and passim in this tablet of Alu, cf. lumun sa.a ša ina bīt amēli innamru evil (portended by) a cat seen in a man's house AnBi 12 285:70 (prayer to the gods of the night); [šumma] sēru ina bīt ili sa.a īkulšu if a cat eats a snake in a temple STT 322 iii 21, dupl. Hunger Uruk 75: 12 (Alu), cf. (with idūkšu) ibid. 10, (uharrissu) ibid. 11, (with the opposite) KAR 384:21f., also cited von Weiher Uruk 36:20, for comm. see lex. section; šumma ina bīt marşi lu sa.a lu [...] if in a sick man's house a cat or a [. . .] Labat TDP 10:37 f.; šumma sinništu SA.A ulid if a woman gives birth to a cat Leichty Izbu I 15; šumma sa.a pâšu iptēma ki amēli idabbub if a cat opens its mouth and talks with (or: like) a man JNES 33 199:12 (SB diviner's manual); šumma sa. A isbat if (in a dream) he catches a cat Dream-book 326 Tablet B Sm.801 r. iii x+11.
- d) other occs.: 10 Mušen.HI.A 2 šezleppů 1 šu-ra-nu-um PN [ap]-[qí-da] I provided PN with ten birds, two turtles, and one cat Scheil Sippar 62 r. 7 (= RA 15 136:17, OB); SA.A imdahhasuma imurma if he saw cats fighting (but pretended not to) LKA 20:15, cf. ibid. 14 and 16.
- e) as personal name:  $\tilde{S}u$ -ra-nu BIN 1 48:25, 29, 36 (NB); for OAkk.  $\tilde{S}u$ -ra-nu-nu,  $\tilde{S}u$ -ra-nu-nu see Gelb, MAD 3 285.

In AMT 8,7:4 (= Köcher BAM 515 iii 13), AMT 23,10:6, Köcher BAM 216:39, etc., read *ina* ì.

UDU sa-a-ki tasak, see saku mng. 1c; in ACh Ištar 4:23 read  $sA_5$  sa-a-mu (coll.).

Landsberger Fauna 86.

šurānu B s.; (mng. unkn.); Mari.*

1 TÚG.SI.SÁ PN... inūma šu-ra-na-am ublam one...-garment for PN when he brought the §. ARMT 23 448:39.

**šurāšu** s.; (a type or quality of clothing); Nuzi*; Hurr.(?) word.

5 tāpalu ša burki ša mardatu labī[rūtu] 11 tāpalu ša burki šu-ra-a-šu five sets of old loincloths of mardatu-fabric, eleven sets of š. loincloths HSS 13 431:39 (= RA 36 205), cf. x purāku bašlu ar-[...] [x p]u= rāku šu-ra-a-šu ar-[...] ibid. 63.

šurathu s.; (a tree); Nuzi, SB; Hurr. word.

giš. šu. rat. hu = šu Hh. III 247.

- a) the tree: GIS dulbu GIS šu-rat-hu balti ekalli[šu] plane trees and š.-trees, the pride of his (Ursâ's) palace (for context see qištu A usage e-2') TCL 3 206 (Sar.).
- b) a dye obtained from the tree or its nuts: for three pairs of hullanu-garments 6 gín kinahhu d[amqu nam]ru 3 gín tam= karhu dam-qu namru 3 gín šu-ra-at-[hu] damqu namru six shekels of good quality bright kinahhu-dye, three shekels of good quality bright tamkarhu-dye, three shekels of good quality bright s. (for dyeing) CT 51 12:12, cf. birmēšunu ša kusīti ša kinahhu ša tawarwe ša tamkarhu u ša šura-at-hu (see birmu A usage f) JEN 314:7, cf. (also for birmu trim) HSS 15 220:3, 221:7; 2 MA.NA 30 GÍN takiltu tabarru kinahha u šura-at-ha ana mardatu ša giš.ná.meš epēši HSS 15 220: 22, cf. ibid. 9, 15, 27, and 34; 5 GÍN šu-ra-at-hu (beside other dyes) HSS 13 34:1; 1 MA.NA 30 GÍN  $\delta u$ -ra-at-hi (beside tamkarhu, to be delivered by a merchant) JEN 108:13 (all Nuzi).

Compare [ $\S$  a  $\S$  (?)] = [...]-rum = (Hurr.)  $\S u$ -ra-at-hi = (Ugar.) qi-i-lu Ugaritica 5 137

šurāţu šurbû

ii 27 (Sa Voc.), see also W. Mayer, Lacheman AV 252.

šurāţu s.; strip of cloth; OB*; ef. šaz  $r\bar{a}tu$  v.

šu-ra-aṭ Tứg.DUGUD [annûm] ša PN lab= [šu] ša ina [pag] ar DN ḥamṣu (PN2 testified:) This strip of the heavy cloak which PN is wearing is that which was taken off DN's statue TCL 11 245:25, and note širiṭ Tứg.DUGUD (see širṭu) ibid. 9.

šurbu s.; cold; lex.*; cf. šarbu A.

še-eg A+AN = &ur-bu, &ur-bu Diri III 127 f.; [še-eg] [š $\dot{u}$ .Ku.KaK] = [&ur] $\ddot{v}$ pu, [&ur(or &ur)]-bu, [&ur]upp $\hat{u}$ , &ur] A 1/8:243 ff.

šurbû (fem. šurbūtu, šurbītu) adj.; great, supreme; OB, MB, SB; šurbītu CT 36 22:7; cf. rabû A v.

un.gal =  $\delta ur$ -bu-u Lu II iv 17".

bulùg.gá bulùg.gá.zu.dè: śur-bu-u ina śur-bu-ti-ka O supreme one (Nergal), in your exaltedness (you destroyed the gods) 4R 30 No. 1:20f., see Böllenrücher Nergal 44; umun bulùg.gá: bēlu šur-bu-ú BA 5 633 No. 6:30f.; gašan bulùg.gá: bēltu šur-bu-tu OECT 6 pl. 25 Rm. 2,151 r. 3 f.; la.bar bulùg.gá: ana sukkalli šur-bi-i StOr 1 32:1f. (Adad-apla-iddina); dasar.l[ú.h]i ki.bulùg.gá bulùg.gá: dMarduk šarhu š[ur]-bu-u STT 155:39f.; mu.zu kur.kur.ra bulùg.gá: sumka ina mātāti šur-bu-ú your name (Enki) is exalted in all the lands AfO 14 148:170f.

gu-ud(text -ul) gu(!) =  $\delta ur$ -bu-u // ra-bu-u // ga-pa- $\delta u$  // da-na-nu // ma-su-u // ra-bu-u von Weiher Uruk 54 : 43 (A V/4 Comm.).

a) referring to gods -1' in absolute use:  $\delta a$  ina  $il\bar{i}$  ahhē $\delta u$   $\delta ur$ -bu-u who is exalted among the gods his brothers En. el. VII 94, with comm. [PAP] =  $\delta u$ -ru-bu-u, [PA]P = ra-bu-u STC 2 pl. 54 r. ii 4f., cf.  $\delta a$  ina  $\delta u$ =

 $bat \, \check{s}arr\bar{u}ti \, \check{s}ur-bu-u(var. -\acute{u})$  En. el. VII 96;  $lu\ \check{s}ur(var.\ \check{s}u-ur)-ba-ta-ma$  En. el. I 155, II 41, III 45, 103;  $\check{s}\hat{\imath}ma\ \check{s}ur-bu-tum(var.\ -t[\acute{u}])$ kabtat ilātu she is exalted, the most honored among the goddesses Kraus AV 202 IV 25 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn); Ištarma sīrat Ištarma šarrat Ištarma šur-bat(var. -ba-ta) Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 132:91; luna'id šu*ur-bu-ta* VAS 10 214 i 1, wr. *šu-ur-bu-ú*ta ibid. 5, ef. RA 15 175 i 17 (both OB Agušaja), see Groneberg, RA 75 108 and 126; *šur-bu-ta* ana nišī azamm[ur] I will sing the praise of the great one (fem.) to all mankind (incipit of a song) KAR 158 vi 27; šurbu-tum mārat dAnu ummu dBau ... anākuma Or. NS 36 122: 109 (SB hymn to Gula); (Ištar) bukurti Ani šur-bu-ut ilī daughter of Anu, the greatest among the gods AKA 207 i 3 (Asn.); (Nanâ) šur-bu-ti ilī VAS 1 36 i 2 (NB kudurru); *šur-ba-ta-ma ina erṣeti* BMS 18: 6. dupl. KAR 347: 7:  $[\check{s}ur]$ -ba-ta-ma ina il $\bar{i}$ Craig ABRT 1 29:9, cf. šur-ba-ti ina ilī BMS 4:12; ina ilī šur-ba-ki you are supreme among the gods LKA 17 r. 14, cf. ibid. 19, see Ebeling, Or. NS 23 347; šur-bu-ú etel ilī mudû kalama BA 5 652 No. 16:1; ilī ellu *šur-bu-ú qā' išu balāṭi* my god, holy one, great one, who grants life KAR 39 r. 6 and dupls., see Lambert, JNES 33 280:109; šurbu-ú ṣīru gitmālu BMS 11:46, dupl. Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila No. 48:2'; for other refs. see Tallqvist Götterepitheta 172.

2' in apposition to a divine name or epithet:  $\S{u-ur-bu-tum}\,\mathrm{DN}\,$  annam  $\bar{\imath}pu\S$  the most exalted Mami agreed RA 46 90:41 (OB Epic of Zu); ana I\Star \Su-ur-bu-tim RA 22 57 i 1 (Nbn.); Nan\hat{a} I\Star \Su-\u00far-bi-tum CT 36 22 ii 7 (Nbn.); (the Lady of Nippur) b\overline{e}ltu\Sur-bu-tu JCS 17 129:2 (Esarh.); Gula b\overline{e}ltu\Sur-bu-tum MDP 2 pl. 23 vii 15; \Suma\Suma\Sur-b\overline{e}ltu\Sur-bu-\u00fau Hunger Uruk 6:21, see Or. NS 42 515 (namburbi catalog); Lugalbanda b\overline{e}lu\Sur-bu-\u00fau Limet Sceaux Cassites 7.10:2; ana Enlil b\overline{e}li\Sur-bi-i JCS 19 121:1 (NB copy of Simbar-\Sipak inscr.), cf. Borger Esarh. 120\S\ 102a 81-2-4,329:7, and passim, for additional refs. see Tallqvist G\u00fotterepitheta 172, and p. 65 (s.v. b\overline{e}ltu) and p. 55

šurbû šurdu

(s.v. bēlu); Adad u Gula ilāni šur-bu-ti Lambert, CRRA 19 436:12 (Sum. broken), cf. ina maḥar Nabû u Nanâ ilāni šur-bu-t[i] JAOS 88 127:23 (NB votive); ilāni šur-bu-tú Šurpu II 164.

- b) said of divine attributes: [... ina] ilī šur-bu-ú narbûka your greatness is exalted among the gods ZA 61 60:221 and 223 (hymn to Nabů); šur-ba-a-ta ilūssu BA 5 654 No. 16 r. 14, also PSBA 20 155:5, cf. ina kal ilī šur-ba-ta ilūtka Craig ABRT 1 31 r. 2; (Nanâ) ša...ina naphar bēlēti šur-ba-a-tu dannūssa Borger Esarh. 77 § 49:2; šur-bat amatka qibītka ul immašši (var. immêš) your word (Samaš) is paramount, your command is not disregarded BMS 60:9, also KAR 246:5 and dupls., see Laessøe Bit Rimki 57, Or. NS 34 117 r. 11; dGula bēltu šur-butum ina amat qibītiki şīrti ša ina Ekur šurbat(var. -ba-ta) BMS 6:85 and dupls., see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 453, cf. ibid. 457:29; ša ina Igigi šu-úr-ba-tim amassu VAB 4 216 ii 5 (Ner.); (Marduk) ša šur-bu-ú zikir pīšu ABL 1169 r. 8 (NB leg.).
- c) said of rulers and royal attributes: *şalam šarrūtija šur-ba-a ēpuš* I made a splendid statue of my royal self 3R 7 i 50 and passim in this text, cf. AnSt 11 146ff., and passim in Shalm. III, 1R 30 iii 21 (Šamši-Adad V), AKA 288 i 98 (Asn.), and passim; tibût kakkēja šur-bu-ti TCL 3 153 (Sar.); siqrī šur-ba-a eli naphar bēlē ušātiru they (the gods) made my supreme name pre-eminent above all (other) rulers KAH 2 84:9 (Adn. II); ina šar= rāni abbēja ša kīma jātima šur-ba-ta bēlūs: su among my royal predecessors whose rule was as great as mine Borger Esarh. 58 v 23; *§ur-ba-ku* KAH 2 84:15 (Adn. II), 90:17 (Tn. II); in broken context: šarrāni *šur-bu-ti* Borger Einleitung 73 K.6007:6 (lit.).
- d) other occ.: [...] qutrīna akarrab ina pūt udu.nitá šur-bi-i [...] BBR No. 100 r. 28.

Lines r. 8f. in Si 8, see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen p. 468, are most likely to be read  $[{}^{d}Mar]duk$  [ru(?)]-bu-ut-k[a]  $[{}^{d]}Sar=p\bar{a}n\bar{\imath}tu$  BU-BU-u-k[a].

šurbuitu adj. fem.; fourfold(?); OA.*

27 TÚG SIG, *šu-ur-bu-i-tum* 27 textiles (made of) š.-wool (among textiles summarized as kutānū, line 8) TCL 14 14:6; ana kutānī ša taštanapparanni šaptum šuur-bu-i-tum laššu 1 túg kabtam ina mahīrim niša'amma as for the kutānu-textiles about which you keep writing to me, there is no s.-wool available, we will (therefore) buy one heavy-quality garment on the (local) market ibid. 7:26; as= šumi TGG ša šu-ur-bu-i-a-tim ša tašpuram: ma umma attama túg ana litabšia šēbilim as for the garment of s.-wool about which you wrote me: "Send me a garment for my clothing" unpub. OA tablet, courtesy K. R. Veenhof.

Probably derived from the numeral erbe "four" (compare šušlušu threefold, etc.), in the meaning "(wool) consisting of four threads twisted together," see Veenhof, Old Assyrian Texts in Various Collections.

šurbūtu s.; greatness, exaltedness; OB, SB; cf.  $rab \hat{u}$  A v.

bulùg.gá bulùg.gá.zu.dè: šur-bu-u ina šur-bu-ti-ka (see šurbū lex. section) 4R 30 No. 1:20f.; nam.á.gál.mu nam.gal.a(var. .la).ni: le-1A-ū-[ti] šu-ur-bu-[...] (see lē-ūtu lex. section) UET 1 146 v-vi 8, dupl. YOS 9 53:2.

šur-bu-us-su lītammû ina puḥri let them proclaim her greatness in the assembly JCS 31 88:114, cf. ibid. 119 (SB Epic of Zu), cf. ša DINGIR.MAH . . . šu-ur-bu-sà ītawu ina puḥri RA 46 90:36 (OB recension); (Marduk) šur-bu-ut-ka Igigi maššūtaka qarittu Irnini (see maššūtu B) KAR 25 ii 15, see Ebeling Handerhebung 14, cf. šur-bu-ut-ka Nabū WO 1 477:1 (hymn to Nabū).

šurdu s.; (part of a wagon wheel); OB, NA(?).

giš.[x.umbin.mar].gíd.da, giš.x.umbin. [mar.gíd.da] = šur-du-u Hh. V 95b-c. šurdû šurdunû

20 GIŠ.SAG.KUL.MAR.GÍD.DA . . . 20 ÉŠ na-aḥ-ba-du 20 GIŠ šu-ur-du 2 MA.NA SÍG annītum isiḥtum ŠU.TI.A PN YOS 12 64:7 (OB); uncert.: 10 lim GI šur-di 1 me x x ú (preceded by 20 lim GI.KAK.UD.TAG.GA) ABL 883:16 (NA, coll. S. Parpola).

šurdû (fem. šurdūtu) adj.; flowing, overflowing; SB; cf. redû A v.

- a) said of floods, canals: nag.kud mah.àm a.aé-a in.gíd.i: butuqtu šurdu-tum makkūra ušarda // bītāti itbal the overflowing flood swept away (all) property, variant: carried off the houses BA 5 617 No. 1a: 9f., cf. [...] a.mah. [gin_x(GIM) x] al.[ak.ak]: [...] butuqtu šur-[dultum [...] (var. a.mah.àm ka[r al.ak.ak]: butuqtu ša kā[ri...]) BRM 4 11: 21 f., var. from SBH 7 No. 4: 32 f.; palgu bābil mê šur-du-ti iḥrīma he dug a canal to carry off the overflowing waters TCL 3 203 (Sar.).
- b) said of vessels: kīma pisanni šurdi-i aj isētu mūša let her water (i.e., amniotic fluid), just like (water from) an overflowing basket, not remain behind Köcher BAM 248 ii 59, also ibid. iii 2, cf. (you take) eper samīt dūri šub-ti eper pisanni šur-di-i ibid. iii 8, also cited as SAHAR PISAN šur-di-i JNES 33 332:51 (comm.).
- c) as symptom of a disease: [ $\circ$  šá-m] i šur-de-e:  $\circ$  a-ri-bu drug against š.: aribu Uruanna II 44.

In AMT 51,4:5 read probably ša-aš-šá-du, i.e., šaššaţu.

surdû (sirdû) s.; (mng. uncert.); OB.*

aššum . . . eqlim . . . ša PN KI PN₂ ilqû
PN dajānī ikšudma umma šûma eqlam
ašāmma tuppi [šu]-ur-di-e ana PN₃ ip-paqí-[id(?)] ina qabê dajānī PN₃ [. . .] ana PN
iddin concerning the field which PN
bought from PN₂, PN approached the
judges (with a claim) and said, "I purchased the field but a tablet of š. was handed over to PN₃," and at the judges' order,
PN₃ gave [that tablet] to PN CT 48 16:8;

PN ana qinni PN2 he-e-pi izzaz ana 1 DUMUšu hulluqi panūšu [šaknu] ina bītišu īruba si-ir-di  $\bar{e}t$ ir [le-qi(?)] VAS 22 84:13, see Kraus and Klengel, AoF 10 52; tuppāt ummātim īrišušunūtima 2 tuppāt . . . É KI.GÁL . . .  $\hat{u}$  1 tuppi . . . zag.  $\hat{\mathbf{z}}$  [ši]-ki-it-tim . . .  $\hat{u}$ 1  $tuppi \, \delta u - ur - di - e - \delta u \, [PN] \, u \, PN_2 \, [\dots]$  they asked them for the ummātu documents and [PN] and PN2 [handed over] two tablets for the KI.GAL property, one tablet for the corner of the . . . . property, and one tablet for his &. CT 45 102:35, see Wilcke, Kraus AV 479, cf. 1 DUB šu-ur-di-šu van Lerberghe OB Texts No. 63 CBS 1388: 3 and 8, also 2 tuppāt šīmātim 2(?) tuppāt šu-u[rd|e-e| two purchase documents and two(?) š. documents ibid. 15; šu-ur-de-e šīmātim unpub. ed-Dēr, cited Kraus, AoF 10 53.

See also  $sird\hat{u}$  B. The occurrence of  $surd\hat{u}$  (and  $sird\hat{u}$ ) with  $umm\bar{u}tu$  and  $s\bar{i}m\bar{u}tu$  in OB documents dealing with real estate suggests a meaning such as "ownership" or "proof of ownership" for  $surd\hat{u}$ , and further suggests that  $surd\hat{u}$  and  $sird\hat{u}$  might be phonetic variants.

šurdunû (šardunû, šadurnû) s.; (a plant); SB; wr. syll. and ú.si.sá, šim.si.sá.

[Ú.SI.S]Á, [Ú.NÍG.GÁN.G]ÁN = ša-du-ur-nu-[ú] Köcher Pflanzenkunde 40:4 f. (Hh. XVII); [Ú] Igi.in].gir sar, [Ú.NÍG.GÁ]N.GÁN.SAR = šur-dunu-u Practical Vocabulary Assur 70 f.; Ú.SI.SÁ, Ú.NÍG.GÁN.GÁN, Ú e-gi-en-gi-ru: Ú šur(var. šar)du-nu-u(var. -ú) Uruanna II 455 ff.

- a) the plant: 1 GfN Ú.SI.SÁ (among medicinal plants) RA 54 172:5; KAŠ.ÚS. SA SIG₅ ŠIM. dMAŠ ŠIM.SI.SÁ (you grind together for a salve) good second-quality beer, nikiptu plant (and) š. Jastrow, Transactions of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia 1913 399:40; [Ú].SI.SÁ (among herbs to be placed in a phylactery) Thompson A Catalogue of the Late Babylonian Tablets pl. 4 B 5:4; Ú.SI.SÁ AMT 20,1 iii 10 and 12.
- b) the root: SUḤUŠ Ú.SI.SÁ STT 280 i 30, also i 57, see Biggs Šaziga 66 f.

šurdûtu šurinnu

c) the seeds: NUMUN Ú.SI.SÁ (for the eyes) Köcher BAM 159 v 8, cf. ibid. 164:7, 434 iii 64 and dupl. 435 iii 7, CT 23 26 ii 4, AMT 30,2:3, 58,2:4, 60,1 ii 8, 80,1:19, 91,1:10.

Possibly rocket (*Eruca sativa*), see Thompson DAB 210 ff. and see *egingiru*.

šurdûtu s.; inundation; SB*; cf. redû A v.

GIŠ.APIN KUR ina GI[Š.KAK innallal] šur-du-ut KUR [GAR-an] the plow of the land will be hung on a peg, the land will be inundated Thompson Rep. 236a:3 (coll.), also K.15927:3'.

šurgû s.; (a door); syn. list.*

šurhātu s.; (a chariot); SB.*

§u-ur-ha-tum ∥ nar-kab-[tum] BM 34599 r. 3 (unidentified comm.).

Compare a-bi-[in] AP[IN] = e-p[i-nu] //  $\acute{s}i$ -ir- $\acute{h}a$ -du Arnaud Emar 6 545:125' (Hh. V-VII), see Civil, Aula Orientalis 7 8.

šurhullu see šerhullu.

*šurhungû s.; (an affliction); SB; Sum. lw.; wr. šúr. hun. gá.

The sorcerers who afflicted me with zikurudâ kadibbidâ [...] ŠÚR.ḤUN.GÁ ṣūd pani "cutting of the breath" magic, aphasia, [...], š., vertigo (etc.) Afo 18 290:13, cf. râmu zêru nabalkut dīni zikurudâ kadibbidâ šÚR.ḤUN.GÁ šabalbalâ ṣūd pani šanê ṭēmu (see kadibbidâ) Maqlu I 90, IV 14, V 63, cf. also KAR 35:30.

The reading of the logogram as surbungû is conjectural, since the alternate reading uzzi nuḥḥi "to calm anger" is attested in incantations and their subscripts, see nâḥu A mng. 4a.

šūriā'u adj.; (mng. unkn.); Nuzi.*

PN received 2 še-[e-tum.meš] šu-ú-ri-a-

 $\acute{u}$  2  $\acute{s}\bar{e}tum$ .MEŠ ka-ba- $\acute{s}u$  two  $\acute{s}$ . nets, two . . . . nets HSS 15 313 : 2.

šuribtu (šurubtu) s.; terror(?); SB.

- a) in hist.: šu-ri-bat kakkēja adi marrati ishup the terror of my arms spread as far as the sea Layard 91:84, see WO 2 150; šu-ri-bat kakkēja melam bēlūtija eli māt Namri atbuk WO 1 472:23, also KAH 2 113 r. 30, see WO 1 16 (all Shalm. III); TA pan namurrat kakkēja šur-ba-at bēlūtija ēduruma they were awestruck by the dazzle of my weapons and the terror of my majesty AKA 237 r. 37, 323 ii 78, 341 ii 119; šu-ri-bat kakkēja GN usahhip AKA 352 iii 24 (all Asn.).
- b) other occs.: etemmu šu-ru-bat ṣēri iṣbassu a ghost, the š. of the steppe, seized him Labat TDP 70:15, cf. [ina] šu-ru-bat ṣēri rē û imaḥḥarka Lambert BWL 134:136 (hymn to Šamaš).

**Surinnu** (*šurīnu*, *šunniru*) s.; **1.** (divine) emblem, standard, **2.** (a phenomenon of the eclipsed moon); from OAkk., OB on; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. (*šunniru* ZA 65 58:77) and SU.NIR (also with divine det., occasionally with det. GIŠ) (GIŠ.NIR Thompson Rep. 182 r. 2).

giš.šu.nir = šu-ri-nu, kakku, masrahu Hh. VII A 39 ff., cf. šu.na.mar = šu-ri-in-nu RA 36 94 SMN 2559:1 (from Nuzi), see Civil, RA 70 94; [ni-ir] [NIR] = [šá ŠU].NIR šu-rin-nu, [ša ŠU].NIR kakku ša ili A V/3:51 f.; šu.nir = šu-ri-in-nu (in group with ešrēti, £.MEŠ DINGIR.MEŠ) Antagal A 225; na4.šu.nir duh.ši.a = šu-ri-in-nu (var. šu-ri-nu) Hh. XVI 41, var. from RS Recension 31; na4.šu.nir za.gìn = šu-ri-nu Hh. XVI 105 and RS Recension 77; [šu.nir za] bar = šu-ri-in-nu Hh. XII 96, šu.nir <KÙ.GI> = [šu-ri-in-nu] ibid. 291; lú.šu.nir.kar = muḥammi<\$> šu-ri-ni-[šu], lú.šu.nir.zil.zil = muqallip šu-ri-ni OB Lu D 139 f., cf. OB Lu A 228, also OB Lu B iv 33 f.

ki giš.tukul sìg.ga šu.nir gub.bu á gál. zu: ina tişbut kakku u šu-rin-ni ina petē idiki (for context see idu A mng. 1b-2') RA 12 74:21f., cf. giš.tukul sìg.ga šu.nir silig.silig.ga: ina tişbut kakki petē šu-ri-in-[ni] BiOr 7 44:14; dšu. nir.ra.a.ni zalág.an.na.gin_x(GIM) igi.a.ni. šè si mi.ni.íb.si: dšu-ri-nu-ša kīma nūr šamê ina panīša ušteššir her (Nininsina's) divine weapon, šurinnu šurinnu

like the light of the heavens, marches before her KAR 16:21f. and dupl. KAR 15:21f.

*sub-tum *u.nir | *u.nir | kak-ku | min | mundah-su CT 41 42:3, cf. [...] = [*s]u-rin-nu LKU 4:16; [*su].nir = *sal-mu, [*su].nir = *kak-ku CT 41 28:1f. (all Alu comm.).

ul-mu, šu-ri-in-nu, mi-te-ku = kakku (var. me-tequ = kakku ša tāḥazi) Malku III 28 ff., var. from von Weiher Uruk 120: 29 ff.

1. (divine) emblem, standard -a) used in judicial procedures: dajānū ana «ana» ālim u šībūtim itrudušunūtima ina KĀ  $^{
m d}$ NANNA  $^{
m d}$ ŠU.NIR Ša  $^{
m d}$ NANNA  $^{
m d}$ MUŠEN Ša^dNIN.MAR.KI ^dMAR *ša* ^dAMAR.UTU GIŠ. TUKUL ša Abnum (var. dAbnum) izzizuma the judges sent them (the litigants) to the City and the elders, at the Gate of Sin were stationed the divine standard of Sin, the divine bird of DN, the divine spade of Marduk, (and) the mace of Abnum Jean Tell Sifr 58:21, var. from case, see Charpin Archives Familiales 243; ana É ŠU.NIR KÙ.GI ^d⟨UTU⟩ PN *dajānū iddinuma ina* £ šU.NIR ^dUTU imtagruma Pinches Peek 13:7 and 10, also, wr. šu-ri-nim CT 4 47a:11 and 14; šu $ri-ni \langle l \rangle i\check{s}\check{s}\hat{u}ma \ annik\bar{u}am \ d\bar{u}n[am] \ li[\check{s}\bar{a}h\bar{i}] =$ zuninni (see našû A mng. 1a-3') TIM 2 12:47;  $\bar{e}ma$  ...  d ŠU.NIR  $\check{s}a$   d UTU [ana] gagîm urduma ukīnšu BE 6/1 103:32; ŠU. NIR ša ^dutu šaššārum ša ^dutu bašmum ša Ešharra ana gagîm īrubu CT 2 47:18, cf. ina šu.nir ša den.zu u dšaššārum ša dutu ubirruma VAS 9 130:6, cf. ina šu.nir ša dEnlil CT 8 3a: 23, cf. also (field) ša PN ina GIŠ.ŠU.NI[R] ubirru TCL 1 70:6; šu-rinu-um ša dutu urdamma Waterman Bus. Doc. 36:1;  $\S u-ri-nu-um$   $\S a$  den.zu  $\S ib\bar{u}t$ LÚ GN u GN, ušbuma tuppaša labīram . . . išmû the standard of Sin and the elders of GN and GN2 sat (as court) and had her earlier tablet read to them CT 482:11, cf. [... d]  $aj\bar{a}num \, ša \, ina \, šu.nir \, ^dutu \, [...]$ ibid. 5:29; PN ana nīš ilim ana SU.NIR ša ^dutu nasāhi iddinušuma ina kā ^dNungal ašar mā (mī) tim ina kilkilli imtagruma (the judges) sent PN to take an oath by pulling out the emblem of Samas, they came to an agreement at the gate of Nungal, the

place where oaths are taken by the kil: killu CT 48 1:18, cf. šu.nir dutu...inas: sah VAS 8 71:3, cf. also PN ana šu-rinim dutu ina kilkilli ina bīt dN ungal ina kippat qé-mi-im iddinušu šu-ri-nam ša dutu issuh (see kilkillu) CT 2 9:7 and 10 (coll. C. B. F. Walker); šu-ri-na-am ša dutu PN issuļma rugummūšu nashu claimed PN as his slave but) PN pulled out the emblem of Šamaš and thus his (PN2's) claim was rejected (lit. pulled out) van Lerberghe, Kraus AV 246:6 (tablet) and 247:1  $[\delta u-r]i-nu-[um]$  i-na-si-ih-maWhiting, Gibson-Biggs Seals 74 n. 8, see ibid. p. 68, for other refs. with nasāhu, see nasāhu mng. 1d; mahar  $\delta ibi$  ... [...] ina  $\delta u$ ri-nim iqabbûma before (these) witnesses they made a deposition by (?) the emblem CT 4 23a:21, cf. ina &u-ri-ni-[im&a] MU ^dUTU . . . PN ana PN₂ . . . la iraggamu BE 6/1 10:10; (the witnesses) ina bīt Šamaš ^dŠU.NIR KÙ.GI *ālik maḥra . . . izzizuma* Çiğ-Kizilyay-Kraus Nippur 174 r. 1, for other refs. see ālik mahri usage a-3'.

- b) as guardians of other oaths:  $il\bar{u}$ rabûtu mala ina narî annî šumšunu zakrū šu-un-ni-ir-šu-nu  $udd\hat{u}$ usurātušunu ussurā u šubātušunu bašmā all the great gods whose names are invoked, whose emblems are identified, whose symbols are drawn, or whose socles are represented on this stela ZA 65 58:77 (early NB kudurru), cf. 17 šu.ri.na ša ilāni rabûti (preceded by list of divine symbols) MDP 2 pl. 17 iv 30 (MB kudurru); [...] *şa-al-be šar* Kašši ina šu-rin-[ni . . .] [. . .] of the treacherous Kassite king (though he swore) by the emblem [of Šamaš] AfO 18 42:32 (Tn.-Epic).
- c) in transferred mng.:  $[an]\bar{a}ku$  ul šuri-nu-um  $[k\bar{a}]ribum$  [ša a]na balāṭika [ak] tanarrabu am I not the emblem in attitude of prayer, who constantly prays for your life? ARM 10 37:7, cf. ibid. 36:14, 38:9, cited  $k\bar{a}ribu$  mng. 2a; of the slave girls you sent me again one died šu-ri-in £ abika anāku ana mīnim la paqdāku I am

šurinnu šurinnu

the emblem of your dynasty, why am I not provided for? ibid. 39:20 (all letters of Zimrilim's daughter).

d) in rit.: šu-ri-ni ša ilātim ištu bī= tišunu innaššûnimma ina bīt Ištar imittam u šumēlam iššakkanu the emblems of the goddesses are to be brought from their cases(?) and placed to the right and left in the Istar temple RA 35 5 ii 4 (Mari rit.); šu-ri-in DN u DN2 kilalal kilalal imit= tam u šuwēlam garnam garnam (see garnu mng. 5k) AfO 13 46 ii 6 (OB lit.); the court herald enters and kisses the ground before the king and TA GIS Su-r[i-in-ni ina pan šarri] izzaz stands before the king with the emblem MVAG 41/3 60 i 8 (NA), cf.  ${}^{d}\delta u - r[i-i]n - nu$  (among gods and divine emblems, summarized as ilāni ša bīt  $[^{d}A\check{s}\check{s}ur]$  ii 19) STT 88 ii 8, see Frankena, BiOr 18 200 (tākultu rit.); inūma pīt pî ša šuri-ni (var. šu.nir) u giš.gir.gub ša Samas (a necklace received by PN) at the "mouth opening" of the Standard and the Footstool of Samaš ARM 18 69:15, var. from ibid. 54:15.

e) referring to dedicating: SU.NIR kas: pim a hurāşim erīšam išruk (see erīšu adj.) MDP 4 pl. 2 iii 9 (Puzur-Inšušinak), cf. erištu kakki u šu.nir request (from the god) for a weapon or an emblem (see erištu A mng. 1b) TCL 6 4:18, also Boissier DA 7:26 (both SB ext.), Wr.  $\delta u$ -ri-ni RA 38 81 r. 2 (OB ext.), see RA 40 56:19, cf. DINGIR LÚ ŠU.NIR ú-lu níg-nak APIN-eš Boissier Choix 63:2 (coll.), also [DINGIR LÚ] ŠU. NIR  $\lceil \acute{u} \rceil - [lu \dots]$  CT 30 22 K.6268 ii 10, cf. šá MIN šu-ri-i[n-nu] ibid. 11 (SB ext.); RN [URU]DU ŠU.NIR.ÀM *īpušma* MDP 14 30:2' (OB); ana Nergal GIS šu-ri-in-ni . . . azqup I set up an emblem for Nergal (at the temple gate) Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 ii 25 (Asb.), cf. giš šu-ri-in-ni £ Nergal . . . az= qup Streck Asb. 248:10, GIŠ šu-ri-in-ni bāb bīt Ištar kaspu hurāsu uza'inma azgup ibid. 5, cf. also [...] muzaqqip giš šu-ri-in-ni GIŠ.ERIN  $\delta i [hi \dots]$ Bauer Asb. 2 77

K.2668:16; hittī niphī šu-ri-ni u dalāt siparri lu ukīn (see niphu B usage b) AOB 1 134:25 (Shalm. I); (I set up statues at the temple gate) ša tis[butu] giš š[uri-in-[ni] grasping emblems Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 iii 9 (Asb.), cf. 2  $lahm\bar{e}$  . . . atulīmānišunu giš šu-ri-in-ni tamhu (see atulimānu) Streck Asb. 172:57; note the brick inscription:  $ekal A dad-n\bar{i}r\bar{a}r\bar{i} \dots \check{s}a$ tarbaş šu.nir.meš (brick belonging to) the palace of RN, to the Courtyard of Emblems AOB 1 106 No. 24:5; šumma šarru lu uskara lu šamšata lu šu-ri-in-na (var. **ŠU.NIR**) *labīra uddiš* if the king restores an old crescent, sun disk, or emblem CT 40 9 r. 32, var. from ibid. 11:90, cf. ibid. 9 r. 31 and 11:79.

f) materials, types: 15 še (of silver) ŠU.NIR KÙ.BABBAR (between šamšatu of gold and birgu of bronze) Birot Tablettes 36:8, 15 ŠE KÙ.BABBAR *šu-ri-nu* CT 6 25a:7; 1 ŠU.NIR KÙ.GI ša 1 GÍN 2 ŠU. NIR KÙ.GI ša  $\frac{1}{3}$  GÍN . . . 4 ŠU.NIR K[Ù. Gi ša 1]5 ŠE.TA.AM JCS 25 211:4 ff.; 1 (BÁN) ŠE ŠU.NIR KÙ.GI inūma ana SIGA. [HI.A] mahārim urdu x barley (for workers?) for the golden emblem when he(?) went down to receive the bricks Birot Tablettes 19:1; 1 ŠU.NIR IGI.DU 6 UGUN KÙ. BABBAR GAR.RA (in temple inventory) PBS 8/2 194 iv 4 (all OB admin.); gold ša ana ihzī ša 1 šu-ri- $\lceil nim \rceil$  ša DN . . . ša ana epēšim nadnu given for making the mountings for one emblem for Dagan ARMT 22 246:7; 1 šu-ri-ni giš.gigir one chariot standard (among military equipment) Wiseman Alalakh 428: 7 and 9, cf. ibid. 433:1, 30 GIŠ.TUKUL *šu-ri-nu* ibid. 431:3 (all MB Alalakh); takkussi ša dšu-ri-ni . . . ramanša taddi'ip the takkussu pipe of the divine emblem broke by itself (for context see qīlu s.) ABL 997 r. 2, also ABL 1194 r. 10; ina muhhi dšu-ri-in-ni ša dSin ša Harrān concerning the divine emblems of Sin of Harran ABL 489:4 (all NA); purdî šu-ri-ni kaspi (among items taken as booty) TCL 3 382 (Sar.); as Akkadogram in Hittite: 2 GIŠ

šur'īnu šurīpu

 $\S U$ -RE-EN-NU  $\S A$ .BA 1  $\langle 2 \rangle$  GI $\S$ .HAR K $\mathring{U}$ .BABBAR KBo 18 172 : 16 (inv.).

- g) in personal names: Warad-ŠU.NIR TLB 1 290:5, Çiğ-Kizilyay-Kraus Nippur 82:5, Warad-^dŠU.NIR CT 8 40b:5, YOS 12 398:5, Wr. ^dŠu-ri-ni ibid. 440:5 (all OB).
- h) other occs.: SU.NIR KUR uštalpatu the emblems of the land will be desecrated ACh Ištar 20:93 and dupls., see ZA 52 254:107, and passim in astrol., also quoted ABL 679+1391:12, see Parpola LAS 2 376, cf. ŠU. NIR KUR ŠUB.MEŠ Thompson Rep. 182 r. 2 (coll.); in broken context: kî šu-ri-in-ni damqi like a beautiful emblem Gilg. XII 118.
- 2. (a phenomenon of the eclipsed moon): ina šu-ri-in-ni-šu ^dDil-bat ana libbi Sin īrub in its š. Venus entered the moon ACh Supp. Sin 29:3 and dupls., cf. attalū ša ina šu-ri-in-ni-šū ^dDil-bat ana libbišu īrubu ACh Supp. 2 Sin 24:4, cf. also šu.NIR KAL-šū NU DUL-ma it-bal its.... š. was not obscured, but disappeared ACh Supp. Sin 28:22 and dupl. 27:8, see Weidner, AfO 1782 ff., also ina šu-ri-in-ni-šu MUL.MEŠ AN. TA È.MEŠ Rochberg-Halton, AfO Beiheft 22 Tablet XX B 3, cf. MUL ina šU.NIR SI ZAG-šū [...] Text a r. iii 3', and passim in Tablet XX.

In LBAT 1557:4-6 read dis Mul.dil.bat 1 (2, 3) su.si nu te iq-[rib], see  $ub\bar{a}nu$ . In UET 4 185:5, read gis.mes.má.gan.na sû sa itti huṣābīšuz nu, see musukkannu usage b-5'.

Landsberger, WZKM 57 16f. n. 63. For šu.nir in Sum. lit. and Ur III econ., see Sjöberg, Studien Falkenstein 205 ff. n. 9 (with previous lit.); for *šurinnu* in OB, see van Lerberghe, Kraus AV 253 ff. with previous lit.

šur'īnu see šurmēnu.

šurīnu see šurinnu.

šurīpiš adv.; like ice; SB*; cf. šurīpu. šiddu u pūtu akṣura šu-ri-piš I compacted the length and breadth (of the region) like ice TCL 3 215 (Sar.); r[aggu] [û] șennu ittahrammețu šu-ri-pi[š] (see nahar: muțu mng. 1) Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 26 r. 5.

šurīpu s.; ice, frost; OB, Mari, Bogh., SB, Akkadogram in Hitt.; pl. šurīpētu; cf. šarzbu A, šurbu, šurīpiš, šurīpu in bīt šurīpi, šuruppū.

še-eg šeg₉ =  $\S u$ -ri-e- $p\acute{u}$  (var.  $\S u$ -ri-pu) Ea I 370; [§e-eg] [§eg₉] = [ $\S u$ -ri-pu A I/8:243 ff.; a-ma-gi [za.m] $\mathring{v}$ Š.DI =  $\S u$ -ri-pu Diri III 119, also = [ $\S u$ ]-ri-pu-um Proto-Diri 218;  a - $\lceil ma \rceil$ - $g_1$ </sup>  $\mathring{m}$  $\mathring{v}$ Š×A+DI = [ $\S u$ ]-ri- $\lceil pu$ ] (followed by  $\S algu$ ) Antagal I i 10; a-ma-gi(text -am)  $\mathring{m}$  $\mathring{v}$ Š×A+DI =  $\S u$ -ri-pu A VIII/1:179, also Ea VIII 67; [x]-ga-a  $\mathring{m}$  $\mathring{v}$ Š×A+DI =  $\S u$ -ri-pu] Sa Voc. A 3; A. $\mathring{m}$  $\mathring{v}$ Ša- $\mathring{m}$ - $\mathring{g}$ 0 I (vars.  a - $\mathring{m}$ -g0  $\mathring{v}$ ) Si [A.DI], za.su $\mathring{u}$ 3- $\mathring{u}$ 3- $\mathring{u}$ 4- $\mathring{u}$ 5- $\mathring{u}$ 7 (vars.  a 1- $\mathring{u}$ 5- $\mathring{u}$ 7 (vars.  a 1- $\mathring{u}$ 6- $\mathring{u}$ 6- $\mathring{u}$ 7 (vars.  a 1- $\mathring{u}$ 7 (vars.  a 1- $\mathring{u}$ 7 (vars.  a 1- $\mathring{u}$ 8 (vars.  a 1- $\mathring{u}$ 9 (vars.  a 1- $\mathring$ 

du du du  $\overline{y} = kam\bar{a}rum$  ša šu-ri-pu A VIII/1:142; [si-e] [sig-] =  $kas\bar{a}ru$  ša šu-ri-pu A V/3:238 (= 195). [am] a. gi₄. a = šu-ri-pu 5R 12 No. 5:9 (comm. on meteor. omens); halpu, himittu, salgu = su-ri-pu Malku III 167 ff.; su-ri-pu = qar-hu LTBA 22:311.

a) as a meteorological phenomenon: send him to me lāma šadû u KASKAL.HI.A  $[\S u-ri]$ -pa-am işabbat $\bar{u}$  before the mountains and the roads are blocked by ice Unger Mem. Vol. 193:52 (Shemshāra let.), cf. summa . . . sad u каѕкац.ні.а su-ri-pa-amsabtu alākam ul ile'i if he is unable to come, the countryside and the roads being blocked by ice (he should stay with you) ibid. 60: šattam šu-ri-pu-um illikma šattum ana alpī habiat (see habû B) TCL 17 40:17 UD.10.KAM ištu šu-ri-pé-tim anniātim for the ten days since these frosts (birds and animals have been wreaking havoc in the field) VAS 16 179:14, see Frankena, AbB 6 179; ina ūmāt kuṣṣi ḥalpê  $\S u$ -ri-pi (see ku $\S u$  mng. 1a) AKA 140 iv 14 (Tigl. I); as Akkadogram in Hitt.: ŠU-U-RI-PU kuit kar[ū kišat] because cold weather has arrived KUB 14 16 iii 38, see Goetze, MVAG 38 60, *ŠU-RI-PU* mekki KBo 18 35 left edge 3, also ibid. 79:28 and 30, both cited Freydank, WO 4 317, and KBo 18 108:5; šalgu urru u mūšu sīruššu kitmuruma gimir lānišu lit[bušu halpû] u šu-ri-pu *šalgu*) KAH 2 141 + TCL 3 101 (Sar.), see AfO 12

šurīpu šurīpu

145; Šamaš [m] ukarrû ūmē murriku mušâti [mušabš] û kuşşu halpâ šu-ri-pa šal-gi who makes the days shorter and the nights longer, who brings on cold, frost, ice, and snow Lambert BWL 136:181 (hymn to Šamaš), cf. našša imbara šu-ri-pa . . . [ina] balu Samaš ul innandin (see imbaru mng. 1b-2') KBo 1 12:5, see Ebeling, Or. NS 23 213; uhallaq ummu kuşşu halpâ šu-ri-[pu] he will banish heat, cold, frost, and ice 4R 58 i 11 (Lamaštu);  $halp\hat{u} \, \check{s}u - r[i-pu]$  RA 68 154 r. 5 (SB lit.); Pazuzu urid ana nāri  $ittabak \, \check{s}u$ -ri- $pu(var. -pa) \dots u\check{s}ir \, ana \, b\bar{u}ri$  $ittabak \ \, \check{s}u$ -ri-pu(var. -pa) (see  $n\bar{a}balu$ usage b-2') AfO 17 358:20 and 22 (inc.), var. from dupl. CT 51 213:11 and 13, cf. luttaddi ana libbika šu-ri-pa-am ta-ak-s[i-a-tim] yos 11 21:26 (OB inc.), cf.  $lu \not s q \overline{i} ka \not s u - ri - pa - am$ takṣiātim Wilcke, ZA 75 202:81; šumma *šu-ri-pu ina nāri ittaḥarmiţ* if ice melts in a river ND 5502 r. iv 10 (courtesy D. J. Wiseman), cf. adi šu-ri-pu ina nāri šinnû i-kal-li-pu ibid. 13; Adad *kāṣiri šu-ri-pi* who forms(?) the ice KUB 4 26A: 5; ūmu irrupma zunnu ul izannun šu-ri-pu ibašši the day will become cloudy but it will not rain, there will be ice ACh Sin 35:39; &u-ri-pu (in broken context) Gilg. VI 33.

b) used for cooling: aššum šu-ri-pi-im puḥhurim damiq inūma ša Lú.meš ša bilā: tim šu-ri-pa-am ištu 10 bīri ištu 20 bīri  $izabbil\bar{u}nim\ m\bar{a}r\bar{e}\ \check{s}\bar{a}g\hat{\imath}\ u\ u\check{s}m\hat{\imath}\ mud[\bar{\imath}]ka\ldots$ wu'erma šu-ri-pa-a[m] lipahhiru about collecting ice, is it proper that the porters bring the ice from ten or twenty doublemiles' distance? - order the stewards and your skilled ušmû's to collect the ice ARM 1 21 r. 8'ff., cf. ibid. 18'; there are no officials  $[\S]a \dots \S u$ -ri-pa-am  $\S ati [an]a \ bit$ nakkamtim [i] šappaku who would put that ice in the storehouse ARM 2 91 r. 4', cf. ibid. r. 8' and 12', see also nakāmu; [aššum] *šu-ri-pi-im ašaršanimma nukkurim* about moving the ice to another location ARM 3 29:7, cf. ibid. 21: [ina panânum] BAR.ÀM mû kajāntam [ina lib] bi šu-ri-pí-im šeti illaku in the past, half of that ice would always

melt (lit. half the water would usually flow out of that ice) ibid. 17; [šu-ri-pu-u] m šî ina žutabalkutim [ihhar] ammatma that ice will melt if it is transported ibid. 23; I sent to the Elamites wine, sheep, and šu-ri-paam ša ištu mahar bēlija ublūnim the ice that was brought here from my lord ARMT 13 32:7; one garment for PN inuma ana  $\delta u - ri - pi - im [...] - tu ARMT 22 170:9, \delta u$ ri-pa-am §a x [. . .] u§ $t\bar{e}bir$  RA 11 135:9 (Zimrilim), see Nougayrol, CRAI 1947/8 267:9; šu-ri-pa ša GN liptûma dIltu atti u PN šitattê u ana šu-ri-pí qātum lu naṣrat (the seals on) the ice from GN may be broken, (and) DN, you (fem.), and fPN should drink (cool drinks) regularly, but (otherwise) close watch should be kept over the ice OBT Tell Rimah 79:4 and 9, see S. Page, CRRA 17 181; gold ana 1 habšitri ša šu-ri-pí-im unpub. Mari text cited ARMT 5 p. 126.

c) in comparisons: erṣetu lu šu-ri-pu-ma teḥleṣṣâ may the ground be ice so that you slip KBo 1 1 r. 67, also ibid. 3 r. 15 (treaties); kīma šu-ri-pi TAB.MEŠ (in broken context) ACh Supp. 2 Adad 117:10; kīma šu-ri-pi [...] K.6080:2 (courtesy W. G. Lambert).

Landsberger, ZA 42 157 ff.; von Soden, WO 4 316 note; Charlier, Akkadica 54 1 ff. (with previous lit.).

šurīpu in bīt šurīpi s.; icehouse; Mari, Akkadogram in Hitt.*; ef. šurīpu.

ēpiš £ šu-[ri-pí-im] (Zimrilim) who built the icehouse RA 11 135:5, see Nougay-rol, CRAI 1947/8 267, cf. ibid. 12; inūma aššum £ šu-ri-pí-im epēšim bēlī uwa'eranni 1 itinnam bēlī ērišma PN itinnam iddinunim=ma £ šu-ri-pí-im ušēpiš £ šu-ri-pí-im igmurma awīlum šû ana GN ittalkam when my lord ordered me to build an icehouse, I asked my lord for a master builder and they gave me the master builder PN, I had him build the icehouse, and, having finished the icehouse, that man left for Mari ARM 2 101:18 and 22, cf. ARMT 13 121:7,

šurīru šurmēnu

122:6, ARM 14 25:4 and r. 2; É ŠU-RI-PÍ KUB 13 2 iv 26, see Freydank, WO 4 316 f.

šurīru adj.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi.*

X KUŠ Ša UDU.MEŠ (Ša) Š $\acute{a}$ -ar- $\acute{h}a$  Šu-ri-ra(-a) (see Šarā $\acute{h}u$  B) HSS 13 341:1, 3, 5, and 8, see ibid. p. 101.

## šuristu s.; (mng. unkn.); MA.*

quppa ša šinni u ašê pitia šu-ri-is(?)-ta ša šinni u ašê šēliani hīta šuqulta šuṭra open (pl.) the box containing ivory and ebony, take out the š. of ivory and ebony, weigh (it) and record the weight KAV 99:26 (MA let.).

The third sign is possibly to be read -ma-, see Röllig, WO 11 112 ff.

**šurisû** ( $\check{s}urs\hat{u}$ , or  $\check{s}ur(i)zu$ ) s.; (part of a wagon); Mari.

Tallow ana šu-ri-si-im ša GIŠ.MAR.GÍD. DA.HI.A ARMT 23 408:2, also ibid. 390:2, 395:2, 400:2, 401:2, 415:3, cf. (tallow) ana šu-ur-si-im šu.TI.A PN ibid. 412:6.

Possibly a Hurr. word. (Lafont, ARMT 23 303.)

šūrišam adv.(?); (mng. unkn.); SB.*

ištu . . . ajābu mutta'idu ušāpû šu-rišam (obscure, see mutta'idu) En. el. IV 124.

šur'ītu see šūru adj.

šurizu see šurisû.

*šurkubu (šuškubu) adj.; mounted(?); NB; cf. rakābu.

Please give me 120 šiltāhu šu-uš-ku-bu 10 šiltāh girri . . . ana şidītu 120 mounted(?) arrows, ten unmounted(?) arrows for (military) equipment UCP 9 275 No. 3:9, see Ebeling, ZA 50 209.

šurmēnu (šurmīnu, šur īnu) s.; cypress; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and (GIŠ.)ŠUR.

mìn, (giš.) šu. úr. mìn (OAkk. šuerin me, Ur III šu. úr. me).

giš.šur.mìn = šur-mi-nu (var. šur-i-[nu]) Hh. III 225, cf. giš.šu.úr.mìn RA 18 53 ii 25 and dupls. MDP 27 55 r. 10, 197:7 (Practical Vocabulary Elam); giš.tir.giš.šur.min = min (= qištu) šur-me(vars. -mi, -ma)-ni (vars. šur-'i-[i-ni], šuri-ni) Hh. III 182, for vars. see MSL 6 164, MSL 9 161; KUR La.ab.na.nu =  $min (= kur) \delta ur - [me]$ -[ni] (var. šur-i-ni) Hh. XXII Section 1:10, var. from von Weiher Uruk 114 i 10; [i].giš.[šur. min] = MIN (= šaman) šur-[me-ni] Hh. XXIV 26, ef.ì.meš giš.šur.min Practical Vocabulary Assur 130; šim.[šu.me].ERIN MDP 14 89:2 (OAkk. forerunner to Hh. XXIV?), see Bauer Altorientalistische Notizen 1-4 6ff.; giš-ta-è za×4×kur = giš.ig.giš.šur.min = MIN (= dalat) šur-me-ni (var. šur-i-nu) Hh. V 223.

[giš.erin] giš.šur.mìn giš.za.ba.lam giš.taskarin(KU) d[a.d]a.bi (OB unilingual version: DU8.DU8.bi) ha.ra.an.è: [erēnu] šur-me-nu supālu taskarinnu itātušu lišēsāki (see erēnu A lex. section) Lugale IX 25 (= 399); abgal.abrig. eridu ki.ga.ke_x(KID).e.ne làl ì.nun.na giš. erin giš.šur.mìn 7.a.rá 2.àm ka.zu ba.ab. duh.e.[eš]: apkallu abriqqu ša Eridu ina dišpi himēti erēnu šur-i-ni sibit adi šina pīka iptū the wise man and the abriqqu-priest of Eridu have opened your mouth twice seven times with honey, butter, cedar, and cypress STT 200:77f., restored from dupl. K.2946 i 17f. and iv 17f. (mīs pî).

a) as a tree -1' provenience: KUR Labnanu ... kur giš.šur.min kur  $Adilur\ldots$  kur giš. $\S$ ur. $\mathtt{m}$  $\grave{\mathtt{i}}$ n kur Arandu... KUR GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN JNES 15 132:9 ff. (lipšur-lit.), and see Hh. XXII, in lex. section; Jahdunlim went to KUR GIŠ.ERIN  $\hat{u}$  GIŠ. KU . . . GIŠ.KU GIŠ.ERIN GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR.MÌN uelammakkam . . . ikkis the Cedar Mountain and the Boxwood Mountain and felled boxwood, cedar, cypress, and elammakkutrees Syria 32 13 ii 16 (Jahdunlim), cf. GIS. ERIN GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN (in broken context) 5R 33 iv 10 (Agum-kakrime); ana KUR Labnana lu allik gušūrē erēni giš. Šur. min daprāni akkis I went to Mt. Lebanon and felled logs of cedar and cypress AKA 170 r. 4 (Asn.), cf. (logs of) erēni GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN tarbīt kur Sirara (u) kur Labnana Borger Esarh. 60:75, cf. also Streck Asb. 246:59;  $gu\check{s}\bar{u}r\bar{e}$ erēni giš. Šur. mìn ša irissun tābu binût šurmēnu šurmēnu

KUR Hamānim KUR Sirara OIP 2 119:23 (Senn.), also ibid. 106 vi 23; erēnu GIŠ.ŠUR. Mìn kala riqqī biblāt kur Ḥamāni cedar wood, cypress wood, all kinds of aromatics originating in the Amanus mountains Winckler Sar. pl. 35:143, cf. AKA 373 iii 89 (Asn.); GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN erešu tābu ša gereb uru Si= rara ú-[...]-nu Adad sweet-smelling cypress which Adad watered(?) within GN Streck Asb. 170 r. 46; for Sum. refs. see erenu A usage a-1'; GIŠ.ERIN GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR.MÌN u GIŠ.AZ ša ištu Qatanim ublūnim ina Şuprim šakin the (consignment of) cedar, cypress, and myrtle which they brought from Qatna is (now) stored in Suprum ARM 17:4, cf. (send PN and trustworthy men with him to Suprum and) GIŠ.ERIN GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR.MÌN u GIŠ.AZ ana 3- $\check{s}u$   $liz\bar{u}zu$ (see zdzu mng. 2d-3') ibid. 9, cf. also ibid. 11; Šamaš anaššīkum mê Idiglat u Purattim ša ištu šadîm giš.erin u giš.šu.úr.mìn ana kâšim bablū O Šamaš, I offer you water from the Tigris and the Euphrates, which is carried to you from the Cedar and Cypress Mountain JCS 22 26:20 (= YOS 11 22, OB ext. prayer), cf. mê Hamanni ellüti hibištu šad Hašur šad erēni bi-šit erēni giš. Šur. MÌN BBR No. 75:6 (bārû rit.).

2' planted in Mesopotamia: I planted in the royal park seeds of trees found in the countries through which I marched and the mountains which I crossed erenu GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN cedar, cypress, (etc.) Iraq 14 33:41 (Asn.); GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN musukkannu naphar işşē išīhuma uşarrišu papallu cypresses, musukkannu-trees, and all kinds of trees grew in it (the marsh) and sent forth shoots OIP 2 115 viii 53 and 125 No. 2:46 (Senn.); musukkannu GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN tarbît şippāti . . . akšitma ana šipri hišihti ekallāt bēlūtija lu ēpuš I felled musuk: kannu-trees and cypresses, products of the orchards, and used them for the work needed in my royal palaces ibid. 115 viii 60, cf. ibid. 125 No. 2:47; simen nasāhi ša zigpī ša the right time to erēni giš.šur.mìn

transplant the saplings of cedar and cypress ABL 814:9 (NA), cf. ibid. r. 9.

- other occs.: ina muhhi bēl Bābili ittanatbakuni hashastu giš. Šur. min u burāši cypress and juniper leaves pour down upon the Lord of Babylon Lambert Love Lyrics 118 III A 11, cf. (in broken context) AfO 18 383 i 27; PA GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN (and other leaves, for a lotion) AMT 68,1:7 and 20; GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN GIŠ.LI (associated with the zodiacal sign Gemini) TCL 6 12 r. lower register x 2, see Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 31:10, cf. ibid. 40 (pl. 17) K.11151 bottom section [dN] isaba qimmassu GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN lān[šu] his hair is (like) Nisaba, his stature (like) a cypress LKA 72 r. 10; lib=  $k\bar{i}ka$  [...giš]. Šur. Mìn  $er\bar{e}nu$  may the cypress and the cedar bewail you Gilg. VIII i 14, from K.9997, in Garelli Gilg. 53; DIŠ GIŠ. **SUR.MIN KUD-is** if he cuts down a cypress Dream-book 329 K.25+ r. i 72, cf. šumma GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN IGI CT 38 9:22 (SB Alu).
- b) as timber 1' used for roofing: gušūrē G[IŠ.ŠUR.MÌN ṣīrūt]i ušatriṣa tarānšu I laid lofty cypress beams across its (the temple's) roof Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 iii 25 (Asb.), cf. Streck Asb. 246:59, gušūrē erēni GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN ukīn ṣēruššin Lyon Sar. 10:64; GIŠ šu-úr-mi-ni nisqī bērūti ana şulūliša ušatriş VAB 4 138 ix 6, cf., wr. GIŠ šurini ibid. 118 ii 41 (both Nbk.), ašūhū šīhūti GIŠ šurini iṣṣī damqūtu ibid. 256 ii 4 (Nbn.).
- 2' used for other architectural features: dalāt erēni GIŠ šur-mi-ni daprāni taskarin: ni musukkanni ina mesir siparri urekkis I reinforced with bronze bands the doors of cedar, cypress, boxwood, and musuk: kannu-wood Iraq 14 33:28, cf. AKA 187 r. 23, 221:20 (all Asn.), Lyon Sar. 16:65, OIP 2 132:71 (Senn.), Streck Asb. 172:50, Borger Esarh. 5 vi 11; dalāt erēni GIŠ.ŠUR.MìN daprāni musuk: kanni ina bābīšu uretti I erected doors of cedar, cypress, daprānu-juniper, and musukkannu-wood in its gateways Postgate Palace Archive 267:60 (Asn.), Winckler Sar. pl. 40:23 (= Borger BAL 2 55), and passim in Sar.,

šurmēnu šurmēnu

Senn., Esarh., (with ša eressina tābu) Borger Esarh. 23 Ep. 31:5, 87:22, and passim, see erešu A; dalāt erēni Giš.Šur.mìn tū'amāti double doors of cedar and cypress Rost Tigl. III p. 76:28, and see daltu mng. 1d; ekal erēni Giš.Šur.mìn daprāni taskarinni musukkanni . . . ina libbi addi I built therein a palace (with halls) of cedar, cypress, juniper, boxwood, and musukkannu-wood AKA 186 r. 18, ef. ibid. 220:18 and passim in similar context in Asn., Sar., Senn., and Esarh., see ekallu mng. 1a-3'; I erected upon them (the cow colossi) timmē ušī Giš.Šur.mìn erēni duprāni burāši u sindā (see sindā) OIP 2 110 vii 36, 123:35 (Senn.).

3' other, mainly ceremonial, uses: ina nalbanāt šinn[i pīri] ušî taskarinni musuk: kanni [er]ēni giš.šur.mìn [ilbi]nu [li]bit: tu they made bricks in brick molds of ivory, ebony, boxwood, musukkannuwood, cedar, and cypress Borger Esarh. 4 § 2 iv 25; gabarī lē'i giš.šur.mìn da-be [...] a copy of a tablet of cypress wood [...] KAR 151 r. 68 (colophon); PN delivered to the storehouse ištêt parratu u ištēn giš. Sur.mìn-ni ana ešrû one female lamb and one cypress log(?) for the tithe Cyr. 247:2; giš šu-ur-mi-nu (in broken context) HSS 14 247:55.

c) as aromatic (wood or resin) -1' in econ.: šu.me ERIN. bi 120 ma. na ... ì. ir.a rá.dè 120 minas of cypress (among oils and aromatics) to be mixed into perfumed oil VAS 14 131 (= Bauer Lagasch No. 119) i 7 (Pre-Sar.), cf. 3 su.me ERIN ma.na (between erin.babbar and za.ba.lum) BIN 8 300:2, 319:2 (OAkk.);  $2\frac{1}{3}$  ma.na šu. úr.me ... šim.dù.a Snell Ledgers and Prices No. 24:3, and passim in Ur III, see ibid. p. 31 and 166;  $\frac{1}{3}$  MA.NA GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR.MÌN  $\frac{1}{3}$ MA.NA ŠIM.BULUG ¹/₃ MA.NA ŠIM.GI.DÙG. GA ana KAŠ.Ú.SA SIG5(!)-tim one-third mina of cypress, one-third mina of bal= lukku, one-third mina of sweet reed, for good quality sweetwort TCL 10 16:10, cf. (for perfume) ibid. 72:13, 81:1; 6 GÚ 12 MA. NA GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR.MÌN KÙ.BI  $18\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN 18 ŠE

UET 5 665:3; 1 GÚ  $\S u$ -ur-mi-nu ibid. 601:22; ²/₃ GÍN KÙ.BABBAR sirku u šu-ur-mi-nuum ša ina i-si-in (see sirku B) Waterman Bus. Doc. 53:6 (all OB); [x] & u(!) - ur - mi - na[X] GIŠ [a]-su [X]  $\check{simi\check{s}\check{s}al\hat{u}}$  [X] GI.DÙG.GA (for making perfumed oil) ArOr 17/1 328:12 (Mari let.), cf. 10 gín kừ. Babbar šīm 10 GÚ GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR.MÌN (beside *erēnu*, asu, ballukku, totaled as GIŠ.HI.A riqqi) ARMT 22 261:2; 5 MA.NA GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR.MÌN (beside asu and ballukku) ARM 21 106:10; the merchant will convert ša 5 bilat erî ana erēna ana giš. šu-ur-mi-ni. meš ana daprāni ana asî (see erēnu A usage c) AASOR 16 77:8, cf. HSS 13 484:7, cf. also (bought from a merchant of Emar) ARMT 23 523:3; 10 MA.NA GIŠ  $\acute{u}$ -ri(!)-nu [X MA].NA  $\acute{s}u$ -ur-mi-ru [X] DAL Î.MEŠ HSS 15 152:2;  $\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA GIŠ. Sur.min (between erenu and dapranu) Postgate Palace Archive 140:2, cf. ADD 1042:8, 1074:2; 3 MA.NA GIŠ  $haš\bar{u}r$  3 MA.NA GIŠ. šur.min (followed by asu, šimeššalû, ganû  $t\bar{a}bu$ , etc., as Sim.Hi.A) UCP 9 93 No. 27:7 (NB), cf. (among SIM.HI.A ša DUG.A.GÚB.BA) YOS 6 75:7; 4 MA.NA ŠIM ŠUR.MÌN-ni (among aromatics) CT 55 376:4, ef. ibid. 385:6, also CT 57 139:4, Wr. [1] MA.NA šur-i-ni CT 55 374:2 (all NB).

2' in preparation of perfume: [...]  $\delta ur(?)$ -mi-nu  $ihas \delta ulu$  [...] ... [... ri]  $q = q \bar{e} \delta a has l \bar{u} te tama[ssi...]$  they crush [...] (and) eypress, you wash its crushed aromatics Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 41:11.

3' in rit. and omens: if the king kindles the brazier and ina GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN illik it burns with cypress (kindling) CT 40 39:44 (SB Alu); in the dead of night kinūnu mutz talliku tašakkan GIŠ.MEŠ ablūti GIŠ.E[RIN] GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN . . . ana muḥḥi [. . .] you set up a portable brazier (and) [place] upon it dry wood, cedar, cypress, (etc.) LKA 139:35 and dupl. BA 5 670 No. 27:5, cf. Or. NS 36 287:2, cf. also (on a garakku brazier) BRM 4 6:15, see Tul p. 93; GIŠ.ERIN GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN . . . tatabbak you heap cedar, cypress, (etc.) (on the brush pile) 4R 55 No. 2:18, see ArOr 17/1 187, cf. [. . .]-x-ti GIŠ.ERIN GIŠ.

šurmēnu šurmēnu

SUR.MìN tatabbak CT 38 20: 80 (Alu namburbi); [GI]Š.ŠUR.MìN GIŠ.AZ (and other aromatics) RAcc. 18 iv 3; nignak GIŠ.ŠUR.MìN tašakkan you set up a censer (burning) cypress (beside NſG.NA burāši) Köcher BAM 323:97; erēna GIŠ.ŠUR.MìN qanā tāba tusannaš . . . ina libbi 2 gizillē erēni GIŠ.ŠUR.MìN qanê tābi tusannaš (see sanāšu usage b) KAR 26 r. 20 f.; šumma GIŠ.ŠUR. MìN iddinušu if one gives him cypress Dream-book 323 K.2018A i y + 15; [Ú] GIŠ.ŠUR. MìN: A.DAR: dI[M ina K]UR i-<a>dar Köcher BAM 1 iv 6.

in med.: [X MA.NA] GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR. Min (in apothecary's list) PBS 2/2 107 i 5 (MB);  $1 \text{ GÍN } er\bar{e}nu \quad 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ GÍN } GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN$ 1 gín daprānu . . . 24 ú. hi. a šim. hi. a an: nûti one shekel of cedar, one and onehalf shekels of cypress (resin?), one shekel of juniper, (etc.), these 24 herbs and aromatics (to be used for an enema) AMT 41,1 iv 12 (= Köcher BAM 579), cf. Küchler Beitr. pl. 10 iii 28, AMT 56,5 r. 3, GIŠ.ERIN GIŠ. ŠUR.MÌN GIŠ  $dapr\bar{a}nu$  Köcher BAM 168:33, and passim, GIŠ.ŠUR.MIN (between erēnu and daprānu) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 iv 27, (for a poultice) CT 23 45 iii 6 (= Köcher BAM 482 iii 40), Jastrow, Transactions of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia 1913 400 r. 20, Köcher BAM 7:2, 9:2, (for a mêlu) AMT 40,2:6 and dupl. STT 95:8, Wr. GIŠ.ERIN GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR. MÌN . . . ŠIM.HI.A kališunu Köcher BAM 396 ii 25, also KUB 4 49 iv 9; GIŠ.ERIN GIŠ.ŠUR. MÌN GI.DÙG.GA . . . taḥaššal tanappi AMT 19,8:6, and passim in med. texts, cf. Küchler Beitr. pl. 12 iv 27; GI.DÙG.GA ŠIM.BAL GIŠ.ŠUR. Min (etc., for a potion) Köcher BAM 555 ii 18, cf. (for an emetic) ibid. 16, (for a bandage for the head) RA 53 2:7, cf. Köcher BAM 216:32, (in ointments) ibid. 3 ii 34; note measured by volume: ½ sìla giš.šur.mìn AMT 55,1:11.

d) šaman šurmēni cypress oil — 1' in letters and econ.: ša 5 gín kỳ.BABBAR burāšu ša 3 gín ì asi ša 10 gín ì.Šu. ÚR.Mìn... suḥurma look for five shekels worth of juniper, three shekels worth of oil of myrtle, and ten shekels worth of

oil of cypress CT 29 13:13, cf. ibid. 31, (beside i kanaktim) ibid. 14:7, 13, 18 (both OB letters); i.DùG.GA ša aptaššašu i.BA šu-úr-mi-nim šūbilam send me perfumed oil to anoint myself with, cypress oil ArOr 17/1 p. 329 B 179:7 (Mari let.); l kirippam ša i š[u-u]r-me(!)-ni(!) . . . ana i.BA bēli\(\sigma\)ja\) ušābilam I sent one pot of cypress oil for ointment for my lord ARMT 13 16:26, cf. ARMT 22 314:5, and passim, see Charpin, MARI 3 112 s.v.; x i.šu.úr.min sag ARM 21 109:1, 115:1; one shekel (of silver) i šu-úr-mi-nu MDP 23 310:10.

2' in rit., magic, and med. use: dam sinunti itti i.giš giš.šur.min tuballal erša talappat lumnu ipattar you mix swallow's blood with cypress oil, you smear the bed with it and the evil will depart CT 4 5:8, cf. (in MN) ì.GIŠ GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN lippašiš ibid. 24, see KB 6/2 42 ff.; i.GIŠ. šur.mìn ina libbi turâq bāb bīt amēli kīdâ tesêr (see sêru mng. 1a) Craig ABRT 1 66:11, see Zimmern, ZA 32 172; itti ì šu*úr-m*[*i-ni*] tuballal you mix (various ingredients) with oil of cypress (and smear the door and the threshold with it) 40 13:41 and dupls., see Or. NS 40 137:6 (namburbi), cf. ana libbi šamni ha[lşi] u ì.GIŠ *§u-ur-mi-ni tabal[lal]* KUB 37 45 r.(!) i 4, cf. also BMS 12:15 and dupl. Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 45:6, BMS 12:102, see Ebeling Handerhebung 76 ff., BMS 30 r. 26; *šaman bīni* ì.giš.šu.úr. Mìn . . . itti dispi himēti tuballal you mix tamarisk oil, cypress oil, (etc.) with honey and ghee Scheil Sippar 16:8, cf. ana libbi ì.GIŠ GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR.MÌN tanaddi...tapaššas: suma you put (various ingredients) in cypress oil and you rub him with it KUB 37 43 iv 7, cf. AMT 86,1 iii 4 and 10, also (against evil magic) Köcher BAM 461 iii 31, Wr. ì. GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN ibid. 21, Ì.GIŠ.ŠU.ÚR.MÌN ibid. 463 r. 4 and 6, 1. SUR. MIN ibid. 417:16; qaq= qad kurkî ina ì.giš.šur.mìn zēr kamkadu tuballal taptanaššassuma BE 31 56 r. 41 (= Köcher BAM 398), cf. LKA 9 r. i 11, (in broken context) i.giš giš.šur.min tapaššas[su] BMS 51:13, and passim; allana teppus i.GIS.

šurmīnu šurpu

SUR.Mìn tasallah you make a suppository, sprinkle it with cypress oil AMT 43,1:4, Köcher BAM 168:75, cf. (a tampon for the ears) AMT 34,1:3, 36,1:17 (= Köcher BAM 503 iv 3, iii 17), AMT 37,2:6.

e) KU (= qēmu?) powder(?): KU GIŠ. ERIN KU GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN KU GIŠ duprāni...
naphar 46 zíd.da.meš [ú(or giš).H]I.a u
ŠIM.HI.a powder(?) of cedar, powder(?) of
cypress, powder(?) of juniper, in all 46
powders, herbs(?), and aromatics Köcher
BAM 124 iii 52 and parallel ibid. 125:16; 10 gín
KU GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN-nu Jastrow, Transactions of
the College of Physicians of Philadelphia 1913
398:21, [10 gí]n KU GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN CT 23 33
iii 10 (= Köcher BAM 480), also Köcher BAM 9:26.

The identification of *šurmēnu* with *Cyperus sempervirens* and *Cyperus horizontalis* is based on etymology, cf. Arabic *šarzbīn*, Aram. *šurbīnā* and *šarwainā*, cf. also Old Pers. *tarmi* and *sarw*; see Löw Flora 3 26 ff.

Thompson DAB 286 f.

šurmīnu see šurmēnu.

*šurmiru see šurmēnu usage c-1'.

šurmû see šurmûtu.

**šurmûtu** (*šurmû*) s.; (mng. uncert.); syn. list.*

 $\delta u$ -ur-mu- $t\acute{u}$  (var.  $\delta u$ -ur-mu-u) = sa-al-mu Malku VIII 33.

šurnû s.; (a plant); plant list.

Ú šar-ti su-hi, [Ú] šar-ga-da-ra-nu, [Ú š] ar-na-[gi](text-zi), [Ú a]r-ga-da-ra-nu, [Ú ša]r-zu-hu: Ú šur-nu-u Uruanna II 140 ff., from Köcher Pflanzenkunde 7 iii 1 ff., cf. ibid. 11 i 60 ff.; Ú šur-nu-u: Ú bappiru dIM Uruanna II 146; Ú šur-nu-u (in pharm. list) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 ii 15.

šurpašamma adv.(?); (mng. unkn.);
Nuzi.*

A.SA.MES šu-ur-pa-ša-ma ina qāti nadû the fields remained in (my) possession ....-ly(?) HSS 13 402:6 (let., translit. only).

**šurpītu** (*šurpūtu*) s.; burning thirst(?); lex.; cf. *šarāpu*.

e-me-e[n-gi] [KA×ME+GI] =  $\delta ur$ -pu-[tum] Ea III 114, cf. [i]m-mi-in-gi KA×ME+GI  $\# \delta u$ -ur-pi- $t[<math>um \# \dots$ ] KA # pu-u # ME # li-[ $\delta \acute{a}$ - $nu \# \dots$ ] A III/2 Comm. r.(?) 4f.; [KA×A] =  $\delta u$ -ur- $p\acute{u}$ -tum (between  $pulh \check{e}tu$  and laplaptu) Kagal D Section 8:5'.

In KUB 37 20:5 and 8 read urbātu, q.v.

šurpu s.; 1. firewood, combustibles, 2. burning; from OB on; cf. šarāpu.

[...] =  $[\delta u]$ -ru-up-tum,  $[\delta u]$ r-pu Nabnitu XXIII 111f.;  $KA \times X = \delta ur(?)$ -pu (between pulhētu and laplaptu) Erimhuš VI 234; uncert.: [... G]I  $/\!\!/$  ra-pa(read  $\delta ur(?)$ -pu RA 17 153 r. ii 16 (astrol. comm.).

- 1. firewood, combustibles -a) in gen.: GIŠ.HI.A šu-ur-pa-am ileqqûnim u ša: maššammī inappaṣu (see napāṣu A mng. 3a) ARM 2 87:19, cf. GIŠ.HI.A šu-ur-pí-im ARMT 13 138:4 and 7; elippam . . . lirdûši  $u \, \delta u - ur - pa - am \, \delta \bar{u} bi[l(?)]$  let them sail the boat (from GN to GN₂) and moreover send(?) firewood(?) VAS 16 166:12, cf. 5 tuppātim šu-ur-pa-am ina libbi giš.m[A ...] ibid. 93:36 (both OB letters); 1  $\delta u$ -urpu-um PN Greengus Ishchali 90:7 (OB); GIŠ. [(x)].MEŠ  $\delta u$ -ur-pu (in list of vessels and textiles, possibly for a ritual) Iraq 23 pl. 9 (p. 18f.) ND 2097:11, cf. 10 magarrāte ša *šu-ur-pi* ten bundles of firewood ZA 74 78:37 (both NA); uncert.: PN ša ašpurak= kunūši 7 lim šur-bu [. . .]-ki ina muhhišu [...] TCL 9 145:15 (NB let.).
- b) in rit.: šur-pu tašarrap šur-pu [...] bāba tušeṣṣi you have the fire consume the material to be burned and take the [...] combustibles outdoors MaqluIX 150f.; amēla šuātu ina muḥḥi šur-pu [tušzaz] you have that man stand on the material to be burned (and recite the following) KAR 72:18 (namburbi), see Ebeling, RA 48 184.
- **2.** burning (as name of a ritual):  $en\bar{u}ma$   $n\bar{e}peš\bar{e}$  ša šur-pu t[epp]ušu when you per-

šurpû šurqu A

form the rituals for (the series) "Burning" Šurpu I 1, cf. KAR 90 r. 20 (rit.), see TuL p. 120; DUB.2.KAM šur-pu Šurpu II 193a, and passim in subscripts of the series; maqlū šur-pu (in list of the exorcist's repertory) KAR 44:14; [hu]luppaqqa tašėtma šur-pu tašakkan you leave the brazier (in place) and perform the šurpu ritual PBS 1/1 13 r. 51, cf. hu= luppaqqa išėtma . . . šur-pa išakkanma von Weiher Uruk 12 iii 41 (bit rimki).

šurpû see šuruppû.

šurpūtu see šurpītu.

šurqiš see šarqiš.

šurqu A (šurraqu) s.; 1. theft, act of stealing, 2. stolen goods; from OA, OB on; ef. šarāqu A.

níg.zú.a =  $\delta ar-ra-qu$ ,  $\delta ur-qu$  Nabnitu J 213f.; udu.níⁿⁱ.zu = im-mer  $\delta ur-qi$ (var. -qu) Hh. XIII 86f.

úš.tag nam.lilib(šī.šī) nam.zíz.ta dib. ba: lap-tan dami šá ina šur-qí u kiššati sabta one who is tainted by blood or who has been seized in a case of theft or aggression (is not allowed to enter the temple) BiOr 30 165:29 f. (rit.).

- 1. theft, act of stealing a) with sarāqu to commit a theft: kīma šu-ur-qá-am ina GN iš-ri-qú (they proved) that he had committed the theft in GN (for context see kašāšu A) UCP 10 159 No. 91:15 (OB Ishchali); the slave girl ina bīt šitti b[ābim š]u-ur-qá-am iš-ri-iq committed a theft in the house of a neighbor Kraus AbB 1 30:8; ina šur-qí iš-ru(var. -ri)-qú ittami he has sworn in the case of a theft which he has committed Šurpu II 85.
- b) used adverbially (ina šurqi) 1' in lit.: arki libbašu išnīma [...] ina šu-urqí itbalamma afterwards he changed his mind and took (the property) away by stealth Bauer Asb. 90:11; obscure: you save him ša ina šur-qu pu-un-zu-[ru]-ma ezbu a-[...] JRAS Cent. Supp. 35 (pl. 2):18 (hymn to Ninurta).

2' in colophons: ša tuppa šuātu itab: balu dŠamaš ēnēšu litbal ša ina šur-gí i- $\delta a-ri-qu \dots dNab u \dots nap \delta assu k \bar{\imath} ma m \hat{e}$ litbuk whoever removes this tablet, may Šamaš take away his eyesight, whoever steals it unlawfully, may Nabû pour away his life as if it were water Hunger Kolophone No. 234:7, cf.  $[\S a]$  ina  $[\S ur-q]$  i i- $\S ar$ ri-qu ibid. No. 237:7 (both from Assur), §a ina šur-qu i-šá-ri-qi ibid. No. 351:3, [ša ina]  $\delta ur-qi$   $i-\delta ar-ri-qu$  ibid. No. 358:4;  $\delta a$ ina šur-qu i-šar-ri-qu ibid. No. 359:3, wr. ša ina šur-[ra]-qi i-šá-ri-q[u]ibid. No. 355:2 (all Sultantepe); pālih Anu u Antu lişşur u lišāqir ina šur-qa la itabbalšu let him who fears Anu and Antu guard it and prize it, may he not remove it by stealth TCL 6 1 r. 59, ibid. 10 r. 3, cf. Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen p. 33 VAT 7847 + AO 6448:163, ina šur-qu la itabbalšu BRM 4 7:47 (all Sel.).

c) other occs.: aššum šamaššammī... išrigu ina pīšu šu-ur-gá-am ukīnu because by his own testimony they established that he had stolen the linseed TIM 4 33:31 (OB leg.); if an official does not hand over stolen property to the city of Ešnunna ekallum šu-ur-qa(var. -qá)-am ittišu ītaw: the palace will prosecute him for theft Goetze LE § 50:10; šipātim imtaša' u kasap ummiānim uhtallig šu-ur-gú-um ina muhhika nadi (PN said:) "He took the wool by force and thereby caused financial loss for the creditor," - (now) the (charge of) theft is being laid at your door Kraus AbB 1 95:13;  $[b\bar{e}l\check{s}u\ ilaqq\bar{e}]\check{s}u\ a\check{i}lu\ \check{s}\bar{u}t\ \check{s}ur$ qa inaš[ši] the owner of the property will take it back and the aforementioned person will be liable for the theft KAV 6 r. 15 (Ass. Code C), cf. u šur-ga ša immeri i-[naaš-ši] he will be liable for the theft of the sheep KAV 5:8 (Tablet F); māmīt uzu šurqi (var.  $\delta u$ -ur-qi)  $ak\bar{a}lu$  Šurpu III 58, note šu-ru-uq ilim u šarrim innakkal TLB 1 231:23 (OB), see Leemans, RA 64 64 and Kraus, RA 65 94; obscure: šu-ur-qá-am līkulanni

šurqu A šurrâm

Kraus, AbB 10 192:23, *šu-ur-qá-am lūkulšu* ibid. 26.

2. stolen goods — a) in OAkk.: 10 U₈. UDU ŠÁM 10 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR a-na su-ur-qí bītišu PN ište PN₂ [imhur] PN received from PN₂ (one-third shekel of silver, one cow valued at five shekels of silver and) ten sheep valued at ten shekels of silver (as compensation) for the theft in his house JCS 26 76 No. 8:6.

b) in OA, OB: ša šu-ur-qá-am ina qātišu imhuru iddâk anyone who receives stolen goods from his (the thief's) hands will be put to death CH § 6:37; šu-ur-qá-am PN ublakkum (he said) "PN2 has brought you some stolen goods" (note šumma Šamaš akattam by Šamaš, I would not conceal line 22) IM 67226:10 (courtesy Kh. al-Adhami); še'um šû ul itt[addin] PN ina 8 (GUR) 2 (PI) 3 (BÁN) GUR.ŠE 7 GUR.ŠE imduda[m] 1 (GUR) 2 (PI) 3 (BÁN) GUR.ŠE that barley has not been *§u-ur-qum* handed over: out of eight gur, two PI, and three seahs of barley, PN measured out for me seven gur, but one gur, two PI, and three seahs turned out to be stolen goods Sumer 14 58 No. 32:15 (Harmal let.); ina šuur-qí-im PN iṣṣabtušu ana PN₂ bēl šu-ur-qíšu di.kud gn ikšušuma ana gn, pn illikam: ma (see kašāšu A mng. 1a) UCP 10 159 No. 91:7 ff., cf. PN [i] na šu-ur-qi-im ša PN₂ isbatuma YOS 14 40:2, ana  $\S u$ -ur- $\lceil q i \rceil$ - $\lceil im \rceil$ ibid. 19 (all OB);  $\delta u$ - $\lceil ur \rceil$ - $\lceil q\acute{a}$ - $am \rceil$  i- $na \lceil q\vec{a} \rceil ti$ = šu issabtu they seized the stolen goods in his possession UCP 10 177 No. 107:11, cf. (in broken context) bel šu-ur-qí as[bat] TIM 2 88:20.

c) in MA: māḥirānu ša ina qāt aššat a'īli imḥuruni šur-qa iddan the receiver who received (the goods) from the man's wife will hand over the stolen goods KAV 1 i 42 (Ass. Code § 3), cf. māḥirānu šur-qa inašši ibid. 73 (§ 6); šumma lu urdu lu amtu... mimma imtaḥru... šur-qa umallū if a slave or slave girl receives anything, they will restore the stolen goods ibid. 51

(§ 4), cf. šur-qa la umallû ibid. 56; šumma aššat a'īli ina bīt a'īli šanêma mimma talti-ri-iq ana qāt 5 ma.na anniki tūtattir bēl šur-qí itamma mā šumma ušāhizušini  $m\bar{a}$  ina bītija ši-ir-qi if a man's wife steals anything from the house of another man and its value exceeds (lit. she exceeds) that of five minas of tin, the owner of the stolen property will take an oath, saying: "(I swear) I did not incite her, saying 'Commit a theft in my house'" ibid. 60 (§ 5); šumma mussa magir šur-qa iddan u ipattar: ši . . . šumma mussa ana paţāriša la imag: gur bēl šur-qí ilaggēši u appaša inakkis if her husband is willing (to ransom her), he may return the stolen goods and ransom her, if he is not willing to ransom her, the owner of the stolen goods may take her and cut off her nose ibid. 64 and 68; šur-qa ammar iš-[ri]-[qu-ni] KAV 6 r. 7 (Ass. Code C § 8), cf. ibid. obv. 31 (§ 5).

In CT 46 49 vi 24 read &ur-ki (imp. fem. of &uraku).

Leemans, RSO 32 661 ff.

šurqu B s.; (mng. unkn.); OB Alalakh, MA.

ina libbi 350 ERÍN.MEŠ ša qāt bēlija 4 LÚ.MEŠ šur-qi 2 LÚ.MEŠ talmīdū 3 LÚ. MEŠ pirsu 2 LÚ.MEŠ ša GABA 3 SAL.MEŠ šur-qi 1 SAL talmittu 4 SAL pirsu naphar 19 ṣābī ša MN mētūni among the 350 men under my lord, four š. men, two apprentices, three weaned boys, two suckling male infants, three š. women, one apprentice girl, four weaned girls, in all 19 people listed for MN have died VAS 19 71:32 and 35 (MA let.); 30 gín kừ.BABBAR ša šu-ur-qi-im eli PN LÚ GIŠ AN DI LI IM thirty shekels of silver for (?) š. debited against PN, a . . . . JCS 8 27 No. 370:6 (OB Alalakh).

**šurrâm** adv.; previously; Mari*; cf. *šurrû* A v.

 $\S u$ -ur-ra-am 1- $\S u$  2- $[\S u]$  ana GN  $al\bar{a}kka$   $a\S pur[akkum]$  inanna ana  $GN_2$   $ak\S udam$ ... ana  $GN_2$  ana  $\S \bar{e}rija$  alkam previously I or-

šurraqu šurru

dered you once or twice to come to GN, (but) now I have arrived at  $GN_2$  (so) come to  $GN_2$  to me ARM 4 2:5, cf. (in broken context), wr. &u-ur-ra-a-am ibid. 67:6.

## šurraqu see šurqu A.

šurrātu s.; beginning; OA, MA, NA; cf. šurrû A v.

 $ina \&u-ra-\langle at \rangle \underline{h}arr\bar{a}nim \langle \&a(?) \rangle an\bar{a}ku u$ PN ištu GN nillikanni at the beginning of the business venture when I and PN came from GN CCT 5 27c:9 (OA); ina šurrat šērudika when you begin to take (the horses) down (into the water) Ebeling Wagenpferde 21 F r. 3 (MA); ina šur-rat šarrūtija ina mahrê palēja ša ina kussē šarrūti rabîš  $\bar{u}\dot{s}ibu$  at the beginning of my reign, in my first palû, when I took the royal throne in all majesty KAH 2 83:8 and dupl. (Adn. II), see Schramm Einleitung 6, also AKA 268 i 43 (Asn.), Iraq 21 150: 6, Iraq 25 52: 10, Iraq 41 48: 9 (Shalm. III), and passim (replacing the earlier ina šurrū šarrūtija) in inscriptions of Asn. and Shalm. III.

## šurrihumunû see surrihumunû.

**šurru** v.; **1.** to go down, descend (for a purpose), **2.** to lean over a wall, into a window, to lean, bend in a certain direction; from OB on; II  $u\bar{s}\bar{i}r - u\bar{s}\hat{a}r - s\bar{u}r$ , II/3; cf.  $mu\bar{s}\bar{e}ru$ ,  $mu\bar{s}\bar{i}rtu$ .

gú.lá = šur-rum Antagal D 168; gú.gíd = šur-ru Izi F 113; sag.ki.gíd = šur qaqqadi Kagal B 251.

a.ab.ba um.mi.lá ab ši.hu.luh.ha: ana tâmti ú-šar-ma tâmtum šî galtat when (your word) hovers over the sea, that sea becomes restless 4R 26 No. 4:5 f., cf. (with ana sūsê the reed thicket) ibid. 7 f., (ana agê Puratti) ibid. 9 f., dupl. SBH 106 f. No. 56:74 ff.; ab.ta gú ba.ra.lá.e: ša ina apti ú-šá-ru who leans out of the window KAR 46:1 and dupl. CT 17 35:67; «e» sila e.sír. ra gú mu.un.gíd.gíd: sūqa ana sūqa ul-ta-narru they peer into street after street BRM 49:41, cf. (in broken context) gú mu.un.gíd.gíd: ul-ta-na-ar-[ru(?)] BA 10/1 102 No. 22 r. 14 f.

1. to go down, descend (for a purpose) - a) in gen.: qišātišunu pazrāti ša mamma ahû la ú-šar-ru ina libbi their (the Elamites') secret groves into which no stranger had ever penetrated Streck Asb. 54 vi 66; kīma inūma ana mātim šâti úša-ar-ru mātum šî [k] aluša kīma 1 awīlim ana şērija ibbalakk[a]tu because, when I go down to that country, that entire country as a single man will rebel against me ARM 1 29:22; water from the Tigris and the Euphrates ša urrušti la ú-ši*ir-ru* (into which) a menstruating woman had not stepped CT 23 3:8;  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}ir$  (var. ú-šir) ana būri ittabak šurīpu (as) he (Pazuzu) went down to the well, he poured ice (on it) AfO 17 358:22 (inc.); ana būrti la  $\dot{u}$ -ša-ar he must not go down to the well Iraq 21 48:13, 50:35, also, wr. ú-šar KAR 177 r. iii 24, r. ii 28, r. i 6, Wr. ú-šar-ra Iraq 23 90:5, and passim in hemer.; ana kirî la ú-šάár Iraq 21 50:30, KAR 147:30 and r. 7, Wr.  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}a$ -ar KAR 147 r. 4, wr.  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}ar$  Iraq 21 52:46, KAR 177 r. ii 3, 12, 31 and passim in hemer.; Bēlet-ilī ana bītišu la ú-šar-ma the Lady-of-the-Gods must not descend to his house (and put a stop to births of animals and men) RA 66 166:40 (MB kudurru); šumma āribu ultu ūri ú-še-ir-ram-ma (var. ú-šìr-ram-ma) issi if a raven, descending(?) from the roof, caws CT 41 1 K.6791:9, var. from von Weiher Uruk 32:5, cf. ina apti sēli ú-ši-ir-ma issi Sumer 34 Arabic Section 61:12 (SB Alu); [šumma ina] bīt amēli sēru ištu hurri ul-ta-na(var. -nar)-ra if in a man's house a snake keeps rearing out of (its) hole KAR 384:19 (SB Alu), var. from ZA 71 114 iii 17; nakru ana nişirtija ana ibissê ú-šar-ra the enemy will swoop down on my treasures, causing losses 428:31 (SB ext.), cf. CT 31 35 r. 15; (the witch) ša ana ipšīša u ruhîša la ú-šar-ru mamma against(?) whose spells and charms no one can proceed(?) Maqlu III 55; difficult: ušum= gallu galitma ilāni šur-ru-šú (var. šu-rušu) even though the dragon is frightening, the gods keep an eye on him (the diviner) BBR No. 1-20:3, var. from BBR

šurru šurrū

No. 75:20; dMUŠ  $\check{s}u$ -ur- $\check{s}\acute{u}$  (apod.) CT 41 21:29.

- b) with good or evil purpose specified: Enlil ana māti ana lemutti ú-šar Enlil will descend to the land with evil intent ACh Sin 3:7, ACh Ištar 21:42, wr. ú-šar-ra BRM 4 13:61, K.2933:8, wr. ú-šar-ri BRM 4 13:23, wr. ú-šá-ri Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 15:4; DINGIR.[MEŠ ana . . .] ú-šar-ru K.3914 r. 7, [ana] damiqti ú-šár-rù K.2157 r. 7 and parallel 82-3-23,49:7, also CT 40 39:32, TCL 6 9:10.
- 2. to lean over a wall, into a window, to lean, bend in a certain direction a) to lean over a wall:  $ap\bar{a}ni\check{s}$  internally  $d\bar{u}r\bar{a}ni\check{s}$  uš-ta-na- $\acute{a}r$  she (Lamaštu) always slips in through the window, constantly leans over the wall LKU 32:13.
- b) to lean into a window: dAB.BA.ŠÚ. ŠÚ lemniš aptišú-šìr leaned malevolently into the window Lambert, Kraus AV 194 II 20 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn), cf. atti Kilili ša apāta ú-šar-ru Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 57:22; šumma šurānu ana apti bīt amēli ú-ši-ir if a cat leans into the window of a man's house CT 39 48 BM 64295:11, also ibid. 50 K.957 r. 6, cf. šumma šurānu ana apti bīt amēli sadriš uš-ta-nar ibid. 48:12, uš-ta-nàr-ru ibid. 4, if in a man's house a hallulaz ja demon KI.MIN (= ina apti) uš-ta-nàr CT 38 25 K.2942+:8, also ana apāti āli uš-ta-nar-ri CT 38 5:133 and 135 var. (all SB Alu).
- c) to lean, bend in a certain direction—

  1' said of a constellation: šumma EN.

  TE.NA.BAR.HUM ana apsî šu-úr if Centaurus(?) leans toward the apsû ACh Ištar

  21:52 and dupls., with comm. MUL.MEŠ-šú iba'iluma ina KI IGI.MEŠ its stars are very bright so that they can be seen from(?) the ground K.1776+:23, also (opposite): ana šamê šu-úr with comm. MUL.ME-šú ummulu its stars are faint ibid. 20 (partly in ACh Sin 19); šumma MUL.UGA ana MUL.

  AB.SÍN šu-úr if the Raven looks toward the Furrow ACh Supp. 2 80:4 and dupls.

81-7-27,137:23 (= ACh Supp. 2 81 § 6), ACh Ištar 24:8, and passim.

2' other occs.: šu-ra-ta ana hursāni erṣeta tabarri bending down over the mountains you (Šamaš) survey the earth Lambert BWL 126:21 (hymn to Šamaš); šumma gušūrū ša bīti ana bāb bīti šu-úr-ru if the beams of the house stretch(?) toward the gate of the house CT 40 3:62 and 7 K.2719:53, cf. NU šu-úr-[ru] ibid. 54 (SB Alu); kakku... ana £.GAL šU.SI šu-ur JCS 37 134 No. 4:13 (MB ext. report); obscure: the serpent's nest was gone ú-ši-ir-ma ul [...] it looked down(?) and did not [...] AfO 14 305:10, see Kinnier Wilson Etana 92:56.

The Sum. equivalents gú.gíd, gú.lá "to stretch the neck" and sag.ki.gíd "to stretch the forehead" point to an underlying image of craning the neck (for looking down or into something).

šurru see surru and šūru E.

**šurrû** adj.(?); (mng. unkn.); lex.*; cf. šēru E.

SAR. ak. e = MIN (= &u-ur-ru-u), ki.SAR. SAR. ak = MIN (= &e-ru) Nabnitu XXIII 219 and 223, see &eru E.

**šurrû** s.; beginning; from OB on; cf. *šurrû* A v.

sag.tab.[ba] =  $[\check{s}ur-ru-\check{u}]$  Antagal C 151; sag. a.[...] = [re]-eš  $\check{s}ur-ri-i$  Kagal B 299; [...] = re-eš  $\check{s}ur-ri-e$  Lanu A 250.

sag.tab An dEn.líl dEn.ki.kex(KID) níg. hal.hal.la ba.an. (ba).eš.a.ta: šur-ru-ú Anu Enlil u Ea uza'izu zīzāti in the beginning Anu, Enlil, and Ea divided the shares TCL 651:50, see RA 11 145:25; [è] š(?).dEn.líl.dNin.líl.lá.šè tab ku4. ku, da.a.ni.ta: ana É Enlil u Ninlil šur-ru-ú ina erēbišu when he begins to enter the temple of Enlil and Ninlil BiOr 30 164 i 3f.; [s]ur.ra.an sig₅.ga An.na dEn.líl.lá.ke_x: šur-ru-ú sig₅ ša Anim u Enlil (the month of Nisannu) is the good beginning of Anu and Enlil KAV 218 A i 3 and 9 (Astrolabe B); še.kak sag.tab(text.aš).ba: šur-ru-u // ina šur-ri-i habburšu at the beginning is its (the enemy country's) sprouting ASKT 124 No. 20:16f., see Böllenrücher Nergal No. 7; sag. tab: [ina] rēš šur-ri-i CT 16 20:89.

šurrû šurrû A

§ur-ru-u: BE UD ip-piq [...] §ur-ru-u §a murşi AfO 24 84 r. 12 f. (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet XVII); §u-úr-ri §ama§ u [dAdad EN ik2u], §u-úr-ri # ta§-r[i-tu], ik-zu # ta-[...] RA 17 193 Ki.1902-5-10,9: 6f. (astrol. comm.).

- a) with ina-1' in absolute use:  $ina \delta u-ur-ri \ Ea \ Damkina \ ana \ ward\bar{u} < ti > \delta unu \ er \delta uninni$  from the very first Ea and Damkina desired that I serve them VAS 1 32 ii 8 (Ipiq-Ištar of Malgium);  $ina \ \delta ur-ri-i \ l\bar{a}m \ ba \delta \bar{a}mu \ al\bar{a}lu \ urda \ ana \ m\bar{a}ti$  in the beginning, before creation, the work song came down to the land JNES 17 56:51 (SB inc.).
- 2' in the locative followed by a gen.: ina šur-ru šangūtija at the beginning of my office as šangū AOB 1 112 i 27 (Shalm. I), cf. ina šur-ru šarrūtija ina maḥrê palēja at the beginning of my reign, in my first palū Weidner Tn. 11 No. 5:15, and passim in insers. of Tn. I, Tigl. I, and Aššur-bēl-kala, replaced by šurrūtu in the insers. of Adn. II, Asn., Shalm. III, see Tadmor, JCS 12 27f., Studies Landsberger 352 f., cf. ina šur-ru kussī šarrūtija Weidner Tn. 26 No. 16:27.
- b) šurrû alone: šur-ru-û damqu lišarrûnni may a lucky beginning begin for me Maqlu VII 171; šu-ur-ri Šamaš u Adad EN ihzu beginning of (the section on) Šamaš and Adad, until . . . ACh Šamaš 14:13, for comm. see lex. section; see also TCL 6 51:50, BiOr 30 164, in lex. section.
- c) (ina) rēš šurrû: [ina r]ēš šu-ur-re-e-em-ma anniātim aštapparakkum I have written these things to you repeatedly ever since the beginning (of our correspondence) Bagh. Mitt. 2 59 iv 6 (OB let.); šumma attalû Šamaš ana panīka [...] TA UD.16.KAM EN UD.17.KAM d30 KI-šú lu x [...] šuātu rēš šur-ri-i ittašu ana māti LBAT 1600 r. 8.
- d) other occs.: ina ūme šū-rī A.ŠÀ illakunu eṣṣidu they (the harvesters) will come and harvest at the beginning of the (harvest of the) field Iraq 25 pl. 20 BT 104:4,

see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 34, cf. ina šuru A.ŠA Iraq 32 pl. 25 No. 15:6; in personal names:  $q\bar{a}t$  PN Šu-úr-ri-Šamaš Labat Suse 5 r. 29, cf. ibid. 4 r. 56, 7 upper edge, 10 lower edge, but Šu-úr-ri-Šamaš-ù-Adad ibid. 6 iv 56 (scribe or owner of the Susa lit. texts), see ibid. p. 3; see also Kraus, AbB 5 218 r. 11, cited šurrû A v. mng. 1a.

šurrû A v.; 1. to begin, 2. to inaugurate a building, to kindle a censer, 3. to start, originate (said of eclipses and other natural phenomena), to erupt, grow; from OA, OB on; II ušarri — ušarra — šurru, II/2 (NB ultirra — ultarra); wr. syll. and (in mng. 3) TAB, SAR; cf. šurrâm, šurrâtu, šurrâ s., tašrītu.

ta-ab TAB =  $\&ur-ru-\acuteu$  Ea II 65, also S^b II 67, Idu II 163; TAB =  $\&ur-ru-\acuteu$  MSL 9 133:465 (Proto-Aa); t[ab] = [&ur-ru]-[ru]-u, sag. du.du.[x] = [&ur-ru]-[ru]-u, sag. du.du.[x] = [&ur-ru]-[ru]-u, sag. du.du.[x] = [&ur-ru]-[ru]-u, ság. du.du.[x] = [&ur-ru]-[ru]-u AVII/4:105, cf. [&ur-ru]-[su]-u Ea VII iv 25' (= 288); [&ur-ru]-[su]-u Ea VII iv 25' (= 288); [&ur-ru]-[su]-u Nabnitu XXIII 217 ff., cf. ki.sar.sar.ak = &ur-ru-u Nabnitu XXIII 217 ff., cf. ki.sar.sar.ak = &ur-ru-u (see &ur-ru-u Ea VII iv 23; &ur-ru-u (see &ur-ru-u (Hitt.) ud-da-ni-it an-da tar-nu-war to "let in" with a word Erimhus Bogh. B 10'; &ur-ru-u = [&ur-ru]-[u]-[&ur-ru]-[u]-[ur-ru]-[u]-[ur-ru]-[u]-[ur-ru]-[u]-[ur-ru]-[u]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-ru]-[ur-r

[TAB ||] šur-ru-ú || TAB || hamātu AfO 24 83:17 (comm. to diagn. omens); TAB || hamātu, TAB || šur-ru-u . . . ihmuma || šur-ru-u || MIN || šakānu, ihmu=ma || šur-ru-u (for context see hamāmu mng. 3) AfO 14 pl. 7 ii 14-17; za-al NI = šurdû || ka-a-šú [x]-tap-riš [. . .], šur-ru-u || a-lak || na-gaš A II/1 Comm. B 16; SAR || šur-ru-u ša lapāti (comm. on MUL.APIN ana AB.SÍN šur-ri-i, see mng. 1a) BPO 2 Text III 2a, cf. SAR || šur-ru-ú ša lapātum RA 17 184 Rm. 2,38 ii 18.

1. to begin — a) to begin work, an activity — 1' with object: MUL.APIN ana AB.SÍN šur-ri-i... AB.SÍN illappatma ŠE ina UD.ME-šú ú-šar-ru / rēš mērište šur-ri the Plow star is for starting the furrow, the furrow will be "touched," the barley will grow in season, (alternate illustration): to start the cultivated field BPO 2 Text III 2, for comm. see lex. section; šipri šáši ú-šar-ri-i-mi epēšu agbi I took that

šurrû A šurrû A

task in hand and commanded that it be done JAOS 88 126 i b 15 (NB votive); ašar šipiršu ú-šar-ru... šipta tamannu adi iggammaru ZA 45 208 v 25 (Bogh. rit.); enūma šipir ina bīt mummu šur-ri-i UVB 15 37 r. 4 (NB rit.); gizzu ina £.DINGIR.MEŠ-ka nu-ul-tir-ra we have begun the shearing in your temple YOS 3 7:16; ana pani sagānija attalak lu tīdê dibbīnê ul-tar-ra-a know that I have gone before my magistrate and begun our case YOS 3 142:28 (both NB letters).

- 2' in hendiadys: lāmama têrtaka ilz likanni nu-ša-ri-ma PN nīrišma before your instructions arrived, we began making demands on PN RA 60 99 MAH 16373:4, cf. ša-ri-a-ma ana kaspim . . . i'dama . . . šašqilašuma kaspam leqea start paying attention to the silver and collect from him and take the silver TCL 4 24:36 (both OA letters); MU.AN.NA annītu ú-sa-ar-ri-i-u iraṣṣipu this year they have started to build ABL 476 r. 17, see Parpola LAS No. 277; uṭṭata ina qāt PN šu-ur-ra-a mušḥa begin measuring the barley from PN BIN 1 31:21 (NB let.).
- 3' other occs.: aššum eqlim ša eliāti ina rēš ITI.KIN. dinanna ú-ša-ar-ru-ú concerning the field on the uplands, they will begin (the accounting) at the beginning of Ulūlu Kraus, AbB 5 218 r. 9, cf. (the accounts) ša šu-ri Sippar ibid. r. 11; (in the morning) šurrū damqu li-šar-ra-an-ni may a lucky beginning begin for me Maqlu VII 171; mīnamma Lú.Engar.[Meš] illiku: nim[ma] itti dullij[a] ú-šá-[r]u-[ū] why did the farm laborers come and begin with my work? CT 22 116:11 (NB let.).
- b) to begin battle: anna mithurumma ša qarrādī urram qablam Akkade ú-ša-ar-ra now is the clashing of the warriors, at dawn Akkad begins battle RA 45 172:18 (OB lit.); šarru ina pani ummāni ú-šar-ri qabla the king at the head of (his) army began battle Tn. Epic "ii" 33; [qa]blu u tāḥazu tu-šá-ra-an-ni-ma you have

started warfare against me Borger Esarh. 104 i 32.

- 2. to inaugurate a building, to kindle a censer a) to inaugurate a building: ina bidāti u rīšāte u-šar-ri-šú ērub qerebšu I inaugurated it (the bīt ridūti) amidst rejoicing and jubilation (and) I entered it Streck Asb. 90 x 107; ana GN ētarba ekallu ina GN₂ ú-sa-ri I entered the land of Kummuhi and inaugurated(?) the palace in the city of Tiluli AKA 226:36, also ibid. 231 r. 18, 326 ii 87, 333 ii 101; ina ūme RN ekallu . . . ša GN ú-šar-ri-ú-ni when RN inaugurated(?) the palace at Calah Iraq 14 34:103, cf. ibid. 35:141 (all Asn.).
- b) to kindle a censer: šēḥtu ú-šar-ra he kindles the incense burner Speleers Recueil 315:4, for other refs. see šēḥtu usage a.
- 3. to start, originate (said of eclipses and other natural phenomena), to erupt, said of eclipses: UD attalû grow - a) ina šērtim ú-šar-ri-ma nam an.ne uštānih if the (solar) eclipse begins in the morning and lasts until the afternoon KUB 4 63 ii 29, cf. ibid. ii 20, iv 1, 3, see Leibovici, RA 50 14 ff.; [attalû ina im.u_x].lu ú-šarri-ma (if) an eclipse begins in the south KUB 4 64A:2, also (with the west, the east, the north) ibid. 3ff., cf. LBAT 1544 edge 1ff.; (the lunar eclipse) ina im.kur ul-tar-[ru] ABL137:8 (NB let.); the evil consequences of an eclipse depend on the month, the day, the watch of the night, and tašrītu ašar úšar-ru-ú the place where it starts ABL 1006:4, cf. (we do not know) tašrītu ašar  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}e$ -ir-ru- $\acute{u}$  ibid. 7 (= Thompson Rep. 268, NB);  $k\bar{\imath}ma \, \check{s}a \, attal\hat{u}^{\,d}30 \, \text{TAB-}\hat{u}^{\,}$  as soon as the lunar eclipse begins BRM 4 6:43 (NB rit.), also, wr.  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}\acute{a}$ -ru- $\acute{u}$  ibid. 16.
- b) said of planetary phenomena: šum=ma Múl.sag.me.gar ultu Múl.nagar ni-is-hu(text -hur) ú-šar-re-e-ma adi Mul. ur.a uqatt[û] if Jupiter begins its invisibility(?) in Cancer and ends (it) as far as Leo Hunger Uruk 94:29; Ṣalbatānu sar. sar-ru-ú (in broken context) ACh Ištar

šurrû A šurruḫu

7:13; izbu ša TA UGU UR.A ú-šar-ru-ú ina šA ša UR.A ina IGI MÚL. dA.EDIN the izbu which began from the head of Leo (remains?) within Leo in front of the star Erua RA 62 54:12, and parallel ibid. 57:4 (= LBAT 1601); rēš šurrî ša lumāši ú-šar-ru-ú TCL 6 20:14, see Hunger, ZA 66 238.

- c) said of rain, thunder, earthquakes: ina mūši ša ud.5.kam ta giš.kak.meš šèg ú-sa-ri-ia during the night of the fifth day rain (mixed) with hail (lit. nails) began ABL 707:6 (NA); ultu UD.1.KAM adi ud.[15.]kam zunnu ú-šar-ri-ma ikân (if) rain begins from the first to the 15th day and remains steady TCL 6 20:18, cf. ultu ud.15.kam adi ud.30.kam zunnu SAR-ma ikan ibid. 19 and passim in this text, see Hunger, ZA 66 238; since Adad did not thunder from Arahsamna onwards, but ultu šà Nisanni ul-tir-ru-ú began (to thunder) from Nisannu on ACh Adad 7:3; (the earthquake) lu la Addari ú-šar-ri-a-[ma] did not begin in Addaru Thompson Rep. 264 r. 3 (NA).
- d) to erupt, grow 1' said of morbid phenomena: šumma šībtu ina qaqqadišu ú-šar-ri if grey hair starts (showing) on his head Kraus Texte 3b iii 49, cf. ibid. 50 ff. and dupl. 2a r. 3 ff.; šumma NA sili'tu [UD(?). xl.KAM ú-šar-r[i-ma] if the man's illness begins on day x STT 89:43, cf. šumma ina hurbāši GIG-su ú-šar-ri-ma if his illness begins with chills ibid. 196; šumma ultu šērti adi līlāti di'u ina zumrišu ú-šar-ri-ma sili'ti libbi irtaši if from morning till night di'u erupts in his body and he suffers from intestinal disorders Labat TDP 168: 100.
- 2' said of growths on the exta: šumma ina libbi bāb ekalli DI-hu nadīma ú-šarra if within the "gate of the palace" there is a scar and it begins (to grow?) Boissier DA 217:11, cf. šumma ištu libbi bāb ekalli kakku puttulu ú-šar-ra ibid. 218:16 and dupl. Hunger Uruk 80:56, [šumma x.M]EŠ

*ištu bāb ekalli ú-šar-ru-ni* Hunger Uruk 80:97.

**šurrû B** v.; to fast, to stop eating; SB, NA; II, II/2.

issēn ūmu ēṣê ša šarru ikkušu ukarrūni kusāpu la ēkuluni . . . šalšu ina ūme annê šarru kusāpu la ekkal . . . ramini la ú-šarra . . . kusāpu lākul karāni lassi is one day not enough for the king to mope (and) eat nothing? this is already the third day that the king does not eat anything: I will not fast (anymore), I want bread to eat and wine to drink ABL 78 r. 1, see Parpola LAS No. 51; bubūtu rabâku akāla ṭapšāku 1 (BÁN) uš-tar-ra 3 (BÁN) apattan I am great in hunger (but) fill up(?) in eating, I fast with(?) one seah (but then) I can eat three seahs 2R 60 No. 1 ii 15, dupl. ND 5426:17 (courtesy D. J. Wiseman), see Römer, Persica 7 55.

Parpola LAS 2 p. 59 ad No. 51 r. 1.

# šurrû C v.; (mng. uncert.); OB*; II.

(slaves) puḥḥu šu-ur-r[u]-ú are exchanged, freed of obligations (?) CT 8 6a: 18; kīma šaddagdam 10 še kaspam sābî tu-ša-ar-ru-ú inanna 10 še kaspam ina āl wašbātama [a]na PN idimma just as last year you . . . . -ed the innkeepers ten grains of silver, now give ten grains of silver to PN in the city where you live TCL 17 25: 9.

šurruhu (fem. šurruhtu) adj.; 1. supreme, pre-eminent, lavish, 2. arrogant(?); SB; cf. šarāhu A.

1. supreme, pre-eminent, lavish — a) said of gods: ilu ellu ša ēdiššišu šur-r[u-hu] holy god, who alone is supreme JCS 21 130:8 (SB lit.), cf. (Ninurta) lu šur-ru-uh ina [...] JCS 31 88 iii 129 (SB Epic

šurruḫu šurrumma

of Zu); [ilitti] Ani šur-ru-hu BiOr 6 166:6 (hymn to Nergal); šur-ru-hu apil ili attama you are the pre-eminent descendant of the god (incipit of a prayer) BBR No. 68:30; (Gula) attima šu-ruh-tú šūpūtu KAR 73:16.

- b) said of kings: iššakku Aššur šur-ru-hu rubû na'du illustrious iššakku of Aššur, famous prince Iraq 25 52:3 (Shalm. III); note in metaphoric use: nablu šur-ru-hu glowing(?) flame (parallel: ūmu neperdû) AKA 33 i 42 (Tigl. I).
- c) lavish (referring to gifts, offerings, etc.): inbi kirî šur-ru-u[ħ] fruits of the orchard in unsurpassed number Iraq 27 7 v 7 (NB lit.); itti...zībī ellūti qutrinni šur-ru-ħi Lie Sar. p. 80:11, also Winckler Sar. pl. 36:173; ina £.SAG.IL £.GAL ilāni igisā šu-úr-ru-ħu ušerribu qerebšu (Nabonidus) has had lavish gifts brought into Esagil, the palace of the gods RA 22 61 i 27, cf. VAB 4 284 ix 46 (both Nbn.); IGI(?).SÁ(?) šur(text BAR)-ru-ħu VAS 1 37 ii 16 (NB kudurru); [... š] ur-ru-ħu utaqqanu mašqā[ja] they put my (the horse's) drinking place in order with lavish [...] Lambert BWL 183:13 (fable).
- d) other occ.: ša ina ermi Anu u kiz galli šur-ru-hu zikrūša (Ištar) whose pronouncements are pre-eminent in heaven and earth Borger Esarh. 75 § 48:3.
- 2. arrogant(?): epšētišunu šur-ru-haa-ma ana tēme ramanišunu takluma ša la ilāni minā ippušu their deeds are haughty(?), they trust only their own counsel, what will they not do in their godlessness? Borger Esarh. 42 i 33, cf. ana epšētišunu šur-ru-ha-a-ti ittakluma ibid. 41 i 23.

šurruhu (or surruhu) v.; (mng. uncert.); SB; II.

ba-ár bar = šur-ru-hu ša kaš A I/6: 324; [di-ri] [SI.A] = [šur]-ru-hu šá kaš Diri I 9.

šumma šerru . . . illātušu illaka u ú-šarra-ah if a baby's saliva keeps flowing and it drools(?) Labat TDP 218:11; šumma šerru tulû innaššīšumma išattīma ú-šarra-aḥ if the breast is offered to a baby and it drinks but drools(?) ibid. 228:104; tulâ ikkalma la išebbi u magal ú-šar-ra-aḥ ibid. 218:14, cf. tulâ ikkalma magal ú-šar-ra-aḥ ibid. 230:115; šumma immeru ištu naksu ÚŠ.MEŠ-šu kīma GA-am ú-šar-ra-aḥ if when a sheep is slaughtered, its blood dribbles(?) like . . . . CT 31 32 83-1-18, 410 r. 9.

****surrumma** (**sarrumma) adv.; promptly(?), forthwith(?), indeed(?); OB, MB, Nuzi, EA, RS, SB; wr. syll. (LUGAL EA 41:9 and 11).

a) in peripheral texts: PN (the adopter) will give PN2 in marriage to whomever he wishes and he will receive the silver for her immatimē 'PN2 itti mutišu ittana: jalu šu-ur-ru-um-ma 20 gín kù.babbar. MEŠ hašahušennu PN ana PN, inandin as soon as PN2 has lain with her husband, PN will forthwith give x silver as hasa: hušennu to PN3 (the father of the adopted girl) (replaced by ina ūmi annî in HSS 9 145:15f., see Oppenheim, Or. NS 7 378) HSS 5 80:32, cf. HSS 19 89:16;  $immatim\bar{e}\ kasp\bar{u}$ šuša pī tuppātišu ša PN u PN2 ana PN utârma  $u \, \delta u - u[r] - ru - um - ma \, ina \, libbi \delta u \, \delta a \, \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{A}. \, \delta \mathbf{A}$ PN, urrad as soon as he returns the silver to PN according to the documents of PN and PN2, PN2 will forthwith regain use of the x field JEN 102:21, cf. immatimē eqlu pa-i-hu šášu u PN kīma iṣṣē ša PN2 [ippušu] šu-ur-ru-um-ma PN2 uštu ișșēšu ușși ișșē šāšu ša PN₂ šu-ur-ru-um-ma u PN ileqqe AASOR 16 58:38 ff.; PN u  ${}^{\mathrm{f}}$ PN $_{2}$   $k\bar{\imath}ma$  pu-hi-iPN₃ 1 şuḥāru ša 2 ina ammati u 4 ubāni ana PN₄ inandinuma u [šu]-ur-ru-um-ma PN₃ māraš[un]u ileqqû PN and PN, will give as a substitute for PN3 one (slave) boy who is two cubits and four fingers (tall) to PN4 and they will forthwith take back PN₃, their son JEN 649:14, dupl. JEN 113:12; šumma atta RN amâte annâti ša šarri rabî bēlika tašamme u tanaşşaršina u šar-ruum-ma tammar dumqa ša šarru rabû bēlka šurrumma šuršašmu

udammiqakku if you, RN, read and heed these words of the great king, your lord, you will immediately experience the benefits that the great king, your lord, grants to you MRS 9 36 RS 17.132:17; ištu [KUR] Hanigalbat ašbākumi u šu-ur-um-ma illi: kuni (PN said) I am living in the land of Hanigalbat, but I(!) left temporarily(?) JEN 328:15;  $\delta u$ -ur-ru-um-ma  $m\bar{i}lulti$  x HSS 14 14:14, see Deller and Fadhil, Mesopotamia 7 211; annû šû šu-ur-ru-um-ma ša ina birini ša itti ahāmeš ša nirtana'amu it is this way certainly(?), among ourselves, that we enjoy a continuing friendship with one another EA 19:27, cf.  $\delta a$ -ar-ru-um-ma [x]. MEŠ ul ušebbal EA 29:49 (both letters of Tušratta); šumma tētepuš kî kitti u ul kīna gabbi awâte ša tašpur muhhišina šar-ruum-ma lugal ihsus umma la šalmu gabbu ša taqbû (even) if you have acted correctly, all the things you have written about are not correct - eventually the king came to the conclusion: Whatever you said is not all right EA 162:20 (let. from Egypt);  $[u \ L] UGAL \ la \ akt[al] a \ minumm \hat{e}$  $\delta a \ ab \bar{u} ka \ idb ub [u]$  lugal  $gabb [am] a \ lu$ ēpuš I have not (even) momentarily held back anything that your father talked about, I have done everything instantly EA 41:9 and 11 (let. of Suppiluliuma), see Kühne Chronologie 101 n. 500; the judges asked u atta inanna šu-ur-ru-um-ma ina arki egli šāšu tašassīmi and now you actually claim that field JEN 324:28: lu nisbat inanna šurru-um-ma ši-im-qa-am ittišu now we have actually come in contact with them (the enemy troops) Ugaritica 5 20 r. 28, cf. ibid. obv. 10 and 14 (let.).

b) in OB, MB, SB: šu-ur-ru-ú-ma ina pani bītija tazz[az] at the moment do you not head my house? TLB 4 11:5 (OB let.); mīnum šu-ru-ma inūma aḥhūja ana akalim u šikarim a-na-ku-ú aqāl what (is this) actually? If my brothers (are supported), should I have to care about food and beer? Kraus, AbB 5 160 r. 11; when I put the forty minas of gold in the kiln

[10(?) \$]a-ar-ru-um-ma ul ilâ (after smelting) not even [ten(?)] came out EA 7:72 (let. of Burnaburiaš); \$ar-ru-um-ma ana URU.KI GN ú-ha-za-[x] PBS 1/2 73:21; \$ar-ru-um-ma idekkû BE 17 66:6; \$E.BAR \$ar-ru-um-m[a ina] MN [...] BE 17 92:18, cf. (in broken context) Aro, WZJ 8 572 HS 114:23 (all MB letters); \$a dādušu \$ar-ru-um-ma la işabba-tu qāssu whose hand not even his beloved will take STT 70:9 (SB rel.), see Lambert, RA 53 132.

šurruqu s.; mixture, fused mass; MB*; cf. šarāqu C.

**šurruţu** adj.; shredded, torn into strips; lex.*; cf. *šarātu* v.

túg.bir.bir.ra = &ur-ru-tu, túg.bar.mìn = &ur-tu Hh. XIX 203 f.; [túg...] = [...] = &ur-tu-tu Hg. C II 17, in MSL 10 139.

šursû see šurisû.

šursudu see šuršudu.

šuršaktu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

[mu.ru.ub] = pu-uh-ru, [mu.un.du] = makz kūru, šūrubtu, takšīru, šur-ša-ak-tu JCS 7 135 No. 58 i 3 ff. (MA Tell Billa), Sum. restored from Izi G i 13-17.

Possibly a hybrid form derived, as the preceding takšīru, from kašāru. In Izi the Akk. equivalents of 13-16 are only partially preserved, and the Akk. equivalent of line 17 is broken. The word thus is attested solely in a single, possibly faulty, provincial exemplar and may be erroneous

šuršašmu see šuršašnu.

šuršašnu šuršu

šuršašnu (*šuršašmu*) s.; (a pomegranate); syn. list.*

 $\delta ur-\delta \acute{a}-\acute{a} \delta ({
m var.} -a \delta)-nu({
m var.} -mu)=nu-ur-mu-\acute{u}$  Malku II 125.

For var. šuršurru see s.v.

šuršiš see šuršu usages a and b.

šuršu s.; root, base, foundation; from OAkk., OB on; wr. syll. and suḤuš (ứn Köcher BAM 396 ii 31).

[ur] [ $\circ$ R] =  $\delta u$ -ur- $\delta u$  A VII/2:139; giš. $^{\text{MUS}}_{\text{MUS}}\times A$ + $\langle \text{NA} \rangle$  (var. giš. $^{\text{e-ri-in}}_{\text{in}}$ [...]) =  $\delta ur$ - $\delta u$  Hh. III 493, see Civil, JCS 15 125 f., cf. giš.i.ri.[in], giš. a.ri.[in] MSL 5 132:28 f. (RS Forerunner), cf. also ibid. 133 and MSL 6 157:231k (OB Forerunners); [e-ri-in/na]  $^{\text{MUS}}_{\text{MUS}}\times A$ +NA =  $\delta ur$ - $\delta u$  S^b I 124.

kišādī ša ir-mu-ú er-na-ma ikkappu, with comm. e-re-e-na // šur-šu // e-ri-na-ti (see erēnu B) Lambert BWL 54 K.3291 line c (Ludlul III); šu-ur-šu = li-i-pu Explicit Malku I 321.

a) root (of trees, plants) -1' in med. and rit.: Ú šur-ši giš.Nim ud ša ina na: sāhika dutu nu igi.du₈ — baltu-plant root which was not exposed to the sun when you uprooted it CT 14 23 K.259:10, cf. ibid. 6f., dupl. Köcher BAM 1 i 7 and 10, also Küchler Beitr. pl. 10 iii 25;  $[\circlearrowleft x]$ -in-du : &u-ru-u&x x xKöcher Pflanzenkunde 30b iii 1 and parallel 31 r. 4;  $\delta u$ -ru-u $\delta$  GI $\delta$ .NAM.TAR AMT 30,3 ii 10, cf. GIŠ  $\delta u$ -ru- $u\delta$  GIŠ.NAM.TAL AMT 34,1 r. 32, SUHUŠ GIŠ.NAM.TAR.NITÁ SUHUŠ Ú. KUŠ_x(HÚL).HAB Köcher BAM 104:40, šu-ur*uš* KUŠ_x.HAB CT 23 50:8, cf. ibid. 16, *šu*ru-uš giš.nam.tar šu-ru-uš giš šu-še Küchler Beitr. pl. 1:1, cf. suhuš giš šu-ši SUHUŠ GIŠ nurmî ana mê tanaddi ibid. pl.

20 iv 42; SUHUŠ GIŠ.GIŠIMMAR SUHUŠ GIŠ. šinig suhuš giš.ú.gír turrar tasák you char and crush root of the date palm, the tamarisk, and the ašāgu-plant Köcher BAM 237 iv 2; *šur-ši balti u ašāgi ša eli kimaļ*hi Labat TDP 194:45, cf. SUHUŠ balti SUHUŠ ašāgi SUHUŠ Ú urānu ibid. 50 f., also RA 69 46:40, and passim; šu-ru-uš NU.LUH.HA.SAR AMT 85,3:9, šu-ru-uš GI.ZÚ.LUM.MA AMT 88,2:8; Ú SUHUŠ EME.UR.KU Köcher BAM 1 ii 60, Wr. ÚR Ú.EME.UR.KU ibid. 396 ii 31; šu-ur-ša teleqqe qimmata tutârma eperī tukattam (see qimmatu mng. 2b) KBo 9 44 r. left col. 15, cf. suңuš-su u qimmassu tanassah Köcher BAM 248 iv 36, for other refs. see  $nas\bar{a}hu$  mng. 2d-1'; as Akkadogram in Hitt.: <u>šu-ur-ša-šu</u> ar-ha da-[a]-[i] he removes its roots KUB 44 61 r. 12, see C. Burde, Hethitische medizinische Texte (= StBoT 19) p. 20; šur-ši-šá telegge Köcher BAM 415:3, also CT 23 7 ii 31.

2' in hist. and lit.: ișșē u qan appā: rāte ina gulmê ikšiţu issuhu šu-ru-us-su they cut down the trees and reeds (covering Babylon) with axes and pulled out the roots Borger Esarh. 19 Ep. 18:15; ebūr= šunu . . . šur-šiš assuļma I tore out their crops by the roots TCL 3 228 (Sar.); ana= miru šammu ultu šur-ši-šú išruhuma (see šarāhu B mng. 1) Köcher BAM 215:54 (inc.), see Köcher, AfO 21 18; šur-šu-ka ul dun= nunu . . . ul šamhat qimmatka your (the ash tree's) roots are not strong, your crown is not luxuriant Lambert BWL 165:11; ša issi šu-ru-us-su lip-pa-ri-ma la išam: muh piri'šu let the tree's root be cut so that its sprout will not thrive Cagni Erra IV 125; [lipr]u, &u-ru-u&-ki (parallel: li=kabbiba larīki) CT 46 26 left col. 7 (Anzû?), see Landsberger, RA 62 122; šur-šu-ka lībalu kisittaka li'up (see na'āpu ušage a) CT 23 10 iii 13, cf. ibid. 18 (inc.); šur-šu-šu qaqqara la işabbatu its root will not take hold in the ground Surpu V-VI 64 and 133, cf. ibid. 136; šaplānu šur-ši-šú . . . elēnu artašu below its roots, above its foliage BBR No. 80 r. 7 (inc.); [...]  $lu \ kubburu \ \check{s}u$ -ru- $u\check{s}$  [...]

šuršu šuršudu

thick as the [...] may be, [...] roots RA 68 150:8; Šamaš brought the plant down from the mountain to the ground šur-šu-šu qaqqara malū qarnāšu šammē nakpa its roots cover the ground, its "horns" reach the sky Küchler Beitr. pl. 3 iii 31; note in similes: kīma šur-uš kibri nāri irbuba išdāšun they swayed (with fright) like roots on the river bank TCL 3 174 (Sar.), cf. Tiāmat ... šur-šiš(var. -[ši-i]š) mal=mališ itrura išdāša (see išdu mng. 3f) En. el. IV 90.

b) root, base, foundation (of buildings, mountains, etc.): elēnum zikkūšu lišnunu šamā'ī šaplānum šu-ur-šu-šu ersetam lu tamhu let its (the temple's) battlements on high vie with the heavens, let its foundations below grip the nether world JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 9 r. vi 30 (OB lit.), cf. ibid. 25 and 28; rēšāšu šamāmī endu šaplānu ina apsî šutēlupu šur-šu-šu its (the temple's) summit reaches up to the heavens, its foundations stretch down to the Apsû Borger Esarh. 5 vi 23, cf. (the mountain) šap: lānu šur-šu-šá šur-šud-du gereb arallî (see arallû) TCL 3 19 (Sar.), also ZA 53 238:6 (SB hymn to Borsippa); ša bītu šâtu šur-šú-šú (var. [šu-úr-šu-šú]) ul (var. lu-u) dannu= numa the foundations of that temple were not strong AAA 19 103:6 (Sar.); ana 240. TA.ÀM innattalu šur-[us-sin] (see natālu mng. 13a) TCL 3 288 (Sar., coll. J. Renger); šur-šiš Ešarra inaţţala qarnāšu its (Esagil's) horns point toward the base of Ešarra En. el. VI 66.

c) in transferred mng. — 1' in gen.: la pālih māmītišu innassahu šur-us-su those who do not fear his (Aššur's) oath are eradicated (lit., their roots are torn out) TCL 3 118 (Sar.), cf. nāsih šur-uš GN Lyon Sar. 14:32, for other refs. see nasāhu mng. 2e; Aššur ina lemuttim šu-ru-uš-šu u zērašu liksum may Aššur ruthlessly cut down his "root" and his seed MARI 3 61 No. 9:17; šur-ši kullat la māgirī iqammi apiš (see qamû A mng. 2a) Or. NS 36 122:116 (SB hymn to Gula), cf. liqamme šur-

ši-šu may (Nabû) burn his roots Hinke Kudurru iv 27.

2' in personal names: SUḤUŠ-GI Contenau Contribution 36:15, Wr. SUḤUŠ-ki-in ibid. 20:5, cf. BIN 3 86:7, Jones-Snyder 6:7, and the refs. cited Gelb, MAD 3 289 s.v., Wr. Šu-ru-uš-ki-in BIN 3 515:6, also Jones-Snyder 10:3 and 6, Su-ru-ús-GI HSS 10 188 i 12 (all OAkk.); Šu-ru-uš-ke-en BASOR 95 21 i 30, Šu-ru-u[š-k]i-in Greengus Ishchali 243:3 (both OB); for other personal names with the element SUHUŠ see išdu mng. 2e.

*šuršubu (fem. šuršubtu) adj.; aweinspiring; SB*; cf. rašābu.

an-hu ennah sur-sub-tú ikkira izammur he will sing the inhu-song, he will sing (the song) "The awe-inspiring (goddess) has become hostile toward me" KAR 141 r. 1, see TuL p. 89.

šuršudu (*šursudu*, *šunšudu*, *šulsudu*) adj.; well-founded, established, fixed, secured, solid; SB, NB; cf. *rašādu*.

bu-lu-ugbulug ki.ús.sa.mu bar.bi ab.hul.e ku.nu.dè nu.ub.zu.a: pulukkī šur-šu-du ša itāz tušu šuglutama ana ṭaḥê la naṭû (see galātu mng. 3b) TCL 651:31 f. and dupl. 52 r. 9 f., see RA 11 144:16.

a) buildings, constructions: (the tomb) bīt kimti šur-šu-du KAH 1 46:3, see OIP 2 151 No. 13 (Senn.); GN kişşa ğur-ğu-da kişir huršāni (see kissu usage e) AOB 1 114 ii 6 (Shalm. I); (may Marduk grant me) hatta išarti kussâ šu-úr-šu-da palê ūmū rēgūti a righteous scepter, a secure throne, (and) long-lasting rule BRM 451:39 (= YOS 984:40, Nabopolassar); the Imgur-Enlil wall of Babylon mişir šu-úr-šu-du kisurra šud= dulu the firmly established border, the far-stretching boundary PBS 15 80 i 24 (Nbn., zarinnu šattišamma šu-un-šu-du coll.); VAB 4 264 i 45 (Nbn.); (see zarinnu B) maškanu šur-su-du parukāti kutummu ša parku (for a boat) Nbn. 776:1; 2-ta [šiddi(?) 1-e ša mahri ta mahri adi kutalla šá li(?)-e šu-ur-su-du-tu two secured

šuršummu šuršummu

planks (?) for the front (of the boat), from the front to the rear of the . . . . Dalley Edinburgh 66:17; elippu . . . kutt[umu] šursu-du ša PN . . . ana maddattu ana šatti ana x kaspi . . . ana PN₂ . . . iddin a boat, permanently (?) covered, which PN gave to PN₂ for an annual rental of x silver (for further description of the boat, see ziru) CT 4 44a:3 (all NB).

- b) persons:  $\bar{sabe}\bar{su}\,\bar{su}$ -ur- $\bar{su}$ -du- $t\acute{u}\,tillu\,izmar\^{u}\,$  GÍR AN.BAR.MEŠ  $lubu\bar{sa}tu$  his well-equipped soldiers (with) quivers(?), lances, iron daggers, and apparel YOS 3 139:20, cf.  $ur\bar{a}\bar{s}\bar{u}$ ...  $\bar{su}$ -ul-su-du- $\acute{u}$ -tu (for context and another possible reading see  $dek\hat{u}$  mng. 3a-2') TCL 13 150:2 (both NB letters).
- c) other occ.: Lugalgirra šur-šu-du ilu gašru AfO 14 144:61, also cited BBR No. 53:13.

**šuršummu** s.; dregs, sediment (of beer or wine); SB.

- [...]. a = biriḥḥu, [x.kaš.din].nam = šur-šum-mu, [x kaš.din.n]am = min kaš Antagal VIII 203 ff.; im.gú.kaš.din.na = qadūt šikari = šur-šum-mu šá kaš.sag Hg. A II 135, in MSL 7 113.
- a) of beer -1' in med. and pharm.: Ú sadānu: Ú GIG lazzi: ina šur-šum-me каў ні.ні gig lá the . . . .-herb is an herb for persistent sickness, to mix into beer dregs and to apply in a poultice to the patient STT 92 iii 20, cf. ibid. 21 f., cf. also Köcher BAM 381 iii 18, 1 i 19, iii 26 f., and dupl. CT 14 43 Sm. 60:4f.; šammī annûti ina šur*šum-me šikari u šikari danni talâš* you knead these herbs in beer dregs and full strength beer AMT 76,5:8, cf. CT 23 26 ii 1, 30 ii 54 (= Köcher BAM 480), and passim in med.; 1. NUN.NA [...] ù šur-šu-me kaš ištēniš tuballal Köcher BAM 171:55; ina šur-šummi(var. -me) šikari ina mê kasî . . . tarab= bak you steep (the ingredients) in beer dregs and kasû-extract AMT 68,1 r. 14, wr.  $\S u$ -ru- $\S u$ -mi AMT 82,2 ii 13,  $\S ur$ - $\S u$ m-miKöcher BAM 16:3, *šur-šu-mi* CT 44 36:16; (various powders) ina(?) (text šu) šuršum-mi KAŠ tarabbak Köcher BAM 409:15,

- 2' other occs.: [šumma amēlu] šīnātušu kīma šur-šum-me šikari if a man's urine looks like beer dregs Köcher BAM 112:14, kīma šur-šum-me karāni ibid. 15, parallel ibid. 114:2 f., AMT 66,7:4; nadnaššu ana lilli šur-šum-me kīma himēti the fool is given dregs instead of butter Gilg. X v 42, restored from CT 46 30.
- b) of other liquids: šur-šum-mi šikari šur-šum-mi ṭābāti dannāti šur-šum-mi asnî beer dregs, vinegar dregs, Telmun-date beer dregs Köcher BAM 3 iii 12 f., cf. šur-šum-mi šiqqi šur-šum-me ṭābāti dannāti šur-šum-mi KAŠ.SAG asnî ibid. 482 ii 64 f.; ina šur-šum-mi epūti ina mê kasî emmūti talāš (see epū adj.) BE 31 56 r. 34 (= Köcher BAM 398); [šur-šum]-me šikari šur-šum-me karāni ṣaḥti CT 23 12 iii 52.
- c) without reference to the origin: (ingredients) ina kibti u šur-šum-mi ta=rabbak (see kibtu usage b-2') BE 31 56:29 (= Köcher BAM 398); šur-šum-mi tubbal tasāk you dry and grind up sediment ibid. 22.

In the synonym list ref. UB- $ru = \delta ur$ - $\delta u$ -x LTBA 2 2:172 an infinitive such as  $\delta ur$ - $\delta u$ -du or the like is expected.

Oppenheim Beer n. 44; for Sum. 's ur $_{11}$  . § um . m a see Civil, RA 54 66.

šuršummu see turšummu.

šuršurrātu šu'ru

šuršurrātu s.; chains; MA; cf. šer= šerratu, šeršerru A.

iltēniātu šur-šur-ra-tu UD.KA.BAR ša iltēt berīte one set of bronze chains with one clasp KAJ 124a:2, cf. ibid. 11; iltēniātu šur-šur-ra-tu Iraq 35 14:28; XK[Ū.BABBAR] šur-šu-ra-tu ša ekalli... PN maḥir PN has received x silver (in the form of?) chains from the palace VAS 19 4:2; 50 sAG.DU KAK.Ū.TAG.GA ana 2-šu šur-šu-ra-a-te ḥal-la-li-a-tu adi šabirrišina fifty arrowheads for two chains (and) ḥallalû's with their links KAJ 310:59; note referring to prisoners: PN šur-šur-ra-te UD.K[A.BAR] amtaḥaṣ I threw PN in bronze chains KAV 96:6 (let.).

(Saporetti, Studi Micenei ed Egeo-Anatolici 14 181 ff.)

### šuršurru A s.; (a fruit); SB.

šur-šur-ru (var. to šuršašnu, q.v.) = nu-ur-mu-ú Malku II 125.

šēru rēṣūtija šur-šú-ru hi-in-zur-ru the dawn of(?) my help, (it is?) š. (and?) apple ZA 61 58:176a (SB hymn to Nabū); ammīni taššāni hāma hand[ašpir]a šu-ur-šu-ra elapā ša nāri why have you (eyes) been blurred by chaff, thorns, š., river algae? AMT 12,1 iv 45 + K.3465 (= Köcher BAM 510 iv 35), see Landsberger, JNES 17 58.

von Soden, ZA 61 69 ad line 176.

šuršurru B s.; (a knife or part of a knife); OAkk. (Akk. lw. in Sum.).

2 URUDU *šur-šur-ru-um* GÍR two copper *š.* (for?) knives UET 3 721:11 (list of copper objects).

šu'ru (šuhru, šūru) s.; eyebrow; OB, SB; wr. syll. and SIG7.IGI.

 $[sig_7.igi.mu] = [su]-uh-ra. < x > -a-a, [x.sig_7.igi.mu] = [x x] su-[uh]-ri-ia$  Ugumu Bil. Section A 13 f.;  $sig_7.igi = su-uri-ni$  Igituh I 401;  $[sig_7.igi.mu] = su-uh-ri$  [i-ni-ia] Ugumu Bil. Section B 3;  $sig_7$  (var. sig) = su-uh-ru Nabnitu J 197;  $na_4.sig_7.igi.za.gin = suri-ni$  Hh. XVI 90, cf.  $na_4.sig_7.igi.za.gin = suri-ni$  Hh. XVI 90, cf.  $na_4.sig_7.ia.igi.za.gin = suri-ni$  Hh. XVI 98 RS

Recension 68;  $[na_4.sig_7.igi.za.gln] = [sur] i-ni = kappi$  161 Hg. B IV Gap a  $\gamma$  line k, in MSL 10 36.

- a) in physiogn. 1' without following īnu: šumma amēlu šu-uḥ-ra-šu īnīšu katma if a man's eyebrows cover his eyes Af0 18 65 ii 31, cf. šumma amēlu šu-uḥ-ra-šu la ibaššia ibid. 33 (OB); if there is a mole [ina] šu-uḥ-ri-šu ša ZAG on his right eyebrow YOS 10 54:7, also ina šu-uḥ-ri-šu ša 20, ina ḤA.LA šu-uḥ-ri-šu ibid. 8f. (OB physiogn.), for parallel see CT 28 25, cited usage a-2'; šumma . . . šu-ú-ra-šú paṭra panūšu šu-[']-[. . .] (var. [. . .]-ri KUD-ra) if his eyebrows are separated, his face . . . . Labat TDP 60:41.
- 2' šūr īni: šumma SIG7.IGI-šu ištanah: hit if his eyebrow twitches continually CT 51 147:17; šumma SIG7.IGI.M[EŠ] ukaş: sar if he knits his eyebrows AfO 11 222 No. 2:8, cf. (with uštěmid) ibid. 9; [šumma amēlu SIG₇].IGI-šu ZAG kabar KAR 395 i 1, also (with sig thin, hesi, arik, kuri, also qualifying the left) ibid. 2-10; šumma SIG7.IGI-šu kab= baru if his eyebrows are thick ibid. 11, cf. (followed by kaşru joined, raqqu thin, etc.) ibid. 12 ff., cf. also (in broken context) Kraus Texte 12a ii 3 ff.,  $sihir sig_7.1[Gi...]$  ibid. ii 7; [ $\check{s}umma$ ] še ina sig7.igi^{II} ša imitti u šumēli šaknat if a mole lies on the right and left eyebrows Kraus Texte 47:15, cf. ina UGU SIG7. IGIII ibid. 16, cf. also ibid. 44:18f. and dupl. CT 28 12 K.7178:2f., cf. ina SIG7.IGI [ZAG], ina (SIG7.IGI) [GÙB], ina HA.LA (SIG7). IGI, ina AN.TA SIG7.IGI ZAG, ina (AN.TA SIG7.IGI) GÙB CT 28 25:4 ff.
- b) in Alu: if a scorpion stings a man ina \$167.161-šú ša imitti on his right eyebrow (followed by kappi īnišu) CT 40 27 Rm. 98:1, cf. (the left) ibid. 3.
- c) in lit.:  $SIG_7.IGI^{II}.MES-ka$  bēlum maššė  dSin  [u  dŠamaš ] your eyebrows, O lord, are the twins, Sin and Šamaš KAR 102:13 (hymn to Ninurta).
- d) representations: see (referring to lapis lazuli inlays) Hh. XVI, in lex. section;

šu'ru šūru

(lapis lazuli) KI.LÁ 8 SAG.KI šu-ur i-(ni) 10 SAG.KI kakkulti ša UDU.NITÁ Sumer 9 34 ff. No. 22:3 (MB); salam zikari šu-ú-ra (var. šu-ra) ša hurāşi tašakkanšu şalam sinništi PI^{II} ša hurāşi tašakkanši you provide the figurine of the man with gold . . . ., you provide the figurine of the woman with ears(?) of gold Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 211:4, var. from Köcher BAM 323:80; as Akkadogram in Hitt.: 1 šur IGI (fallen off the statue of the god) KUB 5 7 r. 27, see Ehelolf, ZA 43 192 n. 1; šu-úr E-NI KAP-PÍ E-NI ŠA NA4 eyebrows and eyelids of (precious) stone KUB 22 70:20, 25, 71, cf. NA4 KI-IB-ŠI IGI.HI.A ŠUR E-NI KUB 38 9:11.

In CT 37 10 ii 5 and dupl. UM (= PBS) 15 79 i 71 the signs  $SIG_7$ . IGI.  $K\mathring{U}$  are probably to be read mat-( $\mathring{i}$ ) gi- $k\mathring{u}$ , see sillu A.

Kraus, MVAG 40/2 p. 22 n. 1.

šu'ru see šur'u B.

šur'u A (šūru) s.; (a part of the face or head); MB, SB; wr. syll. and šur.

šumma še ina šur-šú imitta šaknat . . šumma še ina šur-šú šumēla šaknat if there is a mole on his s. on the right, if there is a mole on his s. on the left Kraus Texte 44:12 f. and dupls. 45:12 f., 63:9; if his muscles are stiff from his neck to his heels šu-'-ra-šú kaṣra isāšu hesâ his š.-s are knotted, his jaws . . . . (it is the disease "heavy muscles") (preceded by SAG.KI and kutal GO, followed by uznu, usukku, and  $\delta \bar{u}r \ \bar{i}ni$ ) Labat TDP 82:27;  $\delta u-ru$ šú sag.ki-šú igi-šú usukkašu kišāssu irassu [...] . . .  $išt\bar{e}niš$  ikkalašu ibid. 18:13, with comm.  $[x]-x-'-[\check{s}u] = agappi \operatorname{IGI}^{11}-\check{s}\check{u}$ STT 403:21, cf. (in broken context) Labat TDP 48E i 12; sfg muh-ri šu-ú-ru ša-ap-pi muhri (in a ritual) Or. NS 39 119:48 (namburbi); [X] X.MEŠ ŠU.SI SU Šur- $\acute{u}$  di-ig-lu k[ap(?)]pi(?)] i-ni (of lapis lazuli) (possibly to *šur'u* B "reins") Sumer 9 34 ff. No. 25 ii 23

The personal name Be-li-šu-ur-HI OBT Tell Rimah 207 i 3, 208 i 3, 210:3 is obscure,

possibly containing a Hurrian theophoric element.

Kraus, MVAG 40/2 22 f. n. 1.

šur'u B ( $\delta \bar{u}ru$ ,  $\delta u$ 'ru) s.; reins; SB.

- a) in gen.: see lex. section.
- b) designating stars of the constellation Chariot: Venus stood two cubits eight fingers above *šur* GIGIR *ša šūti* the southern rein of the Chariot LBAT 226 r. 6, see Sachs Hunger Diaries -288, also LBAT 255:14, 312 r. 7; *šur* GIGIR *ša iltāni* northern rein of the Chariot LBAT 255:13, 212:2.

For the identification of the stars as  $\beta$  Tauri (the northern rein) and  $\zeta$  Tauri (the southern rein), see Kugler, SSB 1 29.

šur'u see  $\delta \bar{u} r u$  adj.

šūru (šuhru, šur'u, fem. šur'ītu) adj.; (mng. uncert.); OA, Nuzi, SB, Akkadogram in Hitt.

síg.šab =  $\delta ur^{-i}it$  Practical Vocabulary Assur 216;  $\delta u-ri-a-[tum] = [\delta ip\bar{a}tu]$  STT 393:4;  $[\delta]u-ri-it-tum$  (var.  $\delta u^{-i}-[...]$ ) = [...] (among types of nahlaptu) An VII 199, var. from Malku VI 112.

a) said of textiles - 1' in OA: 20 τύς šu-ru-tum qadi ša liwītim 85 tug kutānī ša ana PN taddinu šā.ba 4½ túg kutānī u šu-ra-am nishātim ilgeu 20 š. textiles including (those) of the packing, 85 ku= tānu-textiles which you gave to PN thereof:  $4\frac{1}{4}$  kutānu-textiles and one š. textile they have taken as nishatu-dues BIN 4 61:4 and 7, cf. 1 TÚG šu-ra-am ana išrātim one š. textile as the tithe ibid. 11, and passim in this text, see Larsen Old Assyrian Cara-' van Procedures 122 ff.; 4 TÚG šu-ru-tum ša liwītim kabtūtum four heavy š. textiles for packing CCT 3 4:7, cf. 2 TÚG šu-ra-an liwitum RA 58 114 Sch 14:8, for other refs. for use as wrapping in packaging tin see

šūru Šūru A

limītu mng. 6; 7 túg kutānū ikribū ša Aššur 1 túg šu-ru-um ikribū ša Ištar seven kutānu-textiles as a votive offering for Aššur, one š. textile as a votive offering for Istar BIN 6 186:18; when the queen of Wahšušana arrived 1 kutānam 1 túg šuru-am ana niš'em addin I gave (her) one kutānu-textile and one š. textile as a gift KTS 50e:5; 2 [šu]-ri-in damqīn ana litabšia two š. textiles to clothe myself TCL 4 19:16, wr.  $\delta u$ -ru-in BIN 4 51:26; I gave ten shekels of refined silver to PN ana šia= mātim ana 1 Túg šu-ri-im u raggitim to make purchases of one s. textile and/or one thin textile MVAG 33 No. 155:4, cf. (usually costing between 8 and 15 shekels) Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 154 f.; ša šu-ri-im  $5\frac{5}{6}$ MA.NA . . . kasapšu  $5\frac{5}{6}$  minas is the value in silver of the 8. BIN 4 61:52; 15 GÍN. TA  $kut\bar{a}n\bar{u}$  . . . 8 GÍN.TA  $\delta u$ -ru-tum CCT 6 16a: 26, cf. 30 TÚG šu-ru-tum ibid. 22; 4 TÚG šu-ru-tim . . . ana ebuţţī addin BIN 6 141:3, cf. Biggs, Sachs Mem. Vol. 33:9; 45 TÚG lu kutānū lu šu-ru-um 45 textiles, either kutānu or š. (type) CCT 5 36a: 11, and passim beside kutānu, see kutānu usage b, and see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 154ff.; note inūmi 20 kutānī ištapkūni 1½ túg šu-ri-im PN iddi CCT 5 42b:9.

- 2' in Nuzi: 26 gín še-li-en šu-ú-ru 9 g[ín š]u-ú-ru urṭājū u hinzuriwa 25 gín kù.babbar tabarru kinahhu 26 shekels of . . . . textiles, nine of . . . . textiles, dyed with urṭū-plant and hinzuru-plant, 25 shekels of red-purple and blue-purple dyed wool HSS 15 223:1f.
- 3' as Akkadogram in Hitt.: 4 TÚG ŠU-U-RU KUB 42 16 iii 7, cf. 1 GADA ŠU-U-RU ibid. 14 iv 3, wr. 1 TÚG ŠU-UH-RU ibid. 49:6, GADA ŠU-UH-RU KBO 18 181:2, 13, and 20, GADA ŠU-UH-U-RU KBO 18 175 i 4, for other refs. see Košak Hittite Inventory Texts 14.
- b) said of hides: 23 kuš.meš *ḥašmānu šu-ru ana tutiwe epēši* 23 . . . . blue-green hides in order to make . . . . . s HSS 14 253:3 (Nuzi); *qaqqad kaspim* . . . 2 UDU.

HI.A e(?)-bu-tim šu-ru-tim iššattim ussubu they will add to the capital in silver (barley, wheat, and) two thick, . . . . sheep as yearly interest ICK 1 172:13 (OA); UDU SU-U-RU Bo. 348/f (cited AHw. 1287a).

c) said of complexion: *§umma* (pani) *§u-ur* if he has a . . . . complexion (beside namir) CT 28 29:6 (SB physiogn.).

šūru A s.; reed bundle; from OB on; wr. syll. and GI.ŠU.KIN (Or. NS 29 279 ii 7'); cf. issūr šūri.

gi. šu. kin (var. gi. ú. kin) =  $\delta u$ -ú-ru (followed by kisittu, himmatu) Hh. IX 337, see MSL 9 184; gi. šu. kin =  $\delta u$ -ú-ru = himmatu Hg. A II 31 and Hg. B II 233, in MSL 7 69; š[u]. [kin] =  $\delta u$ -ú-ru (in group with kisittu and himmatu) Erimhuš II 142; ú =  $\delta u$ -ú-ru Izi E 250j; ú. ur₄ =  $\delta u$ -ú-[ru], hi-im-[ma-tu], ha-a[m-mu], ki-[sit-tu] Hh. XVII Gap d U: 3 ff.; an =  $\delta u$ -ru, ha-a-mu, h[u-sa-bu] Izi V 179 ff. (coll.).

[dug.  $\S$ ] u.Kin.na = DUG &u-ri-e Hh. X 245. gi. ú.Kin ab. íl. íl. e. en : &u-&u-[ra] azabbi[l] I (the donkey, harnessed to a wagon) transport reeds Lambert BWL 242:28 (bil. proverb).

 $\delta u - \acute{u} - ru = gi - il - lu$  LTBA 2 2:190.

a) used in barrages: 2 attadûm ša giš. HI.A  $\delta u$ -ri-im  $i\delta[\delta akn]a$  two spillways of reeds have been laid ARM 14 13:48, cf. GIŠ.HI.A šu-rum ša UD.10.KAM ippešuma  $a[na \ pan(?)] \ muballitatim \ inadd\hat{u}$  ibid. 28, cf. 3 lime bilat GIŠ.HI.A šu-[ri-im] ibid. 24, cf. also muballittum ša šu-ri-im (for context see muballittu mng. 1) ARM 6 4:5; sābum ša halas GN u halas GN, ana GIŠ. HI.A  $[\delta]u-ri-i[m]$  legêm illi[kam] the men of the district of Terqa and the district of Sagarātum came to take reed bundles (for reinforcing the banks of the Habur) ARM 14 19:19; ÍD.DA GN uštešširam u anāku šura-am [in] a libbiša unawwar (see namāru mng. 5) ARM 3 76:14; ana šu-ri-im ša ERÍN.HI.A ana ikim ša Nār-Adad dunnu: nim ikkumuma mānahātim mādātim iš: kunu ana šigiltim ša ibbaššûma šu-ra-am išātum ikkalu concerning the reed bundles the workmen heaped up in order to strengthen the dike of the Nar-Adad canal and in which they have put much

šūru A šūru D

labor, for any damage that occurs and if a fire consumes the reed bundles (PN will be responsible to the king) YOS 2 130:1 and 10 (OB leg.), cf. UD.10.KAM u UD.11. (see nakāmu KAM šu-ra-am anakkam usage a) ARM 6 9:12, cf. also GIŠ Šurum nakim ibid. 12:12; šu-ra [ša] ina GN naksu [an] a našê palhāku anaššīma ikkimu [a]na iki nāri itabbakuma I am afraid to transport the reed bundles which were cut in GN, if I do transport (them), they will take (them) away (by force) and pile them up for the dike of the river PBS 1/2 28:2 (MB let.); šu-ú-ra ana sapêma Tak=kira ana sekēri to . . . . reed bundles and to dam up the Takkiru canal PBS 1/2 57:30; (concerning the directing of water in the canals he said)  $k\bar{a}l\hat{u}$  ul epuš . . . šu-ru  $d\bar{a}n$ no dike is built, the reed (barrage) is BE 17 3:35, also ibid. 48:21 (all MB letters); x qa-na šu-ra-am[...] Sumer 7 39 No. 7 edge 10 (OB math.), see von Soden, Sumer 8 53; obscure: šu-ru dannu ummānī i-x-[x] CT 20 16 K.6848 r. 6 (SB ext.).

- b) used for baskets: iškunanni ina quppi ša šu-ri (var. šu-ú-[ri]) ina ittî bābīja iphi she placed me in a reed basket, with bitumen she caulked its (lit. my) opening CT 13 42:5, var. from CT 13 43 K.4470 i 6 (Sar. legend); see also Hh. X, in lex. section.
- c) other occs.: libbi nārim aşabbatma ina ud.10.kam adi gn qanâtim u giš šura-am ahammam u ēm kisrum imahharanni anassah (see hamāmu mng. 1b) ARM 3 79 r. 5', see also nakāsu mng. 1b; šu-ú-ra ina ese di] at the time of harvesting(?) reeds PBS 1/2 61:7 (MB let.); rent of boats ša šu-ra-am ana kīriātim izbilānim which transported the reed bundles for the kilns Greengus Ishchali 128:5 (OB), cf. 50 GIŠ.MÁ.LÁ GI.ŠU.KIN 50 (is the coefficient for) cargo boatloads of reed bundles (followed by GI. NÍG.SA.HI.A, GI.NÍG.SA.HI.A.È, himmati) Or. NS 29 279 ii 7' (MB list of coefficients), cf. also 10 ša šu-ri kasāmi 5 ša šu-ri zabāli 10 (is the coefficient for) cutting reeds, 5 (is the coefficient for) transporting reeds MDP

34 27:68f., also ana šu-ur GIŠ.SAR kasāz mim YOS 5 175:14; šu-ra-am ina KA fD Araḥtum iṣinnamma(?) . . . ubbalam Kraus AbB 1 52:12; 1 GI šu-ru (in delivery list of woods and reeds) CT 4 30a:12.

For UCP 9 114 No. 60:37 (NB) the emendation ku- $\acute{u}$ -ru was suggested sub abattu B. In ZA 45 200:21 (= KUB 29 58+) read GIŠ,ŠU.GAL (coll. R. D. Biggs). For BID (= Farber Ištar und Dumuzi) 211:4, see  $\acute{s}u$ 'ru usage d.

van Soldt, Bull. on Sum. Agriculture 4 118.

## šūru B s.; bull; Ur III, OB, SB.

\$u- $\acute{u}$ -ru = alpu An VIII 52, also Malku V 37c, in MSL 8/2 74.

(Adad) šu-ur šamā'i bull of the heavens CT 15 4 ii 3 (OB hymn to Adad); I slaughtered them kīma šu-ú-ri marûti ša nadû šum=mannu as though they were fattened bulls in tethers OIP 2 45 v 87 (Senn.); in personal names: Šu-ur-DN StOr 9/1 31:3 (Ur III), for other refs. see Gelb, MAD 3 261.

The Nuzi personal names Šu-ur-Tešup JEN 253:34, and other references cited NPN 139a and Cassin Anthroponymie 133, may contain a foreign element.

šūru C s.; (a topographic feature); Mari, Nuzi; Sum. lw.

[šu-ur]  $sur = \delta u - \hat{u} - rum$  [ $\delta a . . .$ ] A III/6:116f.; su-ur  $s v = \delta [u - \hat{u} - ru?]$  A V/2:99; [a.sur.ra] = [me]-[e]  $\delta u - ri$  Proto-Kagal Bil. Section C i 5.

(a field) ina šu-ri ša GN ARMT 22 328 i 25, ef. ina šu-ri-im ibid. 11, ef. also ibid. iv 8; (fields) ina šu-ri sasarušše (see sastaruššu) RA 23 152 No. 40:7 (Nuzi).

Loan from Sum. sur "ditch."

#### šūru D s.; guarantor(?); Nuzi.*

^fPN u ^fPN₂ 2 SAL.MEŠ annûtu Ḥapirû... PN₃ šu-ur-šu-nu ša awīlāti PN and PN₂, these two Hapiru-women (entered Tehiptilla's household as slaves), PN₃ is the guarantor(?) of the women (if there is a claim against the women, PN₃ will clear them) JAOS 55 pl. 1 and p. 434 No. 1:6. šūru E šūrubtu

šūru E (šurru) s.; (mng. unkn.); MB Alalakh.

6 šu-u-ur-ra taskarinni ištēn šu-u-ri šinni pi[ruḥḥe] six š.-s of boxwood, 1 š. of ivory Wiseman Alalakh 440:9f.

šūru see šu'ru, šur'u A and B.

šūrū s.; (a metal agricultural implement); NB.

1 MA.NA 10 GÍN ana šu-ri-e ù sik-katum . . . PN u PN₂ nappāhū ana Ebabbar ittannu PN and PN2, the blacksmiths, have given to Ebabbar one mina (and) ten shekels (of iron) for š.-s and plowshares (beside marrī lines 2 ff.) CT 55 210:5, cf. 10 MA.NA 12 AN.BAR *šu-ri-e u sikkāti* KI.LÁ 6.TA AN. BAR marrī PN ana Ebabbara ittadin ibid. 218:2; PN received  $1\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA 2 GfN AN. BAR šu-ri-e u sikkātu FLP 1610:2, cited Dillard NB Lewis Coll. p. 190; 10 MA.NA 10 GfN KI.LÁ 3 marrī šu-ri-e u sikkāti 17 giš niggallātu x (iron), the weight of three spades, š.-s, and plowshares, (and) 17 sickles (given to Ebabbar) Nbk. 418:2; 17 GÍN AN.BAR gam-[ri] 5  $\delta u-\dot{u}-ri-[e(?)]$  u $[sikk\bar{a}ti(?)]$  GCCI 2 174:2; 1-en sindu UD. KA.BAR . . . u 1-en šu-ru-ú ša UD.KA.BAR one bronze .... and one bronze s.  $S^{\dagger}$  76-11-17,163, cf. 1-en  $\delta u$ -ru-u UD.KA.BAR 1881-6-25.63: 1-en  $\delta u$ -ri-e  $\hat{u}$  sik-kat₆.MEŠ 82-9-18,4009; uncert.: 57 gfn kỳ.gi šu-ri-e u hušê irbi ša LÚ.UN.MEŠ A. 3505 i 2' (courtesy D. Weisberg), cf. kù. GI šu-ri-e u [hu-&e-e ibid. iv 10.

šūrū v.; to teach, instruct; SB; III.

ú-šar (var. ú-šá-ri) ana mātija mê ili naṣāri I instructed my land to follow the prescribed rites of the gods (parallel: uš= tāḥiz) Lambert BWL 40:29 (Ludlul II).

The form is most likely a causative of a verb *wrw/y, attested in Hebrew as  $h\bar{o}r\bar{a}$  "to teach, instruct," as suggested by R. F. G. Sweet.

šurubtu see šuribtu.

šūrubtu s.; 1. bringing in, storing (of crops), 2. receipts, income, receivables,
3. present; OB, Mari, MB, SB, NB; wr. syll. and MU.(UN.)DU; cf. erēbu.

 $mu.un.DU = \delta u - r[u-ub-tu]$  Izi G 15, dupl. JCS 7 166 No. 58 i 5; mu.un.  $DU = \delta u - ru - ub - tum$ , mu. un.du še = min še-im, mu.un.du še.giš.ì = min šamaššammī, mu.un.duzú.lum.ma = min suluppī Hh. I 160ff.; mu.un.du zú.lum.ma.ta = ina šu-ru-ub-ti suluppī Ai. IV iii 43; mu.un.du  $buru_{x}(EN\times GAN-ten\hat{u}). \& e = ana \& u-ru-ub-ti(var.$ -tum) ebūri Hh. I 156, also Ai. III i 18; še  $mu.un.DU = \delta e-im \delta u-r[u-ub-ti]$  Hh. II 120; giš. ba.rí.ga mu.un.du = [MIN (= parsiktu) š]u-ruub-tu - parsiktu-vessel (for measuring) incoming deliveries (followed by MIN sītu "parsiktu for outgoing items") Hh. VIIA 220, cf. (in same context) giš.ba.an mu.un.du = min (= sutu) šu-ru-ub-tumibid. 232; [udu] mu.un.[D]U = MIN (= immer) $\delta u$ -ru-ub-ti Hh. XIII 164.

- 1. bringing in, storing (of crops) a) in leg. and adm.: MU.DU ŠE še'am u MÁŠ. BI ì.AG.E he will measure out the grain and the interest on it at the time of bringing in the barley Greengus Ishchali 63:8, cf. MU.UN.DU ŠE.GIŠ.ì zērāni utâr Boyer Contribution 211:7, also, in Sum. formulation: MU.DU ud.buru_x. Šè BIN 2 74:7; MU.DU (UD.)BURU_x.KA BE 6/2 13:8, 156:5, 25:7, PBS 8/2 118:6, and passim, see also ebūru mng. 2b-1'; ana šu-ru-ub-ti ebūri hubuttata utâr MDP 22 34:4, cf. ibid. 37:5 (= MDP 18 228).
- b) in lit.: ser'u bilassa imaţţi gisime maru hisibsa umaţţa MU.UN.DU SE u SE. GIS.ì imaţţīma the yield of the furrow will diminish, the date palm will diminish its bounty, the stored harvest of the barley and linseed will diminish TCL 6 16:38 and dupls. ACh Istar 20:45, etc., see ZA 52 244 (astrol.); UD.14.KAM MU.UN.DU... UD.15. KAM mas(text PA)-ka-nu KAR 178 iv 17 (hemer.).
- 2. receipts, income, receivables a) in OB, Mari, Rimah, Elam: (silver, barley, etc.) MU.DU PN namharti PN₂ delivered (for storage) by PN, received by PN₂ Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 50:2, VAS 7 43:9, BE 6/1 69:9, 118:5, Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 28 r. 2

šūrubtu šuruppû

(= Charpin-Durand Strasbourg 125), BIN 2 96:3, YOS 13 37:3, 85:3, and passim, see nam: hartu mng. 1b, c, and d; (sheep and goats) ŠU.TI.A PN MU.DU ina līlātim ina GN MDP 10 59 No. 79 r. 2; MU.DU ŠÀ Nibru.KI Kienast Kisurra 131:9'; MU.DU PN Riftin 84:2, Kienast Kisurra 104: 18, Greengus Ishchali 90: 11, 91:16,92:13, Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 25:2 (= Charpin-Durand Strasbourg 123), Boyer Contribution 139:4, Grant Bus. Doc. 34:4, Birot Tablettes 14:1 and 3, 34:18, 59:2, ARM 1841:2, 42:2 and 4, MDP 18 114:6, MDP 28 503:3, and passim; 2 UDU.NITÁ MU.DU PN 1 UDU.NITÁ MU.DU PN2 . . . ŠU.NIGÍN 7 UDU.NITÁ MU. DU.MEŠ OBT Tell Rimah 201:2 ff.; X GUR ŠE MU.DU NU.GIŠ.SAR Kienast Kisurra 104:39; x barley MU.DU É.KIŠIB.BA TCL 11 165:3 and 6; 6 KUŠ UDU.NITÁ ša MU.DU ŠÀ KUŠ. BAR.SÙ.A UCP 10 88 No. 12:1, see Greengus Studies p. 103: (sheep) MU.DU É GUD.UDU. ŠÈ TCL 10 24:38, cf. (É dEN.ZU.ŠÈ) PBS 8/1 66:2; 35 UDU.NITÁ MU.DU SUMUN... 33 udu.nitá  $1 u_8$  mu.du gibil šu.nigin 69 UDU.HI.A ša MU.DU UCP 10 76:1, 4 and 6; for other commodities designated MU.DU, see the refs. in ARMT 9 p. 253, and note unusually referring to persons: 2 LÚ.MEŠ MU.DU PN ARM 9 45:4; GIŠ.BA.RÍ.GA MU. DU TCL 11 165:8; 1 URUDU MAR 32 URUDU **ŠU.KIN.HI.A... MU.DU PN YOS 13 125:4**; silver MU.DU É dUTU PBS 8/1 45 i 2; MU. DU KÁ.DINGIR.RA.KI Genouillac Kich 1 262 r. 2'; ina mu.du mahāri[m l]ú.meš šunu uštadduni[nn]i (see naduv. mng. 8d) ARM 1 15:20; uncert.: si-hi-ir [LU(?)] ina su-hi-irru-ub-tim qāt šāpirišu ul işabbat (see šā: piru mng. 1c-2') ARM 14 66:17.

b) in MB, NB: mimma šu-ru-ub-ti Ebabbar mala bašû (for context see kāribu mng. 1a-2') BBSt. No. 36 v 32, cf. mimma šu-ru-ub-ti [mala] bašû ibid. No. 35 r. 12; mimma šu-ru-ub-ti Ekur mala bašû ArOr 7 315 r. 4 (= AnOr 12 305), cf. šu-ru-ub-tum Ekur mala ibaššû RA 16 125 ii 5, mimma šu-ru-ub-ti Ezida VAS 1 36 ii 11 (all NB kudurrus), also JCS 36 54 No. 19:5 (NB); [u lu šu]-ru-ub-ti Ezida mala bašû BM 38124:28

(Melišipak, courtesy J. A. Brinkman); ša É.MEŠ DINGIR.MEŠ... šu-ru-ub-tum šalmat (for translation and context see akalu usage a-6') Aro, WZJ 8 569 HS 112:5, cf. šu-ru-ub-ti É DINGIR mala ibaššū šalmat PBS 1/2 43:4 (both MB letters), cf. (in broken context) [... š] u-ru-ub-tum PBS 2/2 71:8 (MB).

3. present: nahlapātim annêtim arhiš ana MU.DU lišēlā ARM 18 11:13, cf. MU. DU bīt ahika ul tāmu[r] ARM 2 78:23.

**šuruhtu** s.; (an ornament); EA, Ak-kadogram in Hitt.

1 šu-ru-uḥ-tum KÙ.GI GAR EA 29:183; as Akkadogram: GIŠ.DÙG.GAN KÙ.GI GAR.RA ŠU-RU-UḤ-TUM [...] KUB 12 1 iii 7, cf. šu-RU-UḤ-DU NA4 [...] ibid. 11, 3 šu-RU-UḤ-TUM NA4 [...] KUB 42 42 iv 7 (both inventories), see Košak Hittite Inventory Texts p. 60.

**šurunānu** (or *kurunānu*) s.; small pomegranate; lex.*

nu.úr.ma = nurmu, nu.úr.ma.gal = nurmagallu,  $nu.úr.ma.tur = [\delta]u(or [k]u)-ru-na-nu$ Hh. XXIV 237 ff.

šuruppů (*šurpů*) s.; 1. frost, cold weather, 2. chills, shivers; OB, Bogh., SB, Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. and A.ZA.AD (Labat TDP 158:14), AŠ.RU; cf. *šarbu* A, *šurbu*, *šurīpu*.

[še-eg] [šEG9] = [šu-ri]-pu, [šur(?)]-pu, [š]u-ru-up-pu-u, šal-gu A I/8:243 ff.; še-eg šEG4 = \$u-ru-up-pu-\$u Diri III 120; še-e šE4 = \$us\$u, \$[u]-ru-pu-u, \$urbā\$u Idu II 270 ff.; šE4 = \$ur-pu-u Erimhuš Excerpt 3:2; Aš.DU.RU, Aš.DU.A = \$u-ru-pu-u Izi E 173-173a; [...] = \$u-ru-up-pu-u Nabnitu XXIII 114 f.

a.za.ad níg.šed, ba.nigin.na ba.e: šu-ru-up-pu-ú hurbāšu munaššir naphar mimma šumšu (see našāru A lex. section) CT 16 12:1 ff., dupl. UET 6 392:13 f.; aš.gar aš.ru im.gin,(GIM) e. ne.ra mu.un.na.an.te: di'u šu-ru-up-pu-u kīma šāri ana šuāti ittaškin CT 17 20:56 f., restored from dupl. von Weiher Uruk 2:57 f., cf. ibid. 165; aš.gar aš.ru é gig.ta gi4.gi4.ba: di'u šur-pu-u ša bīta marsiš išabbitu STT 192:13 f. and

šuruppû šuruppû

dupls., cf. STT 183:18f.; aš.gar aš.ru: di'u sur-pu-u (var. su-ru-up-pu-u) (see di'u lex. section) CT 17 14:3f., also ibid. 11f.; sag.gig šà.gig u₄.šú.[uš.ru]: di'u su-ru-up-pu-u CT 16 46:168f.; sag.gig sag.gá.rasag.x.x: di'u sur-pu-u  $r\bar{a}'ibu$  CT 4 3:18 and dupls., see MSL 9 106 and Walker, BiOr 26 77.

ŠED₇ šu-ru-up-[pu-ú] (see hurbāšu mng. 3) ACh Adad 33:39; ŠED₇ šu-ru-up-pu-ú ŠED₇ hu[r-ba-šu] K.10056:7 (courtesy W. G. Lambert); šumma amēlu AŠ.RU GIG: šur-pu-u Köcher Pflanzenkunde 22 i 27;  $\circ$  egubbê u šur-up-pe-e  $\circ$  šu-ru-up-pe-e (see egubbû B) CT 14 38 K.14081:6 f. (comm.).

bi-bi-tú (var. bi-bi-it-ti), šu-še-ru-u = šu-ru-uppu-u Malku III 170 f., var. from von Weiher Uruk 120:181; nam-tag-ga-u = arnu, šu-ru-ub-bu-ú (erroneous var. to saharšubbû, q.v.) Malku IV 65.

1. frost, cold weather: asakku šu-ruup-pu-ú mehû ašamšūtu 13 šārū itbûšumma the pestilential wind, the frost wind, the tempest, the dust storm (and other winds), thirteen winds (in all) rose up against him (Humbaba) Bagh. Mitt. 11 95 ii 11 (Gilg. V), cf., as Akkadogram in Hitt.: IM ŠU-RU-UP-PU-Ú KUB 853:15 (Gilg.), see Friedrich, ZA 39 12; [...].MEŠ GIG  $\S u$ -ru-up-pu-u[...] (in description of war with Elam) Iraq 7 107 No. 34 col. A 5 (Asb.); MU šu-ruup-pi-x [...] [there will be] a year of(?) cold weather KAR 152:32, cf. šu-ru-uppu-ú māta işabbat TCL 61:59, cf. ibid. 10 and 26 (both SB ext.); [...] GIM IM.DUGUD &uru-p[u-u . . .] ACh Šamaš 15:20;  $\delta u$ -ruup-pu-u ina māti ibašši šu-ru-up-pu-u kuşşu there will be cold weather in the land, šuruppû (means) cold Thompson Rep. 62:6f., cf. šu-ru-up-pu-u rigim nakri ibašši ibid. 68:3, ACh Supp. 2 Sin 2:3, ACh Sin 3:101 f., *šu-ru-up-pu-ú ina* KUR GÁL Rm. 2,299 r. 4', and passim in astrol.;  $\delta u - ru - up - pu - uu$  KI.MIN šalgu imaqqut cold weather, variant: snow will fall ACh Šamaš 1 iii 38.

2. chills, shivers (as an illness or symptom of an illness): māšum u māštum... šanadam šu-ru-up-pa-am asakkam aj uṭeḥḥû ana šīmtika may the twin brother and sister (Šamaš and Ištar) not inflict šanadu disease, shivering(?), (or) asakku disease as your lot Böhl Leiden Coll. 23:14

(OB inc.);  $\lceil k\bar{\imath}m \rceil a \ meh \hat{e} \ liz\bar{\imath}qa \hat{s}in\bar{a}tima \lceil mur \rceil =$ su di'u šu-ru-pu-u asakku let sickness, headache, chills, and pestilence blow upon them like a tempest Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 106 iv 12 (SB), cf. ibid. 108:28; [ $\delta u$ r | u - up - pu - u' | lib i ibid. 66 I 360 (OB), cf. ibid. 106 iv 13 (SB); ina di'i u & u-ru-up-pi-e[...][he will be saved] from di'u and  $\delta$ . CT 51 161:5 and dupls. STT 303:24 and Bab. 4 104:11 (hemer.), cf. STT 273 iii 18; atrud . . . šu-ruup-pu-u (var. šur-pu-u) ša zumrika Maglu VII 40; ina têšu elli ip-pa-ru šu-ru-up-pu-u hurbāšu chill and shivers are dispelled by his holy incantation AnSt 30 105:26 (Ludlul I); aqû tâmatu šu-ru-up-pa-a ušam= hir he made the ocean flood take on (my) chill Lambert BWL 52:9 (Ludlul III); itti mīli  $\delta u$ -ru-up-pu-u  $in\bar{u}\delta u$  (see  $n\hat{a}\delta u$  mng. 3) ibid. 42:56, see ibid. p. 344 (Ludlul II); šu-ruup-pu-ú u hurbāšu ši-bu ša šadî munaššir mimma šumšu chill and shivers, . . . . from the mountain, destroyer of everything Craig ABRT 181:14 (tamītu), and see CT 1612 and dupl., in lex. section; šu-ru-pu-ú šag=  $b\bar{a}nu\ u\ \check{s}a\check{s}\check{s}atu\ \text{JCS 9 8 A 8, wr. } [\check{s}u]-ru$ pu-um ibid. B 8, cf. ibid. 10 A 28, B 26 (= YOS 11 9:2) (OB incs.); miqtu li'bu di'u  $ahh\bar{a}zu$  šur-pu-u (var. šu-ru-up-pu-u) ašuštu hurbāšu STT 138 r. 21, wr. šurpu- $\acute{u}$  (var.  $\acute{s}u$ -ru-up-pa) ibid. obv. 16, vars. from Köcher BAM 338 r. 7 and obv. 16, see Walker, BiOr 26 77; di'um murşu šu-ru-up-puú CT 51 142:4, cf. ibid. 8; namtaru ašakku šu-ru-up-pu-u tānēhi sabtuš lawhether the namtaru demon, the asakku demon, chill, or exhaustion have seized him without his knowing it ZA 45 206 iv 5 (Bogh. rit.); 4 bennu šur-pu-ú (stones) against epilepsy (and) shivers Köcher BAM 183:32; 4 NA₄.MEŠ bennu u šuru-[up-pu-u] STT 273 iii 6, also, wr. šu-urpu-u Köcher BAM 377 iii 7, cf. NA₄.EN.GI.  $SA_6$  šur-pu-ú ana amēli la tehê ibid. 344:6, cf. CT 51 89 ii 18; šumma ina murșišu ilebbu murus A.ZA.AD marus if in his illness he groans, he is afflicted with s. Labat TDP 158:14; *§u-ru-ub-be* AN [. . .] Hunger Uruk 50:23 (med. comm.).

šuruptu šushurtu B

In KBo 1 36 ii 7 (= Erimhuš Bogh.  $B_1$  iii 11') the reading is uncertain, see MSL 17 119 note to line 11'.

(Landsberger, ZA 42 159.)

šuruptu (šaruptu) s.; 1. burning material, fuel, 2. burning (as a funerary rite); OA, Mari, NA; NA šaruptu; cf. šarāpu.

gi.izi, gi.izi.lá = qa-nu-ú (var. omits qanû) šu-ru-up-tum Hh. VIII 269 f.; gi.bar.ra = min (= qan) šu-ru-up-tú(var. -tum) Hh. IX 312, restored from von Weiher Uruk 51 iii 10; [...] = [šu]-ru-up-tum Nabnitu XXIII 111; izi.ú.gug.ga = UD-ru-bat [i]zi Antagal VII 236.

- 1. burning material, fuel (OA, Mari): ever since I left the presence of my lord akalam u GIS šu-ru-up-tam uzamma I am without food and firewood ARM 2 113:22; ½ GÍN ana šīrim ⅓ GÍN ana šu-ru-up-tim . . . ašqul I paid one-half shekel (of silver) for meat, one-third shekel (of silver) for fuel RA 59 40 MAH 16205:33, cf. ¼ GÍN ana šu-ru-up-tim inūmi marnuātam nušab: šilu ašqul (see marnuātu) BIN 4 157:37; ½ GÍN 15 ŠE a-šu-ru-up-ti inūmi kirrāti iblulūni (see kirru A mng. 2a) TCL 14 53:11' (all OA).
- 2. burning (as a funerary rite, NA): dammuqu kannû taklittašunu kallumat gabru bakiju šu-ru-up-tu šarpat ittāti gabbišina pašša (the bodies of the dead substitute king and his queen) were prepared and properly treated, they have been viewed, buried, and mourned, the burning has been performed, all (evil) omens have been nullified ABL 437:16, see Parpola LAS No. 280; ūmu ša šar-up-tu išarra:  $p\bar{u}ni$  the day on which the (funeral) burning takes place (parallel: the day on which they prepare the bed of the deceased) ZA 45 44:16 (rit.); [taklimt]umma ukallumu [... šu]-[ru]-up-tú-ka [išar= rupu] again they display the dead (to mourners), thereafter they perform your (the king's) (funerary) burning 670:17, see Parpola LAS No. 4, cf. šu-ru-

up- $t[\acute{u} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \, ABL\ \ \ \, 378:13$ , see Parpola LAS 2 p. 509 ad No. 195.

šurzu see šurisû.

šusapinnu see susapinnu.

šushurtu A s.; (a grammatical term); SB; wr. syll. and (in gramm.) NIGÍN, NÍG.KÚŠ, ÈM.KÚŠ; cf. saḥāru.

[níg].til.la.a nigin (var. níg.nigin) murub₄.bi [še ul₄].lá: gamirta šu-ús-hur-ta qab<li>>ta marâ (see marû adj. lex. section) ZA 64 142:16 (Examenstext A).

ub = ana-ku šu-ús-hur-tum ma-li-tú MURUB₄-tú, at-ta šu-ús-hur-tum <ma-litú> MURUB₄.ΤΑ, šu-u šu-ús-hur-ti ma-li-tú AN.TA MURUB₄.TA - ub is "I," š., full form, (used as) infix, (also) "you," š., full form, infix, (also) "he," §., full form, prefix and infix NBGT I 85 ff.; ib, ta = šu-ús-hur-tú ríq-tim AN.TA MURUB4.TA ibid. 88 f.; un, an, in, en, ab =  $\delta u - u \delta a e - li - ti u \delta u$  $\dot{u}s$ -hur-ti [e-li-ti] AN.TA  $\dot{u}$  [MURUB₄.TA] NBGT II 86-90, ub, ab,  $ib = \delta u - u \delta a \delta u - u \delta a \delta u$ us-hur-ti [...], eb = a-na-ku MIN [...] ibid. 91-94; [...]  $\mathbf{x} = \delta u - us - hur - t[u \times x]$ MSL 5 197 side A 6 (NBGT II); (i.me).[še]  $= \delta a i - na a - na$  [NIGÍN] NBGT V v 6; ha = li èm.kúš, níg.sud, nigín hamtu(ul4) ga.dam = a-na-[k]uNBGT IX 39-41; [NIGÍN]-tum KI ibid. 273-274; ra = anaku NIGÍN AN Haupt Die Akkadische Sprache pl. 9 (= 13) K.4804:12, and dupls., cf. tum = at-taNIGÍN SIG ibid. 14, tum = at-ta NIGÍN [AN] ibid. 18, e = Nfg.KUS sig-tum ibid. 16, see Black Sumerian Grammar p. 149.

Black Sumerian Grammar 92 ff.; Yoshikawa, Or. NS 47 470 f.

šushurtu B s.; encircling(?); SB*; ef. sahāru.

You make two figurines of clay, you write on their sides as follows: NU.MEŠ šá šu-ús-hur-ti-i[a attunuma] šushuru ina

šushuru šusikku

UG[U-ia la...] you are the figurines of my  $\delta$ ., may the (magic) encircling against me [not...] KAR 374 r. 6 (inc.), cf. (in broken context) ibid. obv. 10 ff. and 20.

šushuru s.; (a dyed textile); lex.*; cf. sahāru.

[túg.a.g]i₄.a = \$i-ni-tum = \$ú(var. \$[u])-us-hu-ru Hg. B V 14, var. from Hg. D III 419, in MSL 10 139 and 141.

#### šusikilu see šamaškillu.

šusikku (šušikku) s.; fellmonger (an administrative functionary concerned with the disposal of animal carcasses); OAkk., OB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and su. si (OAkk.), (Lú.)su.si.ig (Ur III, OB), šu.si.ig (YOS 14 293:11).

a) in OAkk., Ur III: 6 kuš gud šu. gi₄... ki PN.ta su.si.ig.e.ne šu ba. an.ti.éš the š.-s received six hides of old oxen from PN BIN 9 114:4; (hides and pelts) é su.si.ig.ta from the house of the š. ibid. 303:6; [x] gú síg kur [ní] g. šu su.si.ig é den.líl.lá.šè x talents of mountain (sheep) wool from the š. for the Enlil temple Ni 9342:2, cited Kraus Verfügungen 369; PN su.si OIP 14 121 r. 1, also ibid. 175 r. 2, ITT 2 4378:4; for other refs. see Kraus Verfügungen 366-369.

b) in OB: ribbât iššakkātim rē'î su. SI.IG.MEŠ na-wi.MEŠ  $\hat{u}$   $\langle na$ - $\hat{s}i \rangle$  GÚ.UN. HI.A ekallim the arrears of the farmers, shepherds, §.-s of the pasture lands, or (any other) palace tenants (are remitted) RA 63 47:6 (Edict of Ammisaduqa), see Kraus Verfügungen 168, cf. (in the same sequence) Studies Landsberger 227:11' (Edict of Samsuiluna), see Kraus Verfügungen 154; [SU.SI.IG] mātim ša ina qāti sipa Ab.gud.hi.a si[pa u8].udu. HI.A SIPA ÙZ.H[I.A] ša ekallim . . . imah= har[uma] any s. of the open country who receives (carcasses or hides) from an oxherd, shepherd, or goatherd of the palace Kraus Edikt 34 § 10': 12 (= Kraus Verfügungen 176 § 12), cf. [S]U.SI.IG  $m\bar{a}tim$  ibid. 24, also

TLB 4 91:8 and r. 6'; (hides and carcasses) ana su.si.ig \( \ma \rangle - \tim i \) i s aknuma charged to the s. of the open country (for context see mudasû) CT 8 1c:6; kanīkāt ri.ri.ga ša sipa nuttīn ri.ri. GA ša SU.SI.IG.MEŠ ... kanākim concerning making out sealed documents about our (carcasses) lost by the shepherd (and) the carcasses lost by the s.-s A 3520:7 (let.); 5 U8.HI.A RI.RI.GA namharti PN SU.SI.IG É.BAD.50.KI five ewes, (carcasses from) the loss, received by PN the &. of GN BM 81562:5, cf. PN SU.SI.IG Saddu.KI BM 81552:5, PN SU.SI.IG URU Ubānum BM 81388:4, Wr. PN šu-si-ik-ki Ubānim BM 81556: 4, all cited Kraus Verfügungen 372 f.; nam= harti PN SU.SI.IG Sippar CT 8 33c: 14; PN SU.SI.IG Sippar-Amnānum BM 81512:3, BM 81397:3, cited Kraus Verfügungen 382, also CT 4  $\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR ŠÀ KÙ. BABBAR ŠÁM KUŠ UZU u SÍG . . . ša ana PN DI.KUD ana šuddunim nadnu MU.DU PN₂ SU.SI.IG Sippar-Amnānum namharti  $PN_3$  u  $PN_4$  one-half mina of silver, from the silver obtained from the sale of hides, meat, and wool, which was assigned to PN the judge for collection, delivered by PN₂ the §. of Sippar-Amnanum, received by PN₃ and PN₄ CT 4 15b:8; 16 LÚ SU.SI.IG Sippar-Amnānu u nawêšu . . . ana še'im ša eqel bilti PN . . . es $\bar{e}$ dim u š $\bar{u}$ : li[m...] 16 men (in the service) of the š. of Sippar-Amnānu and its pasture lands [are needed] for the harvesting and bringing in of the grain of PN's tax field LIH 84:5, cf. ibid. 13, see Frankena, AbB 2 66; 🖁 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR *kankum* ŠÀ KÙ.BABBAR SU.SI.IG Sippar u nawêšu BE 6/1 72:2;  $p\bar{u}h$ kanik PN  $\delta u$ - $\delta i$ -ki BM 81650:6, see Kraus Verfügungen 375; PN  $\S u(\text{copy }ku?)$ - $\S i$ -ik-kumYOS 14 75:8; for other refs. see Kraus Verfügungen 371-389.

The activities of the *šusikku* almost always involve disposal of the carcasses, hides, or meat of animals which died while in the care of herdsmen, and sometimes involve the financial transactions subsequent to the disposal of the carcasses.

šusippu šūsumu

In CT 19 43 III 42 (Nabnitu XVI 172), [...] =  $[l]u-u\dot{s}-\dot{s}i-[ka]$  "let me carry you" is an optative of nasû A v. In YOS 2 19:6 the personal name  $Lu-u\dot{s}-\dot{s}i-kum$  occurs, see Finkelstein, RA 63 62 n. 1.

Finkelstein, RA 63 61 ff.; Hirsch, RA 68 91 f.; Harris Ancient Sippar 79 f.; Kraus Verfügungen 350-93.

## šusippu see šusuppu.

šussuku (šumsuku, šamsuku, šansuku) adj.; deprived; MA, SB; cf. nasā: ku A.

kurunnu ša nablāţi ana daddari [...] pitnu u rigma šúm-su-ka-ku simat [šar: rūtija] u hadā ša balāţi zummāku lifegiving beer [turned into] a foul-tasting plant, I am deprived of the lyre and (its) sound which befit [my royalty], and I am bereft of the joys of life ZA 5 80 r. 11 (prayer of Asn. I), see von Soden, AfO 25 42:67; šukutta šášu ušanbituma šum-su-kat eli ša mahri they (the wise men) made that jewelry (of Marduk) gleam, but now it is more deprived (of sheen?) than before Cagni Erra IIb difficult: the hunter, hearing the speech of the wild animals, (thought) šáan-su-ku ţēššunu siq(i)rīšunu pitrudu their minds are ...., their words .... LKA 62:16 (MA lit.), see Ebeling, Or. NS 18 35; *šum-su-ku* (in broken context) Lambert BWL 166 K.8566+: 19 (fable).

For the meaning compare the meanings to reject, annul, and the like, cited  $nas\bar{a}ku$  A mng. 5. The ref. Cagni Erra II b 21 may belong to  $mas\bar{a}ku$ . In STT 73:134, see Reiner, JNES 19 35, [šumma GUD ZI-m]a huzruppašu uštappil šu-us-su-qu (see šapālu mng. 3a), the final word may stand for šuzzuqu, see  $naz\bar{a}qu$  mng. 4b.

šussullu see sussullu.

šussumu see šūsumu.

šusubbu s.; (mng. unkn.); OB.

 $\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN 24 ŠE &u-SU-ub-bu-um HA.LA PN 114 grains (of silver), the &u-, PN's share

(followed by shares of 57 grains each for five others) Boyer Contribution 127:1; MU. 3.KAM.MA.ŠÈ ŠU-ZU-Ub-bU TÚM.MU.DÈ IB. TA.AN.È he rented (a field) for three years in order to bring in(?) §. 3N-T 246:8.

The fact that a double share is designated as  $\delta usubbu$  in Boyer Contribution suggests that the word derives from  $(w)a = s\bar{a}bum$ , q.v., in spite of the writing with the -su sign.

šusummû (šušummû) s.; gift, delivery; Mari; Sum. lw.

udu. šu. sum. ma (var. .mu) = min (= immer) šu-su-me-e (var. šu-sum-mi-e), min nu-du-un-ni-e, min pu-qud-di-e Hh. XIII 146 ff.; [é. šu. sum. ma] [e-šu]-šum-ma (pronunciation) = bi-it šu-šum-ma Kagal Bogh. I Section C 3.

(various gold jewelry and objects) šušu-um-mu-ú ša dDi-ri-tim ARMT 22 237:12.

The restoration &u-su-[um-mu]-&u-um proposed in AHw. 1288a for Nigga Bil. B 155 is not supported by the traces as copied in MSL 13 119 note to line 155.

šūsumu (šussumu) adj.; befitting, appropriate; SB; cf. asāmu.

é.gar₈.bi sukud.da hé.du₇ še.er.ma.al šu.li.li.eš bar.dagal.la:  $l\bar{a}n$ šu elâ šu-su-mu etella napardâ (see napardâ adj.) 4R 20 No. 1:15 f. + AJSL 35 139 Ki. 1904-10-9,96:10 f.

You make libations and sing *šu-su-mat*  $h\bar{i}r[tu]$  rabitu šitruhtu Ištar (the song) "Fitting is the great spouse, proud Ištar" BBR No. 61 i 7, 62:13; russunāku ina ilāti banâku ina šarrāti hībāku ina ardāti šusu-ma-ku ina damaāti I (Bēlet-Nippuri) am splendid among goddesses, beautiful among queens, beloved among maidens, most befitting among the fair women Or. NS 36 122:121 (SB hymn to Gula); ašri šuus-su-mu ušēšibu they installed (Samaš and Aja) in an appropriate temple OECT 1 34 ii 7 (Nbn.); Nabonidus ețlu šuus-su-mu PBS 15 80 i 4; a bed ša ina hurāşi liqti šu-su-mu ērimu gerebša (see arāmu šusuppu šuşbuttu

mng. 1c) ZA 5 67:36 (prayer of Asn. I), see von Soden, AfO 25 39, cf. ina tēdiq bēlūtu šu-su-um BiOr 6 166:6, see Ebeling Handerhebung 116.

šusuppu (šušuppu, šusippu, šušippu, sasuppu) s.; (a towel); OB, Mari, EA, Nuzi, NA; Sum. lw.; Mari šusippu, Nuzi šušuppu, šusuppu, NA sasuppu, pl. šušuppū, šusippū, NA sasuppāti; wr. syll. and (in EA) (TÚG.)ŠU.SU/ZU.UB.

túg.šu.su.ub = \$u-su-up-pu, [túg.šu.su].
ub.e.dab = edappātu Hh. XIX 290 f.; gada.šu.
zu.ub ka-ad šu-šu-ub (pronunciation) = \$u-\$u-pu
(remainder of line belongs to preceding entry),
gada šu.zu.ub dingir.ra ka-ad šu-šu-ub ti-gi-ra
(pronunciation) = \$u-\$u-[ub] i-li Arnaud Emar 6
556:44 f., also (adding lugal = \$ar-[ri], nin.
dingir.ra = i-ti (i.e., enti) ibid. 46 f., cf. túg.šu.
zu.ub, túg.šu.zu.ub dingir.ra, túg.šu.zu.
ub lugal, túg.šu.zu.ub nin.dingir.ra MSL.
10 152:221 ff. (RS Forerunner), gada.šu.zu.ub
lugal, gada.šu.zu.ub nin.dingir.ra ibid.
257 ff.; Túg sa-su-pu, túg.min ša túg.gada Practical Vocabulary Assur 286 f.

- **2'** other occs.:  $n\bar{a}\check{s}\check{s}u-\check{s}i-ip-pi-im$  UET 7 73 i 26 (OB list of professions); 2  $\check{s}u-si-ip-pu$  ARMT 13 2:10, cf. ARMT 22 108 r. 8, 114:1, 1  $\check{s}u-[s]i-pu$  ibid. 168:4; uncert.: 1 GÚ  $\check{s}u-\check{s}i-ip$  terd $\bar{\imath}tum$  ARM 21 364:14; 2  $\check{s}u-si-pu$  ana  $\check{s}e-er-tim$  ARMT 22 172:2.
- b) in EA: 1 ŠU.ZU.U[B š] a GADA ša birma kubbû 1 TÚG.ŠU.ZU.UB ša birma kub: bû (see kubbû v.) EA 22 iii 27 f. (list of gifts of Tušratta).

- d) in NA: Túg sa-su-up-pa-a-te ša'u= rāte imahhar zakuāte iddan túg ša šu^{II}. MEŠ ša'urāte imahhar zakuāte iddan (the attendant in charge of linen) receives the dirty s.-s and supplies clean ones, receives dirty hand towels and supplies clean ones MVAG 41/3 62 ii 17 (royal rit.); TÚG sa-su-uppu ina muhhi naglab šarri ikarruru they put the §. on the king's shoulders Or. NS 21 137:10 and dupl. Bab. 1 206 K.13325 i 12, cf., Wr. TÚG sa-su-p[u] Or. NS 22 37:6, also van Driel Cult of Aššur 122 i 16; [... TÚG sa]- $\lceil su \rceil - pu \lceil ina \ muhhi \ naglab \ \delta \rceil \ arri \ ra - \lceil ka \rceil - su$ [šangû pūtu]hu naši the temple administrator is responsible for tying the š. on the king's shoulders (before cultic meals) Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 36 i 12, cf. TÚG sa-su-pu [. . .] ša muhhi naglabi [. . .] ADD 679 left edge 1; TÚG sa-su-up-pi TÚG biršāte ADD 1023:4; 4 qirsi 3 TÚG sa-su-pat ADD 1039 ii 4, 2 TÚG sa-su-p[at...] ADD 956:12, also ibid. 13, 12 TÚG sa-su-pat ADD 957 r. 5.

Loan from Sum. túg.šu.su.ub, literally "hand-wiping cloth," see Deller and Watanabe, ZA 70 218 ff. In the NA period, šusuppu is distinguished from TÚG ša qāti. Cf. Syr. šūšeppā, see Kaufman, AS 19 104.

For HSS 14 247:39 see luppu usage a.

šusbuttu s.; provisioning, supplies; NB; cf. sabātu.

nāmurti u šu-uṣ-bu-tú ša šarri itti aḥāmeš inandinnu' they (the lessors) will deliver together the nāmurtu-gift and the š. for the king FLP 1605:7, in Dillard NB Lewis šuşrupu šūşûtu

Coll. 180; by the first day of MN PN will deliver in the palace of Amanu 200 dan: nūtu šikaru ţābu ina suluppī ša ultu Eanna ana šu-uş-bu-ut-tum ša šarri nadnaššu two hundred vats of good beer made from dates which were given to him from (the stores of) Eanna for the s. of the king YOS 7 129:6; eighty sheep ša PN . . . ibuku ana šu-uş-bu-ut-tum ša šarri ana PN2 ip= qidu ud.17.kam . . . ibbakma ina Amanu ana šu-us-bu-ut-tum ša šarri ana PN3 u PN ... inandin which PN brought (from the enclosure of the Eanna temple and) entrusted to PN2 for the 8. of the king, on the 17th day (of the month) he (PN₂) will bring and deliver (the sheep) to PN₃ and PN in Amanu for the s. of the king GCCI 2 120:5 ff., cf. kî ina adannišu PN₂ UDU.NITÁ a' 80 ana é šu-uş-bu-ut-tum ša šarri la ittabkuma ana PN3 u PN la ittanna ibid. 12; x kaspu [šám] tābīlu ša ana šuus-bu-tu ša ekal Amanu nadnu YOS 7 86:2; ina muhhi šu-us-bu-ut-tum tābīlānu u hi= šihhēti bēlī la išelli (see šelû A usage b) YOS 3 79:17, cf. ina muhhi hišihtu šu-uşbu-ut-tum u šikaru ana šūlû ištēn la išelli (see *hišihtu* mng. 2) ibid. 19:30.

For the parallelism with ana naptani ša šarri, see San Nicolò, ArOr 17/2 328. The references šá-aṣ-ſbul-[tú ša] ṣalmāni ABL 18:11, and ša-aṣ-bu-tú gabbu šakin ABL 465:9, see Parpola LAS No. 173 and 248, are both III infinitives of ṣabātu; for similar occs. see ṣabātu mng. 11g.

šuṣrupu adj.; steeped, soaked; NB*; cf. sarāpu B.

2 GI burānê šu-uṣ-ru-pu-tu ana hišūtu ša nāri (see burû A usage a) GCCI 2 320:2.

šuşû s.; (a quality of the date palm and its dates); SB*; Sum. lw.(?); wr. šà. sud; ef. šişūtu.

giš.gišim mar.  $u_4$ . hi.in. šà. zu =  $\delta u$ -su- $\acute{u}$  (var. giš.gišim mar.  $u_4$ . hi.in. šà. sù =  $\delta i$ -su-tum) (followed by  $bu\check{s}ul$   $s\bar{e}ti$ ) Hh. III 329;  $u_4$ . hi.in. [šà]. [sù] = [ $\delta u$ ]-su-u-u,  $u_4$ . hi.[in.  $u_4$ . da] = MIN (=  $uh\bar{n}nu$ )  $s\bar{e}ti$  Hh. XXIV 262 f.;  $u_4$ . hi.in. šà. sù =  $\delta u$ -su-u-u Nabnitu M 267.

[šumma gišim] maru ša U4.HI.IN iššû ŠĀ. SUD ittaši if a date palm that (usually) bears dates bears š. dates (its owner will become poor) CT 41 19 r. 20, cf. (with opposite apod.) [šumma gišimmar]u ša ŠĀ.SUD iššû U4.HI.IN ittaši ibid. 21 (SB Alu).

The date palms designated as šà. sù at the tax estimation are those which bear little or nothing, see Landsberger Date Palm p. 60. The designation may refer to unpollinated dates which are "usually worthless: the flesh is dry and tasteless, while the seed is soft and undeveloped, lying loose in a fibrous cavity," see Paul Popenoe, The Date Palm (1973) 97. For Ur III texts where šà. sù designates not yet productive trees see Snell, Acta Sumerologica (Japan) 11 165 ff.

**šūṣû** (fem.  $\check{su}$ ṣûtu) adj.; protruding(?), turned out(?); OB, SB; ef. aṣû.

- a) protruding(?): šumma ina [imitti] ubāni nēkemtu la šu-ṣu-tú šaknat if on the right side of the "finger" there is an atrophied part which does not protrude(?) CT 31 42 r.(!) 16, also (on the left) ibid. 17, cf. ibid. 18, also ibid. 21 Bu. 91-5-9,202:8f.
- b) exiled, turned out(?): aššat awīlim šu-ṣú-tum ana bītiša itâr the man's wife who has been turned out will return to her house YOS 10 47:48 (OB); obscure: Lú šu-[ṣu-ú] (for commented line see ṣepēru mng. 2a and aṣû mng. 6k) Lambert BWL 54 line f (Ludlul III comm.).

For lexical references see šīşû.

šūşubtu s.; increment, addition; lex.*; cf. asābu.

 $[\S u] \cdot dah = \S u - \S u - [u]b - t[um]$  Nigga Bil. B 232.

šūşûtu s.; rental contract, agreement; OB; cf. asû.

PN nukaribbum...ulu ina A.ŠA ÉŠ.GARka ulu ina A.ŠA šu-sú-ti-ka ana amirti īnīšu ēma qāssu ummadu x A.ŠA lilqēma PN, the gardener, should take x field, šūš

whether from your iškaru field or from your rented field, whichever he prefers, of his own choosing Kraus AbB 1 136:10; ana A.ŠA šu-sú-ti-ia la tasanniq you must not lay claim to my rented field PBS 7 69 r. 4, ef. ibid. obv. 10, ef. also ana A.ŠÀ šu-sú-letters); (PN and PN2 made an accounting) 4 (PI) ŠE-a ša PN ana PN₂ ana zērim ana eqlim ša id GN šu-sú-ti-i-š[u] PN ul išap: pakma 4 gín kừ išaggal if PN does not deliver the four PI of barley (owed) by PN to PN₂ for seed for the field on the Ur canal (according to) his rental contract, he will pay four shekels of silver YOS 12 352:13; A.ŠÀ  $\delta u - s \acute{u} - u t$  PN VAS 7 101:5. also ibid. 145:6, BE 6/2 124:3, CT 8 19b:3, Szlechter Tablettes 82 MAH 15.880:3, Szlechter TJA 144 UMM G 5:5, YOS 13 128:4, 242:5, 332:1; GIŠ.SAR  $\delta u$ - $\delta$ 

šūš see šūši.

šūša see šūši.

šušalšam see šušalšum.

šušalšum (šušalšam, šušaltu) adv.; three-fold; OA*; cf. šalāš.

šumma tuppam harmam ula šībī ana PN PN₂ la uštēli ana kaspim annîm šu-šálšum PN2 ana PN išaqqal šumma tuppam ula šībī uštēli kasapšu PN2 šabbu if PN2 cannot produce either a sealed tablet or witnesses (to prove) that PN (owes him silver), PN2 will pay PN threefold for that. silver, if he can produce either a tablet or witnesses, PN2 is considered paid his silver BIN 4 147:16; ana x kaspim ša talgeu šu*ša-al-šu-um la tašaqqal* will you not agree to pay threefold the two and a half shekels of silver which you took? ICK 172:20, see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 259 n. 28; x kaspam...PN PN2 u PN3 ukannam šumma la uktainšunu šu-šál-šu-um išaggal PN will prove that PN₂ and PN₃ (owe) x silver, if he does not prove it against them, he will pay threefold ICK 2 118A:7 (tablet) and

118B:8 (case); umma PN kīma jāti PN, ana PN₃ mera' PN₄ išqul šumma PN₂ mera' PN₄ uktaiššu šu-ša-al-ša-am PN 5 ana PN išaggal PN said (to the one who claimed the copper) "PN₂ as my representative paid (the copper) to PN₃, the son of PN₄" - if the son of PN₄ confirms it in regard to PN₂, PN₅ (the claimant) will pay PN threefold TCL 21 263:12, cf. (x copper) PN PN₂ ana PN₃ ukâššum šumma uktaiššu šu-ša-al-ša-am ana PN2 išaqqal ibid. 22; šumma la ittah: bulušum šu-ša-al-šu-um PN ana PN, išaggal ICK 1 127:11; as your representative I took x silver from PN ana šu-ša-al-šum  $p\bar{a}\bar{i}$ addissum I promised him threefold VAT 9235:6 (coll.), cited MVAG 33 327 note b, and see J. Lewy, Or. NS 29 42 n. 3; uncert.: šumma KÙ.BABBAR šīm šu-šál-tí tamhura adi alla: kanni kaspam kunkama if you (pl.) have received the silver, the value of the s., then keep it under seal until I arrive Tum 14b:4.

J. Lewy, Or. NS 29 42 ff.; Hecker Grammatik p. 87 n. 1.

šušaltu see šušalšum.

šušannu see šušānu.

šušānu (šušannu, susānu) s.; 1. horse trainer, groom (for horses or other animals), 2. (member of a class of state dependents); MA, NA, NB; wr. syll. (with det. LÚ) and (Achaem. only) LÚ.KI.ZA.ZA; cf. šušānūtu.

1. horse trainer, groom (for horses or other animals) — a) in gen. — 1' in MA, NA:  $[q\bar{a}t]$  [PN] su-sa-ni (colophon) Ebeling Wagenpferde 11 A r. 5 (MA), also 16 Ac r. 3; 1 quppu ša tuppāte ša ekalli ša muḥḥi Lū su-sa-a-ni one box of palace documents concerning(?) the s.-s KAJ 310:27 (MA); disbursement to Lū su-s[a]-[ni] ša [x] Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists 141 (pl. 24) No. 12:8, 136 (pl. 16) No. 7:8; PN Lū su-sa-nu urê PN the stable groom ADD 852 iii 2, cf. naphar 4 Lū su-sa-ni ibid. i 2, cf. PN Lū

šušānu šušānu

su-sa-n[u] (as witness) ADD 273 r. 5, (in broken context) Tell Halaf 13:5.

in NB: beer for PN LÚ šu-šá-nu ša ANŠE.KUR.RA GCCI 2 200:4, also GCCI 1 122:4: dates given to PN LÚ šu-šá-ni-e šá ANŠE.KUR.RA.ME YOS 3 176:5; oil given to 6 LÚ *šu-šá-ni-e šá* ANŠE.KUR.RA.ME VAS 20 37:2, also (oil rations for) 28 LÚ  $šu-\check{s}\acute{a}-ni-e$  SAL.ANŠE.KUR.RA.[MEŠ] Weidner, Mél. Dussaud 2 931 sub 3; PN LÚ šu-šáan šá ú-qu-pi-e PN the monkey trainer ibid. 931 sub 4 (= pl. 2 r. 24); beer ana LÚ šu-š $\acute{a}$ -ni-e [š $\acute{a}$ ] GUD.ME GCCI 1 182:2; ku= rummāti ša Lú šu-šá-ni-e (received by PN) YOS 6 229:41, cf. (same person) LÚ šušá-nu YOS 6 220:28, YOS 7 16:14, 152:11, cf. also YOS 6 35:11, BRM 1 96:7, PN LÚ Šušá-nu BIN 1 155:7 and 16; note URU ša LÚ  $\delta u$ - $\delta \acute{a}$ -an-na.MEŠ Cyr. 158:3, cf. URU  $\delta \acute{a}$  LÚ  $\delta u - \delta a - ni - e$  VAS 5 29:17.

b) as title of deputies of the king or of other officials (NB): PN šatammu ša GN PN₂ LU šu-šá-nu šarri PN the administrator of GN, PN₂ the king's š. (identified as mār banî.MEŠ) YOS 7 106:2, cf. LÚ šu-šá-nu šarri (first witness) ibid. 111:19, also TCL 13 147:17, (beside šatammu and royal sepīru) YOS 7 114:14 (all Camb. and referring to the same person), cf. also VAS 6 276:25; PN LÚ šu-šá-nu šarri LÚ šaknu ša aspastūa PN, the royal š., overseer of the (haṭru of) horse-feeders PBS 2/1 189:11 (Dar. II); PN LÚ šu-šá-nu ša šatammi TCL 9 83:8; PN LÚ.SAG LÚ GAL pi-q[it-tī] šá LÚ šu-šá-nu ša x [. . .] Thompson Rep. 158 r. 2.

2. (member of a class of state dependents, NB): LÚ hatri ša LÚ šu-šá-ni-e DUMU.MEŠ LÚ šak-nu.MEŠ — hatru-association of the š.-s who are overseers BE 10 112:9, cf. ibid. 5 and 11, also, wr. LÚ šu-šá-ni-e LÚ.DUMU.MEŠ šaknūtu ibid. 79:8, cf. ibid. 64:7, also LÚ šu-šá-ni-e LÚ.DUMU.MEŠ «É» šak-nu-tu BE 10 79:3, and passim designating members of hatru's organized by occupation, see Stolper Entrepreneurs and Empire

76 ff. Nos. 40-49; hatri ša lú šu-šá-ni.meš ša bīt rab urātu — hatru-association of the š.-s of the equerry's estate TuM 2-3 183:6, cf. ibid. 190:12, 191:13 and lower edge, 124:4, PBS 2/1 114:18; all the fiefs  $\delta a$  LÚ  $\delta u$ šá-ni.MEŠ ša  $b\bar{i}t$  PN PBS 2/1 57:5, cf. ibid. 138 upper edge 1, BE 10 16:3, 47:5 and 48:5; LÚ šu-šá-ni-e ša bīt nakkandu š.-s attached to the storehouse BE 983:8, also right edge seal line 4; note LÚ šu-šá-ni.MEŠ (var. LÚ. KI.ZA.ZA.MEŠ) ša bīt PN the š.-s of PN's estate BE 10 65:15 and lower edge 3, var. (same person) ibid. 51:16 and left edge 4, and passim referring to the estate or institution to which they are attached, also with bit omitted, e.g., Lú šu- $\delta a-ni-e$   $\delta a$   $ma\delta \bar{a}ka$  (see  $ma\delta \bar{a}ka$ ) BE 9 107:9: kūm nikkassika rašûtu ša ina muh: hini iti 40 lú.erín.meš [ni]ddakkamma dullu ina muhhi bītika līpušu' u idī mun: nâšunūtu u 10 lú.erín.meš ana lú šušá-ni-e niddakka . . . LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ a' 40 dullu ana muhhi bītišu ippušu' u LÚ.ERÍN. меў a' 10 ana lú šu-šá-ni-e inandinu' instead of (paying in goods) the debt (expressed in goods) that we owe you, we will supply you with forty workers for one(?) month, they will work on your property. Pay them wages. Furthermore, will supply you ten workers as s.-s. (The creditor agreed and) those forty workers will work on his property and they (the debtors) will supply those ten workers as §.-s Stolper Entrepreneurs and Empire No. 113, see ibid. p. 81; note the atypical refs.: PN šaknu ša LÚ šu-š $\acute{a}$ -nu.MEŠ š $\acute{a}$  ina  $qar{a}tar{e}$ PN TuM 2-3 186:14; [...] ša ina muhhi LÚ šu-šá-an-na (in broken context) Durand Textes babyloniens pl. 89 AO 26782 r. 1, see Joannès Textes économiques p. 360 No. 120:7'.

Loan from Indo-Iranian aśva-śani"looking after horses," by way of MA
and NA susānu, transmitted to NB, with
the usual sibilant correspondence, as
šušānu. Only in MA and NA is the etymologically original sense maintained, referring particularly to trainers and/or
handlers of chariot teams. For a suggestion that LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR in NA repre-

šušānūtu šūši

sents susānu rather than ša mugirri, see Parpola, JSS 21 172. In NB texts having to do with the management of temple resources, šušānu designates a handler of animals in general, not only of horses. In the Achaem. period, the title šūšānu may designate a highly placed functionary (see mng. 1b). In other Achaem. texts (chiefly from the Murašû archive), šušānu indicates a dependent juridical status.

The ref. PN  $\delta an\hat{u}$   $\delta a$  LÚ  $\delta u-\delta a-an$ .MES (witness) VAS 6 155:15 refers to people of Susa; note that the tablet was written in Susa ( $\delta u-\delta a-an$  KI). In TIM 9 59:10f. (= Sumer 13 117) read  $\delta u-\delta a-\delta pi -nu$ .

Ebeling, ZA 50 213f.; Mayrhofer, Die Sprache 5 87; Parpola, OLZ 1979 35; Dandamaev Slavery 626ff.; Stolper Entrepreneurs and Empire 79ff.

šušānūtu s.; status of šušānu; NB; wr. syll. (mostly with det. LÚ) and LÚ.KI.ZA.  $ZA-\acute{u}-tu/t\acute{u}$ ; ef. šušānu.

pūt sēhî pāqirānu arad-šarrūtu mārbanûtu u lú šu-šá-an-nu-tu ša ina muhhi PN illa' PN2 PN3 PN4 nasa PN2, PN3, and PN4 assume guaranty against (suits brought by) a person acting unlawfully (or) a person bringing claims, (against suits claiming) the status of royal slave, free person, or šušānu which arise over PN (the slave sold) Dar. 212:9; negative formulation: pūt la sēhî la pāqirānu la \arad>šarrūtu la mār-ba[nûtu] la širki-ilūtu la šušá-nu-tu la bīt sīsê la bīt kus[sî...] la bīt narkabti ša ina muhhi PN PN2 . . . «la» illå  $PN_3 na-\dot{s}i$  McEwan LB Tablets No. 36:8, also, wr. Lú šu-š $\acute{a}$ -n[u- $\acute{u}$ - $t\acute{u}]$  PBS 2/1 65:13, wr. LÚ.KI.ZA.ZA- $\acute{u}$ - $t\acute{u}$  VAS 5 128:10;  $p\bar{u}t$  lamār-banûtu la arad-šarrūtu (la) širki- $\lceil il\bar{u}tu \rceil u \langle la \rangle$  LÚ šu-šá-an-nu-tu . . . [PN] uPN,  $na\check{s}\hat{u}$  PN and PN₂ (the sellers) assume guaranty that (the slaves) do not have the status of free person, of royal slave, of oblate, or of šušānu McEwan LB Tablets No. 35:13, ef. TCL 13 248:9, TuM 2-3 289:11, also BRM 2 10:11, and passim in LB slave-sale documents.

Petschow Pfandrecht p. 7 f. n. 14; Klíma, CRRA 11 17 f.; Krückmann Bab. Rechts- und Verwaltungsurkunden 19 f.; Dandamaev Slavery 626 ff.

šūšâtu s.; confusion; lex.*; cf. ešû v.

an.ta.lù =  $\delta u$ - $\delta a$ -a-tum (var. e- $\delta a$ -a-tum, see  $e\delta \hat{a}tu$ ) Erimhuš III 77.

šušerû s.; chill; syn. list.*

**šūš**i ( $\check{su}\check{s}$ ,  $\check{su}\check{s}a$ ,  $\check{su}\check{s}\check{s}u$ ) num.; sixty; from OB on; wr. syll. (abbr.  $\check{s}u$ , dis +  $\check{s}u$ ) and us; cf.  $\check{su}\check{s}\check{i}\check{s}u$ ,  $\check{su}\check{s}\check{s}\bar{a}r$ , * $\check{s}\bar{u}\check{s}u$ 'u.

ge-eš diš, ge-eš-ta diš = 1 šu-ši Ea II 242 f.; geš-lim-mu  $4 \times d$ iš = 4 šu-ši Ea II 250, also (5-9 šu-ši) ibid. 252, 254, 256, 258, 260; geš-mi-na  $2 \times d$ iš = 2 šu-ši Ea II MA Excerpt 31, also (3-9 šu-ši) ibid. 32-38; [mu.uš.di.t] a = diš = 1 šu-ši Emesal Voc. III 134, cf. (2, 3, and 5 šu-ši) ibid. 135-137, see Steinkeller, ZA 69 183; giš. má diš.gur (var. diš+šu.gur) = elip šu-uš-še (vars. šu-uš-šú, šu-ši) Hh. IV 354; e-eš (var. d[i-eš]) ku = šu-ú-ša (var. šu-uš-šú) Sb I 188, for vars. see MSL 4 206.

gíš.àm ba.gub gù.dé.bi ì.zu.ù: šu-uš diš (var. diš šu-ši) ikūn (var. ikunnu) nibīssu tīdê (the single wedge) also stands for sixty, do you know the appropriate reading? ZA 64 140:12 (Examenstext A), restored and vars. from Hunger Uruk 146:9'; danna (KASKAL.GÍD).diš.ta.àm: šu-uš bēra Lugale II 32 (= 76); 1.šu.gur.ta 8 gur še: ina 1 šu-ši 8 gur še'im eight gur of barley per sixty (gur) Ai. IV i 39; dA.nun.na.an.na mu.uš.5.bi: Anunnaki ša šamê 5 šu-ši the three hundred heavenly Anunnaki SBH 139 No. IV 155 f.

a) wr. syll.: 45 GUR ZÚ.LUM PN... 15 GUR PN. SU.NIGÍN 1 šu-ši ZÚ.LUM TCL 11 192:7; ina qinnaz alpim 1 šu-ši immahhas he will be flogged sixty (strokes) with an ox whip CH § 202:81; 1 šu-ši kiššam... 2 šu-uš 5 kiššam sixty bundles of reeds, 125 bundles of reeds Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 199:7 and 13; 600 2 šu-ši kurullū 720 sheaves ibid. 221:15; 9 šu-ši agurrum ibid. 188:1, also 1 šu-ši agurrum ibid. r. 2, but 4½ SAR 2 šu-š[i] SIG4 PBS 8/2 148:1; 1 šu-ši riksū ša SUM.SAR sixty bunches of garlic Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 38:14; uhīn

1 šu-ši naši he is bringing sixty (gur?) fresh dates TCL 1888:26; 2 šu-ši mirtu 3 šuši šinnātum ša maš $\langle ka \rangle k\bar{a}tim$  120 . . . . -s. 180 teeth for a harrow UCP 10 142 No. 70:21 f. (coll. J. J. Finkelstein);  $5 \times u$ -i GIS.SAG. KUL.MAR.GÍD.DA TCL 17 72:9; 3,40 šu-ši *şiprī* YOS 13 147:1; 2 *šu-ši ṣābam* Sumer 14:21 No. 4:16 (Harmal let.), cf. 7 šu-ši sābum TMB 98 No. 195:9, and passim in OB; 1 šu-ši 4 mešēnī ARM 1 17:29;  $\lceil \delta u - u \delta \rceil \neq \bar{a}bum \delta \hat{u}$  $mimma\ ep\bar{e}\bar{s}am\ [\acute{u}]-[la...]$  these sixty soldiers [cannot(?)] do anything ARM 2 39: 39; I dedicated 1 šu-ši ruggī erê sixty copper vessels AKA 44 ii 61, cf. he brought (as tribute) 1 šu-ši ruqqī erê . . . itti 2 šu-ši amīlūte AKA 43 ii 49 and 51 (Tigl. I), 1 šu-ši 4 papparhuātu AfO 18 304 ii 20 (MA inv.); 1 ma-at 1 šu-ši 7 £ ālik ilki 167 houses of service-holders RA 23 158 No. 63:17 (Nuzi); 1 ME &u-&iu3 (total) 163 EA 14 iii 73 (list of gifts from Egypt); 1 šu-ši 3 hulālu EA 25 ii 3 (list of gifts of Tušratta); ŠU.NÍGIN-ma ša 1 ME šu-ši ti-ba-an a total of 160 deben-weight RA 31 127:12 (= EA 369); tuppi 1 šu-ši GÁN A.ŠA KAJ 160:2 (MA); 1 šu-ši 6 GÍN 66 shekels EA 22 iii 21 (list of gifts of Tušratta); ina šanî 2 šu-ši li-mi ummāna ušēsiamma imtahas the second time I sent forth 120,000 troops, but he inflicted a defeat JCS 11 85 iii 2 (OB Cuthean Legend), cf. 1 šu-ši li-mi ummāna ibid. 4, ištu 6 šu-ši li-mi when he had killed ummāni inēru 360,000 troops ibid. 6, wr. 2 uš lim erfn AnSt 5 102:85 (SB version), cf.  $[\ldots \times \delta]u-\delta i$ umm[ānātija] RA 70 117 L ii 42' (OB lit.);  $\delta \bar{u}_{\bar{s}} \delta \delta \delta i + \delta u - \delta i$  G[IG...] let loose against her (Ištar) the sixty diseases CT 15 46:69 (Descent of Ištar); 1 šu-ši qaqqad pilakki 30 ša bīni 30 ša musukkanni (see qaqqadu mng. 4b-2') KAR 223:2; PAP 1 šu-ši 3 Ú.HI.A marhaşu Köcher BAM 168:16; 5 šuši qinnāte three hundred families (of rebels) AKA 81 vi 31 (Tigl. I);  $1 n\bar{e}r 2 \delta u$ ši MU.MEŠ 720 years Weidner Tn. 16 No. 7:26; 9 šu-ši 40 mu.meš 580 years AOB 1 120 iii 41 (Shalm. I); ša šu-ši MU.MEŠ šīt she is sixty years old Edel Ägyptische Ärzte 68: 19; šu+nigín 2 šu-ši mu.bi.im total: 120

lines YOS 10 33 vi 18 (OB ext.), 1 šu-ši 2 62 (lines) UET 6/1 33:65 (OB), 1 šu-ši 3 MU.ŠID.BI.IM KAR 153 r.(!) 7, ŠU+NIGÍN 1 šu-ší MU.BI adi qītišunu in all sixty lines until their end Labat Suse 9 r. 43 (ext.), and passim.

abbr. šu: 1GI 2 šu . . . putur 30 b) tammar TMB 24 No. 48:27; 1 šu ŠE.NUMUN sixty (gur) of arable land MDP 2 pl. 16 ii 1 (MB kudurru);  $1 \le u 8^{\frac{1}{2}}$  KUŠ GUD  $68^{\frac{1}{2}}$  oxhides PBS 2/2 63:28 (MB); 1 šu 24.TA.AM MU.[SID].[BI.IM] 84 (is) the count of its lines CT 39 42 K.9697+:42 (SB Alu); kî 1 šu кù.ваввак (one donkey) for sixty (shekels) of silver YOS 1 37 ii 12 (early NB kudurru); 17 ina libbišunu iddūku u 1 šu 70 (wr. diš.u) ina libbišunu undahhisu they killed 17 of them and wounded sixty (or) seventy ABL 520 r. 7 (NB); 1 šu bēr ina zumrija lu nesât may (the evil of the dream) withdraw sixty leagues from my body Dream-book 339:22; note 1 šu-ši BRM 4 15:32 (subscript), abbr. 1 &u in dupl. ibid. 16:29 (MB); note the ligature DIŠ+šu (from late MB on): DIŠ+ŠU KÙ.BABBAR.MEŠ sixty (shekels) of silver RA 77 149:19 (corrected RA 79 72), cf. ibid. 22 and 28 (early NB); DIŠ+šu UDU.NITÁ CT 22 64:5 (NB let.); DIŠ+šu agurru sixty baked bricks TuM 2-3 109:3; PAP 3 ME DIŠ+šu 5 mišil mašīhī total:  $365\frac{1}{2}$  measures (of barley) Dar. 71:7; DIŠ+šu 3 GUR 1 (PI) 4 (BÁN) ZÚ.LUM.MA VAS 3 193:1; DIŠ+ŠU GUR ŠE.BAR YOS 3 28:6; 1 ME DIŠ+ $\delta u qaqqar b\bar{a}btu$  ibid. 19:8 (all NB).

c) wr. uš: on Mount Arṣidu and Mount Mahunnia (the fortresses) ana 4.uš.ta. Am innaṭṭalu šuršūšin (see naṭālu mng. 13a) TCL 3 288 (Sar.), cf. ana 10 uš.ta. Am Borger Esarh. 88:19; 2 uš.ta.Am tibkī gabadibbû lānišunu lamûma (the fortresses) were surrounded (by walls), the height of the parapet of each was 120 layers (of bricks) TCL 3 240 (Sar.); the main terrace ana šiddi 1 uš 3 kumāni eqlu ēnaḥma had weakened and collapsed over an area of 63 kumānu AKA 148 v 30

šušikku šuškallu

(Tigl. I); ina 2 uš PN ugdammera par [īsī] with 120 (thrusts) Gilgāmeš had used up the poles Gilg. X iv 8; 5 UŠ ina šamė ukīn massartu he set three hundred (Anunnaku) in the sky as guard En. el. VI 42; 9 UŠ 40.AM MU.MEŠ 580 years Borger Esarh. p. 3 iii 33, cf. 2 UŠ 6 MU.MEŠ ibid. 22, 2 ner 7 uš 15 mu.an.na Streck Asb. 180:16; 3 UŠ GÚ 180 talents Borger Esarh. p. 87 § 57 r. 2; 1 UŠ 3.AM MU.ŠID. 63 are its lines CT 38 9:48; 1 UŠ 40.AM MU.ŠID.BI.IM CT 27 16 r. 11, cf. Hunger Kolophone No. 136:1; 1 UŠ 20 NINDA 5 NINDA pūtu elītu 85 ninda (is the length of) the upper (western) side (of the area) VAS 1 58 i 1 (NB kudurru), cf. ibid. 2, 3, 5, Hinke Kudurru iii 2, 4, 6, and passim in kudurrus.

Besides learned texts (colophons, royal inscriptions), the word is used in cases, such as in multiples of sixty or when followed by a number smaller than ten, when the simple numeral would be ambiguous as to whether it denotes the unit or sixty. The reading of the sign uš when it denotes 60, and that of the ligature DIŠ+šu (unless abbr. for šu-ši), often confused with the sign ku, are not known.

Steinkeller, ZA 69 176 ff.

šušikku see šusikku.

šušinnu s.; (a garment); EA.*

10 TÚG [ $\delta$ ] u- $\delta i$ -in-nu burrumu (among multicolored garments for women) EA 25 iv 46 (list of gifts of Tušratta).

šušippu see šusuppu.

šūšišu adv.; sixty times; OB, Mari; cf. šūši.

wudima 1 šu-[ši]-šu aqbīkum well, I told you sixty times (already) ARM 18 8:6, see Rouault, ARMT 18 p. 224 n. 18 bis; ana 1 šu-ši-šu ša talliku tanaššīma 1 UŠ sarzrum(LUL) you multiply by sixty (the length of the reed) that you measured (lit. "went") and one (will be) the pro-

visional (lit. false) side Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 11:8, see TMB 91 No. 189.

šuškallu (šaškallu, šušqallu) s.; (a net); OB, SB; Sum. lw.; cf. šuškallu in ša šuškalli.

giš.sa.šu.uš.kal, giš.sa.gar.gar.ra =  $\delta u-u\delta -kal-lum$  (var.  $\delta u-u\delta -qa-lu$ ) Hh. VI 171f.; giš.sa.šu.uš.kal =  $\delta u-[u\delta -kal-lum]$  =  $\delta a-par-gal-lu\delta$   $\delta a$  L $\dot{\mathbf{U}}$ . $\dot{\mathbf{S}}$ [ $\dot{\mathbf{U}}$ ]. $\dot{\mathbf{H}}$ [A] Hg. A I 92, in MSL 6 76; sa.  $\dot{\mathbf{S}}$  u.uš.kal =  $\delta u-u\delta -kal-l[um]$  (in group with  $\delta \bar{\epsilon}tu$ ) Antagal VIII 175; [sa. $\dot{\mathbf{S}}$  u.u] $\dot{\mathbf{S}}$ . $\dot{\mathbf{S}}$ [gal] =  $\dot{\mathbf{S}}$ [u-u] $\dot{\mathbf{S}}$ -ka-[al-lum] Nigga Bil. B 290; [sa-a]l- $\dot{\mathbf{h}}$ u-ub  $\dot{\mathbf{S}}$  (pronunciation) sa.al. $\dot{\mathbf{h}}$   $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$  b  $\dot{\mathbf{S}}$   $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$  =  $\dot{\mathbf{S}}u-u\dot{\mathbf{S}}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{k}}$ a- $\dot{\mathbf{h}}$ a- $\dot{\mathbf{h}}$ a- $\dot{\mathbf{h}}$ a-[am] CBS 11319+ iii 15 (courtesy M. Civil).

ur.sag sa.šu.uš.kal.bi (OB recension: sa. šú.uš.gal) lú.erím.ma šú.a: qarrādu ša šu-uš-kal-la-šú ajābu isahhapu (see sahāpu lex. section) Lugale I 13; [...] sa.šú.uš.kal [...]: [...]-ip šu-uš-kal-la ša šadā x-[...] LKA 23:5f.; lú. u_x(GIŠGAL).lu.bi sa.šu.uš.kal.gin_x(GIM) m[u. un.dul.meš]: amīlu šuātu kīma šu-uš-kal-li ik[tu=mušu] they (the demons) have overwhelmed that man like a net Iraq 27 165:45f.

&u-u&-kal-li < #>&e-e-tum CT 28 48 r. 8 (SB ext. comm.); &u-u&-kal-lum(var. -lu), <math>&u-u&-kal-lum(var. -lu), &u-u&-kal-lum(var. -lu), &u-u&-kal-lum(var

a) used in warfare for ensnaring enemies: kur šu.ba nu.šub.bu sa.šu.uš. kal mè.mu mu<.e.da.gál.la.àm> : ša šadû ina qātišu la ipparšidu šu-uš-kal  $t\bar{a}hazi$  min (= našakuma) (see naparšudulex. section) Angim III 33 (= 137); DN tabik= *šunu ša-aš-ka-al-lu-uš-šu* DN is the one who collects them (the perverse) in his net JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 8 v 28 (OB lit.); šu-uš-kaal-lam ša [... n] am sar 8 gú ... <math>el-qé he (Gilgāmeš) took the net of [...], (and) the sword of eight talents Gilg. O. I. r. 18 (OB, coll. A. Westenholz); [šarrum wardīšu] kīma šuu - ka - al - lim(var. - li) isahha[p] (see sa = lim(var. - li)) *hāpu* mng. 1a) RA 67 41:7 (OB ext.), var. from CT 28 48:7, for comm. see lex. section; LÚ+LÚ KA×BAD.ri.a.ni giš.sa.šú.uš. gal (var. sa.šu.uš.g[a.al]) hu.mu. šú: šalamti kaššāpti šuāti (šuškallu) lishup may the s.-net enwrap the corpse of that witch PBS 1/2 122 r. 5 f., see ZA 45 14 ii 1 (OB inc., coll. P. Michalowski); said of the net of gods: O Samaš šu-uš-kal-la-ka ibâr lemnūti your net catches the evil ones

šuškallu šušmarû

KAR 32:29, cf. sahip šu-uš-kal-la-ka puhur mātāti 4R 17 r. 13, cf. also ša-aš-ka-lum  $s\bar{a}hiptum$  (see * $s\bar{a}hi\check{s}u$ ) ZA 71 61:2 (OB inc.); Šamaš ina šu-uš-kal-li-ka ha-bi-lu ta-[. . .] (parallel: ina gišparrika) Lambert BWL 130:83 and dupl. (courtesy W. G. Lambert); note antonomasia: ur. sag a. RU. ub [sa. š]ú. uš.kal (OB recension: sa.šú.uš) mè. a:[qarra]du mušam[qittu š]u-uš-kal tāha=zi (Ninurta) hero, pitfall, net of battle Lugale III 32 (= 122); sa.šu.uš.gal ki. bal.a šú.šú: šu-ma sāhip māt nukurti (Enlil) net that overwhelms the enemy country 4R 27 No. 4:58f.; šu-uš-kal la (Tiglathpileser) the net (overmāgiri whelming) the disobedient AKA 52 iii 33 (Tigl. I), cf. malku pitqudu šu-uš-kal la māgiri Winckler Sar. pl. 48:10.

b) in comparisons: sahpu kīma šu $u\check{s}$ -kal-lum erset[u  $\check{s}a$ ] $r\bar{u}r\bar{u}ka$  your rays cover the earth like a net Lambert BWL 126:5 (hymn to Šamaš), restored from BM 36296, courtesy W. G. Lambert; kīma šu-uš-kal-li asahhap kīma huhāri akattam (see huhā: ru mng. 1) KAH 2 84:21 (Adn. II);  $k\hat{\imath}$  šuuš-kal-li ša bā'iri (parallel: kî arri ša ušandî, see arru s. usage b) KAR 312:13 (SB); šumma tīrānu kīma šu-uš-kal-li if the intestinal convolutions are like a net BRM 4 13:73 (SB ext.);  $rittu ... ša ... k\bar{\imath}ma š\bar{e}ti$ ukattimu garrādu kīma šu-uš-kal-li aša: ridu ibarru hand which covers the warrior like a net, catches the leader like a s.net Maqlu III 163; kīma šu-uš-kal-li ukat: timanni šittu sleep overcomes me like a net Lambert BWL 42:72 (Ludlul II); the evil that has seized me kīma šēti kut[tumanni] kīma šu-uš-kal-li saļpanni has covered me like a net, overwhelmed me like a §. Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 131:70; see also lex. section.

šuškallu in ša šuškalli s.; person making or using a šuškallu-net; lex.*; cf. šuškallu.

lú.sa.šú.uš.gal =  $\delta a \delta u - u \delta - ga - lim$  (var.  $\delta a \delta u - u \delta - k[a] - [al - li]$ ) OB Lu A 432, var. from OB Lu

 $C_6$  11; lú.sa.al.húb = ša šu-uš-ka-al-li OB Lu  $C_6$  13.

šuškubu see *šurkubu.

šušlušu (fem. šušluštu) adj.; three-ply, triple; SB; cf. šalāš.

[urudu].  $\S$ IM×LUL.3. tab. ba =  $(\S \bar{a}q\hat{u})$   $\S u$ -u $\S$ -lu- $\S u$  triple beer-drinking tube Hh. XI 422, cf. (all preceded by espu) [u-rudu $\S$ IM×LUL.3. tab. ba] =  $\S u$ -u $\S$ -[l]u- $\S u$  = [x.x]. DUG₄. GA Hg. A II 220, in MSL 7 155, e§.  $\S$  u.sAR.3. tab. ba = (pitiltu)  $\S u$ -u $\S$ -lu-u $\S$ -ti triply-twisted rope of palm fiber Hh. XXII Section 12:6'.

KUL. peš. a = MIN (= bu-nu) šu-uš-lu-š $\acute{u}$  Nabnitu I 12.

šu.SAR.3. à [m u.me.ni].sir₅.sir₅.ma: pitilti šu-uš-lu-u[š-ti] (var. šu-uš-lu-uš-tú) ti-me-ma spin a triply-twisted rope of palm fiber CT 17 24:230 f., and 14 K.3128+:5 f., restoration and var. from von Weiher Uruk 2:177.

- a) said of ropes: [a] šlu šu-uš-lu-š[u ul ...] a three-strand rope [will not break] Gilg. V iv 24, also CT 46 21 r. 3, see Landsberger, RA 62 108f., áš-la šu-uš-lu-[šá...] K.16804 col. B 4 (courtesy W. G. Lambert); atammi turru šu-uš-lu-šú(var. -šá) ša uq=nâti I weave a triply-twisted band of blue wool LKA 106 r. 2, cf. you recite the incantation ina muḥḥi turru šu-uš-lu-še ša uqnâti ibid. r. 6, var. from dupl. LKA 107:14; see also Hh. XXII, CT 17, in lex. section.
- b) said of copper drinking tubes: see Hh. XI, Hg., in lex. section.
- c) other occs.: see, referring to three faces(?), Nabnitu, in lex. section; see also  $\S u-u[\S-lu-\S u]$  (var. to  $\S ullu\S u$ ) LKA 65:12 and dupl., cited  $\S ullu\S u$  adj.

šušmarû s.; (a vessel or utensil); OB, Mari; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. and šu.uš/úš. GAR(.RA).

10 GAL UD.KA.BAR 1 Š[U].UŠ.GAR UD. KA.BAR ten bronze cups (and) one bronze Š. OECT 3 74:24 (OB let.), also ibid. 25, see Kraus, AbB 4 152; 1 ŠU.UŠ.GAR UD.KA.BAR 1 muşarrirtu UD.KA.BAR 10 GAL UD.KA. BAR VAS 18 101:11 (OB temple inv.), cf.

šušqallu *šuššikkūtu

(weighing four minas) UET 5 795 i 7; 1 SU. UŠ.GAR.RA 1 musarrirtum RA 64 26 No. 11:3 7 ŠU.ÚŠ.GAR.RA UD.KA.BAR 5 muşarrirātum 4 karpātu 22 gal. Hi. A ARM 9 50:1, cf. 1 šu.úš.gar.ra 3 ma.na 1 muşar: rirtum 1 MA.NA ARMT 22 210: 3', also ibid. 8'; 1 šu-úš-ma-ru ud.ka.bar 1 muşarrirtum UD.KA.BAR (worth six shekels of silver) ARM 21 219:28, cf. ARM 24 101:7,  $1 \sin^2 4 \sin^2 4$ ma-ru-ú UD.KA.BAR 1 maşarru UD.KA. BAR (worth 15 shekels of silver) ARMT 22 322:33; 1 ŠU.ÚŠ.GAR.RA KÙ.BABBAR ARM 24 84:1, 91:2, 97:29, cf.  $\lceil \frac{2}{3} \rceil$  (?) MA.NA  $9\frac{2}{3}$  GfN KÙ.BABBAR KI.LÁ.BI l šu-úš-ma-ri-i ibid. 92:5; 2  $\delta u$ - $u\delta$ (text-TI)-ma-ru 1 hu-ub-lu 1  $\S u - u \S - ma - ru$  GAL 2  $ma - a \S - \S a - ru$  ibid. 232:3 and 5, cf. also (beside masarru) ARMT 23 580:3', (beside mușarrirtu) ARM 21 249:8, ARMT 22 232 r. 6', 204 r. iii 43, (in broken context) ARM 7 290: 8.

### šušqallu see šuškallu.

šušq $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$  (fem. šuš $q\bar{u}tu$ ) adj.; exalted; OB; cf. ša $q\hat{u}$  A v.

 $[b\bar{e}\bar{l}]t\bar{i}$  šu-uš-qú-tum āšerassun my mistress, the exalted one, who supervises them (the gods) VAS 10 215:27 (OB hymn), see von Soden, ZA 44 32.

For RA 53 135: 42 (= Rm. 287: 42) see  $\delta aq\dot{u}$  A v. mng. 4b-2'. In BiOr 28 5: 8 and 9 (= K.3353+ i 9 f. in ZA 42 80), LAL.MEŠ and LAL probably are logograms for  $h\dot{u}tu$ , see  $h\dot{u}tu$  mng. 1.

šušqûtu s.; exaltation; OB, SB; cf. šaqû A v.

šu-uš-qu-us-su ina sammî lizzamir let its (Babylon's) exaltation be sung to the accompaniment of the lyre Pinches Texts in Bab. Wedge-writing p. 16 No. 4 r. 11 (SB lit.); šu-uš-qú-ú-ut iltim[...] the exaltation of the goddess [...] (catch line) VAS 10 215 r. 30 (OB hymn), see von Soden, ZA 44 34:57.

**šušrātu** (uššur $\bar{a}$ tu) adj. (?) fem. pl.; (qualifying leeks); lex.*

ga.raš.níg.bu.[d]a sar = šu-uš-ra-tú = mir-[gu] Hg. D 242 and dupl. Hg. B IV 205, in MSL 10 104f.; ga.raš.níg.[b]u(var..burù).da sar = uš-šu-ra-a-ti Hh. XVII 315; Ú.GA+RAŠ.NÍG.BU SAR = šu-uš-ra-te Practical Vocabulary Assur 79.

šušrû s.; (a variety of grape); lex.*; Sum. lw.

giš.geštin.šú.uš.ru(vars. .šu.uš.ra, .šu. šur) = \$U-u (vars. \$U, \$U-u\$-rU-u) Hh. III 16, dupl. AS 17 14 ii 16 and 15:5.

šušruhu adj.; glorified; SB*; cf. ša: rāhu A.

kubbudu šu-uš-ru-hu kê šaruh ilu ša ana [Mard]uk kit-nu-šú ilūssu [. . .] (see šarhu adj. usage a) Craig ABRT 1 31 r. 6, with join courtesy W. G. Lambert.

šuššama see tūšama.

šuššān (šulšān) num.; one third; lex.*

šu-šá(var. -[š]a)-na  $\frac{1}{3}$  =  $\delta u$ - $u\delta$ - $\delta a$ -an Ea I 356; šu- $u\delta$ - $\delta a$ -an [3 =  $\delta u$ - $u\delta$ - $\delta a$ -an (var.  $\delta u$ -u-d-a-an) S^b II 48; šu-ša-na 2×U =  $\delta u$ - $u\delta$ -d-a-a A II/4: 163, also Ea II 159; [...] =  $[\delta u$ - $u]\delta$ -d-a-a Nabnitu C 69 f.

II 159; [...] = [šu-u] š-šá-an Nabnitu C 69 f. giš.sìla  $\frac{\delta u-u\delta-\delta \dot{a}-an}{3}$  =  $qu-\dot{u}$  šu-u $\dot{s}-\dot{s}$ á-an Hh. VIIA 239; giš. $\frac{1}{3}$ .sìla =  $q\dot{e}-\dot{e}$  šú-u $\dot{s}-\dot{s}$ á-an = sar-ki qu /  $\dot{s}$ ul- $\dot{s}$ u [qu] Hg. B II 112, in MSL 6 111.

For  $2\times U$  used for one third of a double-hour  $(b\bar{e}ru)$ , i.e., forty minutes, see  $b\bar{e}ru$  A mng. 2; cf.  $en\bar{u}ma$   $ann\hat{a}$   $\bar{i}pu\check{s}u$  KI. $2\times U$   $ereb(\check{s}\acute{u})$   $\check{s}am\check{s}i(MAN)$   $\check{s}e\check{s}gallu$  40 GI.MEŠ . . . irakkas after having done this, forty minutes (after) sunset, the  $\check{s}e\check{s}gallu$  will tie forty reeds RAcc. 145:453.

Etymology uncert., see F.R. Kraus, RA 64

šuššār num.; 216,000; OB.*

šar-diš  $\mu$ i×60 = [šuššar], šar-gal-diš  $\mu$ i×gal. 1 = [min], šar-gal-min  $\mu$ i×gal.2 = [...] Ea V 86 ff.; [...] = [šu]-uš-šá-ar, [...] = šu-uš-šá-ar (preceded by šuššān) Nabnitu C 71 f.

ŠÁR.DIŠ^{šu-šár} Še.gur Meissner BAP 112 viii 15.

Literally sixty ( $\delta u\delta$ ) times 3,600 ( $\delta \bar{a}r$ ).

šuššāru see šaššāru.

*šuššikkūtu see šusikku.

šuššu A šūšu

šuššu A s.; (mng. unkn.); Mari.*

šu-úš-ši ša  $\upmath{y} \upmath{u} \upmath{v} \upmath{x} \upmath{l} \upmath{n} \upmath{l} \upmath{s} \upmath{l} \upmath{s} \upmath{u} \upmath{n} \upmath{u} \upmath{n} \upmath{u} \upmath{n} \upmath{u} \upmath{n} \upmath{l} \upmath{u} \upmath{n} \upmath{l} \upmath{u} \upmath{n} \upmath{l} \upmath{u} \upmath{n} \upmath{l} \upmath{u} \upmath{n} \upmath{u} \upmath{u} \upmath{n} \upmath{u} \upmath{u} \upmath{n} \upmath{u} \up$ 

Birot, ARMT 14 p. 233, suggests "(fowling) net."

šuššu B s.; one sixth; lex.*; cf. šeš: šet.

šu-uš  $U = \delta u - u\delta - \delta u$  A II/4:71.

šuššu see šūši.

šuššû s.; (mng. unkn.); NB.*

šuššūgu see šaššūgu.

šuššūqu see šašš $\bar{u}gu$ .

šuššurinnu s.; (a barley by-product); Nuzi; Hurr. word.

Barley [ana] tābāti u ana šu-uš-[šu-ri-in]-ni for vinegar and š. HSS 16 23:28, cf. HSS 14 67:2, HSS 16 59:26, ana agarinna a[na] šu-uš-šu-ri-in-[ni] ibid. 236:11; 1 ANŠE ŠE šu-uš-šu-ri-in-na ana PN nadin ibid. 43:11; note counted: 2 māti šu-uš-šu-ri-in-ni two hundred (containers of?) š. HSS 14 145:5; measured in minas: 16 MA. NA 10 GfN šu-šu-ri-in-nu ša ekalli HSS 15 224:2.

**šuššuru(m) (AHw. 1290a) see šuš=
marû. In the lex. texts Ea II 213f. and Ea II
MA Excerpt iii 12'f., šu-šu-ru, šu-šu-ru šá kinu-ni (see kinūnu lex. section) possibly
mean "to sweep," from ešēru.

šušû s.; (an object of reed or metal); Mari.

 $[gi.sa.x] = \delta u - \delta u - u$ , [gi.sa.x].us = min Hh. VIII 215 f.

1 mu-ša-lu(?) ud.ka.bar 2 šu-šu-ú ud.ka.bar ARM 24 277:45.

For CT 18 9 K.4233+:18, see šēšû.

**šūšu**  $(s\bar{u}su)$  s.; licorice tree; from OB on;  $s\bar{u}su$  Iraq 14 35:124 and 134 (NA); Wr. syll. and GIŠ.ŠE.DÙ(.A) (GIŠ.ZA.MÙŠ.ŠÉŠ AMT 95,1:6).

šu-ú-šu (var. [š]ú-šúm) GIŠ.MÙŠ.ŠÉŠ =  $\delta u$ -ú- $\delta u$  Diri III 254, cf. GIŠ.ŠÉŠ^{ů-ù-ŝú} =  $\delta u$ -ú- $\delta u$  KUB 3 98:7 (Diri Bogh.); giš.kan.ka.du = kankadu,  $\delta u$ -u- $\delta u$  Hh. III 463 f.; giš.sa.kak, giš.za.múš(var. adds.[x]), giš.šur.zu.[x], giš.šu.ú. $\delta u$  =  $\delta u$ -u- $\delta u$  ibid. 465 ff., see MSL 9 166; [mu.za+múš] = [giš.za+múš] = [ $\delta u$ ]- $\delta u$  Emesal Voc. II 137; giš.še.dù.a =  $\delta u$ -u- $\delta u$  Hh. III 50; sa.sar = mùš.šÉŠ ŠEŠ BRM 4 33 i 7 (group voc.).

- a) in gen.: [...d] aprānum [i-š]i-id šu-ši-im ARM 7 261 r. 4'; 100 giš su-si. MEŠ (among fruit and nuts for a banquet) Iraq 14 35:124 (Asn.), cf. 10 ANŠE (kulli) ša Giš su-si.MEŠ ibid. 134; šumma ... Giš. ŠE.DÙ.A innamir CT 39 11:42, cf. ibid. 12:9 (SB Alu); Giš šu-ši Giš.LAM×KUR (associated with the zodiacal sign Sagittarius) TCL 6 12 r. iv 2, see Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 30, cf. Giš šu-ši Giš.LAM×KUR (for the first day of the month) ibid. 45:1.
- b) in pharm.: Ú šu-šu ru-pu-uš A.MEŠ, Ú ru-pu-ušmêbašme: Ú šu-šu Köcher Pflanzenkunde 2 ii 22 f. (Uruanna I); Ú KA×BAD ba-aš-me, ú rupuš ba-aš-me, ú še.dù baaš-me, ti rupuš A.MEŠ, ti kám-ka-du, ti SA.DÙ, Ú hal-bi, Ú ŠE.DÙ.A, Ú bu-ka-nu: Uruanna I 411 ff., var. from CT 14 30 79-7-8,19 ii 19; Ú šu-šu-um (vars. ú múš.šéš, ú/giš šušum): AŠ KUN ^dNIN.KILIM Uruanna III 1; Ú šu-šum Ú.ŠE.NÁ.A Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 i 10 (apothecary's inv.); Ú SUHUŠ GIŠ šu-ši: ti hahî: sâku ina šikari rēštî šaqû š. root: plant for cough: to crush and to give to drink in fine beer Köcher BAM 1 ii 43 and dupls., cf. ibid. 62, CT 14 34 80-7-19,356:2; CT 14 29 Ú PA GIŠ  $\delta u$ - $[\delta e]$ : [Ú  $a\delta \hat{i}$ ] K.4566+: 10 (= Köcher BAM 426 ii 19); Ú BAR GIŠ šu-ši:  $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$  marti: ina šikari šag $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$  – š. bark(?): medication for gallbladder: to

šūšu šūšubtu

give to drink in beer Küchler Beitr. pl. 14 i 23 (coll.).

- c) in med. 1' in gen.: GIŠ Šušú (among 79 ingredients for ointments against fever) TCL 6 34 r. ii 7; Ú šušum urqīssu tasāk you crush fresh š. (for a bandage) Köcher BAM 124 i 38; GIŠ šušum GIŠ.ŠE.NÁ.A (etc., for a medicated bath) Köcher BAM 240:58, cf. GIŠ šuša GIŠ.ILDÁG GIŠ.HA.LU.ÚB (etc.) AMT 69,2:7; GIŠ šúšu (for an enema) Köcher BAM 3 iv 41, cf. ibid. 412 iii 5, GIŠ šušú... DÚR.GIG ibid. 173:27; šu-ú-ša (among plants for dispelling sorcery) KUB 37 43 i 13.
- 2' leaves: PA GIŠ.ŠE.DŪ.A tubbal tahaššal tanappi you dry, crush, and sift š. leaves (for a bandage) Köcher BAM 11:32, cf. AMT 20,1 obv.(!) i 36, Wr. PA GIŠ šu-ši AMT 52,5:14, 54,1 r. 7, 83,1 r. 25, and passim, Wr. PA GIŠ šu-še Küchler Beitr. pl. 13 iv 53, RA 69 45 r.(!) i 33, AMT 39,1 i 1 and 6, and passim; PA GIŠ šu-še . . . ēma GIG tattaddi you keep applying š. leaf (and other plants) on the sore spot AMT 74,1 iii 5; GIŠ PA šu-šum ina mê kasî talâš Köcher BAM 398:25, and passim used in compounds for external application.
- 3' root: šumma awīlum amurrigānam maruş i-ši-id šu-ši-im ina šizbim taras: sanma ina kakkabim tušbâtma ina hilsim tuštētemma tašaggīšuma ineaš if a man is suffering from jaundice, you soak & root in milk, expose it to the stars overnight, mix it with oil, give it to him to drink and he will recover Köcher BAM 393:5 (OB); Ú šušum suhuš ú šu-šum ibid. 253:4f.; suhuš GIŠ šu-še (among 51 ingredients against witchcraft) ibid. 434 iii 63, dupl. 435 iii 6, cf. ( $\dot{\mathbf{U}}$ ) suhus gis  $\delta u - \delta i$  (for a potion) Küchler Beitr. pl. 14ff. i 26, iii 15, 25, iv 18, etc., but šu-ru-uš GIŠ šu-še ibid. pl. 1:1 and 8, Wr. SUHUŠ GIŠ šu-šum ibid. 17, Köcher BAM 573 i 9, AfK 1 38:12, SUHUŠ GIŠ  $\delta u$ - $\delta i$  ibid. 4, SUḤUŠ GIŠ šu-šu AMT 6,9:11, and passim in potions, also (ina KUS in a phylactery) Köcher BAM 311:69 and 74, (for fumigation) AMT 91,1:8;

note, wr. suhuš giš.za.mùš.šéš AMT 95,1:6; uncert.: suhuš giš.še.dù AMT 31,4:17.

- 4' seed: NUMUN GIŠ šu-ši (for a bandage) AMT 77,1 i 15, 73,1:9, NUMUN šu-ši Iraq 31 29:23; wr. šu-še AMT 69,1:20, wr. šu-šum (for a potion) Köcher BAM 237 iv 4.
- 5' other parts: GURUN GIŠ šú-ši (in a salve) AMT 88,2:10; si-ik-ti GIŠ šu-š[um] (used in a tampon for ears) AMT 34,1 r. 24; 1 sìla zíd GIŠ šu-še (in a poultice) Köcher BAM 240:62.

Whether GIŠ.ŠE.DÙ(.A) in SB med. texts is the same tree as the Ur III GIŠ.ŠE. DÙ or is used as a log. for šūšu, as here assumed, cannot be determined. Note also the plant name Ú.NI.NE (Akk. equivalent broken in CT 1441 K.8829: 13 = Uruanna II 184) Köcher BAM 1 i 43, iii 55, and ii 30, replaced by GIŠ šu-ši in the latter's dupl. RA 17 179 Sm. 22:13, a name which is probably a variant to Ú.I.BÍ = qutratu, q.v.

The identification of  $\tilde{su}\tilde{su}$  with Glycyrrhiza glabra (licorice) rests on etymology; see Löw Flora 2 435 ff., Thompson DAB 133 ff.

In Köcher BAM 12:11 read pa giš.ku ša ina Nisanni kud (= naksu).

šūšubtu s.; 1. stool, seat, 2. (in pl.) ambush; SB; pl. šūšubātu; wr. syll. and кі. тиš; cf. ašābu.

giš.gu.za ní(var. nim).ma.lá = [šu]-šub-tum(var -ti) (var. min (= kussů) šub-tum) Hh. IV 90, see MSL 9 170, var. from BM 66655 (NB exercise tablet, courtesy W. G. Lambert); šu-šu-ub-tum, napalsuḥtum = min (= kussů) šá-pil-tum CT 18 3 K.4375 r. iii 7 f.

- 1. stool, seat: see lex. section.
- 2. (in pl.) ambush: Sargon of Akkad who KI.TUŠ.MEŠ-šu-nu (var. šu-šu-ba-a-tú) ušēšibuma dabdāšunu imhasu set an ambush for them (the Subarians) and defeated them King Chron. 2 36 r. 7 (SB ext.), var. from ibid. 7:15 (chron.) and 43 r. 4 (NB omens), see Grayson Chronicles 153:15; RN ummānī... ina nahla ša šadê ana šu-šu-

šūšubu šūšuru

ba-a-tú ušēšibma (see naḥallu usage a) Wiseman Chron. 74:7, see Grayson Chronicles 103.

The reading of the first sign in x-RU- $t\acute{u}$  = nar-kab- $t\acute{u}$  LTBA 2 1 vi 34 and dupl. 2:371 and the interpretation of the word as  $\check{s}\check{u}\check{s}ubtu$  are uncertain.

Ad mng. 2: Grayson, Studies Oppenheim 90ff.

šūšubu s.; (pot) stand; lex.*; cf.  $aš\bar{a}bu$ . ši-ka-ha-ra  $\frac{\sin q}{\sin q}$ . Šú (text: Lum.Šú) = šu-šub di-qa-[ri] (followed by šupat diqāri, see šubtu) A V/1:110.

For SSA (= van Dijk La Sagesse) 91:12 (= Dialogue 5:96) cited AHw. 1484a, see ašābu lex. section.

**šušudupu (AHw. 1290a) see šusuppu.

šušummû see šusummû.

šušuppu see šusuppu.

šūšurātu s. pl. tantum; sweepings; SB; cf. ešēru.

saḥar.é.sa.lá.e =  $\delta u$ - $\delta u$ -rat bi-t[i] Lu Excerpt II 52.

[ina sissinni gišimmari] ša iltāni bīta tušeššerma šu-šu-rat [bīti...] you sweep the house with a date frond from the north side (of the tree) and [collect] the sweepings von Weiher Uruk 18:4, cf. Or. NS 40 135:15, 136:3: kīma šu-šu-rat bīti ana bābi anassik= šunūti I will discard them by the door like sweepings from the house (parallel: kīma mê musâti like washwater) Maqlu II 179, cf. ibid. 168; you throw into the river šú-šú-rat (var. šu-šu-rat) bīti u sissinni gišimmari hilšu ša sippī bābāni mala tahlušu the sweepings from the house and the whisk made of date fronds, all the scrapings that you have scraped from the doorjambs Or. NS 39 148:18 (namburbi), var. from dupl. Or. NS 42 509:12, cf. Or. NS 40 169:9, Hunger Uruk 11:4, §u-§u-rat bīti... ana kar= pati tessip KAR 72:6; šu-šu-rat ekalli u hupê silagazî ina nāri inaddi he throws

sweepings from the palace and sherds from the half-sila pot into the river LKA 108:10 (all namburbis); šu-šu-ra-at bīti ina tupšikki tašakkan 4R 59 No. 1:32 (rit.).

šūšuriš adv.; in a straightforward manner; OB*; cf. ešēru.

šumma awīlum naplussu šu-šu-ri-iš ibašši if a man has a straightforward manner of gazing (parallel: naplussu hamiş his gaze is askance(?)) AfO 18 65 ii 21.

šūšurtu s.; straightness; SB*; cf. ešēru.

šu-šur-tum: sakāp nakri straightness (prognosticates) repelling an enemy (for explanation see šūšuru mng. la) CT 20 39 i 4.

šūšuru (fem. šūšurtu) adj.; 1. straight, 2. in good condition, prospering, 3. righteous, upright; OB, MB, SB; cf. ešēru.

šu-šu-ru-tum (var. šu-uš-ru-tú) = ru-qu-ú-t[ú] (obscure, between šutēmudu and kunnušu) Malku IV 193; na-bi-'u, šu-šu-ru = šá-li-lum Malku I 101 f.

straight — a) said of parts and features of the exta: padānum lu šu-šuur harrānum išartum lu šaknat let the "path" be straight, let there be a straight road YOS 11 23:43; muhhi martim lu šušu-ur muhhi ubānim lu šu-šu-ur ibid. 65; [naṣrap]ti imitti lu šu-šu-ra-at (var. wuš: šurat) ša šumēlim lu kasāt bāb ekallim lu  $\S u - \S u - ur$  . . . [x-x] - a - at imitti  $u \S u - \S u - a$ ra-at ša šumēlim lu naparguda[t] let the right "crucible" be straight (var. loose), let the left one be attached, let the "gate of the palace" be straight, let the right [. . .] be straight, let the left one be upside down RA 38 86 r. 3 ff., var. from YOS 11 23:45 (both OB ext. prayers); [šumma ina padā] nim šīlum  $\delta u - \hat{u} - \delta u - ur - ma$  nadi if a hole lies straight in the "path" YOS 10 18:63, cf.  $\delta umma \ b\bar{a}b$ ekallim šu-ú-šu-ur YOS 10 24:19 (both OB ext.); if the right (also left) side of the liver

šūšuru šūt

pilša šu-šu-ra pališ is perforated by a straight hole TCL 6 1 r. 30 f.; šu-šur-tum: sakāp nakri: šumma . . . ina kappi hašī ša šumēli piṭru šu-šur . . . nakirka itti ili kami u suhhur straightness (prognosticates) repelling an enemy, (illustrated by the omen) if there is a straight fissure on the left lobe of the lung, your enemy will be captured by divine order and routed CT 20 39 i 4; kakku šu-šu-ru CT 20 42 r. 33, cf. 4R 34 No. 1 r. 4 (= King Chron. 2 135) (all SB ext.).

- b) other occs.: if (the lines(?) on his forehead) šu-šu-ru (opposite: purruku) Kraus Texte 6:40; if the veins on a pregnant woman's breast šú-šú-ru (cf. purruku line 52) Labat TDP 204:49; šumma hasbattu ana panīšu šu-šu-rat(!) if there is a potsherd (in the street) in front of him (lying) straight (parallel: zaqpat erect) AfO 18 76 Tablet Funck 3:29, cf. šumma LA.MEŠ ina šūqi MIN (= uzuzza) u šu-šu-ra (opposite: purruka lie crosswise) CT 38 8:33 (SB Alu).
- 2. in good condition, prospering: x UDU šu-šu-ru-um x sheep in good condition 2N-T 132 r. 5, 7, and 10, cited Stol OB History p. 28, cf. (opposite RI.RI.GA, carcasses) Arnaud, Larsa et 'Oueili 1978-1981 241 No. 174 (OB); šumma bītu ina epēšišu šu-šu-ūr if a house is in good order as it is being built (opposite: šumţu is defective) CT 38 12:68 (SB Alu); tušteššir la šu-šu-ra (see ešēru mng. 12c-3') BMS 2:20 and 3:16; šumma išar imţū šakinšu... šumma lemun šu-šur if he is just but suffers losses (he will be happy eventually), if he is wicked but prosperous (he will come to a bad end) ZA 43 102 r. iii 33 (Sittenkanon).
- 3. righteous, upright: kābis egrūtim la šu-šu-ru-ú miliktim (see egru) JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 8 v 26 (OB lit.); note the corruption la ešrūti limhu[ru adirātija] išarūti limhu[ruinni] šu-šu-ru-ti lītennû ittija may unfair men take my anxieties from me, may righteous men accept me, may

righteous men exchange places with me Köcher BAM 316 vi 19, see JNES 33 295 (corrupt version), restored from la eš-ru-tum (var. la-ši-ru-tum) limhuru adirāteja LKA 25 ii 6f., var. from Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 59:11, and note [la] eš-ru-tu limhuru adirātija [la?] i-šá-ru-tu limhuruin[ni] [la (i)]-šá-ru-tu lītennū ittija ibid. r. 10 ff.; atmūšu nussuq=ma siqaršu šu-šur his pronouncement is precious, his command is righteous AfO 19 57:112 (SB prayer to Marduk); as personal name (hypocoristic) Šu-šu-ra-tum UET 7 24 r. 5, 8, and 12 (MB).

The Malku refs. may belong to another word.

šūšuru see suššuru.

šūšūtu see šūdūtu.

*šūšu'u s.; one sixtieth; LB*; wr. 60 (DIŠ+ $\delta u$ ) with phon. complement; cf.  $\delta \bar{u} \delta i$ .

20-'- $\acute{u}$  ina išt $\bar{e}$ n  $\bar{u}$ mu ša šiššu ina DIŠ+ $\check{s}$ u-'-u ša  $\bar{u}mu$  Lá-u one twentieth of one day from which one sixth of one sixtieth  $(=\frac{1}{360})$ of a day is to be subtracted BRM 2 19:2 and 16; šiššu 15-'-ú u šiššu ina DIŠ+šu-'-u ša ina ištēn  $\bar{u}mu$  one sixth, one fifteenth, and one sixth of one sixtieth of one day (of a tābihūtu prebend) OECT 9 36:3 and 14;  $\delta i \delta \delta u$  18-'-u DIS+ $\delta u$ -'-u  $\delta a$ išten  $\overline{u}[mu]$  VAS 15 4:2 and 15: 30-'-ušalšu ina DIŠ+šu-'- $\acute{u}$  ša  $\bar{u}mu$  ibid. 10:2; 10-'-ú u diš+šu-'-ú ša ūmu ina ištēn ūmu OECT 9 21:2 and 12; 15-'- $\acute{u}$  ša  $\bar{u}mu$  u šiššu $ina DIS+\delta u$ -'- $\acute{u} \delta a \bar{u} mu i \delta t \bar{e} n \bar{u} mu i bid. 30: 17.$ also ibid. 2, and passim in Sel. prebend sales and leases.

šūt prep.; concerning, because of; NA royal; cf. aššut.

šu-ut amāti annāti ina şirihti libbija ša RN . . . ihṭā . . . qereb māt Elamti . . . at: tallak šalţiš because of these occurrences, in the wrath of my heart over Tammaritu's treachery, I marched victoriously across Elam Streck Asb. 46 v 36; šu-ut mēreḥti annīti ša RN iqbû because of this insolent statement which Tammaritu had made Piepkorn Asb. 64 v 25, cf. Streck Asb. 190:9; šu-ut PN . . . ša ina adēja ihtū . . . mār šiprija šu-ut šēbul PN . . . uma'ir as for PN, who had broken his agreement with me, I sent my messenger regarding the extradition of PN Streck Asb. 60 vii 16 and 23; šu-ut ištēn šūt-rēšija DN DN2 . . . ana limā ana rībija irībuni as for one of my officials, Aššur and Sin replaced him for me by one thousand Piepkorn Asb. 80 vii 73 and dupl. Böhl Leiden Coll. 3 26 LB 1315 middle col. 4, see Borger, Or. NS 35 429 f.

šūt A pron.; they (masc. pl.); OAkk., OB, MB, SB, NB; occ. only before a gen. or relative clause, OAkk. gen. šūti, rarely fem. (Lambert BWL 126:25, 128:49), for sing. see usage c.

a) as det. pron. - 1' in OAkk.: 6 TÚG barrū šu-ut sag six . . . .-garments for the head Gelb OAIC 7:7 (inv.); [x] MÁŠ Šu-ut PN šīGN [x] goats belonging to PN of GN MAD 1 235:2; 5 GIŠ.ÙR.GAL šu-ut GN five large beams from Mari MAD 1 272:2, also ibid. 4 and 10; (16 persons) šu-ut narkabtim of the chariotry (?) MAD 1 233 ii 8, cf. ibid. 234:4; 11 šu-ut narkabtim 6(?) šu-ut kussîm 6 šu-ut GIŠ. É. GIGIR MAD 1 226 subscript; (four seahs of barley) and ANSE.BAR.AN šu-ut [sipri](?) for the onagers(?) of the messengers(?) MAD 5 68 ii 2; 17 sag šu-ut PN SANGA CT 50 123:2; 15 gur of barley ana še.ba ir šu-ti GN for the rations of the slaves of Akkad MAD 1 334:8: for other refs. see Gelb, MAD 3 253.

2' in OB, Mari, MB (and early NB) kudurrus: eli šu-ut GIŠ.MÁ.GÍD.DA Ì.GÁL (a debt) owed by the men of the towboat UET 5 798:3 (leg.); aštālšuma ittātim ša šu-ut PN idbubam I questioned him, and he gave me indications regarding those who are around PN Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 34 SH 920:24; why did you detain mārī mātim šu-ut PN local people who are from the entourage of PN? ibid. 38 SH 887:9; šu-ut

PN PN $_2$  u  $ward\bar{i}$   $b\bar{e}lija$  ARM 2 23:10, cf. ibid. 24 r. 8', Syria 19 118:4; 90 SAR GIŠ.GIŠIMMAR ÍB.SÁ šu-ut PN TCL 10 30:11, also ibid. 9 (all OB); note the use of  $\delta \bar{u}t$  to form plurals of compounds with ša: LÚ.MEŠ [šu]-ut têrētim u dajānū GN the office holders and the judges of Nippur PBS 5 100 i 2, also 35 (OB); lu aklu lu laputtû lu mu'irru šu-ut têrēti ša māt tâmti u GN mala bašú either an overseer, a captain, or the "commander," those in charge of the Sea Land or of Malgium MDP 10 pl. 11 ii 18 (MB kudurru); [L]Ú.MEŠ šu-ut pīhatim ša ina GN  $wa \dot{s} b \bar{u}$  the responsible officials who are residing in Sippar LIH 88:12, cf. ibid. 56:6 and 13 (OB); ina libbi rabbûti šu-ut É.GAL. (someone) from among the dignitaries, the courtiers ZA 65 54:30, cf. Sumer 23 64 ii 13 (early NB kudurrus).

other occs. -a' with antecedent explicit:  $[il\bar{u} \, \check{s}u - \acute{u} - ut \, a] ps\hat{i} \dots [Anunnak\bar{u}]$  $\delta u$ ]- $\hat{u}$ -u[ $t \delta$ ]  $am\bar{a}$ ' $\bar{i}$  [the gods of] Apsû, [the Anunnaku] of heaven Lambert-Millard Atrahasīs 42 I 18 f., see von Soden, ZA 68 54;  $il\bar{u}$ rabbûtu šu-ut Ani ilū rabbûtu šu-ut Enlil ilū rabbūtu šu-ut Ea STT 73:92, see JNES 19 34, cf. AnBi 12 284:43 f.; ilū šu-ut Anunnakī bakû ittiša the gods, the Anunnaku, wept with her Gilg. XI 124; [DN] u ilū šu-ut GN ... DN₂ u  $il\bar{u}$   $\delta u$ -ut GN₂ [Bel] and the gods of Akkad, Nabû and the gods of Borsippa BHT pl. 4:6 and 8 (Akītu Chronicle), cf. ilū šu-ut Agade BHT pl. 2:21, and passim; (Marduk) bēlu ilī šu-ut dadmē lord of the gods of the inhabited world STC 1 205: 19: ilū šuut Ekur u Nippur ABL 797:5 (NB let.); ilū šu-ut HA.A (var. Ha-ta) Šurpu IV 67; ana ilī šu-ut  $m\bar{a}h\bar{a}z\bar{i}$  to the gods of the cult centers Kraus AV 202 IV 24 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn); ilū šu-ut Uruk OIP 2 159 iii 2 (Senn.). note (pleonastic) ilī ša šu-ut Uruk ibid. 1; ilū šu-ut Eulmaš CT 34 32 ii 73 (Nbn.); dìm. me.er.dub.sag.gá.ar: ilī šu-ut maḥri TCL 651 r. 9f., see RA 11 149: 30, for other refs. see mahru s. mng. 1; the evil gods šuut paniki who are at your service (who walk in front of you and behind you)

PBS 1/2 113:52 and dupl. (Lamaštu);  $il\bar{u}$  šu-utšamê erşeti Borger Esarh. 81 § 53:51, and purussê šu-ut šamê erşeti you (Šamaš) daily make decisions of (i.e., affecting) heaven and earth KAR 105:4 and 361:4 (SB lit.); şābē kidinnu mārē Sippar . . . u šuut māhāzī the people under (my) protection, the citizens of Sippar and those of the (other) cult centers VAS 1 37 iii 13 (Merodachbaladan II kudurru); imin.bi.e.ne á.mušen.na huš.a: sibittišunu šu-ut kappī ezzūti the seven of them, winged ones, furious ones AfO 14 150:195 f. (bīt mēsiri), cf. ibid. 148:184, 150:238, KAR 298:29; the Ahlamû šu-ut kuštārī who (dwell) in tents Craig ABRT 181:5 (tamītu); 10 rīmāni dannūte šu-ut garnī gitmālūte ten mighty wild oxen with perfect horns WO 2 40 iv 20 (Shalm. III); itti 1 šūši šarrāni šu-ut kubši altanan I contended with sixty kings, wearers of the royal headdress AKA 35 i 55 (Tigl. I), cf. šarrāni šu-ut agê KAH 2 84:8 (Adn. II), Gilg. VII iv 42; I took away from him ālānišu šu-ut nābali his cities on the mainland Borger Esarh. 110 § 71 r. 9; kiništi şeher u rabi šu-ut Ezida VAS 1 36 iv 6 (NB kudurru); 7 apkallū šu-ut Eridu Maglu VII 49; adkâ . . . maşşarī šu-ut ekurri I removed the (divine) guardian (figures) of the temple Streck Asb. 54 vi 59; 8 urmāhē  $t\bar{u}$ 'am $\bar{e}$  šu-ut 4610 gun eight colossal lions, arranged in pairs, weighing 4,610 talents Lyon Sar. 16:70, also Winckler Sar. pl. 36:162, pl. 37:31, pl. 39:109; uncert.: [...] mê šu-ut gubbu Postgate Royal Grants No. 29:4 and 5 (NA).

b' without antecedent: (the warriors) šu-ut parzilli the "iron ones" RA 45 182:50 (OB lit.); bānû šu-ut šamê pātiqu hurs šāni (Aššur) who created "those of the sky," who formed the mountains BA 5 652 No. 16:15; šu-ut mê nāri u nābali those of the water, river, and dry land Šurpu VIII 6; šu-ut sammê šebīti u kanzabi (see sinnatu A) Craig ABRT 1 55 i 8; Enlil Ea u šu-ut Uruk RAcc. 89:1; obscure: Tiāmat gave

Kingu šu-ut tamhāru rab-sikkatūtu En. el. I 151, III 99; ālikat mahri šu-ut sebet athê (see sebe usage a-1') Craig ABRT 1 55 i 5 (= BA 5 626 No. 4 i 6); obscure: *šarrum šu*ut abbīšu liplahka CT 15 4 ii 12, see Römer, Studien Falkenstein 186; note referring to the location of stars (see Pingree, BPO 2 17f.): Šamaš ina harrān šu-ut Ani šarū: rīšu magtu the radiance of the Sun diminished in the path of the Anu (stars) ABL 405 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 64, cf. ibid. r. 18, ABL 744:17, r. 5, 14, see Parpola LAS No. 290; Venus ina šu-ut Ani Kur-ma rises in the (path) of Anu ACh Istar 2:7 (coll.); ina harrān šu-ut Enlil ABL 679:5, see Parpola LAS No. 300; DIŠ MUL sallummū ina šu-ut Anu innamir if a comet is seen in the (path) of the Anu stars Thompson Rep. 183:1; ugaddišku DN šamê šalaltišunu šu-ut Ani šu-ut Enlil šu-ut Ea I consecrated to you, Lugalgirra, the three heavens, of (the stars of) Anu, of (the stars of) Enlil, and of (the stars of) Ea AfO 14 142:44 (bīt mēsiri); harrān Šamaš šēpīt tarbaşi šu-ut Ea ACh Ištar 25:57, see BPO 2 p. 17; bāb harrān šuut Enlil azzakar šumšu I called it (the gate) Gate-of-the-Path-of-the-Enlil-Stars OIP 2 145:22 (Senn.); ina lumun kakkabī ša šu-ut Ea šu-ut Ani šu-ut Enlil from the evil (predicted) by the stars, (namely) those of Ea, Anu, (or) Enlil BMS 62:17, see JRAS 1929 286; for compounds such as šūt rēši,  $\delta \bar{u}t \ p\hat{i}$ , etc., see under the second word.

b) as relative pron.: (witnesses) šu-ut maḥaršunu [enma] PN [ana] PN2 in whose presence PN said to PN2 Gelb OAIC 12:16; (witnesses) šu-ut maḥ[aršunu] PN u PN2 naʾāš šarr[im] itma[ʾū] in whose presence PN and PN2 took the oath by the life of the king MAD 1 135 r. 1', cf. Eames Coll. TT 1:20, TIM 3 150:16; (six persons) šu-⟨ut⟩ šībūt šiddāt[im] īmurū who witnessed the measurements MAD 1 336:19; e-nu-⟨ut(?)⟩ PN šu-ut PN2 ilqeamma itbalu (regarding) the implements(?) of PN which PN2 received and took away Gelb OAIC 7:22; šarrīšin šu-ut . . . ikmi[u] their kings

whom he defeated Symbolae Böhl 106 LB 16b ii' 5' (all OAkk.), for other refs., see Gelb, MAD 3 255; (warriors) šu-ut kīma kakkabī  $ug\bar{a}r\bar{i} saph\bar{u}$  who cover the plains as stars (cover the sky) RA 45 173:55 (OB lit.); difficult:  $am\bar{u}t \ na-x-ha-ni \ \&u-ut \ ina \ x-AH-r[i]$ x] RA 35 59 No. 13a: 2 (early OB Mari liver model); mūr nisqi šu-ut imrāšunu īkulū the steeds which have eaten their fodder Lambert BWL 112:33 (SB Fürstenspiegel); ul takli šu $ut \ imh[u]r\bar{u}ka$  you did not obstruct those who besought you ibid. 134:147 (SB hymn to Šamaš); šu-ut ibā'ū erseti rapašti šu-ut ukabbisū šadê elûti those who pass over the broad earth, who tread the lofty mountains ibid. 136:169f., cf. šu-ut ikkams $\bar{a}$  . . . *šu-ut iktarrabā* those who have bowed (before you), who have regularly prayed to you ibid. 163f.; ina naphar munnahzi šu-ut ištammarū Marduk (see munnahzu usage b) AfO 19 65 iii 7; šu-ut tagmilu those whom you have spared ibid. 66:15 (both SB lit.); rubû ālānišu šu-ut ikkirūšu qāssu ikaššad (see nakāru mng. 1b-3') CT 20 47 r. iii 55, also KAR 426 r. 17, CT 31 24:22 (SB ext.); dingir.gal.gal.e.ne mu.un. sur.re.eš.a :  $il\bar{u}$  rabûtu šu-ut  $izziz\bar{u}$  the great gods who were standing KAR 4:21; šu-ut DN ikrusu kirissin those for whom Aruru had pinched off unshaped lumps of clay (referring to mankind) Lambert BWL 58:40 (Ludlul IV);  $\delta u$ -ut  $lumnu \bar{i}pu\delta \bar{u} \dots$ [š]u-ut ulla pišunu those who have done evil, whose mouths (say) "No" 134:124 f.; ina ilī . . . šu-ut iškunūši puhra among the gods who formed her assembly (she exalted Kingu) En. el. II 33, also ibid. I 147. III 37 and 95:  $\bar{i}nu$  DN . . . RN . . .  $\bar{e}n\bar{u}ssu$ ušātiru ina puḥur šu-ut malkū when Marduk had made Marduk-apla-iddina's lordship the greatest in the assembly of those who are kings VAS 1 37 i 42 (NB kudurru); (priests and šu-ut ithuzū nindānšun dignitaries) who are well-versed in their knowledge Winckler Sar. pl. 36 No. 76:158, pl. 24 No. 50:12: kiništu šu-ut nabû šumān= šun the priestly collegium (here) enumerated by their designations YOS 1 45

šūt A

ii 30 (Nbn.); ištēnešret nabnīti šu-ut pulhāti ṣa'nū the eleven creatures who are laden with terror En. el. IV 115; DN šu-ut kuzdurra ša Líl nenni ikdirū the Anunnaku who established the bounds of the life of PN STT 73:36, see JNES 19 32; 7 ṣalmī šu-ut patrāti u qulmāti ina qātēšunu našū seven figurines that carry daggers and axes in their hands AAA 22 62:45; šu-ut nazpišti šaknā mithāriš tere'e you (Šamaš) shepherd alike all those who have breath Lambert BWL 126:25 (hymn to Šamaš), cf. you know the plans [š]a naphar mātāti šu-ut šunnā lišānu of all the lands of those who (speak) different languages ibid. 128:49.

c) (as archaizing usage) referring to a sing. antecedent, masc. or fem.: RN... šarru šu-ut mahri Kurigalzu, a royal predecessor (of mine) VAB 4 246 ii 33 (Nbn.); MU.BI kulullu šu-ut DN the name (of the creature) is "fish-man," he belongs to Ea MIO 1 80 vi 12, cf. (with fem. referent) MU.BI Nintu šu-ut DINGIR.MAH ibid. 72 iii 51', cf. ibid. 64 i 16', 72 iv 4, 74 iv 22 and 48, 76 v 12, 78 v 42 and 51, also (among occupations introduced by LU or ša) šu-ut GADA UET 7 73 ii 45, šu-ut Nfg.KUD ibid. iii 6, šu-ut GI.PISAN nushu ibid. ii 7, šuut Šu.kal(?).dù ibid. iii 14, šu-ut apin ibid. iii 19,  $\delta u$ -ut a-ba-r[i] ibid. iv 2,  $\delta u$ -utE.GALAM ibid. iv 42, Su-ut NIN.[x] ibid. r. v 2 (MB list of titles and professions); nalbaš  $\delta u$ -ut  $kit\hat{i}$  illab $[\delta u]$  RA 45 182:52 (OB lit.).

šūt B (šūtu) pron.; 1. he (masc. sing.), 2. that, the aforementioned (masc. sing.); OA, (early) OB, OB Diyala, Bogh., EA, RS, Emar, MB Alalakh, Nuzi, MA, NA; NA šūtu; ef. aššūt, šū pron.

1. he (masc. sing.) – a) as independent pronoun – l' in OA: mala TÚG. HI.A ana DAM.GAR iša'umu u šu-ut 80 TÚG. HI.A SIG5 DIRI ana DAM.GAR iša'ama (see šâmu A mng. 1b) CCT 5 44a: 10; illakamma anāku u šu-ut nītawwu when he comes, he and I will talk CCT 4 40a: 23; kaspam anāku u šu-ut nīknakuma ana šuāti u mer'ē

PN a-Kāniš šu-ut-ma inaššiamma let us put the silver under seal, I and he, and he himself will take it to Kāniš to him and the sons of PN CCT 5 7a: 22 ff.; lu i(na) babtim ša PN lu i(na) babtim ša PN2 PN3 kaspam mala iltaqqiu i[št]akkamma u šu-ut kaspam mala ana hubul PN u hubul PN2 ušagqilu tuppī harrumūtim iškun PN3 has submitted (for accounting) all the silver which he has collected over time and he himself submitted case-enclosed tablets about the silver which he made them pay on the debts of PN and PN₂ TuM 1 22a:9, cf. 10 gfn kaspam kunukkija šēbultiki šuut-ma naš'akkim KTS 2a:13; šu-ut-ma 6 şubātī damgūtim uhallig he personally lost six fine textiles KT Hahn 15:19; hubullam *šu-ut-ma išaggal* he personally will pay the loan ICK 1 12B:37, cf. maškī wadiūtim šu-ut-ma iddin u šīm emārim šu-ut-ma  $u\check{s}\bar{e}si$  BIN 4 54:8f., cf. also RA 59 22 MAH 16569:11, CCT 4 10a:30, 22b:48, CCT 2 5a:21, BIN 6 43:3, TCL 19 6:15, TCL 20 129:x+18, and passim; x kaspam ša DUMU PN PN₂ u šu-ut uktannuma PN2 and he have confirmed that the x silver belongs to the son of PN ICK 1 101:6 (= TCL 21 198), cf. KTS 10:36, TCL 4 81:13; rābişum u šu-ut itallu= kunim TCL 19 79:37; wābil tuppim šu-ut tamkārum the bearer of the document is the creditor TCL 4 124:19, also CCT 1 1a:36, OIP 27 56:7 and 17, and passim; man= num šu-ut ša nušebbulušunni who is he that we should send it to him? JCS 14 20 1933.1051:14, cf. mannušu šu-ut mannušu anāku who is he, who am I? CCT 6 14:40; šumma kaspum ana ša PN ituar šu-ut lil: gēšu šumma ana kuāim ituar atta legēšu if the silver is to go back to PN's (account), he should take it, if it is to go to yours, you should take it TCL 19 28:19; 12 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR PN ublam u 5 gín ahamma šuut-ma ublam PN brought twelve shekels of silver and he also brought another five shekels separately Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 41 LB 1201:10; 3 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ana PN ana ni= qīšu addin 2 gín kù.babbar ana PN, šuut-ma ubil I gave three shekels of silver to

Puzur-Aššur as his offering, he himself has taken two shekels of silver to PN₂ BIN 4 135:5, cf. ibid. 10; ula šu-ut ina la maṣi ummeānišu kaspam 1 GſN ula irši ula anāku kaspam 5 GſN ula aṣ-<br/>
ba>-at TCL 19 27:11; ula šu-ut illakam ula ṭuppam ūmam ašam=mēma ṭuppam ana šapartim iddi CCT 3 42b:4; sinnišātini šu-ut zakar (see sin=ništu mng. 2a-1') CCT 5 8b:26; šu-ut iṣ=ṣērija awīlma is he a better gentleman than I? CCT 4 3b:22; umma šu-ut-ma ICK 1 125:8 and passim in OA letters.

in MA: šumma abuša mēt iltēn ina ahhēša iša'al u šu-ut ana ahhēša igabbi if her father is dead, he will ask one of her brothers, then he (the latter) will speak to her (other) brothers KAV I vii 40 (Ass. Code § 48), cf.  $\bar{a}$  sipu... a ila usaqba u šu-ut iqabbi ibid. 25 (§ 47); dumāqī ša šu-ut-ma iškunušinni the jewelry which he himself has given her ibid. v 22 (§ 38); 47 prisoners of war ša ina gāt PN imhuruni 15 LÚ.MEŠ IGI.NU.DU₈.MEŠ *ša ištu* GN *šu*ut-ma im[huruni] whom he received from PN, 15 ....s whom he himself received from GN KAJ 180:15, cf. ibid. 29:  $u \, \delta u - \hat{u} - ut$ izzaz AfO 17 287: 104 (harem edicts), and passim; šu-ut adi nišē mātišu kīma gassi lipp[arir] may he and the people of his country be crushed like gypsum AfO 8 25 i 9 (Aššurnīrārī V treaty).

in NA: šu-tú adi emūqišu . . . is: suhura ABL 515 r. 1; šu-u-tú ihtalga ABL 197 r. 13, cf. šu-u-tú ana GN ihtalga ABL 645 r. 2; *šu-u-tú illaka* ABL 198:9; nobody had laid hands on it šu-tú-ma pīšu itti= din he himself gave his word ABL 392 r. 11, see Parpola LAS No. 254; ša rību īpušuni *šu-tu-ma* NAM.BÚR.BI *ētapaš* he who caused the earthquake has also created the apotropaic ritual for it ABL 355 r. 11, see Parpola LAS No. 35; šu-u-tú anāku dibbim= ma annû[te] issi libbija uttass[iq] this is what I chose in my heart to say ABL 46 r. 21, see Parpola LAS No. 298; la šu-tú surhê did he not (mean) heat? ABL 19:10, see Parpola LAS No. 181; PN-ma qurbūtu taklu

šūt B

ummuru šu-ú [š]u-tu-ma lillika [...] the bodyguard PN is a trustworthy (and) reliable man — he should go ABL 956 r. 14 f., see Parpola LAS No. 190; exceptionally in lit.: šu-tu-ma bēl Bābili Marduk he is the lord of Babylon, (he is) Marduk Lambert Love Lyrics p. 120 A 18.

- 4' in peripheral texts: anāku u šu-úut nillak EA 164:20 (let. of Aziri); šumma urra šēra be-lam irašši šu-ut-ma uzakki if in the future a claimant comes forward, it is he (the seller) who will free it from claims Wiseman Alalakh 74:13 (MB); inanna šu-ú $ut \ k[\bar{\imath}ma] \ [L\acute{\mathbf{U}}].sa.gaz.za.meš he is now$ like the hapiru-people EA 67:16 (let. from Sumur); šu-ut juballațšunu he sustained them EA 94:66 and 69: ša'alšu šu-ut jidi EA 74:52 (both letters of Rib-Addi); allûme PN aradka u šu-ú-ut(text -te) jirubmi ittija ana tāha[zi] now, PN is your servant, he went with me into battle EA 245:16 (let. from Megiddo); šumma ana alāki ul hašeh man= nam mārašu Šamsi igabbi šu-ú-ut ana Šamsi illak if he is not willing to come, whomever of his sons the Sun (the Hittite king) designates, he is the one who will go to the Sun KBo 15 i 47, see BoSt 8 94, and passim in this text; note beside su: ina kur GN-ma šu-ú-ut PN išemmēma . . . ina kur GN šu-ú šarru rabû išemme (and) PN hears that he is in the land of Hatti, and the great king hears that he is in the land of Kizzuwatna MIO 1 114:14 and 16 (Bogh. treaty).
- 5' (rare) in early OB, OB Diyala: [an]āku u šu-ut [n]utamma he and I will swear an oath Whiting Tell Asmar 23:22 (OB Diyala); umma šu-ut-ma IM 50871:10 (courtesy Kh. al-Adhami), Kraus, AbB 5 141:13, 156:8, PBS 5 156 r. 3 (all early OB).
- b) in predicative use -1' in OA:  $\delta ip = rum \delta a \ \bar{A} lim \ u \ b\bar{e} lija \ [\delta u-ut]-ma$  he is the messenger of the City and my lord CCT 6 14:42.
- 2' in MA: [šarrāqu] šu-ut he is a thief KAV 6 ii 18 (Ass. Code C § 10); abuja bēl

nukurtika šu-ut KUB 3 73:10, cf. ibid. 5 (let.); hurāşu anniu šulmānu šu-ut this gold is a retainer KAJ 49:10, also 48:8, 56:12, 72:10, 73:11, 75:11, 76:12, Iraq 30 171 TR 2903:10, and passim; x field ša PN šu-ut KAV 127:5, cf. KAV 129:6, danni šu-ut KAV 159:4.

- 3' in NA: dunqu ša balāt napšāte ša šarri bēlija šu-u-tú it is a good (omen) predicting good health for the king, my lord ABL 1391 r. 4, see Parpola LAS No. 110, cf. sig5 šu-u-tú ibid. obv. 20; LÚ la uda  $aj\hat{u} \, \check{s}u - tu - \acute{u} - ni$  I do not know who this man is ABL 55 r. 2, see Parpola LAS No. 207; nirit bēl tābti bēl de'igti ša šarri bēlišu šu-tuni (see nirit) ADD 646 r. 26, dupl. ADD 647 r. 26, see Postgate Royal Grants Nos. 9:59 and 10:59, *šummu la urdu šu-tu-ni* Iraq 17 137  $k\hat{\imath}(?)$   $m\bar{a}r$   $\check{s}arri$   $\check{s}u$ -tu-u-ni740:15, see Parpola LAS No. 258, ina libbi GN  $\delta u - u - t \acute{u}$  ABL 198 r. 2, cf. ABL 271:10;  $k \acute{i}$ [ina G]N  $\delta u$ - $t\acute{u}$ -u-ni ADD 930 i 9, see Postgate Taxation p. 312, cf. [...] É šu-tu-u-ni ADD 93 r. 3,  $b\bar{e}l$  hitti ša issi DN šu-t $\acute{u}$ -[ni]  $ak\hat{\imath}$  ša issi DN šu- $t\acute{u}$ -ni ZA 51 134:25 f. (cultic comm.); kî annî šu-u-tú ţēnšunu their story is as follows ABL 43 r. 5 and 28, see Parpola LAS No. 309; ahušu šu-u-tu ēdu his brother was alone ABL 1085:9; ina muhhi  $\delta u$ -u- $t\acute{u}$   $um\bar{a}$  Iraq 17 132 No. 14:16; note beside š $\hat{u}$ : rab kişir šu- $\hat{u}$  . . . šarru b $\bar{e}l\bar{i}$ liš'alšu šummu la rab kişir šu-tú-ni ABL 1432:9 and 11, see Postgate Taxation 301; temu . . . ša ašpuranni m $\bar{a}$  šu-tú-u-ma šu-ú the report I sent was this ABL 197:24, see Parpola, SAA 1 31; exceptionally instead of šīt: mīnu ša šu-tu-ú-ni šarru lišpura ABL 554:11: exceptionally in NB: ina bit šutu- $\acute{u}$ -nu wherever he is ABL 576:22 (NB let.), see Dietrich Aramäer p. 142.
- 4' in peripheral texts: tuppu annûmma šu-ú-ut u šanû jānu this tablet is the (authentic) one and there is no other RA 23 143 No. 5:52; šunšu ša āli ša GN [l]a šu-ut-mi šunšu ša GN2 šu-ut-mi JEN 325:18, see Wilhelm Untersuchungen p. 45; PN ana PN2 SIPA šu-ut-mi PN is a shepherd for PN2 SMN 3098:14 (all Nuzi); arad šar Ugarit šu-

šūt abnī šutābultu A

 $\acute{u}$ -ut MRS 9 166 RS 17.108:14, cf. ibid. 193 RS 17.423:20 f., cf. Arnaud Emar 6 18:15 and 25, 209:8; šumma ana Šamši nakruja šu-ú-ut nakruja ibašši u ana RN nakruka ibaš: šimma nakru šu-ú-ut ittini tāḥazza ītanip= puš if he is an enemy to me, the Sun (the Hittite king), then he is my enemy and your enemy, Šunaššura, as well, he is an enemy and will have continually to face battle against us (both) KBo 1 5 iv 11 ff., and passim in this text, see BoSt 8 106, cf. ana šar Hatti [...] u ana mārē Ḥatti LÚ. KÚR-šu-nu šu-ú-ut KBo 1 8:33; ina ašri annîm anāku šu-ú-ut arduka in this place I am your servant EA 55:4 (let. of Akizzi of Qatna), cf. epšētšunu ša ilāni kīmē šu-ú $t\acute{u}$  ibid. 59, cf. also ibid. 52; note beside  $\acute{s}\acute{u}$ :  $d\tilde{a}gil\ pan\tilde{i}\check{s}u\ \check{s}u$ - $\acute{u}$  MRS 9 80 ff. RS 17.382+:9, but  $la \ rikiltu \ \check{s}u - u - tu_4$  ibid. 59.

2. that, the aforementioned (masc. sing.) — a) in OA: tuppum šu-ut ana PN PN₂ u PN₃ izzaz that tablet belongs to PN, PN₂, and PN₃ CCT 1 12a:18, also ibid. 9, hu=rāṣum šu-ut ana abini u PN izzaz CCT 2 47:9; šumma tuppum šu-ut ētaliam tuppum annium sār ICK 2 95:15; ina bītim eššim ina huršim raggum šu-ut ušērib that criminal brought it into the new house in the storeroom TCL 20 129:8, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 398 f.

b) other occs.: a'īlu šu-ut šurqa inašši that man is responsible for (replacing) the stolen goods KAV 6 ii 15 (Ass. Code C § 9); enūma dūru šu-ut ennuhuma when that wall becomes dilapidated AOB 1 34:12 (Aššur-bēl-nišēšu), 36:13 (Aššur-rīm-nišēšu), 44 No. 4 r. 10 (Aššur-uballiţ I), 46:8 (Enlil-nīrārī), etc., up to Arik-dēn-ili; aplu šu-ú-ut SIG5 danniš MRS 12 6:18; PN šu-tú adu UN.MEŠ-šú LÚ.A.KIN-ka adu muhhija lūbilaššunu that PN together with his men — may your messenger bring them to me Iraq 35 24:66 (Sar. let.), cf. LÚ mannu šu-u-tú ABL 980:6; uncert.: ina qāt šu-ut-ti MRS 6 140 RS 16.132:7.

šūt abnī see abnu A in šūt  $abn\bar{\imath}$ .

šūt barti see bartu in *ša barti.

šūt emūqi see emūqu in šūt emūqi.

šutabalkuttu see šutablakkutu.

**šutablakkutu** (*šutabalkuttu*) s.; **1.** (a bag with a marking?), **2.** eyele; SB; cf. nabalkutu v.

kuš.dùg.gan.an.ti.bal, kuš.an.ti.bal =  $\delta u$ -ta-bal-ku-tu (var.  $\delta u$ -ta-bal-kut-tú) Hh. XI 193-193a, from von Weiher Uruk 52 v 15f.; kuš.dùg. gan.an.ti.bal =  $\delta u$ -tab-lak-ku-tú = [x-x]-an-zu Hg. A II 151, in MSL 7 149.

1. (a bag with a marking?): see lex. section.

2. cycle: ITI.BÁR KUR URI.KI: ITI.GUD KUR NIM.MA.KI: ITI.SIG₄: KUR MAR.TU. KI: [ITI].ŠU: KUR SU.KI u Gu-ti-i: šu-tab-lak-kut-tum: SUKUD.GIN_x(GIM) (an eclipse in) month I is for Akkad, month II for Elam, month III for Amurru, month IV for Subartu and Gutium, the cycle (for the next two groups of four months) is as the above (correspondences) AfO 19 109 vi 11 (astrol.).

šutabšu see kutabšu.

šutābultu A (or šutāpultu) s.; interpretation(?) (of an omen); SB; ef. abālu A v.

šumma šu-ta-bul-ta GIŠ.HUR.MEŠ GIŠ. TUKUL.MEŠ u šībī ana panīka if you have before you the interpretations, designs, "weapon-marks," and variants Boissier DA 45:1, also K.2434:1 and dupls. cited Bezold Cat. p. 443, also CT 30 42 r. 26, K.3797+6764 r. catch line, CT 31 40 r. i 3; [šumma šu-ta]-[bul(?)]-ta šá GIŠ.HUR.MEŠ GIŠ.TUKUL. MEŠ u šībī ana panīka CT 31 14 K.2089:1, see Nougayrol, RA 68 61 n. 6; BE-ma šu-ta-bul-tum šá šumma ŠA.NIGIN 10 [...] if the interpretations of "if the convolutions of the intestines are ten" [are before you] JCS 8 148 r. 2; šu-ta-bu-ul-ta-šú-nu pi-šir-ta-šú-nu KAR 151 r. 30; NU.UM.ME du-um

šutābultu B šutāḫû

ša i-na š\(\text{\hat{s}}\)-š\(\text{u}'\) \(\text{\hat{a}}\) wa-tu-\(\text{u}'\) i-na \(\text{\hat{s}}\)u-ta-bu-ulte \(\text{\hat{s}}\)i-kin \(\text{\hat{S}}\)U.SI \(7-\text{\hat{a}}\)t (obscure, for parallel see \(\text{elītu}\) mng. \(5\)d) \(\text{BiOr}\) 14 pl. \(5\) K.3819+ :2, see Borger, ibid. \(192\).

See abālu A v. discussion section.

šutābultu B s.; (mng. uncert.); OB*; cf.  $ab\bar{a}lu$  A v.

1 SAR  $12\frac{1}{2}$  GÍN (earth excavated) šuta-bu-ul-ti x x x ša A.ŠÀ PN ša URU.KI GN St. Louis City Museum 134:22 line 27, in R. D. Freedman, Cuneiform Tablets in St. Louis (Ph.D. diss., Columbia Univ. 1975) p. 181 No. 214.

Compare muštābiltu.

**šutābulu** adj.; mixed; lex.*; cf.  $ab\bar{a}lu$  A v

im.šár.šár, im.ra.ra =  $\delta u$ -ta(!)-bu-lu Hh. X 428 f.

šutagrunu v.; to have heaped up, stored; OB, SB; III/2; cf. garānu.

dBa.ú ama.gal sag.kéš lú.u_x(gišgal).lu níg.sig₅.ga su þé.en.gur.gur (vars. hé.en. gur.gur.ra, þé(?).bí(?).íb.gur(?).gur(?)): dBau ummu rabītu ṣāmidat amēli dumqa ina sušú liš-tag-ri-in may Bau, the great mother, she who bandages men, cause good fortune to be heaped up in his body Borger, AOAT 1 13:245, for vars. see Borger, WO 5 175.

še'am... u šamnam šapil[tam] i nu-uš-ta-ag-ri-iš-[šu] let us have stored [for him?] the grain and the oil, the remainder Sumer 14 65 No. 39:16 (OB Harmal let.).

šutāhû adj.; matched, teamed; SB; cf. ahu A, athû, šutāhû v.

tab = šu-ta-hu MSL 9 132:453, possibly to be emended, see MSL 14 122.

kuš.dùg.gan.maš.tab.ba = tu-'a-[ma-t]um, kuš.dùg.gan.3 (var. omits 3).maš.tab.ba = šuta-ḫa-a-tum(var. -tú) Hh. XI 187 f., var. from von Weiher Uruk 52 v 9 f.

šu-ta- $\hbar$ u-tum // a- $\hbar$ u-[tú] CT 41 29 r. 17 (Alu Comm.); šu-ta- $\hbar$ u-ú // mál-ma-liš ACh Adad 30:9, also Izbu Comm. 58.

a) said of paired architectural features: 4 timmē erēni šu-ta(var. -tam)-hu-ti(var.

-te) ša 1 ninda.ta.àm kuburšun matching cedar columns whose diameters are one ninda each Lyon Sar. 16:72, Lie Sar. 78:2, and dupls., see Weissbach, ZDMG 72 182:38; 2  $timm\bar{e}$  šu-ta-hu-ti ša x gun pitig siparri šubbu' two matched columns cast of 6,000 talents of cast bronze OIP 2 97:84 (Senn.); dalāt šurmēni šu-ta-ha-a-ti gīšti mārija urattā bābānišu I (the mother of Esarhaddon) affixed matching doors of cypress-wood, the gift of my son, to its (the temple's) gates Borger Esarh. 116 iii 6; aladlammê rabûti urmahhī šutātūti ap: sasāti šu-ta-ḥa-a-ti lamassāti maššāti ša erî namri aptiqma I cast large bull colossi, lions facing each other, matching ap: sasītu's, (and) twin lamassu-statues of shining copper ibid. 61 vi 18.

- b) said of living beings: šumma sinzništu 3 sal.Meš šu-ta-ha-a-ti ulid if a woman gives birth to three identical girls Leichty Izbu I 101, for comm. see lex. section; harbakannū burrumūtu [...] šeš.Meš šu-ta-hu-ú-t[i] pied harbakannu-horses [...] matched brothers(?) str 366:13, see Deller, Assur 3 140.
- c) said of other objects and phenomena: §umma 2.TA marrātumma §u-ta-ba-a if there are two gall bladders and they are of equal size CT 30 12 K.1813+:26; DIS IM.DIR SIG7 u MI §u-ta-ba-a if a yellow and a black cloud are paired(?) ACh Adad 30:8, for comm. see lex. section; ulmu §u-ta-bu (var. [...]-da-bu) IM NIM.GÍR §a dMarduk (may) the double(?) weapon, the wind and lightning of Marduk (release you) §urpu VIII 13, var. and restoration from dupl. UET 6/2 408:3.

von Soden, Or. NS 16 437 ff.

šutāhû v.; 1. to team up with, join, 2. to conspire; Bogh., SB; III/2; cf. aḥu A, athû, šutāhû adj.

[...] = [\$u-t]a-hu-um 5R 16 iv 19 (group voc.);  $\$ut\bar{e}n\hat{u} = \$u$ -te-es-bu- $\hat{u}$ , \$u-ta-hu- $\hat{u}$  Malku IV 191–191a; \$u-ta-hu-u = \$u-te-\$u-u LTBA 2 1 v 41 and dupl. 2:251.

šutakşubu šūtānu

1. to team up with, join: ša Nergal itti MUL ^dMarduk ul-ta-hu-ma DU-[zu] that (means that) Nergal stands parallel(?) with Jupiter (comm. on šumma Nergal ina šamê ana MUL [^dMarduk ittanakšad] line 20) ACh Supp. Ištar 49:24, also AfO 14 pl. 14 (opposite p. 307) VAT 9436 iii 7.

2. to conspire: ad kīmaṣi ūmē ištu ullā lemuttani šutehmulma šu-ta-hu ana şabur: tini ginâ ikappud nīrta for how long now has he (Kaštiliaš) been plotting evil against us, conspiring malice against us, constantly planning murder? Tn.-Epic "ii" 16; Akit-Tešup fled to Babylon with two hundred chariots, but the king of Babylon took the two hundred chariots and paraphernalia for himself u Akit-Tešup itti ma: riannīšu uš-tem-hi-ir uš-ti-ha-a dâkišu ana ugu RN idukkannimāku ina qātišu altahit and Akit-Tešup tried to keep the same rank with his charioteers (and) conspired to kill him, and as for (me) Šattiwaza, he (Artatama) sought to kill me but I escaped KBo 1 3:17, see von Schuler, ZA 53 188.

šutakşubu v.; to reach fullness, full strength; SB; III/2.

^dAddu lu šumšu kiššat šamê līrimma ṭābu rigmašu eli erșeti lirtașșin mummu erpēti liš-tak-și-ba-am-ma šapliš ana nišē te'ūta liddin let his name be Addu, may he blanket the entire sky, may his excellent thunder roar over the earth, may the roar of the clouds reach fullness and give sustenance to the people below En. el. VII 121, for comm. see kāṣibu; when the sun faces you (moon) on the horizon ina[x]x-x-ti šu-tak-și-ba-am-ma bini arkāniš reach your full measure in [...] and wane En. el. V 20; uš-ta-kaṣ-ṣab(var. -ṣaab) ana nēmelima uhallaq kīsa as much as he (the dishonest merchant) counts on gain, he will lose his capital Lambert BWL 132:104, also ibid. 109 (hymn to Šamaš); ana muš-tak-sib šaplāti to him who is full of secret thoughts AfO 1963:55 and 56 (prayer to Marduk, join courtesy W. G. Lambert).

**šutakṣuru** adj.; readied, amassed; NA*; cf. kasāru.

GIŠ.TUKUL.MEŠ šu-tak-su-ru-te ša pardiš irammumū the readied weapons which rumble frighteningly RA 27 18:15 (= Thureau-Dangin Til-Barsib 143:15).

šūtānānu ( $s\bar{u}t\bar{a}n\bar{a}nu$ ) s.; south, southern border; Nuzi*; ef.  $s\bar{u}t\bar{a}nu$ .

(as one of the four cardinal points locating a property): (a field) ina elēn dimti ša PN ina šupāl eqli ša PN, ina iltānān eqli ša PN3 u ina su-ta-na-an eqli ša PN4 above the district of PN, below the field of PN₂, to the north of the field of PN₃, and to the south of the field of PN₄ JEN 105:7, cf. AASOR 16 65:7, 58:7, ina su-ta-naan dimti JENu 89:14, HSS 9 19:8, ina suta-na-nu harrāni ibid. 102:5, ina su-ta-naan dimti JEN 268:14, HSS 13 366:8; fields 79 ina ammati ina šu-ta-na-nu (parallel: ina ištānānu, ina amurrānu, ina šaddânu) 79 cubits at the southern border HSS 13 93:13; his inheritance share ištu bāb pa= pahhe ina šu-ta-na-nu u ina istānānu mīşa  $u m\bar{a}da$  from the outer(?) gate, in the south and in the north, be it more or less JEN 256:10, see Fadhil Arraphe 208, (houses) ša su-ta-na-an bītāti ša PN HSS 9 35:6, cf. also JEN 354:10, note ina su-ta-nani-iš- $\check{s}u$  AASOR 16 22:6.

šutanīdû s.; (a song); SB; cf. nâdu.

1 &u-ta-ni-du-u KI.MIN (= &u-me-ru) one 
šūtānu (sūtānu, sūtītu) s.; south; Nuzi; ef. šūtānānu.

a) in gen.: (a field) ina elēn eqli ša PN ina šupāl eqli harrāni ša PN₂ ina iltān eqli ša PN₃ u ina šu-ta-a-nu eqli ša PN₄ JEN 402:9, wr. ina šu-ta-an eqli HSS 13 363:3, HSS 14 110:8, cf. (in similar context) ina šu-ta-a-an AN.ZA.GAR GN HSS 9 18:7, but wr. su-ta-a-an ša eqli ibid. 20; ina šu-ta-an dimti ša PN JEN 480:7, RA 23 153 No.

šutappû šutāpu

45:4, ina su-ta-an-ni dimti ša GN JEN 623:14, cf. JEN 599:6, ina su-ta-an-nu ša PN HSS 9 99:9, 106:6, cf. ina su-ta-a-an eqli HSS 19 97:7, HSS 9 103:6, JEN 485:10, ina suta-ni eqli JEN 310:7; ina su-ta-nu kirî HSS 14 618:7, and passim in descriptions of real estate; (a field) ina šu-ta-a-nu ša GN JEN 439:4: ina šu-ta-an harrāni HSS 19 20:10, ina šu-ta-an atappi ša GN HSS 13 433:4; ina su-ta-an nahli JEN 399:6 and 28, ina su-ta-nu  $d\bar{u}ri$  HSS 9 21:20; ina šu-ta-nuša kamari JEN 42:6, 424:6; ina su-ta-an bītāti HSS 19 79:7, also RA 23 149 No. 31:11, cf. ina iltānān bītāti ša PN ina elēn bītāti ša PN, ina šupāl bītāti ša PN, ina su-[t]a-⟨an bītāti⟩ ša PN₄ CT 51 1:12; note ina su-ta-an-nu-ú eqlāti (parallel: ina ilta: nannû) Hu 32:6, 13:4; ina šu-ta-ni eqli [8a-ni] HSS 14 619:2 (translit. only), see Fadhil Arraphe 157; note ina pa-ni šu-ta-ni (beside ina pani aburri, šaddāni, iltanāni) RA 23 150 No. 34:7, wr. ina su-ta-an-nu (par-, allel: ina e-le-en-nu-ú, ina il-ta-na-annu) HSS 9 105:8.

b) with det. IM: kirû 22 ina ammati ina IM šu-ta-an (beside IM iltanānu) JENu 323:6, cf. 5 imēr eqlāti ina šapat atappi Niraš[še] ina lēt eqli PN ina IM su-ti-it harrāni ša GN JEN 467:11.

C. H. Gordon, RA 31 101 ff.

## šutappû see šutāpu.

### šutaptu s.; (mng. unkn.); OB.*

x (ŠE.GUR) ma-aš-tierín má.lah, x šu-ta-ap-ti má x kirri má x (barley) for the drink ration for the boatmen, x (barley) for the š. for the boat, x (barley) for the beer vessels for the boat CT 47 80:23, cf. x sìla maštītum šu-ta-ap-tum Oregon State University at Corvallis (Kerr Library) line 10, maš-tītum šu-ta-ap-tum ù lú.še.śl ibid. 18 (courtesy M. Gallery), Á.BI GIŠ.MÁ ma-aš(!)-ti-[tum] ù šu-ta-a[p-tum] TLB 1 68:3; x še.gur šu-ta-ap-ti qarītim x barley for (?) the š. of the granary ZA 36 92 No. 3:2.

šutāpu (šutappū, šuzāpu) s.; partner, co-worker; OAkk., MB, Nuzi, SB, NB; wr. syll. and šu.TAB (HSS 10 153 ii 20, OAkk.); cf. šutāpūtu, šutattupu.

 $tapp \hat{u}$  |  $\check{s}u$ -ta-pi | min |  $\check{s}u$ -ta-pi |  $tapp \hat{u}$  |  $\check{s}uta[\check{s}n\hat{u}]$  | Lambert BWL 70 Comm. to lines 2-3 (Theodicy Comm.), cf.  $tapp \hat{u} = [\check{s}u$ -ta-pu(?)],  $\check{s}uta\check{s}n\hat{u} = [min(?)]$  | Malku IV 189 f.

- a) in gen.: hiṭīt arni abi ummi aḥi aḥāti māri mārti ardi u [amti] tappê itbāri ru-ú'-a rutti u šu-tap-pu šup[širi] JRAS 1929 282 r. 12 (SB lit.); anāku ekannam aqtabīšunūti bēlī ittikunu lu šu-ta-ap I said as follows to them, "May my lord be your partner" BE 17 52:28 (MB let.); arad tabnā šu-tap-ku-un maḥarkunu damāqa luttir may I, the servant whom you (gods) created, your (pl.) š., have an abundance of good things RA 63 75:6 (= Limet Sceaux Cassites 11.2).
- **b)** business partner: PN PN₂ u PN₃ . . . itti [aha]mis ana su-ta-pu-t[i] [illikuma] 2ÁB.GAL PN₂ u PN₃ ina qāt [PN] šu-ta-pi- $\S{u}$ -nu imhuru[ma]PN, PN₂, and PN₃ formed a partnership with one another, and PN2 and PN3 received two cows from PN their partner (and cultivated their fields) UET 74:8, cf. ibid. 11, also [šu-tapi] ša LÚ.KID.BAR ni[tanappal(?)] ibid. 13, see Gurney MB Texts p. 31 ff.; X ŠE.BAR . . . ša PN ana PN₂ šu-ú-ta-a-pi-šu ana epēš sibu-ti uqarribu (see  $s\bar{a}b\hat{u}tu$ ) TuM NF 5 21:6, see Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden No. 41; X SE. GUR PN  $\hat{u}$  PN₂ ŠU.TAB.ME HSS 10 153 ii 20 (OAkk.); x barley ša PN itti PN, šu-ta-bi of PN, with PN₂ (his) partner HSS 16 83:8, and passim in the same formulation in this text; X KÙ.BABBAR . . . PN u fPN2 DAM PN3 &uta-pi-šú ina qāt PN₄ maḥru' κừ. BABBAR mala ina libbi inaḥhisu PN4 i-šal-la-' (for *išallim* or *ušallam*?) x silver has been received from PN₄ by PN and ^fPN₂, the wife of PN3, his (PN's) partner, any silver that remains outstanding(?) PN4 will pay in full(?) Camb. 373:4; KASKAL^{II} ša PN u PN₂

šutāpultu šutašnû

... u PN₃ LÚ  $\delta u$ -ta-pi-e  $\delta a$ ... itti  $ah\bar{a}me\delta$   $illik\bar{u}$  the business venture of PN and PN₂ and (of?) PN₃, (all) partners, which they jointly made Nbk. 116:3.

agricultural worker: 20 GUD.ŠÀ. GUD ša 5  $harb\bar{i}$  ša ensí.meš . . . 6 ki. MIN ša šu-ta-pi-e twenty kullizu-oxen for five harbu plows for the iššakku-farmers, six kullizu-oxen for the 5.-s BE 14 168:38, cf. ibid. 36, 39, 45; šumma šu-ta-pu-ú la iman= guru if the \(\xi\).-s refuse (to plow) (for context see *harbu* A mng. 1c) PBS 1/2 61:13; šibšum ša šamaššammī ša PN attušu u ša šu-ta-pi-šu muššerma (see attu mng. 2b-1'a') PBS 1/2 23:7, cf.  $\delta u$ -ta-pu-u  $\delta a$  DUMU. MEŠ girseqî (Wr. KI.IR.SI.GA) . . . mamma la imašša'šunūti (for context see šabāšu mng. 2b) CT 51 41:3;  $eql\bar{a}te \dots$  PN ana $[er]r\bar{e}\tilde{s}i\ iddin\ u\ k\hat{\imath}\ \tilde{s}u$ -ta-pi- $e\ [\ldots]$  BE 17 42:8, cf.  $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}\,\bar{s}a\,i\bar{s}\bar{s}akk\bar{a}ti\,u\,[\bar{s}u-ta-pi-e]$  the crews of the iššakku-farmers and the š.-s ibid. 39:7, ša šu-ta-pi-e [...] (in broken context) ibid. 11:17; PN šu-ta-pu (preceded by PN iššakku, receiving fodder and rations) BE 15 73:5, cf. ibid. 132:21 (all MB); x [barley?] ana šu-ta-be-e HSS 13 343:2 and 7, see Wilhelm Das Archiv des Šilwa-Teššup 3 p. 205 f.

In MSL 13 121 (Nigga Bil. B) 229, the reading [ $\S u.tab$ ].  $ba = \S u-ta-\lceil pu \rceil - u[m]$  cannot be excluded.

# šutāpultu see šutābultu A.

šutāpūtu s.; partnership; MB, Nuzi, SB, NB; cf. šutāpu, šutattupu.

a) to work (a field) in partnership: adi PN u PN₂ balţū eqlātišunu ša kilallišunu ittaḥāmiš ana šu-ta-pu-ti illiku u ŠE.MEŠ mitḥāriš izuzzu as long as PN and PN₂ (his adopted son) live, their fields belong to the two of them, they will work (them) in partnership, and they will divide the barley (harvest) equally HSS 19 41:31 (Nuzi), cf. PN PN₂ u PN₃ . . . itti [aḥā]miš ana šu-ta-pu-t[i] [illikuma] (for context see šutāpu usage b) UET 7 4:5 (MB).

b) to rent in š.: eqlāti ša 'PN ana šuta-pu-ti u PN, la inandin PN, (the tenant) may not rent out fPN's fields in partnership AASOR 16 87:7 (Nuzi); PN qaqqar šuāti ana  $err\bar{e}\check{s}\bar{u}tu \left[u\check{s}u-ta-p\right]u-\acute{u}-tu\ldots ana PN_2$  $u \text{ PN}_3 [iddi] n \text{ PN gave that field to PN}_2$ and PN3 in tenancy in partnership UET 4 59:6, wr. qaqqar šuāti ana errē[šūtu u] lú  $\delta u - \langle ta \rangle - pu - \hat{u} - [tu] \dots iddin \text{ ibid. } 45:7, \text{ cf.}$ PN ŠE.NUMUN šuāti ana errēšūtu u šu-tapu-ú-tú ana PN₂ iddin TuM 2-3 146:5, wr. šu-tap-ú-tú BE 8/1 125:5; ahāmeš išmēma ŠE.NUMUN a'... ana šu-ta-pu-tú ītepušu' (the two) made an agreement for cultivating that field in partnership BE 10 55:6 (all NB).

c) other occ.: uncert.: §u-ta-pu-tu (apodosis) Ki. 1902-5-10,3:8, cited Bezold Cat. Supp. p. 2.

For early refs. see tappûtu.

Ries Bodenpachtformulare 85 ff.

**šutarkubu** adj.; superimposed(?); SB*; cf.  $rak\bar{a}bu$ .

*šumma agā šu-tar-ku-ba apir* if (the moon) has a superimposed(?) corona ACh Supp. Sin 4:3, cf. ibid. 6 ii 5, see Weidner, BA 8/4 41 and 43.

šutarruhūtu s.; magnificence; SB; cf. šarāhu A.

tanatti šu-ta-ru-hu-ti-šú uš(!)-ta-rih kališina mātāti all lands glory in the fame of his magnificence KAH 2 84:75 (Adn. II), see Schramm Einleitung p. 5.

šutārsû see šutērsû.

šutašnû adj.; doubled; lex.*; cf. šanû A v.

[mi-in] TAB =  $\sin a$ ,  $t\bar{u}$  amu,  $kilall\bar{u}n$ ,  $\sin ta$ - $a\sin a$  H/2 Section D-E 14 ff. (= Part 5:8 ff.).

 $tapp \hat{u}$  | sutapi | MIN su-za-pi | tapp  $\hat{u}$  | su-ta[s-nu- $\hat{u}$ ] Lambert BWL 70 Comm. to lines 2-3 (Theodicy Comm.), cf.  $tapp \hat{u} = [sutapu(?)]$ , su-tas-nu- $\hat{u} = [MIN(?)]$  Malku IV 189 f.

šutašubbû šuta'û

šutašubbû adj.; (mng. uncert.); lex.*; Sum. lw.

su.ta.sub.[ba] = [s]u-ta-sub-bu-ú-um Nigga Bil. B 189.

The Sum. compound means literally "fallen from the hand."

šutattupu v.; to form a partnership with one another; SB; II/2; cf. šutāpu, šutāpūtu.

erû şīruma ir-tu-ú-ni it-tu-ú-ni ul-ta-tipu-ni nazmat kabtātešunu iptašruni the eagle and the snake became friends, ate together, made a partnership with one another, they revealed their inmost wishes to one another AfO 14 300 (pl. 9) i 12, see Kinnier Wilson Etana p. 52.

šutātû adj.; facing each other; OB, SB; cf. atû v.

aladlammê rabûti urmahhī šu-ta-tu-u-ti apsasāti šutāhāti lamassāti maššāti ša erî namri aptiqma I cast of shining copper large bull colossi, lions facing each other, matching apsasītu-colossi, (and) twin la: massu-statues Borger Esarh. 61 vi 17; 2 ku: sarikkī šú-ta-tú-te . . . erî namri aptiqma (see kusarikku mng. 1b) ibid. 87 § 57 r. 4; 8 nēšī petân birki šu-ta-tu(!)-ti ša ina . . . erî namru pitiq Ninagal šūpušū OIP 2 97:83 (Senn.); KAR.MEŠ (=  $n\bar{e}kem\bar{e}tu$ ) &u-ta-tatum facing atrophied parts (on the liver) K.3526:8 and 9 (SB ext.); referring to snakes:  $\S u$ -ta-tu-su-nu nu ezbuma la ezbum[a(x)]ana muhhi ezēbu ittaprasu (see, for partial translation, ezēbu lex. section) Tablet Funck 2 r. 13 (Alu Comm.), see AfO 21 pl. 10; obscure: ra-bu-tu-[um] šu-ta-tu-ut ti-ti-ni-im x-xsu-tu & u-ta-tu-ut [...] TIM 9 48 i 18 (OB lit.).

šuta'û v.; to trifle, to treat something (rarely someone) lightly; OB; III/2; cf. multa'ītu, multa'ûtu, *mušta'û.

 $[igi...] = [su]-ta-ah-hu-\ll hu - um Kagal G 52.$ 

a) in absolute use: ullānukka ana mannim ašapparam la tu-uš-ta-a to whom

but to you should I write? Do not treat the matter lightly (end of let.) TCL 18 91:28; la tu-uš-ta-a (end of let.) Fish Letters 22:12, Kraus AbB 1 82:22; maḥrika anniātum ammīni innepša u ammīni tu-uš-ta-hi Boyer Contribution 119:8; *šumma ina kīnātim ta*: rammanni la tu-uš-ta-ha-ma libbī la imar: raşakkum if in fact you love me, do not treat the matter lightly so that I will not be angry with you TLB 4 2:51, cf. ibid. 28:9: bēlī la uš-ta-a-ha ABIM 26 r. 17, cf. u[S]-ta-hi-i (in broken context) PBS 1/2 3:16; kīma ēpiš sibûtim la ša šu-ta-i-im šûma ul tīdê la tu-uš-ta-ha-šum do you not know that he does his duty and is not to be trifled with? Do not trifle with him TCL 7 53:16 and 18; awilum kima ana šu-ta-i-im la ireddû ul tīdê do you not know that it is not proper to treat the man lightly? TCL 7 55:6; (I sought your help but you did not respond) idāt šu-ta-iim tanaššia (see našû A mng. 6 (idātu)) VAS 16 93:20.

- b) with object introduced by ana: ana *ša ašpurakku la tu-uš-ta-a* do not make light of what I wrote to you PBS 7 77:23, Kraus AbB 1 8:18, 19:13', wr. la tu-uš-taha VAS 7 201:25, also (end of letter) VAS 7 202:34, CT 52 171:20, VAS 16 157:32, CT 4 29c: 15, ana šapārija . . . la tu-uš-ta-a YOS 13 448:25, ef. TIM 2 135 r. 7, ana šapārika ul uš-ta-i VAS 7 198:21; ana ša ana abija ašpuram abī la uš-ta-ah-ha-am Kraus AbB 1 49:7, also (end of letter) ibid. 61:13, ana ša ana bēlija kâta ašpuram bēlī la uš-ta-waam CT 2 48:28; ana awatim annītim la tu-uš-ta-a-am PBS 7 68:22, also UCP 9 345 No. 20:12; ana bītija ammīnim tu-uš-ta-a why are you remiss with regard to my house? VAS 16 139:11, see Frankena, AbB 6 139, cf. ana eglim hiātim u hišihtim . . . la tu-uš-ta-ha RA 45 2:11, see Kraus, AbB 10 52.
- c) with personal object (in the acc. or dat.):  $e'il\check{s}i$  la  $tu-u\check{s}-ta-a-\check{s}[i]$  make a binding agreement with her, do not trifle with her TCL 17 71:18;  $amm\bar{i}ni$   $tu-u\check{s}-ta-hi-i-\check{s}a$  (for  $-\check{s}i$ ) . . . la  $tu-u\check{s}-ta-ha-a-\check{s}i$

**šuta''umum šutēmuqu

ana habālim la tanaddiš(ši) why did you slight her? Do not slight her, do not allow her to be deprived of her rights PBS 7 5:10 and 13; ammini tu-uš-ta-hi-a-am why have you (my god) become indifferent to me? YOS 2 141:4; abī la uš-ta-a-am CT 29 20: 25, cf. Kraus, AbB 10 99 r. 3; ina attama tu-uš-ta-hu-šu-nu-ši-im adi inanna ibrû until now they have been hungry, because you behaved nonchalantly with regard to them TLB 4 74:26; ana minâ uš-ta-a-akkum in what respect have I behaved nonchalantly toward you? Kraus AbB 1 118:19, cf. ana awâtika ul uš-ta-i ibid. 12; lu-ušta-a-ki-im-ma . . . la  $aqb\hat{u}$  ABIM 35:11; latu-uš-ta-ha-šu pīhatum (end of let.) TCL 18 117:11, cf. la tu-uš-ta-ha-šum JCS 11 106:19, atta tu-uš-ta-i-šum-ma TLB 4 92 B 5; ekal= lum mādiš igâlšunūši[m] ul šu-ta-hu-šunu-ti the palace pays much attention to them, they cannot be trifled with OECT 3 53:14, cf. awīlum ana zikrika ul šu-ta-haan-ni-a-ši-im Speleers Recueil 231:11, see Kraus, AbB 10 159.

Compare Syriac ešte i, ešta i to play; see Landsberger, WZKM 56 120 n. 30.

***Suta''umum (AHw. 1291b) In MSL 13 78:414 (Proto-Kagal, formerly Kagal E part 2:6) read §u-ta-hu-qu, see haqu A.

šutebrû adj.; of long duration; lex.*; cf. bitrû v.

 $[u_4.zal.l]a = uzallu, namārātu, u_4-mu-um [šu]-te-eb-rum Kagal G 245 ff.$ 

šutēburu (šutēpuru) v.; to act precipitately, to be hasty(?); OB, Mari, Rimah, SB.

en mè maḥ.a gin.na gìr na.ab.ul₄.e gìr. zu ki.a si.bí.íb:  $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$  ana  $t\bar{a}hazi$   $s\bar{e}ri$  alik la tuštep-pir (var.  $tu\bar{s}$ -te-ep-pi-ir)  $s\bar{e}pka$  ina erseti  $k\bar{i}n$  my lord, going (lit. go) to the battlefield, do not act precipitately, set your foot firmly on the ground Lugale IV 3 (= 138).

kalbatum ina šu-te-bu-ri-ša huppudūtim ulid a hasty bitch brings forth blind whelps ARM 1 5:12, see Moran, RA 71 191; ina panītim inūma ētiqu uš-te-eb-bi-ir-ma ana ṣēriki ul akšudam earlier, when I passed through, I was in a hurry and could not come to visit you OBT Tell Rimah 147:8; uncert.: bēlī awīlam... [li-iš-te-bi-ir-šu-ma ana pīḥa[tišu] littalkam van Soldt, AbB 129:21.

šutelū'u v.; to cause to lap up; SB*; III/2.

ki.bal.a ga.gin_x(GIM) ur.ra ba.an. ús: *māt nukurti kīma šizbi kalbī uš-te-te-li-*' (he filled the ditch with blood) he had dogs lap up (the blood of?) the hostile land as if it were milk Lugale V 24 (= 260).

For another word perhaps derived from the same root compare  $^{gu}KA\times A$  (var. KA×GAR) = la-a- $\delta u$ , KÚ (var. NAG) = it-ti-la- $^{\circ}$  CT 51 168 viii 18f. and dupls. (Group Voc. A), cited  $la\delta u$  B, and see AHw. 1458a sub  $wal\bar{a}$ 'u.

šutēmudu adj.; consecutive; SB; cf. emēdu.

ūmū šE.GA.ŠÈ annûtu šu-te-mu-du-tu(var. -tum) these consecutive days (of the month examined) as to their favorableness (for parallel see subbutu mng. 1) KAR 178 iii 65, cf. KAR 179 i 16, also KAR 178 iv 2, var. from K.4093 r. ii 14 (all hemer.); ekal pīli u erēni šu-te-mu-du-ti ana multa'ūti bēlūtija nakliš ušēpiš I had a palace built for my lordly pleasure, constructed of side by side (?) limestone and cedar Borger Esarh. 63 B v 49.

šutēmuqu (tušēmuqu) v.; to pray, supplicate; OB, SB; III/2; cf. ēmiqtu, ēmiqu, emqiš, emqu, emuqtu, imqu s., muštēmiqu, nēmequ, tēmīqu, ummuqu adj.

zu-ur-zu-ur Amarךe. Amarךe = x(text AL)-mu-qu,  $\delta u$ -te-mu-qu,  $\delta u$ -te-mu-qu Diri II 13 ff.; zu-ur Amarךe =  $supp \hat{u}$ ,  $sull \hat{u}$ , tu- $\delta e$ -mu-q[u] VAT 14248: 3 ff. (text similar to Idu); ka.sì.sì.ga =  $\delta u$ -te-mu-qu Lu Excerpt II 78; nam.ga.dub.[ak]

šutēpuru šutērsû

= &u-te-mu-qu (in group with &uppu, tespitu, teslitu) Erimhu&u II 173, cf. Antagal F 43; [x-x] [x] = [s]up: pu, [s]ullu, [&u]-te-mu-qu A V/3:43 ff.; &u-&u-u Idu II 76, also A V/2:55.

un.dagal.la KA ha.ra.ab.ša₆.ša₆.ge.ne: nišū rapšātum li-iš-te-mi-qá-kum may people near and far pray to you LIH 60 ii 11 (Hammurapi).

pû u lišānu liš-te-me-qú-ni may "mouth and tongue" pray for me KAR 59 r. 12 (SB rel.); mala libbašu sabtu ana Sin liqbi ūmi: šamma liš-te-mi-iq let him say to Sin what is in his heart, let him pray every day AMT 90,1 ii 4, see TuL p. 72; [... suull-lu-u šu-te-mu-qu kûmma Ištar it is in your power, Ištar, to [listen to] supplication and prayer AfO 19 55:236 (prayer to Ištar), cf. ma-al-ku(text -LU) šarru  $\hat{u}$ ru-be-e šu-te-me(var. -mi)-qa-šu pray to him, rulers, kings, and princes ibid. 62:30 (prayer to Marduk, and dupls. courtesy W. G. Lambert), šu-te-mu-qi-ia Winckler Sammlung 2 52:3 (Sar.), see Tadmor, Eretz Israel 5 154; kanšiš šu-te-mu-gá-ak-šu a-na-dam  $b\bar{e}$ :  $l\bar{u}ssu$  (see  $kan\check{s}i\check{s}$ ) VAB 4 142 i 18 (Nbk.); ana Šamaš . . . palhiš uš-te-mi-iq-ma VAB 4 254 i 15, cf. ibid. 230 i 16, wr. uš(text Aš)-te-me-qa AnSt 8 48 i 45 (all Nbn.); NA₄ IGI DINGIR  $\delta u$ -temu-qim a stone charm for praying before the god LKA 9 i 9; mu-uš-te-mi-qum ana ilī rabûtim (Hammurapi) who prays to the great gods CH iv 65 (prologue); those who neglect the god prosper iltapni itenšu muš-te-mi-qu ša i[lti] (but) those who pray to the goddess become poor and weak Lambert BWL 74:71 (Theodicy); in personal names: Ana-dNabium-lu-uš-temi-iq VAS 751: 12 and seal, YOS 13254: 9 and 14 (both OB).

See emūqu discussion section.

šutēpuru see šutēburu.

šutērsû (šutārsû) v.; to prepare, make ready, to put in order; OA, OB, Mari, MB, SB; III/2; cf. ersû, ersû in ša ersî, tēr sītu.

sa.ab.gi₄.a= $\delta u$ -t[e]-er-su-um Proto-Kagal Bil. E 9; URU.a.gi₄.a= $\delta u$ -te-er-su-um ibid. 11; sa. gi₄.a= $\delta u$ -te-er-sú- $\delta u$ -um Nigga Bil. B 259, cf. sa. gi= $\langle \delta u \rangle$ -te-er-su- $\delta u$ -RS Proto-Izi I Bil. 16', in MSL 13 126; u₄.da sa ab.gi₄.gi₄=u₄-ma-am  $\delta u$ -te-er-s $\delta u$ , sa.àm.gi₄.gi₄=u₅-te-re-s $\delta u$ -SGT XV 23 f.

lú.giš.šu.kár giš.mar.zu sa hé.ri.ib.gi $_4$ .g[i $_4$ ]: naggārum eriqqaka liš-te-er-si let the carpenter prepare your chariot (for battle) 2N-T343 (= A 29975) r. 4, in MSL SS 1 89; šu im.ma. ni.in.si.ga sa im.ma.ni.in.gi: iprusu uš-ter-si she prepared (the thread) she had set aside BiOr 30 168 D r. 7f.; [...] x sa nam.bí.íb.gi $_4$ .gi $_4$ : ana ālika  4 Aššur santak šipir tušāri šu-tir-su (see santak usage a) KAR 128:24 (prayer of Tn.).

- a) to prepare buildings, objects: [še]'am ana sirāšîm idimma šikaram ana panīja liiš-te-er-si(text -sú) (see sirāšû usage b) TCL 17 75:11 (OB let.); bēlī ana bītim šêtu lištālma [an]a kīma muštālūtim ša bēlī ištallu u išapparam bītam ana pan ugbab: tim lu-uš-te-er-si let my lord consider the matter of this house, so that I may make it ready for the *ugbabtu* priestess in accordance with what my lord resolves and instructs me to do ARM 3 84:32; ma'diš uš-tar-si-ma I had much (gold and precious stones) prepared (for the adornment of the divine images) Borger Esarh. [an]a  $e s \bar{e} dim$  [k]i su-ta-ar-s a-awhen (the wagons) are ready for the harvest TLB 4 73:16, see Frankena, AbB 3 73; see also 2N-T 343, in lex. section.
- b) to make rations, provisions ready: ša ana alākija mātum uš-te-er-su-ú mutta: tam ninda u muttatam zíd ana sābim warhišamma littaddinušunūšim month let them give rations, half bread and half flour, to the troops from that which the land has prepared for my march ARM 1 60:13; inūma ZÍD.MUNU_x(ŠE)-šu-nu  $[b\bar{e}l\bar{i}\,u]$ š-te-er-su-ú when my lord has prepared their (the soldiers') provisions ARM 5 61 r. 9', cf. ibid. 52:15 and 22, also (barley)  $\delta u$ -te-er-si-im ana zíp.munu, (Bulùg) van Lerberghe OB Texts 20 CBS 341:32; še'em ... ana pan nim.ma uš-te-ri-sú-ú they are holding the grain ready for the Elamites ARM 6 27 r. 7; tappūssu lillik ana UD.5.KAM

šuteslipu šutlumu

allakam ana panīja li-iš-te-er-si should help him, I will arrive in five days, she should prepare (the barley) before I come Kraus AbB 1 69:18, cf. 1 pappasi buqli  $ana\ p[anija\ šu-te-e]r-si_{20}(zi)-ma\ A\ 3531:11$ (OB let.); barley rations ana šu-ti-ir-si OBT Tell Rimah 183:3, wr.  $\delta u$ -te-er-si ibid. 184:6;  $[\check{s}]u$ -te-er-[s]i-i-i[m][ah]amtanaddi do not be negligent about the preparations (of the provisions) ARM 14 42:32; LÚ.MEŠ muškēnum nig[êtiš]unu ša  $pagr\bar{a}$ i uš-te-er-su-ú-[m]a umma šunuma niqêtuni er-se-[e] the commoners have prepared their sacrifices for the .... festival, they said, "Our sacrifices are ready" ARM 14 12 r. 4, cf. GI.DÙG.GA for ša ana nigîm ša DN uš-te-re-sú-ú ARMT 23 364:5.

- c) to array for battle: adi ul-ter-si tāḥassu ša mithuṣi kalât GIŠ.GIGIR.MEŠ until he had prepared his battle array, the chariotry was held back from battle Tn.-Epic "iii" 35; gimer GIŠ.GIGIR.MEŠ-ka šu-te-er-sa-a-at paḥir karaška (see karašu A mng. 2b) ibid. 26.
- d) other occs.: ana harpē nu-uš-tére-sà we are going to make preparations before the harvest (season) KTS 25a:13 (OA let.), for context see Hirsch Untersuchungen 72 n. 389; ana mīnim mimma ša [uš-te]er-su-ú la [uš] abbalakkum [atti] mimma (you said) [tu-u]š-te-er-si-i  $[s\bar{u}]$ bilim "Why has (someone) not sent to you what I prepared?" - send me yourself what you have prepared OBT Tell Rimah 51:15; mimma ula tušelqianni atta magal tu-ušte-er-su you have sent me nothing (although) you took good care of yourself UET 5 78:21 (OB let.); take either horses or strong mules for my wagon u dumu PN t[u]-ul-te-te-er-si i-di-[...] Aro, WZJ 8 569 HS 111:36; *mušākili* [*li*]*l-tir-si* (see mušākilu mng. 1b) ibid. 565 HS 108:25; liil-ti-er-si-ma (in broken context) PBS 1/2 30:14 (all MB letters).

šuteşlipu see *šuteşlupu.

*šuteşlupu (*šuteşlipu*) adj.; criss-crossed; SB*; cf. *şalāpu*.

*īnū* apātu *īnū* ašātu *īnū* pursīd damī šu-te-eṣ-li-pa-a-tu cloudy eyes, blurred eyes, eyes criss-crossed with . . . . of blood (replaced by *īnū* pursīndi damī šuḫurr(i)ātu in AMT 11,1:33, AMT 12,1:44, and Ugaritica 5 19:5, cited šaḥarru adj.) AMT 10,1 iii 10 (= Köcher BAM 510 iii 10 and dupl. 514 iii 15).

šutēṣû adj.; (mng. uncert.); syn. list; cf. aşû.

&u-ta-&u-u = &u-te-&u-u LTBA 2 1 v 41 and dupl. 2 : 251.

For other refs. see  $a \hat{s} \hat{u}$  lex. section and mng. 11.

šutēšuru adj.; in good order, well maintained; SB; cf. ešēru.

la šu-te-šu-ru mūṣê mêša zunnī u rādu unassû libittuša its (Borsippa's temple tower's) drainage openings were not in good order, rain and downpours had carried away its brickwork VAB 4 98 i 32 (Nbk.); ašar Ḥumbaba ittallaku šakin kibsu ḥar=rānātu šu-te-šu-ra-ma ṭubbat girru (see kibsu A mng. 1d) Gilg. V i 5; in broken context: [...] x la šu-te-šu-ru irimmu ana x [...] Lambert BWL 72:41 (Theodicy).

**šutlumu** v.; to bestow, grant, present; OB, SB, NB; III, III/2.

šu.zi.gar = šu-ut-lu-mu-u[m] Nigga Bil. B 132; [s]i-i sum = šu-ut-lu-mu Idu II 83.

dNin.urta dug₄.ga.zu nu.kúr.ra nam.tar. ra.zu šu.sì bí.[in.gar] (early recension: šu zi. dè.eš [gar]): dMIN qibītka ul uttakkar šīmātuka šu-ut-lu-[ma] (see nakāru lex. section) Lugale I 25, cf. nam.tar.ra.zu dingir.gin_x(GIM) šu.zu gar.ra [...]: šīmātuka kīma ilim šu-ut-lu-ma-[ni-kum] your fate is granted to you like a god's PBS 10/4 8:3, see Wilcke, WO 5 2:4; dIn.nin... me.ur.zu sum.mu.un.na.ab: ana dMIN... himmat parsīka šu-ut-lilim-šī TCL 651:17 f.

\$u-u\-\text{-lu-mu}, qa-a\-\su\$u, \$\si-rik\-\text{-tû}, pa-qa\-\du\$u, tu-lu-u
na-da-nu LTBA 2 2:210 ff. and dupls. ibid.
1 v 4 ff., RA 18 4 No. 6 obv.(!) ii 9 ff. (= Durand Catalogue EPHE pl. 119 No. 326); \$\su-u\-\text{-tu-lu-mu}\$,

šutlumu šutlumu

e-pe-ru, za-na-nu, ha-a-su, etc. = na-da-nu Malku IV 181 ff.

a) to a deity by a god or king: ušta-at-li-im-ku-um bēlī parakkī I granted to you (Adad) the lords of the sanctuaries CT 15 4 ii 7 (OB hymn to Adad), see Römer, Studien Falkenstein 186; ana šarrat ilī ša parṣī [...  $\delta u$ -u]t-lu-mu  $q\bar{a}tu\delta\delta a$  AfO 25 38:4 (hymn of Asn. I to Istar), and see TCL 651, in lex. section; dEa ina apsî nēmega úšat-lim-ka Ea has granted to you (Marduk) wisdom in the Apsû AfO 19 62:38 (prayer to Marduk), cf. (Marduk) ša Ea abušu  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}at$ -lim- $\acute{s}\acute{u}$  [. . .] CT 25 47 K.8222:13 (list when I finished building my of gods); palace in Assur nigê tašrihti aggīma úšat-lim kadrāja I offered sumptuous sacrifices and presented my gifts (to the gods) OIP 2 125:50, also 116 viii 70 (Senn.).

b) to a king by a god -1' rule, lands, royal insignia, etc.: Esarhaddon and Assurbanipal his son ša Sin šar ilāni kiš: šat mātāti ú-šat-lim(var. -li-mu)-šú-nu-tima to whom Sin, the king of the gods, presented the entire inhabited world VAB 4 246 ii 38 (Nbn.), var. from CT 34 30 ii 38; šakān līti kišitti gāti ša Aššur . . . Marduk  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}at$ -li-mu-ni-ma the victorious conquests which Aššur and Marduk granted to me Lie Sar. 453; māt kibrāt arba'i ina isqisu lu-sat-li-mu may they (the gods) give him the four quarters of the world as his lot AKA 249 v 52 (Asn.); [...] šá  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}at$ -li-mu-u $\acute{s}$  (in broken context) AfO 18 44 BM 98730: 27 (Tn.-Epic); [...] *šut-li-mi* rikis māti KAR 334 r. 3 (hymn of Asn. I to Ištar); arāk palê šu-ut-lum ana bēl bēlē RA 18 31 r. 7 (SB blessing for the king), see Stummer, AfO 4 19; šarrūt la šanān ú-šat-li-maan-ni-ma (Aššur) has granted to me an unrivaled kingship OIP 2 23 i 11 (Senn.), and passim in Senn. and Sar.; Anu agâšu Enlil kussāšu Ninurta kakkašu Nergal ša: lummassu ú-šat-li-mu-in-ni-ma Anu granted to me his tiara, Enlil his throne, Ninurta his weapon, (and) Nergal his awesome splendor Borger Esarh. 81 r. 1; ina

kakkim dannim ša Zababa u Ištar ú-ša-at-li-mu-nim with the powerful weapon which Zababa and Ištar granted to me (I conquered the enemy) CH xl 25; Aššur u Ištar kak la maḥār ú-šat-li-mu-in-ni-ma OIP 2 152 No. 17:7 (Senn.); qaštu dannatu ša Aššur ú-šat-li-ma the powerful bow which Ašsur presented to me OIP 2 44 v 72 (Senn.), cf. [ú-ša-a]t-li-im-šu miṭṭu la pādû PSBA 20 158 r. 20.

2' wisdom, strength, good fortune, long life, etc.: O Ninurta šu-ut-lim-šú emūq ān la] šanān dunnu zikrūti bestow upon him (Sargon) unmatched vigor and heroic strength OIP 38 131 No. 5:7 (Sar.), see ZDMG 98 34, cf. ilāni . . . dunnu zikrūti emūqī ṣīrāti  $\dot{u}$ - $\dot{s}at$ - $\langle li \rangle$ -mu-in-ni (see  $zikr\bar{u}tu$  mng. 1) Thompson Esarh. pl. 16 iv 13 (Asb.); ša... hasīsa palkâ ú-šat-li-mu-šú DN to whom Ninšiku presented wide understanding VAS 1 37 iii 7 (NB kudurru), cf. ina iqiqallūti ša Aššur ú-šat-li-man-ni jâšiwith the wisdom which Aššur presented to me OIP 2 145:11, cf. ina uzni nikilti ša ú-šatli-ma rubû Ninšiku ibid. 109 vii 2, also 122:23, 133:77 (all Senn.), cf. ZA 43 19 r. 73 (SB lit.); lu šu-ut-lu-um-šu ad-da-ar ba-la-t[u] RA 15 180 vii 29, see Groneberg, RA 75 127 (OB Agušaja), cf. mādātim šanāt balāṭim ana Ammiditana tu-ša-at-li-im Ištar tattadin Ištar has given (and) granted to Ammiditana many years of life RA 22 171:48 (OB hymn to Ištar);  ${}^{
m d}Nin ext{-}lil$   $\ll$  ina  $\gg$  migirki lpha ut $ext{-}lim ext{-}lpha i$   ${}^{
m T}$  [1.L]  ${}^{
m A}$ KAR 98 r. 11; šu-ut-lim-šú ūmē tūb šēri  $r\bar{u}q\bar{u}ti$  OIP 38 130 No. 3: 6 and parallels (Sar.), see ZDMG 98 34 ff.; annu kīnu ana šarri bēlija li-šat-li-mu-ma (see annu s. mng. 2d) ABL 797:11 (NB).

3' other powers and possessions: šal= lat nākirī kabittu ša ú-šat-li-ma Aššur the abundant booty of the enemy which Aššur granted to me OIP 2 132:67 (Senn.); šu-utli-[mi-im-m]a zēra pir'a lubēli narbīki lut= ta['id] (O Ištar) grant me descendants, may I hold (paternal) authority over progeny, and I will praise your greatness Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 62:84; būl ṣēri ú-šat-lišutlumu šuttatu

mu-ni epēš ba'āri iqbūni (Ninurta and Nergal) awarded to me the wild animals of the steppe and commanded me to hunt AKA 205 iv 67 (Asn.), also WO 1 472:41 (Shalm. III), Iraq 14 34:85 (Asn.), AfO 3 160:23 (Aššurdān II), Scheil Tn. II r. 52, KAH 2 84:122 (Adn. II), cf. bu'ur ṣēri ú-ša-at-li-mu-šu-ma AKA 138 iv 2 (Tigl. I); I took the captured chieftains to Assyria āl dannūti ša tu-šat-lim-an-ni (to) a fortified city that you (Aššur) have granted to me Streck Asb. 198 iv 29, see Weippert, WO 7 81.

c) other occs.: when I ascended the throne, Marduk-apla-iddina, king of Babylon, appealed for help to Suturnahunte, king of Elam hurāşa kaspa ni= sigti abnē ú-šat-lim-šú-ma and presented him with (gifts of) gold, silver, and precious gems OIP 2 49:7 (Senn.); mārašu rabû itti igisê šulmāni ú-šat-li-man-ni-ma he gave me his oldest son (as a hostage) together with gifts and presents TCL 3 šu-ut-li-ma-am-ma tašmâ u magāra grant me that I be heard and obeyed BMS 22:20 and dupls., see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 474; *šu-ut-li-mim*(var. -mi-im) -ma lu magir dabā $b\bar{i}$  BMS 9:47 and dupls. Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila No. 31, LKA 48a, see Ebeling Handerhebung 70: 20 and Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 298 n. 90; egubbû ša Asalluhi li-šat-lim-ma (var. li-šá-at-li-ma) dumga (see  $equbb\hat{u}$  A mng. 2b-1) BMS 12:85, see Ebeling Handerhebung 80; dum-qa ú-šat-limšú ú-kin-šú tak-li-me (see dumqu mng. 1a) Kraus Texte 27a left col. section II 2; šu-ut-lima-am-ma (var. šu-ut-lim-am-ma) egirrā damga grant me a good reputation (for context see egirrû mng. 1a) STT 60:25 and dupls., var. from von Weiher Uruk 18:20, see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 508:120; DN §āpi= kat erseti mu-šat-li-[mat] lamassi dumqi (see šapāku mng. 1a-4') Craig ABRT 216:20; (DN) āhizat kinatti mu-šat-li-mat ašta[piri] STT 68:4; note: Marduk . . . nissat qubbê ... li-šat-lim-šú may Marduk bestow upon him sorrow and lamentation (instead of songs of jubilation) ABL 1169

r. 10 (NB leg.); obscure: [šu-u]t-li-maam-ma ana damiqti ritaddanni (var. (error?) šu-tam-ṣa-am-ma) BMS 60:22, var. from KAR 246:17, see Laessøe Bit Rimki 57:68.

šutqu s.; esophagus(?); OB; cf. šatāqu. ba-ár bar =  $\delta u$ -ut-qu A 1/6:253.

šumma šu-ut-qú-um imittam/šumēlam tarik if the š. is dark on the right/left (followed by nawir is light) YOS 10 48:37f., dupl. ibid. 49:9ff.; šu-ut-qum kutum libbi šumēlam liwwir imittam litruk may the š. and the cover of the intestines be light on the left and dark on the right YOS 11 23:98, also ibid. 40, see Starr Diviner 31 and 34.

See also šitiq irti.

Starr Diviner 76f.

šuttatu s. fem.; pitfall, grave; OB, SB.

ub LAGAB $\times$ U =  $\delta u$ -ut-ta-tu(var. -tum) A I/2:176;  $LAGAB \times U.LAGAB \times U.a = \delta u - ta - tum [(...)] RA 70$ 142 AUAM 73,3176 r. 10; si-dug LAGAB×DAR = na: *hallu*, si-dug-ga (vars. si-duq-qa, šu-dug-ga) LAGAB×DAR (var. LAGAB×LAGAR?), LAGAB×GA = šu-ut-ta-tum(var. -tu) Ea I 74-75a; [si-d]ug, sidug-ga LAGAB×DAR = šu-ut-ta-tum A I/2:250 f.; si. dudug₄ = šu-ut-ta-tum Lu Excerpt II 63; a.ru. ub = na-hal-lum,  $si.dug_4.ga = \delta u-ut-[t]a-t\acute{u}(var.$ -tum), hu-bal-lum Erimhuš VI 35 ff., cf. (in group with huppu, suplu) Antagal A 253; si.dug₄ = su-utt[a-tu] 5R 16 iii 12 (group voc.); níg.ki.huš.a =  $\delta u - ut - ta - tum$ , mah. di = nahallu, si. du  $g_4 \cdot ga =$ haštu Antagal VIII 66 ff.; eš. sa. du = nahbalu, níg.  $huš.a = \delta u - ut - ta - tu'$ ,  $si.dug_4$  (vars.  $si.[dug_4].ga$ , [si].  $^{du-ug}dug_4$ ) = haštu Erimhuš II 50 ff.; níg. ki.huš.a = šu-ut-ta-tu Igituh I 384.

ú = šu-ut-ta-tu Izi E 2501; [gi-i] GI = šu-ut-ta-tum CT 12 29 BM 38266 i 11 (text similar to Idu); [é]-ùr-ri É.KI.SÌ.GA = qubūru, šu-ut-ta-tum Diri V 301 f.

LAGAB×U.ta mu.un.ši.ni.íb.e_x(DU₆+DU).dè LAGAB×U ní(var. níg). huš.a.ta hé.ni.íb.šub. bu.ne: ša ultu būrti illā ana šu-ut-ta-ti(vars. -tu, -tim) lidāūšu let them throw into a pit (the demon) who comes up from a well CT 17 36:88 ff., and dupls. CT 14 13 BM 91010:1 ff., ZA 30 189:20 ff., von Weiher Uruk 3 r. 17 f., etc.; [e.ne.èm] dmu. ul.líl.lá.ke_x(KID) bu₅.bu₅.àm i.bí nu.bar. bar. [re]: [amat dmin it] tanašrabbit īnu ul ippalla[s] [(...) š]u-ut-ta-tum ša la naplusi the word of Enlil flits about, the eye cannot see it (Akk. adds the variant translat.: an unfathomable pit) SBH 2

šuttu A šuttinnu

No. 1:35 ff. (= 7 No. 4:38 ff.); LAGABXU sud.rá zi.gú.bi til.til.la: šu-ut-sta-tu][...] a deep pit whose rope(?) . . . . PBS 1/1 11 iv 74 f. and iii 42. ha-as-tum = su-u[t-ta-tum] Lambert BWL 34 comm. to line 93 (Ludlul Comm.); ha-áš-ti = šuut-ta-tú Šurpu p. 50 Comm. B 20; hu-bu-ul-lum,

 $mah-du = \check{s}u-ut-t[a-tu]$  (var. adds  $sin-ni\check{s}-tu$ ) Malku IV 137 f.;  $ma-ab-du = \delta u-ut-t[a-tum]$  CT 18 10 iii 9.

- a) for trapping animals: idīšu ana šuut-ta-ti throw him (the eagle) into a pit Bab. 12 pl. 4 r. 7 and pl. 5:8 (SB Etana), cf. ibid. pl. 3 r. 23; [i] na šu-ut-ta-ti amātama shall I die in the pit? ibid. pl. 3 r. 26; ušētega šuut-ta-as-su (see  $et\bar{e}qu$  mng. 5b) ibid. pl. 12 vi 2 (OB Etana), [iš]tu šu-ut-ta-te u[šellīka] AfO 14 pl. 11:17, see Kinnier Wilson Etana p. 60:16, cf. ibid. 10, [napl] is šu-ta-ta ibid. p. 58:8, and passim in Etana; tuhtarrissu 7 u 7 *šu-ut-ta-a-ti* you have dug for him (the lion) countless pits Gilg. VI 52; ina [bal]u Šamaš u Šakkan nammaštē ša ṣē[ ri] ana šuut-ta-ti ul imaqqut (see nammaštu usage a) KBo 1 12 r.(!) 6, restored from KAR 19 r.(!) 15, see Ebeling, Or. NS 23 214;  $[\ldots]$  u [ana & u]ut-ta-tum kî imqutu GAZ -šú-ma when it fell into the pit, they killed it King Chron. 2 79 ii 25, see Grayson Chronicles 136.
- in metaphoric use: sinništu būrtu  $b\bar{u}rtu$  šu-ut-ta-tu(vars. -tú, -tum) herītu Lambert BWL 146:51; şaltumma šu-ut-tatum šeţītu arguments are a yawning pit ibid. 100:38.

UCP 9 392:18 is to be emended to šarru māssu ibbalakkassuma šukunnû GAR (= iššakkan) ša-gašá(!)-a-tum ibaššâ, for parallels see šaggaštu usage d.

For a variant form see *šuttu* B. Held, ANES 5 173ff.

**šuttinnu** see *suttinnu*.

šuttu A s. fem.; dream; from OA, OB on; pl. šunātu; wr. syll. and máš.gi₆ (ma.mú Dream-book 342:28).

 $m \acute{a} \check{s} = b\bar{\imath}ru$ ,  $m \acute{a} \check{s} \cdot g i_6 = \check{s}u - ut - tum$  Lu Excerpt II 121 f., also Igituh short version 96 f.; máš = šu $ud-du = (Hitt.) \ \ \dot{v}-a\check{s}, \ m \acute{a} \check{s} = bi-e-ru = (Hitt.) \ a-ri$ ia-še-eš-šar Izi Bogh. A  $309 \,\mathrm{f.};~[\ldots] = [s]u-ut$ tum (in group with egirra and biratu) Antagal

VIII 262; [máš].gi₆ = šu-ut-tum (in group with hi-iš(?)-tum (see hiltu) and munattu) Erimhuš II

me.gal.zu = šu-ut-tu pašāru, qību šakānu CT 18 30 r. ii 13 f. (group voc.); lú.sag.še.ná.a = mupa-še-er šu-na-tim OB Lu C₄ 5, also OB Lu A 358, Lu II iii 28'; AN.zag.gar = DINGIR ša šu-nati Izi A ii 15, cf. an.zag.gar.ra = dingir šá šu-ut-ti Erimhuš I 216; note An.za.gàr, dmin MAS.GI₆ = DINGIR MA.MÚ.DA.KE_x(KID) CT 24 32:110f. (An = Anum III 189 f.).

gig.ga níg.gig.ga níg.nu.gar.ra máš.gi₆ nu.sig5.ga: maruštu nullātu šu-ut-tu la damiqtu evil things, malicious things, bad dreams ASKT p. 84-85:27 f., see Borger, AOAT 1 4; máš.gi₆ ní.te.na x [...] nu.ku.ku nu.šed7.dè: ina šuut-ti u pi-r[it-ti(?) . . .] la șalāla la pa[šāḥa] OECT 6 pl. 17 K.5267:7ff.

ù ma.mú.da.ta bu.bu.luḥ.e in.na.mar : u ina šu-ut-ti gitallutu šakinšu he is constantly restless even in his dreams 4R 22 No. 2:6f., cf. ma.mú.gin, (GIM) za.ra nu.mu.[...]: kīma šuut-ti ina șerri [. . .] (see șerru A) 4R 24 No. 1:48f.; é ma.mú.gin, ba.dù.a.mu : bītu ša kīma šu-uttim innepšam / bītu ša tēdišti the temple which was built according to a dream, var.: the renovated temple SBH 60 No. 31:21f.

pirittu = šu-ut-tum Malku VI 207.

a) sent by gods, as a means of communicating with mortals: Atra-hasīs šu-nata ušabrīšumma pirišti ilāni išme I (Ea) revealed dreams to Atrahasīs, and thereby he learned the gods' plans Gilg. XI 187; the great gods ušabru'inni šu-ut-ti revealed a dream to me VAB 4 218 i 17 (Nbn.); Ištar . . . ina šāt mūši ana ummā: nātija māš.gi6 ušabrīma Ištar revealed a dream to my troops in the middle of the night Streck Asb. 48 v 98, cf. ibid. 102; nibīt šumija ina máš.gi6 ušabrīšuma Aššur Aššur revealed my name to him (Gyges) in a dream ibid. 20 ii 97; ina MAŠ.GI6 ina šāt mūši ana epēš Eulmaš tušabrānni šu-ut-ti she (Ištar) revealed a dream to me (expressing her wish) in a dream in the middle of the night for the construction of the temple Eulmaš CT 34 35 iii 36f. (Nbn.); Aššur . . . ina MÁŠ.GI₆ u[šabrīšu umma] AAA 20 84 (pl. 93): 84 (Asb.); Sin...ina šāt mūši máš.GI6 ušabrānni umma AnSt 8 56 i 11 (Nbn.); Ištar . . . ina máš.GI₆ šipir mahhê istanappara kajāna Istar kept

šuttu A

sending me messages by means of dreams and ecstatics Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 ii 16 Aššur ina máš.gi₆ . . . apkalla iqtib[âššu] Aššur, in a dream, called him (Sennacherib) a sage ABL 923:7, see Parpola LAS No. 117; ina matemini MAŠ.GI6 ša tēmija annî la āmur. . . Bēl ina máš. Gi6-ia iqtibija never have I had a dream such as I am now reporting: Bēl spoke to me in my dream ABL 1021:14ff., see Parpola LAS No. 294; GÍR hišihti Sin . . . ša ina máš.gi₆ Nabû-nā'id ... *īrišu* (bead from) a dagger, requested by Sin from Nabonidus in a dream (inscribed on a bead) Dream-book 192 (translit. only); ina Máš.GI6-ia kî iššaknu Sin šar ilī igabbā umma AnSt 8 48 ii 5 (Nbn.); DN... ana Lú. Sanga-šú ina šu-ut-ti-šu iqta[bi ...] KUB 3 87:12 (lit.); DN i-na  $\delta u$ -ut-tiawata iqabbi (for context see mušēkilu) MDP 18 251:3, also i - ut - ti ibid. 252:5 (OB lit.): AN.ZA.GÀR DINGIR(var. adds .MEŠ) Š $\acute{a}$  MÁŠ.GI₆.MEŠ BMS 1:25, see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 494; dMA.MÚ DINGIR šá MÁŠ.GI6.MEŠ 4R 59 No. 2 r. 24 and dupl. LKA 29k r. 22; AN.ZAG.GAR.RA: dEn-lil šá MÁŠ.GI₆.[MEŠ] BA 5 655 No. 17:7; see also Erimhuš, Izi, An = Anum, in lex. section, and see Oppenheim, Dream-book 232 f.

b) referring to recounting and interpreting a dream: šu-ut-ta izzakar ana En= kidu ib[rišu] he related the dream to his friend Enkidu KUB 4 12 obv.(!) 8 (Gilg.); Gilgāmeš arose and šu-na-tam ipaššar recounted the dream (to his mother) Gilg. P. i 1, ii 2, Gilg. I v 25, and passim; šumma MÁŠ. GI6.MEŠ-šú ana pī tuppi upaššir if he interprets his dream according to the tablet JCS 29 66:6 (SB omens); note wr. MA.MÚ: MA.MÚ šuāti 3-šú ana libbi mê tapaššar Dream-book 342 79-7-8,77:28, cf. [INIM.INI]M.MA MA.MÚ HUL BÚR.RU.D[A. KÁM] ibid. 26; šā'ili pāširu MÁŠ.GI₆.MEŠ (see  $\delta \bar{a}$ ) ilu mng. 1b) Lambert BWL 128:54 (hymn to Šamaš), cf. (Anu) pāšir MÁŠ.GI₆. MEŠ lemnēti BMS 6:7 and dupl. LKA 50:5, cf. CT 51 211:10, see Ebeling Handerhebung 34:5; šu-ut-ta-šú ušamhirma (see mahāru mng. 10e) Gilg. V iv 22.

c) referring to experiencing, having a dream: matima šu-\ulletut\rangle-tam annītam ul  $ar{a}mur\dots ina\ ar{s}u$ -ut-ti-ia ana  $bar{\imath}t\ Bar{e}l$ et-ekal= lim īrubma never before have I experienced such a dream, in my dream I(?) entered the temple of DN ARM 10 50:4 and 8, cf. šu-ut-ti annītum ša barārtim this dream of mine (occurred) in the first watch of the night ibid. 13; [šu-ut-t]a-am āmurakki ARM 10 117:9, cf. ibid. 10, funerary offering for the kings inūma PN šu-ta-am īmuru WO 17 14:6: aššum kīam šu-ut-ta-a-am tāmur it is because of this that you had a dream Walters Water for Larsa No. 69:9, see Stol, AbB 9 263; *šu-na-ti ītanamma*[ru] JCS 6 144 r. 3 (MB let.). cf. ina šu-ut-ti ša āmuru u nišē ītam: marūni CT 34 28 i 67 (Nbn.); [āt] amar šanīta *šu-ut-ta* Gilg. I vi 8, also Gilg. P. i 25, for other refs. see amāru A mng. 1a-6'; ūm máš. GI₆ ittulu when he had the dream Gilg. IV vi 6; šu-ut-tu anat[tal] ina máš.gi, attulu mušīt[ija] I had a dream, in the dream I had at night Lambert BWL 48:29 f. (Ludlul III), and passim in Ludlul; ina  $\bar{u}mim \, \check{s}a \, \check{s}[u-u]t-ta$ am šâti ittulu ARMT 13 112 r. 5; for other refs. see națālu mng. 2g; ina KA MÁŠ.GI₆. MEŠ ša ītanammaru JCS 37 151 No. 19 r. 7 (MB ext. report); ina &u-ut-ti-ia RA 42 128 ff.: 9 and 43 (Mari let.); ina šāt mūši ina MÁŠ.GI6 ZA 43 15:35 (SB lit.), cf. ibid. 16:41;  $[ina m\bar{u} \dot{s} i i] ttil$ iggeltūma šu-ut-tum he lay down during the night and awoke from a dream Gilg. IX i 13, cf. Streck Asb. 116 v 51;  $ina MN \dots ina \delta u$ ut-ti-ia 1 LÚ idabbub PBS 1/2 60:8 (MB let.), cf. (in broken context) Speleers Recueil 260:5, see Kraus, AbB 10 158; note with reference to celestial phenomena seen in a dream: MUL.GAL ^dDIL.BAT MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ ^dSin u dutu ina šu-ut-ti-ia ātamar in my dream I saw the Great Star, Venus, Sirius, the moon, and the sun YOS I 39:5 (Nbn.), cf. RT 19 101 f.: 5 and 17 (Sel.), and VAB 4 278 vi 12 and 31 (Nbn.); in šu-un-ti-šu GìR.NITÁ a-mur RA 35 48 No. 26:1 (OB Mari liver model); šumma amēlu ina máš.g16-šú iglutma if a man has an emission in his dream CT 39 45:26 (SB Alu), cf. ibid. 44:9, and passim in omens, see Dream-book 308ff. Tablet III 1 and

šuttu A šuttuqu

passim; šumma amēlu šu-ut-tam ša immaru la ukâl if a man does not remember the dream he had AfO 18 64 i 31 (OB), cf. šum: ma amēlu MAŠ.GI6 iṭṭul la ukâl lu MAŠ.GI6 la B[ŪR] Dream-book 340 K.3333:x+4 and parallel KAR 252 iii 18, [MA]Š.GI6.MEŠ-šú ma'da MAŠ.G[I6].MEŠ IGI la ukâl (if) he has many dreams (but) is unable to remember the dreams he has Köcher BAM 231 i 10; [qū]lu u kūru ibanni šu-ut-ta (see kūru A usage b) Lambert BWL 108:19, cf. ibid. 20, see Lambert, JSS 24 273; for šuttu beside munattu see munattu.

d) as (propitious or evil) portent: la: massu mušallimu ina šu-ut-ti ana šarri a healing protective spirit will [bless?] the king in (his) dream Labat Suse 4 r. 37; ina MAS.GI6 u bīri ittanaš: kanamma...palhāku (see bīru A usage b) BMS 4:38, also BMS 7:19, cf. ina bīri u šuut-ti ittanaškanamma palhākuma STT 59 r. 12; bārûtu ippušu šu-na-a-ti ītanam: maruthey perform divinations and repeatedly have dreams AfO 105:9 (early NB let.);  $\delta u$ -na-a-ti[m] u egirrê  $\delta a$   $\bar{a}$ muru uešmû ašpurši I wrote to her the dreams and oracular utterances which I saw and heard Greengus Ishchali 23:13 (OB let.), for other refs. see egirrû mngs. 2 and 3; damqat šu $na-a[t-ka \ldots \S u]-ut-tum \S \bar{u}gurat$  (see šūquru) Gilg. V ii 38 f., cf. šu-ut-tum aqrat JCS 8 89:21 (Gilg. VII); lidmiqa MAŠ.GI₆. MEŠ-ú-a MÁŠ.GI6 attula ana damiqti šukna may my dreams be favorable, make the dream(s) I experience favorable 6:115 f. and dupls.;  $\delta u - na - \langle at \rangle$   $am\bar{e}li \delta dtu$ damqa Labat Suse 8:33;  $\delta u$ -na- $\lceil t \rceil \hat{u}$ -ni ladamqa our dreams are not favorable BIN 6 179:18 (OA let.), see Hirsch Untersuchungen 14: mimma la tapallahi anāku šalmāku . . . u šu-na-tu-ú-a mādiš damga do not be concerned, I am well and my dreams are very favorable PBS 7 17:24 (OB let.); you make two figurines and write on them lumun [...] erba dumuq máš.gi6.meš depart, evil of [. . .], enter, good fortune of dreams AfO 18 111:23 (rit.), cf. şī lumun

MÁŠ.GI₆.ME[Š] ibid. 27; MÁŠ.GI₆.MEŠ ana dummuqi ArOr 17/1 190 No. 3:13, cf. Köcher BAM 446:5, for other refs. see damqu mng. 7, damāqu mngs. 1a and 2b; e-[em] *šu-ut-ti-ia kajāna parda* whatever dream I have is always terrifying Tn.-Epic "iv" 45 (coll. P. Machinist); MÁŠ.GI₆.MEŠ pardāti *ukallimanni* STT 214-217 v 40, ArOr 21 418 v 16 and dupls.; MÁŠ.GI6.MEŠ pardāti lu attul... lu ītammaruni AnBi 12 285:83 and 85, and passim; ina lumun máš.gi6.meš idātu u ittāti AnBi 12 284:56, cf. Or. NS 34 114 No. 4:6 (namburbi), Á.MEŠ GISKIM.MEŠ HUL.MEŠ MÁŠ.GI₆.MEŠ *pardāti* NU DÙG.GA.MEŠ 4R 17 r. 16, for other refs. see pardu, see also ittu A mng. 2c; ana ramanika la teggu šu $na-tu-ia \ da-an-na(-)[(x)] \ VAS 22 85:28 (OB)$ let.); ina lumun máš.gi6.meš aháti im 67692:265 (tamitu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); MÁŠ.GI6 šî ana damiqtî JCS 37 134 No. 4:16 (MB ext. report), cf. ibid. 1, also ibid. 132f. No. 3:18, MAS.GI₆-šu lidammiq ibid. 9; MÁŠ.GI₆ šîma qāt ili u ištari JAOS 38 83:32 (MB ext. report), cf.  $\delta[a(?)]$  MÁŠ.GI₆  $\delta a \delta i$ ina KA LUGAL išallim ibid. 18, cf. also ibid. 1, see Kraus, JCS 37 147 No. 18; note referring to the reliability(?) of dreams: *šu-na-at šarri* kīna the king's dreams will be true YOS 10 51 iv 20 (OB), cf. šu-na-tu-šu sarra ibid. 21.

e) other occ.: ša tetteneppuši šu-natu-ia ittanabbalanim my dreams keep me informed of (lit.: constantly bring me) what you do TCL 153:28 (OB let.).

Oppenheim, Dream-book passim.

## šuttu B s.; pit; lex.*

bu-ru  $U=\delta u-ut-tu$  A II/4:117;  $ha-a\delta-tu=\delta u-ut-tum$  Malku VI 206.

Variant of *šuttatu*, q.v.

šuttun see šû adj.

šuttuqu adj.; deeply or multiply cut; OB*; cf. šatāqu.

šumma awīlum [um] ṣātim šu-ut-tu-qátim mali if a man is covered with furšuttûtu šūtu

rowed warts AfO 18 66 iii 12, wr. šu-tuqá-tim YOS 10 55:3 (both OB physiogn.).

**šuttûtu** s.; (a textile); early OB Mari; pl. *šuttuwātum*; cf. *šatû* B v.

túg ti. GAB. GAB = šu-ut-tu-[tum] Hh. XIX 219.

X SÍG  $s\acute{a}$   $\acute{s}u$ -tu-wa- $tim_x$ (DIN)  $s\acute{a}$  TÚG GÌR. NITÁ  $10\frac{2}{3}$  minas of wool for  $\acute{s}$ .-s for the garment(s) of the governor ARM 19 314:2.

Collation of MSL 7 132 (= Hh. XI) 203 f. shows  $\S{u}$ -g[u-...], var.  $\S{a}$ -gu-ur von Weiher Uruk 52 v 26 f.

šutû A (sutû) s.; warp; OA, OB, Mari, MB, NB; fem. TCL 19 17:14; wr. syll. and (síg.) šid.ma; ef. šatû B v.

síg. Šid. ma =  $\delta i$ -pat su-ti-i Hh. XIX 17, cf. [síg...] =  $\delta u$ -tu-u ibid. 46;  $\delta u$ -dum  $\delta i$  i i Proto-Izi I 250.

- a) warp: ša subātim panam ištēnama limšudu la iqattupušu šu-tù-šu lu mādat (see qatāpu mng. 1d) TCL 19 17:14, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 104; 30 MA.NA libbam 10 MA.NA šu-ta-am 40 MA.NA šu-gur-rum (see kāmidu usage b) A 3529:24 (OB let.); uncert.: [T]ÚG šû kīma TÚG tut=tubêm šu-ta-a-am u bi-it-tam damqiš lu nasiq u lu kaṣir that garment should be well knotted in warp(?) and . . . ., like a Tuttubian garment Iraq 39 150:39 (Mari let.).
- b) wool used for the warp: ištēn par= šīga ša šu-ti-i u kunukka ša ugnî ana kal= lat[ini] ušābilaš[šim] I have sent our sister-in-law one headdress of s. and a lapis lazuli seal CT 29 12:32 (OB let.); 12 MA.NA ŠID.MA *ša şuḥārātum ša* É UŠ.BAR itwia (see išparu in bīt išpari) 177:5, cf. ibid. 9, cf. also 10 MA.NA SÍG. SIG5 [X] 1 MA.NA SÍG. ŠID.MA ana TÚG DN Riftin 61:2, cf. ibid. 65:3 and 10; X MA.NA SÍG  $\delta u$ -tu-u JCS 26 66 No. 85:2; 4 TÚG.BAR.SI. ŠID.MA.HI.A SLB 1/1 2:16, also ibid. 32; 1 ŠŪŠi TÚG.BAR.SI ŠID.MA TCL 10 17:29 (all OB); 10 TÚG.BAR.SI šu-ti-im ARM 9 20:27, also ARM 18 63 r. 4', 4 BAR.SI šu-ti-i ARM 21 333:59, 365:19, also ARMT 22 323:2, 324 i 34,

326:7, ARMT 23 26:7, ARM 24 208:10, 14, 25, and 33, 296 r. 4; 1 GÍN [KÙ.BABBAR] šám 12 ma.na síg.šid.ma (replaced on tablet by sfg.igi.sag.ma, see pl. 98) YOS 12 23 case 2, cf. ibid. 7, cf. [sfgl.sid.fhi.A] ibid. 95:1; ša šu-ti-im ula ibaššia (see ša: TIM 2 130:22;  $\frac{1}{2}$  MA.NA SÍG  $r\bar{a}qu$  B) damqāt[im] idī šu-ti-im CT 52 96:9, cf. šuta-am . . . idnimma ibid. 11; 5 MA.NA šutu-um (in broken context) Kraus, AbB 5 123:6; šu-ta-am (in broken context) UET 6/2 414:20 (OB lit.), see Iraq 25 184; a našu-ti-im ša] PN ilqeam [n] di ah] im la tarašši ana šu-ti-im legêm illakunikki do not be negligent concerning the s. which fPN has received for me, they will come to you to get the §. Kraus AbB 1 31 r. 16ff.;  $\mathbf{x} \text{ silver } \delta a \delta u - ti - i \text{ BE } 6/2 \text{ 138: } 11 \text{ (all OB), cf. } \mathbf{x}$ silver *šu-tu-ú ša nipši* (see *nipšu* B) Peiser Urkunden 95:2 (MB); x sfg tabarru u sfg haşaşti 14 gín su-tu-u ina pan PN LÚ.UŠ. BAR birmu x red wool and green wool, x shekels of §., for PN, the birmu-weaver ZA 4 145 No. 18:3 (NB).

For Iraq 25 184:23 see *šūtu* mng. 2.

Waetzoldt Textilindustrie 121 ff.

šut $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$  **B** s.; (mng. uncert.); Nuzi; pl. šut $\bar{u}\bar{a}tu$ .

[tùn(?)].tùn.zabar =  $\delta u$ -tu- $\acute{u}$  Hh. XII S₁₂ 4', in MSL 9 205.

iltēnūtu magarrē ša šu-du-a-ti ša šēni a set of wheels with š.-s at the "shoes" JEN 212:19, cf. iltēnūt[u] mugirru ša šu-du-a-ti JEN 587:11, l GIŠ.GIGIR ša šu-du- $\dot{u}$  JEN 554:1; [x n]ensētu ša šu-ti-i HSS 14 520:9, cf. [x  $k\bar{a}$ ]sātu ša UD.KA.BAR ša šu-ti-i ibid. 10.

The entry  $sikk\bar{a}ti\ \check{s}u$ -ti-i Frankena, AbB 2 89:19 (= CT 4 12a, coll. C. B. F. Walker) probably belongs with  $s\bar{u}tu$  C.

For AASOR 16 8:36 see udû.

šutů see šitû A.

**šūtu**  $(s\bar{u}tu)$  s.; 1. south (as one of the four cardinal points), 2. south wind;

šūtu šūtu

from OB on; wr. syll. (su- $\acute{u}$ -tum Nbn. 48:2) and  $IM.U_x$ (GIŠGAL).LU ( $IM.U_x$  AnBi 12~283:40,  $U_x$ .LU CT 56 446:8), IM.1; cf.  $\check{su}tu$  in  $b\bar{t}t~\check{su}ti$ .

 $im.u_x(GISGAL).lu = \delta u - u - tu, im.si.s = il - ta - nu,$ im.kur.ra =  $\delta \dot{a}$ -du- $\dot{u}$ , im.mar.tu = a-mur-ru Igituh I 311 ff., also (in the same sequence) Igituh short version 99 ff., Erimhuš II 82 ff.; da.gal, ud. men.šu.du7, sug.hi.li.kalam.ma, pirig. bàn.da = šu-ú-tú (as first of the four cardinal points) Erimhuš II 66, 70, 74, 78, cf. [PIRIG^{pi-ri]-ig}.  $GAL = \delta u - \hat{u} - tum(var. -ti)$ Malku III 187; IM. «GÁ». ŠITA = šu-ú-tum Antagal III 155; IM.1 = šu-[ú]-[tú] Practical Vocabulary Assur 841; úlu UH+ME+U = me-he-e šu-ú-ti Ea V 116, cf. A V/2:155; ú-lu-maš im.gán.u $\mu$ +me+[u] = me- $\mu$ e-e  $IM.U_x.LU$  Diri IV 122; [IM.GÁN.UH+ME+U] = [me]hi šu-tim Proto-Diri 398, cf. [...] IM.GA.AN.Sì. IR = me-hu su-ti Diri RS Recension III 62, GAN  $^{\text{ú-lu-šin}}UH+ME+U = me-he-e \&u-\lceil ta \rceil$  LBAT 1577 i 8.

dutu.è.ta dutu.§ú.a.§è IM.u_x.lu im.mir.ra: ištu şīt šamši ana ereb šamši ana šu-ú-ti u iltānu from the east to the west, to the south and north SBH 83 No. 47:21f.; im.u_x.lu im.ri.a.bi lú. saḥar.raì.nigin.[e]: šu-u-tum ša ina zâqišu nišī e[per]a ikaššu the south wind which covers people with dust when it blows BIN 2 22:47f., see AAA 22 78; imin.bi.ta ušum(BÚR).àm im.u_x.lu šúr.ra.a na.nam: ina sibittišunu ištēn šu-u-tu (var. šu-ú-tum) ezzetumma CT 16 19:12f., restored and var. from UET 6 392:28.

1. south (as one of the four cardinal points) -a) in gen.: [šumma katarru ina BAR É.GAR, ina IM.Ux.LU ittabši if a fungus appears on the outside wall on the south Or. NS 40 143 r. 29 (namburbi), cf. šumma katarru ina É.GAR₈ IM.U_x.LU IGI CT 40 16:29 and 44, CT 38 27:3, KAR 376 r. 31, and passim in Alu: if the smoke ana IM.Ux. LU išpu drifts to the south CT 40 39:37; šumma bītu bābānišu ana im.ux.lu petû if the doors of a house open toward the south CT 38 12:60; šarru ... ana IM.1 uškên the king prostrates himself to the south CT 4 5:7, see KB 6/2 42;  $immat \ k\hat{\imath}$ ana šu-ú-tu . . . ana Bābili illaka when he goes south to Babylon BIN 151:9 (NB let.); if a crow caws at a man eleven times and IM.Ux.LU IM.KUR.RA irdi pursues (him?) to(?) the south (and) east Sumer 34 Arabic Section 62:43 (SB Alu); šumma bibbu ina IM.U.LU izziz if a planet stands in the

south ZA 52 250:90a; DIŠ MUL. ÙZ MUL. GÁN.ÙR Á IM.1 KUR-ud if the Goat star reaches the Harrow in the south BPO 2 Text II 12 f; šumma...manzāt ultu IM.U_x.LU ana IM.SI.SA iprik if a rainbow arches from south to north PBS 2/2 123:5 (MB); [... TA IM.1] and IM.2 NIM lu TA IM.2 and IM.1 Neugebauer ACT 200 ii 9; minītu AN.MI-šú ana UGU IM.Ux.LU u IM.MAR.TU iltahat (see minītu mng. 1e) ABL 1006:8 (NB), see Parpola LAS 2 406, cf. antalû ina šu-ú-tim ušarrīma RA 50 20 iv 3 (from Bogh.); ina IM.Ux. LU issakan ina IM.Ux.LU uzzakki (the lunar eclipse) began in the south and cleared up in the south (quadrant of the moon) ABL 1444:6f., see Parpola LAS No. 105; if the moon is surrounded by two halos and  $b\bar{a}b\check{s}unu$  and IM.1 peti CT 51 143 r. 9 (astrol.); MUL dIM.Ux dIM.SI.SÁ dIM.KUR dIM.MAR AnBi 12 283:40 (prayer to the gods of the night); note IM.Ux.LU (referring to the southern star in the constellation Square of Pegasus) BPO 2 Text XII 1.

b) locating architectural features:  $b\bar{a}bu$ ša im.u_x.lu bāb kamsu Igigi the gate at the south (of Assur) is (named) The-Gate-Where-the-Igigi-Squat KAV 42 r. 25, see Frankena Tākultu 126:181, cf. bābu ša ana IM. Ux.LU bāb kamsu Igigi šumšu ambi OIP 2 146:25 (Senn.);  $b\bar{a}b \ s\bar{i}t \ \delta am\delta i \ b\bar{a}b \ IM.U_{x}$ . LU bāb ereb šamši bāb iltāni TCL 6 32:35 (Esagila Tablet), cf. bītu ša IM.Ux.LU bīt Anim u Enlil ibid. 29, see WVDOG 59 54; when the temple had fallen into ruins and  $b\bar{a}b\bar{s}u$ petû ana im.u.lu ... ana napāh Šamši mihrit im.kur.ra Šamaš u Adad iqbû pe= tâšu its door opened to the south, Šamaš and Adad commanded that it open to the sunrise, facing east OIP 2 144:10 (Senn.); seven gates mihrit im šu-ú-ti u im šadî facing south and east ibid. 112 vii 85, cf. (the gates of the temple) ša mihrit IM. Ux.LU which face south Lyon Sar. 11:70, ef. ibid. 18:90: šá-a-ri ša ana libbi IM.Ux. LU ša ana libbi šadî uptaţţir artişibi (see  $\delta \bar{a} r u B$ ) CT 53 89:26 (NA, = ABL 799);  $b \bar{i} t u$ ... 2 nērebī ša su-ú-tum ... bītu pani ša šūtu šūtu

 $b\bar{i}t$  IM.U_x.LU a house, with two entrances in the south, the front building of the  $b\bar{i}t$   $\&\bar{u}ti$  (rented) Nbn. 48:2 and 5; 2 KÅ.ME &a U_x.LU CT 56 446:8 (NB), ina  $b\bar{a}b$  IM. U_x.LU CT 45:32 (rit.), see KB 6/2 44.

c) in real estate descriptions -1' in kudurrus: UŠ KI.TA IM.U_v.LU ÚS.SA.DU Bīt-PN BBSt. No. 7 i 4, also No. 8 i 16, BE 1/2 149 i 8, MDP 2 pl. 21 i 46, MDP 6 pl. 9 i 15 and 29, VAS 1 35:17, 58 i 5, 70 iii 19, and passim; SAG KI.TA IM.Ux.LU ÚS.SA.DU ÍD Puratti BBSt. No. 10 r. 28, cf. Hinke Kudurru iii 6 and p. 142 map; SAG.KI AN.TA IM.U_x.LU GÚ ÍD Puratti BBSt. No. 28 r. 12, Wr. IM. I VAS 1 37 iii 44, iv 15, 23, 35; note the sequence: SAG. KI KI.TA ID Da-ba-an IM.U_x.[LU] BBSt. No. 2 i 8, note uš ki.ta pa-an im.ux.lu BBSt. No. 3 iii 49, UŠ KI.TA IGI IM.Ux.LU No. 4 i 5, ef. No. 14:8, MDP 2 p. 112:2, MDP 6 pl. 11 i 7, note ÚS.SA.DU IM.Ux.LU DA PN VAS 1 35 r. 41.

2' in NB leg. and econ.: SAG KI.TA IM.  $U_x$ .LU DA  $s\bar{u}qu$  rapšu the lower side to the south, adjoining the wide street VAS 5 96:8, Bagh. Mitt. 5 198 No. 1:3, Dar. 100:5, and passim, Wr. IM.1 VAS 56:6, BRM 243:4, and passim; X ammatu UŠ KI.TA IM.Ux.LU DA PN Nbn. 178:6, cf. x ammatu uš.meš im. SI.SÁ . . . IM.U_x.LU ibid. 14; x cubits UŠ IM.1 DA PN AnOr 9 19:16 and passim in this text. UŠ KI- $\acute{u}$  IM. 1 DA É PN ibid. 15:5: note without specifying sag or uš: IM.Ux. LU ÚS.SA.DU ŠE.NUMUN Ša PN BE 9 48:5 (= TuM 2-3 144), Nbn. 116:18, BE 10 33:10, PBS 2/1 31:10, note IM.SI.SÁ u IM.U_x.LU ÚS. SA.DU ŠE.NUMUN Ša PN BE 10 34:9 (= PBS 2/1 41:8), Wr. IM.1 DA  $s\bar{u}qi$  qatnu VAS 15 50:13, and passim in this text; IM.1 DA  $b\bar{\imath}t$ kuşşi VAS 15 24:10, cf. ibid. 6.

3' other occs.: (a field) ina lēt dimti ... ina šu-ú-tum JEN 49:7, cf. A.ŠA miṣir šu-ú-tum JEN 599:5; 386 ina SUK.LUM rabīti pūtu šaplītu IM.U_x.LU ÚS.SA.DU ID Idiglat tamlā umallīma I completed a terrace (measuring) 386 large aslu-cubits on the lower south side adjacent to the Tigris OIP 2 102:79 (Senn.), also ibid. 100:51.

2. south wind: ina ša šīrāti ina nip:  $hi[\check{s}u]$  IM.U_x.LU ittalak umā IM.SI.SÁ [il]-[lak] in the morning, at sunrise, the south wind blew, now the north wind is blowing ABL 405 r. 21, see Parpola LAS No. 64, cf. [šum= ma] IM.Ux.LU illik Labat Calendrier 232 r. 19; if when Venus approaches Virgo IM.Ux. ACh Ištar 2:65 and parallels, cf. K.11066:5, also Sumer 34 Arabic Section 62:53, šumma . . . IM.1 itbīma illak CT 39 38 r. 4. and passim with alāku in omens, see alāku mng. 3i;  $Adad\ ina\ š\bar{a}r\ erbetti\ irtakab\ \dots\ šu-\acute{u}$ -tu iltānu šadû amur[ru] (see šadû B mng. 2) Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 122 U r. 6, cf. erbetti  $\delta \bar{a}r\bar{i} \dots \text{IM.U}_{x}.\text{LU} \text{ (var. } \delta u - \lceil \hat{u} \rceil - \lceil \hat{x} \rceil \text{) } ilt\bar{a}nu$ šadû amurru En. el. IV 43; MUL.MEŠ IM. U_x.LU IM.SI.SÁ IM.KUR.RA IM.MAR.TU IM. меў erbetti lizīqunimma lipaţţiru māmīssu may the stars of the four directions, the south, the north, the east, and the west, the four winds blow upon him and release his oath Surpu II 165; šu-ú-tu izīqamma the south wind blew EA 356:52 (Adapa), cf. šu*ú-tum* [. . .] von Soden, Kramer AV 430:5, 8, 13 (Adapa), for other refs. see zaqu usage a: Adapa *ša šu-ú-ti kappaša ištebir* broke the wing of the South Wind EA 356:11, and passim in this text; muhri IM.Ux.LU narāmti Ea (see narāmtu usage e) AfO 12 143:24 (SB rit.), cf. [I]M.Ux.LU šāri ša ina mahar dEa izzi[zu] RA 60 73:3, cf. also IM.U_x.LU ^d $\cancel{E}$ -a  $abi\ ilar\iota$  STT 400: 37, also TIM 9 60 iii 2;  $itb\hat\alpha$  A - $\check s\check\iota$ *šu-tu* the south wind rose at his side Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 124 Ur. 9; if the star ana  $t\bar{t}b$  IM.U_x.LU [ $i\bar{s}rur$ ] Thompson Rep. cf. [...] ana zi im.1 / im.2200:10. K.12704:5; lām itbâkkināši im.1 im.2 im.3 IM.4 before the south, north, east, and west winds rise up against you (sick eyes) AMT 10,1 iii 13 (= Köcher BAM 514 iii 18), see Landsberger, JNES 17 57; note IM.UL IM.BÚR IM.kur.ra IM.mar.tu MDP 18 254 r. ii 13 (Sum. lit.); difficult: attimannu kaššāptu ša kīma IM.Ux.LU ikkimu ūmī 15.KAM Maqlu V 82; kīma šu-tu-um la uštakkasu (see

šūtu šutukku

 $\S{ak\bar{a}su}$  mng. 2) UET 6/2 414:23 (OB lit.), see Iraq 25 184.

**sūtu** in **bīt šūti** s.; south wing (of a building); SB, NB; wr. syll. and £ IM.  $U_x(GI\S GAL).LU$  (£  $U_x.LU$  CT 56 446), £ IM.1; cf.  $\S \overline{u}tu$ .

a) in gen.: bīt iltāni É IM.Ux.LU tar: başu u 2 asuppu (see ištānu in bīt ištā: ni) VAS 1 70 ii 29 (kudurru), and passim; É IM. 1 u  $b\bar{\imath}t$   $dulb\bar{a}n\bar{e}\check{s}u$  the south wing and its alley BRM 2 41:8, also ibid. 6, Wr. É IM. Ux.LU ibid. 18; É IM.Ux.LU ina pan PN the south wing is at the disposal of PN Dar. 280:18; bītu epšu É IM.Ux.LU VAS 5 103:6, cf. VAS 15 17:2, TuM 2-3 110:8, Wr. É IM.1 (beside bit kutalli) VAS 15 47:2, and passim in this text, cf. VAS 5 50:8 and 23, Wr. É Ux.LU CT 56 446:4 (all NB); (inscriptions) ša ina ugu igārāti ša bīt ridûti [...] É IM šu-u-ti that are on the walls of (Assurbanipal's) bīt ridûti of the south wing AfO 8 200 subscript α 2.

b) as a storage facility: 13 haṣabattu ina £ IM.U_x.LU ša £ PN elat 4-ta huppētu ša ina tarbaṣu thirteen jars in the south wing of PN's house, in addition to four broken ones in the courtyard VAS 6 209:2; x MA.NA AN.BAR hušê ultu £ IM.U_x.LU 25 minas of iron scraps from the south wing CT 55 205:2; ZÚ.LUM.MA . . . ina £ šu-tu ina £ rugub idi [u] kunuk deposit and seal the dates in the loft of the south wing UET 4 175 r. 11 (let.); dates ana kalakku ša muḥḥi nāri ša £ IM.U_x.LU nadû deposited in the storehouse by the river of the south wing complex CT 56 245:6 (all NB).

šūtu see  $s\bar{u}tu$  A and  $\check{s}\bar{u}t$  B.

*šutuḥḥu s.; (mng. unkn.); OAkk.*; only pl. šutuḥḥātum attested.

su-tu-uh-ha-tim ulu ki-sa-ma-ri terriš (why do you withhold bread for(?) the troops) you request š. or ...-s Gelb OAIC 52:6 (let.).

šutukku s.; 1. (a reed hut used in rituals), 2. reed bundle; SB; Sum. lw.; wr. syll. (also with det. £) and (£.)GI.PAD, GI.PAD.UD.

gi.níg.si.ga, gi. $^{\$u\text{-tuk}}$ PAD =  $^{\$u\text{-}tuk\text{-}ku}$ , gi.PAD.  $^{\$u}$ b.ba = MIN  $na\text{-}du\text{-}\hat{u}$  Hh. IX 367-69, restored from von Weiher Uruk 51 iv 19 ff.; gi.PAD =  $^{\$u}$ U (=  $^{\$u\text{-}tuk\text{-}ku}$ ) =  $^{\$u\text{-}tu\text{-}ku}$ , gi. $^{\$u}$ ú.a =  $^{\$u\text{-}tuk\text{-}ku}$  = GI  $^{uri\text{-}gal\text{-}lum}$  Hg. A II 52b-c, in MSL 7 70; GI. PAD =  $^{\$u\text{-}t[uk\text{-}ku]}$  Practical Vocabulary Assur 733;  $^{\$u\text{-}tuk}$  [GI.PA]D, [G]I.U[ $^{\underline{u}}$ .ME] =  $^{\$u\text{-}tuk\text{-}ku}$  Diri IV 232 f.; [ $^{\$u\text{-}tuk}$ ] PAD =  $^{\$u\text{-}tuk\text{-}ku}$  Ea III 225, cf.  $^{\$u\text{-}ku}$  PAD =  $^{\$u\text{-}tuk\text{-}kum}$  MSL 14 97:211:3 (Proto-Aa);  $^{\$u\text{-}tuk\text{-}ku}$  U $^{\underline{u}\text{-}l}$ Ea V 115.

[lú.ux(GIŠGAL)].lu dumu dingir.ra.na GI. PAD udug dingir.re.e.ne.kex(KID) mu.na.an. šub.ba; ana lú dumu dingir-šu šu-tuk-ki ana šēdi (var. ša rābiş ilī) idīšumma erect a reed hut for the šēdu-spirit (var. of the rābişu of the gods) for the man, son of his (personal) god Iraq 42 31:191f., for var. see ibid. p. 34 and AfO 16 303 r. ii 11f.; GI.P[AD].GA ki.sikil.la.ta a.ra.an. šub: šu-[tuk-ku ina] ašri elli addīka (var. a.kù. ga ... a.ra.an.šub: A.MEŠ KÙ.M[EŠ ...]) I have erected for you a reed hut in a pure place ZA 62 71:10; [zi].sur.ra dEn.ki.ke, [GI].PAD šub ba dAsal lú hi dumu Eridu ga ke, na. an (text: an.na) .ta.bal.e : zisurrâ ša Ea šu-tukku [na-du-u] ša dMarduk [mār Eridu] la ta-[ba-lakkat do not cross the magic circle of Ea, the reed hut set up by Marduk, the son of Eridu RA 65 127:21 ff.; GI.PAD.mah mu.un.šub: [š] u-tuk-ki sīrūti idīšu Lugale III 36 (= 126); (pure reeds) [GI].PAD šub.ba <:> a-<na> šu-[tuk]-ki addi STT 198:19 (mīs pî), cf. im GI.PAD šub.ba: tīda ana [šu-tuk] addi ibid. 5f.; dingir é.a nin.é.a  $^{ ext{d}}$ l[ama].é.a.ke $_{ ext{x}}$  GI.[PAD...]:...ana il bīti ištar  $b\bar{\imath}ti\ lamassi\ b\bar{\imath}ti\ \check{\imath}u$ -tuk- $k[i\ldots]$  STT 193(+)194:7 f.

1. (a reed hut used in rituals) — a) in the mouth-washing rit.: ina šēri ina libbi GI.PAD ana Ea Šamaš u Marduk 3 kussê tanaddi in the morning you set up three chairs in the reed hut for Ea, Šamaš, and Marduk BBR No. 31-37 ii 19, cf. JRAS 1925 45:37, cf. also [...] GI.PAD ana Ea Šamaš Marduk [...] PBS 1/2 106:8, see ArOr 17/1 178; GI.PAD.ME ana Ea Šamaš u Asalluhi tanaddi (for restoration and dupls. see sāru mng. 2) BBR No. 39:5 and dupls.; ina idi papāḥi GI.PAD tanaddi JRAS 1925 46:62, cf. ibid. 43:7, see Tul. p. 102 ff.; ina libbi GI.PAD.MEŠ urigallī unūt ili mala ibaššū ... tanaddīma BBR No. 31-37 ii 8,

šutukku šutummu

cf. ibid. 5, i 38; arki riksi GI.PAD tanaddi urigalla tuzaqqap KAR 90:18.

- b) in the bīt rimki rit.: dŠamaš ina šutuk-ki bīt ri[mki in] a panīka azzazzu Laesse Bit Rimki 37:3, cf. GI.PAD.UD é.a.tu₅. a.šè gub.ba.zu.dè: ina šu-tuk(var. adds-ka ina) bīt rimki ina uzuzzika 5R51 iii 69 f., see Borger, JCS 21 12:44+a, restorations and var. from von Weiher Uruk 66:52 f., cf. GI.PAD. UD.taè.da.zu.dè: ištu šu-tuk-ku ina aṣêka ibid. 81; 3 riksī... ina libbi GI.PAD tarakkas K.2132 r. 11', cited Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 174 n. 65, cf. 6 riksī... ina imitti GI.PAD.UD tarakkassu BBR No. 26 iv 21, also von Weiher Uruk 17 ii(!) 2.
- c) in other rits.: you make a funerary offering to the dead spirits of his family GI.PAD.UD.MEŠ tanaddi urigalla tazaggip ina x GI.PAD.UD TÚL teherri vou set up reed huts, erect an urigallu, (and) dig a pit at the side(?) of the reed hut KAR 91 r. 18 f., cf. Köcher BAM 150:5;  $7 \ \bar{u}m\bar{e}$ ina É GI.PAD.MEŠ tanaddi Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 62:94, cf. (in broken context) ibid. 97; [do not transgress?] šu-tuk-ku dannūtu ša  ${}^{
  m d}Nin$ -giš-zi-da gu.za.lá ki-tim dagaltim BM 35321:11' and dupl. K.10380:8' (inc.), cf. aššum šu-tuk-ku dannūtu ša dNin-gírzi-da // su-tuk-ku // sik- $\lceil kat \rceil$  BM 129092 r. 14 (LB comm. on Alu snake omens, all courtesy I. L. Finkel), and see RA 65, in lex. section; mê ellūti tanaddi GI.PAD tukân Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 510:6; ana libbi GI.PAD.UD  $tu[\S erreb]$  AMT 44,4:8, cf. ibid. 6; *šu-tuk-ka id-di* (in broken context) K.9530 i 12; KI dEN.KI.GA.KE, GI.PAD innandû at the place of (?) Ea where (?) the reed hut is erected von Weiher Uruk 16 i 9, and passim with nadû, see nadû mng. 2a-1'; [ana G]I. PAD DU-ma SUM.SAR ZÚ.L[UM.MA] išah: hat he goes into the reed hut and strips off the garlic (and) the dates (from the cluster) Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 513:13 and dupl. 4R 59 No. 1:25; (the medication) [ana] IGI dGula ana É šu-tùk-ki GAR-an [muš|īta tušbât KUB 37 43 r. iv 1; [ina

bal]ika Šamaš ul ūtaššaru šu-tuk-ki LKA 155:8 (hymn to Šamaš).

2. reed bundle: ina pī nāri lim-qut (or lim-ḥaṣ) šu-tuk-ki ina pī atappi liddû aš= šultu ina pī bitqa litbuku ṣa-bi-tum let them(?)... reed bundles at the mouth of the river, let them put aššultu-grass at the mouth of the canal, let them heap up ṣapītu-grass(?) at the mouth of the sluice (as sympathetic magic to stop diarrhea) BM 98584 + 98589 (= 1905-4-9,90 + 95) r. ii 19, in Bezold Cat. Supp. pl. 4 No. 500.

šutummu (šatummu) s.; 1. storehouse, 2. treasury; from OAkk. on; Sum. lw.; OA ša-du-um (uncert.) BIN 4 72:11; wr. syll. (often with det. É) and É.ŠU. TÙM(.MEŠ), É.GI.NA.AB.DU7.

[šu]-tu-um £.GI.NA.AB.DU $_7$  = &u-tu-um-mu Diri V 298; £.GI.NA.AB.DU $_7$  = &u-tum-mu Proto-Diri 364; £.GI.NA.AB.DU $_7$  = &u-t[u-um-mu-um] Proto-Kagal Bil. Section A 8; £.GI.NA.AB.DU $_7$  = &u-tùm-mu, £. MIN lugal = MIN &u-ri Igituh I 371 f.

[mu] š.dam.kur₄.ra [£].GI.NA.AB.DU₇ [a] n. na.dù: ana piṣalluri šu-tu-um-mu epussi the storehouse is built for the lizard Lambert BWL 236 ii 12 (proverb).

1. storehouse -a) of the palace or temple: 1 TÚG nasbatu u šipātu ultu £ KÙ.BABBAR ultu dug naşşartu ultu é šutu-um-mu ša  $PN_2 \dots atta$ ši (he said: in year 3 of Cyrus) I stole one nașbatu-garment and wool from the storehouse (guarded by) PN, (in year 4 of Cyrus) I stole three shekels of silver from the namsartu-jar from the storehouse (guarded by) PN2 YOS 742:3ff., cf. ibid. 10 and 16; É. ŠU.TÙM.MEŠ ša LÚ kinarti bu'u PN mukab: bû É.ŠU.TÙM.MEŠ uba'īma ištêt šupalītu ... ultu É.ŠU.TÙM ša PN, iššâmma (the šangû of Sippar and the temple personnel of the Samas temple ordered PN:) "Search the storerooms of the members of the kiništu-priesthood," PN the cloth mender searched the storerooms and confiscated one *šupalītu*-garment from the storeroom

šutummu šutummu

of PN, CT 2 2:7ff.; 1 GUN SfG.HI.A ultu é šu-tu-um lugal ana lubušta ša Samaš Nbn. 788:1. cf. (wool) ša ultu šu-tum-mu LUGAL ana lubuštu Nbn. 754:5, also síg. HI.A ultu šu-tu-um-mu LUGAL CT 55 756:2, wr. šu-tùm-mu LUGAL CT 56 250:3; mimma mala ina dullu sirāšūtu ša ina <E> DU6 u £ šu-tu-um ippuš ahāta šunu whatever they produce through the brewing activities in the workshop(?) and the storeroom belongs to them equally BRM 182:7, cf. 5 ERÍN.MEŠ ša našparti ina libbi É DU6 u É.ŠU.TÙM.MEŠ ša LÚ dajālu inamṣaru YOS 75:13; (silver) ana £ šu-tùm-mu ša Bābili VAS 6 311:5; 64 mašīļu ša sattuk ŠE.BAR ultu bīt makkūri 10 mašīhu ultu šu-tùm LUGAL Dar. 92:3, cf. Dar. 106:2, Nbn. 496:12; ŠE.BAR ša ina É šu-tum-mu LUGAL SUM. NA Dar. 285:1, cf. SE.BAR u ZÚ.LUM.MA ša ina É šu-tùm LUGAL SUM.NA Camb. 359:1: ŠE.BAR ina É šu-tu-um [LUGAL] Oberhuber Florenz 156:1, wr. ina šu-tùm Camb. 352:1, cf. Camb. 201:4ff., [LUGAL] 266:1, 324:1, Dar. 88:1, Wr. šu-tu-um-mu LUGAL Cyr. 21:1, and passim, Wr. É šu-tùm LUGAL CT 56 766:1, É šu-tùm-mu LUGAL CT 56 369:2; ŠE.BAR . . . u ZÚ.LUM.MA PAD.HI.A MN u MN $_2$  . . . ana ERÍN.MEŠ  $\bar{e}pi$ Š dullu ša LÚ qipi ina É šu-tùm LUGAL SUM-nu Nbn. 1010:5; (fodder) ina £ šutùm-mu LUGAL Nbn. 364:9; ZÚ.LUM.MA ša ultu šu-tùmum-mu lugal ana kurummati ... ana nišē bīti ša dullu x-[x-x]-ti ippuš nadnu CT 56 205:1. cf. ZÚ.LUM.MA ša ina É  $\delta u - t \hat{u} m$  LUGAL Cyr. 74:1, 274:1, Nbn. 647:2, and passim, Wr. ina É šu-tu-um LUGAL Nbn. 729:3, Speleers Recueil 290:2, ina šu-tu-mu LUGAL CT 56 194:10, Wr. šu-tùm-mu LUGAL Cyr. 78:1, Camb. 121:1, 385:2, and passim; ZÚ. LUM.MA ša TA šu-tum LUGAL CT 56 276:1, šu-tùm-mu LUGAL CT 56 229:3; dates delivered ana É šu-tum-mu LUGAL Nbn. 374:2. ZÚ.LUM.MA ša . . . ina £ šu-tum LUGAL maš-ših CT 56 221:4; ŠE.BAR ana kalakku . . . nadātu še.bar ina é šu-tùmmu lugal kūmu nadnat (see kalakku A mng. 2b-1') Nbn. 629:8, cf. (also beside ka: lakku) Nbn. 899:9;  $[ud\hat{e}]$   $b\tilde{i}ti$  ša TA É šutùm-mu ana £ ha-ru našû CT 57 67:1; udê ša ina £ šu-tùm-mu ša PN TCL 13 142:1 (all NB); note the OAkk. and Ur III refs.: flour for offerings £ SU.TUM.TA from the storehouse Jones-Snyder 189:4, cf. ibid. 191:3, YOS 4 263:6, Nikolski 269:3, BIN 5 152:3, and passim in Ur III, cf. £ SU.TUM NU.BANDA TCL 5 19 vi 30 (OAkk.), and see Sollberger, AfO 17 43 n. 174; note also (foodstuffs) SUKU £.GI.NA.AB.DU7 UET 5 504:30, cf. ibid. 25 (OB).

- used for detention: [ana] šu-tub) um-mi d[E]n-lîl dumu.meš šipri šunūti  $u[\check{ser}]ibuma...ub\bar{a}b \langle E \rangle napţarišu iktalû$ : žu they have put these messengers in the š. of Enlil and they have confined him (the Elamite delegate) to quarters ARM 272:33; qātāt PN ša . . . ina É šu-tum KÁ dMarduk (or: KÁ.DINGIR.RA(?)) kalû PN2 ŠU.BA.AN. TI PN2 assumed guarantee for PN who was detained in the s. of the Gate of Marduk (or: of Babylon) CT 48 101:4 (OB), cf. IGI PN₃ ša É šu-tum KÁ.DINGIR.RA ibid. 16; PN LÚ šāqû ša DN PN, ahāssu (NIN-su, or read DAM-su?) . . . PN3 LÚ kabšarru . . . naphar 3 . . . indi šu-tu-um-me LUGAL PN the cupbearer of the Lady-of-Babylon, fPN2 his sister (or: wife), PN3 the stone mason, total of three (deportees from Babylon) subject to work for (or in) the royal ADD 891 r. 4, cf. (four men) £ §utùm-mu VAS 6 322:6 (NB); one talent of iron ša kūm semerī AN.BAR ša LÚ.ERÍN. MEŠ ša ultu šu-tùm LUGAL ihliqu as replacement for the iron shackles of the workers who escaped from the royal s. Cyr. 276:3; PN LÚ atû ša É šu-tum-mu LUGAL . . . iqbû umma PN2 LÚ širku ša Bēlti ša Uruk ša ina £ šu-tum-mu lugal şabtu semerēšu parzilli iptatar iltasum PN the gatekeeper of the royal & (and other officials) spoke as follows: "PN2, the oblate of the Lady of Uruk who had been held in the royal s., opened his iron shackles and fled" YOS 788:10 and 16 (NB).
- c) in private contexts: 12 gi.meš é šu-tùm-ma bītu epšu sippu raksu bītu rug:

šutummu šūtuqu

gubu daltu u sikkūru kunnu ina £ šu-tùmma ud ša Ezida uš.an.ta im.si.sá da é  $\delta u - t u m - ma \delta a$  PN UŠ.KI.TA IM.U_x.LU DA É  $\delta u - t u m - ma \delta a PN_2$  (sold) BE 8 3:1 ff., and passim in this text, cf. šīm £ šu-tùm-mi-šú ibid. 20, cf. also £ šu-tùm-mu (in Uruk, sold) Bagh. Mitt. 5 198 No. 1:1, and passim in this text, šīm šu-tùm-mi-šú ibid. 19; ina £ šutùm-mu ša PN PN, ašib PN, will live in PN's §. VAS 6 182:17, cf. ibid. 20 and 22, also VAS 4 191:1; sale of bīt šadî ša ina šu-tu-um-mu ša Lú rē'ê ša Ezida bīt gāti ša PN the east wing which is in the storehouse of the shepherds of Ezida, the wing belonging to PN VAS 552:3, also, wr. É šu-tùm-mu BE 8 35:2; uncert.: 81 MA.NA URUDU ina šadu-um PN lappit BIN 4 72:11 (OA).

- d) personnel: Lú atû ša ká É šutûm LUGAL Camb. 96:26, also Camb. 202:8, and see atû A usage b-8'; 1 Ur-ba-nu-ú ša É šu-tùmum-mu ša LUGAL (five shekels for reeds and beams for) one.... (or: PN) of the royal storehouse (delete this ref. sub bānû B) VAS 6 315:13 (NB); É šu-tu-um-mu itti EN šu-tu-um-[mu] ša PN bīri (do whatever the šatammu orders you to do) you, together with the person responsible for PN's storehouse, prepare the storehouse TCL 9 89:34 (NB let.).
- 2. treasury: ušēpiš dūra ša Uruk supūri ša É.AN.NA guddušu šu-tùm-mu (var. šutum₄-mi) elli he built the wall of Uruk of the Sheepfold, the holy ajakku-structure, the pure treasury Gilg. I i 10, cf. STC 2 pl. 77:28, see JCS 21 260; É šu-tùm-me... ipuš (for Enlil) LIH 59:22 (Hammurapi, NB copy); šu-tùm-me ekurrišu limallâ bušê la nībi agartu (see ekurru usage a) Pinches Texts in Bab. Wedge-writing 16 No. 4 r. 13 (NB acrostic hymn to Babylon);  $Ekiur \dots \&u$ tùm-mu hīrti (may) Ekiur, the treasury of the spouse (Ninlil, the queen of the Ekiur) (release) Šurpu II 145; (the god) ina šu-tùm-mu ša kisal Antu uššab RAcc. 92 AO 6465 r. 11. cf. kīma Ištar ina parakkim waš: bat kīma Nanâ ina šu-tu-mi-im wašbat ZA 75 200:45 (OB lit.).

In YOS 2 81:11 read ina ki-[l]i-im, see Stol, AbB 9 81.

Joannès Textes économiques 306 ff.

**šūtuqtu** s.; (mng. uncert.);  $SB^*$ ; cf.  $et\bar{e}qu$  A.

ezib ša dibba UD-DU-ti amat šu-tuq-ti ina [...] overlook the fact that in [the request of the diviner] words of ..., words of š. [...] Knudtzon Gebete 52:5.

šūtuqu adj.; surpassing, outstanding; OB, SB; cf.  $et\bar{e}qu$  A.

ri-ib kal = \$u-tu-qu Ea IV 305, also A IV/4:300: diri = eli, \$u-tuq-qu Lanu B iii 10f.; é.tá = \$u-du-qu = Lú na-a\$-ru Studies Landsberger 39:3 (Silbenvokabular from RS); uncert.: lú.rib. ba = [\$u-tu-qum], wa-[at-ru- $\acute{u}$ ] OB Lu Fragm. II 2 f., in MSL 12 201.

(Ištar) ki.gin $_x$ (GIM) rib.ba za.e ši.in.g[a.me.en].na: ša kī[ma er] ṣeti šu-tu-qa-tum attima SBH 98 No. 53 r. 5 f., see Falkenstein, ZA 48 92, cf. (Nergal?) an.gin $_x$  ki.gin $_x$  // an.ki.gin $_x$  rib.ba.zu.dè: ana // ša kīma šamê u erşeti šu-tu-qáta 4R 30 No. 1:6 f., cf. ibid. 2 f.; (Ninurta) en mè.er rib.ba ba.ra.ab.ši.gin.né.en: bēli ana tāḥazi ša kīam šu-tu-q[a-...l]a t[allak(?)] Lugale III 45 (= 135); for other bil. refs. with rib, see usage b.

(Nanna) kalam.e zà.dib: ina māti šu-tu-uq AnBi 12 72:13; (Inanna) za.te.eb kur.kur. ra: šu-tu-qa-at im-ma-tim TIM 9 20:4 f.

- a) in attributive use: (Ninurta) ašarid šu-tu-qu naphar bēlī Or. NS 36 120:69 (SB hymn to Gula); (Aššur) kabtu šu-tu-qu illil ilī BA 5 652 No. 16:2 and 4; (Girra) šu-tu-uq Anunnaki LKA 139:42, wr. šu-tuq Anunnaki BA 5 670 No. 27:12; (Nabû) etellu šu-tu-qu LKA 42:5, see Ebeling Handerhebung 110; (Ištar) šu-tu-qá-at ilātim the most outstanding of the goddesses VAS 10 214 ii 4 (OB Agušaja), cf. ibid. vi 3, see Groneberg, RA 75 108 and 110, cf. (Ištar) inninat ilī šu-tu-qa-at bēlēti Perry Sin pl. 4:1; see also lex. section.
- b) in predicative use: elišu šu-tu-qa-ak kal nēmequ [...] I (Nabonidus) surpass him (Adapa), [I possess] all knowledge BHT pl. 9 v 13 (Nbn. Verse Account), see Kraus, RA 68 92f.; šarru ša epšētušu eli šarrāni

šūtuqūtu šūturu

 $abb\bar{\imath} \dot{s} u \dot{s} u - t u - q \dot{a} a n \bar{a} k u$  I am the king whose deeds surpass those of the kings his ancestors VAB 4 66 i 20 (Nabopolassar); šu-tu-qú narbûša her (Ištar's) greatness is all-surpassing VAS 10 214 vi 23 (OB Agušaja), see Groneberg, RA 75 111; Marduk...ša ina Igigi šurbāti amassu ina Anunnaki *šu-tu-qá-at bēlūssu* Marduk, whose word is supreme among the Igigi, whose lordship is surpassing among the Anunnaki VAB 4 216 ii 6 (Ner.); šà. AŠ. DU nam. kala. ga.a.ni rib.ba: gitmālu ša dannūssu šutu-qat (Nergal) noble one, whose strength is surpassing 4R 24 No. 1:48f., cf. (Marduk) kala.g[a ...] nam.en.bi sag.rib. bé :  $dann[\bar{u}ssu \dots]$  šu-tu-qat  $b\bar{e}l\bar{u}ssu$ CRRA 19 437:35.

For Sum. refs., see Sjöberg Mondgott 66, 83, 107.

šūtuqūtu s.; forwarding; NB*; cf. etēqu A.

PN... ša ana šu-tu-qu-ti ša unqāti u mār šipri ša šarri... paqdu PN who is charged with the responsibility for forwarding the sealed orders and the messengers of the king (has been derelict in his duties) (for context see etēqu A mng. 4a) ABL 238 r. 9.

šuturu s.; (a fine garment); syn. list*; Sum. lw.

šu-tu-ru = lamahuššú Malku VI 57, also An VII 180; šu-tu-rum = gadamāhu Malku VI 90, ef. šu-tu-u[r] = gada.mah-e An VII 182.

For šutur as a reading of TÚG.MAH see Diri V 139 ff., Hh. XIX 141 ff. cited gad=māḥu; see also TÚG^{šu-tur}MAH = tuzzu Erimhuš V 143, and see tunšu and tumaḥhu. See also šataru.

In BIN 6 186:7, 5 TÚG ma-ku-hu ù DU-DU-ru, it is uncertain whether DU-DU-ru designates a textile, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 169.

šūturu (fem. šūturtu) adj.; supreme, superb; OB, SB, NB; cf. atāru.

[S]I.A = wa-at-ru-um, šu-tu-ru-um Proto-Diri 1 f.; diri = at-ru, šu-t[u]-ru Izi M ii 13 f.

níg. zu diri.ga eme. ku(var. .gi) zu. zu. dè: iḥzu šu-tu-ru šumeru aḥāzu to acquire superior expertise in Sumerian JCS 24 126 f.: 14; (Girru) ḥé. du, diri.ga ki.ág [x] ab. zu: asmu šu-tu-ru narām [x] x ab. zu Labat Suse 2 i 7 f.

- a) in attributive use 1' referring to gods or divine attributes: Marduk bēlu kabtu šu-tu-ru BMS 12:21 and dupl. 4R 57:21, see von Soden, Iraq 31 85; Adad gešru šu-tu-ru bēl hegalli Layard 87:7, see WO 2 144 (Shalm. III), also KAH 2 90:2 (Tn. II), WO 8 38:4 (Asn.), and passim; Ištar gitmāltu šu-tu-ur-tu AKA 207 i 6 (Asn.); [...] a-la-ap qa-ni šu-tu-ru-ste] (in broken context) KAR 334 r. 7 (hymn of Asn. I).
- 2' referring to royal might: I made a statue of myself tanatti kiššūtija šu-tur-te u ilkakāt qurdija . . . ina libbi aštur and I inscribed upon it praise of my supreme might and my heroic deeds AKA 297 ii 6 (Asn.), for additional refs. see kiššūtu mng. 1a-1', but [. . .] x-šu-ti-ia šu-tu-ru-ti Scheil Tn. II 9, see Schramm, BiOr 27 148; aššu danāni šu-tu-ri ša Aššur Marduk išrukūnimma because of the superior might which Aššur (and) Marduk granted to me TCL 3 60 (Sar.), cf. ibid. 153; [. . . ṣ]īru kišitti qātēja šu-tur-tu iš-[. . .] (in broken context) Iraq 13 23:23 (Tigl. III).
- 3' other occs.: ekal bēlūtija šu-turta ina qerebšu arṣip I built my superb royal palace therein KAH 2 84:38 (Adn. II); rīmāni rīmāti šu-tu-ru-te... idūk he killed (number left blank) superb wild bulls and cows AKA 138 iv 4 (Tigl. I), cf. I killed 4 puḥāl rīmāni dannūte šu-tu-ru-te(var. -ti) AKA 85 vi 62 (Tigl. I); [...] šu-tu-ru-um ša erpētim (see erpetu usage a) ZA 43 310:21 (OB meteor. omen); unakkils šu šu-tu-ra(var. -ru) tāšu ellu (see nakālu mng. 3b) En. el. I 62.
- b) in predicative use:  $l\bar{e}^{2}\hat{u}$  igiga[llu] ilu & a & u-tu-[r]  $at b\bar{e}l\bar{u}s[su]$  (Nabû) the capable, the wise, the god whose lordship is superior BE 8 142:27, see Lambert, AfO 18

šu'u A

387;  $[\ldots \check{s}u-t]u-ru\;\check{s}u-mu-\check{s}\acute{a}$  (in broken context) Lambert, Kraus AV 198 III 51 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn);  $[a]-nu-na \ \delta u-tu-ra-at$  (in broken context) VAS 10 214 viii 11 (OB Agušaja), see Groneberg, RA 75 112; bēlu emūq Ani ša šu-tu-ru nibût Anšar (see nibûtu)En. el. VII 102; (Asarluhi) [... uzn]  $\bar{a}$   $pet\hat{u}$  $\check{s}u$ -tu-ru  $ha[s\bar{i}si...]$ Craig ABRT 1 59 K.8961:11 (= BA 5 360 No. 17), see Ebeling Handerhebung 96, cf.  $\delta u$ -tur (var.  $\delta u$ -tu-[ur])  $uzn\bar{a}$ itpēšu telē'û En. el. I 59; kussē mēsi . . . ša ihzīšu şa-ri-ri-um-ma šu-tu-ru nab-nit-[su] a throne of  $m\bar{e}su$ -wood whose inlay was şāriru-gold and whose appearance was superb JCS 19 122:23 (NB copy of an inser. of Simbar-Šipak); for other refs. see atāru lex. section and mng. 4a and b.

šu'u A s.; pulse, chick-pea(?); Nuzi, MA, SB, NA, NB; Hurr. pl. šu'ena; often wr. with det. šE.

- b) in lit.: Enbilulu  $n\bar{a}din \, \check{s}u$ -'-e(vars. -i, -a, -ú) mušabšû ašnan who provides  $\check{s}$ ., who makes grain grow En. el. VII 67, also cited STC 2 pl. 63 r. 15 (En. el. comm.); let the earth's womb rebel  $\check{s}ammu$  ja  $\bar{u}$ ; $\hat{a}$   $\check{s}u$ - $\acute{u}$  ja i-'-ru let no grass come forth, no  $\check{s}$ . shoot up Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 108 iv 49 (coll. from photo in Bezold Cat. 5 pl. 8), cf.  $\check{s}ammu$  ul  $\bar{u}$ ; $\hat{s}$   $\check{s}u$ - $\acute{u}$  ul i'ru ibid. 110 iv 59 and v 8 (SB).
- c) other occs.: 1 DUG kalli GIŠ.ŠE (abbr. for GIŠ.ŠE.DÙ.A = ziqpu) [ša sap:lišhi] . . . 1 DUG KI.MIN ša ŠE šu-'i one bowl of . . . . shoots, one bowl of š. shoots VAT 10550 ii 15 (MA schedule for divine meal, courtesy F. Köcher), also 3 kalli GIŠ. ŠE ša saplišhi 3 kalli GIŠ.ŠE ša ŠE šu-'i ibid. i 23, (in broken context) ibid. iv 21; X SÌLA šu-ú ibid. iii 23 and 29; 10 līm ziq:

 $p\bar{a}ni \, \delta a \, \delta E \, \delta u$ -'i  $\delta E.GIS.$ i.MES ten thousand containers of s. and flax shoots (for the royal banquet) Iraq 1443:117 (Asn.); 1 ziqpu še.giš.ì 3 sulukannu še šu-'i 3 sulukannu še.giš.ì one bowl of flax shoots, three jars(?) of \( \delta \). three jars(?) of linseed ADD 1013:19, cf. (in similar context, omitting SE) x sulukān šu-'i ADD 1010:13, cf. sulukanni še.giš.ì sulu= kanni šE šu-'i van Driel Cult of Aššur 100 x 20', and passim, see ibid. Table, also RA 69 182:16 and 30; 100 šE abšī galûte 100 šE šu-'i qalûte one hundred (homers?) of roasted abšu, one hundred of roasted š. Iraq 14 43:129 (Asn.); X ŠE ana PN X ŠE ana abšena u ana šu-e-na aš-ši x še ana gud x barley for PN, x barley for abšu and for š., ..., x barley for oxen HSS 13 382:10 (Nuzi, translit. only); 1 BÁN 4 SÌLA ŠE a[bše] 1 BÁN ŠE  $\delta u^{-i}$  Postgate Royal Grants No. 42-44:15, cf. ibid. No. 45:4', AfO 27 83 r. 3', cf. ibid. obv. 36 and r. 5; 1 BÁN ŠE šu-'i sad= rūti (honey, oil, and) one seah of ordinary (i.e. unprocessed) §. (received by the confectioner) Postgate Royal Grants No. 42-44:7, cf. ibid. 18 and 25, parallel ibid. No. 45:5'; grapes, bututtu-nuts and [5] sìla še šu-'i ha-še- $\acute{u}$ -te five silas of crushed(?)  $\emph{s}$ . (for the confectioner) Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists pl. 47:26; note given as a loan: two homers fifty silas of ŠE Šu-'i ADD 147:1, cf. PN  $b\bar{e}l$  $q\bar{a}t\bar{a}ti$  ša še šu-'i ibid. r. 3.

The identification of  $\delta u'u$  in Assyrian texts as chick-pea is based both on the plant lists and on its occurrences in context. The sheer quantity attested in ADD 147 (about five hundred liters) indicates that  $\delta u'u$  was a staple of the Assyrian diet. Neo-Assyrian šu'u and abšu correspond to Babylonian hallūru chick-pea and kakkû lentil (which are not attested in Assyrian). The Assyrian commodities, like the Babylonian ones, often occur together, in similar ratios (about 2:1), supporting the correspondences hallūru - $\delta u'u$  and  $kakk\hat{u} - ab\delta u$ . The plant remains from Nimrud (Helback apud Mallowan, Nimrud and Its Remains 2, p. 613ff.) indeed include

šu'u B šu'udu

lentil and chick-pea among the four species of common pulses. The other two — bitter vetch and grass pea — were limited to animal fodder in Assyria. In lit. texts \$u'u may designate vetches in general.

šu'u B (śû) s.; sheep; OB, SB; wr. syll. and UDU(.NITA); cf. šuātu.

 $\delta u$ -'- $\acute{u}$  = immeru (followed by  $\delta u$ ' $\bar{a}tu$ , q.v.) Malku V 32.

- a) in lit.: tākul Šamaš kubur šu-'-e-a erṣetu taštî dam aslija you, O Šamaš, have eaten the fattest of my sheep, O netherworld, you have drunk the blood of my lamb Bab. 12 pl. 3 r. 35 (SB Etana); nasšiākkunūšim ša-a-am māri šâti ellam (see šuātu s.) RA 38 87:2 (OB ext. prayer), and dupl. YOS 11 23, see Starr Diviner p. 30.
- b) in royal insers.: gumāhī bitrūti šu-'-e marūti...aqqi I sacrificed superb bulls and fattened sheep Winckler Sar. pl. 36:168, also Lie Sar. 386, p. 78:9; šu-'-e marūti aqqā maḥar[...] Streck Asb. 268 iii 23, cf. AAA 18 96 r. 13 (Senn.), Borger Esarh. 90 § 59:6, also šu-'-e ma-ru-ti...aqqi Sm. 1048:7 (courtesy W. G. Lambert), note gumāḥī rabūti UDU.NITĀ.MEŠ marūti...aqqi Winckler Sar. pl. 48:19, cf. [GUD.M]EŠ kabrūti UDU. MEŠ marūti...inaqqū TCL 3 341 (Sar.).

The refs. cited usage b and  $naq\hat{u}$  mng. 3b show that the logogram UDU(.NITÁ) in Sargonid royal inscriptions could be read either *immeru* or šu'u. Whether this option also applies to other periods and text genres (e.g., Craig ABRT 2 19:9) remains uncertain.

In ABL 727 r. 8 read kuš til-li(m) ta-lu-lu, see tullulu.

šu'u see šumu.

**šu'û** A ( $\check{s}uw\bar{a}$ 'u) s.; 1. master, lord, 2. (an appellative); OAkk., SB; cf.  $\check{s}u'\bar{e}tu$ .

&u-'-u = &ar-ru (among synonyms for &ar-u) LTBA 2 2:30.

- 1. master, lord (SB):  $l\vec{e}\cdot\hat{u}$  palk $\hat{u}$  šu-e (var. šu-'-[e]) tašīmti O wise one, of broad (understanding), master of knowledge Lambert BWL 86:254 (Theodicy); šu-'- $\hat{u}$  tam $\hat{u}$  lu- $\hat{u}$  [...] ibid. 80:188; KÁ.GAL šu-a-š $\hat{u}$  re-'- $\hat{i}$  (var. še-'-a-š $\hat{u}$  i-re-mu) the gate Its-Lord-Is-Shepherd (name of the Marduk Gate) Unger Babylon 234:3 (George Topography of Babylon V 51).
- 2. (an appellative, OAkk.): PN su-wa-um MAŠKIM.BI PBS 9 4 iv 4, cf. (same person as witness) su-á(text-DA)-um BIN 8 164:21, also (as recipient of land) su-wa-um ibid. 203:9, see Edzard, ZA 56 276.

šu'û B (šû) s.; (a disease); OB, SB.

sa.sar.sa = šaššatu, sa.sar = maškadu, sa. sar.sar = šu-'-u Erimhuš I 268 ff.

šu-u šumšu maškadu k[īn]ūssu... iṣbat ša eṭli šimmatu kalu pagrišu — š. is its name, maškadu its true name, paralysis has gripped the entire body of the man CT 23 11 iii 37, dupl. 4 r. 15, for parallels see kinūtu, also wr. šu-'-ú Köcher BAM 390:1 and 4, STT 136 iv 3 and 17, also cited STT 90:15, cf. ul maškadum šu-hu-ú-um [...] YOS 11 14 r. 1 (OB inc.); note beside maškadu: šašzšatu ṣīdānu maškadu šu-ú AN.TA.ŠUB.BA mārat Ani (associated with the constellations Taurus and Orion?) LBAT 1597:9.

šu'udu v.; to appeal, complain, to bring to someone's attention; MB, SB, NA, NB; III uš'id (uše'id) - uš'ad - šu'ud.

a) pret. uš'id: ultu PN imūtu PN2 eqla šuātu ina danāni īkimma PN3 mār PN šarra RN uš-id-ma after PN died, PN2 took that field by force, and PN3, the son of PN, appealed to king Melišipak BBSt. No. 3 iv 18, also ibid. i 17 and 44 (MB); PN RN . . . uš-id-ma eqla [šuā]tu utēršu PN complained to king Marduk-šāpik-zēri, and he (the king) restored that field to him BBSt. No. 12 ii 6; PN . . . RN uš-id-ma šarru massē išālma PN appealed to king Nebuchadnezzar, and the king questioned the experts BBSt.

šu'uru A šu'uru

No. 6 i 49, also No. 28:3, MDP 6 pl. 9 ii 21, UET 1 165 i 6 (all MB, early NB kudurrus); [...] tu-uš-i-da-an-ni umma ina lē'i lūmur you complained to me as follows: I want to see it in the records PBS 1/2 77:2 (MB let.).

b) pret. uše'id, uša'id: šarra bēlī kî  $\acute{u}$ - $\acute{s}e$ -e-i-du (parallel amdahharu line 22) dīna ul īpuš although I appealed to the king, my lord, he has not rendered justice CT 22 247:18 (MB let.), see AfO 19 152 f.; PN ša šarra  $\acute{u}$ -š $\acute{a}$ -'-id-du ABL 928:7; 2-š $\acute{u}$ 3-šú kî ú-še-'-i-du-uš ina qātēšunu ul īṭiršu although he appealed to him (the king of Elam) two or three times, he did not save him from their hands ABL 281 r. 26, cf. ibid. r. 21, see Stolper, ZA 68 262; ina muhhi misir ullû ša Gurasimmu ša tu-šá-id-an-ni ul libbû agā'i tēmī aškunka umma as for that territory of the Gurasimmu tribe about which you approached me, did I not give you my order concerning this as follows? ABL 291:5 (let. of Asb.); in broken context: [...]- $ma\ ul$ -te-'-is- $su\ umma\ mu$ -[...] CT 54 59:6 (all NB letters); ina șilli šarri Bēl Nabû lu-šá-id-du lūṣûni lēpušu may Bēl and Nabû, in the shadow of the king, make known(?) (the persons) who should go out and undergo (the ritual) ABL 364 r. 11 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 163.

c) other occs.: [... l] a šu-'-ú-da-ku I was not informed(?) (in broken context) RA 60 72:6 (SB lit.); uncert.: bēlī anāku uš-a-ad BE 17 14:16 (MB let.).

While the MB and early NB refs. seem to belong to a root *' $\bar{i}d$ , for the NA and NB forms the root *w'd is more likely. Both groups of occurrences have been presented together because the same meaning fits both.

šu'uru A adj.; hairy, unshorn, unshaven; OB, SB; cf. še'ru.

 $[gu]du_4.sig.bar.ra = \&u-'-\acute{u}-ru$  (between gu=daps@ and lumakku) Lu Excerpt I 199.

a) said of persons: ultappit [...] šuhu-ra-am pagaršu he anointed [...] his hairy body Gilg. P. iii 23 (OB); [šu]-['l-ur šārta kalu zumrišu his entire body is thickly covered with hair Gilg. I ii 36.

said of sheep: 4 UDU.NITÁ.HI.A šu-hu-ru-tum 5 udu.nitá.hi.a baqmūtum four male sheep in wool, five plucked male sheep YOS 13 488:1, cf. JCS 2 73 No. 1:1, 79 f. No. 8 r. 6 and 9; 184 lahrātum 91 immerū 275 şēnū šu-hu-ra-tum ša nakrum ilgû 184 ewes, 91 rams, 275 sheep in wool which the enemy took JCS 283 No. 10:11 and passim in this text (all OB econ.); 29 lahrātim ariātim  $\delta u - \hat{u} - ra - ti[m]$  addinma I gave 29 unshorn pregnant ewes (in exchange for slaves) CT 52 86:20, see Wilcke, WO 9 207, cf. PBS 7 76:16; anumma PN u PN, 4 immerī baqmū[ti] u 1  $\delta u$ -hu- $\lceil ra \rceil$ -am uštābilakkumimmeram herewith I have sent to you four shorn and one unshorn sheep with PN and PN2 Fish Letters 20:13 (all OB letters).

c) other occ.: [DIŠ N]A GA(!). RAŠ_x(KASKAL) GIG: ka-ra-šu Ú šu-ru (obscure) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 22 i 16.

For MSL 9 68 C (Ugumu Bil. Section C) 6, see sa'uru B. In CT 53 458:8, [...]  $\delta\acute{a}(-)$ 'u-ur-t $\acute{u}$  is obscure.

šu'uru B (sa'uru) adj.; dirty(?); OB, NA; ef. šu'uru v.

TÚG sasuppāte šá-'-ú-ra-te imaḥḥar za: kuāte iddan TÚG šá ŠU^{II}.MEŠ sa-'-ú-ra-ate imaḥhar zakuāte iddan he collects the dirty tablecloths, he hands out clean ones, he collects the dirty hand towels, he hands out clean ones MVAG 41/3 62 ii 18f. (NA rit.); difficult: huḥiam ša paḥḥār[im] nēlebam šuhu-ra-am tumalla (see nēlebu) TIM 9 52:4 (OB instructions for preparation of beer).

Landsberger, ZA 41 231.

šu'uru s.; (mng. unkn.); OB lex.*

*šu'uru šūzubtu B

*šu'uru v.; to make dirty(?); SB*; III; cf. še'ru, šu'uru B adj.

išātu ušāķizma zīmūšu ú-šá-áš-'-ir-ma (see zīmu mng. 1c) Borger Esarh. 85 r. 53.

šu'ūtu s.(?); (mng. unkn.); syn. list.*

i-na šu-'-u-ti = i-na x-ni(?) Malku III 71 and dupl. von Weiher Uruk 120:76.

šuwāti see šuāti.

šuwā'u see š $\hat{u}$  adj. and šu' $\hat{u}$  A.

šuwēlam see šumēla.

**šuwû** s.(?); (mng. unkn.); lex.*

HU^{§e-e}NA = na-bu-u-um, ra-ba-sum, su-w[u]-um, i-tu-lum Proto-Diri Section G 7-10.

For the graphic confusion of the signs NA and SA₄ see Civil, Iraq 23 168.

šuwû see šumû A.

šuzagû s.; (a stone vessel); lex.*; Sum.

 $na_4$ .bur.  $\S u.z a.ga = [\S u] - za - gu - u$  Hh. XVI RS Recension 220, cf.  $na_4$ .bur.  $\S u.z a.ga = \S u - u$ Hh. XVI 275.

The Hh. ref. is possibly to be read burs suzaggû, q.v.

šuzāpu see šutāpu.

*šuzbultu (šazbussu) s.; shipment, consignment of goods, provisions; NA; cf. zabālu.

šá-az-bu-us-su ša bīt LÚ.GAL.MEŠ par nītumma ša tallakanni ana ša pētḥallāti niddan pan rēḥti šá-az-bu-us-si nidaggal issurri šarru bēlī iqa[bbi] mā ša kî maṣi ša pē[tḥallātī] šá-az-bu-us-su tall[aka] ša 50 bītāti tal[laka] we will give the cavalrymen the first consignment of goods that arrives from the estate of the noblemen, and we ourselves will wait for the rest of the consignment, should the king, my lord, say: "For how many cavalrymen

is the consignment coming?" - it is coming for fifty households ABL 546:5ff.; orchards leased to the deputy (governor) ana ša-az-bu-si š[a lú] hubte ša sukkallu ina muhhi elippi ušāzizūni for provisions for prisoners of war assigned by the suk: kallu to work on a ship ADD 468:6, coll. Parpola, Assur 2 184;  $\lceil \dot{s} \dot{a} \rceil - az - bu - \lceil su \rceil$  (for Assyrians, consisting of kindabašše garments, birds, beer, wine, sheep, an ox, wool) ADD 979:1, cf. (consisting of bread, jars, flour, and wool) ADD 968:1; šá-az-bu-su ša 200 GI.DU₈.MEŠ ana dulli ša bīt dNabû attidin I provided a shipment of two hundred reed altars for the rites of the Nabû temple ABL 167 r. 4; PN sent a bodyguard to the governors of GN and GN, ina muhhi šá-az-bu-si ša dulli annî to exact provisions for the present ceremonies ABL 558 r. 1.

šuziqû s.; (a stone vessel); lex.*; Sum. lw.

 $na_4$ , bur. su. si.  $ga = \delta u - zi - [q]u - u$  Hh. XVI RS Recension 223.

Possibly misunderstood for (na₄. bur.) kuš.si.ga = ša maška uhhuzu, for similar compounds see ahāzu lex. section.

šūzubtu A s.; (a gift); OB; cf.  $ez\bar{e}bu$ .

 $\begin{array}{ll} [\texttt{nig.dé.a}] \ m = biblu, [\texttt{nig.šu.tak}_4.a] = \$\bar{u}bulz\\ tu, \ [\texttt{nig.(\$u).tak}_4.a] = \$u\text{-}[zu\text{-}ub\text{-}t\acute{u}] \quad \text{Erimhu\$}\\ \text{II 150 ff., also Antagal F 271 ff.} \end{array}$ 

1 GUN SÍG.Ḥ[I.A] ana šu-zu-ub-ti-ka uštābilakkum I am sending you one talent of wool as a gift for you Kraus AbB 1 12 r. 2; annītum lu šu-zu-ub-ta-ka ša £ dKitītum this is your gift from the Kitītu-temple IM 67240:17 (courtesy Kh. al-Adhami).

See also šēzubtu.

**šūzubtu B** s.; (mng. uncert.); OB; cf.  $ez\bar{e}bu$ .

12 LÚ.HUN.GÁ.MEŠ ša kaspim . . . NÍG. ŠU PN 45(?) AGA.UŠ.MEŠ šu-zu-ub-tum PN₂ twelve workers hired for silver (wages), šūzubtu šūzuzu

under the supervision of PN, 45(?) soldiers, a group released for labor(?) by PN₂ Donbaz and Yoffee OB Kish 29 No. 9:6; 18 LÚ. HUN.GÁ.MEŠ ša kaspim... NÍG.ŠU PN 18 LÚ.MEŠ šu-zu-ub-ti PN₂ Genouillac Kich 2 C 104:5, also ibid. C 40:2 (coll. D. Charpin), Donbaz and Yoffee OB Kish 30 No. 12:2; 2 ERÍN LÚ. HUN.GÁ šu-zu-ub-tum Walters Water for Larsa p. 32 No. 28:2.

Donbaz and Yoffee OB Kish p. 36 f.

šūzubtu see šēzubtu.

šūzubu adj.; (describing a class or category of persons); MB Alalakh; cf. ezēbu.

x £ hu-up-šu x £ šu-zu-bu GN x households of hupšu's, x households of š.-s, (of the city) GN Wiseman Alalakh 187:4, also ibid. 8 ff., cf. JCS 8 12 No. 186:3 and 14 ff.; X DUMU. MEŠ Šu-zu-bu-du Wiseman Alalakh 129, also 131, 149, 157, cf. PN PN₂ PN₃ DUMU.MEŠ eḫelena ana šūzubu ibid. 143 (all translit. only), also (rations for) šu-zu-bu(!)-tum JCS 8 21 No. 265:2, and note ERIM.MEŠ KAR ibid. 12 No. 182:27.

For 5R 16 r. i 71 (group voc.) see  $ez\bar{e}bu$  lex. section.

Dietrich and Loretz, WO 5 92 (with previous lit.).

šu-zu-ta s.; (mng. uncert.); EA; Egyptian word.

[...] qāti hurāṣu tamlû šu-zu-ta gold [jewelry] for the hand with š. insets EA 14 i 38 (list of gifts from Egypt).

šūzuzu see šēzuzu.